A TRIFLE CAUTIOUS.

No City Man Could Get Ahead of Him.

A typical farmer from the interior, who had evidently come to the city to spend some of the proceeds of one dollar wheat, walked cautiously into one of the better-class hotels, says the Detroit Free Press. One of the bell boys saw him weighted down with a satchel and coat and umbrella and, as was his custom, darted toward the door to take the visitor's burdens and pilot him to the clerk's desk. He reached down to grasp the satchel. Quick as a flash the old man's right arm shot out with his umbrella and just as Mr. Bell Boy took hold of the satchel the umbrella came down on his back with a whack.

"Take that, young fellow!" remarked the visitor. "You can't grab things away from me. I've heard how yew fellers work it. Grab a hand bag an' skip before a man has a chance tew wink. But I fooled ye this time, gosh darn ye! Yew git out o' here right quick."

The old man raised his umbrella again threateningly and the bell boy, much discomfited, slid toward his seat, while the farmer once more cautiously advanced to the desk. The clerk reached out warmly to grasp his prospective guest's hand. But it didn't grasp.

"Young man," said the old fellow, "yew're a trifle previous, ain't ye? When I git reddy tew shake, I'll let ye know. Yew don't know me, an' I don't know yew, yet. Jest keep that paw ter yerself. There, now, gimme a quill an' I'll show ye who I am."

He got the quill and registered, but bell boys and clerks gave their guest full right of way in either direction.

DISTANCE MERCURY REACHES.

The Thermometer Bulb Contains Enough to Stretch Miles.

While almost anyone knows about the principles on which ordinary thermometers operate, there are a number of things about the little instrument which are not generally known, and which are of a great deal of interest, says the Boston Transcript. One of the most peculiar of these is the question of the length of tube which the mercury in the bulb of an ordinary thermometer would fill if it were stretched out in a single column the size of that in the tube.

Most people, when asked how long this would be, would probably say from five to fifteen feet, while as a matter of fact this column of mercury would in an extremely delicate instrument be miles in length. The reason of this is that the column of mercury, while it appears quite large, is really of almost infinitesimal size. If the tube of a thermometer is broken, one is at first at a loss to see where the mercury goes in, but a close examination will disclose a fine line, much thinner than a hair, running across the end of the tube, and this is one end of a little slit in which the mercury rises. As it has its flat side toward the eye, it appears to be quite large, and the convexity of the outside of the tube, through which it is seen, magnifies it, and gives it that rounded appearance which is so deceptive. The reason why the slit is made so small is to give the greatest ratio of result for the expansion of the mercury in the bulb.

WILD HORSES A NUISANCE.

Animals Commit Considerable Damage by Fences in Search of Water.

Many Indian horses are being killed on the reservation by barbed wire fences, says the Spokane Spokesman-Review. The degenerate horses, abandoned by their Indian owners, have become an acknowledged nuisance upon the public ranges. They roam about in large herds and are as wild as antelopes. Their watering places have been fenced up, and it is hard to divert them from the runways of a lifetime. Each herd is led by a patriarch stallion, who holds his command with a discipline that would be a credit to military tactics. These herds range on the hills, far from water, seeking the springs only once or twice a week. Their runs are sometimes as far as ten miles. The stallion drives the herd to water, following in their flying wake and driving every straggling beast with hoof and teeth, pushing them at a high rate of speed, much after the manner of buffaloes. Mad with thirst and blinded with dust, they rush into the wire fences that cross the old trails, the leaders being driven with such force that throats are cut and legs are severed, but the fences go down and the herd proceeds over plowed fields and growing crops. As a result the reservation is covered with dead and dying horses, every section reporting the same scene and allowing the victims to fare as best they may.

City of Big Windmills.

Amsterdam, the capital of the Netherlands, is situated at the confluence of the River Amstel and the arm of the Zuyder Zee, called the Y (pronounced eye). It is a forest of lofty windmills in the form of towers, steeples, pyramids, truncated cones and aerial erections, waving their enormous arms and whirling above the roofs like a cloud of monster birds beating their wings over the city. It is computed that there are no fewer than 12,000 windmills in Holland, chiefly employed in pumping and draining. Many are of vast dimensions, each sail sometimes exceeding 60 feet in length.

The Strongest Chain.

The greatest and strongest chain ever made has but recently left the Tipton Green iron works, England. It is intended for crane work at Chatham wharf, and consists of oval links forged severally of 3½-inch rods, each link being 20 inches long and 13 wide. Since there was no machinery available for testing a chain of such dimensions, the test was made by actual suspension of a weight of 896,000 pounds from each link.

Individual Share of Land.

The share of land falling to each inhabitant of the globe in the event of a partition would be about 23½ acres.

POPULATION AND DEPENDENCE.

Nations That Increase Fast in Numbers Under the Rule of Aliens.

An item appeared in an English paper recently giving the results of the June census of the population of Egypt and showing it to be 6,700,000, an increase of 2,900,000 since 1882; in other words, a gain of 42 per cent. in 15 years, the greater part of which has been made since the British occupation of the country.

In a French newspaper, attention is called to the fact that while the population of France has not been increasing, the increase of the French Canadian population in North America has been prodigious—from 70,000 in 1765 to 1,800,000 in 1891, and more than 3,000,000 at present.

The deduction to be drawn from these figures and from other like figures is that the political independence of a people is by no means a pledge of increase in population; on the contrary, the growth in numbers of dependent peoples under an alien and sometimes antagonistic government is often greater than it would otherwise be.

The increase of the population of India, abruptly stopped this year by the plague, is perhaps a fair illustration of this.

An official enumeration of the population of British India made by the British government in 1867 put the population of that country at 144,000,000 exclusive of 47,000,000 inhabitants in districts under British jurisdiction but not under direct British control. This was 30 years ago, and the population of India at that time was 191,000,000 in all. By the last imperial census made by British authorities, the population of India was 287,000,000, about twice as great.

OF THE WORD "COUPLE."

Tommy Demonstrates That the Term Is Both Singular and Plural.

Tommy was told that "couple" was singular, and, to make him remember it, he had to write an essay about "A Couple." Tommy went into his study corner, says Detroit Free Press, was quiet half an hour, except once, when he demanded the proper orthography of one or two big words, and this is what he handed his mother when it was all done:

"A Couple.—There was a couple that went fishing. One-half of it was a man; the second half was a woman. It went in a rowboat with a pair of oars, which was also a couple. So that there was a couple of couples. The woman half of the first couple caught a couple of fish. Then there was three couples. Said the man part of the first couple:

"'We have caught enough fish.'

"Then it sat down together, and it put its arms around it and said:

"'Oh, my dont!'

"But it didn't act as if it cared much. Just then the boat ran into a stump and stopped. This couple was very singular for awhile, but finally she said to it:

"'George, my dear, doesn't it think it is time to go home?'

"It looked at its watch and said: 'Yes, dearie, it is.'

"Then this couple was plural, while one of it rowed home.

"So a couple is both singular and plural, just the same."

A BULL'S GOOD APPETITE.

He Is Accused of Eating 300 Bushels of Apples in a Night.

Col. Deevers was one of the most celebrated characters in central Ohio. He was nothing if not prodigal in his generosity, his flow of language, his wealth of imagination. The colonel never explained how he got his title, but he always insisted on being addressed by that title.

On one occasion, says a local exchange, the colonel employed a lawyer to attend to a trifling matter for him and promised a speedy settlement of the account. Time went by and the colonel failed to keep his word. The lawyer stirred the colonel up about it the next time he saw him in town, and the upshot of it was that the colonel agreed to send the lawyer a dozen bushels of the finest apples in Ohio. But no apples came to the lawyer. One day he saw the colonel in town and immediately bore down on him for an explanation. He got it. The colonel, taking his friend by the lapel of his coat, said, impressively:

"Mr. Williams, I fully expected to send you those apples. I had 'em, sir; yes, sir, 300 bushels of the finest apples ever raised in the state of Ohio. I had 'em all cribbed up, and one night a derned little yearlin' bull broke in and eat 'em all up. Yes, sir, ever' last one of 'em."

County Map of Tapestry.

A tapestry map of Warwickshire, Shakespeare's county, six yards by eight, made in 1598, has been lately on exhibition in London, where it was sent to be repaired. It is one of five made by Flemish weavers imported into England, and is the largest and most minute topograpical record of the time. It once belonged to Horace Walpole, but is now the property of the York museum.

The Roman Colisseum.

The largest single structure in the world for audience and spectacular purposes is the Coliseum at Rome. It is in the form of an ellipse; its diameter is 615 feet; its short, 510; the height of the outer wall, 164. The arena is 218 feet long by 176 broad. The tiers of seats accommodate 100,000 spectators.

Graves of the Zulus.

The most curiously decorated graves in the world are the negro graves in Zululand. Some of these mounds are garnished with the bottles of medicine used by the departed in their final illness and the duration of the malady is easily guessed by the number of bottles.

London Third in Cows.

Edinburgh has 23,000 cows, while Dublin comes next with 11,000 and London stands third with a cow population of 8,000. Glasgow has but 2,000 cows.

A CATASTROPHE AVERTED.

The Clerk Was Just About to Call a Policeman.

They were two daintily dressed, chic girls, and they were evidently out for a giddy afternoon, says the New York Telegram. They strolled down Broadway into Herald square with the gayest of smiles on their faces and the sauciest of looks in their dancing eyes. They stopped at a drug store in which a mammoth frosty soda fountain stands in all its glittering temptation, and soon became engrossed in two delicious, creamy, frothy mixtures.

They chatted as they drank and slowly ate the ice cream with the long-distance spoons with which each alluring glass is provided.

At last the ice cream soda was finished, and the girls went laughing out into the street, when suddenly a look of consternation overspread the face of one of them, and she exclaimed:

"Oh, Kitty!"

Then she rushed back into the drug store, and, laying hold of the edge of the counter, began to pull it.

The other followed in amazement. The soda water manipulator and the drug clerks regarded the tugging young woman with astonishment, then fear. Still she pulled at the counter till it appeared to be in imminent danger of coming loose.

At length, when the proprietor was thinking seriously of calling in a policeman, something gave way and the young woman fell back with an exclamation of relief and popped something into her mouth.

"Nell, whatever is the matter with you?" asked her companion.

"Nothing," answered the other, innocently. "I nearly forgot my chewing gum."

KINSMEN IN THE SENATE.

White, of California, and Mallory, of Florida, First Cousins.

If one man of a family gets to be senator he ought to be accounted fortunate. When two men of a family find seats in the senate together it is a remarkable event, and deserves recording, says the Washington Post.

Stephen Mallory White is a senator from California and Stephen Russell Mallory is a senator from Florida. There is more than a mere coincidence in the similarity of the names. The men are cousins. Senator Mallory's father and Senator White's mother were brother and sister. It is a little curious that the two senators should represent states as far apart as it is possible for them to be—one on the Atlantic and the other on the Pacific coast.

The grandfather of the two senators was one of the earliest settlers of Florida, while their grandmother was a Spanish woman of fine stock, considerable beauty and remarkable constitution, retaining to her old age all of her faculties. Much of Senator White's sturdiness comes from his grandmother. He was not born in Florida, for his father and mother crossed the plains in 1850, attracted to California by the reports of newly-discovered gold. The senator was born in San Francisco in 1853. The Mallorys, on the other hand, remained in Florida, and now the whirligig of time and the strange happenings of politics reunite the families in the senate.

REMEMBERED HER CHILDREN.

Eloped Fifty Years Ago, But Willed Property to Her Offspring.

During the gold excitement of '49 a young Irishman named Thomas Hogan settled in Calaveras county, Cal., with his wife. He became a miner and amassed considerable property before he died. His widow afterward married John C. Scribner, of San Andreas. He died a few years ago, says the New York World, and left his property to his widow. The twice-widowed woman thus came into the possession of about $30,000. She died a few months ago and left the bulk of her property to her "nieces and nephews" in Ireland, naming two men and two women.

The lawyer appointed to administer on the estate wrote to the addresses given, and learned that two of the four were dead, and the remaining two had no knowledge of an aunt in California or any other place. An investigation developed the fact that the supposed Mrs. Hogan was really Mrs. Richard Barnes, and that she had left her husband and four children to elope with the young Irishman. She had kept the skeleton in her closet hidden for nearly 50 years, and even in death she tried to protect the secret by referring to her children as her nieces and nephews.

Field Glass Range Finder.

An improved range finder for field glasses has a flat dial plate, subdivided to correspond with the focus of the glasses, rigidly attached near the rear end of the adjusting screw; a fixed pointer secured near the screw to the frame of the glasses, indicating the adjustment upon a dial. A small wheel upon the adjusting screw turns it so that it will readily focus the glasses for various distances, and enabling the user to also estimate correctly the speed of advancing or withdrawing objects.

Physical Power of Niagara.

It has been calculated that a very strong man exerting himself very violently can for a few minutes work at a rate of one-fifth horse power, but the average combined output of 50 strong laboring men working for ten hours a day would not probably exceed one horse power. With this in view, it is no exaggeration to say that the power of Niagara exceeds the physical power which the whole human race is capable of exerting continuously.

Week-End Holidays.

Londoners cultivate what is called "week-end holidays." They comprise starting away with a grip on Friday to some congenial spot on the coast and remaining until the following Monday or Tuesday. Every Englishman that can takes in addition a three weeks' vacation every year.

DESINFECTION,

Nos abonnés hors de la ville peuvent recevoir en toute confiance l'Abeille qui, tous les matins, est désinfectée à la Poste par les médecins des Hôpitaux de marine des Etats-Unis.

ANNONCES JUDICIAIRES

AVERTISSEMENT JUDICIAIRE.

SUCCESSION

—DE—

MATTHEW DAVID MAULICK

—ET DE—

Catharina Miller, sa femme

No 50,067—Cour Civile de District, Division C

PAR JACOB A. REINACH, Encanteur il sera vendu le JEUDI 21 octobre 1897, à midi, à la Bourse des Encanteurs Nos 629 et 631 rue Commune, en vertu d'un ordre de l'Hon. F. A. Monroe, juge de Cour Civile de District, Division C, daté le 13 juillet 1897, et signé le 19 juillet 1897, la propriété ci-après décrite, à savoir:

Une résidence simple de choix à deux étages dans le Troisième District de cette ville, portant le nouveau numéro municipal 2131 rue St-Jean Baptiste (maintenant Nord Robertson) St-Avid (maintenant Claiborne), Champs Elysées et rue François. Cette propriété est située dans un quartier convenable, et peut être seulement appréciée après une inspection. Pour mesures voyez plan à la Bourse.

Termes et Conditions—Un tiers en plus comptant, la balance à 1 et 2 ans, avec 8 pour cent d'intérêt à partir de la date de l'adjudication, garanti par hypothèques spéciales et liens du vendeur sur la propriété vendue: l'acte de vente contiendra toutes les clauses usuelles de sécurité; l'acquéreur assumera les taxes de 1897 et fera un dépôt de 20 pour cent pour lier la vente.

Acte de vente pardevant F. D. Charbonnet, N. P., aux frais de l'acquéreur.

16 sept—16 23 30—7 17 21 oct.

PAR W. D. KINGSTON.

AVENUE JUDICIAIRE.

Mercredi, 13 Octobre 1897.

Succession de William Parham et Martha Rhodes.

No 53,933—Cour Civile de District pour la paroisse d'Orléans, Division "E".

En vertu d'un ordre de l'Hon. Geo. H Théard, juge de la susdite Cour, ledit ordre est daté et signé le 9 septembre 1897 et à moi adressé, le procédérai à la vente à l'encan, MERCREDI, 13 octobre 1897, à midi, à mon bureau—

Tous les droits, titre et intérêt, réclamations que le défunt a et dans un certain lot de terre avec les améliorations, etc. dans le 1er District de cette ville, dans l'ilet borné par les rues Willow, Claiborne, Cypress et Lafayette, désigné par le No 2 et mesurant 37 pieds de face à la rue Willow sur une profondeur de 120 pieds, entre lignes parallèles.

2° Un certain lot de terre ensemble avec les améliorations, etc., situé dans le Premier District de cette ville, dans l'ilet No 29, borné par les rues Perdido, Gravier, Johnson et Galvez, et désigné par le No 14, ledit lot mesure au pied anglais, 29 pieds, 11 pouces et 7 lignes de face à la rue Gravier sur une profondeur de 130 pieds, 3 pouces et 7 lignes, entre lignes parallèles

Conditions—Comptant sur les lieux. Acte de vente pardevant H. L. Loomis, notaire, aux frais de l'acquéreur.

W. D. KINGSTON, Encanteur.
Bureau 604 rue Gravier.

12 sept—12 19 26—oct 3 10

VENTES PAR LE CONSTABLE.

A. C. Lightel vs State Standard Saving and Loan Association.

PREMIERE COUR DE CITE DE LA Nouvelle-Orléans. — No 33,409 — En vertu d'un alias writ de fieri facias à moi adressé par Hon. P. F. Hennessey, juge de la Troisième Cour de Cité de la Nouvelle-Orléans, agissant pour l'Hon. W. R. Richardson, juge de la Première Cour de Cité de la Nouvelle-Orléans, absent en congé, je procéderai à la vente à l'enchère publique, en face de la Maison de Cour, rue Camp, entre les rues Lafayette et Girod, MARDI, le 12 octobre 1897, à midi, de la propriété ci-dessous décrite, à savoir

Deux certains lots de terre, ensemble avec toutes les améliorations qui s'y trouvent et tous les droits, voies, privilèges et dépendances y appartenant, située dans le Septième District de cette ville, dans l'ilet borné par l'avenue Carrollton (anciennement Canal) les rues Jeannette, Sixième et Dublin; lesdits lots sont désignés par les Nos 13 et 14 sur un croquis annexé à un acte passé pardevant M. T. Duerve, notaire, daté avril 1893, et mesurant comme suit, à savoir: Les lots Nos 13 et 14 mesurent 30 pieds de face chacun à la rue Dublin sur une profondeur de 130 pieds, entre lignes parallèles. Le lot No 13 formant l'encoignure des rues Dublin et Sixième. Acquis par les défendeurs de Jos. Tranth, le 30 juin 1896, d après un acte de vente pardevant Frank E. Rainold, notaire.

Saisi dans l'affaire ci-dessus intitulée et numérotée d'après l'inventaire enregistré en mon bureau.

Conditions—Comptant sur les lieux.

ED. P. FOLEY
Constable de la Première Cour de Cité.

11 sept—11 17 23 29—o t 5 12

Succession de W. B. Smith, autrement Strutterm.

COUR CIVILE DE DISTRICT pour la paroisse d'Orléans—No 51,331—Division E—Avis est par le présent donné aux créanciers de cette succession et à toutes autres personnes intéressées d'avoir à déduire, dans les dix jours qui suivront la présente notification, les raisons (s'ils en ont) pour lesquelles le compte provisoire présenté par Frank L. Richardson, exécuteur testamentaire dativ de cette succession, ne serait pas approuvé et homologué et les fonds distribués conformément au dit compte.

Par ordre de la Cour.

PAUL O. GUERIN,
Greffier.

7 oct—7 12 15

Succession de Jacob Fischer.

COUR CIVILE DE DISTRICT pour la paroisse d'Orléans—No 53,813—Division B.—Avis est par le présent donné aux créanciers de cette succession et à toutes autres personnes intéressées d'avoir à déduire, dans les dix jours qui suivront la présente notification, les raisons (s'ils en ont) pour lesquelles le compte présenté par Carolina Fischer, exécutrice testamentaire de cette succession ne serait pas approuvé et homologué et les fonds distribués conformément au dit compte.

Par ordre de la Cour.

PAUL O. GUERIN,
Greffier.

7 oct—7 12 15

Succession de Sophie Quebbmann.

COUR CIVILE DE DISTRICT POUR LA paroisse d'Orléans—No 53,902—Division B—Avis est par le présent donné aux créanciers de cette succession et à toutes autres personnes intéressées d'avoir à déduire dans les dix jours qui suivront la présente notification, les raisons (s'ils en ont), pour lesquelles le compte provisoire présenté par Mme Wilhelmina Flachman, administratrice de cette succession ne serait pas approuvé et homologué et les fonds distribués conformément au dit compte.

Par ordre de la cour

PAUL O. GUERIN,
Greffier.

9 oct—9 13 18

Pour un Engagement

—OU UN—

MARIAGE

....La chose la plus indiespensable est une magnifique BAGUE avec un joli DIAMANT ou autres PIERRES PRECIEUSES pour le premier; et une BAGUE EN OR SOLIDE ou ALLIANCE pour le second.
....Vous pouvez avoir des meilleurs et à plus bas prix

—CHEZ—

FRANTZ BROS. & CO.,

BIJOUTIERS,

— Successeurs de —

FRANTZ. & OPITZ,

No 129

RUE BOURBON.

13 sept—1 an

CONSULAT DE FRANCE

—à—

LA NOUVELLE-ORLEANS.

BUREAUX, RUE N. EMPARTS, 343.

Des renseignements sont demandés en les personnes dont les noms suivent En cas de décès ou d'absence, leurs amis sont priés d'en donner avis au Consulat.

OCTOBRE 1897.

Liste de publication.

Bethader, Jean	Pagnol, Mr.
Bigot, Jeanne	Férte, E. H.
Cambon, Jacques	Richon, François
Deligeon, famille	Tourte, Louis et Antoine
Grandin, Auguste	Tufogue, Mlle
Mangnier, Ernestine	
Montaté, Jean Pierre	

LETTRE.

Lefèbvre Grandmaison, Jules

TELEGRAMME.

Kourd

Signé: G. B. D'ANGLADE,
Consul.

CHEMINS DE FER.

Heures d'arrivée et de départ.

LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE.

Arrive.	Départ.
No 1 F't Lire .7:40 am	No 6 Fast line 7:55am
No 1 F't m'l 7:25 pm	No 4 Lim'd 10 45 a m
No 5 Lim'd 8:10 pm	No 2 F't m'l 7:50 p m
No 9 Jest Acc. dim. except'd 8:25 am	No 8 Cons't Acc. dim. except'd 3:10pm
No 7 coast lim ex dim. 9:00 a m	No 10 coast ac ex dim 9:20 p m
No 11 dim 9.00 a m	No 12 dim ex 8:05 am
No 13 mer ex 9:30 pm	No 14 mer ex 8:05 a m

ILLINOIS CENTRAL.

Arrive.	Départ.
No 23, Local Mail ..9:20pm	No 24, Local Mail ..7:00am
No 3, Chicago Limited.....7:00pm	No 4, Chicago Limited.....9:00am
No 1, Fast Mail, 8:20am	No 2, Fast Mail 6:30pm
Louisville and Cincinnati.	
No 1 F't mail 8:10 am	No 2 F't mail 6:30 p m
Louisville and Cincinnati Limited.	
No 3.....7:00 p m	No 4.....9:00 a m
McComb City and Sunday Excursion.	
No 35.....8:15 p m	No 35.....7:35 a m

YAZOO AND MISSISSIPPI VALLEY RAILROAD.

Arrive.	Départ.
No 5, Memphis express...10:35 a m	No 6, Memphis express.....4:20pm
No 21, Vicksburg Express.....5:20 pm	Vicksburg Express.....5:10pm
No 23 Baton Rouge accom.....9:40 a m	No 24 Baton Rouge accom.....4:50 p m

QUINCY AND CRESCENT ROUTE

Arrive.	Départ.
No 1 Limited 11:45am	No 2 Limited 5 00pm
No 3 Fast Mail 6.30am	No 4.....7:45am

TEXAS AND PACIFIC.

Arrive.	Départ.
No 54, Cal. Ex. 9:15am	No 53, Cal. Ex. 6:15 am
No 52, Hot Springs & St-Louis Ex. 6:15pm	No 51, Hot Springs & St-Louis Ex. 7:20pm

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY.

Arrive.	Départ.
Entre la Nlle-Orléans et Lafayette. 6:40 pm	Entre la Nlle-Orléans et Lafayette. 9:00 a m

EAST LOUISIANA RAIL ROAD.

Du dépôt de la Queen and Crescent rue Prytania. Tous les jours excepté dimanche.

No 7.....8:35 am	No 8.....4:00 pm

NEW ORLEANS, FORT JACKSON AND GRAND ISLE R. R.

Samedi et dimanche seulement.

Alger.....9:55 a m	Alger.....5:30 p m

Tous les jours excepté dimanche et samedi.

Alger.....9 55 am	Alger.....4.30 p m

Tous les jours excepté dimanche

Alger.....4:10 pm	Alger.....9:00 am

CANAL AND CLAIBORNE R. R. CO.

Station Champs Elysées et Claiborne.

Départ Schedule C. and C. and L. and N.

L. & N. coast 8:24 a m	L. & N. coast 3:45 p m
L. & N. coast 7:45 a m	L. & N. coast 3:55 p m

L'ATHENEE LOUISIANAIS

CONCOURS DE 1897.

L'Athénée propose le sujet suivant aux personnes qui désirent prendre part au concours de cette année:

"LOUIS XIV ET SON SIECLE."

Les manuscrits seront reçus jusqu'au 1er mars 1898 inclusivement.

L'auteur du manuscrit qui aura été jugé le meilleur, recevra une médaille d'or, et un prix de $50 en espèces.

L'Athénée, s'il le juge convenable, accordera une seconde médaille.

Toute personne résidant en Louisiane est invitée à concourir.

Les manuscrits devront être écrits aussi lisiblement que possible, sur papier double régié, avec une marge, et seulement sur le *recto et les lignes*; ils ne devront pas dépasser 25 pages.

Chaque manuscrit sera remis sans nom d'auteur, mais portant une épigraphe ou devise qui sera reproduite sur une enveloppe cachetée, dans laquelle l'auteur aura écrit son nom et son adresse.

Le comité nommé pour examiner les manuscrits, ouvre *seulement* l'enveloppe contenant le nom du candidat qui a mérité la médaille pour s'assurer qu'il est dans les conditions du concours.

Le comité pourra accorder des mentions honorables, s'il le juge convenable.

Le manuscrit couronné sera publié dans le journal de l'Athénée.

La présentation de la médaille se fera dans une séance publique. On réunira, pour la circonstance, tous les éléments d'une fête littéraire et artistique.

Le nom du lauréat ou de la lauréate sera proclamé après la lecture du manuscrit qui aura obtenu le prix.

Les devises des concurrents à qui des mentions honorables auront été accordées, seront lues devant le public.

Les candidats devront se soumettre strictement aux dispositions du programme.

Les manuscrits dans aucun cas ne seront rendus.

Tout candidat qui fera connaître sa devise sera mis hors de concours.

Toute personne qui aura obtenu la médaille, ne pourra plus concourir.

Les manuscrits seront adressés au secrétaire.

Le secrétaire perpétuel,
BUS. ROUEN,
P. O. Box 726.

NAVIGATION FLUVIALE.

Départs de bateaux à vapeur

JEUDI, 14 OCTOBRE 1897.

Bayou Lafourche—TECHE, à 5 p m

Madisonville—NEW CAMELLIA, à 4 p m

LISTE DES NAVIRES DANS LE PORT.

STEAMERS.

Noms	Destination Gênes et Trieste	Amarrages rue Ste
Abbazia		
Brookwater	Bolize	2e dist. 30
Bourdage	Havre	de dist. 43
Cadiz	Barcelone	rue 7e
Château Yquem	Marseille	2e dist. 30
Creole	New York	2e dist. 8
El Dorado	New York	Algier
Gottfried Schlenker	Gênes et Trieste	rue 1re
Hogarth	Liverpool	rue Co
Imaum	Havre	de dist. 47
Iron	Havre	de dist. 48
Istrar	Havre	de dist. 47
J. Jover Serra	Barcelone	Louis.ave
Jos. Otzet, Jr	Rosas del Tuso	1er dist. 18
Methley Hall	Brême	Louis.ave
Miguel Gallart	Barcelone et Gênes	rue Co
Musician	Liverpool	Westwego
Milwaukee	Liverpool	Louis.ave
Palestine	Liverpool	Louis.Ave
Ramore Head	Belfast et Dublin	Southport
Springfield	Manchester	1er dist. 27
Velleda	Brême	de dist. 43
Whitney	Havre	Algier
York	Bremen	Algier

COMMERCE.

Anna M Steamer.....	de dist
Flora Woodhouse.....	de dist

ASSURANCES.

Vingt-septième Etat Annuel

DE—

L'Association d'Assurance

DE LA NOUVELLE-ORLEANS,

Pour l'année expirée le 31 décembre 1896

Primes encaissées:		
Sur risques de feu		$187,779 56
Sur risques de marine		1,693 40
Sur risques de rivière		1,819 14
		$191,292 10
A ajouter, primes non acquises de 1895		59,981 00
Primes totales		$251,273 10
A ajouter, intérêts		9,319 97
Revenus		$260,593 07
A déduire, pertes payées:		
Sur risques de feu	$51,839 01	
Sur risques de marine	640 14	
Sur risques de rivière	267 52	
Total des pertes payées	$52 7	
Rabais de primes et annulations	26,822 28	
Commissions	26 348 71	
Réassurances	14,958 79	
Taxes et Licences	1,395	
Dépenses de bureau et d'agences, dépenses légales, bureau des assurances, corps de sauvetage, etc	31,751 94	
Profits et pertes	3,100 90	
Déboursé		$157,124 98
		$103,468 09
Primes non acquises de 1896	$65,700 00	
Pertes ajustées et non ajustées	18,800 00	
Dividendes d'intérêts de 6 pour cent sur le fonds capital pour l'année 1896	12,000 00	
Fonds de réserve (ce montant à $17,524 54)	6,968 09	
		$103,468 09

ACTIF.

Argent en banque	16,114 24
$135,000 Bons Constitutionnels de la Nlle-Orléans 4 0/0 à 100 0/0	135,000 00
$75,000 Nouveaux Bons de l'Etat de la Louisiane 4 0/0 à 95 0/0	71,250 00
$35,840 Bons à Primes de la Nlle-Orléans à 182 0/0	228 80
10 actions Compagnie d'Assurance Germania à 75 0/0	750 00
Primes en voie de recouvrement	21,212 40
Meubles et installations de bureaux	1,500 00
	$311,055 44

PASSIF.

Capital	$200,000 00
Dividendes non réclamés	3,039 90
Réservé pour primes non acquises	65,700 00
Réservé pour pertes ajustées et non ajustées	18,800 00
Dividendes d'intérêt de 3 0/0 sur le fonds capital dû en janvier 1897	6,000 00
Fonds de réserve	17 524 54
	$311,055 44

Le tableau ci-dessus est une copie exacte de l'état de l'Association d'Assurance de la Nouvelle-Orléans.

CHAS. D. DELERY, Secrétaire. GEO. LANAUX, Président

Assermenté et signé devant le soussigné notaire public, ce 11 janvier 1897.

EDGAR GRIMA,
dec—1 an Notaire Public.

Vingt-Septième Etat Annuel

—DE LA—

MECHANICS AND TRADERS' Insurance Company,

No. 147 rue Carondelet.

Conformément à l'article 12 de sa charte, la Compagnie publie l'état de situation suivant de ses affaires pendant l'année écoulée le 31 décembre 1896:

Primes d'incendie	$366,032 31	
Primes de rivières	16,686 76	
Primes maritimes	2,097 04	
		$384,816 11
A déduire—		
Primes remboursées	$84,147 70	
Réassurances	36,811 15	
		120,958 85
Primes nettes		$263,857 26
A Ajouter:		
Primes non acquises, 31 décembre 1895		189,911 92
		$453,769 18
A déduire:		
Primes non acquises, 31 décembre 1896		145,887 32
		$307,881 86
Ajouter intérêt et loyers et profits et pertes		20,206 12
Total		$328,087 98
Moins:		
Pertes d'incendie payées	$177,214 64	
Pertes de rivières payées	5,625 30	
Pertes de marine payées	19 99	
Pertes non-payées	33,851 53	
Dépenses de Bureau, agences et autres; taxes et licences en Louisiane et autres Etats	74,568 62	
Commissions	30,176 19	
		321,456 25
Profits		$6,631 73

ACTIF.

Consolidés de l'Etat de la Louisiane	$98,098 25	
Bons à prime	10,935 00	
Bons de la Georgie, 4 1/2 pour cent	28,000 00	
Actions de banques et autres	154,815 00	
Billets recevables pour primes	11,740 31	
Argent comptant	19,754 55	
Propriétés foncières	131,500 00	
Primes en voie de collection	54,328 60	
		$509,169 71

PASSIF.

Capital-actions	$317,500 00	
Réservé pour primes non acquises	145,887 32	
Réservé pour pertes non payées, 1896	33,851 53	
Réservé pour pertes non payées des années précédentes	7,500 00	
Surplus	4,430 86	
		$509,169 71

Le présent précédent est une copie vraie et correcte des livres de la Compagnie.

ROBERT MAXWELL, Président.
E. L. SLATTER, Secrétaire.

Fait et signé sous serment pardevant moi, notaire, ce 19e jour de janvier 1897.

CHAS T. SONIAT, Notaire Public.

DIRECTEURS.

Albert Baldwin, Jr,	Robert Maxwell,
J. P. Baldwin,	T. L. Macon,
Geo. W. Booth,	U. Marinoni Jr.
Frank Beck,	Dr Geo. E. Pratt,
J. M. Frankenbush,	A. S. Ramsett,
W. C. Flower,	Geo. W. Sentell, Jr,
S. L. Gilmore,	E. G. Schleider,
J. Grossman,	C. M. Soria,
Ferd Gumbel,	A. Soccia,
I. L. Lyons,	A. G. Tebo,
L. A. Ledoux,	Geo. H. Vennard,
Numa Landry,	G. A. Viderá,
P. L. McCay,	T. S. Waterman,
Jas McConnell,	Philip Werlein,
Jas McCracken,	A. Eiques.

4po—1an

AU PUBLIC.

CHLORIDE DE CHAUX.

Le Prof. A. L. Metz, surintendant du Désinfectant, sera prêt mercredi matin, 6 octobre, pour fournir la chloride de chaux aux citoyens officiers sanitaires volontaires sur des ordres par écrit des présidents de ward clubs. La délivrance sera faite aux dépôts suivants:

1er District—No 341 rue Perdido.
2me District—No 1427 rue Dumaine.
3me District—No 626 rue François.
4me District—No 2113 rue Magazine.
5me District—Maison de Jour d'Alger.
6me District—No 828 avenue Napoléon.
7me District—Avenue Carrollton et Henry.

Les personnes applicantes voudront bien indiquer dans l'ordre le numéro des lots inclus dans leur territoire. 8oct—

CHARTE.

ETAT DE LA LOUISIANE, PAROISSE D'ORLEANS, VILLE DE LA NOUVELLE-ORLEANS.

QU'IL SOIT CONNU, Que ce quatorzième jour d'avril, en l'année mil-huit-cent quatre-vingt-sept,

Pardevant moi, Jefferson Charles Wenck, notaire, dans et pour la paroisse d'Orléans, Etat de la Louisiane, dûment commissionné et assermenté, et en présence des témoins ci-dessous nommés et soussignés, sont venus et comparus en personne les diverses personnes dont les noms sont ci-dessous souscrits, qui ont déclaré que, se prévalant des lois de cet Etat, dans telles cas faits et pourvus, elles s'engagent et se lient par ce contrat ainsi que toutes autres personnes qui pourraient s'associer à elles, à former et constituer une corporation et corps politique en loi pour les objets et buts, et d'après les conditions et stipulations ci dessous, à savoir:

ARTICLE I.

Le nom de la corporation ci-formée est déclaré être la "NEW ORLEANS SEWERAGE COMPANY," et elle aura son domicile en la ville de la Nouvelle-Orléans, et jouira de son nom corporatif pour une période de quatre-vingt dix-neuf ans à partir de la date de cet acte. Elle aura le pouvoir de contracter, poursuivre et être poursuivie en justice en son nom corporatif; faire et user un sceau de corporation, lequel pourra être annulé ou changé à volonté; tenir, recevoir, louer, acheter et transférer ainsi qu'hypothéquer sous son nom corporatif, ses franchises et propriétés, tant réelles que personnelles; emprunter et prêter de l'argent, donner ou recevoir, ou en donner des garanties, émettre des bons, hypothécaires et autres obligations, avec le pouvoir de les vendre, de les engager ou d'en disposer; nommer tels gérants, directeurs, officiers, surintendants et agents que les intérêts et les commodités de la corporation nécessiteront; à faire et établir tels règlements, règles et régulations pour la dite corporation qui peuvent être nécessaires et propres, et à les changer et amender