COMMERCIAL.

LATEST DATES.

New-York	Nov. 22	Boston	" 21
Philadelphia	" 22	Charleston	" 27
Charleston	Oct. 31	Savannah	" 28
Paris	" 8	Liverpool	Oct. 8
Havre	" 10	Liverpool	" 10

NEW ORLEANS MARKETS.

Commercial Exchange, Dec 10, 1835.

Prices of Produce, Board.

Sales [illegible]

638 bales [illegible]
1146 do [illegible]
8 do do
45 do Mississippi [illegible]
900 do do [illegible]
BACON—N. [illegible] hhds New York [illegible]
BAGGING—[illegible] to 8 per lb[illegible]
CLASSES—[illegible] bbls at 41 to [illegible]
FLOUR—Per bbl 871 [illegible]
WHISKEY—Rectified, [illegible]
[illegible]—Havana, [illegible]
[illegible]—211 to 5 per lb[illegible]
[illegible]—Mess $13—prime [illegible]
PORK—Mess $18—prime [illegible]
RICE—10 cents—in fair [illegible]
SUGARS—Dried 11 to 12[illegible]
Salted [illegible]
TOBACCO—Goshen [illegible] cents per lb—
Western [illegible] to 20.
[illegible] articles [illegible]

STOCKS OF NEW-ORLEANS.

			New-York, Nov. 25.
10 shares	U S Bank		112
5 do	N O Canal		104½
155 do	N O Canal		104¾
100 do	Jackson Rr		125
50 do	Grand Rr		102
225 do	N O Gas Bank		102
			Philadelphia, Nov. 26.
4 do	U S Bk		[illegible]
75 do	Kentucky Bk		107½
12 do	Louisiana Bk		[illegible]
100 do	Vicksburg Bk		30
100 do	N O Gas Bk		30
			Boston, Nov 28.
	Mess pork, per bbl		[illegible]
	Flour do.		[illegible]
	Lard, per lb		[illegible]
	Bacon do		[illegible]
	Butter do		[illegible]
	Tobacco do		[illegible]

COTTON.—The transactions have been entirely confined to the trade in small lots, which embrace 8 to 900 bales of Brazil at 11 a 11¼c, and 5 to 600 bags St. Domingo at 11 to 11½c.

FLOUR.—There has been a fair amount of business transacted since our last review; prices however are rather lower. The sales amount to 2,250 bbls, of which 1700 were Upland, chiefly new, at 16 to 16½; 250 Florida 14½ to 17½; 150 New Orleans 17 to 18; and 150 Mobile 14½ to 15½c. Several parcels of different kinds of old were sold at much lower prices.

COTTON.—The sales of western have been 50 a 6 cts. At the close of the week, [illegible] advanced to 6 a 6 75. Most other [illegible] remained unchanged on Thursday. [illegible] 75 to 6 87; 400 bbls Hyslop 6 75, [illegible] New York 6 50.

FLOUR.—The transactions have been on a moderate scale; they include 70 to 80 hhds Porto Rico at 3¼; 400 hhds Trinidad 3¼; some sweet early Havana 3¼ to 3½; 50 to 60 hhds New Orleans 35, by auction 150 bbls good 35½ a 35½cts cash, and [illegible] sugar house 30½ a 31cts—4 mos.

PROVISIONS.—Mess and prime beef have gone off freely at a small reduction on last week's prices. We quote mess at 8 50 a 8 75, and prime at 5 50 a 5 75. The stock of old pork is rapidly going out of market, and it is said, that of both descriptions is reduced to 500 bbls. Some new recently packed has arrived in good order, and sales are making at $15 a 16 for mess, and $13 50 a 13 75 for prime.

RICE.—The week's sales comprise 140 tierces and 350 barrels at 3 37½ a 3 50, which quite is quite reduced.

SUGARS.—Our stock of brown has been increased by further arrivals and the market is now dull. Those who recently speculated in the article have a desire to sell out at a small advance, of which purchasers will not accede. By auction 9 hhds pipes champagne, first cost, obtained 118cts, 4 mos, and at private sale a few half pipes, third proof, from London 31 25. Holland gin is nearly out of market, small sales of Jourdan at 108cts. Whiskey is held at 33cts and dull.

SUGAR.—The demand has been quite moderate. The stocks of all kinds in market and holders continue firm. The transactions comprise 500 to 550 boxes white at 12½ a 12¾; 1500 do brown at 9¾ to 9¾; 500 bls Porto Rico at 9 to 9¼; and some New Orleans by auction. By auction 3,600 boxes refined brought 13 cents, and 220 bbls [illegible] brown clarified 6½ to 8cts.

EXCHANGES.—There has been a very limited demand for bills on England to close of this day's packet, and early sales made yesterday were at the rate of 109 per cent for cash, but at the close of the exchange, sellers were offering 109½ at 109¾. For other bills the sales were at from 1 to 1½ per cent. Bills on France, 5f 30 a 5f 32c.—N. Y. Courier and Enq. Commercial Advertiser, Nov. 27.

SUGAR.—The transactions have been at private sale, prices within the range of our quotations.

TOBACCO.—Nearly all of the old crop has been brought to market, and the business doing is light, at a reduction from quoted rates. Some samples of leaf have been taken at from 6½ to 10. Some of the new crop Virginia has come to market. The other description of tobacco is unquoted.

MOLASSES.—We note a [illegible] Martinique molasses at 29c.

COTTON.—The demand for cotton is very light. The trade is tolerably fair, and sales are made in small parcels at [illegible] for Uplands at 17 a 18cts, and Virginia new at 17 a 18cts.

Wheat, red 97 [illegible] a 1 00; white 91 25 a 1 40; corn [illegible] further advanced, sales at 81½c; tobacco, new, 85 a 6½; new leaf 7 a 8.

Lynchburg, VA Nov 23.

WHEAT.—It is in demand at 1 20 a 1 25.

FLOUR.—By the wagon load it may be quoted at 6 50 a 6 75.

CORN.—The quantity of new brought to market is small. It is selling from 60 a 62½ cts per bushel.

TOBACCO.—Is unchanged in price. Very little of the old crop is in market; the new not much at the new yet come in, in bulk. Most of it is brought in loose and assorted. We quote lugs at from 3 to 5; Lugs, frosted, 3½ to 5 75—not frosted 6 50 to 8 50.—Virginian.

Tobacco.—Supplies of tobacco have come forward freely this week, and bought with spirit by purchasers. Sanitary lugs at 6 50; good leaf and lugs 6 50 a 7; highly and good 7 50 a 8 50. Very little old or new lugs in bids.

FLOUR.—Supplies continue; sales of superfine last week 6 50, 6 62½, 6 75 and 6 87½. Holders are firm, and generally ask 7 per barrel.

WHEAT.—Supplies limited; red 120, white 125cts.

Cincinnati, Nov 28.

COTTON.—During the week we have had a considerable quantity of this article in market, and higher prices than those noticed in our late quotations have been obtained in several instances. We quote sales at 13½ to 14½c.

Charleston, (S C) Nov 28.

COTTON.—This article has been poured into our market during the past week. Prices are ranging from 14½ to 15½.—A few choice lots bring the highest quotations.

Charleston, Dec. 3.

COTTON.—The week's sales of Upland have been our last weekly report has given, amounting to 3,000 bales, at a fraction higher than the prices of the preceding week, 16 cents. Very few transactions in the latter price. We have not heard of any sales of long staple.

RICE.—A prime and choice article continues in demand and from 3½ to [illegible] is neglected.

Augusta, Dec 3.

COTTON.—During the past week the demand for cotton from warehouses has been limited, and the business has been confined principally to wagons, from which sales have been made to a fair extent at prices ranging from 13 to 14½c, principally at 13½ a 14. At present there is much anxiety felt by both holders and buyers, caused by our mill being without further advices from foreign markets; and neither party show much disposition to operate. The sales during the week from warehouses were as follow:—On the 26th, 120 bales: 16 at 12½—32 at 13—79 at 13¾—44 at 14—6 at 14½—29 at 14¼—and 29 at 14 5-16. On the 7th, 248 bales: 22 at 13½—35 at 13¾—168 at 14—24 at 14½—59 at 14¼—and 9 at 14½. On the 28th, 288 bales: 6 at 13½—5 at 13¾—88 at 13¾—94 at 13¾—126 at 14—39 at 14½—and 58 at 14¼. On the 30th, 422 bales: 9 at 13½—35 at 13¾—29 at 13¾—143 at 14—88 at 14½—94 at 14¼—and 17 at 14½. On the 1st inst, 308 bales: 4 at 13—36 at 13½—159 at 13¾—48 at 14—and 51 at 14¼. Up to two o'clock on the 2d, at which hour we closed our inquiries, there was a dull market, and the only sales that came to our knowledge were 117 bales: 28 at 13½—28 at 13¾—44 at 14—16 at 14½—and 13 at 14¼cts.

Independent of the above sales two lots of choice, fancy brands in square bales, have been disposed of: one a lot of 35 bales, at 14½; the other a lot of 27 bales at 15cts. We do not mention these sales as a criterion of our market, but merely to show our planters that if they are careful in assorting, picking and packing their cotton for sale, and once get their names up, that they can readily obtain from 1 to 2 of a cent above the market price. We now quote 13 a 14½ strictly prime in square bales may bring the 15ths.

New Orleans Building Company.

AT an election held at Mr Coons' office, on 7th instant, agreeably to public notice, the following named gentlemen were duly elected directors of the New Orleans Building Company, to serve during the ensuing year:

Messrs George West,
[illegible]
[illegible] Prevost,
[illegible] Lee,
[illegible] Street,
[illegible] Bright,
[illegible] Hyde,
[illegible] Fellows,
[illegible] Lewis,
[illegible] Stevens.

A meeting of the stockholders of the New Orleans Building Company will be held at the Committee Room, of Bank's arcade, on Friday the 11th instant, at 7 o'clock P M, to receive the final report of the present directors, together with their special statement of the affairs of the company.

The purchasers under the first sale of the property and the creditors of the company are invited to attend, and the presence of the stockholders generally is particularly requested.

TH. LAWSON,
President pro tem N O B Company.

dec 9 3t

POETICAL ANNUAL for 1836, &c.

Poetical Annual, being selections from the English poets—from Spencer to Beattie. Embellished with a portrait and 24 illustrations, from drawings by H. Corbould.

Heath's Picturesque Annual for 1836; with 25 capital engravings by the first artists.

The Juvenile Forget Me-Not—by Mrs. Hall, for 1836; with 10 beautiful engravings.

The Keepsake for 1836; with 13 fine engravings.

A Letter and a Farewell Sermon, with notes—by Pierce Connelly, A. M.

Just received and for sale by

dec 8 B. S. J. LEVY.

[illegible] BEE.

[illegible] State and City Paper,
PRINTED BY J. BAYON.

NEW-ORLEANS:
FRIDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 11, 1835.

We call the attention of speculators and of the public generally to the sale which will take place this day at Hepburn's exchange, of 20 valuable lots of ground. These very desirable properties will be sold by Messrs Cenas, Dennington and Canonge. Their advantageous situation, in the vicinity of the lower cotton press, their proximity to the port which has been greatly extended, the great improvements made daily in that part of the city, must render to speculators a profitable investment of their funds.

The Ship Macenaeti, from Liverpool, arrived at the Balize on Tuesday, bringing advices thence of the 15th October, seven days later than previously received; but as we have used all the personal exertions in our power we are not able to obtain any intelligence, as the letter bags had been made up for the consignees, and were non est inventus.

We have been informed by a gentleman who came passenger in the Macenaeti, that the cotton market at Liverpool was much depressed; the stock on hand was very large and the demand slight.

The Tuscaloosa reports that on the night of the 8th, the Walk-in-the-Water took fire at Natchez landing, and was burnt to the waters edge. She had a cargo of from 1300 to 1500 bales cotton on board, all of which was consumed. The boat is an entire loss. One negro was burnt to death; he was chained at the time the fire originated.

The Lady Franklin was run into on the 26th November, while ascending the river, by the Portsmouth, near the Yellow Banks, and sunk in deep water. Twenty lives are known to be lost. The boat is a total loss; the Portsmouth received but a trifling injury.

Also we have generally used personal exertion to exhibit to the public the progress & prospects of the bank canal from Julia street, yet because we unwittingly committed one error in a subsequent statement relative to the banking concerns of the company, they have denied us their advertisements. But we must render good for evil; and on the principle of the common toast 'may every honest man turn out a rogue,' we shall advertise gratis for them.

Oyez! oyez!! On the 15th inst a meeting of the stockholders of the New Orleans canal and banking company will be held to appoint new directors of said company; and to scrutinise the conduct of the present board. God save the bank!

We are happy to find that Robert Le Mable will be performed this evening at the French theatre and that our fellow-citizens have an opportunity of witnessing an efficient representation of a chef d'œuvre of this kind. The same performers will represent the same parts as last season; the organ will be used, and Madame Zimpar will accompany Madame St Cloir on the harp in the 4th and 5th acts. Will you repattend?

Dr Monro Mackie will delivery the introductory lecture of his clinical course as professor in the Medical college, this evening at the usual hour and place. His abilities and noble emulation in his profession are warmly complimented by those intimate with him.

Ladies and gentlemen are indiscriminately invited to attend.

We had the pleasure of hearing the lecture of Dr Barton on Wednesday evening; and had purposed giving a synopsis of it, but that we are waiting for the medical students to honor themselves and him by having it published at large.

Justice.

The Lycéum—It is gratulatory to find that the New Orleans Lycéum is likely to be established on a permanent basis; and qualifying to perceive some of our most intelligent citizens disposed if not determined to lend it their influence and talents. It had been chartered by the legislature in [illegible] wants now only unity and energy of action among its members to render it useful to all concerned, and funds to promote their objects.

A committee had been appointed to apply to the city council for an appropriation; and a similar application will be made to the legislature—in order that philosophic apparatus may be purchased and a library established. From the known liberality and intelligence of our present board of aldermen, it is confidently expected that an appropriation for so legitimate and useful a purpose will be made, insemination of the noble examples given by the various Atlantic cities; and in conformity with their own late liberal grant to Brigot for his dancing school.

The siege of San Antonio by the Texians is confirmed by advices received yesterday from Nacholtches. Our Texian friends being without artillery, were obliged to 'get off' supplies for Cos and the garrison; and they literally starve them into submission.

Latest from Spain.

We have [illegible] received by a commercial friend with files of the Nations of Europe to the 26th, inclusive, which we answer the following news from Spain via Havana, by the British sloop of war Bonito, which left London on the 15th October.

We have already published that Mendizabel was at the head of the Spanish ministry. Alava having resigned from motives of delicacy, which are represented to be very creditable to that general. The telegraphic despatches throughout Spain are very favorable to the interests of the queen. The governor of Nich has routed near Olot, the Carlist troops, commanded by Guergue, and has taken prisoner O'Donnel, the second in command. On the 5th of Oct the pretender was at Estella with the main body of his army; General Cordova was at Lerin at the head of 12,000 men of the best troops, and Gurpes returned from his expedition, was stationed at Calahorra. In all provinces public tranquility became common, and it was anticipated that the wise and prudent administration of Mendizabal would soon regenerate Spain. In a Barcelona paper dated Oct 1st, we find a list of the names of the Carlist prisoners taken in arms in a skirmish, who were immediately shot. These unfortunate victims of civil warfare were eight officers and sixty-eight privates.

The Federal Union.

The philosophic Frenchman Edmond Burke, in deploring the decline of chivalrous engagements, laughs to scorn the idea of commercial engagements as sufficient guarantees of reciprocal obligation in the union that should subsist between different nations, whose interests become ever opposed; and then adds—'Men are not tied to one another by papers and seals; they are tied to associate by resemblances, by conformities, by sympathies. It is with nations as with individuals, nothing is so strong as the ties of amity between nation and nation in correspondence in laws, customs, manners and habits of life—they have more than the force of treaties in themselves; they are obligations written in the heart, and approximate men without their knowledge and sometimes against their intentions. The secret, unseen but irresistable and delicious intercourse holds them together even when their perverse and litigious nature sets them to equivocate, scuffle and fight about the terms of their written obligation.'

We do not quote this for the purpose of scrutinizing its truth, nor of ascertaining whether the secret of the ties and amity which exists between the British islands and the United States is here developed, but for the sake of alluding to the means by which the links of our federal union can be more closely concatenated.—It is indeed true that interests will preponderate over written engagements of whatever kind or tendency; and probably true that passion, and prejudice may triumph over interest, to make the worse appear the better reason to perplex and dazzle the wisest counsellors in endeavoring to ascertain what is the true interest of either party united or competing.

Habitual intercourse promotes the true policy of associated individuals, confederated states and allied nations. It ascertains the interests of all by displaying the best means of securing competition without the fear's necessity of opposition. It is not so much a correspondence in language or laws that assimilates the persons and objects of competition—altho these are certainly of importance, as the correspondence in ideas and habits promoted by facilities of intercourse in trade and travel. These facilities diminish the obstacles of time and space, and assimilate interests where even laws and language may differ, but doubly so when a community of the latter and a coincidence of general interests and mutual dependence prevail. Hence it is that even if some of our fellow-citizens may have singularly viewed the constitutional bond of union existing between the United States as a blurred piece of parchment when their passions made them so behold it through a smoked glass of prejudice, the interchange of views and opinions, and the generous rivalry to excel or exceed in the race of general prosperity by individual and confederated aggrandizements, certain to be increased by increasing the facilities of commercial and other intercourse, must assimilate and combine those interests which would otherwise have been opposed; and make them harmoniously operate by similar means to attain the same end—in the words of the federal constitution, 'to promote the general welfare and defence of the country.' Generous competition betweens then the substitute of suspecting or prejudice of rivalry: for all are benefited by the advantages of each and the true interest of one state becomes more or less identified with that of the others. The same effect [illegible] and the liability be uniform, for the interests are alike and common.

It is therefore with the greatest pleasure that we behold every project of internal improvement, which can facilitate the intercourse between different parts of the same state; and distant states of the union. The poet of domestic life may have truly sung—

Lands intersected by a narrow frith
Abhor each other: mountains interposed
Make enemies of nations, that had else
Like kindred drops been mingled into one.

Common interests are promoted by common or customary intercourse; and when that course is facilitated and friendly—when aided too by a correspondence in language, laws, customs and habits; and succored by a feeling and knowledge of reciprocal dependence and confederate obligations, the bonds of union become indissoluble linked.

The constitutional guarantees of the union of the different states are not sufficient to promote common interests among them, nor can afford similar means to obtain the same end; but the federal union can be indurated and must be perpetuated by increasing the facilities of intercourse and diminishing the time and distance between different parts, so as to render them by habitual and ready intercommunication as members of a common family.

Every true friend of the confederated republic of America should therefore use all his influence and means to promote all objects of internal improvement—whether relating to the navigation of rivers, seas and lakes; or to the construction of roads and canals.—This is the true and safe policy of the country. It is the only mode of preventing any difference of interests or means to attain the same end; it is the only mode of effectually securing a community of interests, and of placing commercial and other competition on a safe and solid foundation. *By facility of intercourse the union can and shall be preserved without compromising the rights or interests of any state or of any individual.*

(Bee.)

(For the Bee.)

Mr Editor—Believing that you are desirous of securing the freedom of the press and of doing justice to all, I beg leave to state through your columns that Mr Caldwell advertised to give a premium for the best address, and best comedy to be written for his new theatre. The address selected was that by Mrs Ellet, lady of professor Ellett, now of S C college; authoress of some other prize addresses, a translated tragedy, and some articles in the American Quarterly Review published at Philadelphia. Mr Bannister of the Camp street theatre wrote the best comedy, in Mr Caldwell's opinion, yet it was not accepted. Whether his play was conformable to the advertisement, I cannot say; but I know that Mrs Ellet's address was so; and that it was devoid of any application to Caldwell or his theatre, and would have been adapted to the opening of one theatre as well as another. But it is not well adapted to any, which must be evident to any who have read it. See how it begins.

Lake the rich beam that lights the ruin's crest,
Pour'd from the bosom of the golden west,
O'er ancient tow'r and tomb-like dwelling shed,
Hallowing with life the precincts of the dead—
The Muses fly o'er memory's realm is cast,
Startling the shadows of the slumbering past.

Now Mr Editor, forgetting for a moment your gallantry to the sex of the writer, let me ask you is this poetry or nonsense? What is meant by the crest of a ruin? How can a beam lighting that same crest be poured from a bosom, and be shed o'er towers and tombs; and that too when it is but the power of western gold? What have republics to do with the realms of memory, startling the shadows of the dead—and how are they among the slumbering past—are the sleeping dead or the dead slumbering or sleepless?

But sir, if a prize was awarded to the best address delivered, is it not just to expect that the other should have been given to the best comedy? I have heard that Mr Caldwell acknowledged Bannister's was the best; and that it had been so declared by others—why was then the prize refused to him? Was it because he is attached to the other theatre—or that he is young and friendless?

Justice.

The Florida said the—It is much to be regretted that this line of stages and steam boats, has not been patronized by travellers, as it was, and as it certainly deserves to be. The arrangements which have been made for the accommodation of passengers, are upon an extensive scale. Like all large undertakings, this line has required some time to mature it, but we understand from travellers, that it is now in such a condition as to give it a decided preference over the route by way of Montgomery. The teams are good, the distance which each has to perform is short, there are two steam boats; always in readiness to transport the mail and passengers between this place and Cedar Bluff, on the Chockhatchie; one of them kept constantly running, and the other held in reserve, to be used in case of necessity. Good and substantial bridges have just been erected, by the general government, over the Appalachicola swamp and across the Chipola river, and the passage of travellers is thus rendered certain between Mobile and Augusta, the point of termination upon the route.

Another circumstance which should particularly commend this route to the choice of travelers, is that the stages upon it are not burthened with the northern mail, which is we understand to be hereafter carried on the upper route.—*Pensacola Gaz.*

North Carolina—Richard D Speight Esq, was on the 23d ult elected governor of the state of North Carolina—the period having expired for which Gov Swain was eligible to that office. The vote stood Speight 105; Means 86; scattering 5. Gov Speight is a democrat.

It appears to be no doubt of the ratification by the people of the amendments of the constitution of N Carolina—its provisions to go into effect on the 1st of January next. The term of office of the members of the legislature now in session, expires on the 31st of December, the 20th had been fixed upon as the day of adjournment.

The vote for Means and the scattering votes, 91 in all, are considered as constituting the Whig strength. Under the new administration of the state, which has received the sanction of a considerable majority of the people, an election will be held for governor, and the friends of Means, who is supposed, will be again a candidate to governor, seem determined to elect him.

N A Stedman Esq has been reelected comptroller of the state.

Bank of Maryland—Trustee Below—Information was received yesterday here, that the trial of Messrs Brandt S Poultney and W M Ellicott was brought to a close on Monday night, when the jury in a few minutes, returned a verdict of acquittal.—*Balt Am.*

Public attention has been very naturally much directed lately to the condition of our navy. Besides the inadequacy of the existing naval force to prevent a hostile power in case of war from blockading our harbors, it appears that we have not vessels enough abroad to give protection if needed to our extensive commerce. The French government, having for this purpose use for but a few armed vessels, has been in the habit for a number of years of keeping fleets equipped and cruising, with no other object then to have an efficient force disciplined and ready in case of war; which we, whose widespread commerce requires, we did our duty by it, that we should have afloat half a dozen small squadrons, in addition to single vessels at various points, the whole encompassing, as it were, the terraqueous globe, have only here and there on the most important stations a sloop of war or two and a frigate. It is not often to be sure that the service of a vessel of war on a foreign station is needed for the direct protection of our citizens against outrage; but their presence has the effect of affording in fact the fullest protection, by preventing attempts at oppression or extortion. Our naval officers have constant opportunities of aiding and serving in various ways the officers and crews of merchantmen, or other citizens engaged in commerce in foreign ports. There is ample and gratifying evidence on this point.

While in the extent and value of our commerce we are the second nation in the world. States whose whole foreign trade does not equal that of a single one of our Atlantic cities, equal us in the number of their armed vessels and naval officers. We hope that congress will take up this subject on an early day in its coming session, and act upon it in the manner which the interests of a great commercial people as well as the character of a leading member of the family of Christian states requires. The speedy addition of a couple of frigates and seventy cutters to our existing force would make our navy respectable in size, and give it a body somewhat worthy of its fiery spirit. Such a addition would absorb but a small portion of the large surplus with which our treasury is burthened and congress embarrassed.—*Balt American.*

The extent of the emigration westward may be inferred from the following paragraph which appears in the St Louis Times:

Not less than six hundred passengers landed upon our wharf this morning from the various steamers from the Ohio river. It produced a scene of bustle and life, truly animating. Among them we observed several families with their wagons, horses, household furniture, negroes, &c, doubtless bound for the interior of our state, while many reshipped to wend their way up the Mississippi, and towards the setting of the sun.

The Marlborough Hotel, in Washington st. Boston, sold to the Free Church Association for $46, 000, or $33 per foot. The basement is to be appropriated to stores, the upper part to a temperance house.

The Auburn and Syracuse Rail Road has been commenced at Elbridge.

A meeting of delegates has been held at Geneva, for a 'rail road' from Auburn through Seneca Falls, Waterloo, Geneva, Vienna, Manchester and Canandagua to Rochester.

The Legislative Council of Arkansas, have passed a bill to establish a bank called the *Union Bank of Arkansas*, with two *millions* of dollars. It will probably pass the House of Representatives.

Lamentable case.—The interesting young girl, of only 16 years of age, who lately under false pretences purchased goods, at several stores in Hartford (Conn.), proves to be partially insane. She assumed the character of a beggar, though her parents are highly respectable. There is said to be a hereditary taint of insanity in the family.

If once had a troublesome visitor, whom I tried many ways to get rid of. First I tried smoke, which he bore like a badger; then I assayed fire, which he bore like a salamander; at last I lent him five dollars, and I have not seen him since.

A bank of Buckwheat, which grew upon the farm of Mr W. Long, in Warrington township, Bucks county, this season, produced the astonishing number of 3512 grains.—*Poulson.*

Georgia Legislature.—A report of a Joint Committee of both branches of this body, on the Abolition Question, has been made, breathing, the Georgian says, 'a fine spirit.' The Committee report as an accom-

[illegible] Vera Cruz.

The fine and fast sailing Mexican built schooner AMERICA, Capt. Ruiz, having the greater part of her cargo engaged, will have immediate despatch. For balance of freight or passage, apply to J. PRATS & SON. dec 11

Office New Orleans and Carrollton Railroad Company.

$200 Reward.

NOTICE.—By a resolution of the board, a reward of two hundred dollars will be paid by this institution for the apprehension on conviction of any person injuring the Rail-road, or obstructing in any manner whatsoever the passage of the cars. By order

dec 11—1m 3ow L. F. GENERES.

Office Levee Steam Cotton Press.—Notice is hereby given that application has been made for renewal of certificate no 324 for five shares in the capital stock of this institution, in name of Edmond Somat; said certificate supposed to be lost. D. J. GUEX,

dec 11—3t Sec'y.

Sherry.—15 qr casks pale sherry wine for sale by

dec 11 PERKS & HALL, 2 front Levee.

Port Wine.—50 qr casks of port wine for sale by

dec 11 PERKS & HALL, 2 front Levee.

Tar.—400 kegs tar in good order in store & for sale by dec 11-10 W. E. & R. MURPHY, 132 Basin.

WOOD YARD.—Oak, ash and pine wood, charcoal, Liverpool and Pittsburgh coal, sand, pitch, tar, shells and Pensacola fire brick, for sale by

dec 11—1ms W. E. & R. MURPHY, 132 Basin.

BOOTS.—Thirty cases fine and low priced, received and for sale cheap, by

dec 11 FROST & Co 8, Custom House st.

Dry Goods.—Received per late arrivals from New York an addition to their stock of fall and winter goods which are offered for sale to country and city dealers at reduced prices and most advantageous terms; the assortment consists of superfine black, blue, olive, invisible green, and oxford mixt broadcloth; do black, blue, drab, plain and striped cassimeres and buckskins; ladies habit and merino cloths, save list blue and scarlet cloths; strroudings; super white and red Welch gauze and Salisbury flannels; green and red, plain and printed baizes, assorted colored printed floor cloths; Brussels, Venetian and ingrain carpetings and hearth rugs; Welch wlaje and grey plains linseys and kerseys; Mackinaw, Whitney, rose and point blankets assorted sizes, drab calmucks; blue flushings camblets, lastings and Tartan plaids; lambswool and worsted shirts and drawers and Guernsey frocks; lambswool and worsted, cotton and silk hosiery and gloves; French and English merinoes, circassian bombazines and bombazetts; worsted, damask and turkey red curtain drapery; merino, Thibet, Kashmere crape and gauze shawls and hdkfs; Italian lutestrings, gros de Naples, poult de soie and other habit; silks, foulard, spitalfield, bandana and flag silk hdkfs; whole and half pieces Irish linen, english and french 10-4 sheeting s; damask table cloths and napkins; table and bureau covers; French and english super chintz prints and ginghams; worsted, damask, printed and embossed table and piano covers; cotton and silk umbrellas; fancy parasols; bobinet and thread laces; black and white bobinet veils, gauntlets, gauze, belt and plain ribbons; swiss, mull, jaconet, book and cambric muslins; swiss muslin; worsted and lombord handkfs, shawls, collars and capes;—domestic goods—blue and steel mixt, plain and striped satinets; Kentucky jeans, kerseys, linseys, white and red flannels, canton flannels, low cotton, Virginia and Cincinnati manufactured cotton for negro clothing, twilled cotton (white and colored), cottonades, grandril denmis, plaid checks, bed ticking, bleached and unbleached shirtings and sheetings &c &c.

A. DANIELS & GOODMAN,

dec 11—2w 31 Chartres and 43 Customhouse st.

For Sale by the subscriber, two boxes children's toys, and twelve boxes fashionable articles from Paris; also a complete assortment of goods suitable to the Mexican market. OSMIN BIGOURDAN,

dec 11 23 Toulouse st.

Russia Sheeting.—25 bales brown and bleached Russia sheetings in store and landing from ship Kentucky, and for sale by

ANDREWS & BROTHERS,

dec 11 19 Chartres st.

Coal Yard, No 132 Basin.—W. E. & R. Murphy have now on hand a fine stock of Liverpool and Pittsburgh coal, which they offer for sale in quantities to suit purchasers. dec 11—15

Artificial Flowers.—2 cases artificial flowers just received and for sale cheap if applied for in a few days, at no 55 Chartres street. dec 11—3

STRAY HORSES.—Brought to the stable of Mr. V. Millet, corner of St. Louis and Bourbon streets, by order of the captain of the city guard, on the 3d November, one bay horse with a white forehead, 4 feet 5 inches high.

On the 1st December, one grey horse, 4 feet 8 inches high.

" 1st one bay do, white feet, 4 feet 4 inches.

" 1st one gray do, 4 ft. 5 inch.

" 1st one small brown horse, with one hind foot white.

Nov. 18, one bay horse, with a star on the forehead.

If said horses were not claimed by their owners on or before the 25th inst, they will be sold on that day at public auction, by P. A. Guillotte, auctioneer, to pay expenses. M'TIN. BONSEIGNEUR dec 11

Exchange on London and Paris for sale by

dec 10 KOHN, DARON & Co.

Havana Sugar.—200 boxes Havana sugar, for sale by C. WORSLEY,

dec 10 10 Gravier st.

Segars.—10,000 'Legalis' segars of most superior quality for sale by C. WORSLEY,

dec 10 10 Gravier st.

Claret Wine.—600 boxes approved quality Claret wine, for sale by WHITE & Co,

dec 10 20 Customhouse st.

THE subscribers have on hand and offer for sale—2000 bags first quality Rio coffee; 500 boxes superior candles of New Bedford brands; 300 boxes do Nantucket do; 100 boxes mould candles James Blake & Co; 20 baskets champagne of superior quality; 5 hf pipes Bordeaux brandy; 8 pipes Holland gin.

WM. G. HEWES & Co,

dec 10 47 Camp st.

6 PIPES and 20 half pipes old and superior quality French brandy direct importation and entitled to debenture, for sale by WHITE & Co,

dec 10 20 Customhouse st.

Eagle Cotton Gins.—The subscribers, sole agents for this manufacture, have constantly on hand a full supply of these much approved gins.

WM. G. HEWES & Co,

dec 10 47 Camp st.

Ales.—Received per ship Kentucky and other arrivals, 60 cases silk black and drab hats, fine & low priced, for sale by FROST & Co,

dec 10 Customhouse st.

100 CASKS sperm oil for sale by

dec 10 WHITE & Co,
21 Customhouse st.

Pork and Lard.—344 barrels New York pork, prime; 300 kegs do lard, landing from steamer Mediterranean and for sale by

FORSYTH, GOODWYN & FORDS.

dec 10

For Sale.—The horse called RED ROVER, a first rate gig or buggy horse, possessing all the good qualities possible in the horse kind; for beauty, power, speed, activity, and docility is excelled by none other; is perfectly sound and healthy.

Also a first rate lady's or business poney, paces very fast and remarkably easy. Apply to

J. KENTON,

dec 10—3 corner of Canal and Basin st.

Landing from the brig Viscayna, from Malaga, and for sale by the subscribers, the following articles, entitled to debenture.

2500 boxes bunch muscatel raisins,
100 half do do do
200 boxes blown do do
200 do do superior do do
50 jars prunes
25 bbls shelled almonds.
150 qr. casks dry wine.
250 Indian bbls do
150 qr. casks sherry wine.
100 kegs do do
500 jars olive oil.

A. M. MIRANDA & Co.
86 St Louis street.

dec 10—3t

CARD.

H. & W. HOPKINS, respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they are now located at No 30, Old Levee, between Customhouse and Bienville streets, a few doors below their old stand, on the opposite side of the street, and are now opening a large and general assortment of Hardware and Ship chandlery, which they offer for sale wholesale and retail at the lowest market prices. dec 9 6t

LOTTERY.

$30,000! 100 of $1,000!!

DISMAL Swamp.—Class 24 for 1835—Drawn at Alexandria Nov 28th—drawing expected on Saturday the 12th inst

Capitals—$30,000—$8,000—$1,000—$3,000—$2,500—$1,0171—100 of $1,000.

Orders for tickets will be promptly attended to if addressed to YATES & M'INTYRE,

dec 9-4t New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS GAS LIGHT & BANKING CO.

1st December, 1835.

NOTICE is hereby given, that conformably to the 7th section of the charter, a meeting of the stockholders will be held at the Banking House, on Monday the fourth of January next, between the hours of 11 A M, and 2 P M, to elect eleven directors, to serve the ensuing year. R. BRENAN,

dec 9 Acting Cashier.

STRAYED, from the subscriber on the night of the 29 ult, TWO HORSES; the one red burnt color, ordinary height, well made, without any spot or brand, having only a little scar resulting from the saddle—the other a large grey horse, having the borders of his eyes white. A fair reward will be given to any one who shall bring back said horses to the undersigned, Old Levee street, No 56 L. CHEFFER?

dec 9 3t

Boots, Shoes & Brogans.—50 cases russet brogans; 50 do men's kip do; 25 do do calf do; 50 do do do shoes and pumps; 100 do do do seal and kip boots; 25 do boys' calf and kip brogans; 100 do ladies' leather, morocco, and prunella shoes; 50 do misses do do do; 50 children's do do do; for sale by

R. G. HOBBS,

dec 8 12 Customhouse st.

NOTICE.—Entered my premises this morning, a young and apparently pet deer. The owner of the same can have it by applying to the subscriber, corner of Girod and St. Charles streets. The advertisement is to be paid for.

dec 8-3t. ROBERT D. SMITH.

TO THE SIGN OF HARMONY.—EMILE PETIT and LOUIS CANONGE have the honor to inform the public, that they have on this day opened their establishment at no. 185, St. Peter street. They keep a boarding house in the French style: they will undertake to furnish large dining parties, and *repas de corps*, and will have constantly ice creams, for the accommodation of evening parties and balls. dec 8—6t

MILCH COWS—Two Norman Milch Cows, for sale on board ship Bolivar, from Havre, apply on board, opposite No. 79. Nov 24

AMERICAN THEATRE.

CAMP STREET.

This evening, December 11th, 1835, will be performed Shakespeare's Tragedy of

ROMEO AND JULIET.

Romeo Mr Hill
Mercutio Fielding
Peter Thorne
Juliet By a Lady.

Her first appearance.

MR BENNIE as the Living Statues.

To conclude with the Drama of

The Wandering Boys.

Paul Miss Nelson.
Justin Wandering boys, C Crampton.
Count de Crossey Mr Scott.
Lubin Thorne.

On Saturday the comedy of the Englishman in India

MISS RUSSELL

Will make her first appearance as Rosina in the Barber of Seville, on Monday.

SAINT CHARLES THEATRE.

This Evening,

ALL IN THE WRONG.

Sir John Restless, Mr Ternan.
Beverly, Barton.
Lady Restless, Mrs Ternan.
Belinda, Maeder

Previous to the comedy, the overture

Le Neige, by Auber, and after it

NORTON

On the Chromatic Trumpet. To conclude with the popular and laughable farce of

MONSIEUR TONSON,

Mons. Marbleu, Mr Decamp.

On Saturday, Shakspeare's Comedy of

AS YOU LIKE IT.

With other entertainments for the

Benefit

Of Mr and Mrs Ternan, and positively their last appearance.

OPENING OF THE ORLEANS BALL ROOM.

SATURDAY next, 12th instant,

Great dress & masquerade ball.

ENTRANCE PRICE, $1 00

UNDER no circumstances gentlemen will be admitted with arms. An office is kept to deposite them. Some commissaries have the whole control over the assembly to preserve order and decency.

The entrance is by the large door; every masked person shall make himself known previous to his entering the ball room.

The admission ration having chosen a complete band of musicians lately arrived from Europe, respectfully informs the public that all the dances in waltzes will be on new tunes and altogether in the French style. Mr Felix, lately arrived in this city, will direct the dances.

The floor of the ball room being entirely renewed will be very pleasant to the amateurs of dance and waltz.

The masquerade balls will take place every Tuesdays and Saturdays of the week. dec 7—7

Sales at auction.

NOTICE.—In consequence of the unfavorable state of the weather, the package sale of dry goods, boots, shoes, hats &c, by T C Cash & Co, for the 10th, has been postponed until Monday morning the