The New-Orleans Bee.

No. 191: VOL. VII.—NEW SERIES. NEW ORLEANS, FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 17, 1845. VOL. XIX.—WHOLE NO. 4911

TERMS OF THE BEE.

SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily Paper, one year in advance, - $12
Country Paper, semi-weekly, one year in advance, - 6

No subscription taken for less than a year. In all cases, whether the subscription be for the paper only, or to the paper and advertising, it will not be considered as discontinued on the part of the subscriber, unless one week's notice in writing be given previous to the expiration of the year.

ADVERTISING.—One dollar per square, for each language of the first insertion, and half that price for each subsequent one, any alteration from the original advertisements will be charged as a new one. TEN lines are a square from ONE to TEN lines, charged as a square.

ADVERTISEMENTS not specified as to time will be published one month, and charged accordingly.

Advertisements inserted uninterrupted will be charged $1 per square for each language and for each insertion.

YEARLY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Merchants and Traders in French and English, $60
Commission merchants, ship and steamboat factors, do. - 80
Banks, insurance offices, public institutions, - 80

To advertisers in either French or English only, a reduction of 25 per cent will be made on the above prices, payable yearly in advance.

The privilege of quarterly advertising is limited to one square in extent, and three changes per week.

ADVERTISEMENTS out of the direct line of business of the yearly advertiser, such as legal notices, and plantations, houses or lots of ground to let or to be sold, runaway slaves, stray animals, &c. &c., will be charged separately and at the ordinary rates.

All notices of Candidates for political offices; all notices or articles of a personal nature (when admitted) will pay $2 per square, in advance.

J. MAGINE & WEISSE.

FEE BILLS.

A FEW COPIES of the above Bill have been printed in French and English for the use of courts, &c., and put on pasteboard. For sale at this office. Price, 31 per copy. m10

The New Constitution OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA.

Printed on fine paper, in pamphlet form, for sale at the office of the Bee, in Moreau's Literary Depot, Price 25 cents.

CARDS, NOTICES OF PARTNERSHIP, &c.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—The undersigned have formed a copartnership under the firm of P. O'CONNOLLY & CO., and will continue the business of Auctioneers in the place of P. O'CONNOLLY, at the Slave Mart, and will do business as Merchandise Brokers, as Agents for the Purchase of Real Estate, and for the Purchase and Sale of Negroes and Property, 56 Camp street.

P. O'CONNOLLY,
FELIX O'CONNOLLY.
New Orleans, 15 Oct. 1845. 3 ILSLEY.

IN retiring from active participation in the business of AUCTIONEERS and BROKERS, I feel it my duty to bring to every necessary extent, have been for many years engaged in the business of the city, they are now prepared to sell on the value of REAL ESTATE, and on other particular questions for the interest of parties who have business with the undersigned, and respectfully solicit a handsome share of public patronage.

F. O'CONNOLLY & Co.

NOTICE.—The copartnership carrying on business in this city under the firm of A. GORDON, WYLIE & CO., expired on the 1st instant, and is dissolved, and the firm will be used only in liquidation, which will be attended to at the business continued by its successors, WYLIE & EGANA.

New Orleans, 30th September, 1845.

A. GORDON,
A. H. WYLIE.
Per procu. E. DUBREUIL.
JUAN Y. DE EGANA.
M. J. DE LIZARDI, partner in commendam, per his Attorney JUAN Y. DE EGANA.

NOTICE.—The subscribers have this day entered into a copartnership for the purpose of transacting the business of WYLIE & EGANA, in which firm A. H. WYLIE, JUAN Y. DE EGANA, and M. J. DE LIZARDI, partner in commendam, all domiciled officers of the late firm of A. GORDON, WYLIE & CO., are associated to conduct the business formerly by the previous firm.

New Orleans, 1st October, 1845.

A. H. WYLIE,
Per procu. E. DUBREUIL.
JUAN Y. DE EGANA.
M. J. DE LIZARDI, partner in commendam, per his Attorney JUAN Y. DE EGANA.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

THE undersigned have formed a copartnership under the firm of E. BERTHOUD & CO., for the purpose of carrying on the business of Hose, Patent Belts, Hose Pipes, Fire Engines, and Machines, and all other articles appertaining to the business of Hose and Machines, and will do business at No. 8 Camp street, New Orleans.

J. S. BEARD.
E. BERTHOUD.
J. H. BEARD.

THE undersigned have formed a copartnership, under the firm of HOLT & CO., for the purpose of carrying on the business of Hose, Patent Belts, Hose Pipes, Fire Engines, and Machines, and all other articles appertaining to the business of Hose and Machines, and will do business at No. 8 Camp street.

J. H. LAPPINE.
CH. HOLT.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The firm of REYNAUD & FALLON, in this city, dissolved by mutual consent, on the first of this month. All persons having claims against the undersigned are requested to present them for payment.

PETER REYNAUD,
JOSEPH FALLON.
New Orleans, 15th September, 1845.

FORMATION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm of REYNAUD, CHOUCHAUD & CO., for the transaction of a general commission business.

PETER REYNAUD,
JOSEPH CHOUCHAUD,
B. F. VOORHIES.
New Orleans, 1st September, 1845.

COMMISSION HOUSE.

TO THE EASTERN AND WESTERN MERCHANTS.

THE undersigned, in order to meet the wants of his friends in the Eastern and Western States, and in New Orleans, has on hand, and will keep constantly on hand, a large and well selected stock of SHIPS, LAND AND BROKERS' LEATHER, which he will sell very low, for cash, or for the ready acceptance.

He also has a large assortment of the best Tanneries in the country, and can supply on hand a large assortment of LEATHER.

Orders will be executed on LEATHER and WESTERN PRODUCE of all kinds.

CROWLER & WEBB, commission Merchants, 3 and 13 Gerrish street, Boston.

REFERENCES:

Messrs. Lee, Wolcott & Co., Boston.
Messrs. Ward & Co., Boston.
Messrs. Spofford, Tileston & Co., New York.
Messrs. C. M. Leavitt, New York.
Messrs. Maddox, Harper & Co., Philadelphia.
Messrs. Peck, Jones & Co., Baltimore.
Messrs. Friend, Hopkins & Co., Baltimore. Jn30

LEONARD SHERMAN & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
SPERM, WHALE AND LINSEED OILS:
Soap, Candles, Rosin, Lard, Stock Fish, &c.
No. 12 Old Levee Street, New Orleans.

CHARLES A. BARRIERE,
Importer and Dealer in French and American **Dry Goods,**
No. 20, Chartres street, New Orleans.

PEET & MORTON,
Wholesale Dry Goods Jobbers,
No. 56 Chartres street.

HEPBURN & TURPIN,
IMPORTERS OF
HAVANA SEGARS,
Have a large assortment of the choicest brands, which they offer for sale low for cash, or approved paper. Sale room in the lower stores, No. 11 Royal street, New Orleans.

L. Duperron,
DOCTOR DENTIST,
No. 26 Bourbon street,
Between St. Philip and Dumaine streets.
Office hours from 8 o'clock A.M. till 3 P.M. and from 7 till 9 o'clock P.M.

FORDICK & BROTHER,
Commission & Forwarding Merchants,
No. 66 Campstreet, New Orleans.

BUDDEE, WOODS & CO.,
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
No. 14 Tchoupitoulas street.

WM. DAVIDSON & CO.,
Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants,
No. 81 Gravier street, New Orleans.

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NEW ORLEANS BEE

J. MAGINE & WEISSE, PROPRIETORS.
NO. 81 CHARTRES STREET.

Official Journal of the State,
AND COUNCIL OF MUNICIPALITY No. 3

WHIG CANDIDATES.

FOR GOVERNOR,
WILLIAM DEBUYS,
FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR,
EDWARD SPARROW.

NEW-ORLEANS,
FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 17, 1845.

THE COPELAND AFFAIR.

Our readers may remember that Mr. John H. Harmanson, locofoco candidate for Congress in the Third District, published, a few days since, a card, in which he promised by the 15th of October, a full and satisfactory explanation of his alleged agency in the maltreatment and outrages committed on the person of Mr. COPELAND. With a sincere desire to do justice to a political opponent, we transferred the card to our columns. The 15th of October has arrived, and Mr. HARMANSON publishes his vindication. It appeared yesterday in the *Jeffersonian Republican* of this city, to which journal it was transmitted for the purpose, we presume, of suddenly overwhelming Mr. H's. accusers with speechless astonishment and stupefaction. Here follows the explanation, *verbatim et literatim*, consisting, as will be perceived, of two affidavits made before Ira Bullard, Esq., Justice of the Peace in and for the Parish of Concordia:

"Personally appeared before me, Jas. B. Hull and William White, who after being duly sworn deposeth and saveth that they have been living in the neighborhood of the mouth of Red River for some thirteen or fourteen years, and that they are well acquainted with J. H. Harmanson; and that this is the first time they ever heard of J. H. Harmanson having lynched or illtreated Peter Copeland on the night, or time, when said Copeland conveyed his property to Jas. Michie, by act passed before J. B. Dawson, Parish Judge of West Feliciana, and that we think it impossible that Mr. Harmanson could have committed the acts he is charged with, without our having heard of it, as the affair was frequently talked of in the neighborhood, and our understanding always has been that Mr. J. H. Harmanson was accidentally there and did not participate in that transaction.

J. B. HULL.
WILLIAM WHITE.
Parish of Concordia, Oct. 7, 1845.
Sworn to and subscribed before me, Oct. 9th, 1845.
IRA BULLARD, J. P.

"Personally appeared before me, Ira Bullard, Justice of the Peace in and for the Parish of Concordia, State of Louisiana, Francis Routh of said Parish, who deposeth and sayeth that the evidence given in the case of Peter Copland vs. Michie, implicating J. H. Harmanson, by Margaret Phillips and Matilda Phillips charging Mr. Harmanson with false imprisonment, and employing threats to make Copland convey his property to Michie, is false; that Mr. Harmanson was accidentally at his business, and had nothing to do with the transaction, barely being present; and he further sees Mr. Harmanson charged with assault and battery and false imprisonment of Mr. Copland, as a part of the same affair, which he pronounces groundless and utterly false; Mr. Harmanson having nothing to do with the affair further than being present.

FRANCIS ROUTH.
Sworn to and subscribed before me 9th Oct. 1845.
IRA BALLARD, J. P.

We perused the above astounding documents with no little curiosity. They are certainly unique. They exhibit the extent to which the art of humbug may be carried, or rather they out-humbug humbug. Just look at them for a moment. Here are Messrs. J. B. Hull and Wm. White, doubtless very worthy individuals, who solemnly depose that they never heard of Mr. HARMANSON's having lynched or illtreated PETER COPELAND. We should like to know what such testimony can be expected to prove! If Messrs. HICKS and WHITE never heard of it, there are hundreds who have, and the positive evidence of the latter is sufficient to outweigh their negative evidence. Men in private life often perpetrate discreditable and culpable acts, which, in the lapse of years, are forgotten, and would probably never be remembered, were the authors content to remain in obscurity. But when an individual comes forward before the people, seeking their suffrages for a prominent office of trust and honor, his character and conduct are certain to be narrowly sifted, and if he stands accountable for sins of omission or commission he cannot expect to pass the *ordeal* of scrutiny unscathed. Thus has it been with Mr. HARMANSON. As a private citizen, nobody thought of enquiring into the Copeland outrage; as a candidate for Congress, his connection with that affair was immediately investigated and traced throughout all its details. The defective memory of Messrs. HICKS and WHITE is, we apprehend, not to over balance the testimony adduced before Judge DAWSON of the Parish Court of West Feliciana, who presided at the trial, and who refused to grant a new one. Neither can it outweigh the evidence which induced a jury of twelve men to annul the forced sale of COPELAND's property and award heavy damages.—Nor can it be expected to invalidate the solemn judgment of the Supreme Court, which reviewed the case on an appeal, which confirmed most of the original judgment, and which in the decision as pronounced by Judge MORPHY, repeatedly referred to Mr. HARMANSON as one of the parties in the scene of abduction and violence of which COPELAND was the victim. And yet the *ex parte* testimony of two gentlemen, who simply affirm that they never heard of Mr. HARMANSON's agency in the affair, is brought forward as an effectual counterpoise to all this crushing weight of inculpatory evidence. Never was a bad cause sustained by feebler arguments!

But the testimony of FRANCIS ROUTH, Esq., is stronger yet. This gentleman declares very positively that all the witnesses in the case of Copeland vs. Michie, implicating HARMANSON, swore falsely. Now who is FRANCIS ROUTH! Why, simply the person to whose dwelling COPELAND was forcibly transported, and where he was rigidly guarded until by menaces and maltreatment, he was compelled to consent to the sale of his property. In other words, Mr. ROUTH, who is charged as a party in this fine transaction, comes forward to vindicate Mr. HARMANSON, accused as an accomplice in the very same affair. We know no rule, either of law or common sense, which would render the testimony of Mr. ROUTH admissible in the case, far less enable it to nullify that of a host of witnesses, all of whom he very cavalierly pronounces a set of perjurers. We are far from impeaching Mr. ROUTH's respectability, but we cannot permit his unsupported assertion to destroy and annihilate the solemn testimony of a large number of witnesses subjected to the searching examination of men skilled in the law.

THE PUBLIC LANDS.

From an article in the Washington *Union*, we learn that the public lands subject to sale at this time are included in the following States and Territories, to wit: Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Michigan, Arkansas and Florida, and the Territories of Iowa and Wisconsin. The whole amount of public lands sold in 1844 was 1,754,120 acres; the proceeds of which amounted to $2,205,850. The largest amount of sales was made in Illinois, being 403,410 acres—showing the rapid growth of that young State. The smallest quantity was sold in Florida, being 14,714 acres—owing, doubtless, to the recent difficulties with the Indians in that Territory. Maryland makes next to Illinois in the amount of sales, being 419,531 acres.—From the 1st of January until the 31st of August, 1845, being eight months, the sales in all the States and Territories already specified amounted to 1,083,466 acres; the proceeds of which amounted to $1,382,936. Here, again, the largest amount of sales has been made in Illinois; the next in Wisconsin Territory, and the smallest in Florida. The whole amount of sales for 1845, if proportionate, will about equal the sales of 1844.

Several millions of acres have been recently offered at public sale, and thrown into market; which may have a tendency to increase the amount of future sales.

The vast domain which Texas brings with it into the Union, but which continues subject to disposition by the State of Texas, will be likely to impose a necessity upon the General Government to change or modify the present system.

☞ The Jefferson county (N. Y.) *Democrat*, published near the home of SILAS WRIGHT, publishes an article equoting awfully towards an informal nomination of that gentleman for the Presidency in 1848. The Calhoun men will take this rather unkindly. It behooves, too, the *Union* to read the editor a lecture upon his impudence, as he recently did, in the case of a cap paper established in Ohio, a few days since. Perhaps, however, the official is disposed to be more indulgent, towards the Old Hunker democracy, as that is a ratification of locofocoism which Mr. Polk is believed to regard with very decided favor.

TREMENDOUS FIRE IN MONTREAL.—On the 4th inst., a fire broke out in Montreal, which destroyed nearly one hundred houses. Two were blown up and several pulled down, to stop the spread of the conflagration.—The fire originated in a building in Queen street, and spread rapidly over nearly the entire block from Queen street on the North to Prince street on the South, and from Wellington street East to Gabriel street West. It then crossed Prince street and consumed the next block through to Nazareth street. The buildings consumed were many of them of a rather ordinary kind, occupied by families in the humbler walks of life. The distress and privation, therefore, are great.

SHIPWRECK.—The brig *Lottery*, Capt. Dunnell, from Jamaica, bound to Alexandria, in ballast, went ashore a few days ago about 20 miles south of Cape Henry.—She filled with water and would inevitably be a total

GEORGIA.

The Augusta *Chronicle* of the 11th, brings returns, official and reported, from sixty seven counties, out of ninety three. They show a gain of about 2,800 votes in favor of Governor Crawford, over the vote for President last year. There are twenty-six counties to hear from which will increase the gain. We, therefore, entertain no doubt of the success of Governor Crawford, by a majority of from 1,000 to 1500. It may go beyond our highest figure.

In the Legislature the contest is more decisive. The Senate will probably stand 28 whigs to 22 locofocos—which will give the latter a majority of 2 in that body. In the House the prospect now is that there will be a whig majority of six to eight—doubtful, of course, upon the result in the counties yet to hear from. We have already, says the *Chronicle*, returns of the election of fifty six whigs to the House, and we hope to elect one in each of the counties of Decatur, Lowndes, Montgomery, Tattnall and Thomas, and two each in Elbert, Troup and Stewart, all of which are whig counties. There are besides, some other counties in which we have a prospect of electing whigs. But a few days will decide.

The election of Gov. Crawford is of itself a most conclusive triumph. Though an able and popular man, he was opposed by H. McAllister—perhaps the strongest locofoco leader in the State. The people of Georgia are essentially whig. They were overborne and conquered last year by an immense fraudulent vote in the dark region, where locofocoism reigns triumphant.—This year the whigs were on their guard. The vote was a fair one, and there is *therefore* every reason to believe that the whigs have achieved a victory.

The above cheering intelligence is thus confirmed by the Milledgeville *Recorder* extra of the 9th inst.—

MILLEDGEVILLE, Thursday night, October 9, 1845.—Sufficient returns have been received to render it almost certain that Gov. Crawford has been re-elected by a considerable majority; probably from a thousand to fifteen hundred. The Legislature on joint ballot likewise, we believe, has been secured to the whigs, beyond doubt. The whigs have the Representative branch and Governor; the only doubt at present is in regard to the Senate. It is altogether probable, from present appearances, that the Democrats may carry a small majority in that branch of the Legislature.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

☞ Tall JIM PORTER, the Kentucky Giant, is at present sojourning in this city. We advise Jim to turn politician, and settle in Missouri. He is a good whig and would have a decided advantage over his opponent at *stump* speaking in that *prairie* country. There is a rumor in circulation, but we will not vouch for its accuracy, that since Jim's arrival here, he has been called upon to act as a second in a duel now on the tapis.—The advantage he possesses over ordinary men, when it comes to stepping off the ground, will be of immense benefit to his principal; particularly so, if he should happen to be a *little long sighted*.

☞ James Gallagher, charged with having caused the death of James Mellary, by striking him on the head with a heavy cane, was yesterday arraigned before Recorder Baldwin, and admitted to bail in the sum of $2,000 for his appearance for examination on Monday morning next.

☞ Our thanks are due the officers of the steamboat *Republic*, for late St. Louis papers.

☞ We are indebted to the clerk of steamer *Ambassador*, for a late Vicksburg paper.

WISCONSIN TERRITORY.—Martin, the locofoco candidate for Governor, is doubtless elected.

THE NATIVES in New York city have nominated a full ticket for Assembly.

THE MISSOURI river at the last advices, was rising considerably, and would probably soon be in good order for navigation.

☞ We learn with great regret that the Honorable THEODORE FRELINGHUYSEN, had been dangerously ill at his residence in the city of New York, but according to the latest accounts he was somewhat better.

VENEZUELA.—The population of the Republic of Venezuela in 1843, was 1,068,809, of whom 78,595 were slaves. Since that date the number of slaves has been reduced to 21,638.

POPULATION OF NEW YORK.—The returns of the census of more than one-half the state have been received, and estimating the increase in the remainder of the state, it is believed that the population is now about 2,670,000—being a gain since 1840 of only 224,000.

SHOCKING.—We are distressed to learn that the young and interesting wife of the Rev. Mr. Lord, a Presbyterian clergyman, settled at South Virgil, in the southern part of this county, was found on Saturday evening last, with her infant, six months old, lying dead upon the floor of their dwelling, with both their throats horribly cut and mutilated. They were first discovered by the husband and father on his returned from a visit to his parishioners. Last month three millions of dollars were required to finish a Railroad from New York to Erie—within the month the whole amount was subscribed, and the stock taken by those who stand the very highest in the commercial circles, both for sound judgment and capital. This movement is not confined to the wealthy and populous cities, we have named—The same thing is going on in Alabama, Georgia on the South and South Carolina. Each of those States have already made Railroad communications in various directions, extending hundreds of miles and are still urging them forward with the greatest activity, considering an investment of capital more profitable, or more advantageous.

It is to be hoped that in this onward march of improvement, Louisiana will not remain entirely behind. Nature has made this State the very country for Railroads, no where can they be constructed so cheaply, and no where are they so absolutely and imperatively required. Nature has given us a fertile country and excellent timber for the construction of Railroads, but there is no material whatever for the construction of common roads, when upon our rich and fertile soil such roads absolutely impassable with three days' rain.

We shall recur to this subject again soon, and meanwhile would be glad to receive communications from good practical Engineers and others capable of developing and explaining the advantages which the neighborhood of our city and other portions of the State offer for such undertakings.

MEETINGS OF AN APPROACHING STORM.

We find, says the *National Intelligencer*, the following article in last Tuesday's *Philadelphia Sentinel*; an old and consistent, and if we were not entirely prejudiced in it, always decorous and respectable democratic journal. The *Sentinel* says for itself, and truly, that it "has labored faithfully thirty years for the democratic party." Coming from such a source, whose political orthodoxy cannot be questioned, the article certainly points out no small amount of error in the administration of its choice.

(From the Sentinel.)

THE ADMINISTRATION HAS ERRED.

It has erred in its course towards the friends of Mr. Van Buren and Governor Wright, in New York. Never it acted towards as opponents, on coming into power in March last—as enemies, and not as the friends to whom it was indebted for the defeat of Mr. Clay.

It has erred in its course toward the friends of Mr. Dallas—a patriotic band, who secured to Mr. Polk the State of Pennsylvania.

It has erred in its course toward the friends of Mr. Tyler, who came to the rescue at a period of great doubt and uncertainty.

It has erred in its course towards the friends of Mr. Calhoun, who now, for no good reason, so far as they are concerned, are arrayed against the Administration.

It has erred in its course toward the friends of Gen. Cass, Governor Porter, and General Cameron, to each whom, and the friends of the other parties, now rests the responsibility of carrying through the great measures which have so long received the attention of the Democratic party.

The crisis is an important one. Let the administration pause and reflect.

It is too late to *temporize*. Decided action alone can save the party from the injury it has sustained by the course of the weak, selfish, pretended friends of President Polk—men who really have no interests but *their* ones to subserve.

THE MORMONS.

The St. Louis papers of the 9th contain a letter addressed by the Mormon leaders to Gov. Ford, of Illinois, in which they announce their intention to remove from the country. They state that one thousand families, comprising from five to six thousand souls are determined to leave in the spring, and move beyond the Rocky Mountains. In the meanwhile they offer their lands and property for sale, but will not sacrifice them, or suffer them to be illegally wrested from them.

The conduct of Gen'l. Hardin in effecting a complete pacification with the Mormons is highly praised as prudent, firm and just. His presence with a small force, soon restored order, and subdued insubordination.

THE WORLD'S CONVENTION, says the N. Y. *Mirror*, has got day by day, but as yet we have not received anything in its proceedings likely to produce the millennium so much desired. They seem to get along much about the same way as other people—they talk a good deal—quarrel occasionally—differ very often, and harmonize in sentiments very seldom. Every one seems disposed to attain the same result, but every one proposes a different way to get at it. We may safely conclude, however, that should the resolutions now under discussions be adopted, that the world will still revolve the same way—that lawyers will still get rich, and priests be indispensable.

ANOTHER MURDER AT TROY.—Another wife has been murdered by a husband at Troy. A few days since, a watchman found Mrs. Mallon, who resided at 101 Congress street, enveloped in flames, and quickly extinguished them, but she died from the injuries. It is now said that she and her husband were drunk, and that after her clothes were on fire, she attempted to escape into the street, but he forcibly detained her until the watchman effected an entrance into the apartment.

TENNESSEE.—The Legislature of Tennessee assembled at Nashville on Monday the 6th instant. In the Senate, there were 21 ballotings for President without any choice being effected. In the House B. CARTRIGHT, (l. f.) was elected speaker by two votes majority over E. ETHERIDGE, whig.

BREACH OF MARRIAGE PROMISE—EXEMPLARY DAMAGES.—A suit for damages for breach of marriage promise has just closed in the Wayne County (Ohio) Common Pleas, which should prove a caution to all faithless Benedicts awaiting. The character and standing of the parties, and the aggravating circumstances attending the refusal to fulfil the most solemn of contracts, created much interest in the case in Wayne county.—The suit was brought by Miss *Mary Fleming* against Thompson Eckhart, and resulted in a verdict of $2,250 for the plaintiff. When the verdict was announced, we understand the crowded court room was somewhat noisy in its approval.—*Cleveland (O.) Herald.*

DREADFUL OCCURRENCE.—*A man literally dissolved.* A young man, named Joseph Bramney, residing at Bradfield, in Derbyshire, and employed at the Dinas Vale print works, belonging to *Mr. Potter*, was lately found by a pan containing 300 gallons of caustic lye, which was at a boiling heat. How he came in, is not known; but it is supposed that he went to the one of the pans to see if the lye was at the boiling, and, stooping on the edge, must have fallen into the horrible grave. The deceased had not been seen since the morning after twelve minutes past six o'clock. At a quarter past, one Robert Bonner went to ask up the liquor in the pan, when, to his great alarm, he discovered some of the deceased's clothes floating on the boiling quite some away by the liquor.—*Derby, Eng. paper.*

FOR THE CONVENT.—At the request of a Number of Families leaving their children at the Convent, hereafter the new fast sailing boat MATILDA JANE, will make two departures on Sunday morning, commencing on Sunday, October 19th, leaving the wharf of the First Municipality Ferry, foot of Anne street, at the hours and as half past 11, remaining an hour at the Convent each trip; by this arrangement persons going down by the first trip can play long their visit three hours.

Families or gentlemen who wish to purchase of this trip for recreation and remaining on board, will have the privilege of making both trips by paying for the boat only.

Trips 50 cents—children and servants half price. o17

—NEW ORLEANS COMMERCIAL TIMES.—

PROSPECTUS of a Daily Paper to be issued on the 1st of November next, under the title of "The New Orleans Commercial Times," devoted to Commerce, Agriculture, Literature and the Arts.

The undersigned propose publishing on the first day of November next, a Daily Paper, under the above title, fully impressing the importance of the city of New Orleans, which seems destined not to remain prized to occupy the most prominent position in the Commercial Empire of Emporium, has led the publishers to believe that an organ specially devoted to the cause of the Mercantile and Agricultural classes, will add a valuable feature to the encouragement which this community has at all times shown, not only to enterprise, but to the cultivation of the rougher and more substantial pursuits of life.

Disregarding all political controversy, his leading aim of the undersigned is to impart to his readers a clear view of the daily operations in the market with a careful investigation of the causes by which they are governed; in short, all information which may be useful to the man of business and to the intelligent Merchant. Every effort will be made to render this department of the work perfect.—Arrangements are in progress for a regular and authentic correspondence with writers of known ability, at Europe, and in the Northern and Western cities, which will enable the undersigned to present to their readers an epitome of events in those quarters, more interesting than can be elicited from other sources. The receipts of transactions in this market will be under the management of Mr. L. Sweigert, who for many years past has been associated with some of the leading journals in this city as their Commercial Editor.

Looking to the immense and rapidly extending values of the Agricultural interests of the South-west, it will be the constant aim of the Editor of this paper to render it a valuable contribution as may tend to the improvement of these prominent staples which constitute the mass property of the commercial greatness of New Orleans. Our paper will be the importance of the prospect, and viewing it in the required light, as a means to promote the general interest, it is the intention of the undersigned to apply to this Department the work, zeal and untiring industry.

The Shipping Lists of Arrivals and Departures, relating to Commerce to be sent to the south at the South will be brought to the right, or time, and of the action of the Commercial Exchange, and other particulars of the Cotton. Literature and the Fine Arts will also have their place, and be attended with the real share importance demanded.

Mr. T. B. Thorpe, of a long residence should write the Sketch, and as usual, will contribute a sketch, or a series, of the Agricultural Department of the paper. T. Allbright, Esq., of Warrington, Maine, will have control of the Agricultural Department, and the Editorial department will be conducted therewith, should he undertake to be at Washington, Mississippi. Mr. J. J. Hawkins is our Associate and Joint Editor.

☞ A some weekly cotton report will be issued on Wednesday, and the Monthly Cotton Circular, giving in part as the following articles—French Prints, only by new patterns; French Furniture, plain, buff and red dc do; Mousseline de Laine, do do; Mousseline de Laine, all table do do; Nasp. Ginns, shell finished; Indian Dance, a new article; B.B. Calicoes, 36, 39, 40 and 42 inches; Mousseline de Laine, new articles; Woolen Mixs, Silk Mixs, assorted patterns; Cashmere Shawls, Cashmere and Mousseline de Laine; 7/4 and 8/4 gentlemen's Long Cravats; do do black Satin do; gentlemen's fancy and black Satin do; Scotch Plaids, in the printed Cashmere Shawls, Scotch, Petin Silks, plain black, watered and striped; Indian Red Gloves; gentlemen's do do, do Beaver do, sickings; Silk H kfs, Foulard, Pongee, Bandanna, striped black and white Silk Hose; black Cashmere Hosiery; black Cashmere Scarfs; Pink Cambric, Cotton Plaids, Cotton Cambrics; Jac-net do, Jaconet Lappets; do do Insertings and Edgings; white and black Bobinet Lace; do do Valencia lace; Regal do do; Fancy Bobinet Lace; Cotton Tassels; striped and plain barred Jaconet; black Lace Veils; plain black Silk Veils; Green Parasols; Cotton Parasols; Fancy Cambrics, Brown and Green Brocade; do, dress silk; Green do for carriages; black satin sadle green Brocade; Green Brocade Furniture; Cambrics, brown and green; Cashmere Brin; white and do do, 8/4 and 9/4 Sheets; bedtick, 4/4 and 5/4 Ticking; Cotton Flannel, black Cambric; Silk Velvet; Cotton Velvets; Cotton Flannels; Cotton Blankets; Cotton Bed Ticks; Cotton Sheetings; Cotton Shirtings; Cotton Drillings; Cotton Ginghams; Cotton Bandanna; Cotton Hosiery; Cotton Gloves; Cotton Tapes; Cotton Thread; Cotton Twist; Cotton Wadding; Cotton Napkins; Cotton Umbrellas; 9/4 do; Gingham do; ladies Worsted Coat Hose; Bed Cups; a new article; Shoe Cords; Ribbons; Cotton Ribbons; Cotton Fringe; Cotton Cord and Brunswick Boots for children; men's cashmere Hosiery; Supple do do, men's Black Satin do; Worsted Socks; do do Socks; do do Pink Satin Hosiery; Rose, Coat Buttons; men's Silk Under Shirts and Drawers; men's Lambs wool do do; men's Merino do do; Cotton Hosiery; ribbed do, do; Cotton Shirts; hickory Linen and Cotton Tape; Linen Bobbin; Quality Binding; Worsted do; Worsted Cord; Cotton do; Cotton Cord; Corset do; Corset Steels; Corset Laces; Corset Busks; Corset Cords; Cotton Cord; Cotton Thread; Cotton Twist; Cotton Tassels; Cotton Fringe; Cotton Tape; Cotton Velvet; black and colored Linen Thread; black Silk Fringe; black and white Sewing Silk; 4/4 and 6/4 Woolen Shawls. o16

HAVANA CIGARS—Of all brands on sale for sale by J. M. CABALLERO, 16 Old Levee.

SUGAR—Havana white and yellow sugars for sale by J. M. CABALLERO, 16 Old Levee.

WHITE NORTHERN HERN—20 barrels white herrings of a superior quality, just received from Boston per ship Arrow, for sale by JOHN A. MERRITT & Co, 48 Camp.

NOW landing from ship New Hampshire from Bordeaux 1300 pipes casks, 60 cases cognac in brandy, 80 do sarrasc, 2 hdds do do, for sale by DUCOUTE & TOULADE, 12 Toulouse.

BOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS—300 cases landing from ship Arrow and Harriet Rochelle, for sale by R. G. MORRIS & Co, 2 Carondelet Range street.

BAGGING AND BALE ROPE—500 pieces superior best bagging, 10 coils bale rope in store for sale by WM FROST & Co, 81 Old Levee.

LEAD—Bar lead and bar lead in sling from steamer Republic, for sale by MERLE, SETLLE & Co 76 Tchoupitoulas.

WOOL SOCKS—300 dozen from west coast, landing from Barque Rockwell, for sale by FROST & Co, 10 Magazine.

BRICKS—50,000 Dutch bricks landing from ship Henry, for sale by J. P. WHITNEY & Co, 73 Camp.

RAISINS—200 boxes, Mr. Hooper; 2/4 Mr. Hooper, 100 boxes bunch, landing and for sale by TOCKICK & BRO, 74 Camp.

BALE ROPE—To cut a discount bale rope in store for sale by RICKER & PEARSON, 62 Camp st.

PRIME CIGARS—superior genuine Principes of the steamboat brand in store for sale by J. M. CABALLERO, 16 Old Levee.

LEAF TOBACCO—A few kegs best Virginia do Kentucky in store for sale by J. M. CABALLERO, 16 Old Levee.

PICKLE—50 kegs and 5 half kegs superior Western pickles, for sale by G. & R. BUCHANAN & Co, 91 Tchoupitoulas.

TEA—Landing and for sale 1000 packages Tea imperial gun, powder, for sale by NORCROSS & FOSDICK, 40 Gravier st.

BOSTON REFINED SUGAR—100 packages no. crush and for sale by NORCROSS & FOSDICK, 40 Gravier st.

CHEESES—50 cases Cheshire yo hee dry, do do green do, for sale by F. VERDENBURGH & Co, 26 Old Levee.

UPPER—100 cases superior Rio, landing from ship Mount, and for sale by G. & R. BUCHANAN & Co, 91 Tchoupitoulas.

WHITE WINE—50 cases Lunel Lisse, in store for sale by F. VERDENBURGH & Co, 26 Old Levee.

BRANDY AND GIN—100 hogsh. of old drop, this day and for sale by F. VERDENBURGH & Co, 26 Old Levee.

MACKEREL—50 bbls mackerel half bbls No 2 and 3 No 1, in store and for sale by F. VERDENBURGH & Co, 26 Old Levee.

VANILLA INDIGO—Some just received and for sale by W. F. VERDENBURGH & Co, 26 Old Levee.

ALUM, EPSOM SALTS AND SALTPETRE—Always on hand and for sale by W. F. VERDENBURGH & Co, 26 Old Levee.

BOWER PAINT—200 kegs Lead, ready mixed for sale by W. F. VERDENBURGH & Co, 26 Old Levee.

HAMS—100 pcs cured hams, a very superior article for family use, landing and for sale by JAS. E. WOODRUFF, 60 Camp.

NEW ENGLAND RUM AND PURE SPIRITS—100 bbls for sale by W. F. VERDENBURGH & Co, 26 Old Levee.

SPERM AND WHALE OIL—600 gallons of each for sale by W. F. VERDENBURGH & Co.

MADDER—4 tons and 8 pipes extra, all of the best quality, for sale by W. F. VERDENBURGH & Co.

FAMILY HAMS—200 Lambs Lee sugar cured family hams landing on steamer Olive Branch, for sale by W. F. VERDENBURGH & Co.

FLOUR—100 bbls superfine Genesee, good shipping order, in store, and for sale by JAMES E. WOODRUFF, 60 Camp.

INDIGO—2 cases Manilla indigo, very superior quality, just received per ship Herod, and for sale by E. JOHNS, 150 Perdido.

EAU DE COLOGNE—10 cases Eau de Cologne, direct importation, in store and for sale by J. P. WHITNEY & Co, 73 Camp.

COTTON, BAGGING AND ROPE—Bale Kentucky bagging and rope in bale 50 and 60 inches, for sale by E. JOHNS, 150 Perdido.

SALT—10,000 sacks Bonaire salt, a very heavy article for sale by J. P. WHITNEY & Co, 73 Camp.

SCOTCH NAVY CUT—A supply of this article constantly on hand, and for sale by J. P. WHITNEY & Co, 73 Camp.

BACON HAMS—11 hhds of superior article, now landing and for sale by JAS. E. WOODRUFF, 60 Camp.

HAVANA SEGARS—A large also varied assortment of well approved brands for sale by REYNAUD, CHOUCHAUD & Co, 31 Tchoupitoulas.

FRENCH JACKETS—Received per late arrivals from Havre, an assortment of French jackets, for sale by LORNE & FROIS, 81 Chartres.

CHEAP JUSTICE LINENS—A great assortment of fine linens per last arrivals, now for sale at cheap prices by LORNE & FROIS, 81 Chartres.

FRENCH LETTER PAPER in store and for sale by REYNAUD, CUCULLU & Co, 31 Tchoupito