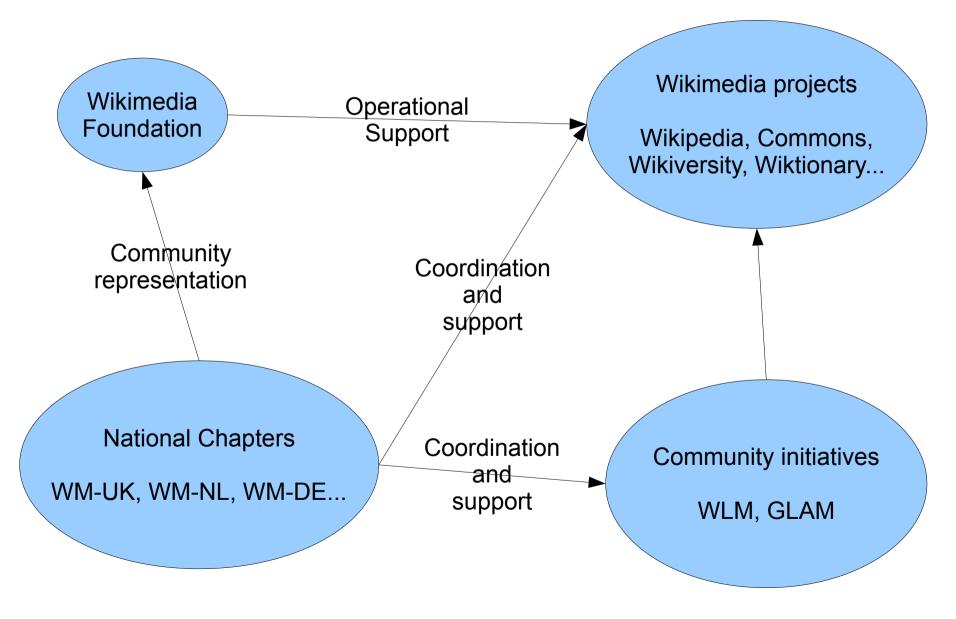
## Wikimedia

### **Wikimedia Commons**

What is it?
Could it be suitable for my images?

Ashley Van Haeften (Fae) fae@wikimedia.org.uk
Wikimedia UK director

# Network organization



## Wikimedia Commons

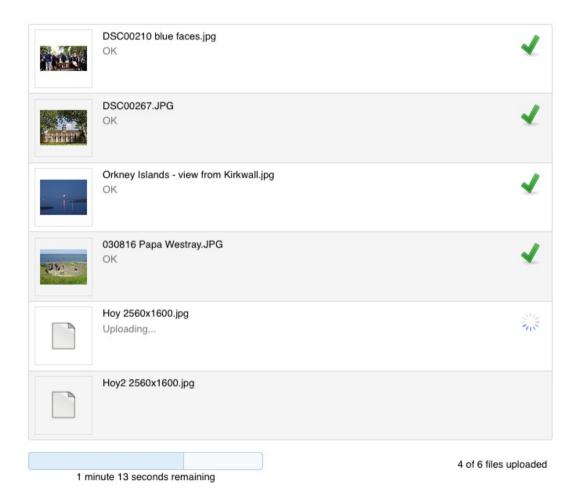
- Hosts 10,000,000 images as of April 2011 in 101,764 different media collections
- Automatically available to Wikipedia in 270 languages
  - Wikipedia is the #5 top website globally with 371,000,000 readers every month (2010 figures)
  - About 300,000 editors have edited Wikipedia more than 10 times
- The Wikimedia Foundation is a financially stable nonprofit with a mission for long term preservation of digital culture "in perpetuity"

## Default upload page

#### Upload wizard

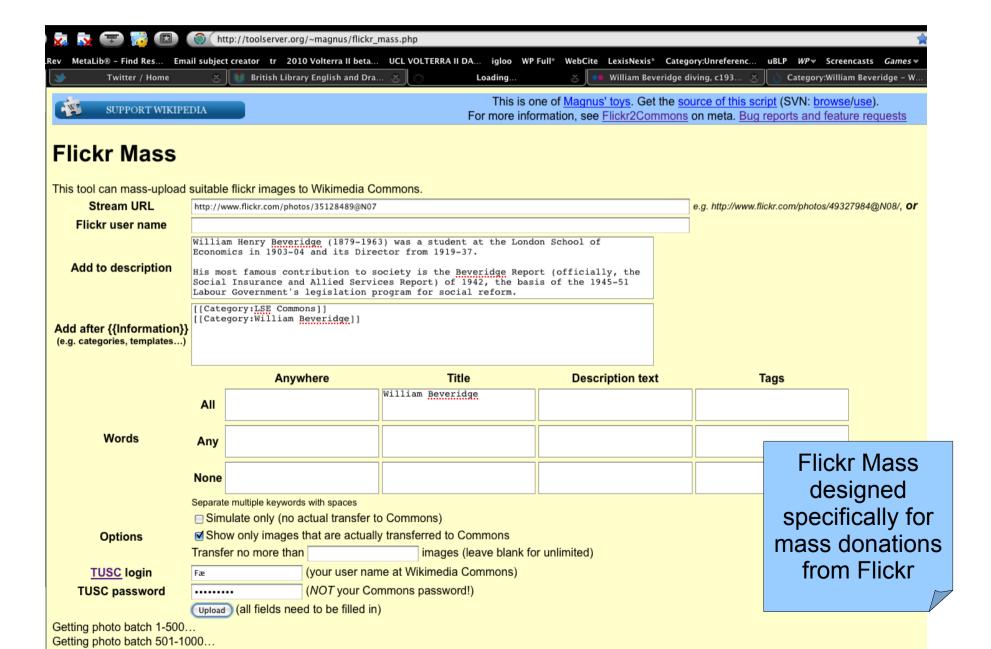
Thanks for using our new upload tool! Leave feedback · Known issues · Help with translations · Back to the old form

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Local upload from hard disk, good for up to 10 images at a time.

# Alternative (user created) tools



You - Organize & Create - Contacts - Groups - Explore - Upload

Search



### LSE Library's photostream 🔎 [ 🖂 🛔 FS FD INT FL 🏢 🛖 ]

Collections Sets Galleries Tags People Archives Favorites Profile Madd LSE Library as a contact

Archives / Date Taken (1376 items)

View: Square thumbnails ▼ | Map • Calendar

2007 2009 2010 2011



### Category:LSE Commons

Category (+ $^+$ ): London School of Economics (-) (±) ( $\downarrow$ ) ( $\uparrow$ ) I (+)

The LSE released a number of images on Flickr Commons[1] or creating a 'history in pictures' for LSE, selecting, scanning and loading a wide range of images of School people, events and places. This project was funded by the LSE Annual Fund and a legacy gift from John B Selier (BCom Accounting and Finance, 1949).

#### Subcategories

This category has the following 13 subcategories, out of 13 total.

#### L

- [x] LSE Commons, 1890s (3 F)
- [x] LSE Commons, 1900s (1 F)
- [x] LSE Commons, 1910s (7 F)
- [x] LSE Commons, 1920s (1 F)
- [x] LSE Commons, 1930s (41 F)

#### L cont.

- [x] LSE Commons, 1940s (16 F)
- [x] LSE Commons, 1960s (41 F)
- [x] LSE Commons, 1970s (47 F)
- [x] LSE Commons, 1980s (33 F)
- [x] LSE Commons, events (32 F)

#### L cont.

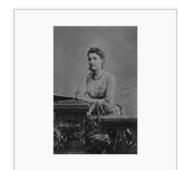
- [x] LSE Commons, portraits (53 F)
- [x] LSE Commons, posters (18 F)

#### s

• [x] Street Life in London, 1877 (4 F)

#### Media in category "LSE Commons"

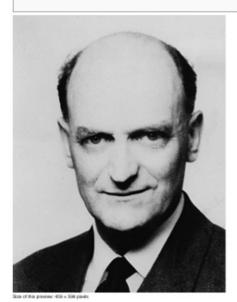
The following 2 files are in this category, out of 2 total.



Beatrice Webb, c1875... 105,287 bytes



William and Janet Be... 125,754 bytes



Economist Bill Phillips; details populated automatically from **Flickr** 

Categories (+\*): LSE Commons, portraits (-) (a) (j) (1) I Economists from New Zealand (-) (a) (j) (1) I (+)

Add a note

Full resolution (600 x 783 pixels, file size: 81 KB, MIME type: image/peg)

Description Extracts from The Phillips Machine Project' by Nicholes Bar, LSE Magazine, June 1988, No75, p.3

A.W. H. Bill Phillips is known worldwide as the originator of the Phillips Curve. Less well known is the remarkable man he was personally, and his estraordinary route to academic prominence via what came to be called the Phillips Machine.

Trained as an electrical engineer in his native New Zealand in the 1930s, he caught the travel bug and took up an engineering job in the Australian outback, where he also earned money by running a cinema and hunting crocodies. He reached London in 1938 via the Trans-Siberian railway and joined the RAF at the outbreak of war. He was captured in Java and spent most of the war in a Japanese POW camp, where he learned Chinese and some Russian from fellow prisoners.

Back in Britain he took the BSc (Econ) 1946-49, special subject sociology. He developed a great interest in economics... and like many of his generation, became very caught up with Knynesian theory. Though fractinated he found the Knynesian model hard going. With Walter Newlyn (an undergraduate contemporary, later Professor of Economics at Leeds University) to help with the economic theory, he fell back on his engineering training. He saw that money stocks could be represented as tanks of water, and monetary flows by water circulating round plastic tubes.

With a grant of £100 (obtained with Newlyn's help) he spent the summer of 1949 in a garage in Croydon 'living on air' as James Meade was later to put it, working on a hydrautic representation of the Keynesian model

In the machine he constructed, the circular flow of income was represented by water being pumped round a series of clear plastic tubes, with outflows representing savings, taxes and imports, and inflows representing investment, government spending and exports. The model had three tanks representing the stock of money, one for transaction balances and one for foreign-held sterling balances. The whole system determined the level of income, the rate of interest, imports, exports and the exchange to an accuracy (astonishing at the time) of +two per cent. The time path of income and the other variables was traced out by plotter pens making it possible to analyse the quantitative effects of economic policy.

The machine, in the jargon, was a hydraulic representation of an open economy IS-LM model with an explicit underlying dynamic structure. It was this very Heath Robinson prototype which, with the enthusiastic support of James Meade (then Professor of Commerce at the School. Phillips demonstrated to Lionel Robbins' seminar in November 1949. Those attenting exped in wonder at this large (7th high x 5th wide x 3th deep) Thing' in the middle of the room. Phillips, chain smoking, paced back and forth explaining it in a heavy New Zealand drawl in the process giving one of the best fectures on Keynes that arrone in the audience had ever heard. Then he switched the machine on. And it worked According to Lord Robbins' recollections. There was income dividing itself into consumption and saving. Keynes and Robertson need never have quarrelled if they had had the Phillips Machine before them"... Phillips was made an Assistant Lecturer in Economics in 1950. Lecturer 1951. Reader 1954, and Tooke Professor of Economic Science and Statistics in 1958 (the year his Phillips Curve). paper was published). He took up a Chair at the Australian National University in 1967 and, having suffered a major stroke, retired to Auckland in 1970, where he died five years later aged 60, mourned by many friends for personal as much for professional reasons.

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Date 16 September 2009, 16:55

Source Professor A.W.H (Bill) Phillips (9)

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Designed specifically for mass upload from hard disk, runs locally



# Wiki Loves Monuments /NL

### Results:

250 participants

8.000 monuments

12.500 photos

### Trick:

Easy

Attractive

Nearby

Wikipedia

Results

A perfect project fit to the community driven approach



## Pros and cons

- E-volunteer network driving content improvement and use
- 270 language Wikipedia access
- #5 top website as access point for the public
- Active projects to improve usability
- Non-profit, retained in perpetuity

- Probably unsuitable for mass images of limited public interest
- E-volunteer driven\*
- Subject to alteration, deletion (within policy) and data-mining or other external use\*
- Influence but no control over layout or interface

<sup>\*</sup> May be a good thing