THE BEE.

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JEROME BAYON.
STATE PRINTER.
"THE UNION—IT MUST BE PRESERVED."
THURSDAY MORNING, FEB. 7, 1833.

FOR GOVERNOR:
J. B. DAWSON.

Yesterday's mail furnishes New York dates of the 19th, Philadelphia and Baltimore of the 21st, Washington of the 23d, and Charleston of the 27th ultimo.

On the 21st of January, the standing committee on the judiciary, to whom had been referred the president's message, reported a bill, for an abstract of which, we are indebted to the National Intelligencer. It will be found in another part of our columns. It received a first reading, and was set over for a second one the day following. We have read it with a feeling of melancholy, and every patriot will join us, we have no doubt, in hearty malisons on the wretches, whose madness has enforced the necessity of such a bill.

"Oh! for a tongue to curse the slave
Whose treason, like a deadly blight,
Comes o'er the council of the brave
To blast them in the hour of might."

Massachusetts and the tariff.—The legislature of Massachusetts, through their committee of ways and means, have reported resolutions, protesting against the further reduction of the tariff, as ruinous to the industry and enterprise of her citizens, and materially affecting the prosperity of the country at large. The body of the resolutions contains a kind of sermon to Congress on the inexpediency of any further modification of the system of imports. The governor is requested to transmit copies of the resolutions and report to each of the senators and representatives in Congress, and to the executive of every state in the union.

The merchants of Quebec have addressed a petition to the Parliament of Lower Canada, setting forth that under the present rates of duty leviable in the Provinces on the articles of tea, sugar, coffee, salt and molasses, they cannot act in competition with the illegal traffic that will be carried on with the United States when the new tariff goes into operation. To counteract the effects of that tariff, they therefore pray that the duties on tea may be taken off; that the provincial duty on sugar may be reduced; and that the provincial duties on coffee, molasses and salt may be wholly taken off.

A French writer, with something like accuracy, has said that ours was essentially a romantic people. This assertion, what though not absolutely correct, is not without foundation; the spirit of migration is strongly characteristic of the habits of one portion at least of our vastly extended territories. We learn from the northern papers, that a new expedition is fitting out for the Oregon, made up of a number of hardy and adventurous young men, intended to form a permanent settlement some eighty miles up the Columbia river. A pamphlet, containing full information on those dreary possessions of ours in the north Pacific, represents the country as fertile, bosky and irriguous—the streams abound with fish, among which are the trout, the salmon, the cod, the sardine and the herring. The sea fisheries afford the whale, seal, sea otter, and the pearl muscle; the pearls, however, are said to be of an inferior quality. Among the quadrupeds, are the horse, moose, elk, deer, antelope, bear, wolf, fox, beaver, and many other animals common to this country. The list of fowl includes the prairie hen, the coot, brant, goose, swan, pheasant, together with an untold variety of ducks. The territory of Oregon, although within the 46th degree of latitude, is milder than the state of New York.

From the National Intelligencer of Jan. 22.

Features of a bill reported by the committee on the judiciary.

The first section of the bill provides, that whenever, by any combinations or obstructions to the due execution of the laws of the United States, it may be impracticable for the proper officers to collect the revenue from import duties at any particular port, the president of the U. S. may direct the custom house to be kept at some secure place within that state, and the duties accruing there to be paid in cash, collecting interest, &c. The goods which may be in custody of such collector, shall not be removed by any authority but that of the courts of the United States: and if any attempt be made to seize or obtain possession of said goods, under color of any other authority, the President of the United States may direct the employment of the land and naval forces of the United States, to resist and repel it.

Section second provides that the jurisdiction of the circuit court of the United States shall extend to all cases of law or equity arising under the laws of the United States; and any person suffering injury in his person or his property, for any act done under the laws of the U. S., may institute and prosecute a suit in the circuit court, and be entitled to damages proportioned to said injury. Property seized by any officer of the government under the authority of the laws of the U. S., is to be repleviable only by process of courts of the U. S.: and any person who shall dispossess or rescue any property in custody of an officer, shall be deemed guilty of misdemeanor, and liable to fine and imprisonment according to the act of 30th April, 1790.

The third section provides, that in any suit or prosecution in any court of any state, against any officer for any act done under the authority of the laws of the U. S., it shall be lawful, at any time before the trial thereof, it to remove the case, on petition and affidavit, to the circuit court of the U. States, and any further proceeding thereon in the state courts, shall thereafter be null and void, &c. This section further provides for continuation of all process and attachments, &c., as if the suit had been originally commenced in the circuit court. This section also contains other provisions against evasion of its regulations.

The fourth section provides that where any copies of papers or records of any state court, necessary to be used in any suit in a court of the United States, are refused, the U. S. court may direct and allow the record to be supplied by affidavit or otherwise, as the circumstances of the case may allow, and proceed without it, as if certified copies of such records and proceedings were regularly had before said court.

The fifth section provides that whenever the president of the United States is officially informed that the execution of the laws of the United States or the decrees of the courts of the United States, will be obstructed by military force, he may proclamate and order the dispersion of such force; and if it be not thereupon dispersed, he may employ the land and naval forces of the U. S. to disperse the same, in conformity to the provisions of the acts of the 28th of Feb. 1795, and 3d March, 1807.

The sixth section provides that the marshal of the U. S. for any district, in case of the use of the jails of any state being refused for the safe keeping of prisoners committed under the laws of the U. S., shall, under the direction of the district judge of said district, use such other places, and adopt such other measures, as may be necessary and expedient in such cases.

The seventh and last section provides that any judge of the circuit or district courts of the United States may issue a writ of habeas corpus to bring before him any individual confined in prison under any law of the state, for the execution of any law of the United States, or of any decree of any court of the United States, &c.

BALTIMORE, January 22.

From Port-au-Prince.—The schr Marie Galante, Capt. Jackson, arrived here on Saturday afternoon, in 11 days from Port-au-Prince. The Captain states that President Boyer was lying very ill when he left. The markets were extremely depressed, and coffee high—$14 had been offered and refused.—*Patriot.*

We have before us the evidence of another fraud on the merchants of New York, in the person of James C. Clark, of Norwick, Connecticut. Mr. Clarke came to this city in May last, and purchased goods to a large amount, for which he gave his notes, endorsed by his brother D. N. Clark and Deacon Wm. Rogers. Within a week after the purchase, he conveyed away the property, to prevent legal process. In June he offered his creditors *twelve and six pence* in the pound, to give a release, which was refused.—On the 11th of this month he issued a circular offering *ten shillings*, payable in *six months* and adds "unless you accede to this proposition you will never receive one cent for your claims against me—and unless this proposition is acceded to in *ten days* I shall have to withdraw this offer, as I have now commenced taking the benefit of the insolvent act in this state, and as soon as I get through in Connecticut, I shall then take the same in New York, as am under bonds in both States." And in a postscript he has the impudence to add, "your suits brought at the Circuit Court of the United States will do you good, for the jail in this town is a United States Jail, and you can only commit me and my brother to jail in this town; the limits are very large, and besides that you cannot keep us on the limits over 15 days and all the cost you make on your debt you will have to lose, as we are unable to pay it. I consider it very unjust in any one of my creditors to attempt to harass me in the law, when I have offered them all I can do.—*N. Y. Gaz.*

Only appearance of Dew.—Several gardeners in the environs of Rotterdam, have observed for some time past, that the dew covering the leaves of plants in the morning, instead of being clear and thin as usual, has had an oily appearance, and sticks to the fingers. This change is said to have been simultaneous with the appearance of the cholera; and the question has been asked, whether it may not have been produced by the same atmospheric states which prepared the way for the march of the cholera.—*Gazette Med.*

Accident.—The ship John Liston, Capt Wibray, from New Orleans, in coming up the harbor on Tuesday, when just below Governor's Island, fell in contact with the new Revenue Cutter Jefferson, Capt Randolph, bound to New-Orleans. The cutter was beating out, and the ship coming in with a fine wind. The starboard bulwarks of the cutter were stove in, stanchions broke, fore rigging and stills much injured, and mainmast carried away. The ship's forecyard, jib-room and end of bowsprit gone. The Jefferson had on board an extra complement of men, intended for the cutter at Washington. Had it not been for the superior strength of the cutter, she would in probability have sunk, and many lives lost; she had on board all told, 62 persons.—*N. Y. Gaz.*

Trial for Larceny.—William Poterfield, alias Ellis, alias Butler, a shoemaker, accused of stealing an amount of bank notes of the value of about $50,000, the property of the Bank of Penn Township in Pennsylvania, was put upon his trial at Philadelphia, on the 7th inst, and after a protracted investigation, found guilty.—From the evidence it appeared that his brother-in-law of the name of Middleton, an engineer on board the steamboat Wilmington had been entrusted with a package containing the money, for safe conveyance to John Poibert, esq., cashier of the Wilmington Bank, Delaware. The fact of the trust being communicated to Poterfield he advised Middleton to keep the money, and deny that he had received it. This was declined by Middleton, although he was not very scrupulous in spending small sums of it to suit his personal convenience. At length they entered an oystershop, and after indulging in copious libations, Middleton fell asleep, when Poterfield abstracted the parcel and decamped. He fled to the Eastward, and was apprehended at the Tremont theatre in Boston. The jury, for what cause we know not recommended the prisoner to the mercy of the court, and on Friday sentence had not been pronounced.—*N. Y. Com.*

Counterfeiters detected.—A gang of counterfeiters who had been playing their game very successfully in Detroit and vicinity, were pounced upon in the city a few days since, and several individuals arrested, three of whom, Charles Crofts, James Defoe and J. Button were committed for trial. Strong suspicions rested upon several other persons, some of whom fled South, it was supposed towards Texas. It is very probable they will make a halt in this city.—*N. Y. Jour. Com.*

The fugitives, says the Detroit Courier, will be narrowly watched. There is no doubt a desperate and extensive gang of these villains, that branches out in various places, and even in adjoining States. But the further reign of rogues, scoundrels and forgers is exceedingly questionable, if success is commensurate with the zealous efforts now making to ferret them from their hiding places.

Counterfeit bills of the following banks have been found in the possession of those who were arrested.

$10 and $100 bills of the United States Bank.			
10	do	do	Phœnix do
5	do	do	Auburn, N. Y. do
5	do	do	Fulton do
5	do	do	Orange Co: do

LOUISIANA LEGISLATURE.

ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE—FIRST SESSION

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

THURSDAY, January 31, 1833.

The house met agreeably to adjournment.

On motion of Mr. Walker, Ordered, That leave of absence be granted to Mr. Mulhollen for a few days.

Mr. Lessassier presented to the house the petition of Thomas Brown, praying for the privilege of keeping a ferry in the parish of Iberville.

On motion, Ordered, That said petition be referred to the committee on propositions and grievances.

Mr. Garland presented to the house the petition of the inhabitants of the town of Opelousas, praying to amend the act incorporating said town.

On motion, Ordered, That said petition be referred to the committee on propositions and grievances.

Mr. Duplessis offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the committee on finance be authorized to have a plot of the whole property of the state, purchased from the Charity Hospital, made by Zemple, Esq. deputy city surveyor; that a street be run through the same, and that the portion intended for sale, be divided into lots.

On motion, Ordered, That said resolution be rejected.

Mr. Porter chairman of the committee of claims, to whom was referred the petition of J. C. Mairot, presented the following report:

The committee of claims, to whom was referred the petition of J. C. Mairot, of the city of New Orleans, have the honor to report:

That your committee have examined the documents on file with the memorial, from which it appears, that the said Mairot served during the late war in this state, as soldier in the company of Chasseurs d'Orleans, commanded by Mr. Guibert, during which time, he steadily and faithfully performed his duty to the entire satisfaction of his superiors. It is further alledged and proved, that he has since become blind, and unable to work at his trade of goldsmith. But it is not proved to the satisfaction of your committee, that the affliction under which he now labors, was the result of his military services.

Your committee considering that the claim is one made exclusively to the liberality of the state, have thought it their duty merely to report facts, leaving it for the wisdom of the House, to decide on the propriety of granting or refusing the memorialists prayer.

Which is respectfully submitted.

[Signed] JAMES PORTER,
Chairman of Committee on Claims.

On motion: Ordered, That said report be laid on the table subject to the call of the House.

Mr. Bullard, chairman of the committee to whom was referred the petition of Urish Smith, praying for the privilege of keeping a ferry on the river Boeca Chitto in the Parish of St. Tammany, reported by presenting the following bill entitled "An act granting to Uriah Smith the exclusive privilege of keeping a ferry," which was read for the first time, and ordered for a second reading on to-morrow.

Mr. Garland, chairman of the committee of unfinished business, made a report by presenting the following bill entitled "An act to amend the act incorporating the Lafourche and Terrebonne Navigation Company," which was read for the first time, and ordered for a second reading on to-morrow.

Mr. Morgan, agreeably to previous notice, introduced the bill entitled "An act to amend the several acts relative to the settlement of successions, and for other purposes;" which was read for the first time, and ordered for a second reading, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Canon, agreeably to previous notice, introduced the bill entitled "An act to amend the several acts relative to elections in and for the Parish of Orleans," which was read for the first time, and ordered for a second reading on to-morrow.

Mr. Voorhies, of Avoyelles, gave notice that to-morrow, or on a future day, he will introduce a bill entitled "An act supplementary to the several acts concerning the improvement of the bayou DeGlaze."

On motion of Mr. Hoa: Ordered, That the House dispense with its rules, and that leave be granted to Mr. Dauny, to introduce the following resolution:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, That our Senators and Representatives in Congress, be requested to use all their influence to have a law passed, authorizing the introduction of the arms purchased by the state of Louisiana for the use of the militia of said state, free of duty. And that the governor be requested to forward copies of said resolution to our Senators and Representatives in Congress, which was read for the first time.

On motion: Ordered, That the House dispense with its rules, and proceed to the second reading, and take the same into consideration.

On motion: Ordered, That said resolution be adopted.

The clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the senate therein.

ORDER OF THE DAY.

The bills entitled,

"An act to release the parish of St Landry from all liability for a loan made to it by an act approved March 11th, 1830.

"An act supplementary to the several acts relative to runaway slaves in this state,"

"An act to appoint a justice of the peace in the city of New Orleans with a certain jurisdiction mentiond in said act."

"An act to explain the extent of powers which are granted by law, to the mayor and city council of New Orleans, and for other purposes."

"An act to determine permanently the ways of communications in the county of Attakapas."

"An act securing to Mulhen Holden, his heirs and assigns, the privilege of keeping a ferry across the Bocca Chitto river, in the Parish of St. Tammany, for the term of ten years;" and

"An act relative to the ferry between the bayou Lafourche and Attakapas;" which were read for the second time, and ordered for a third reading on to-morrow.

The bill entitled "An act to amend the charter of the Amite Navigation Company, and for other purposes," was read for the second time.

On motion of Mr. Leonard; Ordered, That the House dispense with its rules, and proceed to the third reading of said bill, and take the same into consideration.

On motion: Ordered, That said bill be taken section by section.

The different sections of said bill being adopted,

On motion: Ordered, That said bill do pass and retain its title.

On motion: Ordered, That the preamble be adopted.

The clerk was directed to inform the Senate thereof.

The House took up the bill entitled "An act to alter the laws now in force on the separation of bed and board between spouses;" which was under consideration when the House adjourned yesterday.

On motion: Ordered, That said bill be laid on the table subject to the call of the House.

The House took up the bill entitled "An act to incorporate the Citizens' Bank of Louisiana."

During the discussion of the 13th section, Mr. Garland moved to strike out from the word "enacting," to the word "provided," and substitute the following amendment as a substitute to said section.

Be it further enacted, That after deducting from the capital stock of said Bank, the sum of five millions of dollars, which the subscribers to the stock of the same will be entitled to receive on account of their subscriptions, then one half of the remaining part of the capital shall be reserved, to be loaned on mortgages or notes, executed by persons residing in the parishes of this state, other than the Parish and City of New-Orleans, to be divided among each and every of said parishes in proportion to the amount of the tax each Parish shall pay into the treasury of this State, to determine which proportion, the directors of the said bank shall have the right to call upon the treasurer of the state for a just and true statement of the amount of taxes payable by each Parish: Provided, That persons residing in this State, out of the City and Parish of New-Orleans, who may desire to borrow money from said Bank on negotiable notes, shall not by any rule or regulation thereof that may be made, be required to give an endorser or endorsers on said notes, domiciliated in the City and Parish of New-Orleans, or any other named Parish: Provided, That the endorser or endorsers shall reside in the state, and be considered sufficient security for the loan required.

On the adoption of said substitute the yeas and nays were called for by Mr. Chinn, when it appeared that Messrs. Barrow, Brown, Bullard, Chinn, Duballion, Dupré, Folse, Garland, Guillet, Holstein, Horton, Johnson, Lagarde, Legendre, Leonard, Maddox, McRae, Morgan, Nicholls, Patten, Porter, Roussel, Voorhies, of Lafayette, Voorhies, of Avoyelles, and Walker, had voted in the affirmative—25 yeas.

And that Messrs. Bouligny, Canon, Canonge; Charpentier, Daunoy, Duplessis, Forstall, Grymes, Hoa, Lessassier, Marigny, Ogy and Watkins, had voted in the negative—13 nays.

Said substitute was consequently adopted.

On motion, the House adjourned until to-morrow morning.

Commercial.

NEW YORK January 19.

COTTON—The import of the week is 3,335 bales. The sales from the 12th to the 18th inst inclusive, are 1600 bales consisting of

1200 bales Upland, at	10 a 11¼
200 do New Orleans, at	11 a 12½
200 do Alabamas & Floridas,	9¾ a 11¼

The Uplands were sold principally from 10¼ a 10½ cts. There has been but little animation in the market since our last report. Former rates have been sustained, yet the sellers have promptly met the buyers. We continue our quotations.

MOLASSES—The new crop, from Louisiana, especially, begins to come in pretty freely. The sales of this description since our last, reach about 600 hhds, beginning in the early part of the week at 30 and declining to 29c. 150 hhds New Iberia were sold yesterday at 30½c. The last of the cargo of Martinique noticed in our last, have been closed at 28c. Another cargo of this description is afloat, unsold.—There is no Cuba in market. Saving for New Orleans and Martinique, our quotations are uncertain.

SUGARS—There has been rather more enquiry this week, and the sales have been made at prices without material change from those of last week. About 5a600 boxes White Havannas, poor quality, have been sold at 6¾ a 9¼, and 200 boxes browns, fair quality, at 7¾ a 8c. About 200 hhds N Orleans new crop have been sold in various lots, part fair quality at 6c, and part on terms not transpired. The market is but moderately supplied with all descriptions—we continue our quotations.

Marine Journal.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Frederick Wilhcim III, Schoof, Hamburg, Hermann & co
Brig Horace, Toss, Boston, L H Gale
Brig Pulaski, Hawks, Tampico, Harrison, Brown & co
Brig South Carolina, Lewis, Marseilles, J H Shepherd

ARRIVED.

Towboat Pilot, Riddle, towed to sea, ship Vesta, barque Commerce, and brig Sharon; towed up from sea barque Margaret Johnson, brig Palestine, schrs Sophia and Rising States. Left the bar at 8 p m, Monday. Reports outside, ships Adeline & Mary Chase from New York; brig George Gardner from Norfolk; and a French barque from Bordeaux. Passed at Poverty Point ship Walter Scott from Charleston; brig Bourne, from Baltimore, and several small vessels in the river. The Huntsville still on the bar, with two steam boats alongside. ☞ The Post Boy or Pilot will leave for sea to-morrow afternoon.

Brig Palestine, Atwood, from Boston; cargo to Stetson & Avery; T Toby, Gordon, Forstall & co, J A Merle & co; Hermann & co; Lincoln & Green; J Linton and others.

Barque Margaret Johnson, Lowerly, fm Belfast; cargo to sundry consignees.

Schr Rising States, Monroe, fm Havanna, cargo.

Schr Sophia, fm Omoa, cargo, hides and specie to Allen & Debbois.

Steamer Mohawk, Findren, fm Florence, having on board 3025 bales of cotton, and 2 flat boats in tow containing 502 do.

Steamer Courier, Keating, from Bayou Plaquemine, cargo 276 bales cotton to J Hagan & co; J Linton; R P Gaillard—30 passengers.

Steamer Senator, fm Cincinnati—cargo, 333 bbls pork, 16 do beef, 9 hhds hams, 400 kegs lard, A D Gove; 222 do 259 boxes candles, &c, J Creehare; 1230 kegs lard to Yorke, Macalester & co, sundries to others.

Steamer St Martin, Walker, from Bayou Sarah, cargo cotton, to Wallace, Lambeth & Pope; Williams & Lee; Reynolds, Byrne & co; Allain, Perault & Allain; J Hagan & co; W Flower; A Ledoux; Dubertrand & Legendre; J B Planche & co; R P Gaillard; Davenport & Maxent; Peyroux & Rivarde; sundries to others.

Steamer Lexington, Leaf, fm Louisville, with an assorted cargo of beef, pork, &c, to Wallace, Lambeth & Pope; Foster & Hutton; Gordon, Forstall & co; M'Leod & Campbell; Sloo & Byrne; Shipp & co; A Fisk, Watt & co; sundries to owners on board and order. Memoranda—Left Louisville on Monday week, Kentuckian to start next day.

Steamer Warsaw, Clark, fm Wheeling, with an assorted cargo to Bell & Buchanan; Townesley, Prieur & co; Hill & Henderson; W McGaughy; Forstall & High; A Fisk, Watt & co; M & P Maher; Bullitt, Shipp & co; 53 passengers.

MEMORANDA.

Cleared at N York for this port, brig Roxbury, and brig Billow Lawrence, Hull, 19th January.

Sailed from N York for this port, 17th, ship Alabama.

Ship Talahassee, 11 days hence for Liverpool, was spoke on the 30th Dec, lat. 32, long. 72.

Hence at Baltimore, 22d Jan. brig Harriet, Cook.

Up at Baltimore for this port, ship Logan, Atkins, to sail on the 26th ult.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.—MADAME GRANET, considers it incumbent upon her to give to the parents of her pupils, the following explanation, on account of some rumours that have been spread, and which have already but too materially injured the establishment which she has just opened.

Miss GRANET's recent marriage has led some persons to suppose that the School could no longer be maintained, and has prevented several from sending their children to it.—This fear, however, is so much the more groundless, as Miss Granet has never been entrusted but with the teaching of *Piano, Singing and Drawing*, which she has promised to continue to attend to, as before.

It is moreover generally said that Monsieur Granet is about to quit the town, and will soon cease to attend Made. Granet's establishment. It is very true that the Board of Directors of the Jefferson College have done Mr. Granet the honor of appointing him President of that College; but that appointment, dependent on particular circumstances, and consequently conditional, may not be realized. In the second place, admitting even that Mr. Granet's appointment should become permanent, the organization of the Jefferson College is not so forward as not to allow him to stay still several months more at New-Orleans before he repairs to his post: Lastly, when Mr. and Mrs. Granet opened their establishment, they had foreseen the event of Mr. Granet's obtaining the situation to which he has just been appointed, and for which he was then a candidate, and they had taken such measures as would prevent their school from being injured by Mr. Granet's retirement. Some persons, deserving in every respect, Made. Granet's confidence, and that of the parents of her pupils, have been written to and called over from Europe, so that if the establishment does not gain by the change, it will at least not lose by it.

Madame Granet again engages not to neglect the least thing to ensure to her establishment the confidence of the parents, and has every reason to believe that her pupils will continue to make the rapid progress which have already been observed, whether Mons. Granet leaves or not. [feb 7

NOTICE.—A liberal reward will be given to any person who will bring back at the Bee office, a breast pinnet with seven diamonds and a red ruby in the centre, connected by a gold chain with another breast pin, equally set with a diamond. Jewellers and other persons are required to retain said jewel in case it should be offered them for sale.

LOTS TO LEASE FOR YEARS.—The subscriber will lease on very reasonable terms, one square of ground in Fauxburg Livaudais, No. 89, bounded by first, second, Plaquemine and Chesnut streets. Also, six lots in Fauxbourg Lafayette, fronting on Naides and Josephine streets, and containing plumb and peach trees, grape and strawberry vines, &c. Also, one lot corner of Julia and Carondelet streets, fronting 127 feet on Julia street, and the lot on Pensacola landing, fronting 25 feet.

Also, five lots on New Levee street, between Benjamin and Suzette, fronting 113 feet by 120 deep.

Also, one lot in Fauxbourg Lafayatte, with 3 tenements on it, bounded by New Levee and Josephine streets and the Mississippi river in front. Those wishing to rent, will please make immediate application at Bishop's Hotel, to

WM MACKEY.
feb 5

10 DOLLARS REWARD.

ABSCONDED yesterday morning from my residence No. 126 Toulouse street, a creole negress, named Eugenie, about 38 years old—belonging to Madam Villio Ducannan. She took with her a bundle of clothes, and stole a silver goblet, marked Polk on the bottom, and a gold ses. She will in all probability be found in the neighbourhood of Mr. Dubuys cotton press, where she has her mother living named Harriette Ducannan, and who is free. It is supposed when she went off she was a little drunk, being often in that state. [feb 4] S. W. POLK.

Amusements.

AMERICAN THEATRE.
FIRST NIGHT OF THE
Cataract of the Ganges,
WITH REAL WATER.

In which will be introduced MR. BROWN'S unrivalled stud of Horses.

ON THURSDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 7th.

Will be presented the splendid melo dramatic spectacle of the

CATARACT OF THE GANGES;
OR THE RAJAH'S DAUGHTER.

Mookarrah, Mr. Scott.
Jack Robinson, Mr. Russell.
Zamine, Mrs. Rowe; Ubra, Mrs. Russell.

For description of the piece, see bills.
Previous to which, the interesting drama of the.
CHILDREN IN THE WOOD.
Walter, Mr. Russell; Josephine, Mrs. Russell.

A CARD.

MR. & MRS. HILSON, Respectfully announce to their friends and the public, their BENEFIT, and last appearance in New-Orleans, previous to their departure for the North, for

FRIDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 8th.

When, in consequence of the approbation with which the new play of

THE HUNCHBACK

Has been honored, it will be repeated, with other entertainments, as will timely be expressed. feb 7-14

☞ THE EXHIBITION WILL CLOSE ON TUESDAY NEXT.

MAELZEL'S EXHIBITION HALL,
OF THE AUTOMATON CHESS-PLAYER, THE MELODIUM, &c.

At the Planters Hotel, No. 19 Canal street,

Performance every evening, (including Sunday's) to commence at half past 7 o'clock precisely. Doors open at half past 6 o'clock. Admittance $1; children under 12 years, half price.

☞ Tickets may be procured at the exhibition Hall during the day, and at door in the evening. feb 5

ORLEANS BALL ROOM.
WASHINGTON BALL.

THE book of subscription to the Ball and Supper which are to be given on the anniversary birth day of Washington, is opened and deposited at Mr Davis's jr.

The number of subscriptions being already large, the subscribers are requested to meet on Wednesday next, 13th inst, at 7 o'clock P M, for the nomination of managers. f 6

ORLEANS BALL ROOM.
On Friday next, February 8th,
GRAND DRESS BALL,

☞ Entrance, for each person, $1. This being entirely a dress ball; no servant shall be admitted to enter in the ball room. Doors open at half past seven. feb 6

BALL ROOM.
Corner of Bourbon and Orleans streets
SATURDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 9, 1833.
FULL DRESS AND MASQUERADE
BALL.

Admittance—Gentlemen, one dollar.

Gentlemen will find a room to deposit their canes and cloaks. feb 5

FRENCH EVANGELICAL CHURCH
LOTTERY,
Class No. 16,
To be drawn on Friday, 8th inst.
D. MALCOLM, *Manager*,
And proprietor under the Act authorising the Lottery.
30 NUMBER LOTTERY—4 DRAWN BALLOTS.
HIGHEST PRIZE $10,000.

SCHEME.

1 of	$10,000	6	200
1	3,000	6	200
1	1,500	156	40
1	1,000	155	20
1	800	624	8
1	650	7800	4
6	500		

Price of tickets—Whole $4; halves $2; quarters $1.

Packages of 10 whole tickets $40; warranted to draw not less than $16—shares in proportion. Apply at the Managers' Office. N. B. A class of this lottery will be drawn on Tuesday of each week during the season. feb 7

WHORAH! WHORAH!! FOR AYERS' OFFICE!!!—58—64—69 capital of $500, Free School Lottery; 21—18—27 capital of 500 dollars Public Road Lottery: the two above prizes have been sold within the last four days, and cashed with numerous smaller prizes at my office. Aint this prompt pay.

Splendid lottery draws to-morrow.—D. Maleolm, manager. Capitals $10,000—$4,000—$2,000—$1,000—10 of $500 and many others for sale at my office.

Whole tickets $4 halfs $2, quarters $1; package wholes $40, de halfs $20, do quarters $10; warranted to draw half or something better. You who want high prizes hasten to the truly lucky mans office! AYERS' office.

No. 40 Old Levee, near the Blue stores.

N. B. The two five hundred dollar prizes can be seen at my office. Dont forget the No. 40. feb 7

THE official drawing of the Pennsylvania Lottery, which contains one hundred prizes of one thousand dollars, will be received in a few days, and may be seen at 16, Camp street. S J SYLVESTER. feb 7

16 58 64 whole ticket, 28 33 58 whole ticket, 24 28 68 half ticket, 24 28 71 quarter ticket. The above prizes were sold from my counter in class 1 free school lottery. Lotteries draw again Friday and Saturday.

S J SYLVESTER, 16 Camp street.
feb 7

"IT IS ALL A LOTTERY."

LAWTON & MEAD will draw their first Lottery to-morrow. 72 No's. 12 drawn ballots. A. L. Malcolm will also draw a lottery same day. 66 No's. 10 drawn ballots. Adventurers of all denominations have now an opportunity to encourage church and public schools, the trifle to be risked is small, the capitals 16,000 dollars, 12,000 dollars &c Apply at 16 Camp street.

feb 7 "THE SYLVESTER."

A GARDENER WANTED.—A person understanding gardening, and capable of managing several hands attached to the same, and producing recommendations of honesty, industry, and sobriety, may find suitable employment, by applying to the undersigned, living in Bourbon st, between St. Louis and Toulouse.

feb7 4t LAURENT MILLAUDON.

SWEET ALMONDS for sale by
feb 7 J MAGER.

RUSSIA DIAPERS, &C.—15 bales Russia broad diapers, 51 do 3-4 shirtings, 40 do 4-4 sheetings—landing and for sale, by LINCOLN & GREEN. feb 7

SITUATION WANTED.—A person well acquainted with the grocery business is desirous of procuring employment. Best of reference as to ability and character, will be given—would have no objection to act as bar keeper. Please apply at Everitt's agency office, No 10 St. Louis street. feb 7

SITUATION WANTED.—As Gardner, a steady active young man, who understands his business remarkably well, can give best of recommendation from his employer; is single, well educated, and has no objection to city or country, a line addressed to B. F. and left at the office of this paper, or at Everitt's agency office No. 10, St. Louis, street, will be promptly attended to. feb 7

FOR SALE.—The subscribers offer sale at the Basin, Oak and Ash Wood; Pine do; Pensacola Fire Bricks; Lake Bricks; Pitch and Tar; Charcoal; Lumber.

feb 7 C. GUESNARD & ALPUENTE.

F. H. Petitpain, vs. Brunet, Ashton & Longmires.

BY virtue of an alias *fi. fa.* to me directed by the Honorable Charles Gayarré, presiding judge of the city court of New Orleans. I shall expose for sale, on Tuesday the 19th of February, at 3 o'clock on the premises, Dumaine street, No. 9. Near the Levee, Sundry articles of Groceries, seized in the above suit.

feb 7 L. DAUNOY, Marshal.

John Longpre vs. John Carsters. The same vs. The same. The same vs. The same.

BY virtue of three writs of fieri facias, directed to me in the annexed suit, I shall expose to sale on Saturday, the 23d day of February, at 4 o'clock, at the premises at the bayou St. John, 1 Billiard Table, 1 counter, shelves, liquors, 5 tables, 1 shuffle board, and sundry other articles, consisting of every article in the house. There will also be sold, by virtue of the same writs, on the premises occupied by the defendant, at the corner of Commerce and Girod Street, on Monday the 25th day of February, at 4 o'clock, all and singular, the contents of the Coffee House kept by defendant, consisting of counter, shelves, mirrors, tables, armour, chairs, side-board, 2 clocks, 2 dining tables, cooking utensils, and sundry other articles.

feb 7 L. DAUNOY, Marshal.

TO RENT—The store formerly occupied by Mr Pecquetet. Apply to GERARD.
feb 6 Condé st, between St Anne and Main.

DRAFTS on New York, for sale by
JULES LEBLANC,
feb 6 No. 103 Royal street.

DRAFTS on Paris, Bordeaux and Marseilles, for sale by JULES LEBLANC,
feb 6 No. 103 Royal street.

100 Boxes olives, 50 do. Chamberain wine, 1st quality, 50 do. Pomard wine do. do., 50 cases Bordeaux claret, for sale by JULES LEBLANC,
feb 6 No. 103 Royal street.

CHERRY TREE WOOD of all dimensions just received by the Saratoga, and for sale at moderate prices by JOSEPH MICHEL,
feb 6 corner of Royal and St Philippe sts.

BILLS on London and Paris, for sale by
feb 1 A. QUERTIER & BOUTIN.

BILLS on Marseilles, Bordeaux and Paris, for sale by
JULES LEBLANC,
jan 24 103 Royal st.

SALES AT AUCTION.

VALUABLE PROPERTY!!
WITHOUT RESERVE.
100 Lots of Ground;
BY TRICOU & CANONGE.

ON Saturday the 16th instant, will be sold at Hewlett's exchange at 12 o'clock—5 Lots of ground in Union street, fauxbourg Marigny, No. 13, 30 feet on Union street by 120 on Liberaux street corner lot, No. 14, 30 do Union st'r by 120 feet in depth, No. 15, 30 do do do, No. 16, 30 do do do, No. 7, 30 do do do,—terms, 1, 2, and 3 years.

5 Lots on St. Louis and Promenade streets, No. 1, 35 feet 7 inches on Promenade street by 129 feet 5 inches in depth and 34 feet 6 inches in the rear, No. 2, same, No. 3, same, No. 4, same, No. 5, 33 feet 11 inches on St Louis street by 129 feet 5 inches in depth and 34 feet 6 inches in the rear, No. 6, same, No. 7, same, No. 8, same—terms, 1, 2 and 3 years.

6 Lots forming the corner of Frenchmen and Girod st'rts, No. 1, 25 feet 10 inches on Frenchmen street by 100 on Girod street, corner lot, No. 2, 25 feet 6 inches on do by 100 feet in depth, No. 3, same, No. 4, same, No. 5, same, No. 6 27 feet 10 inches on Girod street by 127 feet 10 inches in depth—terms, 1, 2 and 3 years.

3 Lots on Mandeville street, near Mr. Bachemin's house, No. 1, 26 feet 8 inches on Mandeville street by 120 in depth, No. 2, same, No. 3, same—terms, 1, 2 and 3 years.

3 Lots in Villeré street between Dumaine and St Philipe streets adjoining Mr. Courvelle's new buildings, No. 1, 24 feet 5 inches on Villeré street by 127 feet 10 inches in depth, No. 2, same, No. 3, same—terms, 1, 2 & 3 years.

4 Lots in the Fauxbourg Washington, adjoining the property of the cotton press company, No. 1, 31 feet on St Ferdinand street by 150 on St John Baptiste street, corner, No. 2, 31 feet on do by 160 in depth, No. 3, same, No. 4, same, No. 5, same, No. 6, same, No. 7, same, No. 8, same, No. 9, same, No. 10, same, No. 11, 31 on Ferdinand street by 110 on Avide street, corner lot, No. 12, 30 feet on Avide street by 170 feet 6 inches in depth, No. 13, same, No. 14, same, No. 15, same, No. 16, same, No. 17, 30 feet on St. John Baptiste street by 170 feet 6 inches in depth, No. 18, same, No. 19, same, No. 20, same, No. 21, same—terms, 1, 2 and 3 years.

8 Lots on the Rail Road, &c. only 8 squares from the river, No. 1, 32 feet 11 inches on the Rail Road by 120 on Morales street, corner lot, No. 2, 32 feet on do by 120 in depth, No. 9, 32 same, No. 10, 32 feet 11 inches on do by 120 on Urquhart streets, corner lot, No. 11, 30 feet 7 inches on Urquhart street by 160 feet 11 inches in depth, No 12, same, No 13, 30 feet 7 inches on Morales street by 160 feet 11 inches in depth, No 14 same—terms 1, 2 and 3 years. from 1st January last.

One Lot in Hevia street, near Lafayette square, adjoining on one side the lot next to Mr James Moore's property and on the other, the lot of Mr John Hall, measuring 23 feet 5 inches on Hevia street by 125 in depth—terms $1400 payment 5th March, 1833, $700 payment 5 March, 1834, and the balance at 12 months.

6 Lots in the fauxbourg Lafayette, as per plan made by Brugier on the 21st May, 1831, deposited on the 10th June 1831, at W Y Lewis' notary public, being in the square between Magazine, Copler, St Andre and Josephine streets, No 4, 32 feet 8 inches on Menasia street by 166 feet 6 inches in depth, No 5, same, No 8, same, No 16, 26 feet 7 inches on St Andre street by 191 feet 2 inches in depth, No 29, 26 feet 7 inches on Josephine street by 191 feet 2 inches in depth, No 24, 31 feet 6 inches on Poplar street by 105 feet 6 inches in depth, the 6 lots will be offered together—terms $351 67 payment 25th May, 1833, 351 67 payment 25th May, 1834, the balance at 12 months.