NEW-ORLEANS BEE

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"Truth to ourselves, and Public Justice enable."

FOR GOVERNOR
HENRY JOHNSON.

NEW-ORLEANS:
THURSDAY MORNING, SEPT. 2, 1841.

The Whigs of Orleans have determined to support for representatives at the ensuing election:

T. H. McCALEB,
GEORGE K. ROGERS,
J. MARCEL DUCROS.

☞ We are authorized and requested to announce as candidates at the special election for Representatives in the 31st, Messrs G. K. Rodgers, T. H. McCaleb and J. Marcel Ducros.

☞ The following named gentlemen will be supported as candidates for the several municipalities, for representatives to the legislature at the ensuing election:

First Municipality, . . . G. K. RODGERS.
Second Municipality, . . . T. H. McCALEB.
Third Municipality, . . . J. MARCEL DUCROS.

☞ *Call for 7th Election of Delegates* — James H. Caldwell has been declined. He will suppose the general interests of the State, particularly the interests of New Orleans. He will expect a resumption of specie pay ment on the part of the local banks, and in favor of a national fiscal agent.

☞ The following named gentlemen will be supported as a large number of voters of the different municipalities recommend for the State Legislature:

1st Municipality,		D. O. McNAIL.
2d	do.	
3d	do.	MARCEL DUCROS.

☞ We are requested to announce that Alfred J. Davezac, U. S. Assessor will be supported by a large number of voters of the three municipalities, as candidate at the ensuing election for representatives to the Legislature.

THE LAST DAY.

This is the Last day, and we call upon every voter to perform one of the most sacred and inestimable rights of a freeman—that of suffrage. Whether the regular whig ticket be defeated or victorious; whether the locofocos sustain whigs and the whigs locofocos, it is equally the duty of the citizen to devote one moment to the welfare of the State which protects him, and to whose legislation he is indebted for peace and tranquility, and the preservation of his life and property. To the polls, then, fellow citizens! Shake off your apathy. Elect good men and true as your representatives—or at least contribute by your votes to this result, and whatever may ensue, you will have no Corpus-hating voice to heed, and will have the proud consciousness of having done your duty.

THE ELECTION.

The following is the vote polled yesterday and the day preceding

	1st day.	2d day.	Total.
First Municipality,	227	177	404
Second "	146	174	320
Third "	90	79	169
	463	430	893

As one opposition run against seven or eight whigs, it is highly probable he will be elected, unless the friends of the regular ticket turn out in their strength today. Among the irregular candidates, it was a perfect scrub-race.

☞ There were two mails due yesterday, but one (the latter) failed beyond Charleston. We are consequently without any advices from Congress. We are at a loss to see how much skin is left on Henry A. Wise, after the awful excoriation he was to receive from Tom Marshall.

☞ We understand that a letter has been received from one of our representatives in Congress, which states as the opinion of the writer, that no bank having incorporated powers to deal in Exchange, can obtain the sanction of Mr. Tyler, and that the President will veto the bill now before congress. This will of course preclude all the hope of any National Bank during the administration of John Tyler. This intelligence supposing it true—does not take us by surprise. Our readers may remember, that in commenting on the veto, we mentioned that Mr. Tyler's views seemed to shut out all prospect of a bank. His quasi recommendation of a fiscal institution of deposit and circulation, "with power" incidentally to regulate exchanges" did not appear to us sufficiently frank or explicit to induce the belief that he would sanction any project empowering directly the Fiscal Agent to purchase foreign and domestic exchange—*a sine qua non* in an institution of which the object is to regulate the currency. We may therefore look for another leaf or in the book of Executive Responsibility.

Temperance Concert.—By reference to our advertising columns, it will be perceived that a Concert of sacred music will be given this evening at the Church opposite the Lafayette Square, to furthering of the philanthropic objects of the Temperance Society. The selections are excellent, and of themselves are well worthy the attention of our citizens, while the admirable purpose to which the proceeds are to be devoted, should command the presence of every friend of temperance.

Death of the City.—The number of interments reported to the Board of Health for the twenty-four hours ending yesterday at noon, is 35, of which 21 were of yellow fever.

Report of the Charity Hospital.—During the twenty four hours ending yesterday evening at six o'clock, there were 28 admissions, of which 19 were yellow fever, 8 deaths, all of which were yellow fever, 14 discharges, of which 5 were yellow fever—Number of patients remaining on the 1st September, 307.

Coroner's Inquest.—The Coroner held an inquest yesterday on the body of a mulatto man, unknown, found drowned in front of Gravier street, second municipality. He was about 28 years of age and were brown duck pantaloons and a blue striped cott-made shirt. Verdict accordingly.

Wm. H. Williams.—Judge Matthews delivered his opinion yesterday in this case. He declines acting on the writ of habeas corpus, assigning for his reasons, that he court is not a court of error, and possesses no jurisdiction in the matter.

Grant has received the August number of the "*Knickerbocker*." It is enriched by a contribution from the pen of Washington Irving.

Illinois.—It is now ascertained that Lieut. Casey (ran by the whigs) is elected over Anderson, (L. C.) The representation therefore will stand two whigs and one opposition.

Liberia newspapers to June 18th, state the news of the death of President Harrison reached Monrovia on the 9th of June, and the U. S. schooner Grampus, Lieut. Paine commanding, which arrived at Monrovia on the 10th June, united with the authorities of that place in paying funeral honors to the memory of the deceased president.

A piece of Silver.—Mr. F. Blackburn has placed in the Philadelphia Exchange, a nugget of silver, entirely *pure*, from the Washington mine, Davidson county, North Carolina. The mass weighs 277 ounces, and is worth about four hundred dollars. The National *Intelligencer* states that the company went in operation about a year ago, the mine being then but partially opened, and showing the bed of ore to be of very great extent, comprising millions of tons of ore of the richest kind. Six furnaces are now in operation, raid the yield equal from 1,500 to 2,000 pounds per day of united metal (lead and silver) valuing from $525 to $800. The proceeds of one furnace have been more than sufficient to pay the expenses of the mine since going into operation, up to the 1st September, from which period the dividends of the company will commence.

We copy the following from the Charleston *Patriot*.

ANOTHER DIAMOND FOUND.
Abbeville Court House,
23d August, 1841.

Mr. Editor,

Sir,—In the Southern Patriot of the 14th inst. I noticed an extract from the "Cincinnati Daily Gazette," relative to a "Native Diamond, found in Indiana," and was forcibly impressed with its description as being nearly the same connected with a gem which I found in the year 1826, in the Wisconsin Territory, my gem well cut glass, and scratch quarts crystal. It cannot be scratched by the hard-st silver-smiths file, nor by grinding on a grind stone. It is 5-8 in width, and 7-8 in thickness, with twenty-four correct bezeps, blisters or facets on one side, and when exposed to the rays of the sun or candle-light, these facets reflect the light very brilliantly. In shape somewhat resembles the segment or one-fifth part of a circle. It has a slight tinge of pale yellow, apparently confined to its exterior, and is very transparent. It weighs in all 22 grains, and by immersion in spring water 10 grains.—My object in this publication is to arrest the attention of the scientific, whom I respectfully invite to an examination of the gem mentioned, together with my Cabinet generally, consisting of six hundred cornelians, agates, and other transparent stones, inclosed to me, with them can be seen the prairie salt, and the richest ores of iron, lead and copper, all of which were found in the United States, and within the Territorial bounds.

THOMAS PICKOY SPHERRY.

☞ The *National Intelligencer* of the 23d August, expresses the opinion that the Land bill will pass and become a law.

AWFUL CALAMITY AT SYRACUSE, N.Y.

By an Extra from the New York *Sun* we learn the particulars of a fearful occurrence at Syracuse. A fire broke out in a carpenter's shop on the 20th August, at a small distance from the junction of the Oswego with the Erie Canal. From the combustible nature of the materials, the flames extended rapidly. An immense concourse of citizens and strangers were on the spot, and busily engaged in attempting to extinguish the fire, when a barrel of gunpowder, which unknown to any, had been recently stored upon the premises, exploded with terrible effect. Not less than thirty persons were instantly killed, and from forty to fifty wounded, many of them so badly as to preclude all hope of their recovery. The extent of the calamity is not yet known, as many persons are missing, and a number hurled into the canal. The *Sun* says that when the cars left Syracuse the next morning, he citizens were engaged in letting the water out of the Oswego canal, in order to recover the bodies of those who had been thrown in it.

The following is a list of the killed and wounded, so far as ascertained:—

KILLED.

E H Hough, druggist.
Z Dwight, livery stable keeper.
John Dorotord, jr. lawyer,
Jona. Collamumer, wheelwright.
H N Cheeney, wigh master.
Lorin Cheeney, clerk do.
H Gottings, carpenter.
W Cauchlin, butcher.
M Magnor, clerk
Isaac Stanton, stone-cutter.
—— Baker, a boy.
—— Merrit, tailor.
Hugh T Gibson, merchant, formerly keeper of the Syracuse House.
—— Luke, a shoemaker.
—— M. ffatt, book-keeper.
Henry Van Hoesen, blacksmith.
Noah Hoyt do. —
—— Burdick.

WOUNDED.

Dr Foran, badly.
Elisha George, merchant, do.
J in S Phelps, tollard room-keeper, do.
D C Leroy, post office clerk, very badly.
Jeremiah Stevens, merchant, do.
H Sloan, tailor, slightly.
Jona. Shooter, canal hand, slightly.
—— Benedict, slightly.
S W Caldwell, very badly.
Saml. Hurst, laborer, badly.
S D Lawson, tinman, very badly.
S Backwood, musician, badly.
L Milan, laborer, badly.
J Grover, tailor, badly.
Wm Baker, clerk, slightly.
L Gifford, carpenter, badly.
—— Collins, butcher.
—— Austin, a boy, badly.
—— Wheeler, shoemaker, badly.
Mrs. Apleton, slightly.
Miss Ellison, slightly.
W B Close, badly.
George Waller, lawyer, slightly.
Richard Thorn, boy, badly.
Henry Hoge, boy, badly.
Benj. Higgins, boy, badly.

Five persons were found dead in Mr. Hosen's blacksmith shop, in addition to the above, whom it was impossible to recognise. From seven to ten more whites were blown entirely to pieces, and their remains can only be collected in fragments. Three or four blacks, names unknown, were also among the killed.

[From the Savannah Republican.]

LATE FROM FLORIDA.

By the U. S. shr. *Joseph Crowell*, Capt. Gunnow, and the U. S. steamer *Beaufort*, Capt. Page, arrived on Tuesd-y, we received the subjoined letters from attentive correspondents in Florida, together with the St. Augustine *News* of Friday last.

We learn from a passenger who came in the *Beaufort*, that there are many Indians out in the neighborhood of Newmansville. A gentleman arrived from Jacksonville, 14th before the boat left, who states that they have even come into the suburbs at night and stolen fowls, &c. The citizens are greatly alarmed, for fear they will make an attack upon the place. It will be recollected that the troops were all removed some time since from that vicinity.

Correspondence of the Savannah Republican.

Palatka, Aug. 17, 1841.

Gentlemen—However flattering the prospect in prospective, we are under the necessity of communicating the intelligence, that at present the Florida war is not over. There is a class of scribblers writing for the public press, who for reason best known to themselves, insist that the war which is now raging, is at a close—no argument can convince them to the contrary, and I find that, when an Indian bullet pute a temporary veto upon their unmeaning night and direct appeal to their *wounded* feelings. All this will do well enough for the army which is operating in the field, but it is not fair to beguile the peaceful citizens of Florida into the belief, that the high roads to Picolata can be travelled without imminent danger to their persons, from the scalping knife of an insidious and still unconquered foe. Happening ourself to have returned from the nation very recently, we can assure our fellow citizens, that the road from this place to the interior, via Fort Russell, is dangerous in the extreme, and should not be travelled, unless the parties attempting the route, be well provided with means of defence, in case of a probable emergency. The band of Halleck Tustenuggee, in divided forces, haunts hammock and stream. On the eleventh inst. only four or five hours after Lieut. Patten had crossed the Ocklawaha, in search of this reckless chief, the express rider from Fort Russell to this place, was fired on with in a mile of the tract Lieut. Patten, and the express rider barely escaped with his life. The same day, near Micanopy, a citizen was attacked and killed by a portion of this ruthless banditti. If these facts do not speak for themselves more powerful than the voice of argument, we will admit that the war is in reality ended, and that it has been ended ever since the important enunciation of the fact by General Gaines, who it is said declares the war has been closed ever since he made the Indians one for peace in the spring of 1836. No, gentlemen, although many of the Indians have surrendered, the war is still as far from a close. The band alone of Halleck Tustenuggee separated as it is into fragments, would keep the army in active operation for twelve months to come.

Col. Worth is an accomplished and a meritorious officer, but neither he nor any other commander can prophecy what is in the dark womb of futurity, nor say to the tide of battle "*here* shall thy proud waves be staid!"

Yours, &c. B.

[From the Rochester Democrat]

Incidents connected with the destruction of the Erie.—Two other incidents have been related second or third handed to us, calculated to render more vivid to the mind the horrors of that dreadful scene. They were witnessed and first related by a man in the water buoyed up by a tender of the boat:

There was a race horse on board, and soon after the alarm he broke from his halter at the bow of the boat, and dashed through the crowd of passengers and through the flames to the stern, where another mass of human beings were collected, prostrating all who were in his course without regard to age or sex; and then, rendered frantic by horror and pain, reared and kicked with murderous effect, and dashed again into the fire, and thus continued until he became an early prey to the devouring element.

Among the passengers of the Erie were a young gentleman and lady, who first became acquainted with each other on board the boat. The lady was accompanied by her father. Upon an intimacy of a few hours, an attachment seems to have been formed between this couple. When the passengers had fled to the deck, after the bursting forth of the flames, the lady discovered her new acquaintance on a distant part of the deck, forced her way to him, and implored him to save her. The only alternative left them, was to jump overboard or to submit to a more horrible fate. They immediately did so, the gentleman making the first plunge, with a view of securing for the young and fair being who had unreservedly committed to his hands her safety, a plank floating a short distance from the boat. As soon as the plank was secured, the lady leaped in the water, and was buoyed up by her clothes until the gentleman was enabled to get the plank to her. For a short time the young man thought that his fair charge was safe; but soon his hopes were blasted—one of the falling timbers struck the lady on the head, her form sank upon the water, a momentary quivering was perceptible, and she disappeared from human view. Her father was lost, but the young gentleman was among the number picked up by the Dr Witt Clinton.

An Avalanche of Rain descended on our city yesterday morning which, completely flooded every portion of it. For several days previous to Monday, the weather was fair, and it was believed had become settled. On Tuesday, it was clear until evening, when the rain again commenced falling, with occasional intermission, until about 4 o'clock on Wednesday morning, when the watery element disgorged its whole fury upon us, and for a period of some three hours it appeared as if the very windows of the firmament had been opened to flood the city. At sunrise yesterday morning, Market street was completely overflowed up to, and some distance beyond Church street, the water in the stores on both sides being from six to eighteen inches deep, according to the height of the respective floors—the whole of the market building, up to the upper meat market, was of course under water.

The damage caused by this unparalleled deluge has been very considerable. On the north side of Market street a range of back buildings, from Hayne st built for the accommodation of the wholesale grocery stores of Messrs. Farrar & Hayes, and Mr. Canaday, had upwards of a foot of water in them, and both contained a considerable quantity of goods. The first named gentlemen had one hundred and twelve hogsheads of sugar, (some of it of very superior quality) damaged—as also about one hundred sacks of salt destroyed. Mr. Canaday had some twenty bbls. injured. It appeared to be the general impression that there would be a loss of at least one-third of the sugar. On the same side of the street, to the east, stands the grain store of Mr. S. Conner, who was also a considerable sufferer, and a few doors further east, there was much destruction among the effects of a grocer, whose bins and barrels of sugar had sunk some inches since the preceding evening, running in rich streaks in every direction, across the floor of his store—a number of bags of coffee and other articles were also much injured. On the opposite (southern) side of the street, the fruit stores were also flooded, and some, although not very considerable damage sustained.

In other parts of the town, late and in some cases the floors of dwellings were covered with water, and most of the cellars, throughout the city were inundated.—*Charleston Courier.*

There is something that staggers credulity in the subjoined article from the Nashville *Banner*, but we give it for what it is worth:

SHOWER OF FLESH AND BLOOD.

"There are rumors in Boston and others, that on Thursday last, while the Prince of Dan—k, and every day matter of something to confirm the assertion. On Friday we heard from various quarters that a shower of apparently of flesh and blood, had fallen in Hancock county, Rural Lebanon, in this State, and that the fields were covered to a considerable extent. The account staggered our belief, but strange as it may appear, it has been confirmed by the statement of several gentlemen of high character, who have proceeded to examined the scene of this phenomenon. They state that the space covered by the extraordinary shower, is half a mile in length, and about *forty* feet wide in breadth. In addition to the information we have received, we have been favored by Dr. Tandee Professor of Chemistry in the University of Nashville, with the following letter from a highly respectable physician of Lebanon; we have also seen the specimens sent to him for examination. To us they *appear* to be of animal matter, and the odor is that of putrid flesh. We do not pretend to offer any theory to account for this phenomenon, we leave that to abler and more scientific heads. When the specimens have passed through the crucibles of Dr. Troost, we will furnish our readers with the result:

Lebanon, August 8, 1841.

Dr. G. Troost—I have sent you some matter, which appear, from an authentic source to have fallen from the clouds.

What the matter can be no doubt of its being animal matter, blood, muscular fibre, adipose matter. Please account to us, if you can, on philosophical principles, for the cause of this phenomenon. The particles I send you, I gathered with my own hands from the extent of surface over which it has spread, and the regular manner it exhibited on some grass or tobacco leaves, leaves very little or no doubt of its having fallen like a shower of rain, and it is stated on the authority of some negroes only, to have fallen from a small red cloud, no other clouds visible in the heavens at the time. It took place on Friday last, between 11 and 12 o'clock, about five miles N.E. of Lebanon. I have sent what I think to be a drop of blood, the other particles, composed of muscle and fat, among the portions of the shower appeared to be a much larger quantity of blood than of other properties.

I am, in haste,
Your most obedient,
W. P. SAYLE.

[From the Louisville Journal]

Judicial Hair Splitting.—The United States law makes it a penal offence for any post-master or agent to open any letter "intended to be conveyed by post." The Lynn (Mass.) postmaster was lately proved guilty of opening a letter, put into his office at Lynn, to be delivered there. Judge Sprague decided that this was no crime under the law, inasmuch as the letter was not "to be conveyed by post; it was to go no further!" The postmaster was accordingly acquitted.

We suppose that, according to Judge Sprague's construction of the Law, a pre-minister, or any one of his agents, is a perfect pickle to open a letter after it has reached its point of destination, for it is then no longer a document "*intended to be conveyed by post.*" This Honor is altogether too ingenious for a judge; he ought to go to Virginia and turn politician.

NOTICE.—Lost yesterday evening, or his morning a note signed by S. & M. Cotton in favor to the order of Robert Mercer for the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars. Any person finding the same is requested to restore it to Messrs. Forstall, Roman & Co. payment having been stopped. ad 3t 1*pm

GLOBE HOTEL.

F. BLANCARD respectfully informs his friends and the public that the above elegant and extensive establishment is now furnished and properly adapted to the European plan of accommodation in the most splendid and recherche manner. The rooms have been newly fitted up, with new furniture of the most modern style, and no expense has been spared in rendering the comfort of his guests. The plan is pre-eminent for economy, as families and persons entrusted as aforesaid keeps one connected with a regular boarding house, may have rooms and meals furnished therein at all times and in any manner agreeable to themselves. The best of waiters are always in attendance, and the high-h and low-g languages spoken in the house.

To this establishment there is a Restaurant, where the best provisions of the market will be served up in the most approved and fashionable style of French and English cookery. The choicest wines at reasonable prices.

In connection with the Restaurant, there is a refreshing establishment on New street, open at all reasonable hours for the use of his guests.

The location of the Hotel is admirably suited to business or pleasure being within two minutes walk of Wall street, the public offices and the Battery, the most airy and healthful part of the city.

The proprietor, grateful for the encouraging the many favors he has heretofore received from his friends, assures them that he will spare no pains to secure to such as may favor him with their custom, the same attention and comfort as heretofore, and that they be best suited to their wants. 69 Broadway, New York. ad 1m

$10 REWARD will be paid for the arrest of the negro boy JULY, (alias Jim) on Monday morning last from the subscriber, he is about 5 feet 9 inches high, and 20 years old, has a pimple under his chin, and a blue mark on his forehead, speaks English and a little French. Any person arresting said boy and delivering him to the subscriber, shall receive the above reward. Apply to HANNASSIO ROSSI.

STATE OF LOUISIANA. Parish court for the parish and city of New Orleans. Present the honorable Charles Maunsel, Judge—August 26th, 1841. No. 9—. Succession of Mrs. Sarah Ann Gardner. It is ordered, on the application of the heirs of the deceased, that all persons interested in above cause within ten days from and after the publication hereof, show cause why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of court, Clerk's office New Orleans, August 26, 1841. ARMAND PIOT, Clerk.

TO LET—Store No. 64 and attic—apply to BLANK, GATHARD & CO. Corner Magazine and Canal st

SUNDRIES—12 kegs white lead, No. 1, 2, and pure in the green paint, in oil, 25 do black paint, in oil, 100 bbls dried apples, in bulk, 5 bbls do in bags, 50 barrels bleached real whale oil, 1 superior manke mantel, 1 case pure Bordeaux glasses, in glass jars, 60 cases assorted Bordeaux wines, 1 do do, 1 case Rousselon packing yarn, 10 kegs manila twine, assorting per packet ship Trenton, from Boston, for sale by OLIVER & MINSERGUE, 24 Old Levee

SPIKE, BOLTS AND CHAIN CABLES—Received by the Shipbuilding Store, No. 1, 2, and 3 Old Levee, and for sale by the subscriber, at the lowest market price, 50 tons assorted spike, bolts and chain cables, 1 do anchors, 1 do iron, and 1 half pieces, &c. as above for sale by WM. PERRIN, 8 Customh ouse st

WHITE LEAD—200 kegs pure No. 1 and 2 white lead warranted to be full weight and of the best quality, for sale by TAPPAN & ANDREWS, 70 Gravier st

INDIA BAGGING AND BALE ROPE, of the quality for sale by GRIFFIN & BRO 66 Gravier street

OIL—pure sperm oil refined white and elephant oil, for sale by TUPPER & BRO 20 Customhouse st

BAGGING—Heavy bundle of 6 inches wide—as well as lighter description, in store and for sale by WILLIAM PERRIN, 8 Customhouse st

FLANNELS—A small invoice of English 6 4 yards in store and for sale by WM. PERRIN, 8 Customh ouse st

BEANS—50 bbls white beans, in good order, just received in store and for sale by JOHN A MERRITT, 53 Camp st

FLOUR—150 bbls superfine flour, just received in store and for sale by JOHN A MERRITT, 53 Camp st

SILK HANDKERCHIEFS of the color quality—in store and for sale by WM. PERRIN, 8 Customh ouse st

FIRE BRICK—20,000 Baltimore and Liverpool fire brick, for sale by G. BEDFORD & BECK, 24 Customhouse st

OIL—Refined winter strained sperm oil, in casa s and barrels, for sale by G. BEDFORD & BECK, 24 Customhouse st

THOMASTON STONE LIME, 600 bris fresh and in fine order for shipping, for sale by G. BEDFORD & BECK, 24 Customhouse st

ROMAN AND HYDRAULIC CEMENT—500 bris in first rate order for sale on board the canal, by G. BEDFORD & BECK, 24 Customhouse st

PLASTERING HAIR—Interior, hacks and bairels, for sale by G. BEDFORD & BECK, 24 Customhouse st

SHEETS OF TURPENTINE—10 tons New York spools of turpentine, iron bound barrels for sale low by ANDREWS & ANDREWS, 70 Magazine st

LEECHES—10 000 Germany fine leeches of prime quality received by the brig Caria and for sale by FRANCISCO TIO, 56 St Ann st

HOLLAND GIN—10 pipes imported Schie am, warranted pure for sale by CANTIN, DABAN & CO. 11 and 13 St. Louis st

CODFISH, HERRINGS AND MACKEREL—New catch of each in prime order, for sale by CANTIN, DABAN & CO. 11 and 13 St Louis st

FLOUR—500 bris fresh flour, all the brand in fine shipping order, for sale by CHAS BERNE, 151 Tchoupitoulas st

NEW ENGLAND RUM—40 hhds landing and for sale by CANTIN, DABAN & CO. 11 and 13 St. Louis st

FLOUR—50 bbls new wheat flour, just received and for sale by CONVERSE & Co. 45 New Levee

RUSSETT BROGANS—150 cases on hand and for sale by FROST & Co. 8 Customhouse st

BROWN SHEETING—10 pieces 4-4 brown sheeting just received, and for sale by FROST & Co, 8 Customhouse st

SHOES—A good assortment of ladies short vamped per ship Isle Arcivale, and for sale by FROST & Co, 8 Customhouse st

SEGARS—15,000 Havana segars landing from brig Lucas; and for sale by B VALLS,

SEGARS—10,000 Havana segars landing from brig Principe Segars—100,000 Real Yara, best brand landing and for sale by CANTIN, DABAN & CO. 11 & 13 St. Louis

SEGARS of several brands and qualities, landing ex brig Lucas, and in store, for sale by B VALLS,

SARATOGA MINERAL WATER—32 doz landing ex ship Orleans, for sale by B VALLS, 25 Gravier st

HAVANA TOBACCO—1 bale first and 2 do second quality, for sale by B VALLS, 25 Gravier st

SHOT AND LEAD—New York Shot and Slug shot No. 6 to buckshot and ball, in store and for sale by N D CHAMBERLIN, 76 Magazine st

SPANISH VELVET CURBS—200,000 in store and for sale by BENJ DOUGLASS, 14 Poydras st

HAVANA SEGARS—300 boxes white and yellow, very superior and middling, for sale by CANTIN, DABAN & Co. 11 and 13 St. Louis st

HAVANA SUGAR—20 hhds yellow, prime quality for sale by BLANCO & SIMIDEL, 26 Common st.

HAVANA SUGAR—130 bxs white, prime quality, landing ex brig Aparicio, for sale by BLANCO & SIMIDEL, 26 Common st.

BEEF—50 bris mess, 100 do prime, at inspection and for sale by JOHN R SHAW & Co.

FLOUR—100 bris new flour, of choice brands, now landing from steamer Gen Pratte, and for sale by JOHN R SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras st

BACON—45 casks hams, sides and shoulders, 1400 cannassed hams, 1000 sides and shoulders, for sale by J. R. SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras st

LARD—100 keg superior leaf lard, in store and for sale by CLYMER, BRITTON & SWIFT, 40 Tchoupitoulas st

PORK—150 bris of old stock, Cincinnati packed, at inspection, for sale by CLYMER, BRITTON & SWIFT, 40 Tchoupitoulas st

BUTTER—30 kegs fresh western, in store and for sale by CLYMER, BRITTON & SWIFT, 40 Tchoupitoulas st

WHISKEY—6 0 bris whiskey, in store, and for sale by CLYMER, BRITTON & SWIFT, 40 Tchoupitoulas st

FLOUR—300 bris fresh and sour flour, for sale by CLYMER, BRITTON & SWIFT, 40 Tchoupitoulas st

FRESH MEDICINE—A very large and well assorted stock of fresh Medicines is offered by the subscribers on very reasonable terms JARVIS & ANDREWS, Wholesale Druggists, 69 Camp st

THE undersigned, proprietors and importers of cotton presses in New Orleans, have agreed upon the following scale of charges, which will be made from this date:

[illegible] Cotton, [illegible] cents per bale.
Cotton [illegible] cents per bale.
Cotton [illegible] cents per bale.
Cotton