The New Orleans Bee.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE STATE. — NEW ORLEANS, MONDAY MORNING, JULY 19, 1852.

THE DAILY BEE

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE STATE.

Monday Morning July, 19, 1852.

FOR PRESIDENT
WINFIELD SCOTT,
Of Virginia.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT
WM. A. GRAHAM,
Of North Carolina.

Electors for President and Vice President.

First District.—JACQUES TOUTANT, of St. Bernard; (substitute, J. B. WILKINSON, Jr., of Plaquemines.)

Second District.—CHRISTIAN ROSELIUS, of Orleans; (substitute, CYPRIEN DUFOUR, of Orleans.)

Third District.—DUNCAN F. KENNER, of Ascension; (substitute, FERGUS GARDERE, of Jefferson.)

Fourth District.—GEO. W. WAYVERTON, of Livingston; (substitute, ALEXANDER H. J. BARROW, of West Feliciana.)

Fifth District.—ALEXANDER DE CLOUET, of St. Martin; (substitute, J. K. ELGEE, of Rapides.)

Sixth District.—ISAIAH GARRETT, of Ouachita; (substitute, ——, of Madison.

THE COMPROMISE.
WHIG PLATFORM.

The series of acts of the 31st Congress, commonly known as the COMPROMISE or adjustment, (the act for the recovery of fugitives from labor included,) are received and acquiesced in by the Whigs of the United States, as a final settlement, in principle and substance, of the subjects to which they relate, and so far as these acts are concerned, we will maintain them, and insist on their strict enforcement, until time and experience shall demonstrate the necessity of further legislation to guard against the evasion of the laws on one hand, and the abuse of their powers on the other, or to modify their present efficiency to carry out the requirements of the constitution, and we deprecate all further agitation of the questions thus settled, as the course to our peace, and will discountenance all efforts to continue or renew such agitation, whenever, wherever, or however made—and we will maintain this settlement as essential to the nationality of the Whig party, and the integrity of the Union.

THE NORTHERN MAIL came through yesterday with the latest dates.

☞ We are indebted to Hon. H. S. EGGLESTON, of the Convention, for his interesting tabular state ment of the census of 1850.

☞ The author of the communication signed E S has left his name with the editors.

☞ The school vacations will enable teachers or pupils to attend specially to their Writing or Book keeping, at Dolbear's Academy, 56 Canal street.

RECUSANT WHIGS.

Under this or similar titles, the Locofocos are circulating all over the country the most execrable ordinary stories. Some of them are laughable for their palpable absurdity; others provoke indignation at their barefaced falsehood. We subjoin two lovely specimens of Locofoco invention. The first we find in the Mobile *Register*, the second in the Columbus (Ga.) *Sentinel*:

No. 1. THE SCOTT REPUDIATIONS.—The following is a list of the Southern Whig members of Congress who, it is said, have repudiated Gen Scott:

From North Carolina, Chingman, Caldwell, Outlaw, (a majority of the Whig delegation,) from Virginia, Faulkner, Fuller—the only two Whigs—from Tennessee, Bell, (Senator) Gentry, Watkins and Williams, a majority of the Whig delegates; from Georgia, Dawson, Stratton, Toombs, Stephens, a majority; from Texas, from Florida, Cabell and Morton; *all* from Alabama, Bowdon, Bragg and White; from Louisiana, Landry, Bonford, Hunt.

No. 1. The following members of the House of Representatives, heretofore Whigs, will not support Scott:

Thomas L. Clingman, of N. C.; James Abercrombie, of Alabama; *Charles Allen*, of Massachusetts; Fergus Gardere, of Jefferson; Chas. Faulkner, of Va.; Mr. Fuller, of Va.; Tenn.; *J. R. Giddings*, of Ohio; *J. W. Howe*, of Penn.; W. F. Hunter, of Ohio; *Horace Mann*, of Mass.; Alexander Stephens, Gen. Robert Toombs, of Georgia; *Amos Tuck*, of New Hampshire. Alexander White, of Alabama.

The position of Mr. Stephens, of this State, and Outlaw, of North Carolina, is yet considered doubtful at Washington.

Let us look at these lists in detail. From North Carolina it is stated that CLINGMAN, CALDWELL and OUTLAW will not support SCOTT. This is a pure fabrication. OUTLAW repeatedly declares his intention to stand by the Whig nominees. NEILSON CLINGMAN and CALDWELL intimate any disposition to repudiate their party and its candidates. The declaration of their apostacy is absolutely and utterly gratuitous.—From Virginia, we know that FULLERTON, who has been acting with the Locofoco party ever since his election to PIERCE and KING, Mr STRUTHER has never said one word to justify the cool effrontery with which he is appropriated by Locofocoism. From Tennessee comes a large batch of lies. It is not true that either Senator BELL, or Mr. WM. WATKINS, will vote for Gen. SCOTT. We challenge Locofocoism to produce a little of evidence to sustain these falsehoods. Again it is false, that Senator DAWSON, of Georgia, has abandoned SCOTT—doubly and truly false, for he pledged himself in the Whig National Convention to do every thing he could for OLD CHIPPEWA. It is false that Mr TOOMBS, of Florida, is one of Scott's. He is distinctly and emphatically for him. Nor do we believe that Mr CABELL opposes the OLD HERO, for he was a member of the Convention and helped to make the nomination unanimous. It is a hundred times false that our own LANDRY and MOORE have abandoned SCOTT. This last statement caps the climax of inventions. It is fabricated of whole cloth.

So much for list No. 1. List No. 2 is a mixture of nonsense and lies, in which we can hardly tell whether the folly or the falsehood predominates. Among the names cited as repudiators of SCOTT are CHARLES ALLEN, a prominent abolitionist abolitionist, who left the whig party at the Convention that nominated Gen. TAYLOR four years ago, L. D. CAMPBELL, a whig of Ohio, who writes to the New York *Times* that he will vote and work for SCOTT; JOSHUA R. GIDDINGS, of Ohio, the incarnation of Abolitionism, who boasts of being wedded to the Free Soil Democracy, JOHN W. HOWE, of Pa., a white and Scott man, W. F. HUNTER, of Ohio, ditto, ditto, HORACE MANN, a rabid abolitionist and nothing shorter, AMOS TUCK, of N. H., who is a Free Soiler, who was elected as such, and who will probably sustain the Free Soil ticket.

Now, here is a pretty section—Free Soilers and Northern Rights men—ultra anti slavery men and violent Unionists slapped together, cheek by jowl, pigeon in the same trucks beside—FAULKNER and TOOMBS—swing they vote for SCOTT, because he is not pro-slavery enough for them—GIDDINGS and MANN denying him to the infernal Gods, because he is a stanch Compromise and Union man—the Extremists of the North and the Extremists of the South denouncing him for reasons diametrically opposite. In say thing more needed to demonstrate the character of the opposition made to him? And does it not appear in the eyes of all reasonable and moderate men, that a candidate who is reviled at once by a GIDDINGS and a TOOMBS must be in principle perfectly unobjectionable to the sober minded and thinking part of the community?

By the way we have not included in the list of Whig repudiators of SCOTT our quondam friend, the immortal SAM REID. We are afraid it is all over with the whigs, now that SAM has abandoned us.

He (Gen. Scott) now proposes that when a foreigner flees from the oppression of the old world, and seeks a homeless this land of the free, with his wife and little babes, he shall serve one year in the army, at eight dollars a month, and then after that kind of servitude, he may be admitted to citizenship—a glorious privilege, indeed, which foreigners will daily appreciate on the election day—*Indiana Sentinel.*

This says the Louisville *Journal*, is the representation which a Democratic organ makes of a paragraph in Gen. Scott's letter of acceptance Gen Scott says that he is in favor of giving the rights of citizenship to all foreigners who serve faithfully for one year in our army or navy in time of war, and the editor of the Indiana Sentinel tries to make his readers think from this that Gen. Scott is *for compelling every foreigner who seeks refuge in the United States to serve a year in the army or navy!* Who can doubt that the people of the United States will defend the greatest of all their heroes against such misrepresentations and calumnies as the Democratic presses and tory pouring out upon him?

COL. STOCKTON.—The Trenton Gazette says it is currently reported that when a committee of Democrats at Washington waited on Commodore Stockton and invited him to ratify the nomination of Gen. Pierce, he expressed his great astonishment that they should ask him to speak in support of such a man as Pierce, a man whom he scarcely ever heard of. He added that all he had heard of him showed that he entertained a set of principles, to every one of which, almost, Commodore Stockton was opposed. He thought it very strange to be asked to speak in favor of such a nomination.

☞ The extradition case in New York has terminated, Judge Betts, of the U. S. Court, having decided that the proceedings in the habeas corpus case were good. This is equivalent to the surrender of Kosta, the prisoner to the British authorities. There is some talk of an appeal to the U. S. Supreme Court.

☞ We would respectfully call the attention of buyers to the sale of Boots Shoes This Day at 11 o'clock at No. 121 Tchoupitoulas street. See auction advertisement.

CONGRESS.

In the SENATE, on the 16th instant, the Hon. W. R. King, of Alabama, returned his seat as President *pro. tem.*, of that body.

A memorial from several merchants of Boston, praying for the recognition of Haytien independence by our government, was presented and appropriately referred.

The bill of the Hon. George T. Davis, of Massachusetts, to amend an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the better security of the lives of passengers on board of vessels propelled in whole or in part by steam,' was passed to its third reading.

In the HOUSE, the bill introduced by Edson B Olds of Ohio, Chairman of the Post Office Committee, to amend the act entitled 'An Act to reduce and modify the rates of postage in the United States, and for other purposes,' passed March 3, 1851, was further considered—the pending question being on the amendment to the second section thereof, proposed by the Hon. Bernhart Henn, of Iowa.

The morning hour having expired, the House went into a Committee of the Whole, on the state of the Union, the Hon. Charles E Stuart, of Michigan in the chair, and proceeded to the further consideration of the Senate amendments to the bill supplying deficiencies in the appropriations for the fiscal year, ending June 30, 1852.

The immediate question before the committee was the amendment giving the Collins' line of steamships $33,000 for each trip—twenty six trips a year—for carrying the U. S. mail between New York and Liverpool, which after several five minute speeches had been delivered by various members, was ultimately agreed to by a decisive majority.

In the SENATE on the 13th, the bill to indemnify the Spanish Consul, and Spanish subjects, residents of New Orleans, for the losses sustained by them last year in that city was passed to a third reading.

On motion of Mr. Douglas of Illinois, it being the special order of the day the Senate proceeded to the consideration of the bill for the protection of the emigrant route, and a telegraph line, and for an overland mail between the Mississippi river, and the settlements in California and and Oregon.

The bill proposes to establish a line of posts twenty miles distant from each other, and cavalry to be maintained by twenty men, along the route, for the protection of the emigrants, the forces to be employed being volunteer troops, who shall build their own forts, and after three years' service shall receive six hundred and forty acres of land along the road. It also proposes to allow Mr. Henry O'Reilly the privilege of constructing a line of telegraph along the road to be under the protection of these military posts.

In the HOUSE, the bill of the Hon. Edson B. Old, of Ohio, amendatory of the postage act of 1851, was passed. Its chief features are that all newspapers, pamphlets, periodical, magazine, book, bound or unbound, circular, catalogue, and every other description of printed matter unconnected with any manuscript or writing, and of no greater weight than two ounces, shall be charged with one cent postage, and one cent for each additional ounce or fraction of an ounce, for any distance under three thousand miles; and for any distance over three thousand miles double these rates. All newspapers and periodicals, not weighing over one ounce, published regularly as often as once in three months, and sent from the office of publication to actual subscribers, shall be chargeable only one half the foregoing rates. The postage upon all prepaid matter shall be prepaid at the office where it is mailed, or paid quarterly in advance at the office of delivery, otherwise double the foregoing rates shall be charged thereon.

The Senate's amendments to the Deficiency bill were further considered, and the amendment granting additional compensation to the Collins line of steamships was concurred in by a vote of 85 to 67. A motion to reconsider the vote was pending when the House adjourned. The amendment provides that it shall be in the power of Congress at any time after the 31st of December, 1854, to terminate the arrangement for the additional allowance of $33,000 per trip thereon provided for, upon giving six months notice

LIGHT BREAKING IN GEORGIA!—The *Georgia Citizen* of the 10th instant comes to us filled with letters from all parts of the State indicating the determination on the part of the rank and file of the Whig party in Georgia to spurn the attempted control of politicians by trade, and take the matter into their own hands. The rally ing cry for 'Scott, Graham and Our Country' has been received in every part of the State, and despite all efforts to prevent it, will make itself heard and felt in the Presidential canvass. The Atlanta *Republican* has also raised the Scott flag, and other presses in various portions of the State are preparing to follow suit. Below we copy from the *Citizen* a spirit-stirring address to the Whigs of Georgia, which we hail as one hundred names, representing different sections of the State. As the *Citizen* remarks, there is not a political leader among them. The "hose and nose," the heart and soul of the community, men who do their own thinking despite the *dicta* of self-appointed managers are the men who have signed this address, and *what they will carry it through.* Read the address:

To the Whigs of Georgia.

Brothers: The time has now come when it behooves the Whigs of Georgia—every man of them—to be at their posts. Under Democratic rule we have seen your country, for a time, from Corruption and Peculation. *Then* you were betrayed and abandoned. In 1844, and in the memorable 'Campaign of the Mock Sachem,' *your name is synonymous* with all that is *noble and gallant and generous in human nature*—you marched to battle with an eye single to your Country's good, but the result is recorded in the dissensions and distractions and commotions which have wrung the heart of the Patriot—Section against Section—State against State—Brother against Brother. In 1848, those who denounced by the highest officers of the government, who lived and breathed in the air of the Administration—the *Partisans* of Polk, the *Traitors* to your Country—you made a triumphant rally for that Country's happiness and honor.

But now a cloud is wanting to complete your triumph. One successful effort more secures a Whig administration, which will enable our Union to heal the wounds of Treachery, Mistake and Corruption. Shall we not make that effort? We call upon all *true Whigs*, upon all patriots of any party, to rally under with us in the present campaign. The contest will affect the Country, for the better or worse, for many years to come. Defeated, and we again open the door to the Rabble of Democracy—to a repetition of the 'POLK DREAM,' which, in its results, shook the union to its foundation—and perhaps to a career which will end in the ruin of the Republic. It is a contest of national weal against national ruin.

Have you, Kossuth and his followers struck hands with the Democracy to obliterate the lessons of the "Father of his Country" and to invite usurpation the usage of European Politics and Revolutions?

Let us then bury *past dissensions* and differences; let us forget *personal preferences*, and, true to the teachings of Washington—Brother whose hallowed name even calumny cannot now utter a slander, and whose spirit still hovers over us and guards us—let us march in solid column, with "stout hearts and strong arms," to the call of our Country in this, her hour of peril and danger; and, under the banner of the Hero of Chippewa and Bandy's Lake—the conqueror of Mexico—let us achieve a victory worthy of ourselves and of the cause! Instead of "Pierce, King and Kossuth," let our battle-cry be "SCOTT, GRAHAM and our COUNTRY," and we *will* conquer!

To the American people let us appeal, to vindicate at once the *faith and confidence already reposed* by the Democratic Convention, of *Treason to our Country.* Aye, let its response from repeated indorsement of the fair fame of a Hardin, a Webster and a Clay, who poured out their blood upon the fields of Mexico!

In order, therefore, that there may be a thorough session of the Brotherhood and a perfect understanding, we most respectfully and urgently invite the Whigs of the State to elect Delegates in their respective Counties to a STATE CONVENTION, to be held in the city of *Macon on the 14th day of August next*, for the purpose of ratifying the nomination of the Whig National Convention, to nominate an Electoral Ticket and to organize the party for the campaign.

Whigs of Georgia! Everything we have, as party men been accustomed to cherish, depends on this contest. Let us remember the new *classic glories* of '40, the Hero of '44, the VICTORY of '48 and resolve to consecrate to a still more grateful memory, the struggle of '52. Let us rear high the standard of "SCOTT, GRAHAM and our COUNTRY," and bear it forth in triumph! Then—Awake! arouse! shake off the dew drops that glitter on your garments and the sward to battle and to victory.

AN AUSTRIAN PICTURE OF THE UNITED STATES.—Austrian opinions upon the United States are not at a premium, but they may be interesting, nevertheless. A late Vienna paper thus compliments us:

"Austria is a small insignificant spot on the map, compared with the gigantic greatness of America, says Daniel Webster. Yes, on the map, that is the fact. But in the world, in the military, intellectual and material relations, in might and influence, Austria is a mighty giant, while in the same results, America, was and is no one map, is but a small spot in comparison And against this Austria, Daniel Webster proposes to make war by sea and land! In what does the greatness of America consist? In the immensities extent of its forests and swamps. In the horrible business of the destruction of its memory, in which it resembles the desert expanse of the ocean, plainly he who has seen one thing has seen everything. In the gigantic abomination of its conceit and wind-bagginess. In the unmeasured greatness of its humbug, only equalled by its press and journal dupe allow thoughts, and its humbugged. But the true greatness of America, how it is with that! It is humbug."

☞ The newspaper brings us the news of the death of the Hon. THOMAS M. T. MCKENNAN, of Washington, in the State of Pennsylvania a citizen eminently distinguished by his public as well as private virtues, and greatly beloved by the confidence of his immediate fellow-citizens, whom he served for several years in the capacity of Representative in Congress, with fidelity and distinction. He died in Washington, Pennsylvania, at the residence of Judge Grier, his brother-in-law, on Friday week.

ARRIVAL OF THE ARCTIC.

Twenty Days Later from Europe.

New York, July 11.

The steamer Arctic, with Liverpool 7th and the 30th ult., arrived off Sandy Hook at 4 o'clock this morning, her way detained below by the fog.

The Arctic brings 123 passengers. The Asia arrived at Liverpool before noon on Sunday, the 27th ult.

EGYPT.—The Parliament will be prorogued on the first day of July, and "directly thereafter dissolved.

Continental Markets.

At Amsterdam and Rotterdam, Coffee was in limited request at unchanged rates. Rice was lower. Sugar dull, but unchanged.

At Hamburg Coffee had declined.

At Antwerp, the markets were without alteration.

FRANCE—The French government is attempting to smooth over the difficulties with the Assembly.

Indications in the Departments continue.

Letters from Toulon, say that 10 ships of war are to be built at that port next year.

The project is mooted semi-officially for the colonization of French Guiana.

The French Assembly was closed on Monday by a message from the President which was warmly received. It was made up of little else save fine phrases.

The budget shows a deficiency of 34,000,000 francs.

AUSTRIA.—Austria has summoned the states of the Zollverein to a conference at Vienna to negotiate a Customs League against Prussia.

Messrs. Sulzer & Wolcoe, of Hamburg, have failed.

It is reported that an attempt was made to assassinate the Emperor of Austria at Grosweridin, near Pesth. The assassin missed his aim and blew out his own brains.

ITALY.—The affair of Mather, which made so much noise lately, has been settled through the instrumentality of Sir H Bulwer.

SWITZERLAND.—It is stated that four great European Powers have formally called upon Switzerland to recognize the right of Prussia to Neufchatel.

INDIA.—The papers from India contain no thing of interest.

Scott's Battles.

Lest our Locofocos friends (says the Schuylkill Journal) should be so unmanly as to know not the Gen. Scott is, whose name is now ringing through the country as the whig candidate for the presidency, we give, for their especial information, a list of the battles and brilliant victories of which he was the hero, commencing with the late war with Great Britain, and ending with the triumphant entry of the American army into the city of the Montezumas, as follows:

QUEENSTOWN HEIGHTS,
FORT GEORGE,
FORT MATILDA,
FORT ERIE,
CHIPPEWA,
NIAGARA,
LUNDY'S LANE,
VERA CRUZ,
CERRO GORDO,
CONTRERAS,
CHERRUBUSCO,
MOLINO DEL REY,
CHAPULTEPEC,
CITY OF MEXICO!

Here are are seven brilliant battles in each war, in all of which Winfield Scott was the master spirit. Such is General Scott—the hero of two wars, who will, if he lives, be the next President of the United States."

Telegraphic Items.

BOSTON, July 9.

We learn from an eye witness who left Montreal this morning, that the fire commenced among the houses of the poor French Canadians. No water of consequence was to be had, and the flames soon attained a fearful headway. In one hour there was half a mile of flame, and the houses disappeared before it like brush heaps. The flames took up the furniture as it was being conveyed away from buildings in carts. Up to last evening, something like twenty acres had been burnt over, mostly houses of little value, but there were many good and valuable houses burned. Hayes' Hotel is totally destroyed. Up to last night no stores had been burned, but it was feared from the continuance of the fire, that they had begun reached. Thousands of families are homeless, and have lost their all. The fire was still raging when our informant left, and so great was the consternation and confusion, that he could obtain no reliable account of the extent of the ravages of the flames during the previous night.

BURLINGTON, VT., July 10, a. m.

The terrible conflagration in Montreal still raging fiefiously, and the fire can be distinctly seen from this place, though it is 100 miles distant! The fire commenced on Thursday morning, and has consequently been raging 48 hours. A gentleman who arrived here this morning from Montreal, which place he left yesterday, describes the scene of the conflagration as awful and appalling. The flames were raging unchecked, and hundreds and thousands of famines were wandering about without a shelter for themselves, or food for their burning embers were flying in all directions, thus spreading the conflagration, and it was impossible to predict when and where the calamity would stop. The supply of water had already given out, and the intense heat of the flames prevented either the firemen or citizens from approaching the scene to stay the progress of the raging element. Everyone seemed struck with terror, and as thought was very high, it was feared that nearly half the city would fall a prey to the flames. At the time of his leaving our informant states that the fire had already cleared a space twenty rods wide of Troy. The telegraph masts and posts were all burned, which will prevent all communication with Montreal by this means for some time. It is probable that no such destructive and calamitous conflagration has ever been known on this continent. Millions upon millions of property have been destroyed. The proprietors of the Montreal train reports the number of houses destroyed to be 1500, covering about twenty acres of ground.

BURLINGTON, VT., July 10, 11 a. m.

We learn by the passengers by the cars who left Montreal this morning, that the fire has been finally checked. The whole number of houses destroyed is supposed to be less than twelve hundred, including many of the best in the city. Among the valuable property consumed is Cornwall Terrace, the Bishops Church, the Palace in St. Denis, the Vespe Square, the Barracks Donegana's Hotel, the Hayes House, the Theatre, the Market, and the Cattle Market. The loss is estimated at several millions of dollars.

LATEST DESPATCH.

MONTREAL, July 10.

The fire first commenced in Waugh's bakery on St. Catherine street, in St. Lawrence suburbs and destroyed the Bishop's Church and Palace, together with 600 houses, mostly occupied by the middle and lower classes. The nunnery adjoining the Bishop's Church was saved. The total loss by this fire was $1,700,000. Three thousand persons were left unsheltered.

The second conflagration broke out on Friday night in the rear of the Hayes House and consumed all the houses in Dalhousie Square, including the Hayes House, Place St Moffatt's Bridge, the mess house of the Royal Artillery, and the Military secretary's office. Thence crossing Amherst street, the flames laid in ruins nearly the whole of the Quebec suburbs—The loss by this fire is not stated but must be enormous.

BOSTON, July 11.

Last evening a fire originated in an unoccupied stable in the rear of Purchase street, Fort Hill, which raged for six hours and consumed the Sailor's House, the Boylston School house, the Mariner's Church and 20 stores and dwellings. Loss $250,000. Several firemen were badly injured in their efforts to subdue the flames.

Mr. Webster will leave for his farm at Franklin, N. H., on Monday or Tuesday.

FULTON, N. Y., July 10.

A terrific thunder storm occurred in this vicinity yesterday. The wind blew a hurricane and hail stones fell as large as pigeon eggs. Corn fields were beat up and fruit trees destroyed. At Palermo the damage to the corn and vines is immense and the yield will not be one half a one. The thermometer fell from 97 to 70 in a very short time.

WASHINGTON, July 11.

It is now said authoritatively that the Hon. John F. Kennedy, of Maryland, has received and accepted the appointment of Secretary of the Navy.

The trial of Day for the murder of his wife is still progressing.

PHILADELPHIA, July 10.

A distressing and fatal casualty occurred yesterday, on board of the steamship City of Manchester. As she was casting up the river she accidentally took fire in the spirit room. The greatest consternation prevailed among the passengers and crew, and in the efforts to subdue the flames the bar-keeper was burned to death, and the steward so badly injured that he is not expected to survive. The fire was finally extinguished without damaging the cargo.

LOUISVILLE, Friday, July 9.

The funeral procession in honor of Henry Clay was the most imposing demonstration of any description ever got up in Louisville. The business houses, along the line of procession, were completely shrouded in mourning. The remains started in a special train for Lexington, at 12 o'clock, and two other trains followed at 2 o'clock.

BOSTON, July 10.

George Heaton, a member of the Columbian Artillery Company, left the ranks yesterday during the procession, and died from the heat. A citizen from Roxbury, and another from Andover, also died of the heat. Thermometer at noon to-day, 97.

RICHMOND, VA., July 10.

A great freshet occurred here yesterday, which swept away two railroad bridges, and carried off a number of houses. The tribes have not yet arrived.

CINCINNATI, July 8.

The citizens of Paducah have voted in favor of subscribing $200,000 to the Mobile and Ohio Railroad. The County, has also agreed to pay another $100,000.

The funeral determinates of Henry Clay at Nashville are to take place on Monday next, when all public business will be suspended.

TROUBLE AMONG THE FISHERMEN.—An American fishing vessel was recently captured by the British cruisers near the Magdalen Islands, and three men put on board during the night. The Americans rallied, and again got possession of her, leaving the captain behind, he having been committed to prison.

COMMERCIAL.

The Markets.

SEE OFFICE,
SATURDAY EVENING, JULY 17, 1852.

COTTON—The stock of Cotton on sale to-day light, and there has been considerable inquiry to-day, with some sales to-day 300 bales, at unchanged prices. LIVERPOOL, Saturday, evening—Cotton, Middlings, [illegible]

Inferior	4 3/8	Fair	—
Ordinary	4 5/8	Middling Fair	—
Middling	4 7/8	Good Fair	—
Good Ordinary	4 3/4	Good Fair	—
Middling Fair	—	Fair	—

TOBACCO—The demand has suddenly fallen off, and we have no report of a sale of Tobacco to-day.

SUGAR AND MOLASSES—Some small sales to a retail trade are all that we have noticed in these articles.

FLOUR—The market is much depressed, and Western flours have been offered at lower rates. We have noticed a sale of 100 bbls cap. St. Louis at $5, and some larger lots on private terms, at rates probably not exceeding $5 37½ delivered, and 200 bbls Ohio at $5 25.

GRAIN—We noticed only a moderate movement in Corn, the sales embracing 2,000 sacks, at 60@60c for white mixed, and at 58@59c for yellow mixed, yesterday. St. Louis Oats sold at 34c, and Rye at 70c @ 75c.

PORK—The rate for mess pork remains at from to $18 50 @ $19 per bbl.

BACON—We have noticed only of 20 sacks Shoulders at 7½c, and 10 tierces cured Hams at 10c @ 11c.

WHISKEY—Business has been confined to retail transactions, at 17½@17½c @ gallon.

COFFEE—A few small parcels of Rio, embracing 670 bags, have sold at 8½c @ 9c.

LARD OIL—36 bbls have been disposed of at 80c, and 30 at 85c @ gallon.

FREIGHTS—Rates have been taken up for London, at 30s for Tobacco.

EXCHANGES—The market is steady, and demand full, at our quotations:

Sterling	9½@9¾ prem.
France	5.25@5.30
New York, sight day bills	¼ @ ½ prem.
do. Checks	par @ ¼ prem.
Boston, sixty days	1 @ 1½ prem.
Philadelphia, sixty days	1 @ 1½ prem.
Havana at five to eight days	2 @ 2½ prem.

Steamboat Departures—This Day.

Louisville	Cincinnati, Cooper	5 p m	
Cincinnati	Winfield Scott, Carpenter	5 p m	
Wateering Place	Ophelia, Orton	3 p m	
Covington	Lenora, Dunbar	12 m	
Mobile	Cahaba, Dunpe, Hardy	12 m	
Bluff	Chickasaw, Ewing	9 a m	

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EXPECTED per ships Louisiana, Bordeaux:—52 Tubes Cordes superior quality; 10 cases white Wine, Haut Sauterne; 50 bbls do do do; 10 cases white Wine, Haut Sauterne; 50 bbls do do do.
For sale by PAUL BARRIER,
jy19 17 Tchoupitoulas st

BRANDIES—17 octave pipes Opodisse Brandy, 1815; 1 half do Fragrant, 1815; 2 do do do 1826; 1 half do do Superfine, 1826; 1 half do Bunker Hill, 1815; 10 octaves do do 1825; 10 octaves do do 1825; 10 half do do Superfine, 1825; 1 half do Fine Champagne, do; 42 qrcks do 94 do do Champagne, do; 1 half do Superfine, 1825; 1 half do do Bridle do do Lubec, do; 2 qrcks do Lemoyne, do; 10 do do Left-stains, do; 10 do do Magnac, do; 5 qrcks do do do, do; 5 qrcks do do do, do; 47 bbl do Grand, Dupuy & Co, do; pipe and do do do, do; 10 half do do do, do; 10 qrcks do, pipe and do do do, do; 20 qrcks do do do, do; 20 qrcks do do do, do; 10 qrcks do do do, do; 10 qrcks do do do, do.
ERG ROCHEREAU & CO.,
jy19 17 and 19 St. Louis st.

A CONSTANT supply of Cigars and Snuff for sale by
jy19 Rose service, 17 & 19 St. Louis st

SARDINES—150 cases Sardines of Platjes & Cie, 1 half, A. Camus, L. Lerouzes, and Colleta brands. For sale by
EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO.,
jy19 17 and 19 St. Louis st.

GREEN PEAS, 4c—40 cases fine green pea, 1 half and half tones; 2 do Kidney beans; 2 do Lima beans; 1 half do 100 half lobsters; 4 do plum in their juice, for sale by
EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO.,
jy19 17 and 19 St. Louis st.

OLIVE OIL—100 baskets in half bottles; 50 do do whole do, for sale by
F. TALAMON,
jy19 Canal 149, Royal st.

Red Cedar, &c.

JUST received—40 Florida Cedar Logs, now being sawed into boards, Tennessee Cedar, 3X5, 6X6, 3X7 and 4X8 inches; 3X4 and 4X4 Cedar Posts, and 3X4 for sawyers; boards rough for sawed the
HAMILTON & CO.,
jy16 Lw 14 and 16 Magazine st.

Rose Wood, Mahogany, Cherry, Walnut, and all other kinds of Lumber, Shingles, Lath, Pickets, Tiles, Pine and Bells, Cedar Ashington Lumber, &c.
HENRY T. SHIPMAN,
jy16 Lw Lumber Yard.

T. MORGAN,
131 corner Royal & Toulouse.

BEG leaves to inform the citizens and the public in general that he has received, by ships Brunswick and Louisiana, 50 cases Fine Hats, of the latest fashions, the best of the street style, at 6 per dozen; do fine Hats, of the latest fashion Stock; do white and striped 100 dozen summer Drawers and Undershirts; Hose and half do; 50 boys Hats, at 3 per dozen.

A large assortment of Umbrellas and half do; for ladies; Cotton of all kinds; of the latest fashion, at 6 per dozen; Gloves, Ties, Stocks, Cravats, popular Boxes, &c.; Trimmings for Mummers, &c.

Also, a large assortment of Vests, Vests Shirts, &c. Persons can be supplied with any quantity of hats, &c.

FIRE PERFUMERY.

Cologne Water, 1st & 2d quality, Vegis Square, complete assortment of bathing Dresses, for Ladies and Misses; Hair Cutting Saloon for gentlemen, 56 Chartres st.

HAVANA CIGARS—130,000 of choicest qualities, from Havana, for sale by
J. M. CABALLERO, Importer,
jy16 No. 36 Old Levee, between Gaslamp.

COFFEE—100 bags of Havana coffee, in store and for sale by
LABORDE & SIQUES,
jy16 27 Toulouse st.

MOLASSES—300 bbls superior Molasses, for sale by
LOISON & SILVESTRE,
jy16 24 Customhouse st.

PURE NEW ENGLAND RUM—50 bbls just landed, in store and for sale by
GREYROUZE & LANGSHORE,
jy17 1w 14 and 16 St Louis st.

SUGAR—425 boxes white, yellow and brown Havana Sugar, landing ex brig Mississippi, for sale by
M. CAILLE & CO.,
jy17 30 Old Levee st.

HAVANA SUGAR—1000 boxes white, yellow and brown Havana Sugar, in store and for sale by
S. CARUZAS & CO,
jy17 30 Old Levee st.

MACKEREL—200 bbls landing ex ship Mississippi, for sale by
AYRE BROTHER,
jy16 Old Levee st.

RIO COFFEE—150 bags prime green, in store and for sale by
JOSEPH MITCHELL,
jy14 36 Poydras st.

JAMAICA RUM—5 puncheons, very superior, 19 Customhouse stores, for sale by
JOSEPH MITCHELL, 36 Poydras st.

TURKS ISLAND SALT—4 small cargo prime white, in Brooklyn Warehouse, for sale by
JOS. MITCHEL, 36 Poydras st.

REFOILED MOLASSES—100 bbls superior, for sale by
JOSEPH MITCHEL,
jy14 36 Poydras st.

SUGAR—87 boxes white Havana sugar landing ex brig Hunter Yernon from Havana, for sale by
jy13 R. CABUZAS & CO, 30 Old Levee.

SUGAR—400 boxes white, yellow and brown Havana sugar, landing per brig F. Souler, for sale by
jy13 R. CABUZAS & CO, 30 Old Levee.

SWEETMEATS—24 boxes landing per brig F. Souler, for sale by
jy13 30 Old Levee.

SODA—100,000 assorted brands landing per brig F. Souler, for sale by
jy13 R. DE VISSER & CO.,
96 Old Levee.

TOBACCO—72 bales Havana wrapper and fillers landing per brig F. Souler, for sale by
jy13 R. DE VISSER & CO.,
96 Old Levee.

INDIGO—10 cerrons Guatemala, landing per brig F. Souler, for sale by
jy13 R. DE VISSER & CO.,
96 Old Levee.

SUGAR—347 boxes white, yellow and brown, landing per brig F. Souler, for sale by
jy13 R. DE VISSER & CO.,
96 Old Levee.

CAMPEACHY HATS—5 cases Straw Hats, for sugarcane in season
LABORDE & SIQUES,
jy16 27, Toulouse street.

MUSCAT WINE—400 boxes of 12 bottles; equal to bottles 20 boxes, landing ex ship Emile, from Bordeaux, for sale by
LOISON & SILVESTRE,
jy19 24 Customhouse st.

COGNAC—4 bbls superior, Otard, Dupuy & Co. Vieux Cognac, 6 bf pipes do 6 do do, different brands, for sale by
LOISON & SILVESTRE,
jy9 24 Customhouse st.

LANDING ex ship Emilie, from Marseilles—10 casks La White Wine, 10 boxes Vermicelli Potassion, 26 baskets White Indigo. For sale by
ANT. GIRAUD,
jy16 46 Old Levee.

COGNAC—A. Maurel, A. Daniel, Martell, J. S. Clerc, Henry Fusse, Ordinaire, Vieux Cognac, Aburgh, Sardinas, Cipon Pass, Trudieu, &c.
ANT. GIRAUD,
jy19 46 Old Levee.

LANDING ex ship Magnac, from Marseilles, 100 boxes of the celebrated Vermicelli, Aburgh, Sardinas, Cipon Pass, Trudieu, &c.
ANT. GIRAUD,
jy19 46 Old Levee.

LANDING ex ship Magnac, from Marseilles, 100 boxes of the celebrated Vermicelli, Aburgh, Sardinas, Cipon Pass, Trudieu, &c.
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jy19 46 Old Levee.

SARDINES IN OIL—In whole, half and quarter boxes, of the celebrated brand A Gilles.
B. TALAMON,
jy19 162 & 164 Royal st.

DIAPHANE MUSTARD of Lamb Frères & Cie, in whole, half and quarter boxes, only depot in New Orleans.
B. TALAMON,
jy19 162 and 164 Royal street.

CUTTER CHEESE—1 box just received, landing ex ship Niagara, from Havre. For sale by
B. TALAMON,
jy19 162 and 164 Royal street.

MUSCAT WINE—100 cases landing ex ship Emilie, from Bordeaux.
B. TALAMON,
jy19 162 and