

THEADVOCATE OF INDUSTRYAND ENTERPRISE, AND JOURNAL OF MECHANICALAND OTHER IMPROVEMENTS.

VOLUME I 7 T

## sUN BUILDINGS,

-Fntrance 128 Fulton st., and 89 Nassau st.-
(The Principal Office being at New York,) RUEUS PORTER,-Editor. Fach number of this paper is furnished with from two to five Original Engravings, many
of them elegant, aud illustrative of Naw In. of theil elegant, and illustrative of New In osiries; and contains as much Interestiong In. telligcnce as six ordinary daily papers, consisting of notices of the progress of Mechanical and other Scientific Invorovements,-Ameri-
can and Forcion Inventions ; Cataluucs of can and Forcign Inventions; Cataluguse of American Patents; -Scientific Essays, illustra.
tive of the principles of the Sciences of Mc. tive of the prineiples of the Sciences of Mc-
chathics, Chemistry, and Architecture;-In. chanics, Chemistry, and Architceture ;-In-
struction in various Arts and Trades $;-$ curious Philosophical Experimients ; -Miscellantous In. telligence, Puetry, and, occietionally, Music. This paper is especially entitled to the pationage of
Meclanics and Manufacturers, being the only paper in America deveted to the interests of those classss.s, but is
particularly useful to Farmers, as it will not only apprise them of iupurvevements in agricullural implemencts, bu
iust uct them in various mechanical trades, ind guary iustiuct lucm in varions mechanical trades, and guary
them agaiust impivsitions. As a family newspaper, it

 per, is, that it will be worth two dullars at the end of the
year, whene the volume is compl|te, and will rovably
conumand that price in cash if we way julge frown the connanand that price in cash, if we may julge from the
circuustance that old volunes of the "New York MMe.
ch unic," by the sane editur, will now command dunble

 vance, and the balance in six monthy.
Five culies will be sent to one aldress six months, for four dollars in alvance.
Any persion provaring two or more subscribers, will be
ntilled to a conamission wo twenty-


## Half and Half,


Oh, huw in the world that we mortals inhat
Half stin and half showers, Half sun and hall showers,
Half thorns and half flowers, Half to-lay, half to-morrow,
Half joy and half sorrow
Half joy and harf sorrow,
Half gloun and half ladness,
Half mirth and half sadness,
Half mirth and half sadness,
Half care and half fuiet,
Halif peece and half riut,
Halt peace and halt rivt,
HAlr
Half hiulls and and half half hollows,
Half hills ant half hollows,
Half rest and half trouble,
Half substance, half bubbble-
is he world that we mortals inhabit.

## December

No sun-no moon-
Yo dawn - - o dusk - no proper time
No sky-no carthly view-
No sky-no earthy view-
No distance looking blue-
ad - no street - no t'other side the way-
No end wany row -
No indications wherc the crescents go-
No top to any stceple-No recognitions of familiar , people-
Nu cuartesies for showing 'emnNo knowing' 'en-
No travelling at all-nu locomotion-
No inkling of the way-no motion-
No go"-by land or ocean-
No mail- no post-
No mail- - no post-
No news from any foreign coast No news from any foreign coast-
No park- no ring-no attenon gentily-
No conpmany-no nobilityNo company-no nobility-
No warmulh, nu cheerfulness, no healthful ease, No comfortable feel in any member-
No shade, no shine, no butterfies No shade, no shine, no butterfies, no bees,
No fruits, no flowers, no birds, in Decembrr.

## Pat Murphy, my footman, desirous to suit,

 And so quick on his errands to go,Had walked till he had fairly worn in A litle found hole in tlic toe.
Next norning I saw him intently at work,
(I scarcely could ask him for jaughter,) In the heel he was boring a h ole with a tork-
"Why, Pat," says I "what are yon after ?"

> Faith, master," says he, "you the reason shall

The cause I don't wish to conceal,
'Tis to let all the wet that comes in at the toe,
Pass iuw.

SHIP TRANSPORTATION UN RALLROADS.


Fis. 2


Inrropuctony Renarks.-We have several times spoken of the feasibility of transporting marine vessels through the coiutry by railroad but having furnished no illustrations, but little attention has heen drawn to the sulpicet. Much has been said on the subjects of building and
placing. armed vessels on the lakes, and of constructing a ship canal across the Isthuns of Panama, from the Atlantic to the Pacific Oceans: the placing arned vessels on the lakes, and of constructing a ship canal across the Isthnns of Panama, from the Atlantic to the Pacific Oceans : the
latter subject especially, has lieen revived recently, and pcople are carnestly discussing the importance of the project. But in this age, while the stiperiority of railmoal transportation, over that of canals, is so abundantly manifest, it is truly astonishing that the project of transporting
vessels by railroads has never been mentioned, neither in Europe nor Ancrica. Yet it is clearly evident, as we shall endeavor to make it apvessels by railroads has never been mentioned, neither in Europe nor Amcrice. Yet it is clearry evident, as we shall endeavor to make it apvessels
pear, that the construction of suitable railroads and cars, and the transportation of vessels thereby, is much less difficult, and will be attended
with less expense, than the construction of canals, and the passage of liarge veseels through them. with less expense, than the construction of canals, and the passage of large wessels through them.
Tubory.-It is well known that a siugle stout built car-wheel, is capalile of safely sustaining a
ed on 32 whecls, and bearing equally on each, will carry 320 tons weight. There is no specificd limits to the trent tons. Of course a car mount ed on 32 whecls, and bearing equally on each, will carry 320 tons weight. There is no specificd linuits to the strength of wheels, and there is no
difficulty in constructing a car with double that number of whecls--so arranged hat the burden may bear equally on each, however--if occasion requires. With regard to the rerpusite power for propelling such a car with such a lavd, it is well undersiond that only two engines would be required to propel a loaded ship of 600 tons, with a fair speed on a well construcled road. And even if the road is not level, there has been more
than one judicious invention already patented, by the adoption of which, cven a single engine would propel the largest ship, over the inthan one judicious invention already patented, by the adoption of which, even a single engine would propel the largest ship, over the in-
clined plane, though with but a moderate speed: - hus evading the tediouss process of locking through canal cevations, and avoiding the necessity of many draw-bridges, as most of the crossing roads might pass under, or on the same level with the railroad. Should the New York and
Erie railroad be constructed with a firm double track, and a ship car be placel thereon, it would not only inducc a great amount of ship-building on the lakes, for the New York market, but in case of war, our Governnent might readily place any portion of nur navy non the lakes, at shorit
notice
Ex
Explanation.-The first figure shews a side view of a seetion of railruad, with a 32 wheeled car loaded with a ship-lock partly filled with
water, and a ship afloat therein. This ship-lock-a term we are coustrained to water, and a ship afloat therein. This ship-lock-a term we are constrained to use, on acemunt of its similarity to the lock of a ship-canal-is
strongly built on the bridge principle, and has a water-tight gate at cach end. The shape of the interior is not a parallellogram, but similar to strongly built on the bridge principle, and has a water-tight gate at each end. The shape of the interior is not a paralleclogram, but similar to
that of a ship's hull; thus admitting great strength of construction, by interior braces, and reguiring a less quantity of water to keep the vessel af ot while on the passage. Fig. 2 is a vertical view, or plan of the car, with its principal timbers. It has 32 whels, each pair connected by
afloat axles, each pair of axles connected by the side bars of a square car-frume : wach pair of frumes are connected by a centre leam, $\Lambda A$; each pair
of centre beams are connected by a stout cross-beam, B B, and the two cross-leans are connected by the side sills, C C, of the ship-lock. The ends of centre beams are connected by a stout cross-beam, $B$ B, and the two cross-leams are connected by the side sills, C C, of the ship-lock. The ends
of the double-track railroad must be extended some distance, on a molerate inclination, into the water. When a vesscl is to be talicn up, a car
with the ship with the ship.lock is run into the water, and one gate of the lock being open, the vessel is foated into the lock and the rate is closed. The
car may be then drawn forward by cables or chains, till it reaches the dry land, when the cngines are run back and connected directly to the car. The officers, crew, and passengers of the vessel. may remain on board during the land section of the voyage.

Sensible Adice.-Some lady thue sensibly ad
vises her pex :-The young married woman who would continue to exercise the same influence ove
he husband that she formerly dil over the love the husband, that she formery did over the love
must make use of similar meane. Tvo many young women imagine that they need no longer study to
please when they have secured a husband; that they please when they have secured a husband ; that they
need no longer weara a happy mile on his approach
nor study neatness and tasic in their daily appare not on the contrary mect him at every urn with a
but over het
pcevish fretuluess, and with apparel in disorder and peeglect. Think on these things, young women,
nem
and by acting on them you will secure happiness to yourselves as well as to your husbands; you will
never regretit.

 the scond is like The first is like like a spiders web; like an berry; the



 object, that he deemed it prulent to chain it to an
apple tree to

daralogule of american patents ISSUEI NOVEMBER, 1845. ISSUED NOVEMBER, 1845 .
To David B. Rogers, of Stafford. N. Y., for imT'o David B. Rogers, of Stafford. N. Y., for im-
provemeat in cultivator teeth - Nov. 1.
To James Browu, of Newark, N. J., for improveTo Janies Drown, of Newark, N. J., for improve-
nent in frement's hats-lst Nov. No.
To Jordon L. Mout, New York, for improvement in coal stovcs-1st Nov.
T'u Janes P. Ross, of Lewisburg, Pa., for im-

 T'o $\Lambda$ ndrew Weikart, of Green Village, Ohio, for
improvement in boring machines-1st Nov. To Jolm White, of Marsliall, Michigan, for im-
provement in writing-desks and table combined18th July.
To F. Parmelue, Akron, O., for improvement To Williaun Dunuing, of Dunningsville, Pa., for
improvenuent in the mode of operating brakes for carriage-wheels-1st Nov.
To William Mills and Mahlon $\mathrm{H}_{\text {ar }}$ of New Athens, Oliou, for improvement in fracture appara-tus-8ih Nov.
 ment in bleaching apparatus-8th Nov,
To Diuniel Harrington, of Pliladelpha, for imTo Diniel Harrigton, of Philadelphia, for im-
provement in the mainer of coustructing the ink-stand-2d Sepp.
To Nallinaı Butrick, ir., or Chelmstord, Mase, for
ind Tho Nov.
Tis Joln B. Clullar, Lber Jones, and Peter Low, 'T'o John B. Cluollar, Eber Jones, and Peter Low,
wf Troy, N. Y., lor improvement in cooking-sioves To John W. Raker and William W. Riley, of
Columbins, Ohiio, ior improvencnt in instrumenis for

 memt in , loughs-- Sill Nov.
To Joseph Joluston, of Wilmington, Del, for im-
 provementint in dies for culting and forming cultivator teeth Soth Nov.
To Thaddeus Hyatt, of New York, for improvement in vault covers-12th Nov.
T' Joln Miner and Silas Merrick, of Fallistown,
Pem., for improvement in machincry for dressing Pemin, for iumprovement in maclinicry for dressing
stives-1zth Nov. staves-12ll Nov.
To Jamer lifggs, of New York, for improvement
 Y., fior improvement in cooking stoves- 13 th Nov.
To Henry lisham, of Montpelier, Vt., for improvement in locks for sifes, \&c.- 12 the Nov.
To Chas. Thurber, of Norwich, , Co., for improvement in writing machines-18th Nov.
To Cliristopher Suydam, of Lamlertsville, N. J., for improvement in bee-hives- 18 Nh Nov. No.
To Christian V. Queen, of Peekskill, $\mathbf{N}$. Y., for
 ment in cookilig-stoves-1 Sth Nov. York, for im-
To Marmadoke Osburu, of New Yor
provement in the inde of forming hat-bodies- 18 th
 proveucht in lianging car-hodies-17th May.
To Johu Thathan and David Cheetham, of Roch-
dale, Eusland, lor improvenent in the mode of lay dale, Eyyland, lor improvement in the mode of lay-
ing roving in cans: patented in England 14th March Jannes Bogardur, of New York, for improve
 provement in curing sumeky chimneys-21st Nov.
To James Bogardus, of New York, for inprovement in machines for cutting ludia rubber into slueds-21st May
To Alexumder
mo ileximticr Aulerson, of Paterson, N. J., for
improvencut tin the node of steadying the live epin-
dle-2lst May. To Wm. F. Senior, of New York, for improveanstruction of bottoms for pianofortesTo J. E. $\Lambda$ udrews, ot Boston, for improvement in planing nachines-2st Nov.
To Elic. Roblinsoll, of Troy, N. Y., for improve-
ment in cooking stoves- 3 Oth Aug.
 nent int the mode of elevating and depressing pro To Wu. Dripps, of Coatesville, Pa., for improve-
ment in wate-whlecels-26th Nov,
T' N Nathaniel Rider, of Worcester, Mass, for 'T' Nathaniel Rider, of Worcester, Mass., for im
provenent To George fabcr, of Canton, Ohio, for a magne-
tie water-guage for looilers-26ilh Nov.
 provement in steam engines-26th Nov.
To Stephen R Parkhurst, of Ncw York, for improvement in shipping and unshipping propellers26 To Nov.
Trey Utey, of Chapel Hill, N. C., for im-
provement in Wasling-nachines: patented 26 th November.
To Patrick Gallagher, of Chambersburg, Pa., for improvement in plough-clevises: ratented 26ih No To Josephlus Echole, of Colun:bi,: Gat., for im-
provenent in propelling canal boats, \&c.: patented Thth Nov. York, for improvencent in tailors' measures: patented 29th November.
To Wm. Butcher, of Philadelphia, for improve
ment in the ash-pit of stoves: patented 29th No ment in
vember

|  |
| :---: |

NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 25 . To Cooresponows.-We liave such a press of
material on hand that we cannot do justice to our material on hand that we cannot do justice to our
correspondents always at short notice. The problems of A. H. G. will soon find a place.-The ori-
ginal poetry by ' Elda' was too late tor this numginal poetry by 'Elida' was too late for this num-
ber. Any thing scientific, or allied to the progress of improvement will be acceptable.-We can not
furnish an engraving of the project of P. V.S. im.
mediately. "Clinton " must not be impatient. W. mediately.-"Clinton" must In
H. W. will appear in our nex. Hotrls $\operatorname{AND}$ Readinchaoms.-Being desirous of having this paper more extensively seen or hearart of
we have decided to furunish it ot lotoll keepers and
reading roms we tave decided to finish in when heepers and
reading rooms for one dollar per annum, being half
the regular price. II our generonsis cotemporaries the reguar price. If our generous cotemporaries
will do us the favor togive atwo line notice thlis
effect, we will acknowiedge the fivor will trine effect, we
gratitude.

## 

Inertia Ni Monentum- it in generally under.
stood that momentum consists of force accunulastood that momentum consists of force acclumula-
ted, and that it consitutus power; ,because a pon-
derous body, wien in motion, tas a tendency yo puit derous body, when in motion, , tas a tentenery to put
in motion whatever comes in tis say; butt that the inertia of a body at rests, constitutes no power,
merely. reistance, allloughl it may reardd tlee tion, or change the diree
tion. But it is readily body, apparently at rest, constitules as mull actual power, as one in apparent motion. For if a ball
were projeeted from a gurt, in a direction contrury
to the motion of the surface of the earth, and will equal velocity, the ball would then remain at rest equal velocity, he ball
although it would apparently $y$ move with immense
velocity, and put every ding in motion, with whicl।
 it for 365 days, when it might again strike the ear
or rather, the earlh migllt strike tlat. There is lie in this view ol the subject, no distinction between
power and resistance, or momentum and inertia, onnpower and resistance, or momenturn and inertia, on-
ly with regard to the motion of' one (ouly, rutative
 justed mall th-wheel; its velocity yering nuver ensi
Iy ascertained, than that of a hooly projected, or in
rectilinear mootion. Let a Ay-wheel be mounted on
 friction as
from the llo
and attacl


 four times as heary as the tirst, ind repeat the ex
 the weight will be re ellexated nus.arly to the point
from whence it descended: tlux proving the no. menum to be equal-mintur friction to to the resici-
tance of inerti.. $A$ corumon size of fy-wherl lor
 locity of such a wheet may be about ino revoli-
tions per minute. Yet the regulating power.or this wheel with this velocity, may be equalled in every
respect, by a little wheel but one loot in dianneter, respec, by a bue 50 liss, with a velocity of 32000 ve
and weighing
volutions per minulute. This fact is starling, but $i$ is volutions per minute. This fact is starling, but is,
nevertheless a fact, and the small wheel with
 The New Yonk Poors Office.-The number of
letters which passed Ilroumfl the Post Office on Sa-
 by the Acadia. Upwards of 500 bustelels of news-

 an approac
course. we vere informed lhal Mr. Fillsworllt, forner Conn
missioner of Patens. was assisitug Mr. Burke it the preparation of the "Conmissionen's Report"
the present year. We had seen the statement several papers, and Honglt the circumstance ind cated, on the part of Mr. Burke, arf agreeable indc-
pendence of poitit cal party spirit. We are now aulthorised to say, however. th
foundation for the report.
Where is Thompson? ?-We mean Mr. Thompson, newspaper ayent, \& \&., of Worcester
Mase. We have written several pressing letters io his address, but have not succeeded in drawing the least response. Will some of our worcester read
ers please inform us whether he is dead, or has ouly
Temperance per, lately attempted to deride those ladies wh would not eat mince pies wiliout irany. Fhe best
of the joke was, that the compositor omited the $n$ in dainty which would hardly be relished wiilo a dainty which would hardly be rel
brandy, even by a temperance man.
The Mormons.-It is said that the Mormons are preparing 5000 waggons for their removal to Cali-
fornit. It it calculated that the ceravanan will e e vend twenty-five miles in length. In the front is to be
a press and types from which will be issued every a press and tyes from which will be issued every
moroning a paper, obe sent back oinform the rear
guard what is going on in the van!

## The art of Painting. <br> 

 on instrucions in several hrancless which might be considered under this heal, suef as bronzing, stri-ping and landscape paintin. Rut what is more
strictly understoond by tie uit of ornamential painstricty understood by the errt of ornamental pain-
ing, is that of painting pietures on signs, carriages,
and ing, is hat on The colorin used in ithis branch, , are,
and banners.
in general, prepared the sames as described for land. in general, prepared the same as described for land-
srape painting, being ground in the purest boiled linseed oil, tempered wition a due proportion of dry-
ing japan, or white vitriol as occasion ing japan, or wlitite vitriol, as occasion may require,
for dryying, and dilitued wilh spirits of turpentine. In for drying, and dilited wihis spipitso of turpentine. In
painting banners, the silk tor that purpose must be be
drawn very sin, drawn very straight on a frame, and the part muo tion thereor hat is to receive the painting, muat be
carefilly and delicatelysized with hin paste made of four parts of wheae flour, with one part of isisg-glass
and one of white bar-sonp. If the silk is to be painted and one of white bar-somp. It the sikik is to be peinted
on bouth sides, the ornament should be so arranged as
 rule is not always observel. A very thin ground-
coai of whitet, may beladt on the sized part, and on
cis ond this, the ontlines of the picture may be drawn. The
artist should calculate whal particular colors are to be applied to each particular part of the ground, and apply producing the desired d several successive coans, in

 for applying the lifiterent collors: when two or more
colors are to be blended on the work, they must be applied will diflerent touls, and blended with a third, -a small flat sable pencil: and with a pencil of this sind, the siriace of each cont ann color may be
sinootled, atier having been applied by a stiff hair-
hand in mainting ornaments on carriages anvel fancy,
in par
ind Meinhis, or finniture; ; but in painting tancy signs, it - of liitle consequence whether the surface is smooth Work. If the ititing of a humana lace, or of floweres,
wor drapery, is required lo le varied after the paint or drapery, is required to be varied after the paint
is too firmly set to admit or thending, it may he ef fected by applying, with a a thort that sable pencil, a
thin or partial coat of a deeper color than is requirand
and inuprove the originial colro of the work. Such
and and managed in the manner described in former Iumbers, under the head ofsign painting, carriage
painting, \&c., the gold or siver beiug occasionally pailiting, \&c., the goid or siver being occasionaliy
sladed win transparent colors. This work mus
be protected witl a delicate coat ol pure copal varbe protected with a delicate coat of pure copal var
histl, except the goll certering on signs, which is genterally allowed to retain its native brilliancy with-
out varnish.
 being trausferred to the surfice of painted grounds
by the tollowing process:-The ground is sized with
 consists principally of diluted fir balann: : and the
priut to be transferred, ts put into warm water.When the sizing is nearly dry, but still adhesive,
the pint is pressed betwern two or more dry
pathe print is pressed betwen two or more dry pa-
peris, to deprive it of its sunplus monisulue, and is then
 moistened with warm water, and being genly rubhed will the hiand, will peef ofi, leaving the entire
print adhering to the ground. This may be colored with transparent colors, and altierward secured by varnish. This worki is frequently applied to fancy
sleighs, fire enguines, and onnuiluscs.s.
 lemale operatives employed in the Lowell factories,
about seven-eighths are natives of the New E , about seven-eiglths are natives of the New Eng-
land States, zud 515 have been teacliers of comimon schools. 2,276 are church members, and 2,714
are connected with Stulthy scllools. The average wages earne.d, is shomut iwo tollars prer week, be-
sides board, tlought somue eeirn double that sum.They have nearly \$1, tono, 000 in the Lowell Savings'
 style of boarding is in terneral fir superior to that



 board from the factories. Generally speaking, the Loard hey gel lor the miserable factory ialowne
of seventeen cenils per day, hoard aud lodging, io such that a Soulliern negro would turn up liix nose at. A girl now gets into the factories, and is con-
fined fourteenl loours, in her clothes are drenchedt in perspiration in the collt. est days of winter. In this state of heat they must
run from the mill to the lionse to a scanty tuenl," \&c. From this statenient the N. O. Jetiersonial takes occation 0 speak of he condition or the fac-
tory operatives, as teing "a a lhousand limes worse than negro slavery in its most aggravated forms.,
It must be admiterl, however, that boll of these paIt must be admilten, however, that both of these pa-
pers, in speakiing on tlue eulbject, have entitled thempers, in speaking ont he rubject, hive intiled tuem-
selves to the redit of speaking very independenty Repulave Properity or Heat.-I has recenty been proved by experiment, that a lump of silve
being heated to a glowing red heat, and thrown into being heated to a glowing red heat, and thrown into
a vessel of water, will so fiectually repel the water to such a distance from the surface of the metal, Hat no ebulition will take place, while the bright
ness ol the meela continue. and that if a metallic hrown into it the water aill not be heated to the boiling point, till the temperature of the vessel has
become reduced belo become reduced below the glowing red heat.

Toвассо Machne.-A Inventions.
TobAcco MAchins, -A North Carolina paper
speaks very favorably of a new machine for rolling tobacco, or making segars. No description of the
machine is given, but it is confidently stated tha machine is given, but it is conidently stated that
three boys, with the use of the machine, will accomplish as much work as thirteen men by the old pro
cess. If this statenient is within fifty per cent of the cess. If this statement is within fifty per cent of the
fact, the invention must be lighly important to the whole
munity
Impk ©ved Clock.-A watchnaker of Charleston S. C., has invented a clock which is calculated to run a hundred years, by once winding up. It is saiu
to be simple in construction, having only four wheels. The inventor evinces mucl ignorance however, by dealining to give a description of the
invention under tie frivolous plea that "it has no been paiented."
Tur Invisibi. Doon Sphing-This neat and
excellent invention was made visible in our ofice yesterday; and allthongh the machinery is invisi ble from either side when the door is closed Chere ii no lack of visibility in ins effects and yeneral
ntility. Mr. Seymour, of Chatlam Square, is the
sole seen by lisis visible ailvertisement in anollier collumn
Improven Waterwnere.. - Mr. Hiram Munger Clicopee Fiall, Mass, las introduced an impro ved watervileel L which is highly spoken of by those
in whose veraciy and judgment we have the fullest confitence; and represented to give more power in
proportion to the fluanity and fall of water than any proportion to the fluantily and ailo of water han and
otler in use. We slall prohably procure a full de scription of the improvement in season to lay it he fore our realders next week.
A 'taluing Macimene:-the very last invention The Philatelphia papers announce the completion as useless, inventions that has ever been naternpted
It is an automanon constructed with the organs of speech, so as to converse audibly and in differen languages. We had stupposed the report a slieer
hoax, like many of its precedents, till we saw a brief hoax, like many of its precedents, till we saw a brief
notice of the invention in the grave U. $S$. Gazette We have not learned the cost of such machines, bu
 an argument with their ladies.


This invention is particularly calculated lar woo
 Wheels represented in this cut are not the princi
 Hie main wherls. and goide the war on the track
whilie the
 edge of the rails, as in the case of the comical fange
 of the car, in case of any necilitell liappening to the
main wheels; ; and it will be secn ly their pooition on the raiks, that it would be impossible for the car
to lie overturned or thrown of the tracli, while the





 is supposed to express the views on' the plawters in
generil, in that section. on the suly.ject of the anitit



 1wo great interests, the one at hte North1 :und the
other at the Soull, so will strengll le: alded to the hands which bind this glorious Union toverthrer; and
diey do most sole miny yelieve. Ilat if the system of
 lee persevered in lun fir a rein years, all the grea
intereests of the coull 1 ry will become so blended and so dependant one yuphan another, that all atempts stroy our beloved Unien, will he lanughed to scorn for centuriss to come."
 which may be a comuon magnifyying glass, whose focus is from one to two inclea; ; and the other may be a common spectacle glass, of about twenty inch
es focus more or less. Place these two glases at es focus more or less. Place inese two glasses a
such a distanee from each other as shall be equal to the focuses of both: bring the two to range with some distant object, and put your eye to the firs
giass so as to look tllough hotl: : he object thus distance will bear the same proportuon to tis true distance, that the foyys of the first glass does to that of tye second. Thus the true principle of the
common spy glass or telescope is at once explained.
 ELEcrao-pLuTing witr GoLD.-A
sisting of five pairs, consecutively connected,
requisite for this branch; the font, wires, and pole requisite for this branch; the font, wires, and pole-
point, being the same as described in the preceding numbers. The solution for this font is prepared as
follows:-Select a piece of deep colored French gold coin, and put it into a mixture of two paris of nirric to one of muriatic acid in a tunbler or glass
fask, and let it remain till dissolved, or until ebuli Take oun, which may require two or three hour pute a small quantity of the solution into a well glazed porcelain plate, and set the plate on a pan or sand, and that on a gente fre of charcoal, in a sit uation from which the fumes will escape to the
chimney. Atend to this solution closely, let it boil genty, and add more of the soltuien in small quan-
tities, as it evaporates, until the whole of the acid in evaporated, leaving the yold in a reddish colored
cake on the bootom of the plate. (If the plate cake on the bottom of the plate. (If the plat
should rrack so as to leak during. the process, the gold may be saved by washingidhe sand and eva from the sand, however, befire the gold is quite
diry. Re-dissolve the gold in water, and add in small quantiies, a solution of cyaniret of potas
siuln, till lile gold solution becones clear and trans parent. This solution, if well managed with goo materials, will appear of a wine color. It may then
be dilued with pure water in the proportion of a quart of water to each dollar of gold, and put int die font. The articles to be gill or plated, must be
well cleansed by being washed will a solution or potasl, or soap, and rubbed witl fine Spanish whi ting, and may then be pult into the font in contlact with he negalive wires,-the battery having beet point dipped in in the solution. If the action of the battery is strong, it will be indicated by an ebuli
ion or frothing al the pole-point: and if any of tie Lion or froth ing at the pole-point: and if any of the
aricles in processs begin to turn black or brown, indicates that the electricity is too powerfill, and the arrice must Le taken out and cleansed, by being busted w wilh whititing, and rinsed in water, and
placed in tlie toint at a grealer distance from the pole-point : or the pole-point may be raised so ast dip more sighily in the silition. As a general
rile, the aricices which lie nearest the pole-point, will be coated with revived gold, the most rapilly; and, on thie account, it becomes requisise to change
the position of the several articles, frequently during the process. When the work, goeson right, the
articles in articles in the liont, at the distance of six inehes from The pole-point, whether of iron, steel, , silver, or Ger
nan silver, will beecome heaulifilly coaled with bright purin yolld, in ive miventes; bur to become
permanently
plated for server, such articles as
 ing to the strength of the solution and the action of


 in wur illus rations ol Galvanism thus farr, we have
rearricted our descriptions to the first and most simple principles of the science, its apparatus and minute descriptions of more nice and improved ap. parattes, anll reach the higher points and branches, in the application thereol:: it being contrary to on policy in teacling, to present the more nice and dir
ficult points in the art, at the sames time that the firs principles are introduced.
To be continued.
Curio's Trimernapli-It is stated that a new sys. com of telegraphic communication has been started in Enyland. A mong the signals are the following a genienman wantis a wile, he wears a ring or dia
nond on the first finger of the left hand; if lie $e$ engaged, he wears it on the second finger; if marendx to be married. When a lady is not engaged mine wears a lioop or diamond on the first finger; nesuent, an hie second, imarrien, on the third When a gentleman presents a fan, flower, or trinket gard; if received with tle left land, it is an accep. diure of this esteem, if tiken wilh the right hand
ref lisal of the offer, \&c. What a world of yex iom and lifart fluttering it will save.
A Wortuy Example.-Mr. C, an erninent lawar, and formerly a member of the Kentucky Se detate on the subjeet of Common Sc:lanols-" Sir your superintendant in Common Scliools has said
that there are many men of family in this Comis but too true; my oun marriage bond has my mark to tit aud my son, who now sits in the other
House, It ise, was a slout hey when I Iearned to read."
It it te pegreted that so many thousand ree still neglecting to learn to read, merely because liey had passed the age of ordinary schoolboys be Sore they had a convenient opportunity to learn. As har as we are able to judge from our own experience and observation, any man of toterable capacity cal enth part of the time that is ordinarily required for lose branches by children.
o! Franconia.-Who has not heard of FrancoWith. Heut weing warmed? On the morning of the 1 se
wita nst., the mercury tell at that place to 33 degrees Fin, an-thereitstood. E. Woons.-The Arkansas papers
 part of Tennessere, consuming grass, cane, and undergrowh of all kinds, und billing the
with smoke too dense for respiration.

6
A splendid iron bridge is in progress of construction over the Monongahela at Pittsburg. The "Iron
City" says the wire cables are all finished, and present a beautilul appearance as they hang from Another monster steamer, 340 feet long and 70 reet wide on deck, is in progress of building for the "People's Line." She is to be called the "George
Washington," and be propelled by a 1500 horsepower engine.
The grand Russian railroad from St. Petersburg Odessa will extend about 1,600 miles in length. in nid- winter, and in three days arrive in a region sultry summer.
The Methodist Missionaries are about establishing a College in Oregon, and have already erected
a building three stories high and 75 feet long for llat purpose.
Upwards of 150 iron steamers have been built in England, some of which have been in use for 25
years. They are all said to be in good order, and have seldom required any repairs.
It is confidently anticipated by some, that in a few years the principal nations of Europe will depend road iron
Some young men have been amusing the people of wanover by walking or running on the surfacs attacled to their feet.
An iron house, 82 by 50 feet, has been erected in Philadelphia, for some manufacturing purpose. The wrought bars, and the roof iron plate
A large cotton manufactory is about to be started at Peoria, III, We can hardly expect that business

The Audubons are getting up a work on the animale of America, in a style similar to that of the e both in Europe and America
The ice dealers in Pittsburg, Pa., are filling up heir iee-houses from the Allegheny river, which
has been frozen for a few days past. It is thought hey will not leave enough to skate upon.
The Merrimack Manufacturing Company Lowell, have declared a semi-annual dividend of
en per cent. They have been lection of their location.
The Houring mills of Fort Wayne, Ind., are turn ing out 250 barrels of flour per day, and are expect This looks like business.
At a recent auction sale in this city, a large number of shawls were sold at prices varying from $\$ 150$
to $\$ 425$. There were many ladies present, and the to 8425 . There were many
bidding was eager and brisk.
When the railroad through France to Marseilles rompleted, he trip between London and Alexan dria, in Egypt, will be accomplis
Steamers now rake fifteen days.
It is somewhat loudly whispered that several of he jury who acquitted young Elliott at Washing-
on, were among Elliott's particular friends. The ton, were among Elliott's parti
case may again be overhauled.
A blundering printer, in setting up the sentence Shoot Folly as she flies, - Pope," made it read in the proof" Shoot Polly as she fries-pop." He must Th Ding on pop-guns.
The Detroit Advertiser states that one thousand tons of copper ore have been raised by the Lake
Superior Copper Company and that valuable disoveries lave been recently made in the mines
The two atrolling companies, the "Ethiopian Seenallers" and the "Sable Sisters," have become mited by Mr. Booth, at the Mechanics' Hall in Sa-
lemn, Mass. It must have been a lemn, Mass. It must have been a great wedding. The Mississippi river, at St. Louis, is frozen so wild game from the opposite shore is carried over the city in great abundance
A quaint agriculural writer recommends the use a bright plough as being vastly superior to a rusty one, which he represents to
oils. Do you take, Farmers?

The Galena Gazette estimates the proceeds of the lea
dollars
The Sunday Times has taken the rational ground hat the publication of crimes has an adverse influ morals of the community
There is said to be more Malaga raisins consued in the United States than in all the world b ides. The Europeans in general give currants
he preference.
A lady in Paris wears a ring made of iron which was extracted from the blood taken on some occa-
ion from the arm of her husband.
A little girl in New Haven, has obtained rinety Agnatures to the teetotal pledge. A child may
ometimes exert much influence.

The platina mines of Russia have yielded the va of $\$ 268,000,000$ within the last twenty five yeare The Richmund Whig in an mble

 Sweel land of libery, Inand of ene nimers died
 My native country thee-
 Thy wois and templed hilis, My heart with rapture
Like that above. et music swell the breeze,
nd ring fromall the trees And ring from all the trees
Sweet freedom's song: Let mortal tongues awake,
Let all that breathe partake,
Let rocks their silence break, et rocks their silence br
The sound prolong. Our Father's God ! to thee-
Author of liberty ! To thee we sing Long may our land be bright,
With freedom's holy lightWith freedom's holy light
Protect us by thy might, Potect us by thy might,
Great God, our King
This World is not my Home. While o'er its hills and through it vales I roan To find some place where I at rest may be,
My labor all is vain-there's none for meMy labor all is vain-there's none
This world is not my home. This world is not my home, I find;
It offers much, but all is noise and fo It offers much, but all is noise and foam,
Earth's fairest scenes and sweetest joys combined,
Cannot give rest to an immortal mind;
This world is not my home.
This world is not my home, I know; But one is found in that bright world to com
Where streams of purest bliss forever flow, And living fruits on trees immortal grow-

This world is not my home.
This world is not my home, I say;
And here to struggle long is not my And here to struggle long is not my doom;
From this vain world I soon shall fly away, From this vain world I soon shall fly aw
To reign with God in one eternal day-

That world shall be my home. $\overline{\text { Goto thy Play. }}$
With bounding heart, while life is young;
With bounding heart,
would not mar thy sunny joy To play, my child, before the day
of evil thoughts and cares shall come; I love to see thee always gay-
It adds a lustre to thy home.
Play on, while yet thy path is bright,
And thy heart loves the birds and flowers, Long may such innocent delight
Remind me of youth's happy h

## And may that God who reigns above,

And watches round thy bed by night,
Protect thee daily by his love
Protect thee daily by his love,
And make thee precious in
Capital Punishment.
Think better of thy fellows-ye who dar
Stop the warm current of a brother's hear
'Tis not to mark the death-damp of his fe
And mol tal agony, when ye shall part And mot tal agony, when ye shall part Not this doth call them from their secret ways Not this doth call them from their secret ways,
From haunts of crime, and nature's seatsof bliss, Toil-worn and travel-stained for many days; No! even we in chambers pent, like them, Feel the wild anguish of a fellow's pangThe pleading of a pulse, which you co That calls us forth as if a bugle rang The wronger is the wronged, such impulse lies

Technical Orders.-"Now, Jim," said the printer of a country newspaper to his apprentice, "put he Foreign leaders into the galleys and lock them up, -let the hydrargos' have a larger head,--distribute the Texian forces,'-take up a line and finish the anti-mormons,' - make 'the American Deer' to run
on with the 'new locomotive,'-remove the 'Hunters of Kentucky' out of the chase,- -get your stick ters of Kentucky' out of the chase, - get your stick
and complete the 'horrid murder, that Joe commenced last night,-set aside the rulues, and bring up
he new cases, and let Joe examine the proof, - and after breakfast see that all the $p$ i is cleared up, and let the devil carry off the scraps.
As aood as an Irishman.-An Irishman in Philadelphia wishing to keep a wake on the occasion
of the death of his wife, rang at the door of a house adjoining that of a wealthy Irishman, and solicited a little pecuniary aid for that purpose. The gen-
tleman of the house, to whom the application was made, supposing he had mistaken the house, polite-
ly informed linn that the Irish gentleman resided in ly informed him that the Irish gentleman resided in
the next house. "Oh," said the petitioner, "that the next house. "Oh," said the petitioner, "that
don't make any difference ; I'd as soon have somedon't make any difference; I'd as soon have some-
thing from you as from him. Give me any thing you please-l'll not be offended ; for 1 ricau is just as good as in Irishman!
The Book of Wealth.-This work consists of an abstract of the biography of persons in this city,
whose wealth exceeds $\$ 100,000$. The ninth edition being exhausted, a tenth is announcéd as forthcoming, "revised and improved." We are glad to hear of this revision, as we have been u
bly overlooked in the first nine editions.

The Steamship Acadia arrived at Boston on Fri day last, fifteen days from Liverpool via Halifax. In looking over the news by this arrival, we find
nothing particularly nothing particularly interesting to any but those
who have endeavored to get up a war excitement who have endeavored to get up a war excitement,
although the news has been announced in some of although the news has been announced in some o
the papers as "highly important." The mass of the papers as "highly important." The mass o
the Englisl people appear satisfied that there is no prospect of a war between England and the United an influence on either of the two Governments. During recent violent tempests off the coast Norway, eleven pilots lost their lives in attempting board vessels in want of their aid.
The disaffection among the subjects of the Roman Pontiff appears to be on the increase; the prisons being nearly all full, and the general police doubled.
The new religion of Ronge continues to make
progress in all directions. The church of Rome, now thorou
oppose it.
The King of Prussia has issued a circular protesting strongly against reports that he was favora-
ble to the emigration of Prussians to the United States. He is strongly opposed to such emigration, recommends the people to keep at home, telling them they can find occupation enough in the Wesern provinces.
The Russian government has issued a new dehee to increase the difficulties of emigrat:on from
hat empire. A Russian subject who desires to make a tour of Europe must be 21 jears old, pay
$£ 38$ to the governent $£ 38$ to the government, and produce a certificate of
morality, besides, he is obliged to engage himself to morality, besides, he is obliged to engage himself to
come every two years into Russia. If those formacome every two years into Russia. If those for
lities are neglected, the estates are confiscated.
A letter from Moscow, of Nov. 4, states that a order of the Emperor has been published, interdict
ing, under severe penalties, the employment of chiling, under severe penalties, the employment of chil-
dren of and under twelve years of age in factories dren of and under twelve years of age in factories,
where work is done from twelve o'clock at night to six in the morning, such labor being, says the or der, beyond their strength.
Another noble ExMmpe.-It is stated in a Southern paper that Mr. Johnson, Member of Con gress from Tennessee, was bred a mechanic, and
that his wife taught him how to read after they were married. His abilities and influence as a statesman are now worth those of a dozen of the sons of luxu-
ry, who have received collegiate educations at the ry, who have received collegiate educations at the
expense of their nabob fathers. Let mechanics remember this.
A Tall Chimner.-There is a chimney atached to a soda-ash manufactory, near Liverpool, Engfour hundred feet high. It is nine feet in diameter at the top, and required nearly $4,800,000$ of bricks

Very Accommonating.-A Philadelphia paper
elates an anecdote of a good natured uncle, who, relates an anecdote of a good natured uncle, who,
having an extra-long nose, was politely requested having an extra-long nose, was politely requested nose a little one side, till his drove of cattle got by.
Not at all offended, the old man rode up to the wall, by the road-side, and held his nose over till the cattle were fairly beyond him, when the driver, with a
a low bow, thanked him for his courtesy, and passed on.
Thank sgiving in Wisconsin.-Wedneslay, of last week, was observed by the appointment of Gov,
Dodge, as a day of thanksgiving in Wisconsin. The Dodge, as a day of thanksgiving in $W$ isconsin. The
Yankee emigrants to that Territory, think it very wrong to keep thanksyiving on any other day than
Thursday. It is supposed the Governor intended to appoint Thursday, but having procured a new almanac for '46, in which the 174h December is shown
to occur on Thursday, the appointment was made accordingly.
Liberality wo Slaves-A wealthy gentleman named Nicholas Worthington, died a short time
since in Howard District, Maryland. He was the since in Howard District, Maryland. He was the
owner of a large number of slaves, all of whom owner of a large number of slaves, all of whom
were manumitted by his will, with the exception of five superannuated negroes, who are to live upon cither of two estates mentioned, as hey may choose,
and who are to be supported without labor the reand who are to be supported without labor the re-
mainder of their lives. The slaves of sixteen years of age are to be free in six months.
Life Insurance.-Some of the Life Insurance Companies are doing large business. One in this
city has issued 450 policies, and received in precity has issued 450 nolicies, and received in pre-
miums $\$ 45,000$ within six months. It is in fact, getmiums $\$ 45,000$ within six months. It is in fact, get-
ting to be "the fashion" for married men to get their lives insured, and the most effectual method cure a competence for his wife and children, is to get a policy of life insurance, and then jump over-
board. Future Numbers.-We have on hand, or in course of preparation, a variety of intelligence on points of excellence and improvements in the arts of
architecture, carpenter work, blacksmithing cabinet making, carriage and sleigh making harness making, iron and brass founding, clock making, and in the manufacture of guns, pistols, locks, and vatration of the principles and management of Morse's Magnetic Telegraph in a week or two, and shall
then resume the subject of Chemistry, if not before. Our engravers are employ chistry, if not before. tant and interesting mechanical inventions, and we have full confidence that our paper will improve as it progresses, and that the volume will
double the original price, when completed.
Prayer Interrupted.-A correspondent of the
Newark Daily Advertiser states that the entire Newark Daily Advertiser states that the entire
roof of the Williamstown College, Massachusetts, roof of the Williamstown College, Massachusetts,
fell in while the students were attending prayers, on Tuesday morning, and the whole upper story, of course, left a mass of ruins. The damages are
supposed to amount to at least $\$ 1000$.

Railroad Intelligence.
The Great Western Railway of Canada, appear likely to be carried dhrough with energy. It is to
commence at Windsor tend through London to Hamilton, a distance of 190 miles, and probably continued to Niagara. The en ire stock, \$000,000, has been taken up by a few leading capitalists of England, and 15 per cent. ha
been,already paid in. Operations are expected to commence e immediately, and the whole is to be completed in from two to three years.
The Northern Railroad on the Coinetricut river,
is completed as far as Northampton, and the cars
are making their regular trips daily.
Notices have been published of the intention to
apply to the Legislature of New York for the in corporation of companies to construct a railroad from Schnectady to Catskill, andeanother from Sche
nectady to Utica, on the south bank of the Mohawk. nectady to Ulica, on the south bank of the Mohawk. A survey has been made.of a route for a railroad
from Fitchburg, Mass., through Leominster, to inSterling.
The Harlem Railroad is to be extended to Hartford, $\mathrm{Ct}_{\mathrm{t}}$, via Danbury, and intersecting the Housatonic railroad a few miles north of Bridgeport. It
is matter of aetonishment, that this route has met is matter of aetonishment, that this route has met
with so little favor, and been neglected with so much with so ittle favor, and been neglected with so much
indifference, being evidently destined to take a conindifference, being evidently destined to take a con
siderable share of the travel from Boston and Albany, as well as that from the Connecticut rive valley.

A Romantic Tale Spolled.-An affecting story of Mr. -, a bankrupt Philadelphia mer-
chant, is wending its way on its round through the chant, is wending its way on its round through the
press. After his failure, his wife presented him press. After his failure, his wife presented him
with a Bible containing a ten dollar note between With a Bible containing a ten dollar note between
every two leaves; she had saved ten dollars, from expenses, every week for five years, and the proeeds of her economy, $\$ 9,000$, enabled her husband savings from Genesis to Revelations, could only in five years, have amounted to $\$ 2,600$.-A Arithmetic
and romance never could a aree.", Alb. Knick. and romance never could agree."- Allb. Knick.
Now Mr. Knickerbocker, isn't that a good one Now Mr. Knickerbocker, isn't that a good one?
Pray how do you know what particular edition of Pray how do you know what particular edition of
the Bible was used as a depository of the money whether a folio, or a pocket edition four inches thick? Answer that
A Delinquent.-The Massachusetts Ploughman enquires where Liberty Aldrich is gone; and
advises other publishers not to trust him. He may advises other publishers not to trust him. He may
as well advise them all to adopt the cash system; as well advise them all to adopt the cash system;
for there are thousands who will not pay in advance for the best paper, while they can get a worthless to the business, and those who practice it, should ot complain at losing a few.

## A Sparkling Van

## 4-ses

A very curious and elegant vane for spires may ee made, by placing in the centre, a spiral or twist ed spindle, as shown in the above cut. This spin ces between the spiral flanches nearly covered with small pieces of looking-glass, or polished metallic
plates. The least breeze will put it in motion, and as the reflectors will assumc every possible position several of them will be sure to present the reflec-
tion of the sun at every revolution, from whatever point it may be viewed, thus producing a constant and very brilliant sparkling.
If the Scientific American don't come to our sanc-
tum in "duplicate, as he "used to did," we shall give his Porter such a dilutionary dash or the CA-
TARACT, as will make it foam like a tankard of
"brown stout" from the London breweries !-Wor"brown stout " f
cester Waterfall.
Cease your roaring, Mr. Waterfall. We have
duplicated you every week thus far: but as duplicated you every week thus far: but as some of
your 'Sci. Ams.' have probably been detained by some P. O. boy, who has learned to know good from
evil, we shall send herewith a little peck of them, If you have any to spare, circulate them among the less fortunate.
Utility of a Barometer.-Before the late gale on Lake Michigan, Captain Fearing, who was running down the Lake in his beautiful vessel, the Ma
ria Hilliard, sulting his Barometer, found that the mercury was
falling unusually fast. Perceiving this, and exerfalling unusually fast. Perceiving this, and exermade our port just before that terrific gale commenced, in which the Major Oliver and another
craft went ashore, and which did a large amount of craft went ashore, and which did
damage to vessels not in port.
The Boston Star.-A paper, bearing this tille, has been for some weeks past, published in Boston by the far-famed Corporal Streeter, formerly editor of the Richmond (Va.) Star. Were the corporal
like what he used to was, we should have no objec like what he used to was, we should have no objec-
tions to exchanging with him ; but when natural vivacity becomes vinegarized by old age, or other
wise, though, like full ripe cucumbers, it may appea like pun-kins in the distance, is proves pun-gent and like pun-kins in the distance, it proves pun-g
pun-ishmental when famitiarly examined.
Deep Snow.-The snow is said to have fallen a Martha's Vineyard last week, to the depth of three
feet, and the roads were quite impassable. The infeet, and the roads were quite impassable. The in-
habitants of that island, having been much accustomed to staying at home, will not feel greatiy incommoded thereby.
Cheap Entertaingent.-Mechanics and others who occasionally visit this city, will find every thing desirable in the eating line, i.t the best style and
lowest prices, at Johnson's Diting Saloon, No. 144 lowest prices, at Johnson's
Fulton st. Call and try it.
OnLy one, if you please.-Some of our cotem poraries frequently send us duplicates; we thank
them for their liberal motives, but we nave no occa them for their liberal motives,
sion for more than one copy.

The: Magnetic Telegraph.
We are informed that the stock of the $\mathbf{N}$ New Haven, and Boston line, has been all taken up, and that arrangements are in progress for putting it Arrangen in the spring.
Arrangements have been completed with the Philadelphia, Wilmington, and Baltimore Railroad over their road between Baltimo telegraphic lin This line is expected to be completed sometime in January, though we have no assurance to that effect The line between Philadelphia and New York
expected to go into operation next week.
The wires used for the Magnetic Telegraph ave rages about 170 lbs . to a mile. It will of course re quire not less than 500 tons of copper wire to sup-
ply all the lines contemplated in the United States.

## For the Scientific American.

"Mr. Editor,-Sir,-The writer of the article under the heading of 'Science of Mechanics,' in your paper of the 18th inst., in speaking of the
power applied to the apple, thrown in the railroad car, says, that three times as much power is applied to the apple, when it is thrown in the direction which the car is going, as was required to give it its first
velocity. He here merely asserts a fact, without giving any explanation, of what he admits to be prehensible, and I think it is to most of your read ers. Will he, therefore, explain why 'three times the power is applied,'- to oblige me, and I think ma-
ny others,-as every thing in Méchanics should be understood. An explanation will oblige me ver much, as I have long been studying Mechanics in that particu
American. An Investigator." demonstrated in a former number We are ready demonstrated in a former number. We are ready,
however to add some additional illustrations, for the satisfaction of "an Investigator," frst admonishing him, however, against the supposition so plainly manifested in the forgoing communication, that any other person than the editor, is employed to write any of our scientific articles. We will suppose then,
that the man and the apple are of equal weight, and that the man and the apple are of equal weight, and that the floor of the car on which the man stands is
covered with ice, so perfect that the friction between his boot-soles and the ice would be imperceptible either the man or the apple in motion, with a velo city of one mile per minute, we will call one power It will be admitted that this one power must have been exerted in putting the apple in motion, along been exerted in putting the man in motion. Two powers are thus already expended: and now if the
man exerts simply one power more on the velocity man exerts simply one power more on the velocity
of the apple, that velocity will not be doubled, be of the apple, that velocity will not be doubled, be-
cause a part of the force will have been expended cause a part of the force will have been expended
in re-action, retarding the velocity of the man as much as it increases that of the apple. The man
must therefore apply double the power, or two powlocity of the apple, while he himselt is deprived of motion and left stationary. Therefore, although four powers have been expended, the only result
double velocity of one object, that is, the apple.
The Cherokee Advocate--This truly inte esting paper is published at Tahlequah, Cherokee by the Cherokee Nation, but edited by William P Ross. It is printed partly in English and partly in the reason why the Cherokee language might no as well have been put into the Roman and Italian characters, since the Cherokees had no alphabet of
characters of their own. The paper, however, is be patronized by thousands of philanthropic Ame e patronized by thousands of philanthropic Ame
ricans, who feel, as well as profess an interest in the provement and welfare of the original inhabitants of the American soil.
The Weekly Messenger.-Under this title, the interesting paper, heretofore known as the "Literaa full sized and well printed weekly paper, well filled with stories, news, anecdote, and poetry. It is ed ted and published by A. R. Brown, Esq., at Exeter, N. H., and is just the paper we should recommend for the use of lamilies: and as the terms are
moderate - $\$ 1,50$ per annum only-we hope our eaders will many of them order the Messenger im mediately, and
Harper's Publications.-The thousands of book readers who often peruse catalogues of books to make selections for themselves, need only to glance
at the list of new publications from the Harper's es tablishment, 82 Cliff st., to find the most interesting and excellent new publications, in as great variety
as may be desired; and there is no fear but that their prolific press will turn out the best works, fresh and new, quite as ast as the most
peruse them. See advertisement.
The Youth's Cabinet, is the title under which appears the first number of a new and excellent
monthly magazine, containing a variety of elegant engravings and a piece of select musick, yet afford ed for only one dollar per annum. This work,
though new in its present form,-the number before us being No. 1 of Vol. 1,-is properly a continuabeen published in favorite which has heretofore fail of extensive patronage, though, perhaps, not
equal to its merits. Published by D. A. Woodworth, Clinton Hall, 135 Nassau st.
Rum and Pitchfork.-A physician in Thomas ton, Me., being called on to visit a sick man, was
somewhat surprised to find a large pitchfork stand ing by the head of the sick man's bed. His curiosity was excited at so strange an appearance in a
sick room, which led him to inquire the cause, which proved to be, the brute of a man had made use of proved to be, the brute of a man had made use
the fork to compel his wife to bring him the rum
bottle.

## n-

Christmas.
This day is called Christmas, a day set apar and observed by thousands of Christians, as a day of adoration, in commemoration of the first advent user, and by hundreds of thousands, as a velling, and crime. The observance of this day probably originated with the Roman Catholics, for the purpose of advancing the popularity of tha hurch, and was supposed to be the anniversary he day on which our Lord was born, although ther un the 1 ion, the most interesting to mankind, and on which drew forth shouts of joy and songs of praise rom angellic hosts, it seems very proper to set part one day in the year, in commemoratio hereof; and no other day may be more suitable fo his purpose, than the one which has been observed
and set apart for centuries, as the anniversary of and set apart for centuries, as the anniversary of
hat event. But let those who will regard this day hat event. But let those who will regard this day,
regard it with exercises of devotion, gratitude, and doration; but by no means insult that glorious Being, by profaning this day, by the indulgence of he principles of the gospel, and the glory of it Divine Author.


Engraving on Woad.
$\mathrm{T}^{\mathrm{HE} \text { subseriber is is repracd in oxecute }}$









teETH!TERTI $\$ 1,00 \& \$ 3.50$










 Galvanie Apparatus.




D. L. FAILNAM.

MANUFACTURES Cast Iron Fountains in great
variety, at prices from Five to Five Thousand
Doll






THE BUALNESS MANS GUIIEE,
LEGAL COMPANION:
 crable business men ne fictect hesed
Interest and money Tables
tabies of welifrt and measures.



Marshall's Troy Shirt Depoul.








 $\xrightarrow{\text { mand }}$

## NEW AND STERLING WORKS <br> HARPER\& BROTHERS, NEW-YORK.




Magnetic fluid.
DR. CHRISTIE, the original inventor and patentee


 and every day brings fresh evidence of their wonderful
efficacy in cases where every thing else has entirely D. Bear in mind, that all articles of the kind not ob-

general periodical depot.

| HALIBURTON |
| :---: |
| N . 12 State street, Boston. |

$\mathrm{A}_{\text {ionable }}^{\mathrm{RE} \text { cond and a atractive Mat with all the most fash }}$ rodicals, together with a a arieysor of cheap literary works
Morn's Patent Solid Botto
Glass Fountain Lamps.


Manufaclured by J. O. FAY, 136 Fullon, Sun Buildings; wholesale aud retail,
THESE LAMPS hiave become universally brated and admired by all who universatly thene for their neat appcarance and splendor of light; they are
in fact the nust perfect lampeerer invented for camphen
or chemicil oil. Try all outhers, but dont fail to try the est, the cheappest, and, above all, the lamps that will giv the greatess light with the least expense; they are th
most sinple and casy to manage and trim; cannot oco
rove ur becume heated while burning ; casily cleaned in side and vont, and not afficted by a duaft. They are per
ccelly site wo use at all tincs, as an oil lamp. I.ess tha half a cent pre hour will give you a splendid light !
"RRY oNE.
N. B. Siand or Partor Lanps; also for sturcs, hotels


> OHNSON'S

DINING SALOON,
o. 144 rulton stree't.
 LEE \& CO. S
WIIRE WINDOW SHADES
do. FIRE SCREENS,
do. GRATE do.
nufactured hal and otabl doors, \&c ny size or shape, and elegantly painted will any Land scape, Lettering, ,1r other devices or colors required.
These Shaiks, fior which we reeeived the highost pre niwn at thes two late Fairw of the Anererican Institin
are unlike all others, in the following particulars -
They adnit all the air and Light into the room.
They admit a full view to the street from the room. They almit a full view to the strect from the room.
They obstruct the view from the strect inte the roon.
They keep out all Mosquitos, Fies, and other insects.
They are very durable, being heavily coated with oil

## painl. They are cxtremcly ornamental. By sendins your address, if in

By senle cxty your adydrenss, (if in the city,) you will be

$\because$ Manufactured in Sheets for the Sonthern and Wes


[HE subscriber has the satisfaction to aunounce to the public, that he has perfected, and is prear superior in utility and convenience of manazement,to light and gentcel article of furniture for a bed-chamber, nan co prrfectly constructed, that either a lady or gentlethe id of scrvants, and withodt haviugs a drope of withou the
ter sprinkled hango in a part of the appet or fotus, the same my a slight
verted to a steam-bath, eillier natain bath sre manufactured and may be cxamined. at No. ${ }^{31}$
JOHN LOCKE.

VALUABLE AND IMPORTANI
 AMERICAN RELIGIOUS GIFT BOOK. Beautifully printed, and embellished by a superbly morocco, extra gilt.
Sone of the contributors:

 J. G. Whittier,
Jamese Rusell Lowell,
Rev. J. . Choules. Also an edition witluut the oil colored frontispie
bound in handsome mustin and gill.
E. WALKER, Publisier, 114 Fulton st.

## Compranion 10 John Bunyan

 illustrated with beautiful steel engravings.
Tww editions of this pury
published in England. It is a beork havce alrcady been
. Knowledge is Power.
Just published, the tenth edition of the "Peeple's
Guide to Knowledge:"-this valuable and intellectual volume comprises within itseff a
Complete Library of Useful and Entertaining Knowledge, nd is embellished with upwards of 300 appropriate en-
gravings-embracing an extensive range of subjects in
 Just published, the fourteenth cidition of this truly po The Wonders of the World: in Nature, Art a handsume octavo volume of upwards of 500 pages, ac-
companicd with nearly 300 ill
sastrations of this work is is suttcient valuc. It is a bouk admiriably adaped as a pintrinsic young people, as it embraces architecture, nechanics, in-
ventions, ruins, manners and customs of different nainols, religions, rites and cerenonies, cataracts, volca-
vees, curiosities, monuments trees, birds, beasts, fishes
reptiles, \&c. \&ec carefull co

## Romanism vs, the Bible.

 ory of Romanism," with fifty beautit of "lengravings's His- this
is a large octavo volume, of nearly $7 / 00$ pages, in hand-
 ic, for the extensive patronage they have bestowed on
hhis timely prounction. It is but litue more than thrce
nontly since its first
 ti is crident that this faithtul account of the traditions,
vain ceremonies and customs, and the cruel practices of
he clurech of Rome, -not against unbeliever the churct of Rome, -not against unbelievers, but in-
fficted on the very nnembers of Christ's true church, is
destined to reach the fireside of every Proestht
candid and inquiring Romasidst throvery destined to reach the fireside of every Protestant and
candid and inquiring Romanist throughout our land.
E. Watker, Publisher, 114 Fulton st,



Important National Work.
 ofticial documents, by E. Wililians, Esq.
Convervis :

1. The Addrestss and Mcssages of the Presidents of the United States, from Washington to Polls; with a oco-
pious analytical Index to the same, of subjects, names nd dates.
2. An account of the Inauguration of cach President,
nd a brief notice of the principal political cvents of his 3. A Biographical sketch of cach President.
3. Articles of Confederation with a brief history of
he events and circumstances which led to the union of the slates, and the furriation of the Constitution.
4. Constitution of of
Une United States, with notes and 7. A synopsis of the Constitutions of the several states.
5. Chronological Tables of Historical evenas in the Uuited States.
6. Tables. or Menbers of the Cabinets of the various
administrationsi Ministers to Forcign Countries, and other principal public oflicers.
i0. Statistical table of
7. Statistical tables of Commerce and population;
II. With Portraits of the Prosidents, and the Seals of
the 26 Sthates. This important work is indispensable to the American
Statesman, and every lover of hlis country, forning, an it
loes, an unbroken link of the history of this grcat Re bublic.
Wanted, in every town and village in the United States.

 entille do a a copp of any one of the above works, -all
wloo mav comply with the boove erms, will prease send
a cupy of the paper, each time of insertion, to the pubislier, or paper, each time of insertion, to the pub-
Dec. WALKER, 114 Fulton st., New York.
JOHN H. MILLER,
Book, Job, and Music Printer
No. 41 Wall Street,
New York.
ALEX. MACDONALD : PRINTER.
