THE BEE.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
JÉROME BAYON, DELAUP & CO.

NEW-ORLEANS.
MONDAY (MORNING,) DECEMBER 13, 1830.

REMOVAL OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE TO NEW-ORLEANS.

☞ That this removal is most confidently expected by every unbiassed and clear-headed man in the State we do not doubt; and we look upon the measure as one of imperious necessity; we do not found our reasoning upon the same basis as some of our contemporaries do; nor would we deign to wish or to ask for such removal on the behalf of this city; no, New-Orleans is already too much advanced in its prosperity, to wish to take from any city, or town, in the State any thing that one or the other might deem advantageous to its further progress; but we advocate it as a measure, perfectly appertaining to the state, we conceive that bad policy alone con- to the removal of the general assembly from this city to Lafourche; a place not only ill calculated, but not at all calculated for the sittings of the two chambers, and entirely without the means of lodging and entertaining in the most humble manner, our members of the very *simplest* habits; as to the idea of a legislator being during the setting of the general assembly in a constant state of seclusion, we look upon it as ridiculous: the grand lever however that will bring about the return of the general assembly to New-Orleans, is the general conviction of the best informed Representatives of the State, that the *removal from it* was not well weighed and turns out to be injudicious, and contrary to the interests of the individuals themselves, as well as those of their constituents; for what is the fact? there is scarcely a member, be he planter, lawyer, or merchant, that has not about the time of the meeting of the general assembly, important and pressing business in this city; and if he, religiously devotes his whole time to legislation during the session at a distant point from hence; he makes a sacrifice incompatible with his private duties and private affairs; and must in order to transact his *necessary* business at New-Orleans makes a further sacrifice of time, by again absenting himself from his family, his plantation or his mercantile pursuits, for a long period; now in the mornings and evenings of every day, every active and intelligent member might make use of his time for his individual purposes, without detriment to the State or leaving either the Senate or the House of Representatives, in the condition of being incapable of proceeding for *want of a quorum* provided the general assembly convened and sat at New-Orleans: has this been the case at la Fourche? No, some members have obtained occasionally leave, to be absent on their private affairs, some have taken leave, and others have fallen sick; so that legislation has not only been retarded on these accounts but some times nearly at a stop: but where the interests of the people, their representatives, and the officers of the general assembly require a change, why should there be any hesitation.

☞ Last Saturday's mail brought New-York papers to the 23d ult. and those of other cities three days later than the dates received by the preceeding mail. They contain no news of any importance.

It is suggested in the New-Hampshire *Statesman*, that Mr. Woodbury will, probably, be appointed Minister to Russia, in place of Mr. Randolph.

It is computed that 50,000 persons, at the least, will join in the Celebration of French Liberty in New York. The day selected for the jubilee is also the anniversary of the evacuation of that city by the British during the Revolution. A double cause for commemoration.

The Hon. Mr. Prentiss, recently elected a Senator in Congress from Vermont, has publicly denied that he belongs to the Jackson party.

Master Commandant Edward R. Shubrick, has been appointed to the command of the United States Ship Vincennes, now fitting for sea at New York.

The most eloquent and eminent of the French Roman Catholic divines, the Abbe de la Mennais, has proposed, in an address to the Roman Catholic Clergy of France, to renounce all salary, or pecuniary stipend—all endowments of whatever description—from the government; and draw themselves entirely for subsistence, on the piety and justice of the people, as their flock.

The law abolishing imprisonment for debt is said in a Vermont paper to have finally passed the legislature of that State.

The twenty-first Congress will commence its second session one week from next Monday, and the members are already wending their way to the Capitol. The National Intelligencer has not yet completed the debates of the last session, but that paper often rolls on upon us fresh torrents of eloquence, delivered to empty benches last March and April, and now sent forth to enlighten the people who will never read them. If our members of Congress wish to make an impression either within or without the house, they must learn to shorten their speeches, and not all talk upon all subjects. *(Com. Adv. Nov. 22.)*

CHARLESTON, Nov. 30.

We understand that a project is on foot in Columbia in the event of there not being a Constitutional majority in the House to effect the call of a Convention by that body, to pass a bill requiring the people of the State, to assemble in their respective parishes on a named day, to express their voices by ballot, upon the question of Convention. If a majority of the people should determine upon the necessity of that measure, the Governor, then, is to have full power to carry it into effect. Whether so novel a step will be taken by the Legislature we cannot say. We merely report it as an *"on dit."* The above project is, of course, based upon the supposition, that there is a *numerical* majority in the House in favor of a Convention, but not the majority of *two thirds*, required by the Constitution to authorise the Legislature, *forthwith* to convene the people. *(Mercury.)*

NEW-YORK, Nov. 23.

Colombia.—Our intelligence from Colombia is unusually far behind,—no accounts having been received from Carthagena, later than September 18th, and these, i. e. the latest, via Jamaica and Halifax. Our latest accounts from Bogota are to Sept. 8th. The events which were then transpiring, were of such a character as to create a very natural anxiety to know the sequel. Revolution, not attended with bloodshed, had taken place at Carthagena and in the Province of Socorro in favor of Bolivar, and a regiment under Col. Pincres, called the Callao division, had entered Bogota in triumph, after a successful engagement, in its environs, with a body of troops which remained faithful to the government. The object of this movement, so far as can be gathered from the detached papers which have reached this country, was not to depose the President (Mosquera,) but to expel some of his Ministers, who are represented to have become odious to the people, on account of their connexion with the assassination plot of 25th Sept. 1828, for the murder of Bolivar,—the protection and encougement they afforded to the participators in that transaction,—and the suspicion which fastened upon them, of being privy to the assassination of Gen. Sucre. We of course do not vouch for the correctness of these statements in point of fact, but only as the allegations which furnished a pretext for the violent measures pursued. Mosquera appears to have been still at the head of the government, and Bolivar Commander in Chief of the army.

It remains to be seen whether this Chieftain, in complying with the demands of Carthagena, Socorro, &c. intends to act in conjunction with the President, or to place himself again at the head of the Republic. A few days will decide. *(Journal of Com.)*

Notice is hereby given to the pilots and others navigating the bay of Delaware, that two Signal Lights will be kept burning on shore abreast of the Breakwater, every night during the ensuing winter, to mark the position of that work in a manner, as during the last winter. Extract from the notice them given:—

"On approaching Lewistown Roads, when you have the Signal Lights on the shore in range, avoid bringing the Beacon Light on the pitch of Cape Henlopen, to bear Southeast and by East half East, for at this bearing, and the two Signal Lights in one you will be off danger."

From the New-York Mercantile Advertiser.

IRELAND.

The subject of an application for a repeal of the act of Union with England, which was started, it is said, by Mr. O'Connell, seems likely to be the cause of much agitation in Ireland. At our former dates, the subject engrossed the almost undivided attention of the public, including persons of all shades in religion, politics, and conditions. Meetings were getting up at various places, and subscriptions opening to defray the expenses.—From the Cork paper of the 21st of ult. furnished by Capt. Atkin, of the Mary Howland we extract the following, latest intelligence from Dublin, in relation to this subject.—It had caused much sensation.

From the Dublin register, October 20.

A notice, in the following words, appeared in the papers of yesterday and the day preceding:—

"Gentlemen of all persuasions having intimated their wish to form a Society for Legislative Relief, there will be a meeting held on Tuesday, at the Parliamentary Office, to make the necessary arrangements. The chair will be taken half past one o'clock. Tickets, one shilling each, to be had at the door. N. B.—A strong wish has been expressed to call the Society "The Anti-Union Association, which will be then discusssed."

We have here an intimation regarding a society *about* to be formed. We have a notice that a certain assembly was to take place, to much "necessary arrangements," which must, of course, have been a *preliminary*. We have a statement that, for the intended society, no name had been definitely fixed upon. The expediency of adopting a name, suggested by some persons, was to be discussed. Pros and cons were to be taken on the suggested name, and for aught any one could tell, it might have been rejected; indeed it was within the bounds of possibility that the meeting assembled to make the "necessary arrangements," might have decided upon the expediency of making no arrangements at all on the present occasion. All this being the case, the wise people at the head of affairs here astounded the natives yesterday morning, by promulgating the following manifesto:—

By the Lord Lieutenant General and General Governor of Ireland.

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, by an Act passed in the tenth year of his late Majesty's reign, entitled, "An Act for the Suppression of dangerous Associations or Assemblies in Ireland," a power is vested in the Lord Lieutenant, or other chief Governor, or Governors of Ireland, by his or their Proclamations or order, to prohibit or suppress any association or assembly, or meeting of persons in Ireland, which he or they shall deem to be dangerous to the public peace or inconsistent with the due administration of the law, or any adjourned, renewed, or otherwise continued meeting of the same, or any part thereof, under any name or pretext, or device whatsoever.

And whereas, it hath been made known to Us, that an association or assembly, or meeting of persons is formed, or is about to be formed in the city of Dublin, under the name of the Irish Society for Legal and Legislative Relief, or the Anti Union Association;

And whereas, we deem the existence of the said association, assembly, or meeting of persons to be dangerous to the public peace;

We, therefore, the Lord Lieutenant General, and General Governor of Ireland, being resolved to suppress the same, do hereby, prohibit the meeting of the said association, assembly, or meeting of persons, and all adjourned, renewed, or otherwise continued meetings of the same, or of any part thereof, under any name, pretext, or device whatsoever; and being determined and resolved strictly to enforce the law and the penalties thereof, against all persons offending in the premises, do charge and command all Sheriffs, Mayors, Justices of the Peace, and all other Magistrates, Officers and others whom it may concern, to be aiding and assisting in the execution of the law, in preventing the meeting of said association, assembly or body of persons, and in the effectual dispersion and suppression of the same, and in the detection and prosecution of those who, after this notice, shall offend in the respects aforesaid.

Given at his Majesty's Castle of Dublin, this 18th day of October, 1830.

By his Grace's Command,
H. HARDINGE.

From Mr. O'Connell's Letter to the People of Ireland.

The Proclamation signed by Sir Henry Hardinge, an English Officer holding a situation here, and paid with our money, prohibits a society, which has as yet no existence, from meeting. This act is according to law—that is there is a statute in force, enabling this Englishman to prevent Irishmen from consulting together, in order to obtain legal and constitutional relief.

The Proclamation will, of course be obeyed—readily obeyed. That obedience does not alter the nature of the conduct of those who prevent Irishmen from meeting, but it is essential to our future success implicitly to obey this proclamation. There are but three things which can, impede the now certain repeal of the Union.

The first is bigotry. By religious animosity we are degraded and divided.—The enemies of Ireland will endeavour to excite it again.—It is their old game; but I am convinced the endeavour will be futile.

The second is—the organization of secret societies and administering of illegal oaths. I learn from undoubted authority, that this attempt is on foot—I call on the People, as their friend—I warn them to avoid every illegal society, and every oath whatsoever.

The third is—Any attempt at force or violence. The Anti-Union cause would be anihilated if there was any attempt made to achieve it by force. Upon this point I desire to be most emphatic. Irishmen! No man but a bitter enemy of Ireland will think of using force or violence. I think I can confidently pledge myself that the Union cannot last unless some attempt be made to dissolve it forcibly.

An effort of that kind would disgust all good men. No man of honor or conscience could countenance so absurd, so wicked an effort.

We cannot fail to succeed, if we wait for the peaceable and moral combination of the People. It will require time, and the absence of unreasonable terror to combine them. The animosities of religious disourd, are too recent not to demand patient consideration, in order to prevent their interfering with the progress of that legislative independence which the virtuous and good of all classes and persuasions will certainly achieve, unless prevented by the folly or the crime of some of the people.

Patience—patience—obedience to the law—but the more firm determination on that account to wait the season which is approaching, and in which your country will be triumphant, by the peaceable, orderly, and kindly combination of all her people. Your obedient Servant,

DANIEL O'CONNELL.

Merrion-square, 19th Oct. 1830.

We have read lately a file of the *Gazette de France*, which continues to favor the cause of the *Duc de Bordeaux*, and to criticise severely the proceedings of the triumphant Liberals, before and since the expulsion of Charles X. It contains extracts from five principal newspapers of Paris, all in opposition to the present government. Incredible pains were taken at Paris and in the Departments, to determine the electoral colleges to select anti-ministerial or revolutionary members for the Chambers of Deputies, in order to bring about a dissolution of that body and a change of cabinet. In two numbers of the *Gazette de France*, there is a long and ingenious review of the Report made to the Chamber concerning the impeachment of Polignac and his colleagues. An attempt is made to shew that the Liberal party had conspired against Charles X., and reduced his ministers to the alternative of a desperate *coup d'etat* for the preservation of the monarchy. It is admitted that the ministers blundered, but it is contended that they acted virtually on the defensive, and that their enemies and successors had pursued a systematic and widely ramified plot for the overthrow of the Bourbon dynasty. We find in the October number of Blackwood's Magazine, an elaborate article, entitled *France and England*, in which the same opinions are expressed, and the British government is harshly taxed with precipitation in recognizing Louis Philippe. *(Nat. Gaz.*

COMMERCIAL.

New York Markets—Nov. 22.

Cotton—The Market was heavy with some decline on all sorts, chiefly on low qualities, where it was equal to ½ ct. lb. The sales embrace 1200 bags, viz. 700 Upland at 9½ a 12 cts; 400 Tennessee and Orleans at 10 a 13½ cts; and 100 Alabama at 11 a 12 cts. The manufacturers are almost the only buyers, and as they not only seek for prime lots but often cull out the choice bales from such lots, the memorandum of sales is to be taken with allowance in estimating the real state of the market.

Molasses has become too scarce to state prices which may be depended on, a parcel of Guadaloupe was closed at 32 cts; some ordinary Orleans went up on Saturday to 33 cts; good is worth 34 cts; and any good retailing, if a small quantity only should arrive, would command 32 a 33 cents; Havana would command 28 29 cts. sweet; and 26 a 27 cts. tart. Of tart there is none, the distillers are out.

Sugar—A sale of 100 hhds. Orleans was made under favorable circumstances at 7¾ a 8¼ cts. which was rather an improvement on previous sales; 11 do inferior at $6,06; 28 do.

Tobacco—At auction a lot of Kentucky averaged $4, 15, and 3 hhds. called premium, 7, 94, and at private sale 16 a 20 hhds. at 4 a 5 cts.

From WILDE'S Commercial Report December 11.

GENERAL REMARKS.—The Mississippi and all its tributary streams still remain unusually low, much to the detriment of commerce in general here. Fears are entertained that the western waters will be closed by ice before a rise takes place, in which case the little produce from that quarter now for sale, would be in great demand, and at extravagant prices: it would likewise stop the circulation of an immense capital to the injury of all the numerous retailers, as also those in the wholesale trade.—The weather has been dry, cool and pleasant for out door business, except on Tuesday night when there was an unusual heavy rain, with the accompaniments of high wind, thunder, lightning, and hail. The improvements on the levee for loading and discharging, are in part suspended for the want of Timber by the owners of saw-mills, which prevents them from being able to supply the contractors with lumber. We are requested to respectfully invite the captains of steamboats not to fire a gun on their departure from port, as it deceives many in their expectation of an arrival, who are interested in that way. Our market has improved a little as to activity, but is still in general comparatively dull for causes above assigned.

COTTON.—Arrived since Saturday, 4th inst. at noon, up to yesterday morning from the Interior and Mississippi 9893 bales, across Lake Pontchartrain 143, Tennessee 153; together 10,489 bales. Cleared since Friday morning 3d inst. up to yesterday morning, for Boston 1896 bales, Portsmouth 904, New-York 185, Baltimore 97, Philadelphia 56, Bordeaux 200, Amsterdam 146, together 3484, making an increase in stock of 7005 bales. The sales of the week have been more extensive than at any period during the season, say full ten thousand bales, averaging a slight reduction on our former quotations, which we have altered accordingly. About one half of this amount was purchased for France; the balance for England and coastwise, but in what proportion we are unable to say. We found some of opinion yesterday at noon, that the demand then was not so good as before, probably a desire to weigh, mark, and ship the operations of the week was the cause. Using the Liverpool classification, we quote Louisiana and Mississippi, viz

Ordinary	8 a 9	scarce.
Middling	8¼ a 9¼	fair demand
Fair	9½ a 10	fair demand
Good Fair	10½ a	fair demand
Good and fine	10½ a 11	fair demand

SUGAR (on the plantation) is now dull at 5½ cents for good merchantable quality by the crop, and we understand is offered freely at that rate, but buyers are unwilling to meet them, unless at 5 cents, which is submitted too, no doubt a much more active business would immediately take place. We have understood, that of the shipments this season and now going on board, a considerable portion is on the grower's account. MOLASSES has also declined, and is not brisk at 15 cents. The price, however, is not considered as fully established, but will be in a short time. Cleared this week coastwise, Mobile, Pensacola, up the river, &c. excepted, 2055 hhds., 215 bbls. of the former, and of the latter 236 hhds. 214 bbls. Cleared since the 30th of September, for the folowing ports, viz:—

DESTINATION, SUGAR, MOLASSES.

	Hhds.	Bbls.	Hhds.	Bbls.
New-York,	2279	170	63	107
Philadelphia,	1079	309	286	42
Charleston,	844	453	136	233
Baltimore,	677	307	101	25
Savannah,	338	2		45
Boston,	148	2		51
Norfolk,	135	1	1	16
Providence,		1		
Portsmouth,	3		1	
Total	5503	1245	588	519
Same time in 1829 :	2091	12	293	250
Same time in 1828 :	9954	622	539	354
Same time in 1827 :	3255	62	1573	564
Same time in 1826 :	5516	145	165	354

TOBACCO.—We are again without any sales to report for the week, and have heard of but little enquiry; alill holders are firm at 2¼, 3¼ a 4½ cents for crossed, seconds, and firsts, so much so, that in one instance we know of that price being offered for 40 hhds., and refused, unless 100 hhds. would be taken. No arrivals this week. Cleared, for Cadiz 472 hhds. Amsterdam 381, Bordeaux 200, New-York 167, Philadelphia 52, together 1272 hhds.

FLOUR.—We do not feel free and decided in our opinion, respecting the intrinsic value of this article, for to-days quotations. The ruling price this week was $5 50, towards the close a few lots were disposed of at $5 75 a $6 in some instances the bakers have paid $6 50 for their favourite brands.—retail. There is considerable at the landing limited, and supposed to be as $6; some ask $6 50, whilest others expect to obtain $7. All depends on early and heavy arrivals, or none. Imports this week 6877 bbls.

WHISKEY.—There have been several arrivals since our last, which were immediately picked up at 37 cts. per gallon, is the rate we continue to quote.

BALE ROBE is very scarce, and none in market.—A few houses anticipating this, laid in a reasonable supply in order that their customers in the country might not be disappointed, and have since been offered by speculators more than what they are charging their friends for it.

PORK, Mess and Prime, is nearly out, particularly the latter, and both much wanted—Cargo is not plenty.

BACON of all descriptions is scarce, and none in first hands. The present holders anticipate good prices and a fair demand.

COFFEE is unusually scarce, and looking up in value. There is considerable in the Custom-House stores which it is thought will be put into market immediately after the 1st next month, but at what price is uncertain.

STOCKS & EXCHANGE afford but few transactions to report. For particulars, see statements.

FREIGHTS, coastwise, have improved slightly this week. To foreign ports, the agents and owners are more firm at former rates.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Missouri, Rogers, Philadelphia, master.
Ship Liverpool, Dickson, Liverpool, H Oxnand
Ship Crescent, Haley, Havre, J Ogden & co
Brig Navarino, Weeks, New-York, master
Brig William, Taylor, Tobasco, L H Gale
Brig Harriet, Clark, Providence, master
Brig Gen Victoria, Salvo, Vera Cruz, S Cucullu
Schr Splendid, Day, Mobile, master

ARRIVED.

Ship Mars, Clapperton, Greenock, via St. Thomas, with cargo to sundries—was run foul of near Poverty Point, by steamer Porpoise having ship Dumfries; the Mars had her cut water and figure-head carried away, and the Dumfries her larbord bow stove in; was towed back by the Porpoise for repairs.

Ship Gen. Putnam, M'Kown, New-York—cargo to sundries.

Ship William & John, Jourdan, New-York, to the master, cargo to sundries.

Brig Gleaner, Bourne, Charleston, to the master, cargo to sundries.

Steam towboat Livingston, Huddleston, from the N E Pass—took to sea packet ship Talma & Mexican schr. Luciana, and brot up packet ship John Linton. Left the bar yesterday at 11 a. m. In sight 1 English ship, standing in for S W Pass, and 1 brig for N E Pass. Passed in the river, brig Envoy bound up; met the Porpoise & Post Boy, a little below Poverty point, bound down.

Packet ship John Linton, Wilcay, New York, 23d November, to Barstow & Adams; cargo to Thompson & Grant; A Fisk & co; Lizardi, Brothers; Tracy & Miller; J Linton; C Redon; J Hagan & co; W B Collins; C Morgan & co; S Curson; W M Beal; H R Lee; L Chabert; Hyde & Goodrich; J E Rose; Bridge & Vose; J W Zacharie & co; R O Pritchard & Brother; H M Hart; L Arnaud; Reynolds, Byrne & co; D S Woodruff; J Labadie, J H Field & co, C Burgess; Stetson & Avery; J & L Brewster; J & J Darramoo; Gaston Brusle; Thompson & Grant; J Collins; Harlow & Hullen; Law & Austen, the master, and to order, and to others.

Ship Hermitage, Sims, below the Turn.

Ship Woodbury from Boston.

Brig Vernon, Durell, Boston; met at the N E Pass ship Warren, from Boston.

Brig Envery, Blicker, 25 days from Boston, cargo to sundry persons.

Brig Attakapas, Allen, 16 days from Philadelphia, with cargo to sundry persons.

Brig Russian, Rider, 50 days from Amsterdam 50 days—cargo gin and grindstones.

Brig General Jackson, Bradly, Mobile, ballast

Brig Bonaventura, Mercada, Havana, 11 days

Schr Hope, Burdack, from Havana, to L H Gale—cargo, copper, fruit, &c. to the consignee and others.

Schr. William, Eichberger, Havana—cargo, coffee & sugar, to order; 290 doubloons to H M'Donald; 55 bags coffee to A Hodge; 55 do to Jose Suares; Sweet meats to H Mdonald; dry goods & coffee to S Cucullu; sundries to F Genier, F Brunelle, L Millaudon, to order, & to the master.

Schr Spica, Rowlans, Apalachicola, with cargo of cotton.

A schr and three pirogues from the coast with sugar and molasses.

Steamer Integrity, from Iberville—with sugar and molases.

Steamer Trenton, Hart, Trinity, cargo beef, tallow, cotton, 2 mules to sundries.

Steamer Opelousas, Sheridan, Baton-Rouge, with cotton, sugar, melasses &c. to sundries.

Steamer Planet, Butler, Louisville, with cotton, lard, bacon, feathers to sundries, 60 slaves to T Toby.—Left Louisville on the 28th, and the month the 3d inst. at which time the river was falling slowly.

MEMORANDA.

Cleared at New-York for this port, Nov. 23, brig George Moncon.

Hence at New-York, ship Benj. Morgan, Staats, nov. 22.

Hence at Baltimore, nov. 24 sloop Niagara, Bickley.

Ship Aspasia, was to clear from New-York for this port on the 24th november; ship Mount-Vernon on the 25th; ship Eugene, 1st december; ship Salem, 26th november.

Orleans Theatre.

ON TUESDAY DECEMBER 14.

THE MASON.

An Opera in thre acts; the words by Scribe and G. Delavigne, music by Auber.

TO FOLLOWED BY

A Visit to Bedlum.

A VAUDEVILLE IN ONE ACT.

NOTICE TO UNMARRIED LADIES.

ANY young lady or widow, deeming a protector and companion through life a desirable & necessary requisite; and having at her disposal a sufficient fortune to support her in the style in which she would be pleased to live, or of establishing the man of her choice in a respectable business, will, by addressing "William Henry" through the Post Office, be led to an acquaintance with a young man 23 years of age, of respectable connections, of amiable disposition, of unbending integrity, and unimpeachable character, and deserving their highest confidence and esteem. The honor of the writer is bound for the secrecy of all communications.

december 13

LANDING from ship John Linton from New York, and for sale at 30 Levee Street.

200 Boxes superior Bunch Muscatel Raisins, entitled to drawback.
50 Kegs of assorted pickles,
25 Barrels Mounsey's ale,
10 Packages of fine brogans,
60 Boxes of 13 pounds young hyson and gunpowder tea,
50 Boxes of Richmond tobacco 8 & 12 to the pound,
15 Kegs of pearl barley,
4 Cases of garden seeds fresh and warranted present season's production.

dec 13 THOMSON & GRANT.

FOR HAVANA,

The fine and fast sailing Spanish brig PRIMERO DE MAHON, captain Vincent, will sail for the said port, on Monday next, having two thirds of her cargo engaged: for the remainder or for passage, having good accommodations, apply to the captain on board or to J. PRATS,

december 11 No. 52, St. Ann street.

FOR VERA-CRUZ,

The superior fast sailing schooner GENERAL GEDDES, Hague master, having part of her cargo engaged, will sail with despatch. For the residue of freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to the master on board, or to

Dec. 11 J. W. ZACHARIE & Co.

FOR TAMPICO AND VERA-CRUZ.

The fast sailing Schr. ALTAMIRA (A.) the Jackson, Capt. F. Pilond, will be ready to take freight & passengers for the above ports, the 10th inst. having good accommodations. For freight of which or passage, apply to the Capt. on board opposite the Blue Stores, or to VICTOR DE LA COVA.

dec 9 46 St. Louis St.

FOR BOSTON,

The fine fast sailing brig BALTIC, Bradford master, having half her cargo engeged, will meet dispatch. For freight or passage, apply on board opposite Toulouse street or to STETSON & AVERY.

dec 7 No. 27, Camp street

WANTED.

A vessel of 250 to 300 tons burthen for Europe, apply to

STETSON & AVERY.

dec 4 27 Camp street.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER,

The schr. DART, Adams master, is ready to receive cargo, and is in every respect a good vessel. The Attakapas and Appalachicola trade would be preferred. Staws below deck 500 barrels or the bulk thereof; sails well and is of easy draft of water. For further particulars apply to the captain on board.

nov. 26 THOMSON & GRANT.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER,

The fine new brig AVIS, stands A No. 1. Is coppered and copper fastened. Apply to

nov. 25 THEODORE NICOLET & co.

TO LET AT A REDUCED PRICE,

Until the first of October next, the Store formerly occupied by the late Calvin Porter, No. 19, Levee street, well calculated for a Grocery or Hardware store. Apply to

dec 11 LEE, WALTON & Co.

WILL be sold by the undersigned, at a moderate price the following articles, by the ship *Pagoda* from Havre, having the right of drawback and suitable to the Mexican market viz:—

Ten bales of Elbeuf cloth assorted colours,
2 do of fine printed Indian hankerchiefs,
1 case of black alpene,
1 do of various colors of deths,
1 do of black satin and other colours,
1 do of satin,
1 do of levantenes,
1 do of ribbons,
1 do of cotton handkerchiefs,
10 do of sewing silk of assorted colours,

Moreover,

About 80 barrils of old Bordeaux Wine more than a year in the country,

and

20 surons of Havanna tobacco,

BAPTISTE AZARETO,

Dec 13 No. 14 Jefferson street.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE partnership formerly existing between Christophe Lucier and Alexis Le Francois, is dissolved by mutual consent, those persons indebted to the said partnership are requested to make payment to Mr. Lucier and those to whom the firm is indebted will apply to Mr. Lucier for the payment of the same, at the store on the other side of the river, opposite the ferry.

ALEXIS LE FRANCOIS.
CHRISTOPHE LUCIER.

december 13

BALL-ROOM,

At the corner of Bourbon & Orleans streets,

ON WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1830.

A GRAND FULL-DRESS BALL.

ADMITTANCE—Gentlemen, ... $1.

No ladies will be admitted without a personal ticket. Gentlemen will find a particular room where they can deposit their canes, cloaks, hats, &c. december 13

DUPRÉ,

HAIR-DRESSER FROM PARIS,

MOST respectfully offers his services to the ladies of this city, in every thing concerning his profession; he has a number of Head-Dresses of all kinds, in the last Paris and London fashions. Having quitted his New-York Establishment for a time, in order to pass the season of the Balls in New-Orleans, he ventures to assure such ladies as may honor him with their confidence, that they will find him in the greatest exactness and attention: known advantageously in Paris and London as well as in all the principal cities of the United-States, he hopes to share the patronage of the ladies of Louisiana.

His residence is at No. 197, Royal street, between St. Peter and Orleans streets, where he proposes to teach to young persons the art of Hair-dressing and Hair-cutting, after the latest fashion. dec 11

Penknives, Razors, Sissors &c.

P. ROMAIN.

NO. 97 CHARTRES STREET.

HAS received by the ship Helvetia, in addition to the merchandize consigned to him by the Bolivar; the following articles which he offers for sale wholesale and retail viz:—

Cologne water in bottles of various forms,
Pomatum in pots also in sticks,
Almond cream, and almond soap,
Extract of perfumes in various forms,
Antique oil of Macassar, and other kinds,
Transparent soap assorted kinds,
False hair and wigs for ladies and gentlemen,
Artificial flowers for head dresses of the latest and best fashions,
Suspenders, silk stockings and buckskin gloves,
Ivory dressing combs &c. &c.
Some handsome female busts,
Rodges's and Parisian razors, penknives, sissors &c. dec 11

SALES AT AUCTION.

POR H. DOMINGON.

(En cuya casa esta depositado el inventario del establecimiento.

SE vendera el 27 de diciembre, en la Lonja llamada Bolsa de Hewlett, á las 4 precisamente, para la disolucion de una sociedad, la FABRICA DE TABACO EN POLVO Y DE CHOCOLATE que antes pertenecia al difunto JEAN QUESSART, y situada en la calle de Sta. Ana, No. 57.

El establecimiento mencionado es demasiado conocido para que se tenga la necesidad de dar grandes detalles relativo á ella. Solo se dirá que los últimos proprietarios han renovado todos los utencilios que de dicha fabrica requerria ser reparado, consiste principalmente en Molinos de Tabaco con sus pisones, un Cedazo guarnecido de tres cylindros, otro nuevo tambien guarnecido con sus cylindros, varios Tamizes, cinco Tableros (*Trictracs*); dos de estos nuevos acabados de llegar de Francia, asi como dos tamizes muy finos é imposible de hallarse en este pays, una gran cantidad de Tinajas, Bocoyes, Barriles y Enfriaderos, en fin todas clases de utencilios combenibles á la fabrica y escusado de detallar aqui.

TAMBIEN—UN MOLINO de fierro y de cylindro, puesto sobre una hornilla para hacer chocolate, otra hornilla para preparar el cacao. En el dia se hallan los almacenes del establecimienio bien provisto de Tabaco de la mejor calidad, en polvo, en garrotas, y en Puros torcidos; en Chocolate, Manteca de cacao &a. y tambien en verdadero remedio del Dr. Le Roy recivida de Francia de la casa de Mr. Cottin.

PLAZO:—6, 12 y 18 meses, en billetes endozados á satisfaccion de los vendedores.

El 30 del propio mes se venderá en las mismas condiciones y plazo.

1º. El servicio por un año del negro llamado Binjamin, fabricante de tabaco en polvo y de chocolate, en la mencionada fabrica. Es el discipulo del difunto Mr. Quessart y hace veinte años que esta ocupado en los trabajos de la fabrica.

2º. El negro Luna apellidado John, de edad de 34 años, un poco tonelero, empleado en los trabajos de la fabrica hace 11 meses.

3º. Chéry, negro criollo de edad de 18 años buen domestico de mano, cigarrero y un poco cosinero. Todos gorantidos de los vicios y enfermedades previstos por la ley, seran vendidos con hypoteca especial y billetes endorzados á satisfaccion.

Para mejores informes dirigirse al almacen de Mr. Evariste Blanc, donde tambien se depositará un inventario, y para ver el establecimiento, dirigirse á Mr. Louis Wagner en la casa No. 57 calle de Sta. Anna quien tendra otro inventario.

Se podra ver la mayor parte de los utencilios y mecanicas, en el Bayou de Sn. Juan donde esta establecido la manufactura de tabaco en polvo, dirigiendose al mencionado punto ó a la hacienda de Mr. Evariste Blanc.

☞ Las actas de la venta se pasarán en casa de Mr. Janin al costo de los compradores.

13 dec.—14

BY T. MOSSY.

ON Thursday, Dec. 16, at noon, will be sold A LOT OF GROUND, situate in Conde, between Hospital and Garrison streets, measuring 60 feet front by 120 in depth, having on it a two story brick house, bounded on one side by the property of Mr. Belot, and on the other by that of Mr. Duralde. Terms—$2000 cash, the balance at 12, 18 and 24 months' credit, in approved endorsed paper. The vendor reserves to himself the right of occupying the house until the 15th of February next. nov 1

CLOTHING.

LEE, WALTON & Co. corner of Custom House and Levee streets, have received per ship Kentucky and other late arrivals from New-York a general assortment of CLOTHING, consisting of every article in their line, which they offer for sale low (wholesale or retail) for cash, or good paper. dec 11

LIBERAL ADVANCES made on shipments of Sugar, Molasses and Cotton to New-York. Apply to

THOMSON & GRANT.

dec 11 No. 39, Levee street

Orleans Clothing Store.

THE subscriber has taken the store at No. 14 Chartres street, where he is now opening and has for sale, a very fine assortment of Philadelphia made CLOTHING, consisting of every article that can be called for in his line of business; also a general assortment of gentlemen's fancy travelling CAPS.

dec 7 PHINEAS CLARKE.

N. B. Just landed from brig Canaris eighty eight reams of imperial printing PAPER, of a very superior quality, and for sale as above.

STETSON & AVERY, No. 27, Camp street, have for sale,

1000 kegs cut nails, assorted size in 100 lbs kegs, 100 bags pepper, 50 bales 4-4 brown sheeting, 10 do. brown Russia do. 1 do, 5-4 imitation French do. 11 do. Osnaburgs, 4 do. burlaps entitled to debenture; 36 casks pure sperm oil, 70 do. refined whale do. 115 boxes sperm candles 4s and 5s, 50 do. No. 1 soap, 600 half-boxes do. do., 2 cases circular shaving cakes do., 5 do. Windsor do. 30 casks fresh Zante currants, 50 boxes pickles, gallons, half and quarter do. 20 barrels fresh cranberries, 120 do. No. 3 mackerel, 15 do. Boston mess beef, superior Port wine in cases, printing and wrapping paper.

december 7

STAVES.—Best quality of Pipe Staves, constantly on hand, for sale by

M. S. ISRAEL & Co.

No. 40. Toulouse street, between Royal and Chartres.

dec 7

GABRIEL JULIEN,

CONFECTIONER & DISTILLER.

No. 30, Condé street, between Dumaine and Royal streets.

HAS the honor to inform the inhabitants of New-Orleans, that there will always be found at his store, a complete assortment of Cordials and Syrup, Sugar-Plums, Cakes of all kinds, Flowers and Fruits preserved in sugar, Sweetmeats, Fruits preserved in brandy, Chocolate, Pasto of Mallows, Pectoral Pastiles &c. &c.; there will also be found every day, at his store, fresh Pastry of all kinds, Cakes, white and red Nougat. He will supply deserts in town, and will execute promptly all orders from the country in his line. He also informs those in the same trade with him that he will sell to them the Dainties he receives from France, at first cost. dec. 1

WANTED to hire by the month, at H. Rillieux's Cotton Press, ten or twelve NEGROES. Apply to L. M. Reynaud, corner of Poydras and Tchapitoulas streets.

december 10

FOUND—On Sunday the 5th instant, A SKIFF adrift was stopped on the river; the owner upon paying the expense of this advertisement and salvage, and upon describing it and proving it to be his property, will have the same returned to him. Apply at the corner of Camp and Julia streets. dec. 10

PIG LEAD, for sale at the Levee, by

dec. 9 J. MAGER.

NOTICE to Sugar Planters, advances will be made on sugar shipped to the states. Apply to [dec. 9] J. MAGER.

THE subscriber, curator of the estate of the late Charles Guichard, requests those having any claims against said estate, to present the same to him.

dec 9 GALLIEN PREVAL.

EXCHANGE on Paris, Boston, New-York and Phiadelphia for sale by

dec 8 H. PERRET & CHARBONNET.