The New-Orleans Bee.

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LEGAL ADVERTISING PAPER.....NEW-ORLEANS. THURSDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 19, 1846.

MAGNE & WEISSE, PROPRIETORS,
No. 81 Chartres street.

TERMS OF THE BEE:

DAILY PAPER (one year in advance).....$12 00
COUNTRY PAPER, Semi-weekly, (one year in advance).....5 00

In all cases the subscriber must give one week's notice in writing, before he can be allowed to discontinue.

ADVERTISING—One dollar for every TEN lines, for each language, on the first insertion, and HALF that price for each subsequent one. No Advertisement inserted for less than one dollar for each language.

Advertisements not specified as to time will be published one month, and charged accordingly.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged one dollar for every TEN lines, for each language and for each insertion.

☞ The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their business.

MAGNE & WEISSE.

WM. WILLIAM DAVIDSON & Co.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
n17 1y No. 81 Canal street.

CESAIRE OLIVIER,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 21 Old Levee street, New Orleans. n18 15d

F. I. ROBINSON, SURGEON DENTIST, 95 Conti st., office open from 8 o'clock A. M. until 6 P. M. m17

H. STEEL, No. 14 Camp street, Importer and Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Stationery. Account Books for sale, or made to order. n20

WM. MURE, BRITISH CONSUL,
10 Musson's Buildings,
cor Royal and Canal sts.

PATOUT BROTHERS—Importers of Fancy Goods, French, English and German, corner Chartres and Toulouse streets.

J. F. BERCIER,
FRANCISCO TIO.
J. F. BERCIER & Co., COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND DEALERS, 45 Old Levee, have constantly on hand fresh Groceries, Wines, Liquors, &c., at moderate prices. n10

WM. F. TALBOT,
No. 20 Moreau st., 3d Municipality,
Just Received and for sale a Large and Likely Lot of NEGROES,
Consisting of Mechanics, House Servants, Field Hands, &c. &c.

Those wishing new hands regularly from Virginia will find it to their interest to call. n22 6m

CHARLES A. BARRIERE,
DEALER IN
French, British and American
DRY GOODS,
No. 20 CHARTRES STREET,
NEW ORLEANS.
DIRECT IMPORTATIONS OF FRENCH GOODS.

FIRE INSURANCE.
THE ST. LOUIS PERPETUAL INSURANCE COMPANY is now prepared to make Insurance against loss or damage by Fire, in connection with the Marine office, 35 Camp street.
n17 6m A. BROTHER, Agent.

THOMAS H. LEWIS, T. BERMUDEZ.
LEWIS & BERMUDEZ,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
n7 1y 6 Office No. 107 Royal street.

MESSRS. P. BLANCARD and ACHILLE LEON, Surgeon Dentists of the Faculty of Paris and New Orleans, have the honour to inform their friends, that they are for a short time located in their offices at No. 63 Royal street, between Bienville and Customhouse (residence of Dr. Leon).

The engagements they are under to all the various states, forbid the Consent of this city, to which they are attached, compel them to absent themselves many days in the course of the month. They have, therefore, deemed it expedient for their Opportunity, as well as their own to announce to the Ladies in particular, numerous clients, in order that one of the two may be always in town, ready to serve all persons who may honor them with their confidence. The warrant in favor of their work, and the care and scrupulous attention to be thereto, induce them to hope for a continuance of the patronage of the public. n8

JOHN McCARTY, PLUMBER,
No. 134 Camp street,
HAS just received a new assortment of French Water Closets, also Force Lift Pumps, Beer Pumps, &c., Bathing Tubs, Shower Baths—work executed in the best manner and on reasonable terms. Orders left at the shop will be promptly attended to. Chargeless. n13—1y

DUFFAU hires the honor of informing the public that he keeps a stable at No. 118 Bourbon street, formerly the establishment of Mr. Bruin, where he will board horses and lodge carriages in the safest manner, at charges at the most moderate prices. He will also sell and buy horses. Mr. Duffau is fitted out in the practice of Veterinary and has for his assistant Mr. Hi Burgundy street. n25—1y

Agency San Mutual In. Co.,
New Orleans, November 7th, 1846.
THE semi-annual of this Institution terminated on the 30th ult. at last month, and the Trustees have declared a dividend of thirty per cent on the net profits on the 5,000 shares of premiums, $500—$90 96 during the year, and have further declared an additional 20 per cent, to which is to be added the premium of depreciation of notes, and have left the whole amount of dividends for the year 1846 at 50 per cent.

The Company commenced its operations on the 10th of July, 1844, and from that time to the 30th of June, 1846, the total amount of premiums received was $1,000 00, and the losses paid $2,500 per cent. They do not insure against the risks of fire in New York or elsewhere, except at this Agency.

The Board of Trustees also resolved, that no division of profits should be made until the accumulated earnings shall, at least, exceed one million of dollars.

The existing capital and assets, available to meet losses, amounted to $385,655 82 on the 4th ultimo, to which may be added more than $100 000 for premiums taken since, and in the course of the undersigned, affords the most ample protection to their policies.

The Agency continues to insure against fire, marine and inland risks.

E. MATTHEWS, Agent.

N. B. Due notice will be given when the script certificates will be redeemed. n17

OFFICE OF GENERAL AGENCY.—The undersigned have the day opened an office of GENERAL AGENCY in Exchange Passage, No. 43, between St. Louis and Conti streets.

They will undertake every description of collections, attend to the settling of account books, copying documents, &c.

In case a procurator should be required in important causes, they will furnish such securities.

And the highest attention to all collections every Monday.

The office will be opened from 9 o'clock A. M. till 3 P. M. and from 5 till 7 o'clock P. M.

They have a special agent for the sweeping and repair of chimneys this year.

M BERTUS,
H RUFFNER.

New Orleans, August 20, 1846. au21 ☞

P. F. DE GOURNAY, Collector,
No. 61 Royal street, between Conti & St. Louis,
WILL undertake the collection of accounts at a moderate commission. He will make arrangements with publishers and others for the monthly or annual collection of their accounts, and will at all times furnish good security for the faithful performance of his duties.

He will collect accounts in the country, or any part of the United States, on the most prudent and reasonable terms.

He will undertake the agency for house rent and servant hire.

Those requiring a collector with their confidence, are requested to examine the subjoined list of references:

A. Y. Board,	A. Boudinhon,
W. P. Vyse,	R. H. Jennings,
J. H. Ashbridge,	J. A. Bouligny,
Brag & Sinclair,	A. Mazureau,
Thibaut & Augustin,	Hon. J. U. Landreau,
J. J. Roquette,	De Von Schmidt,
J. D. Lambert,	Dr. G. Faget. n1

MARINE, RIVER & FIRE INSURANCE.—THE UNDERSIGNED, Agents for the PELICAN MUTUAL NAVIGATION INSURANCE COMPANY of New York, and the Protection and Etna Insurance Companies, of Hartford, Connecticut, are insuring against MARINE, RIVER AND FIRE RISKS on the most favorable terms.

All losses sustained by the above Companies may sustain on Risks taken at this Agency, will be liberally adjusted according to the usages of Insurance Companies of this city, and settled with the promptness on money current at the Banks of New Orleans.

Office N. 4, Camp street.
W. R. FOSDICK,
C. C. LAWRASON.
n15 1y

WHITE LEAD.—The subscriber, agent for the sale of the celebrated White Lead of R. Corbishley & Co., is now receiving a fresh supply, which he offers for sale at the manufacturer's prices. The lead manufactured at the works of R. Corbishley & Co., will, on trial, be found equal to any English lead. As I am the only agent in this city, the brand can only be got from me.

n4 ROBT CLANNON, 96 Canal st.

SUNDRIES.
1000 bbls Thomaston Stone Lime
500 do Hydraulic Cement
500 do Plaster Paris
25 do Marble Dust,
250 sacks Shot
Fluctering Hair in casks, sacks and barrels, for sale by
JOHN HAYMAN & CO., 31 Merchants.

A lot of Sugar Lime, every superior article, either casks or barrels, for sale by the above. n4 6m

NEW PATENT MEDICINE DEPOT,
No. 80, CHARTRES STREET
BETWEEN Bienville and Conti streets, where the following medicines that have gained such a high reputation throughout the United States can be purchased:

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.
Hamb. Sarsaparilla.
Spanish Liquid Opodeldoc.
Dr. Swaim's Panacea, a celebrated remedy for Fever and Ague
Daily's Magical Pain Extractor.
Brandreth's Sacramentals
Dr. McLane's Liver Pills
Johnston's Vermifuge
Dr. Sage's Anodyne Cordial for Bowel complaint.
Godfrey's Cordial, a never failing remedy for old sores, eruptions on the face and all cutaneous diseases.
Hoofland's Ointment, the greatest pain destroyer in the world.
Headley's and Seidlitz Powders.
Dr. Lane's Patent Vermifuge, the Mother's comfort.
Dr. Evans' Pills, Fourth Active Drops.

Together with a large assortment of the most valuable medicines now extant, too numerous to mention.

Also, for the ladies, a large assortment of perfumery. All goods sold at the house are warranted genuine.

Johnson's Toilet Soap, a new article only 25 cents a cake.
n20 1m

PARISIAN HAT STORE,
No. 74, CHARTRES ST.
A. MAURICEAU,
HAS just received a new supply of Hats from Havre, a large assortment of hats direct from the best manufacturers of Paris, such as Pinaud, Meunier and Sibus.

30 cases extra velvet nap hats,
6 " fell do
10 " superfine do.
2 " Tyrolese do.
3 " hats for boys,

300 doz cloth and velvet men and boys' caps—gold and silver embroidered velvet Grecian caps.

Hats and caps, umbrellas, riding whips, &c. &c. n15 1y

AT LIQUIDATION BELOW COST PRICE
A. MARCHAL, 57 CHARTRES ST.
WILL, until the end of December next, at which time he will dispose of his stock at auction, at very low prices, the following articles received ex ships Prohus and Rhone, from Havre:—

Silk lined black and plaid cloth paletots; Tartan do do do; black and colored cloth dress and frock coats; black and colored cassimere pants; fine satin and cashmere vests; cloth and India rubber cloaks; shirts, braces, cravats, night gowns, mufflers, handkerchiefs.

Also, ex Tartous:—Broadcloth; superfine do; ponge cassimere; satin; tartan, &c. &c.

Merchants from the country are invited, before making their purchases, to call and examine, they will find it to their advantage.

N. B. All sales will be made for cash. n3

CARPET STORE, 82 Chartres street.—
A. BROUSSEAU & Co. have now on hand a large and choice assortment of carpeting, &c. among which are, Axminster & Tapestry; English and American Brussels, in great variety; Imperial and Ordinary, 3 ply; Ingrains, of all qualities; Venetians, for halls and stairs; Rugs, Mats, Crumbcloths, &c. &c. Floor Oil Cloths, various qualities, from 2 to 24 feet wide; Mattings, of various widths, colors and qualities; all of which will be sold at low prices on account of the new tariff; also, fancy goods, for negro clothing, at manufacturers prices, by the case. o26—3m

CHOCOLATE—60 cases for sale by
A. MOLLIER, 99 St Louis street.

Thursday morning, Nov. 19, 1846.

The Elections.

Massachusetts—Another Victory.

The General Election in the State of Massachusetts took place on the 9th instant. The contest was for Governor, Lieutenant Governor and other State officers, ten members of Congress and both branches of the Legislature. The Whigs had little expectation of electing their Governor by the popular vote, as they were no less than five tickets in the field, viz:—Whig, Democratic, Native, Abolitionist and "Young Africa." But there is no calculating results now-a-days. The Whigs astonished themselves by the exhibition of their strength. We have a general summary of the result by the Magnetic Telegraph.

The Hon. GEORGE N. BRIGGS, the Whig candidate for Governor, is reélected by an immense majority—probably 9 or 10,000 over all, and 20,000 over the Locofoco candidate. His majority in Boston is alone 2,982. The Hon. ROBERT C. WINTHROP, of Boston, who pursued so pure and patriotic a course in Congress, has received the stamp of popular approbation, despite the combined hostility of Locofocoism, Abolitionism and Young Africa. He is reélected by a majority of 2,889.

The Whigs, it is thought, carry every Congressional District in the State. The only Locofoco District—the 9th, has been revolutionised, electing the Hon. ARTEMAS HALE (Whig) at the first trial. Massachusetts will send an undivided Whig delegation of 10 members to the next Congress.

In the Legislature Locofocoism will barely muster a corporal's guard. The Senate, which consists of 40 members, will probably be UNANIMOUSLY WHIG. To the House, as far as heard from, there have been chosen 80 Whigs; 6 Locofocos; 2 Abolitionists. This will do for old Massachusetts!

The second edition of the New York *Herald* contains the following, more complete, returns:—

MASSACHUSETTS.
FOR GOVERNOR.

1846			1845		
Briggs. Whig.	*Davis* Dem.	*Scatter-ing.*	*Briggs.* Whig.	*Davis.* Dem.	*Scatter-ing.*
51,682 31,779	31,779	13,166	51,686 37,497	37,427	16,796

19,903 W. maj. over D. 6,738 W. maj. over all.
14,211 W. maj. over D. All others o'r Brig.'s 2,868

The following members of Congress are certainly elected:—

District.	*District.*
1. R. C. Winthrop,	7. J. Rockwell,
3. Amos Abbott,	8. John Q. Adams,
5. C. Hudson,	10. Joseph Grinnell.
6. G. Ashmun.	

The election of Daniel P. King, in the Second District, and of Artemas Hall, in the Ninth, is doubtful. In the Fourth, Palfrey is defeated by nearly 600 votes.

In the State Senate, 17 Whigs are certainly chosen; 12 no doubt; 8 no choice; 3, probably whigs, to be heard from.

In the House as far as heard from, 150 Whigs, 36 Democrats, and 3 Liberty.

Michigan.

Accounts received by way of Cleveland, state that ROBERT MCCLELLAND, Locofoco, has been reélected to Congress in the First District, and that GEORGE W. WISNER and J. WRIGHT GORDON, Whigs, have probably been chosen to represent the other two Districts.

We have also a statement from the same quarter, that KINGSLEY S. BINGHAM, Locofoco, has been elected in the Third District by 150 majority, a large falling off; and that EDWIN BRADLEY, Locofoco, has been probably elected in the Second District.

It will thus be seen, that the accounts conflict; and a day or two must elapse before the result can be ascertained. The delegation in the last Congress was entirely Locofoco. As little was expected from Michigan as Iowa. Whatever we get, therefore, be a God send.

ELECTION IN THE SEVENTH DISTRICT.—The Montgomery *Advertiser*, has a few returns of the election held last Monday in the seventh district of Alabama, for a member of Congress in place of McConnell, deceased, which we subjoin:—

Tallapoosa complete—Bowden (dem.) 476; Goodman (whig, 299; Walker (dem.) 129. Chambers—Bowden, 345; Goodman, 617; Walker, 176; two democratic precincts to hear from. Talladega Courthouse—Bowden, 186; Goodman, 188; Walker, 3.

The district is democratic by an immense majority and has probably returned a locofoco.

NEW YORK—COMPLETE.—JOHN YOUNG is elected Governor by about 10,000 majority. Addison Gardiner, is chosen Lieutenant Governor, by, it is said, 2,000 majority. The Congressional delegation stands 23 Whigs, 11 Locofocos. The House of Assembly 70 Whigs, 58 Locos. The Senate 10 Whigs, 1 Native, 21 Locofocos. Whig majority on joint ballot 2. The official returns may increase it.

THE CATO OF NEW YORK.—The political soubriquet of the Hon. Silas Wright has given rise to many specimens of Attic wit, and the providence *Journal* has evoked the Tuscan, by saying that those admirers of the defeated candidate for Governor, who delight to call their hero the "modern Cato," may now find a new point of resemblance between him and his great prototype. The poet says—

Victrix causa Diis placuit, *sed victa Catoni.*

NEW HAMPSHIRE.—The Whig Convention of Rockinham and Strafford counties have nominated LEVERETT SALTONSTALL, of Portsmouth, for Congress, and presented the name of DANIEL WEBSTER, for President of the United States.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.—This favorite establishment opened last evening to a full and respectable audience, which would have been still larger but for the inclemency of the weather. Mr. and Mrs. WALLACK and most of the *corps dramatique*, including our old friend FARREN, were greeted with enthusiastic applause. The performances went off with great spirit. The King of the Commons is an admirable acting play, full of point, incident and dramatic effect. Its success was complete.

THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY, remarks the Washington correspondent of the Baltimore *American*, is I learn, in considerable despondency about the Loan recently advertised for. The time for bids will expire on Thursday next. It was thought here that the whole loan would have been taken before this, and so it would with any substantial ground of confidence among business men is the wisdom or stability of the administration. But it is believed that a new loan will be required soon after the meeting of Congress, and that more favorable terms will be offered. It is thought at least that the Government will cease to embarrass itself by keeping the Sub-Treasury bill in operation. So far it is admitted that this bad measure has carried much more harm to those who framed it than to any body else. Good it has done to nobody, nor can it do any.

DEATH OF COMMODORE NICHOLSON.—The Washington *Union* of the 9th inst., announces, with profound regret, the sudden death of Commodore JOHN NICHOLSON, who died in that city on the 8th from an attack of apoplexy. We have known Com. Nicholson, says the *Union*, for more than forty years. He was a pruner by profession, in Richmond, in 1804—our near and respected neighbor—but his genius led him into a different destination, and his merits, gallantry, and skill, raised him to a high rank in the service, and made him many friends and numerous admirers. In several actions he was distinguished for his extraordinary coolness and bravery. We deeply lament the loss of such a man to his country, his family, and his friends.

DISASTER AT SEA.—During the passage of the ship *Wyoming* from Liverpool, to Philadelphia, on the 5th ult., the men having furled the main top sail, some of them laid down on the main yard to furl the main sail, when all of a sudden a tremendous lurch, which upset the ship on her beam ends as she rolled to windward, it broke all the lanyards on the eyes of the rigging, carrying with it all the mast on the main yard. Five of them fell into the sea and were drowned, and the remainder falling on the deck, six of the number were severely wounded.

The well informed Washington correspondent of the Charleston *Courier* writes as follows, under date of the 10th:—

The message of the opening of the approaching session, will, I understand, speak decidedly in favor of the principles and details of the new tariff act. The present administration have determined to stand by that measure. Mr. BUCHANAN is the only Cabinet minister who will probably present his views on the subject, in an address to the public. I learn that he will support the tariff of 1846 with certain modifications. Some suppose that in order to render the Cabinet at unity on this subject, Mr. BUCHANAN will retire from it, and take the French mission.

Mr. KING, who has just returned from France, is talked of as Mr. BUCHANAN'S successor in the State Department.

There is no doubt, that Mr. BUCHANAN will leave the Cabinet, if he deed ramines to stand against them on the tariff question; but it may well be doubted whether he will take the field step that his friends have recommended to him.

We have still another rumor, wholly improbable, that if Mr. BUCHANAN should leave the Cabinet, Mr. CALHOUN will be called into his place.

Mr. CALHOUN'S prospects and intentions as to the Presidency are much talked of here. It has been believed that he would certainly be a candidate without regard to the movements of party conventions. But I learn that this is positively denied by some leading member of the Democratic party here. They say that Mr. CALHOUN will take no step that will be subservient to the policy of the Democracy; that, having always been a candidate till the election came on, and then he will fall into the ranks whenever his flag shall be unfurled.

Explosive Cotton.

The discovery of a method of preparing raw cotton by which it acquires highly explosive properties, a projectile force superior to gunpowder and the capability of being handled and transported with infinitely less danger, is justly considered one of the most important chemical combinations of the age, only inferior perhaps to the wonderful process of transmitting intelligence by lightning. The *Union* of the 10th instant, has an interesting article upon the subject, detailing various experiments made with this material in the presence of the President, and furnishing additional information in regard to its probable mode of preparation.

Mr. ROBERTSON, our Consul at Bremen, returned to the United States in the *Britannia*, and brought with him a packet of "gun-cotton" prepared by Professor Schönbein, for the purpose of testing its qualities before President POLK. The following letters published by the *Union*, prove that the secret has in all probability, been found out, and in simple enough:—

Extract from a letter received in this city, dated

BREMEN, Oct. 12, 1846.

"The secret has been discovered by a celebrated chemist, Professor Otto, of Brunswick, and by him promulgated to the world. I hasten to furnish you with translations of two publications which he has just made concerning it.

"The gun-cotton can be prepared, under the accompanying directions, by any apothecary who understands his avocation properly. Many experiments have been made with it in this city, and the result uniformly has been such as to establish general confidence in its vast superiority over gunpowder—an estimation which from the first, I believed it would attain."

[TRANSLATION.]

From the Hanover Gazette.

BRUNSWICK, Oct. 5, 1846.

Totally independent of Schonbein and Bottger, relying on an observation of Pelouce, which is contained in my compendium of chemistry, first volume, page, 136, I have succeeded in preparing *exploding* cotton, which, after experiments made with it, seems to be an excellent substitute for gunpowder. In order that the results of important discoveries may be brought to the highest degree of perfection, without unnecessary delay, it appears to me to be proper to give publicity to them immediately, in order that other scientific persons may occupy themselves in making improvements upon such inventions. I therefore disdain to sell or ask a patent for the highly valuable one which has been made by myself, the vast consequences of which cannot yet be calculated, and I herewith give publicity to it for the general use of the public:

For making exploding cotton the common well-cleaned staple must be dipped in highly concentrated acid of saltpetre, (the acid which I use is made by distilling ten parts dried saltpetre, and six parts oil of vitriol or sulphuric acid,) then it is put into fresh water, which is often changed, and care must be taken to loosen thoroughly the cotton, which, from the process, becomes matted; after which, it must be well dried. Thus the exploding article is in a state of preparation for the gun-barrel.

The effects of this article astonish every body who witnesses them. The smallest quantity explodes with the quickness of fulminating quicksilver powder, if struck with a hammer on an anvil. If put into a gun, a smaller quantity in weight will do as much execution as gunpowder. It is used precisely in the same manner as gunpowder—a piece of paper being necessary between it and the ball or shot, as in ordinary firing. The ignition is always certain from the explosion of a percussion cap. All persons, without exception, who have been present at the exhibition of it, have made of its properties, were fully convinced of its practicability. The testimony which I annex of two distinguished persons, who have made arms their profession, will corroborate my statements:

"Yesterday, the 11th of October, we were present at the first experiments which were made with the exploding cotton, in the laboratory of this city, and to-day we have convinced ourselves of the perfectly satisfactory results, with sharp loaded fire-arms.

"HARTEG,
"Doctor, Counsellor of Forest Board.
"A. VON SCHAWRZKOPPEN,
"High Forester."

The samples sent out by Professor SCHONBEIN to the President, were tested at the War Office on the 10th instant. The envelope being unsealed, says the *Union*, a mass of cotton, of a deeper yellow tinge than common, presented itself—and weighing about 60 or 70 grains. Colonel TALCOTT, the head of the Ordnance Bureau, and Mr. ROBERTSON proceeded to make some experiments. A small quantity of the prepared cotton was laid upon a white sheet of paper. When touched with another piece of paper, on fire, the cotton instantaneously exploded, producing a small volume of smoke, and leaving slight stains with very small particles on the paper. The test gunpowder was then exploded. It produced more smoke and left larger stains—thus showing that the combustion was more complete in the former than in the latter case. A small quantity of cotton was then thrown over some grains of gunpowder, but both exploded together. In this respect, as well as in the stains upon paper, the tests failed. On applying to the tongue these particles, which were left upon paper by the combustion of cotton alone, it presented the alkaline taste—showing that the fluid in which the cotton had been immersed was not completely prepared—a portion of the potash from the nitre had been deposited in the vessel, and in dipping the cotton into it it had imbibed some of the alkali, or some of the nitre itself.

Upon Col. TALCOTT'S putting some of the cotton into a gun, with a cap on, an explosion took place with comparatively little noise. On loading the gun a second time with about ten grains of the cotton, a wad of paper upon it, and a ball and another wad upon them, the gun was fired with a smart noise. It was discharged from the upper window of the War Office, and aimed at the Navy Office, about forty yards distant. The ball was found about eight yards from the basement of the Navy Office, from which it had receiled, after making a smart indention in the stone wall; and so great was the force with which it had gone and rebounded, that when it was picked up it was found considerably flattened and smashed.

It is evident, however, that the cotton was not prepared in the best manner. Mr. ROBERTSON is about to have a certain quantity of the raw material (say twenty-five pounds) manufactured in the most scientic manner, and further experiments are to be made at the arsenal with the delicate machinery which tests the force of gunpowder. We shall take care that these experiments shall be duly reported.

NAVAL.—It is rumored that Commodore STOCKTON, now in command of the United States Squadron in the Pacific, is to be relieved by Commodore SHUBRICK.

Captain STRINGHAM, it is said, is to take command of the United States ship *Ohio*, destined for the Pacific, as Commodore SHUBRICK'S flag ship.

FATHER RITCHIE, of the *Union* asks piteously:—What offence the Administration has committed that the people should disown it? The people answer in the words of King Richard to Queen Ann, who asked a similar question:—"The greatest possible offence: You have outlived my liking."

HEALTH OF GOV. YOUNG.—Rumors are in circulation in New York, to the effect that Gov. Young is in a very critical condition from disease of the lungs. They are denied by the Albany *Evening Journal*, but reaffirmed by the Rochester *Advertiser*.

☞ The Whigs of New York fired salutes of fifty guns, at two different points, on Monday evening, 9th instant, in honor of the Whig triumph in the Empire State. Fire works were to be displayed in the Park at night.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—The communication of "A True American" cannot receive publicity unless the writer's name is known.

OFFICIAL DESPATCHES.—We learn, says the Baltimore *Sun* of the 11th inst., that the official despatches from Gen'l TAYLOR were received by War Department last evening.

THE RECRUITING SERVICE.—The following regulation has been established by the War Department:

WAR DEPARTMENT, November 3, 1846.

With a view to expediting the recruiting service, the officers on that duty are hereby authorized to allow to any citizen, non-commissioned officer, or soldier, two dollars for each able-bodied man that he may bring to the rendezvous, and who shall be accepted for the public service.

W. L. MARCY,
Secretary of War.
W. G. FREEMAN,
Assistant Adj't. Gen.

The brig *Plymouth* arrived this morning as a prize to the U. S. squadron. She is under charge of Acting Master ROGERS and Midshipman MARCH. As has been already stated, she was taken on the coast of Mexico on the 3d instant, and when hailed was under English colors and said her name was the *Cadeau* of Plymouth. She landed 437 bales of cotton. The remaining part of her cargo is still on board, with 700 hides and about 20 tons of logwood, which was taken from other prize vessels and put on board of the Plymouth. She left Vera Cruz before the prizes which arrived yesterday.—*Evening Mercury.*

STRANGE.—Some workmen employed in digging ditches along some back streets of the Third Municipality, discovered yesterday the head of a negro man, under the bridge, erected at the corner of Independence and Good Children streets. Recorder SAUNDERS was duly informed of the fact.

SURRENDER.—Mr. H. Legendre filed yesterday an affidavit in Recorder Baldwin's office, against L. R. Ford and M. McLaughlin, who are therein charged with obtaining money from the complainant under false pretences. Ford was already accused of a similar offence, and was awaiting in prison an examination.

SUICIDE.—A German, named John Siegrish, a tayler by trade, committed suicide yesterday at noon, by shooting himself through the head. He resided in Canal street, near the corner of Derbigny street, in the rear of Hackberry Tavern. The cause of the rash act is attributed to insanity. An inquest was held by the Coroner.

City Intelligence.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT.—*Wednesday*.—Henry Fowler alias Johnson, was tried for larceny and found guilty.

David Davis was found guilty of assault and battery and recommended to the mercy of the Court.

The District Attorney entered a nolle prosequi in favor of James Porter charged with larceny.

Richard Wilkinson was tried for larceny and acquitted.

EMBEZZLEMENT.—The investigation in the case of Dunn, charged with embezzlement, will be resumed this morning before Recorder Baldwin.

BEFORE RECORDER GENDRON.—Several cases of larceny, were examined yesterday before Recorder GENDRON. A woman named Betsy Patterson, and Ed. Debergue, a lad twelve years old, both charged with the above named offence, were committed to be tried before the First District Court.

BRIG PLYMOUTH.—The brig *Plymouth*, captured on the Mexican coast by the U. S. blockading squadron, arrived yesterday in our port under charge of Acting Master Rodgers and Midshipman March.

Council of Municipality No. One.

SITTING OF MONDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1846.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment:—

The members present were:

The Honorable J. Canois, Recorder—Aldermen J. Duplessis, Cyprien Dufour, A. Derbes, J. L. Fabre, E. Giquel, R. Hagan, Z. Latour, J. T. Slingerland, F. Wiltz and J. E. Faurés.

Absent—Aldermen James B. Marks and P. Shields.

On motion of Mr. Latour, the absence of Mr. Jas. B. Marks was excused.

The minutes of the last sitting were read and approved.

The following message from the Mayor was read:

Mayoralty of New Orleans.

November 16th, 1846.

To the Honorable the President and Members of the Council of Municipality No. One.

GENTLEMEN:—

I enclose two sealed proposals, one for paving and the other for bridges in Canal street.

Respectfully,

Your obedient servant,

(Signed,) A. D. CROSSMAN, Mayor.

On motion, the sealed proposals for the construction of bridges in Royal street were taken into consideration.

Mr. John Sharkey proposes to construct the bridges, say Ursuline, Hospital and Barrack streets on Royal street, per bridge for $700

The bridge corner of Royal and Esplanade for 570

Mr. Michel McCabe proposes to construct the four bridges in Royal street, per bridge for 600

Mr. Hagan offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the proposals of Mr. John Sharkey to construct the four following bridges, say Ursuline, Hospital and Barrack in Royal street for the sum of five hundred and twenty dollars per bridge, and the bridge corner of Royal and Esplanade street for the sum of five hundred and seventy dollars, are hereby accepted.

The vote being taken, it appeared that Messrs Dufour, Fabre and Faurés had voted in the negative —3 nays, and that Messrs Duplessis, Derbes, Giquel, Hagan, Latour, and Wiltz had voted in the affirmative—6 ayes.

Therefore said resolution was adopted.

On motion, of Mr Slingerland was excused from voting.

The following reason was submitted to the Council.

"I vote against the resolution because in my opinion the work can be done for much less."

J. L. FABRE.

On motion, the sealed proposals for paving were taken into consideration.

Mr Samuel Forgay proposes to execute all the paving to be done on Conti, St. Philip, Ursuline and Barrack streets, from Rampart to St. Claude street at the price of $1 75 cents per superficial square yard $1 75.

Mr Thos Bell proposes to execute all the paving to be done in the foregoing named streets at the price of per superficial square yard $1 70

Mr Hagan offered the following resolution which on motion was adopted, the rules being dispensed with.

Resolved, That the proposals of Mr Thos Bell for paving, with sun shore stones the following streets to-wit: Conti, St. Philip, Ursuline and Barrack streets, from Rampart street to St. Claude street, be and they are hereby accepted for $1 70 the superficial square yard. Bridges to be constructed at the intersection of said streets to be paid at the rate of eighty dollars for each bridge.

Call of Committees

Mr Faures Chairman of the Finance Committee submitted the weekly reports of the Treasurers, balance as follows

Treasurer of Public Works and Improvements $2,390 76
do of Police. 543 77
Mr Hagan, Chairman of the Improvement Committee submitted a letter from the Surveyor informing him he deemed that the probable cost for painting, whitewashing and repairing the plastering of the Tremé Market, will amount to about $192:

On motion, be it

Resolved, That the Surveyor be and he is hereby authorised to have Tremé Market white washed, painted and plastered.

Mr Latour, Chairman of the Judiciary Committee submitted a report and resolution in favor of the Church Wardens of the Church of St. Louis—for rent due for the holding of the Court House

On motion of Mr Fabre, said report and resolution were reinstated.

Mr Fabre, Chairman of the Committee on Claims presented the following reports and resolutions which on motion were adopted, the rules being dispensed with.

The Committee on Claims to whom was referred the letter of Major Gaily, begs leave to say, that as a matter of policy as well as of justice they will advise that a reasonable appropriation be made to the Artillery Battalion. At the commencement of the Mexican hostilities, the Legion having tendered their services to the General Government a sum of one thousand dollars was voted by the Council for the same soon. Through circumstances which it is not our province to notice the Artillery Battalion was the only corps promptly mustered into the service of the United States, and by reason of the heavy extraordinary expenditures and sacrifices necessary for their leaving their homes at one fell swoop, consequently it becomes necessary for the latter to appeal to both their own and the public generosity to discharge this debt. Your committee would therefore recommend that the sum of three hundred dollars be paid to Major Gaily, to be applied by him to the following qualities, viz: Lemon Syrup, Tamarind Syrup, Orgeat and Wine Whey, which he is to furnish during the prevalence of the present epidemic.

J. L. FABRE, Chairman,
CYPRIEN DUFOUR,
E. GIQUEL.

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J. L. FABRE, Chairman,
CYPRIEN DUFOUR,
E. GIQUEL.

Emancipations—First Reading.

The following petitions were read:

A Foliain, praying for the emancipation of his slave Elias Louis Feline, a mulatto woman, aged about 40 years, and her daughter, named Marie Elizabeth, mulatto girl, aged about nine years, with permission to reside in the State.

J. U. Lavillebeuvre, praying for the emancipation of his slave Wilby Ann, mulatto, aged about seventeen years, with permission to reside in the State, and which permission was once granted by the late Police Jury.

Mrs. Widow A. Chauveau, praying for the emancipation of her mulatto slave Mary Ann, with permission to reside in the State.

Pierre A. Dupin and W. Moore, f. m. c., testamentary executors of Pelogie Dauphin, f. w. c., praying for the emancipation of the negro boy named Joseph, aged about 5 years, with permission to reside in the State.

Patsey Ellen Simons, f. w. c., praying for the emancipation of her mother, a griff woman, named Sophie Taylor, aged about 45 years, with permission to reside in the State.

On motion—

Resolved, That said petitions be referred to the Judiciary Committee, and that the Council give their consent to the emancipation of the slaves: Elias alias Feline, mulatress, aged about forty years. Marie Elizabeth, mulatress, aged about nine years. Wilby Ann, mulatress, aged about seventeen years. Mary Ann and Joseph, negro boy, aged about five years, without being compelled to leave the State, provided their consent be ratified at a subsequent meeting.

A letter was read from Mr. J. Crusat, agent of Mr. Laurent Rousseau, to be permitted to pay the sum of five hundred dollars, capital due on a lot of ground, situated in Customhouse street, said sum paying a ground rent of six per cent.

Mr. Wiltz presented the following resolution:—

Resolved, That the Mayor be and he is hereby authorised to release, by act before Joseph Cuvellier, notpub., the mortgage upon a certain lot of ground situated in Customhouse street, between Burgundy and Rampart streets, Provided the owner thereof, Mr. Laurent Rousseau shall pay the capital and interest due by him on said lot of ground.

The vote being taken on the adoption of said resolution, it appeared that Messrs. Fabre and Slingerland had voted in the negative—2 nays; and that Messrs. Duplessis, Dufour, Derbes, Faures, Giquel, Hagan, Latour and Wiltz, had voted in the affirmative—8 ayes. Therefore, said resolution was adopted.

A letter was read from Mr. J. Commany, asking the use of the blacksmith shop belonging to the Municipality or proposing to buy all the materials therein contained.

Mr. Fabre offered the following resolution, which was referred to the improvement committee, with power to act:

Be it Resolved, That the Mayor be and is hereby required to cause to be sold as soon as possible, by the auctioneer of this Municipality, all the materials deposited in the depot of this Municipality.

A letter was read from Mr. [illegible] Gardinier, about planning and replacing trees, referred to the improvement committee with power to act.

A letter was read from Mr. R. Brugier, asking the Council to release the mortgage standing on a triangular lot of ground situated in Bourbon street between Customhouse and Canal