The Daily Picayune and Bee.

VOL. XXV. NEW-ORLEANS, MONDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 29, 1845. NO. [illegible]

J. MAGNUS WEISSE, PROPRIETORS, No. 61 Chartres street. Second & Third Municipality Political Journal.

TERMS OF THE PAPER.

DAILY PAPER (one year in advance) $12 00
COUNTRY PAPER, (paid quarterly, one year in advance) 5 00

In all cases of subscription, notice must be given one week's notice in writing, before be unable allowed to discontinue.

ADVERTISING—One dollar for every TEN lines, for each language, on the first insertion, and HALF that price for each subsequent one. No advertisement inserted for less than two dollars for each language.

Advertisements not specified as to time will be published one month, and charged accordingly.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged one dollar for every TEN lines, for each language and for each insertion.

☞ The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their business.

MACRAE & WEISSE.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS.
Rochereau, 27, 1845.

THE price of Fresh Flour being, this day, at 36 per barrel, according to the Tariff, the Bakers will give 25 ounces of bread for ten cents, during the ensuing week commencing on Monday next, 29th December.

The loaves of second quality, or three-loaves for ten cents, must weigh 36 per cent more, that is to say 41¼ ounces. 237 E. MONTEGUT, Mayor.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS.
Council of Municipality No. 2,

SITTING OF SEPTEMBER 29, 1845.

RESOLVED, That the tax for the year 1845 be and the same is hereby fixed at 25 per $1,000 on real estate, and at 25 per head for slaves.

(Signed) G W LEWIS, Recorder.

Approved, October 2d, 1845.

(Signed) E MONTEGUT, Mayor.

A true copy E LAFARGUE, Sec'y.

NOTICE.—WANTED a Professor to complete the education of seven children on a plantation situated at Iberville. An acquaintance with the English and French languages is required. No one need apply unless he can furnish good recommendations, both in regard to capacity and moral character. The salary will be reasonable.—Apply at the counting-room of the undersigned in Carondelet street. 228—3t DUPUY, DURAND & CO. 28 Chartres st.

WANTED—A man recently voting Clerk, speaking English and French and understanding the business of a retail PERFUMERY STORE. Good recommendations will be required. Apply to Madame MARMOUIN, Perfumer, No. 63 Bourbon street, between Bienville and Customhouse streets.

WANTED in a Young Ladies' Academy, a good Seamstress and House Servant. A French or German woman would be preferred. Apply at No. 66, Camp, house street, between Royal and Bourbon. 48

MR. JACQUES LARGOSE informs Sugar Brokers, Merchants, &c., that he places at their disposal the steamboat WAVE, Captain A. Tamborey, for the transportation of Sugar and Molasses. For arrangements apply to J LARGOSE, 71 old Levee st. d11

ALFRED BOISSEAU,
Portrait Painter,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that his Studio is open every day from 9 o'clock A. M. to 3 P. M., at No. 104 Royal street, between Conti and St. Louis. d29 tf

DR. DUPERRON has the honor to inform the citizens of New Orleans that, having given up his office to Dr. Commiby, he trusts that those persons who have honored him with their confidence, will continue to do so, and it is his endeavor, who fully merits it by his assiduity and capacity.

Dr. E. Commiby informs the public that his office will be open from 8 o'clock A. M. to 4 P. M. at No. 220 Bourbon street, between Main and St. Philip. 224

SUGAR PLANTATION FOR SALE.—A PIECE OF LAND fifteen arpents front by about forty in depth, established as a Sugar Plantation, with all the Buildings thereon new and in perfect order, situated in the Parish of Iberville, and in front of the best portion of Bringing the cane to maturity. Apply for more ample information and for terms, at No. 19 Toulouse street. d27

NOTICE.—The undersigned having come to the conclusion that a large quantity of SOAPS, of the very worst quality, is daily sold or sent into the country by some cheating pedlars and other petty retailers, most unscrupulously using my name, as well as empty jars bearing my cards and labels, take this method of informing all country merchants and consumers of this facts, in order that from this day they may not be deceived again by the most unqualifiable fraud.

N. B.—From this day, the labels bearing the name of my house and the designation of the quantity of the Soap to be inserted under the cover of the jars, and no longer pasted on the outside as heretofore.

A DELIT, No. 1038, Levee st.
a10—6m

TO CAPTAINS OF VESSELS.—Masters of vessels will find a boat in readiness to tow their vessels up or down the Coast to take in cargo, or from one part of the port to another, by applying at the First Municipality Steam Ferry Wharf, opposite the Public Square.

This boat has been built expressly for towing and has sufficient power to tow the largest class of ships. Steam will be furnished to vessels requiring to give immediate attention to orders. Terms most liberal. c26

TO MERCHANTS AND PLANTERS.—Masters trading in sugar machinery, sugar kettles, bricks, lumber, or any other fixed cargo, to sell, to any of the planters along the coast. Also, planters wishing to have wood transported to their plantations, or to purchase any furniture, or any other article of commerce, will please call at the First Municipality Steam Ferry, where they will always find a spare steamboat on hand. The charges will be most reasonable. c26

Architecture, Civil Engineering and Surveying.

HAVING removed my office to Banks' Arcade, on Magazine street, in New Orleans, I respectfully state that I shall continue to tender my professional services in every branch of Architecture, Civil Engineering and Surveying. Plans for private and public buildings of every kind and description, in Grecian, Gothic, and all the various styles of modern date, will be made with a strict regard to stability, comfort and economy, accompanied with specifications and estimates, based on the local average prices of labor and materials.

The surveys and locations of greater internal improvements and public works, as railroads, canals, protective works, docks, &c., as Levees, Levee works, etc., a corresponding attention will be devoted to. Having a well qualified and able assistants at my disposal, I am now prepared to extend my business to a distance from my Office, if the object be important enough, and to procure contractors such undertakings, or thousands of mechanics and laborers for the energetic execution of works of the greatest magnitude. Surveys and plans of real estate, topographical and other drawings executed satisfactory, plans, specifications and estimates for country residences, dwelling houses, warehouses, churches, and all such works made at short notice. And I shall also most faithfully superintend the execution of any kind of buildings or other improvements. The strictest attention will be paid to any business entrusted to my care, and to merit a continuance of the confidence which has been extended to me during the last few years, as a practical draftsman, surveyor and builder.

Letters to be addressed to me either in the English French, Spanish or German languages.

HENRY SCHLIHAUSEN,
Architect and Civil Engineer.
a7—6m

Agency San Mutual Insurance Company.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 13, 1845.

THE SEA MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY of New York, in pursuance of their Charter, closed their accounts on the first day of last month, and after paying all their losses, including those of the great fire on the 19th of July last, have remaining in good assets, $675,038 68. Since the 1st January, 1845, premiums and cash received for risks taken, exceed $300,000, which added to the above, make a fund of at least $830,000.

Since the 4th of last month, the parties doing business with the Company, do not share, in any way, with the losses of the preceding year, which, with the means above stated, the undersigned believes, present more than ordinary protection and inducements to persons desiring insurance.

Policies against the perils of Fire, Rivers and Seas, continue to be issued by C. MATTHEWS, Agent,
n14—tf corner of Camp and Common sts.

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE.

THE General Mutual Insurance Company of New York having assumed and taken over the unexpired risks of the Ocean Mutual Insurance Company of the city (which Company has by law gone into liquidation) are prepared to insure against Fire, River and Marine Risks, at the late office of the Ocean Insurance Company, No. 45 Camp street, on the most favorable terms.

The "General Mutual Insurance Company" have a large capital well invested; they have paid back to the persons who have insured with them 89 per cent. of their premiums, during the past three years, in scrip, bearing six per cent. interest, payable annually, and as the business of the Company is conducted altogether on the mutual principle—that is dividing among those who pay the premiums the entire profits of the office; as large a dividend as is paid by any other mutual office may be confidently expected from their future operations.

This Company offers the additional advantage to those who engage with them, of paying their losses either in New York or New Orleans, at the option of the assured.

CHAS. BRIGGS, } Agents.
EDW. OGDEN, }

Office No 45 Camp street. a18-1y

SHEET LEAD AND IMPROVED PATENT LEAD PIPE.—The subscriber continues to manufacture his Improved Leaden Pipe, and solicits the attention of Planters and others to the same. his pipe affords great facility for the conveyance of water from long distances, either for irrigating purposes or by pumps from streams, and meets the noticed residents on the Coast for the supply of their establishments. It can be made of any size, from one-fourth to four inches calibre, as may be desired, and affords at all the cheapest medium for the purpose.

Orders for the above will be filled at short notice by application to the manufacturer.

W W THOMPSON, St. Louis, Mo.,
or his Agents in New Orleans.
KENNETT & DIX, 71 Poydras st

CAST POWDER—Sage Park Rifle in kegs, halves quarters and canisters, warranted of the first quality sold by the undersigned agents.

REYNAUD, CUCULLU & Co,
a14 34 Tchoupitoulas st.

RECEIVED by late arrivals and for sale by the undersigned—300 bbls white wine Barsac and Sauterne; 25 do Chateau Haut Brion; 150 boxes fine assorted Cordials; 40 do superior do; 40 do Claret genuine Grand Lafeste; 200 do do different mark; 20 do do Grapes in Brandy; 50 do Curacao of Holland; 200 do Pickles assorted; 100 do Orange flower water; 40 do Maraschino; 30 baskets Champagne; 200,000 corks.

REYNAUD, CUCULLU & Co.
a14 34 Tchoupitoulas st.

NO. 108 ROYAL STREET.

THE undersigned offers for sale, now landing at ship Swede, from Havre, Silk Ottomans, Silk, Mousseline Laine:

Printed Scotch Cashmere, Tartan, Bindoo, &c. &c.; Scotch Cashmere Scarfs, tartan, Mousseline laine, &c.; Silk Neckerchiefs, broached Mousseline laines; Black crape for Mourning; Taffetas, large grain, Satin paste, &c.; Black Taffetas, large grain, black Taffetas, fine, gentlemen's Woven plaid Satin, broached and Silk Scarfs; Silk Pouli, Levantin, Satin, for Vests; Silk Gloves and Mittens, Egyptian Filet, Embroidered Filet, &c.; Satin and Silk Collars and Cravats;

Silk and Filet Purses;

Tartan and striped woolen Satin for Vests;

Mycrelles for Vests;

Linnen Cambric Hdkfs, embroidered, hemstitched and watered;

A complete assortment of Perfumery, new Boxes Snuffers, Pomatums, Bear's Grease, Beef Marrow, Creme de Perse, &c.

Also—Shop orders of every description.

d2 P & J LACOSTE.

LANAVE, on ship New Hampshire, from Bordeaux—15 quarter pipes Cognac Chesbilion;
12 do do do Dupuy;
50 cases Bordeaux claret, for sale by
n10 DARAN, QUEYROUZE & Co, 11 & 15 N Louis

DRY GOODS.

THE subscribers have received by late arrivals a general assortment of Linen Goods, which they offer for sale on accommodating terms by the package:

Brown linen sheetings;
7/8 and 11/8 shirting linens, in pieces; dami plaided and quarter pieces heavy linen sheetings;
5/4 and 7/8 long linens, 5/4 and 6/4 cambric bobbin, Brittanniola and Flatilla; threads, tapes and shoestrings, all kinds. VANCE & LEWIS.
d4—1w 34 Bienville street.

LIQUORS—Just received and for sale—11 quarter casks A Seignette brandy (4th proof;) 3 pipes do do 5th quarter; 2 pipes Port wine, superior; 1 do Madeira wine superior. REYNAUD, CUCULLU & Co.
n14 34 Tchoupitoulas st.

In Custom-house Stores, in bond.

BRANDY—Abel, Seignette, received direct from Larochelle, per ship Cyrene, just from Seignette:

5 quarter pipes	old Cognac,	1839,	
5 half	do	do	do
10 do	do	do	do
5 quarter	do	do	do

4th proof.

For sale at New York prices by
d27 LOBDELL & SILVESTER, 26 Chartres st.

HAVANA CIGARS—Just in store, for sale by
H 429 TRIBODET & LAMEE, 28 Old Levee.

WEEKLY PAPER.

FOR GOVERNOR,
WILLIAM [illegible] LLOYD.
FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
EDWARD [illegible]
For Congress,
D. F. BURTHE.
RANDELL HUNT.
ROBERT PREAUX.
FERGUS GARDNER.
For Representatives to the Legislature.
FIRST DISTRICT.
DANIEL BYRNE, L WHITTEMAN SMITH.
SECOND DISTRICT.
J. B. WALTON, HENRY LIVERGE.
THIRD DISTRICT.
T. G. HUNT, W. H. AVERY.
M. HURLEY.
FOURTH DISTRICT.
THEODORE ZACHARIE, HENRY D. OGDEN,
P. W. FARRAR.
FIFTH DISTRICT.
JULES BURTH, NICHOLAS GURLEE,
VICTOR BURTH.
SIXTH DISTRICT.
ARMAND ELLIS, JOHN WALTHALL.
SEVENTH DISTRICT.
JULES CAZEAUX, S. BRADENBARD.
EIGHTH DISTRICT.
OSCAR LA BRANCHE.
NINTH DISTRICT.
WILLIAM C. C. CLAIBORNE.

Monday morning, Dec. 29, 1845.

OFFICIAL.

☞ NOTICE is hereby given that a contract has been entered into between the undersigned and Messrs. Magee & Weisse, Proprietors of the BEE Newspaper for the publication, during the ensuing calendar year (1846) of all the advertisements required by the act of March 16th, 1842, for the price of *ONE DOLLAR* for every hundred words for each publication and in each language.

WM. DEBUYS, State Treasurer.
☞ LOST C. NICHOLAS, Sec'y of State.
New Orleans, 27th Dec. 1845.

The Tariff.

The New York *Journal of Commerce* says: A letter from a Whig member of Congress from New England, to his friend in this city, in answer to inquiries, says the fate of the present tariff is sealed. He says he has taken pains to inform himself, and the result is, that the administration can command a majority, though the entire delegation of Pennsylvania should adhere to the tariff of 1842.

Maugre the diligence of the "Whig member" in counting votes, we profess considerable scepticism in regard to the accuracy of his vaticinations. The *Journal of Commerce* is almost as ultra on the subject of Free Trade as the Charleston *Mercury*, and as exceedingly apt to make its wish father to its thought. Unless there has been a radical change in the opinions of most of the Democratic representatives from the Northern States, little apprehension need be entertained of any material modification of the Tariff of 1842. The entire delegation from Pennsylvania will of course oppose such a proposition, but they will not stand alone. They will be seconded by Locofocofocos New York, from New Jersey, Maine, Indiana and Ohio. We take it that the Northern Democracy will display as much tenderness in touching so thorny a theme, as they did last year, when with a larger majority than they now possess, they permitted the bill reported by Gen'l McKay to lie unceremoniously on the table. The Tariff is certain to prick the fingers of those who meddle with it. Like the device on the Scottish arms, its motto is "*nemo me impune lacessit*," and democracy will content itself with declamation upon the blessings of Free Trade, without attempting to pluck the flower from out of so dangerous a nettle.

If, however, this opinion should prove unfounded, and Locofocoism should undertake the perilous experiment of reducing the Tariff to the Revenue standard, we are well content that the country should once again taste the bitter fruits which are the legitimate productions of Free Trade. If the experience of the past has failed to satisfy the nation, by all means let us have another trial. If the remembrance of the sad condition of our commerce and manufactures, and the miserable shifts to which the Government was compelled to resort in order to sustain its expenses during the few years preceding the enactment of the present law, have already faded from the public mind—if politicians, in their eagerness for fancied reform, have so soon forgotten that the same Tariff in two years revived the drooping energies of trade, gave stability and strength to our domestic industry, substituted a healthy and permanent impulse for the sickly and intermitting efforts of commerce, and above all replenished the coffers of the Treasury and enabled the Government to liquidate its obligations and reassesin its credit,—if these results are no longer remembered, or are disregarded in the feverish and fitful anxiety for change, so be it. Politically speaking, to apply the language of a contemporary to this subject, we could wish nothing better than Locofocism should butt its head against the Tariff of 1842. Such an act would sweep the party from power in 1848.

There is one consideration which has been overlooked in the speculations upon the probability of a change in the Tariff, and that is the necessity of abundant revenue to meet the anticipated preparations for national defence. It would be a folly unsuicidal to curtail the resources of the Government at a period like the present, that we feel inclined to acquit even Locofocoism of the stupendous ignorance of the best interests of the country. We think that the party will gladly avail themselves of so plausible a pretext for maintaining in force the main provisions of the act.

☞ THE COMMERCIAL REVIEW.—We tender our acknowledgements to the editor, Mr. J. D. B. De Bow, for the first number of this publication. It is the fruit of a most creditable enterprise on the part of that gentleman, to establish a monthly work which will be devoted exclusively to the great and practical interests of the South and West, on the principle of Hunt's Merchants' Magazine. If carried out in a proper spirit and with the ability of which the number before us gives good earnest, we cannot question its entire success.

We can only at present state the subjects of which the Commercial Review treats. The opening article is an examination of the position of the Commercial Review, in relation to Southern and Western Periodical Literature, and Southern and Western interests. Then follow a review of the Memphis Convention; an article on the Southern Atlantic and Mississippi Rail Road; a paper on the Home and Foreign Grain Market; New Orleans and Charleston; The Mississippi; Louisiana Sugar; The Consular System; The Warehousing System; Oregon and California; Post Office Reform; with a large variety of minor articles upon Cotton, Military and Naval Defences, Texas, Education, State Debts and other matters connected directly or indirectly with commerce.

The work exhibits talent in the original contributions, and great industry and sound judgment in its selections.

MEXICAN AFFAIRS.

The *New York Courier* of the 17th says: We have learned from a reliable source the particulars of the appointment of Mr. SLIDELL, of Louisiana, as United States Minister to Mexico. It would appear that Mr. FARNOTT, whose brother is already a Consul at Mazatlan, a Mexican port, was sent to the City of Mexico to sound the Government; and he ascertained the fact that they were ready to negotiate and willing to settle all the difficulties with the United States for money. He returned to New Orleans the last of October, and went immediately to Washington.

Mr. SLIDELL, learning the result of Mr. FARNOTT'S mission, made application for the appointment, which he obtained. The basis of the negotiation, we understand, is the *Rio Grande* for the boundary, from the mouth to the source, and thence a line North to our boundary; and the sum required, or which it was intimated would be required, as a consideration, is $15,000,0000 towards which the amount due by Mexico to American claimants will be taken in part payment.

According to the annexed paragraph from the *New York News*, an administration journal, Mr. SLIDELL has authority for a far more extended boundary line than that alluded to above:

CALIFORNIA.—It seems to be understood that Mr. SLIDELL, our new Minister to Mexico, is fully authorized to negotiate our boundary with that Republic upon the most liberal footing. His powers in this respect are believed to be so extensive that under them he may negotiate a cession to the United States of the right of Mexico to Upper California.

This would probably be effected by making our line follow the centre of the Rio Grande del Norte from the Gulf of Mexico until it reaches the thirty-second degree of north latitude, and then run westward on that parallel to the Pacific Ocean. Of course such a result will not be brought about without a handsome pecuniary consideration for the relinquishment of territory. Our claims against her for indemnities of various sorts amount to nearly two hundred and seventy-five millions of dollars, and we may, if we choose, add to this, Indeed, as far as the claims of our citizens are concerned, we could give her a full discharge in consideration of the payment to us of the principal sum, leaving the interest to nothing; but, if we give this up, we require a full equivalent for it in the payment, and we hope that she will very speedily pay up the principal.

Death of an Author.

DEATH OF AN AUTHORESS.—Miss Sarah Brooks, the authoress of "Sophist," died on the 15th November last, at Middleton, in the State of Ohio, from debility consequent upon a fit of sickness.

☞ We are indebted to Messrs. Magee & Weisse for interesting public documents.

Congress.

In the Senate on the 15th, [illegible] introduced a resolution instructing the Committee on Foreign Affairs to inquire into the expediency of [illegible] with reference to a Resolution [illegible] considerable discussion [illegible] Allen, Archer, Atherton, Bagby, Benton, Breese, Buchanan, Calhoun, Dix, Dickinson, Fairfield, Hannegan, Huntington, Jarnagin, Johnson of Md., Lewis, Mangum and Simmons—19.

Mr. Allen, agreeably to notice, [illegible] resolution advising the President [illegible] Great Britain of the termination of the joint occupancy of Oregon, and then open under the rule.

Mr. Upham asked to be excused from serving on the Committee on Pensions, which was granted, and Mr. Johnson of La. was appointed in his place.

Mr. Johnson of La., offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Commerce to enquire into the expediency of making an appropriation for the outfit and equipment of a Custom-house in New Orleans.

Mr. Atherton introduced the following important resolution, which he sent into the chair and read:

Resolved, That the Committee on Territories inquire how far the territory of [illegible] a territorial Government in the Territory of Oregon.

Resolved, That the Committee on Public Lands be instructed to inquire into the expediency of granting [illegible] to several settlers in Oregon.

Resolved, That the Committee on Military Affairs be instructed to inquire into the expediency of establishing Blockhouses, Stockade Forts and Military Posts upon the frontiers of Missouri to the Fremont Pass of the Rocky Mountains and from thence through the Oregon Territory to the mouth of Columbia River.

The bills introduced some days previous by Mr. Crittenden, for the purchase of the Louisville and Portland Canal, and for the improvement of the Ohio and Mississippi rivers, were taken up and referred to the Committee on Roads and Canals.

After the transaction of some unimportant business, the Senate went into Executive Session, and shortly after adjourned to Monday, the 22d.

In the House, the day was consumed in a debate on the propriety of referring to a Select Committee the resolutions adopted by the Legislature of Massachusetts, relative to a change of the naturalization laws. Mr. Levin concluded his speech in favor of the reference, and was followed by Mr. Chase of Tenn., who advocated their reference to the Committee on the Judiciary. Mr. Bayley of Va., followed on the same side, and were succeeded by Mr. Gordon and Mr. Farran of Ohio, Mr. Davis of Miss., and Messrs. Grower and Hunt of New York. The discussion was continued till the hour of adjournment.

THE FELICIANAS.—Our friends in the Feliciana, who though nearly always in the minority, are ever staunch and faithful, are up and doing. "The Clinton Whig assures its brethren throughout the State that Judge Johnson's majority in the Third Congressional district cannot equal that obtained by Mr. Polk in '44, or by Mr. Hannamon more recently, the consequence of the Locos to the contrary notwithstanding. Let our friends in Madison and throughout the State, says the Whig, rest content with our assurance that all is safe in this region—let them do their duty, and all will be well.

THE LOCOFOCOS in East Feliciana have nominated Dr. Isaac R. Caulfield for Senator. He is a Free Trader of the Calhoun school. Who the nominees for the House are, we do not learn, but understand that they have occasioned great dissatisfaction among the "harmonious." The Whigs are to make their selection in a day or two. We trust they will place upon their ticket the name of that honest, able and unwavering Whig Dr. PERKINS.

The New York *Journal of Commerce* of the 18th has the following:

PARIS.—Come back, with its frightful visage, yesterday. Norwich and Worcester Rail Road, which sold on the 9th of May at 94, fell to 86 1-8, and other stocks fluctuate largely. The news is decidedly alarming, and the rumors and fabrications still more so. The condition of the money market increased the difficulty. The demand for specie is very large. The produce of the country has accumulated here, and if not here, has been paid for by our merchants on the usual quarterly terms, and at prices a good deal above those of recent years. The whole amount of specie authorized to draw on New York, and the consequence is, that for the moment the rates of exchange are against us in all directing points of trade, especially the discount on New York drafts is enormous, as to expose us to large drafts for specie. The speculations here in flour, and the disposition to hold on upon it, have been carried to the extreme. The money in the vaults of the Banks has been diminished since the returns on the first of November more than a million of dollars, supporting himself on the resignation of the captain of the schooner Gold Hunter, on the coast of Africa, Ernest L. Kolle and Frederick Trask out of 436, as the amount of their passage to [illegible] they paid to him. The case occupied the Court the whole of day. The jury returned a verdict of "not guilty."

Several other cases were postponed. A nolle prosequi was entered in the case of Price, charged with larceny—the prosecutor not appearing.

RECORDER GIRON'S COURT.—A man named L. Francois le Bon, was charged before Recorder Genois on Saturday, on the affidavit of a woman named Mary Shyler, with having, on Friday last, about 7 o'clock in the evening, induced her to go with him to his dwelling house in Bienville street, in order to see a clock which she had sent there to be cleaned. When they both went inside the store, le Bon locked the door, drew a pistol from his pocket, put out the candle, and after searching her pocket took a gold pencil therefrom—immediately after this she gave the alarm and had him arrested. His Honor bound him over to appear and answer this morning.

A. A. Beau entered into bail of $2,000 for his appearance to answer to the charge of subpoening Mr. Woodlief with plaid, knife, &c., the particulars of which we noticed at the time.

Joseph Bilbow was charged by Davis Marks, who is a tailor on the Levee, with an assault and battery upon him. He was sent before the Criminal Court.

José Ramon was charged by Ramiero Rodriguez, who keeps a fruit store on Royal street, with having stolen from him several small articles, and likewise with breaking open his trunk with a view to rob its contents, but was detected. He was remanded for further examination.

RECORDER BALDWIN'S COURT.—Charles Myers, for stealing $26 90 from Josiah Wilson, on board the steamboat Highlander, was sent to the Criminal Court for trial.

Frank Thorn, for stealing from Wm. Kelly some clothing and a watch, was remanded for further examination.

Hugh Sutherland, charged with stealing a valuable cloak from Joseph McGibbon, was sent to the Criminal Court.

Frank Faith, alias Philip Fee, alias Tim Foley, was charged with stealing some clothing articles—Being an old offender, and the proof of guilt not made very clear, although the articles found upon him seemed his, as he acknowledged, he was sent to the Workhouse as a vagrant for six months.

☞ Wm. Flanigan was taken up on Saturday night. He had taken a ride on the Front Levee in a buggy, opposite the Bend Market; drove furiously and was thrown out. He was in rather an excited state. The horse, afterwards, ran off with the buggy, and jumped into the river, where it was drowned; the only part of the buggy saved was the seat and cushions. Flanigan will find [illegible] the cost and cushions. Flanigan will find [illegible] rather a dear one when Mr. Harrison, who [illegible] stable opposite the St. Mary's market, and to [illegible] the horse and buggy belonged, presents his account of damages, &c.

☞ In the Equestrial District composed of St. Helena and Livingston, two home are running, Messrs. McCord and Robichaux, Coon, are already [illegible] candidates who will head [illegible] ticket.

In the St. Tammany and Washington district Gen'l. Reiguado is the Whig candidate for Senator, and we learn, with every prospect of success.

A DISTINGUISHED GUEST.—We are informed that the Hon. John C. Calhoun will be present at the celebration of the landing of the Pilgrims at Plymouth. He is to be the guest of the Hon. Daniel Webster—*Boston Traveller*.

MAGNIFICENT ENGRAVINGS.—We tender our acknowledgements to Mr. THOMAS PRELL, for copies of two superb engravings, recently executed by the first artists in our country. One is an engraving of Sir WALTER SCOTT, drawn expressly for the New York *Albion*, by BADE. It is a life-like production, exquisitely chaste and well conceived, and with a proper light, is remarkably beautiful. A copy may be seen at the book-store of J. B. Steel, No. 14 Camp street, who will receive orders for the paper.

The other is a masterly delineation of the "Last Supper," executed by A. L. DICK, of New York, from Raphael Morgen's celebrated copy of the original painting of LEONARDO DA VINCI. The copy is said to be nearly three feet in length, and in expression, harmony, shading and fidelity is one of the most perfect specimens of the art we have ever beheld. THOMAS PRELL, Esq., is the agent for the South and West, and the public is requested to call and examine this admirable work at the book-store of Mr. Steel, who has a supply for sale.

FROM ST. DOMINGO.—By the brig St. Mihiel, at New York, 21 days from Santo Domingo, intelligence has been received that the Haytien and Dominican forces were making preparations for a decisive battle.

OHIO RIVER.—At Wheeling on Friday on the 19th, the water in the river at the Ohio stood was [illegible] feet deep, rising.

☞ We are indebted to the [illegible] Charleston, for late Boston papers.

LATEST DATES.

New York	Dec 19	Charleston	Nov 19
Washington	Dec 18	Mobile	Dec 12
Charleston	Dec 18	Mexico	Dec 12
Savannah	Dec 12	Texas	Dec 13
St. Lucie	Dec 7	Havana	Dec 16

COMMERCIAL

NEW ORLEANS, SUNDAY NIGHT, DECEMBER 28, 1845.

The transactions in Cotton yesterday amounted to 1,500 bales, with a very steady market, as holders are daily contending for advanced rates. We repeat our former quotations:

LIVERPOOL CLASSIFICATION—LOUISIANA AND MISSISSIPPI.

Inferior		
Capable to Good Ordinary		6¼ @ 6⅜
Good Ordinary		6⅜ @ 6½
Good Middling		6⅝ @ 6¾
Middling Fair		6¾ @ 7
Fair		7 @ 7¼
Good Fair		7¼ @ 7½
Good and Fine		7½ @ 8

Flour was sold yesterday at $5.00 per bbl. Considerable sales of Corn were made yesterday, at 35 @ 40c. per bushel.

We have no change to notice in Exchanges. Sight on New York is still 1 @ ¼ per cent discount. Checks upon Boston are 1 per cent discount.

The Celebrated Hair Restorative, from 20 Prefumes, Warranted to restore hair from the face, neck, or any part of the body, in a safe, easy and speedy manner. It is entirely vegetable, and cannot injure the most delicate skin in the world, and will restore hair in every instance where the roots are not entirely destroyed. Numerous certificates of its wonderful effects can be seen at the office of the Agent, 20 Prefumes, Camp street, New Orleans. Price $1 per bottle. Sold by all Druggists throughout the United States, Canada, and Mexico. Also, for the Celebrated Italian Tooth Paste, Gold and Chloride of Gold Tooth Powder, Italian Shaving Cream, Italian Hair Dye, and other articles manufactured by the Proprietor, Dr. Felix Gouraud, late of Paris, but now residing in this city. As he is desirous of securing a permanent residence in this country, he has established a depot at the present favorable prices.

For particulars address A. A. PEYRE, New Orleans.

RECEIVED by late arrivals, and for sale by the undersigned, 1 pipe Cognac Chesbilion;
1 do do Dupuy;
1 do do Bordeaux claret;
1 do do Sauterne;
1 do do Barsac;
1 do do Grapes in Brandy;
1 do do Curacao of Holland;
1 do do Maraschino;
1 do do Orange flower water;
1 do do Pickles assorted;
1 do do Champagne;
1 do do Cherry Brandy;
1 do do Claret genuine Grand Lafeste;
1 do do Claret genuine Grand Lafeste;
1 do do Claret genuine Grand Lafeste