THE BEE.

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NEW-ORLEANS.
MONDAY (MORNING,) MARCH 28, 1831.

New-York papers up to the 11th, Philadelphia up to the 12th, Charleston up to the 17th, and those of the principal northern and eastern cities, with the corresponding dates, reached us last Saturday, by the Mobile mail; they are void of any news. The Havre and Liverpool packets, of the 10th of February, were looked for every moment.

We are informed by a person, arrived from Havana, that General *Morillo*, was daily expected; he is to supersede General *Vives* in the intendency of the island.

The Committee of the House, appointed to draft an address to the French people, on the late glorious revolution, beg leave to report as follows:

L. ALLARD.
T. C. NICHOLLS.
CHARLES GAYARRÉ,
Reporter.

FRENCHMEN:—The citizens of Louisiana, the daughter of France, appear before you to tender you their lively congratulations and the expressions of their profound admiration for the issue of that glorious revolution which has just elevated liberty to that throne so long occupied by despotism.

On receiving the news of the great victory, all America thrilled with joy. But it was particularly in our own vast republic that the purest and most ardent enthusiasm was awakened in every bosom, the ancient ally, the faithful friend of the United States had at lenght regained her glory.

When illustrious France suddenly rose in her might, and trampling under foot a hoary headed tyranny and the livery of gothic abuses, was seen to mount the ancient pedestal of her rights, and then with the proud mien and imposing attitude which nothing but thirty years of victory could inspire, to raise her majestic front to heaven, as if to present to it the sublime spectacle of her regeneration, one burst of applause proclaimed the admiration of the american people.

The old tri coloured banner, that banner associated with the memory of past and the hope of future triumphs, was seen to wave over every American city; it announced to them that liberty was equally worshipped in both nations, and that the work of political emancipation was commenced.

Could the world, indeed, long remain enslaved when liberty had lighted her beacons, on the summit of the Capitol and of the constitutional palaces of France?

Frenchmen, your triumph which filled every portion of our great american family with joy, was hailed with peculiar delight in Louisiana. Yes, the voice of France, whether in grief or in glory, ever finds an echo in Louisiana. We well know that France ever fostered with maternal solicitude the prosperity of Louisiana. When necessity separated her from her bosom, she confided her to the nation most worthy of the trust, and no doubt felt an emotion of pride when that country which was once a colony of France, rose to the station of a sovereign state, and when the emblem of her rank and power, the american star, was seen glittering on her forehead.

Free, independent and happy themselves, the citizens of Louisiana blushed at the slavery and deplored the miseries of that nation to which their ancestry belonged and whose customs and language they still retain. Frenchmen, when we heard of the fatal ordinances we shuddered. When the news of the wonderful achievments of the three days reached us, we admired and in the name of mankind we thanked you.

The admiration was redoubled when we learnt how quickly order and tranquillity had succeeded to tumult and confusion; allow us to tender to you the expressions of sympathy for your sufferings, of joy at your triumph, and our respect for that magnanimity which has proclaimed you forever worthy of the title of the great nation.

Frenchmen, we honor those citizen balls and patriotic pavements by which paricidal power was forever prostrated. To honor that shot furnished by the arsenal of Paris and destined in the hands of a brave people to achieve such wonders. Glory be to the courageous and civic youth of the polytechnic school, of the schools of law and medecine, glory to the national guards, to those infant heroes, those generals of the barricades. Glory to the Parisian population of all sexes and ages. Glory to France who declared and made herself free with the rapidity of an electric shock.

We cherish and venerate the names of the martyrs of liberty who fell during the three days. But we deplore not their fate; they are immortal, for is not the blood shed in defence of one's country the most glorious apotheosis?

Honor and happiness to the citizen-King whom public reason crowned and who has sworn that French liberty should be henceforth something more than a name. We offer up vows for the soldier of Jemmapes who has recognised and who will not forget that legal majesty is but an emanation from that of the people. We bow with love and veneration before the hero of two worlds, before our Lafayette, before the Washington of France, his fame is the patrimony of two nations, his name the honor of all; his glory resplendent with the thee colored of liberty, appears like a radiant circle resting for support on Europe and America, and embracing the universe within its compass. Despotism will vanish before the sight of this ominous sign, the forerunners of the world's regeneration..

Frenchmen, the congratulations we address to you come from our hearts, may we soon be able to offer similar ones to the other nations of the earth. the man of destiny has declared it: a revolution in France is a revolution in Europe. Liberty is then about to commence her triumphal march around the globe, and we hope, if it be necessary, a French car will carry the divinity.

CHARLES GAYARRÉ, *Ch'n of the Committee.*
A. MOUTON, *Speaker of the House.*
A. PITOT, *Clerk.*

NEW-ORLEANS, March 27.

Messrs. Editors.

I see it stated in your paper of yesterday that I have been appointed "The bearer of the address of the House of Representatives to the French people, and required to proceed immediately on my mission." This would lead to the impression that I was sent especially for that purpose, and defrayed at the expense of the State. It is to correct such an impression that I address you this short note.

I had long since intended to set out for Europe immediately after the adjournment of the Legislature, and the House of Representatives merely took advantage of that opportunity, to transmit through me, to the American Minister at Paris, their address of congratulation to the French people. An office which I accepted from my colleagues with pride and pleasure.

Respectfully,
WM. C. C. CLAIBORNE.

Baltimore, March 12.

A report was current yesterday evening, said to have been brought by a passenger in the steam boat from Philadelphia, that a vessel had arrived at New-York with later advices from Europe, and that war had been declared between France and Russia. The Philadelphia papers received yesterday evening are silent on the subject. The mail of this morning will test the correctness of the report.

The New-York papers up to the evening of the 11th, are silent on the subject of the above pretended news. There was no arrival, nor vessel in sight.

It appears from the Fayetteville North Carolina Journal, of the 9th inst., that Major *John A. Cameron*, late editor of that paper, has been appointed by the President, with the consent of the Senate, Consul at Vera Cruz, Mexico; in the place of *Wm. Taylor*, Esq. of Virginia, resigned.

Delaware.—The ice has so far disappeared towards the south, as to admit the passage of vessels through the whole line of the Chesepeak and Delaware canal. This useful and splendid work very fortunately, was in the main constructed by the general government, before the wisdom of General Jackson discovered that it is unconstitutional to improve the internal condition of the country.

NEW YORK, March 11.

Sentence of the Pirates.—Upon the opening of the court this morning, Mr. Hamilton, the U. S. District Attorney, moved for sentence upon T. J. Wansley and C. Gibbs, convicted of the murder of Wm. Thornby, captain, and Wm. Roberts, mate of the brig Vineyard, committed on the high seas on the 23d of November last. Wansley was first put to the bar, & when asked what he had to say why sentence of death should not be pronounced upon him according to law, delivered a short address to the court. He said that he thought his color had had some influence upon his case, and that the District Attorney had been affected by it in selecting him as one of the victims of the law. He admitted, however, that there would be no injustice in taking his life. Gibbs denied that he had assisted in the murder of the mate, but admitted that he helped to throw the captain overboard.

Judge Betts addressed the prisoners in a solemn and impressive manner, and adjudged them to be executed on the 22d of April next.

(Jour. of Com.)

New-York, March 10.

Foreign Affairs.—The wind last evening taught our citizens to anticipate the arrival of the Liverpool packet of the 8th ultimo, this morning. But it has not come. The political intelligence which we may expect in her, will probably be of high moment. The ship, we understand, will not leave Liverpool till noon of the 10th, and her news will be a week later. The *expose* of the new Ministry, on the subject of reform, was to be made on the 8th. We shall probably receive that. It will be rather too soon to receive intelligence either of the submission of the Poles, or the onslaught of the Russians. But Belgium may have elected a King, and by flying in the teeth of the holy alliance, provoke an armed intervention—which of course would light up a general war. France is not quite ripe yet for another explosion—but it will come in due season. In England, however, and its pugnacious adjunct, Ireland, we may look for the first thrilling news. Should O'Connell be convicted, there will be disorders of passion. Should he be acquitted, there will be a row by way of triumph. Should the ministry propose too much reform, the old aristocracy will rally, and put them down.—Should they not propose what in their own view would be too much, the mob will drive them out. In any event, we shall find more interesting matter than six newspapers would contain.—*Com. Adv.*

THE NORTH EASTERN BOUNDARY.—We mentioned a day or two since, that the House of Representatives of Maine went suddenly into secret session on Monday week, no doubt in reference to this subject, and that a statement of their proceedings was immediately transmitted to Washington. The *nature* of these proceedings is of course unknown. But we infer from the tone of the Maine papers, that a good deal of dissatisfaction exists in that state, in consequence of the decision,—though not half so much, we are persuaded, as is felt in Great Britain and the Colonies. The Portland evening Advertiser says,—"In truth the British have obtained all they want, a military post in our rear, with opportunity to encroach on our territory whenever circumstances require. The General Government must be appealed to for relief from the decision of this uncrowned head, this wandering arbiter of the Netherlands."

It is quite too late to appeal to the national government for relief. She will grant no relief, and ought to grant none. She is bound in honor to abide by the decision, and would be, though the whole of the territory in dispute had been awarded to Great Britain. But instead of this, far the greatest, as well as the most valuable part of it, has been given to the United States. To fly off from such a decision, (or indeed any other, to which we have voluntarily become a party, and which has been fairly made) would brand the nation with infamy, besides involving us in a bloody war.

If the good people of Maine wish the decision revoked, and the question placed on its former footing, we can tell them that Great Britain will gladly consent to such a repeal, and give us a million of dollars into the bargain. She will then permit us to choose our own mode of settling the question, and very likely would prefer that, in which the dominant principle is, that "might makes rights." To show the manner in which the subject is viewed by the "United Kingdom," (not the realm, but a paper published in London,) we quote the following paragraphs:

How there could be any question as to the claims of England with respect to a territory which originally belonged to herself—which she never conveyed away by treaty or assignment—we are at a loss to know, and it is the duty of the wretched ninnies who have been ministers of this country for so many years, to explain. The Americans, by this decision, have not only obtained possession of our territory, and the property of His Majesty's subjects, but they have also got our roads in the direct route between Quebec, New Brunswick, Halifax, and Nova Scotia. Other roads of equal importance are also decided to be within the boundary of the United States.

But what are we to do with Canada? Must we yield, and consign our lands, and pigs, and emigrants, and roads, and river navigation, to Jonathan? This must not be. We must nevertheless do justice to the defendant. We must offer compensation—assign lands elsewhere—give a slice out of the northwest—give Indians for English—and furs for freedom. If General Jackson should decline our terms, we of course must fight him: and leaving Washington in its wilderness unmolested, we must burn New York in order to bring him to his senses. This we can do easily; particularly as we are not at war with any other nation. We will be fools if we listen to any further terms of negociation. "Settle it at once" is the word, and let there be no mistake!

Where there is so much power, there is generally very little ball. But let that pass. Our object in making the quotation, is simply to show the disappointment and chagrin which is felt by the John Bullies, on finding the decision so entirely (as they consider it) in our favor. Other papers of larger calibre, express, in their own way, a similar feeling of disappointment. And when they come to know, in addition to what we have seen stated in any one of them, that Rouse's Point is also given to the Americans, they, or at least the "United Kingdom," will burst with indignation.

CANADIAN AFFAIRS.—The committee of the Canadian Parliament, to whom was referred the election of *John Brant*, (a Mohawk Indian) contested by Col. *John Warren*, have reported to the House that the latter "had a majority of the legal votes, and that consequently he was duly elected, instead of Mr. Brant, the sitting member."

A new kind of Telegragh is proposed to be established in France, which will convey intelligence *at night*, as well as by day, communicating between three and four signals in a minute. It is to consist of four lamps, capable of forwarding, in one hour, ten communications, each of 12 or 15 words.

COMMERCIAL.

PHILADELPHIA, March 9.

The Market.—Ssles of Superfine Four since last report are 3500 baraels, of which, 300 were sold on Saturday at $6,75 for future delivery, and 1550 at $7, a part for immediate and a part for futore delivery; and on Monday and Tuesday 1659 barrels at $7, principal to be delivered within the present month. No Wheat or Corn has been received; a cargo of Delaware Oats arrived, and sold at 32 cents. Clover seed has declined; sales on Monday from store at $6,50, yesterday it was bought from wagons at $5,50 a $5,75. Linseed Oil sold at 85 a 87 cents in tierces and barrels; No chonge in Whiskey. Considerable done in New Orleans Sugars at $6,25 a $7. and in Coffee at 11 cts, for Rio; 10¾ cents for St. Jago, aud new crop Laguira at 10½ cents.

From Wilcs' Commercial Report of March 26th,

GENERAL REMARKS.—The Mississippi is rising slowly, and was yesterday noon at eighteen inches below ordinary high water mark. The weather since our last has been variable as to temperature; but generally favorable for outdoor business. Our market is well supplied with foreign and domestic merchandize of almost every description wanted here, and a fair business doing: still many articles are dull of sale, on account of the high price of freights.

COTTON.—Cleared this week for Liverpool 4327 bales, Greenock 1117, Belfast 742, Havre 879, Marseiles 806, New-York 1623, Boston 1541, Philadelphia 87, Baltimore 29, Georgetown 20—together 11,172 bales. Arrived in the same time, from the interior and Mississippi 7989, Tennessee and North Alabama 2916, across lake Ponchartrain 316, Missouri 37—in all 1258 bales. The operations of the week are estimated at about 8000 bales, being nearly one-half less than noticed in our last report, and at a further reduction in price for Louisiana and Mississippi: and quote for this description according to the Liverpool classification, viz:

Ordinary	6¾ a 7	good demand
Middling	7¼ a 7¾	
Fair	8 a 8¼	
Good Fair	8¼ a 8¾	
Good and fine	9 a 9½	

The stock of Tennessee and Alabama continues to augment, and neglected on account of its being generally held at higher rates than the active sales of Louisiana and Mississippi growth. In the rounds of our enquiry, we heard of 800 bales from Alabama, of good quality, changing owners, at 8¾ cents per pound. The price for this description at present is so uncertain, that we have thought it most prudent to leave blank quotations for specific qualities..

SUGAR (Louisiana) is not in that good request, either on the plantation or in the city, as formerly, and cannot be considered as over plenty or scarce. Cleared this week, for Baltimore 529 hhds., Charleston 526, Philadelphia 525, New-York 496, Savannah 157, Richmond 112, Georgetown 100; together 2259 hhds. MOLASSES is looking up: we quote as before at 14 cents for tart near the city, and have understood this price has, in some instances, been refused. Cleared, for New-York 508 hhds. and 20 bbls., Philadelphia 294 hhds. and 14 bbls., Georgetown 51 hhds., Baltimore 48 hhds. and 87 bbls., Richmond 91 hhds. and 54 bbls., Boston 30 hhds. and 5 bbls., Charleston 11 hhds. and 83 bbls.—together 1033 hhds. and 250 bbls. Exported since the 30th September for the following ports, viz:

DESTINATION,	SUGAR, Hhds.	SUGAR, Bbls.	MOLASSES, Hhds.	MOLASSES, Bbls.
New-York,	11884	639	5107	5020
Philadelphia,	7174	498	1754	462
Charleston,	2674	494	562	770
Baltimore,	6094	425	2129	1012
Savannah,	1634	137	205	318
Boston,	1954	75	1024	1064
Norfolk,	820	43	224	182
Richmond	332	2	139	94
Providence,	1	14	268	430
Portsmouth,	3	7	1	20
Petersburg,	90	15		
Alexandria,	327	1	261	29
New Haven,	1	4	289	14
New Bedford,	15	3	48	60
Neburyport,	6	7		95
Georgetown,	100	1	51	
Total	31518	2357	13719	9863
Same time in 1829:	13975	354	9342	5031
Same time in 1828:	46706	1309	14531	1628
Same time in 1827:	33297	609	15722	1965
Same time in 1826:	21774	891	8529	2432
Same time in 1825:	10938	936	3357	2034

TOBACCO.—We only heard of one hundred hhds, changing owners at 2, 2¾ a 3¼, for crossed, seconds and firsts. The article is dull on account of the heavy cost of transportation. Cleared, for Charleston 6 hhds. Kingston, Ja. 15, arrived 445 leaving a stock on hand of 5149 hhds, not cleared yesterday morning.

FLOUR has met a fair demand at five dollars per bbl. for exportation and home consumption.

WHISKEY has improved in value and sales have been effected at thirty cents for several small lots.

Lead, (Pig) has been sold since our last at $3 37½ for 100 lbs, and we understand that Lar is scarce and worth 4½ cents per lb.

LARD of the best quality in small kegs commands eight cents. There is considerable of inferior quality in market, not worth so much by full one cent.

PORK.—The sales of the week for good quality, inspected here, have ruled at $8, $10 and $12, for cargo. Prime and Mess.

FREIGHTS.—Arrived since our last up to yesterday morning, 7 ships, 13 brigs, 24 schrs; cleared 6 ships, 23 brigs, 16 schooners—leaving in port 26 ships, 43 brigs, 33 schooners and 8 sloops—nearly all of which are engaged. We feel at a loss in giving what we would wish to be considered as correct quotations; and are of the opinion that our rates are full low, and that an advauce will take place before a decline.

FREIGHTS.—*Looking up*

To Liverpool, cotton, per lb. 1⅛d sterling.
France, " per lb 2½ cents
Northern ports in the U. S. for cot. pr lb. 1½ ct.
" " " Tobacco, per hhd. $10
Northern ports, Sugar per hhd. from the coast $6 25
" " " from the city, $5 50

FOR SALE.

THE stock in trade of a Grog shop, situate in Marigny's Faubourg, at the corner of Amon and Union streets, with considerable custom. If said Grog shop shall not have been amicably disposed of, on the 28th of this month, it shall on that day, be sold, on the spot, to the highest bidder, at 3 o,clock P. M. march 23

FOR HIRE,

ON the 1st of April, a creole negro girl, a good cook. Apply at the store in Royal street, no. 116. march 24

31 hhds first quality hams, landing, for sale by
march 3 STETSON & AVERY.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of the late Charles Jumonville De Villiers, are desired to make known to the undersigned the amount of them, together with the evidences upon which they are founded.

RODOLPH J. DUCROS,
GUSTAVE J. DE VILLIE,
march 9 Testamentary Executors

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Talahasse, Glover, Liverpool, L H Gale
Ship Chancellor, Bradley, New-York, Lincoln & Green
Ship Adonis, Story, New-York, J G Stevenson
Brig Sarah, Plane, Liverpool, Currell, Kilshaw & co
Brig Isabella, Shemming, Liverpool, Gordon, Forstall & co
Schr Nelson, Greenlea, Philadelphia, master
Schr New Packet, Buell, Charleston, master
Schr Little William, Hill, Havana, S P Morgan & co
Steamer Sun, Mark, Mobile, master

ARRIVED.

Towboat Florida, Morrison, from S W Pass, having towed to sea barque Agness & Ann, and brigs Roxana and Iddo—brought up schrs Maria, Hutton, from Cantonment Atkinson, Catharine, from St. Thomas, and Montanesa from Havana—nothing in sight off S W Bar.

Towboat Livingston, Hudleston, from the Balize—brought up ship Helvetia. Reports 2 ships at N E Pass—one aground.

Steamer Shark, Wood, fm the posses, towed on the Bar ship Alabama; left S W pass on the 24th, at anchor outside ship Louisiana, 17 days fm New York, brought up her letter bag; also ship Missouri; brigs Carroll, aground inside the bar ship Wm Gray, brought up ship Mary; schrs Talma, Teta, and Whale.

Steamer Grampus, Hawrin, fm sea towed to sea brigs Sardius, Corinthian, and Dos Hermanos; and schr Superior. Brought up Brigs Agenera, and Edwin, left on the bar ship Wm Gray, at the Balize ship Louisiana; outside the bar, standing in, a ship and brig names unknown. Passed at the Fort, Brig Carroll, and another brig.

Ship Helvetia, Miner, 15 days from Boston to the Balize, to T Nicolet & co; with mackerel, nuts, furniture, granite stone, empty molasses casks and mdze. to T Nicolet & co; Bridge & Vose; E Woodbury; J Labadie; C D Jordan; H & W Grant; Yorke, Macalister & co; Cockayne, Watts & co; O Train & co.

Ship Mary, Roper, Liverpool; ballast.

Schr Teta, Fenander, Havana; cargo.

Schr Whale, Ashby, Havana; cargo.

Schr Talma, Pool, Havana; cargo.

Schr Montanesa, Carreras, Havana; cargo.

Schr Catharine, Nicholson, St Thomas, with return cargo.

Schr Maria, Hutton, Calcasu; cargo.

Brig Agenora, Chalk, from Boston, stone, furniture, forming materials to W & J Montgomery; J Clark and others.

Packet brig Edwin, Newcomb from Philadelphia, to S P Morgan & co; with full cargo to sundries.

Brig Mexico, from Kennebunk, with produce to the master.

Schr Nancy, from Johnson's plantation with rum to J Tevro.

Steamer New-York, Steel, from Louisville; with 2100 bbls flour to Yorke, Macalester & co; 56 bales cotton to Lockhart & Arnott; 43 J W Breedlove, 16 Whitall, Janion & co, sundries to order, and owners on board.

Steamer Walter Scott, Oliver, Yazoo river, with 431 bales cot on A Fisk & co; 100 W Bogart; 79 W Bullitt; 47 W M Beau; 184 J Linton; 7 Williams & Lee; 54 do 8 bales skins E Lane & co; 1 bbl 4 bales hides 4 bales cotton P Smith & co; 11 do Wallace, Lambeth & Pope; 60 do C D Orborne; 20 Bagley & Merritt; 31 Reynolds Byrne & co; 1 poney Dr. Davidson; 24 bales cotton skins hides &c to order; 13 cabin and 13 deck passengers.

Steamer Cora, Simpson, St Louis, with 4,000 pgs lead 10 bales hemp J Mager, 54 botton 1 do deer skins 1 hhd tobacco Williams & Lee; 2 bales leather S Adams; 13 passengers.

Steamer Pocahontas, Strong, Bayou Sarah, with cotton &c.

Steamer Natchez, Myers, Natchez, with 501 bales cotton A Fisk & co; 18 W Bullitt; 29 W Bogart; 173 J Linton; 5 Reynolds, Byrne & co; 62 to order.

Steamer Cross, Cain Bayou Sarah, with 25 bales cotton Williams & Lee; 55 Plauch & Fourchie; 22 Reynolds Byrne & co; 5 L Millaudon, 52 Forstall; 30 M White; Maurin & O Dubuig; 17 Armas & Pedrau; 4 P Dubertrand; 4 do 37 hhds malasses J Hagan & co; 6 do Peyroux, Rivarde & co; 2 do 38 hhds sugar Baron Richards; 57 hhds sugar 1 do molasses Bain & Hawley; 30 passengers.

Steamer Rapide, Waters, Natchitoches, with 70 bls cotton Peyroux, Rivarde & co; 107 Maurin & O O' Dubuig; 57 Toledano & Gaillard; 156 J Linton; 77 do 11 hhds molasses J Hagan; & co; 3 bales cotton P Smith & co, 8 pks deer skins J Mager; sundries to order.

MEMORANDA.

Hence at [illegible] 9, ship Gold Hunter, Nowell, off [illegible] passed ship Margaret, Scott, hence for [illegible]

Up at Boston for this port, ship Warren, Studly, to sail on the 10th march; ship Helen Mar, 5th.

Hence at New-York, brig Nun, Zimmons.

Up at New-York, for this port, (besides those already published) brig Trent, Livstow, 15th March; ship Lotus, Watts, 12th; brig Ann Gadsden, Northam, 13th.

Hence at New-York, brig Leonidas, Min[illegible], 17 days, spoke ship Olympia, hence for Hav. on the 2d March, lat. 29, long. 79, 55, being 8 days out. brig Maine, Gould.

Ship Cabinet, hence, was spoken on the 14th off Key-West.

Brig Avis, hence for Havre, was spokeu on the 29th January, lat. 36, long. 61.

Sailed from New-York for this port, March 10, ship Eagle, Knight.

Hence at Savannah, Schr Caroline, Stanson, March 16.

Cleared at Charleston for this port, brig James Monroe, Gould, March 16.

☞The ship *HELVETIA*, Miner master, from Boston, is discharging opposite post no. 93: consignees will please attend to the receipt of their goods. march 28

CIRCUS.

ON Custom House-street, between Dauphin and Burgundy-sts.
Monday March, 28th 1831.

The performance to commence with sports of the ring by the whole troop.
Horsemanship by master Joseph.

Grand Star Entrée

Favorite song by Mr. Creighton.
Horsemanship by Mr. Howard.
Herculean feats by Mr. Braidy.
Alamand or Grecian chase by Mrs. and Master Smith.
The beautiful horse *Saladin*, will be introduced and go through his performances,
Song Jim Crow by Nichols.
The Egyptian Pyramid, or men piled upon men by the company.
The whole to conclude with horsemanship by Master Birdsall on three horses.
☞Doors open at half past 6, performance to commence at 7.
☞Admittance $1 00—children and servants half price march 28

BILLS at 60 days sight on New-York, for sale at no. 39 Levée-street.
march 28— THOMSON & GRANT.

MOST assuredly the last ten days of the great Anaconda, &c. being exhibited in this city.

Mr. Cops takes this opportunity of informing his friends and the public, that his exhibition of the great Serpents, Cameleons, &c., now exhibiting on the corner of Conti and Levee streets, will finally close on Sunday the 3d of April 1831.
march 25—d10

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER,

The fine brig **EXERTION**, burthen 292 tons, apply to
W. G. HEWES,
march 28 no. 8 Camp street

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER

The fine brig **HOPE**, will carry about 2000 barrels, apply to
march 28 W. G. HEWES, 9 camp st.

FOR HAVRE, (Passage only.)

The packet **HELVETIA**, Miner master, will have immediate despatch. For passage, having superior accommodations, apply to
march 28 T. NICOLET & co.

FOR SALE FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

The brig **ATTAKAPAS**, apply to
march 28 J. W. ZACHARIE & co.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

The (A 1) ship **GOLCONDA**, J. N. Willis master, has the principal part of her cargo engaged; for freight of 400 bales of cotton and a deck load, apply to
march 28 LINCOLN & GREEN.

FOR KINGSTON, JAMAICA.

The fine fast sailing schr **SWAIN**, Green, master, having all of her cargo engaged, will sail in a few days; for passage only, having good accommodations apply to the capt. on board opposite the blue stores or to
march 26 J. W. ZACHARIE & co.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

THE fast sailing (A 1) ship **GEORGES**, capt Fales, apply to
W. G. HEWES,
march 26 no. 9 Camp street.

FOR NEW YORK.

THE fine fast sailing ship **CHANCELLOR**, capt. Bradley, can take the bulk of 30 bales of cotton and accommodate several passengers, if application is immediately made to
march 26 LINCOLN & GREEN.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

THE fine Schooner **WILLIAM HENRY**, burthen 121 tons, stows about 200 hhds. sugar, is in readiness for a voyage; for further particulars apply on board or to
march 26 J. W. ZACHARIE & co.

FOR TAMPICO.

Tht Mexican schr **PAULINA**, Roman Palomo, master. For freight or passage, apply to to the captain on board, or to
march 25 TUYES & co.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

About 75 bales cotton, can be taken on deck of the fine [A 1] brig **CONGRESS**. Apply to W. G. HEWES,
march 25 no. 9 Camp-street.

FOR BOSTON.

The fine fast sailing brig **ELIZA**, capt. Palmer, having part of her cargo engaged will have despatch. For balance of freight or passage apply on board, or to
march 25 STETSON & AVERY.

FOR BOSTON.

The coppered brig **FLOYD**, capt. Dennett, wants 75 bales cotton as deck load. Apply on board, or to
march 25 STETSON & AVERY.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

The (A 1) ship **HEWES**, capt. Spear, apply to
march 24 W. H. HEWES.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

The (A 1) ship **GOLCONDA**, J. N. Wills master, will carry 1200 bales of cotton; for terms apply to
march 24 LINCOLN & GREEN.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

The (A 1) ship **HENRY TUKE**, capt. Bliss, burthen about 13500 bales of cotton, apply to
march 24 LINCOLN & GREEN.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

The fine brig **ALCYONE**, capt. Byram, will have dispatch; apply to
W. G. HEWES.
9 camp street.
For sale on board 50 tons good paving stones.

FOR BOSTON.

The (A 1) ship **SOUTH BOSTON**, will have dispatch for the above port; for freight or passage apply to the captain on board, or to
[illegible]21 A. GURNEY.
62 Gravier street.

FOR MATAMORES, (via the river.)

The fine substantial coppered and copper fastened Mexican schr **ALERTO**, draws but 4½ feet water and is in every way adapted to the trade: for freight, apply to
march 1 J. W. ZACHARIE & co.

MENAGERIE.

OF 75 LIVING ANIMALS.

Now exhibiting on the Square, between Canal, and Common-streets; near the Levée.

THE Public are respectfully informed, that Messrs, Purdy, Macomber, Carley and Birchard, have removed their collection of *Seventy-five* living animals, on the square between Canal, Magazine and Common streets, near the Levee, where they will be exhibited for a *short time only*. In the collection are the following:

The Elephant,	Polar or white Bear,
Mammoth Lion,	African Lion,
Bengal or royal Tiger	2 Leopards in one cage,
Spotted Tiger,	African Leopard,
Male & female Hyena	Brazilian Tiger,
Arabian Camels, male and female	Lamas, male & female
Hunting Leopard,	Male & female Panther
Kincajou,	Kangaroo,
Black Wolf,	Zebra,
	Prairie wolf

Coatimundis male and female, and a large collection of minor animals. The sports of the ring, consists of two Ponies and riders; Camels, Lamas and Elephant.

Hours of Exhibition, from 10 o'clock A. M. and in the Evening, from half past 6 to 9.

☞*Admittance* 50 cents, children under 12 years and servants, half price.

The animals will be fed in presence of the company march 28.

$25 REWARD.

Ranaway from the subscribers plantation in Sept. last, in Augusta county Alabama, a negro man named **JO**, about 25 years old, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, speaks Spanish and broken English, and wears rings in his ears. He will I suspect, try to pass for a free man. Perhaps he may have free papers, for he is an artful fellow and can raise a plausible story. He will, no doubt, try to get with the Spaniards, or to some sea port town.

I will pay the above reward to any person lodging him in some safe jail so that I get him.
march 28 3t T. L. ROGERS.

EXCHANGE on New-York, for sale by
march 28 LINCOLN & GREEN.

LIME FOR SALE.

LANDING from ship Helvetia, from Boston and for sale by the subscribers 500 casks Thomaston lime. Apply to
march 28 THEODORE NICOLET, & co.

SALES AT AUCTION.

BY T. MOSSY.

ON Thursday, April 14, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange coffee house, will be sold

An African negro named Philippe, aged 30 years, carter and ploughman; an American negro named Allain, aged 28 years, cartman, ploughman and sawyer; an African negro named Pierre, aged 29 years, field hand. All the above slaves are warranted against all vices and diseases contemplated by law, and are honest fellows.

Payable in March 1832, in approved endorsed paper, with mortgage until final payment.
march 28

BY T. MOSSY.

ON Tuesday 29th inst. will be sold at the auction store, 32 quarter casks samas sweet Wine; 19 qr do. Colmonar do. march 28

BY F. DUTILLET.

ON Wednesday, 30th of March next, at twelve o'clock, at Hewlett's coffee house.

1st. **A LOT OF GROUND** situate on Plauché, between Bayou and Esplanade streets, designated under no. 7, and measuring 40 front feet on a depth of 138 feet, 7 inches, French measure.—There is, on this lot, a quantity of fruit tress of every species. An annual income of $300, to 400, might be derived from this orchard.

2d A lot of ground situate in the new Marigny's Faubourg, corner of Bagatelle and St. John the Baptist's streets; no. 217; square no. 26; measuring 60 front feet, on a depth of 120.

Terms:—1, 2, and 3 years credit; endorsed paper with special mortgage. march 25

BY T. MOSSY.

ON Monday, 4th April, at 10 o'clock, a. m. will be sold in the store no. 13 Levee st. occupied by Messrs. Gallagher & co.

A complete assortment of Chinaware, glassware, earthenware, looking glasses, &c.

Terms—Up to $100, cash: from $100 to $250 three months; from $250 to $500 six months; and over $500 eight months credit, for approved endorsed paper. march 25

BY JOSEPH LECARPENTIER & co.

IN virtue of a judgment rendered by the honorable the first Judicial District Court of the state of Louisiana, there will be sold at Hewlett's exchange coffee house on Saturday the 23d of April 1831, at one o'clock precisely p. m.

A lot of ground, situated in this city, in Royal street between Toulouse and St. Peter streets, measuring 60 feet front by 120 feet in depth French measurement; bounded on one side by the property of Mrs. Widow Loubies, and on the other side by that of John R. Grymes, Esq.; together with the buildings and improvements thereon.

Terms—Payable in three equal instalments at one, two and three years from the day of the sale in notes satisfactorily endorsed bearing mortgage on the premises; the notes to be divided into such proportions as will suit the venders; the deed of sale to be executed before Theodore Seghers Esq. Not. Pub. at the cost of the purchaser.
march 21. d

MARSHAL'S SALES

Jules Bearina vs. Jose Bernard, schr. Basilique and owners,
and Tricou vs. the same.

BY Virtue of a writ of *fieri facias*, to me directed, by the hon. G. Preval, associate judge, of the city court I shall expose for sale on Tuesday the 26th April next, at 12 o'clock, at noon, at Hewlett's coffee house, corner of St. Louis and Chartres street, the schr Basilique, her sails, tackle and apparels, seized in the above suit. Said schr lying in basin carondelet.
march 28 L. DAUNOY, marshal.

J. Beroguenu vs. Denni.

BY Virtue of a writ of *fieri facias*, to me directed, by the hon. G. Preval, associate judge of the city court, I shall expose for sale on Thursday the 7th of April next, at 4 o'clock, at the principal, one cordial steel cup, and one copper basin, one pair of scales and weights, 1 stone mortar 1 tin gratter, 1 crate and its contents, and sundry tin utensils, &c. seized in the above suit.
march 28 L. DAUNOY, marshal.

COURT OF PROBATES.
Parish of St. Bernard

ON Wednesday, 15th of April next, the undersigned Judge, *ex-officio* auctioneer, shall on the premises, and at the hour of twelve, proceed in the sale, at the highest bidder, of the property left by the estate of the late Joseph Amadee Regio, situate in the parish of St. Bernard, Terre aux Boeufs, to wit:

A SUGAR PLANTATION.

measuring about twenty front arpents on each side of Bayou Boeufs, on a depth of forty arpents on each side of said bayou, bounded above by the lands of Widow Nunez, and below by those of F. Alphonso;—24 **SLAVES**, twenty two of whom are males, and one female, with her child, 1 year old, 14 draught Horses, 5 1-2 teams of draught Oxen, 6 Cows with their caves; and all the utensils.

A TRACT OF LAND.

about 125 arpents in front, known under the name of Wiltz's Island, calculated for a cow pen, and on which there now are twenty head of horned cattle, about a league distant from the principal dwelling.

TERMS OF SALE.—The Sugar Plantation, Slaves and cattle, in one undivided lot, on a credit of 2, 3 & 4 years, the Island at 1 and 2 years—the whole on notes in shares, with approved endorsement, special mortgage, until final payment. The deeds of sale and mortgage, at the costs of the purchasers, to be drawn before Mr. Charles Jamain, notary public of the city of New Orleans.

C. FAGOT, P. J.
Parish St Bernard, march 23 1830.

Drawn Numbers

8 3 10 27
in the 13th class of the FRENCH
EVANGELICAL CHURCH LOTTERY.
march 28 D. MALCOLM Manager.

FRENCH
EVANGELICAL CHURCH LOTTERY
CLASS No. 15.
BLANKS AND PRIZES!!!
D. MALCOLM, Manager.
To be Drawn on Saturday, 2d April, 1831.
27 Numbers—4 Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1 PRIZE	OF	$6000
1 PRIZE	OF	2000
1 PRIZE	OF	1500
1 PRIZE	OF	1200
1 PRIZE	OF	1000
1 PRIZE	OF	642
6 PRIZES	OF	450
6 PRIZES	OF	300
6 PRIZES	OF	150
138 PRIZES	OF	30
138 PRIZES	OF	15
552 PRIZES	OF	8
6072 PRIZES	OF	4
6924 PRIZES	OF	$52,650

&c. &c. &c.

Price of Tickets—Whole Tickets $4 00; Halves $2 Quarters $1.

☞Packages of 9 whole Tickets $36 00