THE DAILY BEE
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The New Orleans Bee.

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NEW ORLEANS, SATURDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 1, 1855.

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{Vol. XVIII.—Whole No. 1784.

THE DAILY BEE.

Saturday Morning, September 1, 1855.

THE NORTHERN MAIL failed yesterday from [illegible] Charleston

TACTICS OF THE ENEMY.

[illegible] opponents of the American party [illegible] rather limited in their schemes for [illegible] nature of political capital. Either [illegible] tion is so sterile, or their cause [illegible] that they have been unable to con[illegible] more than two plans for the accom[illegible] of their designs. The first is [illegible] misrepresentation and denuncia[illegible] the second, unlimited bragging.

With regard to the first, it must be con[illegible] that the anti-Americans go it very [illegible] Nothing can surpass them [illegible] They are fiery, eloquent, full [illegible] action, replete with affected hor[illegible] at their anathemas, brimful of [illegible] and particularly remarkable [illegible] influence of vituperative epithets. [illegible] gans and orators tell us we were [illegible] falsehood and nourished in [illegible] This reproach us with being [illegible] assassins, and a dark-lantern [illegible] style us the outlaws of society; [illegible] are they would rather be found [illegible] MURRELL's gang of Missis[illegible] rers, than be seen within the [illegible] a Know-Nothing lodge; they [illegible] here in Louisiana, with pro[illegible] Catholics, and in fact they exhaust [illegible] vocabulary of Billingsgate, and [illegible] their memories to discover new [illegible] terms of opprobrium and oblo[illegible] We cannot say that this portion of [illegible] is particularly new, or effec[illegible] on a state *réjouissante* of party [illegible] Being understood, it ought to [illegible] for the most part is despised and [illegible] This mode of conducting a [illegible] is nevertheless discreditable, and [illegible] a great party. Besides, it is [illegible] to ill-feeling, and may [illegible] recrimination and personal diffi[illegible] The anti-Americans should reform [illegible] gether. We assure them they will [illegible] proselytes by argument than [illegible] Moreover establish a better [illegible] and honorable dealing. [illegible] reason is that hard words do [illegible] injury on the Ameri[illegible] rather benefit the cause. [illegible] in the Order know that these [illegible] assaults are unmerited: while [illegible] and decent men outside cannot [illegible] by such displays, and must [illegible] a party which can do nothing [illegible] opponents, has really small [illegible] in opposition to them.

The bragging system which the anti-[illegible] have taken up, and studied di[illegible] is not a bad idea. There are no [illegible] voters in Louisiana who are, [illegible] speaking, on the fence, and are [illegible] to vote which is the strongest side. [illegible] are convinced that the Know-[illegible] are about to be annihilated, they [illegible] over to the Democracy, and vice [illegible] There are likewise some weak [illegible] amongst us, who are accessible to [illegible] from whose old party attachments [illegible] strongly within them, and who are [illegible] induced to withdraw from the [illegible] Now, publishing these names [illegible] over again, by parading them [illegible] newspapers, and then by [illegible] and baseless stories of nu[illegible] drawals in such a parish, wig[illegible] up in another, the Order [illegible] ences in a third, &c.,—no names [illegible] on impression is created [illegible] unofficial and unreflecting people [illegible] American party all over the State [illegible] a declining condition. The plan is [illegible] and skillfully executed, [illegible] easy to be detected by any one [illegible] putting two ideas together. [illegible] read in a correspondence [illegible] published in an anti-[illegible] a statement that numer[illegible] had taken place in that [illegible] the Know-Nothings were des[illegible] and the writer terminates by [illegible] the prospect of victory is [illegible] Now, as it happens [illegible] actually gives a cool two [illegible] Democratic majority, it is not diffi[illegible] to understand that a bragging letter[illegible] that parish, who does not ven[illegible] in an easy and brilliant triumph [illegible] but is compelled to rely upon [illegible] assurance of brightening [illegible] by gassing. And so it is [illegible] Another terrible boaster [illegible] sixty-two withdrawals in one [illegible] Carroll, but does not give a [illegible] Carrollton a Democratic par[illegible] there have been sixty-two with[illegible] this parish must give a large ma[illegible] Democratic State ticket, yet [illegible] through that solar microscope [illegible] not find the man willing to endorse [illegible] for 50 majority for the anti-Ameri[illegible] We don't wager, but we put upon [illegible] prediction that Carroll will give [illegible] vote for the American ticket than [illegible] ever cast for Democracy.

[illegible] Northern parishes—formerly the [illegible] of the Democratic party—the [illegible] cause flourishes beyond the [illegible] sanguine hopes. Hence it is there [illegible] Democratic orators have been con[illegible] efforts; it is there that the [illegible] attempts are making to win [illegible] perverted yeomanry to their old [illegible] and it is from that section of [illegible] that the biggest brags invariably [illegible] The parishes being distant from [illegible] a story-starting thence is not [illegible] Besides, falsehood travels [illegible] leagues, while truth is putting [illegible] on. Our friends may rely upon it [illegible] ness, that the cause is onward [illegible] elsewhere, and that we gain ten [illegible] to one.

ANNUAL COMMERCIAL STATEMENT.—[illegible] month of this document compels us somewhat to enlarge the usual amount of reading [illegible]

MR. BOYER'S ACADEMY.—This well known and excellent institution will be re-opened on Monday, the 3d September. Mr Boyer knows where to get the best instructors of youth we have in the city, and he adds to his intelligence an experience of a coffee as a tea for [illegible] than a quarter of a century.

☞ An English paper states that Captain [illegible] Forrest, R. N., died recently at Chesterton, England, from excessive use of ardent spirits, as the coroner's jury declared the deceased a snowdrop daily, having been a quarts of porter and a quart of gin, brandy and rum, besides sherry and table beer. Capt. Forster's valet deposed that he left at his bedside every night a bottle of gin, a bottle of rum, a bottle of brandy, a bottle of sherry, and a bottle of porter.'

☞ The postmaster at Whiting, Me., was peeping the mail driver of pilfering from the St Maul, had him closely watched, and he was caught in the act of abstracting letters from the bags. Several letters were found upon him and way bills dated over two months back, so that the amount he may have stolen cannot be ascertained at present. The young man was taken before a magistrate in East Machias, Me., who decided that the prisoner should not be arrested until orders came from the Department.

☞ Buenos Ayres papers of June 9th have been received. No further progress had been made towards a political reconciliation with the confederated provinces. A high import dungeon the part of Bolivia had suspended trade with that republic. Business in manufactured goods was very dull, and likely to continue so, and foreign manufacturers are advised to hold off shipments for a time. Flour ruled high, with small consignments from the United States.—An enterprising American was busily engaged in exporting the Banwego river.

☞ About two years since, Mr. Stevenson, the English engineer, at a public dinner given him in Toronto, Canada, gave it as his opinion that the suspension bridge, then building over the Niagara river, should be a failure, and that no train of cars would ever pass over it. He was also the planner of the Victoria Bridge, to cross the St. Lawrence at Montreal, and on which $1,100,000 have been fruitlessly expended, although three American engineers furnish a Mr. Stevenson the plank. The wire bridge on the falls is now daily crossed by long trains of cars—and the Victoria Bridge is supposed [illegible] impracticable.

ARRIVAL OF THE CRESCENT CITY.

LATER FROM HAVANA.

The steamship *Crescent City* reached her wharf yesterday afternoon, having left New York on the 17th, and arrived at Havana on the 23d August. The *Crescent City* remained at Havana till the 28th, awaiting the arrival of the Aspinwall steamer, but as that vessel did not make her appearance, the *Crescent City* was forced to leave on the 28th, without the Californian mails.

The Spanish war steamer *Iturbide* arrived at Havana on the 24th, having on board Gen. Lemery de Santa Anna, his family, and several staffs. They all left for Carracoas, via St. Thomas, in the *Guerrero* on the 26th. The *Iturbide* was to return to Vera Cruz in a few days. Santa Anna was saluted with 21 guns, both on his arrival and departure.

The brig *Mary Elizabeth* arrived at Havana on the morning of the 27th.

The *Crescent City* experienced heavy weather all the way from Havana.

By this arrival we have files of Havana papers to the latest dates. They are, as usual, destitute of interest. The arrival of Santa Anna seems to have created some little feeling among the Habanaseros, but the papers barely announce the fact. On the 22d instant, Colonel Robles, formerly Minister of War in Mexico under Arista, but who was banished by Santa Anna, left Havana for Vera Cruz, with the intention of taking an active part in Mexican affairs.

How Charles Gayarre addresses a letter to the editor of the *True Delta*, explanatory of his position as a candidate for the Congressional nomination in the First District, by the American party. We copy the following passages as an act of justice to Mr. Gayarre. The letter referred to in Mr. G's communication proves beyond a doubt that Mr. Gayarre was only willing to accept the nomination in the event of its being acceptable to all, and that bearing that unanimity did not exist among the delegates, he desired that his name should be withdrawn. Mr. G. is, however, mistaken in the belief that the Convention had more than once postponed the nomination. The Convention agreed to meet on the day, and at the hour specified, viz: the 21st August, and did meet and effected a choice. With these remark, we subjoin so much of Mr. G.'s letter, as is necessary to an understanding of the subject:

Before I left New Orleans for Philadelphia, in May last, in the discharge of duties which had been imposed on me, I was asked whether I would accept the nomination for Congress from the First District, if tendered to me by the American party. I replied in the affirmative. On my return from Philadelphia, the same question was put to me, and the same answer was given, with the proviso, that the party should be unanimous in tendering me the nomination. I then received the assurance that such would be the case, and that the party was *united*—so much so that some gentlemen who had thoughts of becoming candidates had been advised to withdraw. This I did, relying on the confirmation of this information, two of them had the courtesy to come to me and to make me acquainted with the reasons which had influenced them. I left New Orleans on the 23d of July, and have been absent ever since. The nomination, it seems, was made on the 21st of August.

A short time before I departed, I heard that a new name would be put before the Convention. I immediately thought of withdrawing mine; but this was strongly remonstrated against by the gentleman who had originally put it *on set purpose*. Whilst at Bladon Springs, hearing that there had been a change in the sentiments of some delegates, and that in consequence a new candidate the Convention had more than once postponed the nomination; that on the 15th inst., when the Convention was expected, the Convention had adjourned to a time about which I could, on inquiry, get no information here, I wrote to one of the delegates the annexed letter, which I desire you to publish together with the present communication. My letter to that delegate must have arrived too late to be laid before the Convention, and whether there is not a member who will not willingly declare, I am sure, that I never approached him in relation to the candidacy for Congress. The fact is, that, with the exception of three or four, I do not know who were the members of that Convention. I must further say: that there is one, in the whole of the First District, a solitary individual whom I have, in the slightest degree, authorized to be active in my behalf near any one of the members of that body.

I wish it to be understood that this is the way in which I was *opposing candidate*, not because I have any objection to the words themselves, but because I should feel greatly mortified if it was inferred from them that I have been unfaithful to my antecedents, or that I have violated the solemn oath which I took when I became a member of the American party, and which, in my opinion, binds me strictly to observe every article of the Louisiana Platform, as long as I remain a member of that party.

Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
CHARLES GAYARRE.

The Late Election.

The seemingly very jubilant time of the Southern wing of the Pierce and Van Buren Democracy, has not, says the Augusta *Chronicle*, surprised, though it has amused us; because it was very apparent they were *"only blowing for the boys."* The better informed, well know that it was necessary to make a great blow about their "great victories" in the several States, and the rank and file, would probably take it for granted; whereas if they told the truth, and gave the actual result as compared with previous elections, the fact would be very apparent, that the Pierce and Van Buren Democracy is not invincible at the South.—What is that result? Let us see.

In North Carolina, there was only an election for Congress, hence a small vote. The Democrats elected five including Clingman, and the American party three open and avowed advocates of their principles. In the last Congress the Democrats had four without Clingman.

In Alabama, the Democrats elected six members to the last Congress, (one of whom, Smith, became an American and is re elected in opposition to the regular Democratic candidate,) and now they have only five members. A loss of *one*! The Democrats elected their Governor and a majority of the Legislature.

In Tennessee, the Democracy re-elected their Governor by a reduced majority, while the American carried both branches of the Legislature, and six of the ten members of Congress. In the last Congress the Democrats had five members—another loss of one.

In Kentucky, the American party elected the Governor, majorities in both branches of the Legislature, and six of the ten members of Congress. In the last Congressional delegation, the Democrats had five—another loss of one.

This is the result in these three States. The Democrats have elected their Governors in Alabama and Tennessee, both of which they had before, and lost *three* members of Congress, in direct opposition to open field with the American party and its principles. If this result is a source of gratulation to them, they are certainly *"thankful for small favors."*

When we reflect that the American party was organized within the last year, in all these States, this is a most astonishing result, and so far from depressing them, should encourage them to the highest efforts.

☞ The ship *Bestovsian*, Captain Maling, on her late passage from Liverpool to Hong Kong, is lat. 93 S., lon. 18 W., experienced two shocks of an earthquake, or submarine volcano. On the afternoon of March 11, 1855, at half past 4 o'clock, it being quite calm and the sea smooth, a loud rumbling noise was heard, and the ship began to shake violently. This phenomenon lasted about three minutes—the noise resembling a long train of cars passing over a bridge. At one o'clock on the following morning another shock was felt, but not so loud or so long as the first. The sea was but slightly agitated at the time. The nearest land was the coast of Africa, distant about five hundred and fifty miles.

☞ The Emperor of Austria has conferred upon Professor Moriz the large golden medal for arts and sciences, in consideration of the valuable services rendered by him to science by his system of telegraphs, which has been extensively applied in the Austrian dominions.—It is gratifying to see the merits of our prominent men of science acknowledged by such satisfactory tokens of distinction abroad.

☞ Various contradictory stories are circulated as to the extent or deficiency of the Russian supplies and reinforcements at Sebastopol, but no doubt is entertained that in all essential respects the garrison is still strong and well provided, while they have great experience of the ingenuity of officers and men, in devising new and secret methods of destruction, renders it almost certain that every fresh assault upon the place will be upon a mass of ruins. Much of the skill of the present defence, says the London correspondent of the New York Commercial, will probably be born upon the degree in which General Todleben has been able to direct it. A few weeks back it was stated he had received a rifle ball in his head, but it does not appear to have done more than stun him for a time. The narratives circulated from time to time of the way in which the young officer, who at the commencement of the siege was only a midshipman, has thrown into the spirit of all the resistance that has been offered, appear to be quite correct, and the infantry has hence gained the most remarkable of modern leaders. He is the son of a Lithuanian Jew, and in his earliest youth was engaged with his father in the commerce and the Polish smuggling trade. He was subsequently sent to sea, and passed many calculated those very duties which lately led to such distinction. Having risen to the rank of midshipman, and married the sister of the Countess Todleben, he was appointed to the command of a German regiment in St. Petersburg, where finally contracted the romantic pas of carrying off the daughter of the Countess Todleben herself, that he is a gymnast, and one of the most important personages in the Emperor's theatre in that capital. Todleben is the name of a village in the Province of Riga, which has given to the family its surname.

A Capital Joke.—We were told, a few days since, the following piece of "shinning" as it was called, still which is too good to be lost, although at the same time the stratin a certain gentleman are yet to in making a raise:

A well known "case" who is hard up for money, spotted a brother chip in the street to told him he would walk across the street, go into the front door of the Exchange, and in walking in he may lame his right leg, but come out in a few minutes and be very lame in his left leg, he would make it "all right" with him some time. Without asking why or wherefore, the fellow did as requested, and the "shinner," going up to a gentleman, remarked to him how hard that man was in his left leg, who was just going into the hotel. The gentleman said he was not lame in his left leg, which the other insisted on. But to settle the matter, the "shinner" immediately proceed to bet of $10 that the man was lame in his left leg, which the gentleman accordingly took up. The money was posted, and in a few moments out came the fellow, so desperately lame in his left leg that he could scarcely get down the steps of the hotel, and of course the gentleman lost his bet, though he could scarcely believe his own eyes, for although the man came out lame in his left, he was perfectly certain he went in lame in his right leg, but at the same time he never imagined he was blind as well as the parties. We have heard of many ways of "raising the wind," but this goes a little ahead of all.—*Albany Knickerbocker.*

The Texas Election.—The Mobile *Tribune* gives the following extract from a letter received in that city, dated "Austin, Aug. 19:"

Messrs. Editors:—The elections here are beyond a doubt in favor of the Democratic nominee (Pease) for Governor. Lieut. Governor (American.)

The Americans will elect a majority of Representatives. On the day of election the Germans of San Antonio and New Braunfels (a Dutch town) hoisted the German flag and marched in procession, with a priest at their head, to the polls.

Conspicuous Visitors at Newport.—Society at Newport, Rhode Island, does not seem to enchant the editor of the New York Mirror. Hear what he says of it:

"Among the most *conspicuous* visitors are a delegation of New York gamblers, with several retired Californians—one of whom, with his wives bedizened with diamonds at all hours of the day. We met one of these gentlemen of fortune, who was making wealth and jewelry vulgar, at the dinner table, with diamond vest buttons, (his wife was blazoned with a diamond brooch as big as a horse shoe) who took his knife out of his pocket and deliberately picked his teeth with it; and yet he passed in the crowd, notwithstanding he wears his finger nails in mourning, for his income, they say, is seventy-five thousand dollars a year. And if that won't make a gentleman, in vulgar estimation, pray, what will?

☞ Twelve Tartarian sheep arrived at Newtown, New Jersey, on Wednesday, by the Success railroad. Ten of them belong to Mr. Job Sharp, of Princeton, who is the only party in the United States, and the other two are yet to be heard from. Halsen, of Hamburg. They have very fine wool, and tails six or eight inches broad. They are thought to be well adapted to that mountainous locality. Mr. Sharp also received by the same arrival six Polish geese. They are shipped much like swans, having long necks and large bodies.

☞ The following is a list of the firms in Boston who allege that they have been defrauded of the amounts appended to their names, by two men who have been arrested in Lawrence:

Chandler & Co., $1,500; Sweetser, Gookin & Co., 1,500; McGilvary, Wymas & Co., $300; Jordan, Marsh & Co., $9,000; W. A. Brown & Co., $1,300; Prince, Hurd & Co., $1,000; Boyd, Felier & Co., $240; Edwards, Nichols & Richards, $400; Morse & Coleman, $1,200; White, Brown, Davis & Co., $9,000; Locke, Hall & Co., $675; A. A. Andrews, $600; Kinmouth & Co., $600. There are several other sufferers.

Extraordinary Longevity.—In a Paris letter, we find the following curious statement:

"Towards the middle of the last century, an individual of the age of twenty-two years, was condemned to the bulks for life. It was then the custom, or at any rate in this case was the humor of the court, to pronounce the sentence for the term of ninety nine years. The criminal has undergone his sentence to the very letter, and a few days ago was set at liberty; though bent double, and almost bowed down to the knees, he is in the enjoyment of good health. He attains, next month, his One Hundred and Twenty First birthday."

Colonial Statue of Jefferson.—We learn from the Richmond Daily Enquirer, that on the morning of Tuesday of last week the colossal bronze statue of Jefferson was elevated to its temporary pedestal on the capitol steps, and when the covering was removed all present were delighted with its majestic beauty. The statue of Henry was encased a couple of days before, and has been no less admired.

Jefferson is represented as meditating on the preparation of the Declaration of Independence. He is wrapped in a cloak, with his head bending slightly forward, as if in deep thought. In his left hand he holds a scroll inscribed "1776," and in his right his pen.

The statue of Henry stands erect in the attitude of an orator. His left arm is extended as if to give additional weight to words of thrilling eloquence, while in his right hand the artist has placed a sword and a scroll inscribed "Liberty."

Accompanying the statues are two massive and beautiful bronze shields representing the two sides of the Great Seal of Virginia.

☞ Another man who was wounded in the late fire riot at Baltimore, has died, making three in all, and a fourth lies in such a precarious condition, that he is not expected to survive. The man who died last was named John Emlins, and at the time he was shot, he was standing near the United Execution, throwing brickbats at the Mount Vernon Company. A man named Graham W. Johnson, shot him, and has been arrested and committed to answer the charge. Several other rioters have been bound over for trial.

A Monster Railway.—A railway along the whole course of the Mississippi river from New Orleans to the Falls of St. Anthony is spoken of as being in process of construction. The Philadelphia American says:

From New Orleans to Memphis the road lies east of the river, and is in the hands of three distinct companies, having been in progress three years, and being now nearly finished.—The distance is 390 miles. At Memphis it crosses to the Arkansas side of the river, and travels so that State several miles, a company being organized for the construction of that link. From the Arkansas boundary to the city of St. Louis it is called the St. Louis and Iron Mountain Railroad, and is in charge of a company which has purchased 9000 tons of rails, and is making preparations to run an engine on it this year.—From St. Louis to St. Charles, Mo, it is called the North Missouri Railroad, twenty miles of which are finished. From thence to Keokuk, Iowa, it is called the Mississippi Valley Railroad North, and a company has been organized to build the line one hundred and forty miles. From thence to Ste. Anthony, Minnesota, companies are already chartered to build the road. When finished, as all these various divisions will be at no distant day, the road will be the longest in the world. Our country is fast multiplying such immense chains of iron roads, among which we may mention those from New York to Rock Island, from Philadelphia to St. Louis, from Charleston to Memphis, from Boston to Buffalo, from Mobile to Chicago, and from Buffalo by way of New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Petersburg, Richmond, etc., to Wilmington, N. C.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

More of the John Burke Swindle.—Louis T. Ledoe, who is a gunsmith in Chartres street, between Main and Madison streets, yesterday made complaint to Recorder Ramos, that on the 3d day of August, John Burke, alias John Greenwood, alias John Wright, came to his shop and purchased a pistol valued at $15, and gave him in payment a worthless check for twenty-five dollars on the Canal Bank of this city. The same day, Burke swindled a merchant near the Red Stores, on the Levee, out of twenty-five dollars by means of one of the false checks. The real name of this scoundrel is John Greenwood, and he last year returned to the city after a two year term in the Louisiana Penitentiary. The checks which Burke passed off were filled out in a round mercantile hand, all by one person, but the signatures attached, were entirely fictitious and the ship language he is supposed to have had some accomplice in the business better educated than himself, who did the filling out of the checks for him.

Beating a Goat Catcher.—Pierre Loyeal, one of the Street Commissioner's salaried employees, yesterday complained to Recorder Ramos, that on Wednesday, as he was taking some goats to the pound, when near the corner of Claiborne and Bacia streets, he was assaulted and beaten by a party of persons and his goats taken away from him. A warrant was issued for the arrest of the offenders.

Charity Hospital.—The following is a report of this institution for the week ending last evening at 5 o'clock:

Admitted	315
Discharged	291
Died	195
Died from Yellow Fever	109

Round Over.—Michael W. Murphy, charged with assaulting Patrick Roach with a dangerous weapon, to wit: a pistol, was yesterday held in bonds of $300 by Recorder Bright to keep the peace for six months. Sergeant Lanagan, 1st ward Station House, was security.

Fined.—Mary Sheridan was fined yesterday by the Recorder of the First District $10 for getting drunk and disturbing the quiet of the neighborhood in Chonpitoulas street. She was unable to pay the fine, and was therefore sent to the Parish Prison for fifteen days.

Gonzales Weakens.—A. namesake of the arrest shaper of Erin, Thomas Moore, was on Tuesday evening arrested in Poydras street, on a charge of an assault and battery. Ireland, the sectional line of crossing a disturbance at his house. On searching his pockets at the station-house the police found in them a pistol and a bowie knife. The prisoner was locked up in prison by the Recorder to await examination for carrying concealed weapons.

Committed.—B. Penne and Augusta Oliver, charged with selling liquor to slaves at their coffee-house corner of Bienville and Bourbon streets yesterday afternoon, were committed by Recorder Bright and sent before the First District Court. Bonds 500 each.

Homicide.—Mary Gibbins was yesterday arrested by Deputy Sheriff Bradley, charged with the killing of Bridget Ryan, at the corner of Lafayette and Girod streets, in the quarter of the city known as Irishtown, on the 4th of July last. The testimony of the inmates of the house at my time to be examined before the Coroner's jury, will be found in the Fourth Police, on arrest examination.

Another Swindle on Its Property.—Yesterday, the two certificates for conveying [illegible] persons, called the Black and Red Marines, [illegible] arrested on these, were ordered by a Constable from one of the Justice's Courts, to satisfy a judgment against the city in favor of certain individuals who had been employed in the public schools. The two Marine wore taken off and locked up.

Larceny.—Geoffie Apple was arrested in the Third District on Thursday night, by Corporal Brooks, charged with stealing a variety of articles from Mr. F. C. Lasbery. Some of the property consisting of a bundle of clothes, a trunk, &c., Mr. Ohlen states, were found in a house on Gentilman street, between Desire and Elysius, and in another house on Leelia street, between Hermon and Gentilman.

Policeman of a Bridge.—A Third District policeman, named J. H. Lossing, having on Thursday night indulged in rather frequent libations to the jolly God, Bacchus, and his way about 11 o'clock up into the First District, to the house of a Dutchman named August Bobber, at the corner of St. Joseph and Magazine streets. Bobber was in bed, but Policeman Hosman rapped on his window and woke him, and when he put his head out to know what he wanted, caught him by the nose with thumb and forefinger, and endeavored to drag him out bymain strength. The affrighted German hung back for a long time, but was about to let go and give himself up, when the policeman, in a moment of thrilling eloquence, while in his right hand the artist has placed a sword and a scroll inscribed "Liberty."

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A Monster Railway.—A railway along the whole course of the Mississippi river from New Orleans to the Falls of St. Anthony is spoken of as being in process of construction. The Philadelphia American says:

From New Orleans to Memphis the road lies east of the river, and is in the hands of three distinct companies, having been in progress three years, and being now nearly finished.—The distance is 390 miles. At Memphis it crosses to the Arkansas side of the river, and travels so that State several miles, a company being organized for the construction of that link. From the Arkansas boundary to the city of St. Louis it is called the St. Louis and Iron Mountain Railroad, and is in charge of a company which has purchased 9000 tons of rails, and is making preparations to run an engine on it this year.—From St. Louis to St. Charles, Mo, it is called the North Missouri Railroad, twenty miles of which are finished. From thence to Keokuk, Iowa, it is called the Mississippi Valley Railroad North, and a company has been organized to build the line one hundred and forty miles. From thence to Ste. Anthony, Minnesota, companies are already chartered to build the road. When finished, as all these various divisions will be at no distant day, the road will be the longest in the world. Our country is fast multiplying such immense chains of iron roads, among which we may mention those from New York to Rock Island, from Philadelphia to St. Louis, from Charleston to Memphis, from Boston to Buffalo, from Mobile to Chicago, and from Buffalo by way of New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Petersburg, Richmond, etc., to Wilmington, N. C.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

More of the John Burke Swindle.—Louis T. Ledoe, who is a gunsmith in Chartres street, between Main and Madison streets, yesterday made complaint to Recorder Ramos, that on the 3d day of August, John Burke, alias John Greenwood, alias John Wright, came to his shop and purchased a pistol valued at $15, and gave him in payment a worthless check for twenty-five dollars on the Canal Bank of this city. The same day, Burke swindled a merchant near the Red Stores, on the Levee, out of twenty-five dollars by means of one of the false checks. The real name of this scoundrel is John Greenwood, and he last year returned to the city after a two year term in the Louisiana Penitentiary. The checks which Burke passed off were filled out in a round mercantile hand, all by one person, but the signatures attached, were entirely fictitious and the ship language he is supposed to have had some accomplice in the business better educated than himself, who did the filling out of the checks for him.

Beating a Goat Catcher.—Pierre Loyeal, one of the Street Commissioner's salaried employees, yesterday complained to Recorder Ramos, that on Wednesday, as he was taking some goats to the pound, when near the corner of Claiborne and Bacia streets, he was assaulted and beaten by a party of persons and his goats taken away from him. A warrant was issued for the arrest of the offenders.

Charity Hospital.—The following is a report of this institution for the week ending last evening at 5 o'clock:

Admitted	315
Discharged	291
Died	195
Died from Yellow Fever	109

Round Over.—Michael W. Murphy, charged with assaulting Patrick Roach with a dangerous weapon, to wit: a pistol, was yesterday held in bonds of $300 by Recorder Bright to keep the peace for six months. Sergeant Lanagan, 1st ward Station House, was security.

Fined.—Mary Sheridan was fined yesterday by the Recorder of the First District $10 for getting drunk and disturbing the quiet of the neighborhood in Chonpitoulas street. She was unable to pay the fine, and was therefore sent to the Parish Prison for fifteen days.

Gonzales Weakens.—A. namesake of the arrest shaper of Erin, Thomas Moore, was on Tuesday evening arrested in Poydras street, on a charge of an assault and battery. Ireland, the sectional line of crossing a disturbance at his house. On searching his pockets at the station-house the police found in them a pistol and a bowie knife. The prisoner was locked up in prison by the Recorder to await examination for carrying concealed weapons.

Committed.—B. Penne and Augusta Oliver, charged with selling liquor to slaves at their coffee-house corner of Bienville and Bourbon streets yesterday afternoon, were committed by Recorder Bright and sent before the First District Court. Bonds 500 each.

Homicide.—Mary Gibbins was yesterday arrested by Deputy Sheriff Bradley, charged with the killing of Bridget Ryan, at the corner of Lafayette and Girod streets, in the quarter of the city known as Irishtown, on the 4th of July last. The testimony of the inmates of the house at my time to be examined before the Coroner's jury, will be found in the Fourth Police, on arrest examination.

It should be remembered always—for it is strictly true—that indigestion is the parent of a large proportion of the fatal diseases. Dysentery, diarrhœa, cholera morbus, and the whole family of bowel diseases enumerated in the city inspector's weekly catalogue of deaths, are generated by indigestion alone. Think of that, dyspeptics! think of it, all who suffer from disordered stomachs, and if you are willing to be guided by advice, by the testimony of experience, resort at once (don't delay a day) to Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, which, as an alterative, curative, and invigorant, stands alone and unsurpassed. (General depot, 130 Arch street. We have tried these Bitters, and know that they are excellent for the diseases specified above.—*Philadelphia City Item.* Ad-vertisement. aug1 3tawlm

RETURN and for sale by the undersigned—
25 casks ordinary wines;
50 fat do white wines
15 casks Chateau Margaux;
50 boxes genuine Grand Ladies;
25 do do Grand Tête, imp.;
25 do do Chateau Latour;
25 do do Chateau Lafitte;
5 do Chateau Lafar, 1852;
25 do Chateau de Pontet;
400 do St Estephe and Feuillac;
10 do white wines, Haut Sauterne and Sauterne;
100 do second and third growths, brand Teyronneau and Lafaurie;
10 do Cognac, Pinaner and Petit;
10 do Bottard's assorted liquors;
50 baskets do sidesed;
50 do do Champagne;
40 cases sardines, brands Rodel, Camus, Martin;
250 boxes Rodel's truffles;
100 do do capers;
100 do Tonquin peppers;
150 do mushrooms;
50 do Indian anchovies, Lovitt brothers;
20 bales Smyrna figs;
Chocolate of the best brands, C Ibopot, Justinart, Menier, Debauve, Chaudon, Guerin, Lombard, Lebeau, Lot's preserved ginger, liquors of St André Croit, Bodin's &c. &c.
For sale by
RENE DE L. TAMBOURY,
aug31 Corner Royal and St. Louis streets.

RUBBER BOOTS—10,000 Pair of Rubber Boots and Shoes, of all sizes, for plantation use.
BOOTS AND SHOES.
800 cases of the most fashionable Goods, now landing comprising a full assortment of everything in the BOOT and SHOE line, and manufactured expressly for the Louisiana trade. For sale by
aug31 G W DUNBAR, 5 Magazine st

POTATOES—10,000 prime Louisville Mesks Sacks, at cost.
ONIONS—30 bbls Louisville silver skin, at steamer Bultaus.
DRIED APPLES—150 bbls new Northern, in store;
DRIED PEACHES—50 bbls New York, in store,
PEARS—15 bbls new York, in store,
GOSHERSKUT—18 bbls just received;
POTATOES—50 bbls Carolina, in store;
POTATOES—20 bbls Louisville Blue,
POTATOES—100 bbls Louisville Snow Balls, in store;
GARLIC — 200 bunches Spanish, just received;
POTATOES — 300 sacks and bbls of St Louis pink eye;
SWEET POTATOES—Always the four qualities on hand;
GREEN APPLES — 30 bbls good shipping and family
DRIED APPLES—50 sacks new Louisville, in store.
For sale by DONNELLY, REZZINA & CO.,
au31 75 Tchoupitoulas st.

OIL—900 bushes Flagsink's Oil, in store.
300 boxes do do in pints; entitled to drawback.
Landing ex bark Virginia Ann, from Marseilles, and for sale by TH. BAILLY BLANCHARD & CO.
au31 27 Old Levee st

For Sale.
EXCHANGE on Bordeaux, payable in the principal cities of France. C. CAVAROC & CO,
au31 im 144 Royal st

NOTICE.
PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that it is the intention of the undersigned to ask the First District Court of New Orleans for the emancipation of the slave Henry.
LEWIS BANKER, f. m. c.
August 28, 1855. au30 3m2d

SWEET OIL—Landing ex Virginia Ann, from Marseilles—
100 bales sweet oil, James Flagniol, 94 oz.
150 baskets do do 94 pints.
100 boxes Vermouth, L. Rolly.
100 boxes castile Soap, Rondel fils & Dronet.
For sale by
P D SEGOND & COUTIN,
au30 21 Bienville st.

DISTILLING APPARATUS.
A SPLENDID COPPER APPARATUS, complete, just received from France, suitable for a planter of 40 slaves.
Also, a COPPER FILTER, of a new system, for
O. VALETON & CO.
au30 25 Tchoupitoulas st.

300 bbls whiskey, Camelia brand.
200 bbls New York brandy and gin.
100 bbls English pipes, in Bienville packages.
For sale by
O. VALETON & CO.
au29 25 Tchoupitoulas st.

SUNDRIES—
400 baskets Flagniol's Oil, quarts and pints;
1200 whole, half and quarter boxes Sardines;
800 boxes Chocolate, assorted;
300 casks Camden Porter and Ale;
100 do do Cognac;
40 cases dried Prunes;
100 boxes Brandy Cherries;
100 do Assorted Fruit Jellies;
100 boxes Fig Fruits;
100 cases fresh Peaches.
For sale by
O. VALETON & CO.
au30 25 Tchoupitoulas st

For sale by the undersigned, landing ex ship Virginia Ann, from Marseilles—
500 baskets Oil, J. Flagniol, quarts;
100 do do do pints;
100 do do Min. Sea, quarts;
40 do do do pints.
C. CAVAROC & CO,
au30 3t 144 Royal street

DIRECT IMPORTATION—107,000 Havana Cigars, landing from steamship Isaac Bell, and for sale by
au30 3t GEORGE GOTTSCHALK, 55 Commerce st

Landing ex Virginia Ann, from Marseilles—200 barrels Vermouth, La Reality; 250 baskets sweet oil, Flagniol; 200 bottles silver, square, anchovies, chicken; 40 boxes stuffed olives and anchovies in oil; 500 boxes St. Julien claret; 60 boxes old Chenin white wine; 100 boxes sardines, genuine Langoulaig, 1/8 and quarter boxes; 200 boxes Rondel chocolate soap.
For sale by
JOS A MARKS & CO.
au30 74 & 76 Magazine st

In store—70 casks Bordeaux claret; 40 casks Sauterne wine; 20 bbls Haut Sauterne white wine, 15 qr bbls do do; various qualities; 100 bottles brandy held in bonds of $300 by Recorder Bright to keep the peace for six months. Sergeant Lanagan, 1st ward Station House, was security.
100 boxes Rondel's assorted chocolate; 100 boxes Rondel's assorted soaps; 200 boxes Rondel's Marseilles soap.
In store—70 casks Bordeaux claret; 40 casks Sauterne wine; 20 bbls Haut Sauterne white wine, 15 qr bbls do do; various qualities; 100 bottles brandy held in bonds of $300 by Recorder Bright to keep the peace for six months. Sergeant Lanagan, 1st ward Station House, was security.
100 boxes Rondel's assorted chocolate; 100 boxes Rondel's assorted soaps; 200 boxes Rondel's Marseilles soap.
The affrighted German hung back for a long time, but was about to let go and give himself up, when the policeman, in a moment of thrilling eloquence, while in his right hand the artist has placed a sword and a scroll inscribed "Liberty."
For sale by
JOS A MARKS & CO.
au30 74 & 76 Magazine st

LANDING ex Virginia Ann, from Marseilles—200 barrels Vermouth, La Reality; 250 baskets sweet o