The New Orleans Bee.

No. 232, VOL. VII.—NEW SERIES.
VOL. XIX.—WHOLE No. 4972.

NEW-ORLEANS, SATURDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 22, 1845.

J. MAGNE & WEISSE, PROPRIETORS, No. 81 Chartres street.
State & Third Municipality Official Journal.

TERMS OF THE BEE:

DAILY PAPER, one year in advance, ... $12 00
COUNTRY PAPER, Semi-weekly, (one year in advance) 5 00

[illegible] cases the subscriber must give one week's notice in writing, before he can be allowed to discontinue.

ADVERTISING.—One dollar for every TEN lines, for each [illegible] the first insertion, and HALF that price for each subsequent one. No Advertisement inserted for less [illegible] for each language.

Advertisements not specified as to time will be published [illegible] forbid, and charged accordingly.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged one [illegible] TEN lines, for each language and for each [illegible].

☞ The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their business.

MAGNE & WEISSE.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS,
NOVEMBER 21, 1845.

THE price of Fresh Flour being, this day, $5 93 per [illegible], according to the Tariff, the Bakers will give 34 [illegible] for twelve and a half cents, during the ensuing week, [illegible] on Monday next, 24th November.

The loaves of second quality, or three loaves for ten [illegible] must weigh 25 per cent more, that is to say, 42½ [illegible].

E. MONTEGUT, Mayor.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS.

COUNCIL OF MUNICIPALITY No. 3.

Session of Nov. 4th, 1845.

RESOLVED, That from and after the adoption of the present Resolution, no part of the Port of this Municipality shall be considered as Free, with the exception [illegible] Wharves in front of the Tobacco Warehouses, and [illegible] in front of Mr. Thomas Williams' Warehouses; any resolution or ordinance to the contrary notwithstanding.

(Signed) G. W. LEWIS, Recorder.
Approved, November 10th, 1845.
(Signed) E. MONTEGUT, Mayor.
A True Copy.
G. LE GARDEUR, Secretary.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS,
NOVEMBER 14, 1845.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Monday, the 1st of December next, at the office of the Mayoralty of this City, between the hours of 12 M and 1 P. M., I will proceed to adjudicate to the highest bidder, the farm of the PORT MARKET in the Third Municipality, for the space of one year from the first of January next, (1846) agreeably to existing ordinances.

E. MONTEGUT, Mayor. n15

INFORMATION WANTED respecting the death of PATRICK McELLIGAN, a native of Kerry, Ireland, who died in New Orleans in the year 1842.

BRITISH CONSULATE,
[illegible] Mosson's Building, Royal street.

WANTED, by Madame Durand, No. 156 Royal street, corner of Toulouse, two SEAMSTRESSES. n22

A GOOD WET NURSE may hear of an excellent situation [illegible] of the city. Apply to

Dr. FORMENTO, 103 Royal st.

Preference will be given to a White Woman, if well recommended. n20—3t

WANTED—A governess on a plantation to teach two [illegible] the English and French languages. [illegible] Address [illegible] Box C. 61. n19—2 [illegible]

WET NURSE—To hire a young Creole servant who has lost her child. She has already nursed a white child, and is fully recommended.

Apply for further information to No 113 Burgundy street, or No 145 Esplanade street. n19

TO SUGAR PLANTERS.—An experienced and practical Planter from the West Indies is desirous of [illegible] as Overseer or Superintendent of a Sugar Plantation. As employment is his principal object, he would be satisfied with little remuneration for the present. He refers to Messrs. M. Lefoux & Co., No. 77 Canal street, to whom letters may be addressed for information. n15—3t

COOK WANTED for a small family. A Creole [illegible] would be preferred. Apply at

NORTH & BROTHERS,
corner Magazine and Common sts.

WANTED, Four able bodied COLORED MEN—[illegible] to work in a warehouse would be preferred. Apply immediately to

EMERSON, TOURNE & Co.,
[illegible] Tchoupitoulas st.

NOTICE.—The undersigned having come to the certainty that a large quantity of SNUFF, of the very [illegible], is daily sold or sent into the country by some [illegible] and other petty retailers, most unscrupulous [illegible], as well as empty jars bearing my [illegible], takes this method of informing all country [illegible] and consumers of this facts, in order that from [illegible] be deceived again by this most un[illegible].

N. B.—From this day, the labels bearing the name of my house and the designation of the quality of the Snuff, will be inserted under the cover of the jars, and no longer pasted on the outside as heretofore.

A. DELPIT, No. 168, Louis st.

MICHEL & Co's New Orleans Annual and Commercial Register for 1846, containing the Names, Residences and Professions of all the Heads of Families and persons in business of this city and suburbs, Algiers, Lafayette, &c., classified and arranged [illegible], with an additional Repertory of all the [illegible] Notaries, Foreign Consuls, Merchants, Mechanics [illegible] with other useful information. [illegible] wish their names and professions [illegible] of the work will be allowed the [illegible] entitled to one copy [illegible] and copy for $5. To be [illegible] the 1st and 15th of January, 1846.

MICHEL & Co.,
[illegible] Council Room of Municipality No. 1.

☞ [illegible] the second day of October, [illegible] the above work was secured [illegible] for the District of Louisiana.

NOTICE.—The new steamboat MATHILDA JANE [illegible] every Sunday, from the Ferry landing [illegible] Anne street, to the Convent. Parents having children at the establishment, and persons whose business may call them to that part of the city may profit by a means of transport equally rapid and agreeable. At each [illegible] one hour at the landing of the Convent. She will leave St. Anne street, on her first trip at 10 o'clock and on her second at half past 11.

The nuns of the Convent will find it to their advantage to employ the boat for the transportation of articles they may require from the city.

[illegible] favorably received by the public, [illegible] two trips on Sunday, another every [illegible].

[illegible] passage 25 cents. Children and servants, [illegible] price. n23

TO CAPTAINS OF VESSELS.—Masters of [illegible] to tow their vessels [illegible] to take cargo, or from one part of the port to another, by applying at the First Municipality [illegible] the Public Square.

[illegible] expressly for towing and has sufficient [illegible] largest class of ships. Steam will [illegible] to give immediate attention to orders. Terms moderate. o30

TO MERCHANTS AND PLANTERS.—Merchants [illegible] sugar kettles, bricks, lumber [illegible] to send to any of the plantations [illegible] wishing to have wood [illegible] Those having furniture or [illegible] will always find a speedy [illegible] will be most reasonable. o26

Architecture, Civil Engineering and Surveying.

HAVING [illegible] to Banks' Arcade, on Magazine street, New Orleans, I respectfully state that I [illegible] my professional services in every [illegible] Civil Engineering and Surveying, [illegible] and public buildings of every [illegible], Gothic, and all the varieties [illegible] made with a strict regard to [illegible] accompanied with specifications and estimates based on the local average prices of [illegible].

The surveys and locations of greater internal improvements and public works, as railroads, canals, protective water works on rivers, as Levees, Fascine works, etc., a [illegible] attention will be devoted. Having a sufficient number of able assistants at my disposal, I am now prepared to extend my business to a distance from New Orleans, if the object be important enough, and to procure [illegible] thousands of mechanics and laborers for the execution of works of the greatest magnitude. Surveys and plans of real estate, topographical maps, drawings of machinery, plans, specifications and estimates for [illegible] residences, dwelling houses, warehouses, etc. will not only be made at short notice, but I shall also most faithfully superintend the execution of the above and all other improvements. The great multitude of buildings made by me, and which have been executed under my superintending the last few years, are a guarantee that my terms are reasonable.

Letters may be addressed to me either in the English, French, Spanish or German languages.

HENRY MOELLHAUSEN,
Architect and Civil Engineer.

MUTUAL INSURANCE.

THE General Mutual Insurance Company of New York having assumed and taken over the unexpired risks of the **Ocean Mutual Insurance Company** of this city (which Company has gone into liquidation) are prepared to insure against Fire Risks and Marine Risks, at the late office of the Ocean Insurance Company, No 45 Camp street, on the most favorable terms.

The General Mutual Insurance Company have a large [illegible] they have paid back to the persons who have insured with them 82 per cent. of their premiums during the past three years, in script, bearing [illegible] payable annually; and as the business of the Company is conducted altogether on the mutual principle, that is dividing among those who pay the premiums the entire profits of the office; as large a dividend [illegible] any other mutual office may be confidently expected from their future operations.

This Company offers the additional advantage to those who may wish it, of paying their losses either in New [illegible] or New Orleans, at the option of the assured.

CHAS. BRIGGS, } Agents.
EDW. OGDEN, }
[illegible] Camp street. s10—ly

PARISIAN DYEING ESTABLISHMENT.
94 Conti, between St Philip and Ursuline streets.

MR. HERICY has the honor to inform the public in general and the ladies in particular, that he has bought the Dyeing Establishment of Mr Bonnot. The large space and the numerous improvements which have been added, together with a steam engine of a new model for dressing goods, and especially for silks, which are dressed with the [illegible] and perfection hitherto entirely unknown. By this means, silks are not perforated by pin holes, which [illegible] often to be torn, and which deprives them of the brilliancy of new stuffs. The promptness with which all goods are dressed by the new steam system, of which Mr Hericy is the sole possessor, insures him an immense success, and permits him to offer immense advantages in the reduction of prices and finish of the work. Persons who will honor him with their confidence will be satisfied and will appreciate the advantage of the new mode of dressing.

He dyes and cleans in general all sorts of goods for ladies and gentlemen's wear, carpets, ball and theatre dresses, church ornaments, straw hats and Russia hats; billiard balls and cloths, bleaches Panamas, cleans and dyes cachemere their original colors—dyes in black for mourning in twenty four hours. Guarantees his colors fast, and produces light colors from the black stuffs.

J. HERICY.

WROUGHT IRON STEAM PIPES.—Welded Wrought Iron Pipes, of all sizes from 1-8 to 2 inches bore, of great strength, for steam purposes. Also, BRASS AND IRON COCKS, BRANCHES, ELBOWS, BENDS, REDUCING SOCKETS, FLANGES, &c. &c.

☞ These pipes being fitted together with screws, manufacturers, engineers, and others, by sending a diagram, can have pipes to length, so as to be [illegible].

Also—Cast Iron Water Pipes of all sizes.

THOS. H. MORRIS & [illegible]
No 61 Gold street, opposite Ann street, [illegible]

FRENCH PORCELAIN.—The undersigned has just received by late arrivals, a large assortment of WHITE AND GOLD STRIPED PORCELAIN, for table use. This a Porcelain for Restaurants: dinner and tea sets, and fancy articles of porcelain, richly ornamented.

Also—A complete assortment of Glassware for table use which he will dispose of at very low prices for cash.

B. O. VIGNAUD, 41 Chartres st.

NOTICE—[illegible] ROUSSE, having sold the stock of his store, situated 83 Chartres street, corner Bienville, offers for sale two very fine armoirs and counters, of maple wood, and of French manufacture, the whole being very convenient to fixtures for a store of French goods. He will also sell stools, chairs, bedsteads, tables, &c., at very low prices. P. Rousse avails himself of this opportunity to beg those who are his debtors to [illegible] as possible.

GUN POWDER.—Eagle Powder, in [illegible] quarter and half kegs, [illegible] sold by the undersigned agents.

REYNAUD, [illegible] & Co.
[illegible] Tchoupitoulas st.

WHIG CANDIDATES.

FOR GOVERNOR,
WILLIAM DEBUYS.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
EDWARD SPARROW.

Saturday morning, Nov. 15, 1845.

District Meetings of the Whigs of New Orleans.

PURSUANT to the resolution of the Whig Central Committee, the Whigs of the Parish of Orleans, are requested to meet in their respective districts at the following places on Saturday evening, the 22d instant, at half past 6 o'clock, for the purpose of nominating candidates for their respective districts to the House of Representatives, and appointing delegates to a General Committee to nominate candidates for the Senate.

SECOND MUNICIPALITY.

1st District, comprised between the Lafayette line and Benjamin, Estelle and Thalia streets, at the house of Joseph Frochelicher, the German Ball-Room, corner of Nayades and Race streets, opposite the Horse Station.

2d District, comprised between the line of Benjamin, Estelle and Thalia streets, on the upper boundary and Julia streets as the lower line, at the house of Charles Diamond, on Tchoupitoulas, near Delord street.

3d District, comprised between Julia and Canal streets, at the Rose House, on Perdido street, near St. Charles, immediately in the rear of the new Commercial Exchange.

FIRST MUNICIPALITY.

4th District, comprised between Canal and St. Louis streets, at the Conti street Hotel.

5th District, comprised between St. Louis and St. Phillip streets, at the Orleans Coffee-House.

6th District, comprised between St. Phillip and Esplanade streets, at the Engine House in Hospital street, between Royal and Bourbon streets.

THIRD MUNICIPALITY.

7th District, comprised between Esplanade and Champs Elysees streets, at the house of Mr. Paturzo, corner of Levee and Champ Elysees streets.

8th District, comprised between Champs Elysees and Enghein streets, at Mrs. Caldwell's Franklin Hall, corner Champs Elysees and Victory streets.

9th District, comprised between Enghein street and lower line of the Third Municipality, at the Café Caillou Washington, corner Louisa and Levee streets.

A punctual and general attendance is earnestly desired.

JAMES P. FRERET, *President.*
F. GARDERE, *Secretary.*

WHIG MEETINGS TO-NIGHT.

The whigs of the city are reminded that this evening is set apart for assemblies in every Representative District, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the Lower House, and appointing delegates to a City Convention, which will hereafter select four candidates for Senators. We trust that the whigs will very generally respond to this call. The surest way to obtain excellent and satisfactory nominations is to let them emanate spontaneously from the will of the people. Let all good whigs be present and select the strongest and most popular men in their respective districts. Give us a first rate Representative ticket, and we shall sweep the city by an unprecedented majority. Remember, whigs, THE MEETINGS TO-NIGHT.

Oregon.

The views of the Charleston *Mercury* on the subject of Oregon are so singular, bold, original and ingenious, that coming as they do from a journal of high character and talent, and which is presumed to be the exponent of the policy of Mr. CALHOUN, we deem it necessary to furnish a brief abstract of them. We find one ready made to our hands in the Richmond *Compiler*, and therefore adopt it. "The *Mercury* charges that Mr Polk's object is to merge the tariff question in the more exciting one of war with a powerful nation;—that he expects to maintain his popularity by uniting the North and West upon the Oregon question, and thus sacrificing the South, (if it should, as he expects, prevent the war,) in the odium of traitorous opposition. In short, the solemn accusation is made that Mr. Polk's course is a mere *"game for power:"* a course utterly reckless of consequences to the country, and which can only be thwarted by the determined and combined action of the Southern Representatives in Congress. The *Mercury* declares it its belief that the British and American titles "both are shadows, and a perfect humbug"—and that "when Mr. Polk declared our title to Oregon to be 'clear and unquestionable,' he could have had but little reference either to Oregon or to our title. He meant WAR—war on a certain portion of the Democratic party—and, if necessary, war with Great Britain."

In one of the three articles which are devoted to the subject, the *Mercury* examines at some length the title to Oregon, as founded on the three concurrent circumstances which according to the principles of international law confer and strengthen a nation's right to the possession of new territory. These are first Discovery; second Settlement; third Contiguity.—The *Mercury* contends that our title on these grounds is very imperfect, and except in respect to the first, no better than that of Great Britain. It maintains that no settlements have been made by either government acting in its Sovereign capacity, and that the argument of contiguity is overthrown by the fact that 500 miles of wild, mountainous region separate us from Oregon.

We are anxious to see what the official organ at Washington will say to the hardy and novel position assumed by the *Mercury*.

☞ We admire the tone of the Philadelphia *North American*—a journal of respectability and talent—on the subject of Annexation. Noticing the attempts of some Northern presses to kindle anew the dying embers of opposition to that measure, the *North American* questions the wisdom of the course, upon the grounds both of policy and patriotism. It is now plain, says that journal, that the American people have all along desired the acquisition of Texas. Nature seemed to have included it within our borders; it was believed to have been disintegrated from our territory, and to regain it was only to give the nation its own; besides the monopoly of an article of necessity to the world, is the most certain source of national wealth, and the monopoly of cotton could only be secured by acquiring Texas. It was peopled by our brethren, and its gravestones were marked with the names of those cradled with us. To possess it was therefore, a passion with the people. There were grave objections to the measure in any shape, and still more forceful and solemn opposition to the mode.—But it is now a thing of the past. To oppose it is impotent, for the measure is decreed, and asks but a formality to be consummated: no human power can avert or delay it. *In a republic it should also be remembered, that, when the nation has acted upon a question, it is the duty of the patriot to submit.* To oppose the policy of the country upon this point now, is to strengthen the opposition of her foes abroad, and to encourage the foes of the Union at home. In every point of view it is impolitic to raise this issue from its grave.

The passage we have italicised is evidence of a sound head, and a patriotic heart. It would be well for the North or that portion of her population who maintain a factious hostility to a measure now consummated, from no nobler motive than a fanatical hatred of the entire slave-holding sections of the confederacy, to heed the counsel of the journal we have cited. Opposition to Texas now, is like the imbecile anger of dotage "full of sound and fury signifying nothing." It can be productive of no good; it can be matured to no practical end. Its only consequence is to keep up an unworthy system of reproach and recrimination between the North and South, tending to enfeeble the strong ties of mutual attachment which should bind in harmonious brotherhood every portion of our common country.

The concert of Signora Pico, last evening, was attended by a brilliant and crowded audience, who greeted the fair debutante with distinguished favor. Perhaps a concert is not so appropriate a sphere for the display of the lady's powers as the Theatre—be it as it may, we confess to some disappointment. The extravagant encomia of the New York press, despite our very limited confidence in their musical taste, had prepared us for something very fine. That something was only pretty good. In brief, Signora Pico has a fair *mezzo soprano* voice, of moderate compass and volume; round, however, and mellow; generally pure and correct. She executes with feeling and facility. Flexibility is not a distinguishing feature of her voice. Her contralto notes are full and her style and method are excellent and rich, but lack vibration. In short, Signora Pico, if we may form an opinion from hearing her but once and in a concert room, appears to us a very pleasing, but by no means very remarkable songstress.

We must not forget to add, that our old acquaintance, Antognini, has improved prodigiously, having once again recovered that splendid tenor which nature [illegible] and which art he has cultivated, till it has [illegible]

[illegible] have been erected, [illegible] of streets over the greater part of the burnt district.

The Warehousing System.

This subject was brought before the Memphis Convention by B. B. Minor, Esq., of Va., and referred to a select committee of one from each State. It was very fully discussed, and its advantage exemplified by a general history of the present laws, as also the operations of the *Warehousing System* in England by Eustis Prescott, Esq., delegate from New Orleans. Although but few of the members had examined the subject, still a large majority of the Committee coincided in the views taken in the following report.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON THE WAREHOUSING SYSTEM.

The committee appointed to take into consideration the Warehousing System, respectfully present the following preamble and resolutions as containing their report upon that interesting, important, and highly beneficial measure of public policy.

Whereas, The present system of cash duties upon imports into this country, with its drawbacks, requiring foreign merchandise *in transitu*, through our ports to foreign markets to pawn a large portion of its value in cash, with the Custom House, tends to make the importing business of the country a monopoly in the hands of the great capitalists, and materially to diminish our exports of foreign articles,

Whereas, It moreover tends to make the present plan of raising revenue of imports, practically a system of unequal taxation which falls most heavily upon the non-importing States; inasmuch as it requires the duties to be paid, not in the states in which the goods are *consumed*, but in the ports in which they are first landed; whilst it is a political axiom of tacit, but of oft implied acknowledgment, that customs are not levied upon foreign merchandize, because it is *landed*, but because it is *consumed* in the country;

Whereas, Such a system is injurious to the commerce of the country, prejudicial to its prosperity, and at variance with many of its best interests; and,

Whereas, A properly regulated *Warehouse System*, is not liable to any such objections, or if liable, is not liable in equal extent or degree; and,

Whereas, It is the duty of this government to raise and collect its revenue in such a manner that those who pay them may be subjected to as little inconvenience and inequality as possible. And,

Whereas, This end would, in a great degree, be accomplished under the *Warehousing System*, inasmuch as it would allow the goods to be transferred to the bonded warehouses in the consuming, or non-importing States, and thus require the payment of the duties only when and where the goods may leave the custody of the government for the purpose of consumption, removing thereby many of the charges, fees, profits, and commissions, which, under the present system, have to be paid to intermediate dealers and agents, between the distant consumer in the South and West, and the Custom House in the North and East;

Therefore, be it resolved, That the interest of the whole country, whether commercial, manufacturing, or agricultural would be promoted by the establishment of the *Warehousing System*.

Resolved, That it is the duty of Congress to establish this system.

Resolved, That a copy of this report and of these resolution be sent to the President of the United States, to the Secretary of the Treasury, and to each member of both Houses of Congress.

Memphis, Tenn., Nov., 15th, 1845.

B. B. MINOR, Va.
EUSTIS PRESCOTT, La.
JOHN J. WINSTON, Ala.
SIMON MARCHINSON, Miss.
JOHN PRESTON, JR., Ark.
JAMES H. LUCAS, Mo.
GEO. FORD, Ill.
LEVIN H. COE, Tenn.
WM. B. OWING, Iowa.
D. W. PATTERSON, Ky.

A minority report was made by Mr. W. H. Trescott, of Charleston, S. C.—Not in condemnation of the system, but recommending it to the early consideration of the Chambers of Commerce in the different cities of the Union. Both reports were referred to the General Committee, in which, this system was fully advocated by Judge Woodruff, of New Orleans; but the committee deemed it most judicious to cause them to be published, without reporting any resolution on their merits by the Convention.

A DELIGHTFUL REUNION.—Upon the adjournment of the Memphis Convention on Saturday evening last, the editorial corps from the various cities in the Union in attendance, met together upon an invitation given by the Editors of the Memphis press, to partake of a sumptuous banquet prepared in honor of the occasion. At 10 o'clock the party, numbering thirty-seven, adjourned from the office of the *Enquirer* to the banquetting hall, where they sat down to a feast as *recherché* in its appointments, as it was epicurian in its character. After the viands had been freely discussed and washed down with choicest wines, the cloth was removed only to give place to a feast of reason and flow of soul, sparkling with wit and sentiment, intermingled with gems of song and poesy. A number of choice spirits, brimful of mirth and gladness, poured forth a fund of anecdote, as ripe in interest as it was rich in the recital. It was only "when the cock did crow," that the parting glass was taken; and "*Auld Lang Syne*," with linked hands, and hearts united; was sung with feelings of kind regret,—the parting moment had come.

The recollections of that occasion we will ever treasure up as a green spot upon our memory, to which we can refer to with delight and pleasure.

Census of New York.

The census of the city of New York, is at length completed and presents the following results:—Total population 2,600,374; Males 1,313,335; Females 1,287,069. Voters in all the counties except New York 475,440. Add 60,000 for New York, and we have 535,440, or over half a million of voters. Truly New York merits the title of the "EMPIRE STATE."

The total increase in the population since the census of 1840, is 170,92[illegible]—or less than 7 per cent. What is remarkable in this augmentation is that all of it is in the large towns, and more than half of it in the city and its environs. Thus

	1845.	1840.
New York	371,102	312,710
Brooklyn	59,574	36,233
Williamsburg	11,238	5,094
	441,914	354,037
	354,037	
Increase in these three towns,	87,877	
In the rest of the State,	83,061	
In the whole State,	170,938	

The tabular statement of the population of each county which we find in the *Journal of Commerce* offers some curious results. Thus, while in the city and its environs the increase of population has been considerable, there has been a diminution of 1109 in the adjoining county of Westchester, and 3,312 in Richmond county, alias Staten Island. In 19 other counties in the State there has also been a decrease. In the county of Allegany 113, Cayuga 701, Chautauque 1,093, Chenango 879, Columbia 2,861, Hamilton 25, Livingston 2,517, Montgomery 6,158, (more than one-sixth.) Oneida 569, Ontario 909, Schenectady 603, Washington 541. Several of these counties contain large quantities of excellent arable land, and are distinguished for their agricultural products.

In 1810 Virginia was the most populous State in the Union. New York now contains double the number of the inhabitants of the Old Dominion. But the Empire State at no very distant day, is destined to yield in her turn to the preponderating power of the West. The Young Giant of that section of country—Ohio—is following New York with rapid and resistless strides. The third State in numerical proportions in 1840, she will in all probability take rank as the second in 1850. Her population five years ago was 1,519,467; while that of Pennsylvania was 1,724,033. The ratio of increase in Ohio from 1830 to 1840 was very nearly 80 per cent; while that of the Keystone State was little more than 25 per cent. A similar rate of progress will place Ohio before Pennsylvania in 1850, and in 1860 enable her to take precedence even of the Empire State.

MASSACHUSETTS.—The returns are nearly complete and exhibit the following result:—Briggs (w) 49,499; Davis (l f) 35,083; Shaw (N. A.) 7,119; Sewell (abo) 7,316; Scatt. 1,314.

THE SENATE.—The Whigs have elected their two Senators in Barnstable County, and undoubtedly one in Nantucket and Dukes Counties, making the whole number of Senators elected, 12. Vacancies, 28, which will be filled by Whigs.

HOUSE.—Members elected—Whigs, 160; Locofocos, 49; Natives, 3.

SUSPENSION OF A MINISTER.—The Synod of Cincinnati, (of the new Presbyterian church) recently held its session at Ripley, during which the case of Rev. Mr. Graham, a prominent divine, came up for consideration, and resulted in his suspension from the ministry. The charges upon which he was arraigned and condemned were four, as follows:—

1. He teaches that according to the Jewish law the slave was not reckoned as a man or woman, but as property. 2. He teaches that the master had the right to beat the slave, and that hardly. 3. He teaches that the master had the right to sell the slave. 4. He teaches that the Head of the Church has authorized the relation between master and slave, involving the right of property, not only in the charter, but in all the laws that he has given for the government of the Church.

TELEGRAPH DESPATCHES.—There is a curious calculation in the New York *Journal of Commerce*, by [illegible] shown that according to the rates establish[illegible] Postmaster General on the route between [illegible] and Baltimore, and proposed by the Telegraphic Company, on the line between Philadelphia and New York, the transmission of a column of matter from Washington to that City—saying nothing of the distance between Baltimore and Philadelphia, which must be accomplished some other way—would cost upwards of $60. If the session should continue [illegible] months, as it probably will, a column daily, except Sundays, during the session, would cost in the neighborhood of $13,500!! The Editor thinks that the only way in which the expense could be made [illegible] for the morning papers to [illegible], as well as the expense [illegible]

☞ We are indebted to the officers of the steamboat James Madison for late Louisville papers.

City Intelligence.

CRIMINAL COURT.—The case of Jack Roberts, accused of feloniously entering, without breaking, into the house of Adam Wagner, was before this court yesterday. He was found guilty, but recommended to the mercy of the court. We think he will be mercifully dealt with. The court will meet again this morning at 10 o'clock.

THE GRAND JURY.—The Grand Jury came into court yesterday, at five minutes past 12 P. M., with a true bill against Captain A. H. Eldridge. They say that Captain A. H. Eldridge ought to be prosecuted for assault and battery, for having flogged or caused to be flogged one Henry Monroe and George Golding, vagrants—committed to his charge, upon the unwarrantable ground that they told falsehoods to the late Grand Jury. The Grand Jury will meet again in the Criminal Court, on Thursday week.

☞ All the Courts adjourned yesterday, at half-past twelve, P. M., in compliment to the memory of CHARLES L. DUBOURG, who died at 7 o'clock yesterday morning.

IMPORTANT ARREST.—James M'Graw *alias* George Potter was last night arrested in the St. Louis Concert Room, by Mr Ferrari, Commissary of the St. Louis Exchange, as a suspicious character. He was afterwards searched and the following sums were found on him: $31 in notes, $690 in gold and $255 in silver. He was examined at a late hour last night before the Mayor of our city and as he could not give security was locked up. Mr. Graw or Potter stated that he lived at the Commercial Hotel corner of Girod and New Levee, and from what we have learnt, there will be some discordance in the harmony he heard last night.

FRENCH THEATRE.—This very popular establishment, will open for the first time this season, to-morrow evening, on which occasion the favorite opera La Favorite, will be produced. We feel persuaded there will be a crowded house, for apart from the merit of the opera, and the talent of the company engaged, the *coup d'oeil* which the theatre will present, when adorned with the beauty of our circle ladies, will prove a sufficient attraction to insure a large and admiring audience. Our readers are already aware that the entire house has been lighted up with gas, and it has been so beautified and improved as to wear the appearance of its having been entirely rebuilt.

FOR MEMPHIS.—The magnificent steamer *Maret*, Capt. T W Dunnica, leaves this afternoon, at 5 o'clock, for Memphis. To those who have travelled upon this majestic palace, it would be superfluous on our part to say a word in her praise; but if any there be who are wending their way up the Mississippi, and have not yet been made acquainted with the comforts and conveniences afforded upon this gallant craft, we would advise them to locate on board before the hour of her departure. We would only mention that her officers are careful, obliging and attentive to the wants of the passengers, and that her speed is equal, if not superior, to any vessel navigating the Western waters.

RECORDER BALDWIN'S COURT.—The case of the State *vs.* Samuel N. Hite, charged with perjury, was resumed yesterday before Recorder Baldwin. After the examination of several witnesses, the case was continued to the morning.

EXECUTION OF COL. DAVENPORT'S MURDERERS.—Aaron Young and two brothers named Long, were executed at Rock Island, Illinois, on the 4th inst., for the murder of Col. Davenport. They were all hung on one gallows and on letting the drop fall, the rope to which Aaron Long was suspended broke, and he fell, striking his back on the beam below, and lost insensible from the effects of the rope on his neck.—Soon, however, the officers descended and lifted him up, when he recovered his senses, and was again led upon the gallows, suffering intensely, raising his hands and crying out—"The Lord have mercy on me! You are hanging an innocent man, and 'pointing to his brothers' there hangs my brother."

The scene is represented to have been horrible indeed, and when he was about to be suspended the second time there was considerable murmuring among the crowd, and a general rush, but the officers performed their duty, and he was soon launched into eternity.

NAVAL.—The U. S. Schr. On-ka-hy-e was at Havana on the 18th instant, to sail in a few days.

☞ We are indebted to Mr. Holdeman, of the steamer *Yorktown*, for late Cincinnati and Louisville papers.

Vice President DALLAS was in Philadelphia at the last accounts—probably employed in gathering tidings of public opinion with respect to the Tariff.

THE NEW YORK POST OFFICE yielded for the quarter ending on the 30th June, 1844, $70,166; for the quarter ending June 30th, 1845, $45,254—deficit $25,912.

WILLIAM C. WOODBRIDGE, author of the Modern School Geography, a member of the Geographical Societies of Paris, Frankfort, and Berlin, died at Boston, on Sunday, the 9th inst., aged fifty.

THE CURIOSITIES of the Philadelphia Museum were sold at auction a few days since. One individual, Edmund Peale, Esq., of Baltimore, was the sole purchaser. The aggregate amount was about thirteen thousand dollars. The mammoth sold for one thousand. The collection will be removed to the Masonic Hall in Chestnut street, and will thus continue in Philadelphia.

DREADFUL ACCIDENT.—A few days since, the daughter of Mr. Lucius Shoar, of the village of Valatie, Columbia county, New York, while attending her loom in one of the village mills, got entangled by the hair with the machinery, and the entire scalp was torn from her head, as low as the left eyebrow, which came off in one piece, and is now exhibited in the Museum of the Medical College at Albany! Very faint hopes are entertained of her recovery.

RAILROAD COLLISIONS.—Two express trains on the Eastern Rail-road, came in collision on the 10th inst., when near Kennebunk, Maine. The forward cars of each were completely demolished, and one of the engines rendered useless. None of the passengers or hands were seriously injured.

On the 11th inst., as a locomotive on the Worcester Rail-road, was passing along the track near Southbow, it came in contact with a hand-car, killing instantly Mr. David Muloin of Cambridge, Vermont, a workman on the road.

MR. MCLANE.—In the New York *Evening Post*, a locofoco paper, we find the following postscript to a Washington letter:—

"P. S. A gentleman of high intelligence, who arrived in the Hibernia from England, states that it is well understood that Mr. McLane was very desirous to return, as he is not entrusted with the negotiation concerning Oregon."

We copy this statement as it appears to confirm the rumors upon the same subject which obtained such general currency a few weeks since, but which was so strenuously denied by the Washington *Union*. We prefer locofoco authority for such statements, as they cannot well be considered the offspring of partisan hostility to the administration.

MR. BUCHANAN is referred to in the following manner by the intelligent Washington correspondent of the Boston *Courier*:—

"Notwithstanding the oft-repeated rumors and obstinate predictions, Mr. Buchanan *will* remain in the State Department. *He is not to be written out of it*—certainly not, by his polite adversaries. His friends did not attempt it—more unfortunate he, therefore, than his illustrious predecessor of the late dynasty, who had not been in office, six months before his pretended political friends were seeking to thrust him out with paper bullets. Mr. Buchanan is the strongest man of his party for the place, and, therefore, it is to be hoped he will remain where he is. His official influence may shield the tariff, at least prevent its utter overthrow—an event many wish may not happen at present."

AN ERROR IN CHRONOLOGY.—The Washington correspondent of the New York *Herald*, credits the following:—Hon. C. J. Ingersoll, in his history of the late war, speaking of the victories of Gen. Jackson, says:—

"Nothing was wanting to his amazing triumph but that Wellington, instead of Packenham, as was at first intended, should have headed the invasion of Louisiana, that Jackson might tear *from the brow of Napoleon's conqueror the laurels of Waterloo.*"

The chronology of Mr. Ingersoll must be particularly clear on this subject, when it is recollected that the battle of New Orleans was fought on the 8th of January, 1815, and the battle of Waterloo on the 18th day of June, or six months after.

A BEAUTIFUL IDEA.—That was a beautiful idea of the wife of an Irish schoolmaster, who, whilst poor himself, had given gratuitous instruction to poor scholars, but when increased in wordly goods began to think that he could not afford to give his service for nothing:—'Oh, James, don't say the like of that,' said the gentle-hearted woman—' don't; a poor scholar never comes into the house that I don't feel as *if he brought fresh air from Heaven with him*—never miss the bit I gave them—my heart warms to the soft, homely sound of their bare feet on the floor, and the door almost opens of itself to let them in.'—*New York Tribune.*

A FALLEN ANGEL.—A French paper states, that the Berlin house of correction includes among its numerous guests, a woman who formerly occupied a brilliant position in society. This unfortunate one, an ex songstress of great celebrity, was formerly a prima donna at several of the first theatres of Italy and Germany, and the belle of the fashionable [illegible] where, with a large fortune, she indulged in a style of luxury that ruined her husband (a superior officer belonging to the nobility) and ended by [illegible] herself in the [illegible] [illegible] of collection, the [illegible] sent to the house of correction.

☞ We call attention to the letter of the Hon. J. B. Carr in reply to the resolutions of the Native party, charging him with abuse of confidence in the publication of his first communication. Mr. CARR'S vindication both of his motives and conduct is conclusive and unanswerable.

NACHITOCHES, Nov. 1, 1845.

To the Editor's of the Bee:

GENTLEMEN—I take the liberty of sending you for publication, along with this letter, the communication made to me by the Native American party, and which that party, as I perceive by its very courteous resolutions published in its paper of the 18th October, pretends to have been confidential.

You will perceive that this communication is a printed circular addressed to me "in behalf of the American Party," by its corresponding secretary, who also sends me "by this conveyance the Native American newspaper" its organ. It is, as I understand it, a letter from a *public body* which is seeking to obtain predominance as a political party, which is acting by public means, and which expects to gain proselytes by the force of conviction and not by secret solicitation. Had I supposed it different, I might perhaps have returned the circular without reply. I should in that event have entertained too profound a contempt for a party which sought to swell the number of its adherents by any other means than an open address to their reason.

But the circular itself is a sufficient response to the ridiculous and calumnious accusation which the American party has been pleased to bring against me. If there is any thing in its form, in its expression and style, or in the manner of its address, by which it might be referred to have been a confidential communication, I shall confess that I have been mistaken in supposing the American party to have been a public party and not a secret society. The American Association might have known, and no doubt does know, that I was one of a minority of five members who alone resisted the clamour which was set up in 1840 in the House of Representatives in favor of the American party; and it must therefore seem wonderfully strange to me that it should have selected a known opponent and a known Whig, as a proper person to address confidentially.

In relation to the other matters referred to in the resolutions of the American party, I have but a word to say. You will easily conceive that I am not, as one of the Native organs pretends, so ambitious of distinction as to continue a controversy, certainly not provoked by me, where the only reply to a fair and courteous argument consists of abuse and vituperation.

It is perfectly well known to me and to every man who has given the least attention to the history of the Philadelphia riots, that they were the work of the Natives and Sectaries. I do not rely for authority upon the statements of the Native newspapers of Philadelphia, which were filed during those days of terror, with incendiary appeals to the Native party, nor yet upon the partial testimony of men whose hands were red with the blood of the victims whom they so mercilessly immolated. There are, doubtless, the sources from which the American Association derives its knowledge, and I by no means question the sincerity of its belief in relation to the actors in these terrible scenes. But all unprejudiced men have come to a very different conclusion from that sought to be established by the Native American party, a conclusion arrived at upon testimony as abundant and less questionable than that relied upon by that party, and which had been extensively circulated throughout the Union, to the utter shame and confusion of the northern natives. This would be a sufficient reason to deter me from entering into the details of events of which no one can think without horror; but, apart from this, I cannot think of again disturbing the equanimity of the American Association, and of subjecting myself to the rude and unmannered attacks which it has made upon me since the publication of my letter.

And notwithstanding the unprovoked virulence of these assaults and the palpable falsity of its charge of breach of trust and confidence in replying publicly to a public letter, I will not do the American Association in this State the injustice of believing that there is not a very great difference between its principles and those of its Northern brethren. But I shall ever be found in steady opposition to its objects and aims, not only on account of its narrow-minded exclusiveness, but also because the natural tendency of Native Americanism (and such must be its result here as it has been elsewhere) is to degenerate into a party of sectaries and persecutors, at open war with a class of their fellow-christians, who have been second to none in their sufferings and their achievements in the cause of liberty, and who were the exclusive victims of the ferocious and sanguinary application of Native American principles in Philadelphia. I trust that at least the great and good Whig cause will never sully itself by an alliance with a party which, wherever it has reached its maturity of corruption, has shown itself as unprincipled as it is violent, remorseless and bloody.

I remain, gentlemen, very respectfully,
Your ob't serv't J. B. CARR.
[Here follows the Circular.]

New Orleans, August 20, 1845.

SIR—Having been favored with your address, I have taken the liberty, in behalf of the AMERICAN PARTY of this place, of forwarding to you by this conveyance THE AMERICAN newspaper, the organ of our party. At the head of its columns, you will observe the name of CHARLES DERBIGNY, the candidate of the American Party for Governor of Louisiana, at the approaching election.

In support of whom, if agreeable to yourself, we solicit your aid and co-operation in using all honorable means to secure his election. We would respectfully suggest to you the necessity and importance of immediate organization of all those in your Parish favorably disposed to the American cause.

Any documents, papers or information, you may require in effecting this admirable object, will be cheerfully forwarded by application in writing or otherwise to Yours respectfully,

WM. H. WATSON, *Corresponding Secty.*

SAD ACCIDENT.—We copy the following from the Nashville *Orthopolitan* of the 11th inst:

"On Monday afternoon, Miss FRANCES ELIZABETH POTTER, step-daughter of Mr. W. G. S. Clark, a resident we understand, of the city of New Orleans, came to her death in a melancholy manner. Her dress took fire, by what means it is not precisely known, as she was in the house by herself at the time; when discovered she was so much burned as to be insensible and unable to communicate the facts. She lived but a few hours. From the shavings about the hearth, she is supposed to have been in the act of kindling a fire. The family have resided here but a short time, and were about to return to New Orleans. She was about 16 years of age.

THE HEROINE.—Miss Garafilia Oakes has been presented by the Massachusetts Humane Society with a silver cup for saving her mother and aunt from drowning, while bathing last summer at Plum Island. This is the same young lady to whom without suspecting she should ever prove such a heroine, the lamented 'Phazma' Field, wrote his sonnet of Garafilia.—*Phil. Inq.*

Arrivals at the Principal Hotels.

FRIDAY, November 21.

St. Charles Hotel.

J Perry, Natchitoches; Chas F Bradford, J W McCabe, Pittsburg; Mr Martin, Jas Case, John Burns, D Myers, N Alabama; C L Clarke, Mr F Meurisse, J C Horne, J H Vance, N Johnson, H Keneley, Limestone Springs, S C; C Mitchell, Dr J Jordan, T D Stewart, Mobile; N C Walker, M G W Elmer, Col Parkinson, Miss; R Lourdon, A A Williams, Baton Rouge; J T Hawkins, Ky; Dr Gianne, Terrebone; Jordon Plummer, N O; Chas W French, Galveston; J A Rubio, Buenos Ayres; Robert Perry, J Kasher, Jackson; Mr Snyder, N Y; H J McIvrey, Ouachita.

Verandah Hotel.

James Bonner, J Benton, Frank Williams, J R Green, G P Vanyrighten, J E Durunge, W H Waddey, R Williams, O P Parker, N O; J C Dunaway, Monroe co, Ark; M Heath, Baltimore; E P Nicholson, Jackson, Miss; John T Baree, George Rubens, N Y; W P Mercer, Louisville; Samuel Mercker, Wm Martin, Philadelphia; B F Brussman, Ky; Marshall Sexton, La; E J Rogers, Newharmony, Ind; O P Davis, Harrisburgh; Mrs John Henderson, Pass Christian.

Hewlett's Exchange.

Saml Hinton, Texas; Alfred T Lacey, Girardeau; W H McAlpin, Grand Gulf; D F Smith, N Y; W A Keys, Washington; A P Reed, Girard Ala; E Lea, Yazoo; H Skinner, N O; E H Satterfield, N O; John H Hilliard, Monteath, Miss; James Gunter, Ark; H Bartlett, Natchitoches; William B Reyburn.

☞ Planters and Families wanting SLAVES will have an opportunity of supplying themselves by attending the sale of Messrs. Beard, Calhoun & Co. THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock, at Banks' Arcade.—Among them are some very desirable Field hands and Domestics. The whole can be seen at the office of the Auctioneers, previous to the sale.

☞ The packet ship JAMES H. SHEPHERD, Redman, master, from New York, is now discharging cargo opposite the Orleans Press. Consignees are requested to attend the receipt of goods on the Levee.

n21 FOSDICK & BROTHER, 55 Camp st.

☞ NOTICE.—James Gandolpho; W A Peck; Peebles & Johnson; S W Smith & Co; W Stuart, consignees per ship James H Shepherd, from New York, also the consignees of D Crumpe, 1 box plants; S Q Jacobs, 1 bundle; R Green, 1 box; P Everett, 1 box; M & G, 1 bbl; S Day, 4 [illegible]; S in a circle, 3 [illegible] boxes; S D 9 pair bellowes and 27 boxes; A M No 4, 1 box; M L, 5 half pipes; I, in a diamond, 51 boxes; I, in a diamond, 23 cases; O, 500 boxes; H, I, C, 16 or casks, 16 bags, 16 hops and 3 casks, and M, 150 bags buckwheat in order, are requested to make themselves known to the discharging clerk on the Levee or their goods will be stored at their expense and risk.

FOSDICK & BRO., 55 Camp st.

☞ The packet ship HINDS, Capt Lawrence, from New York, is now discharging her cargo opposite the Mint. Consignees are notified to attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee.

nov 20 FOSDICK & BRO. 55 Camp st.

☞ NOTICE.—R Buchanan, McChar & Lawden, D Murphy, C Foster, J W Wolcott, consignees per ship Hinds, from New York, as also the consignees of the following goods: to order, E P R 6 boxes; E L 36 boxes tea; M Calhoun 1 box, are requested to make known their residence to the discharging clerk on the Levee, or the goods will be stored on their account and risk.

FOSDICK & BROTHER, 55 Camp st.

☞ TO CAPTAIN CHILDS OF THE STEAMER CAIRO.—The undersigned, passengers on board the Chateaubriand, tender their sincere thanks to Captain Childs for his humanity in coming to their relief, at the same time leaving his regular route, and particularly for having received them on board, against his usual custom of not taking passengers.

Madame F. FRYER,
G. THOMAS,
L. DUCOURNEAU,
S. FREARS,
B. RICAUD,
J. A. BAGGUR.

New Orleans, 12th Nov. 1845.

LOUISIANA LEGION.

NEW ORLEANS, November 21, 1845.

THE Colonel commanding the Louisiana Legion having been informed of the death of Captain and Aide-de-Camp CHARLES L. DUBOURG, [illegible]

LATEST DATES.

NEW YORK	Nov 13	LIVERPOOL	Oct 19
WASHINGTON	Nov 14	HAVRE	Oct 15
CINCINNATI	Nov 12	MEXICO	Oct 29
HAVANA	Nov 13	TEXAS	Nov 15

COMMERCIAL.

NEW-ORLEANS, FRIDAY NIGHT,
November 21, 1845.

COTTON—Arrived since the 18th instant, of Louisiana and Mississippi, 9,237 bales; Tennessee, 4,689; Arkansas, 488; Florida, 120; Lake, 40—together, 14,580 bales.—Cleared, in the same time, for Liverpool, 9,685 bales; Havana, 300; New York, 883; Boston, 651; Portsmouth, N. H., 865; Mobile, 237—together, 11,982 bales; making an addition to stock of 2,638 bales, and leaving on hand, inclusive of all on shipboard not cleared this day, a stock of 117,852 bales.

STATEMENT OF COTTON.

1845—Sept. 1, stock on hand	bales	7,556
Received this week	14,380	
" previously	240,393	
		254,873
		262,429
Exported this week	11,982	
" previously	132,595	
		144,577
Stock		117,852

In our review of Tuesday evening last, we noticed that the Cotton Market had closed languidly, with a downward tendency. Since then there has been more disposition to press sales, owing to the advance in freights and the decline in exchanges. The sales on Wednesday amounted to 4,000 bales, those of yesterday to 3,500, and to-day 4,000 changed hands, of which the principal part was on English account, and the remainder for France and Spain.—Prices have given way ¼c. ⅌ lb, and we alter our quotations accordingly. The market is not very abundantly supplied, but still there has been more than sufficient to meet the demands of buyers.

The sales of the week amount to 26,700 bales, of which 11,500 are for the last three days, which we notice as follows:—Louisiana and Mississippi, 450 bales at 7½—80 at 7 3-16—165 at 7⅝—630 at 7¼—400 at —; 640 at 7¼—380 at 7¼—125 at 7—91 at 8¼—100 at 8⅛—700 at —; 1027 at —; 116 at 6 5-16—60 at 8⅛—100 at 7⅝—115 at 7—60 at 7—51 at 7⅛—36 at 7½—334 at 7—61 7½—29 at 7—65 at 7 1-16—91 at 7⅜—605 at 8⅛—97 at 8⅛—60 at 9—115 at 7 5-16—60 at 7—300 at 6⅞—30 at 6⅞—411 at 7⅛—400 at 7⅛—400 at 7⅛—20 at 7⅝—81 at 7 5-16—60 at 6⅞—60 at 6⅞—670 at 7 9-16—93 at 7⅝—120 at 7 1-16—500 at 7⅜—200 at 7⅛—200 at 8⅛—300 at 6⅛—40 at 9⅛—30 at 6⅞—200 at —; 100 at 7 3-16, and Texas, 95 at 6⅞ cents per pound.

LIVERPOOL CLASSIFICATION—LOUISIANA AND MISSISSIPPI.

Inferior	@ —
Ordinary to Good Ordinary	6⅛@6⅝
Middling	6⅞@7
Good Middling	— @7⅜
Middling Fair	7½@7⅝
Fair	7⅞@8
Good Fair	8⅛@8⅜
Good and Fair	— @ —

TOBACCO—The market has remained inactive since our last review of Tuesday night; sales of but 37 hhds having been effected. The demand, however, appears to be good, but the nature of the stock does not allow any transactions of consequence. Three hhds. of the New Crop have been received, of which one was sold. We retain our quotations, viz: Inferior, 2 @ 2¼; Common, 2¾ @ 3¼; Fair, 3¾ @ 4¼; Fine, 4¾ @ 5¼; Choice, 5½ @ 6 cents ⅌ lb.

Arrived since the 18th instant, 345 hhds. Cleared in the same time for New York, 94 hhds; Richmond, 11—together 105 hhds. Stock in warehouses and on shipboard, not cleared, 6,397 hhds.

STATEMENT OF TOBACCO.

1845—Sept. 1, stock on hand	hhds.	7,674
Received this week	345	
" previously	6,376	
		6,721
		14,395
Exported this week	105	
" previously	7,893	
		7,998
Stock		6,397

SUGAR—In our last report we noticed the improving state of the market, and the advance on prices of ¼ to ⅜c. ⅌ lb. Since then the demand has kept quite animated, and the prices paid have not only been very full, but in some cases a slight advance has been obtained, although it is hardly quotable. On Wednesday the sales amounted to 500 hhds., and since then 800 have changed hands, making the total transactions since our last 1,300 hhds. The buyers have been pretty equally divided between Western and Northern buyers, besides which some sales have been made on speculation. Owing to this heavy business, the market is kept comparatively bare, and holders have naturally the advantage over buyers. Prices range from 4¾ to 5¼c., ⅌ lb for extreme qualities; Fair may be quoted from 5 to 5⅛c. ⅌ lb. There have been no sales on Plantation.

HAVANA SUGARS—No change has taken place in Havana Sugars, and the transactions are so limited as scarcely to merit attention.

MOLASSES—The market for Molasses has not been well sustained since our last, and as holders manifest more desire to realise, prices have given way to 21 @ 21½c. ⅌ gallon, at which the principal sales have been made, although *for* some lots 22½c. was paid. To-day the market has recovered some steadiness, buyers showing more activity. The sales of the last three days amount to 1,200 bbls. The receipts are moderate steady, and the market has constantly a fair supply. We have not heard as yet of any sales on plantation, as purchasers consider the asking prices too high.

FLOUR—We left the market in our report of Tuesday last in a drooping condition, with a strong disposition to sell even at a slight reduction on former rates. Since then the market has derived some firmness on account of the more favorable accounts from the North, and although sales have been to a moderate extent, yet holders have steadily maintained the price of common brands of Ohio at $5 20, at which about 6000 bbls. have been sold since our last. Sales of St. Louis City Mills have been made at $5 62½ @ 5 67½ ⅌ bbl, the latter for favorite brands. The arrivals since our last have been to a fair extent, but a considerable portion of the stock is still in second hands. To-day the market suddenly advanced and about 2,500 bbls Ohio were sold at $5 60 @ $5 62½. Several hundred bbls. of St Louis sold at $5 60 ⅌ bbl. The market closes with an upward tendency.

WESTERN PRODUCE—In all descriptions of Western Produce we have again to notice that a very moderate amount of business has been transacted since our last, nor can we look for any operations of note until the upper rivers are navigable for large class boats. The demand for Mess Pork is confined to small lots, and there is no change in prices; we quote from $13 50 to 13 75, the retail sales principally at the latter rate. M. O. remains at $11 50 @ 12 75 ⅌ bbl. For Mess Beef there is scarcely any demand, and holders are offering it freely at $10 50 ⅌ bbls; half bbls $5 50. Some arrivals of prime have been taken readily at $8 75 @ 9 00, and the article is again scarce and held at $9 00 ⅌ bbl. In the absence of any demand for export, the market for LARD has remained rather inactive, but there is no change in prices, and we quote from 7½ to 8⅝c. ⅌ lb for very inferior to strictly choice lots. The principal sales are at 8 @ 8¼c. ⅌ lb.—Nothing of consequence is doing in Bacon, and prices remain as last quoted: say, for Sides, 7⅝ @ [illegible]; Shoulders, 7 @ 7¼c.; Hams, 7 @ 8c.; Canvassed do and Extra Cured, 8⅛ @ 10c. ⅌ lb. Western BUTTER continues in good demand at former prices, say, 13 @ 16c. ⅌ lb. For CHEESE there is a very good enquiry at 8 @ 9c. ⅌ lb.

WHISKEY—There has been a very good enquiry for Whiskey since our last, and prices, which on Wednesday were current at 20c., have since railed to 21½c ⅌ gallon, with sales at the latter rate. Raw Whiskey is worth 23 @ 23½c. ⅌ gallon.

BAGGING AND BALE ROPE—These articles attract no attention whatever, and the market labors under more depression than we have noticed for some time past.—Prices are merely nominal, and we quote Western Bagging 10 @ 14c. ⅌ yard; Rope 3¾ @ 4¼c. ⅌ lb, according to terms, quality, &c.

COFFEE—Since our last report three cargoes of Rio Coffee have come to hand, and the market has now an abundant supply. Sales of New Crop have been at 7¼c. and of Old from 7½ @ 7⅛c. ⅌ lb. In other descriptions there is nothing doing.

EXCHANGE—The demand for Foreign Exchange since our last has been limited, and the rates have again given way. We quote Sterling, 6¾ @ 7¼ ⅌ cent premium; Francs, 5f.35 ¾ @ 5f.36¼; New York, 60 day bills, 2¼ @ 2½ ⅌ cent. discount; Checks 1 @ 1¼ ⅌ cent. discount.

EXCHANGE OUT DOORS.

Sterling	[illegible]	⅌ cent.	premium.
France	5f.33¾ @5f.38¾		
New York, 60 days sight	2¾@3½	⅌ cent	discount.
Do. 30 days sight checks	[illegible]	⅌ cent	do.
Do. 10 days sight	[illegible]	⅌ cent	do.
Do. Sight checks	1@1¼	⅌ cent	do.
Philadelphia, 60 days	3¼@3½	⅌ cent	do.
Do. Sight	1 @1¼	⅌ cent	do.
Boston, 60 days	2¾@3¼	⅌ cent	do.

FREIGHTS—Foreign Freights have advanced since our last. Several engagements have been made for Liverpool at 9-16d, and to Havre cotton has been shipped at 1¼c.—At these rates we quote them very firm. Coastwise freights are dull.

FREIGHTS.

COTTON ⅌ lb to		Liverpool	9-16d.
Do.	do	Havre	1¼c.
Do.	do	New York	⅜@00 00 ⅌ bale.
Do.	do	Boston	00 ⅌ bale
TOBACCO ⅌ hhd to		Cowes, &c.	none shipping.
Do.	do	London, direct	no vessel.
Do.	do	Hamburg and Bremen	no vessel.
Do.	do	Liverpool	do.
Do.	do	Havre	none shipping.
Do.	do	New York	$5 00
Do.	do	Boston	$5 00
Do.	do	Philadelphia	$5 00
SUGAR AND MOLASSES—to Northern Ports:			
— From the Coast, ⅌ hhds			none shipping.
— From the City	do		$0 75@5 00
BAGGING—To New York			none shipping.
Do.		Boston	none shipping.
PORK ⅌ brl. to		New York	none shipping.
Do.	do	Boston	none shipping.
FLOUR	do	New York	00c.
Do.	do	Boston	00@00c.
LEAD ⅌ ton to		New York	$4 00@4 50
Do.	do	Boston	$4 00
HEMP	do	New York	$0 00@10 00
Do.	do	Boston	$0 00@ 9 00

JAMAICA RUM—1 Puncheon 5th proof, per ship James H Sheppard, for sale by
n20 J F BERCIER & Co, 34 Old Levee.

ADAMANTINE CANDLES—30 half boxes 15 lb each, superior quality, ex James H Sheppard, for sale by
n20 J F BERCIER & Co, 34 Old Levee.

SPERMACETI CANDLES—[illegible] boxes of Caleb Smith & Co's short sizes, per ship James H Sheppard, for sale by
n20 J F BERCIER & Co, 34 Old Levee.

GUATEMALA INDIGO—15 seroons, direct importation, for sale by
n20 LEOPOLD JEANNET, 20 St Louis st.

BURGUNDY WINE AND SWISS ABSYNTHE—for sale by LEOPOLD JEANNET, [illegible] St Louis st.

COFFEE [illegible]

CANDIDATES FOR OFFICE.

For Coroner.

☞ We are authorised to announce M. A. LAFFERANDERIE, as a candidate for the office of Coroner for the Parish of Orleans.

☞ Dr. J. C. LANDREAUX is a candidate for the office of Coroner, and will be supported by
HIS NUMEROUS FRIENDS.

☞ MESSRS. EDITORS—Please announce Mr. SOLOMON AUDLER as a Candidate for the office of Coroner at the ensuing election. He will receive a cordial support in the three Municipalities.

n14 MANY VOTERS.

TO THE EDITORS OF THE BEE:

Sir—Please announce Mr. C. RAMOS as Candidate for the office of Coroner of the Parish of Orleans.

n14 A LARGE NUMBER OF VOTERS.

☞ We are authorised to announce MANUEL CUCULLU as candidate for the office of Coroner of the Parish of Orleans.

For Sheriff.

MESSRS. EDITORS OF THE NEW ORLEANS BEE:

Gentlemen—Please announce in your paper Col. H. D. PEIRE as a Candidate for the office of Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans. VOX POPULI. n14

☞ We are authorised to state that Mr. CHARLES CLAIBORNE, is a Candidate for the office of Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans. n14

TO THE EDITORS OF THE BEE—Please announce DOMATIEN AUGUSTIN, Esq., the present Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans, as Candidate for the office of Sheriff, at the ensuing election. MANY VOTERS. n13

☞ MESSRS. EDITORS—Please announce Mr. SIMON VRIT, as candidate for Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans. n13 MANY VOTERS.

☞ At the urgent solicitation of his numerous friends, JAMES P. FRERET has consented to become a candidate for the office of Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans, at the election to take place in January next. He will be supported by n12 MANY VOTERS.

☞ The attention of capitalists and more especially those who are anxious to settle on good lands, is called to the sale of Mr. Dugue Livaudais' property, which will take place on the 1st DECEMBER next. The best part of these lands are situated and known under the name of "La Vacherie." Several fine properties in Lafayette will also be sold at the same time, and a fine gang of valuable Slaves, offer great advantage to speculators. See advertisement.

NEW YORK, April 25, 1845.

MESSRS. COMSTOCK & CO.—*Gentlemen*—In duty to you, as well as ourselves, we take this opportunity to express to you our heartfelt gratitude for your kind attention to Mr. Robert White, the young man who was so badly burnt in our employ a few days since, from steam and alcohol taking fire, (the worst article he could have been burnt with) and also feel it our duty to make this case known to the public. You will remember that the skin was mostly off his hands and arms when you dressed them, but still he has lost but little deep since. The fire was all out in a short time, and the wounds are healing fast. We are satisfied that your CONNELL'S PAIN EXTRACTOR is one of the best remedies for burns of any nature that was ever introduced to mankind. Yours, respectfully,

RAFFERTY & LEASK, Hatters, No 66 Fulton st.

☞ Sold in this City at 39 Poydras street. n19—2t

Notice to Grocers of First Municipality.

THE Grocers of the First Municipality who are anxious that the Grocery Stalls in the First Municipality Market should be abolished, owing to the injury they inflict on those who follow the same line of business in the city, are requested to meet THIS DAY, 22d instant, at half past five o'clock, at the residence of Mr. FRANCIS MARQUEZ, corner of St Ann and Old Levee streets. n22

NOTICE.—A young French gentleman just arrived in this city, is desirous to get a situation in town or in the country, as a Book keeper—to keep the correspondence—or to be employed in some other situation.

This gentleman can speak and write the English language perfectly and has received a good education.

The best references can be given.

Address "B. P." at this office.

P. S. As this gentleman does not wish to remain idle he is not very particular for the salary in the beginning. n22 1w

BILLIARDS.—ANTONINI, Billiard Maker, No. 45 Conti street, fixes Billiard Tables and adjusts the Cushions, in such a manner that he guarantees them to be true.

He always has on hand Billiard Tables, new and second hand, for sale, as well as Billiard Cloths.

Also—Books of the Game of Billiards, in French, English and Spanish.

Also—Economical Stoves, of known excellence.

Kitchen Utensils, of all kinds, made of wrought iron, lately invented by the Tagliani.

Also, of Cast Iron from the North.

And divers Glass Cases for sale. n22 1y

Fashionable Store No. 101 Royal street.

MADAME STERNOT has the honor to inform her friends and the Ladies in general that on MONDAY next, 24th inst., she will open her Show Room at No. 101 Royal street. She has just received, by late arrivals from Paris, a complete assortment of hats, in the latest styles. Fashionable articles of all kinds, which she offers for sale at the lowest prices. n22—3t

J. FAIVRE, Piano Manufacturer in this city, informs the Artists and Amateurs, that he has received a splendid lot of Grand Piano of rose wood; Pleyel's Piccolo Pianos, as well as instruments by [illegible] and other well-known manufacturers which he offers for sale at very moderate prices.

J. Faivre will continue as heretofore, to construct the various kinds of Pianos which may be required of him.

No. 78 Royal street, between Conti and Bienville sts. n22

MRS. ROUILLET begs leave to make known, that having now taken the large and airy house No. 136, in CALLE de ST IGNACIO, which combines the advantages of being in the most agreeable, healthy, and at the same time, central part of the city of HAVANA, in the immediate neighborhood of the entrance to the Harbor, she there continues, to offer to her friends in the United States and travellers generally, the great attention and comforts she has always bestowed on all and, deavored to procure to those who have honored her with their patronage. n22 1 m

VETERINARY SURGEON.

MR. DELORD, Son, has the honor to inform the inhabitants of New Orleans, that he attends to the diseases of horses, curing fistulas, strains, dislocations, &c. His operations are on extra days, if called in immediately, and will transfer no other than treatment to the sick. His residence is on Bayou Road, corner of Jackson street, at Mr. Jean Marie Blackmith. n22—3t

NOTICE.—The undersigned has the honor to inform his friends and the public in general, that wishing to liquidate the stock of his store situated No. 72 Canal street, offers for sale the goods contained in said store below cost price, until Tuesday 25th inst., the day fixed for the sale at auction. The fixtures of the store will also be sold at private sale.

S. DAVID, 72 Canal st., near the cor. Royal.

DURBIN'S TRAVELS IN THE EAST, &c.—Observations in the East, chiefly in Egypt, Palestine, Syria, and Asia Minor. By John P. Durbin, D. D., Late President of Dickinson College—Author of "Observations in Europe," in 2 vols. with Maps, Plans, &c.

No 9—The Wandering Jew, superbly illustrated, by the most eminent artists of Paris.

No 59—Harper's Great Pictorial Bible.

Nos 61 and 62—Harper's Pictorial Shakspeare.

Just received and for sale at the New Orleans Stationers' Warehouse and Emporium for Standard, Miscellaneous, Polite, and School Literature.

n22 J. B. STEEL, 14 Camp st.

SARDINES—[illegible] cases of 30 boxes Sardines each, [illegible]; 4 do of 100 do do do, 12 kegs salted Sardine, for sale by DARAN, QUEYROUZE & Co.
n21 11 and 15 St Louis st.

STORAGE.—The subscribers could receive Coffee or other dry packages on storage in the lower floor of their warehouse. VANCE & LEPPER,
n21 24 Bienville st.

MACKEREL—300 bbls No 3; 100 bbls No 2, landing from ship Nonantum, for sale by
n21 J P WHITNEY & Co, 73 Camp st.

HAVANA SEGARS—Landing ex brig Empresario from Havana, 40,000 superior Dama Regalias, for sale by
n21 E JOHNS, 110 Poydras st.

LARD—600 kegs new Lard, superior quality, landing from steamboat Harkaway, for sale by
n21 MERLE, BEYLLE & Co, 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

LEAD—3,000 pigs Lead landing from steamboat Sea Bird, for sale by
n21 MERLE, BEYLLE & Co, 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

STARCH—50 boxes Schenenberg brand, for sale by BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co,
n21 92 Tchoupitoulas st.

BALE ROPE & BAGGING—600 coils and pieces, for sale by
21 BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co, 92 Tchoupitoulas st.

HEMP—60 bales hackled dew rotted, for sale by BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co,
n21 92 Tchoupitoulas st.

LIME—600 bbls superior Western Lime, in store and for sale by BUDDECKE, WOODS, & Co,
n21 92 Tchoupitoulas st.

JAVA COFFEE—50 bags superior Java Coffee, for sale by BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co,
n21 92 Tchoupitoulas st.

LARD OIL—100 bbls Lard Oil, for sale by BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co,
n21 92 Tchoupitoulas st.

MARSEILLES WINES—50 casks Marseilles claret, Bernace; 120 do do Banda, for sale by
n21 DARAN, QUEYROUZE & Co, 11 & 15 St Louis.

LINEN SHEETING—A few cases 5-4, 8-4, 10-4 and 12-4 superior Linen Sheeting, just received and for sale by SMITH BRYAN, 20 Customhouse st. n20

IRISH LINENS—A few cases superior quality Irish Linens, in pieces and demi pieces, just received and for sale by SMITH BRYAN, 20 Customhouse st. n20

OSNABURGS AND PLANTERS' LINEN—Linen Osnaburgs and Planters' Linen, in store and for sale by
n20 SMITH BRYAN, 20 Customhouse st.

SHOE AND PATENT THREAD—Assorted numbers, colors and qualities, in store and for sale by
n20 SMITH BRYAN, 20 Customhouse st.

BRITANNIAS AND PLATILLAS—A few cases assorted qualities in store and for sale by
n20 SMITH BRYAN, 20 Customhouse st.

TAPES—A few cases well assorted Tapes, in store and for sale by
n20 SMITH BRYAN, 20 Customhouse st.

LISTADOS—Striped and checked, blue and assorted colors and qualities listados, in store and for sale by
n20 SMITH BRYAN, 20 Customhouse st.

LIME—300 brls in store and landing, for sale in lots to suit purchaser by FOSDICK & BROTHER,
n20 55 Camp st.

HAVANA SEGARS—200 M small Segars, Figures brand, in store, for sale by
n20 THOMPSON & LAMPRE, 38 Old Levee.

MANIOC STARCH—10 barrels now discharging ex brig Empresario, from Havana, and for sale by
n20 J T BERCIER & Co, 34 Old Levee.

SEGARS—75,000 Regalia Segars of various brands, landing ex brig Empresario from Havana, for sale by
n20 J M CABALLERO, 20 Old Levee.

HAVANA SEGARS—A large assortment of best Havana Segars in store, for sale by
n20 J M CABALLERO, 20 Old Levee.

LEAF TOBACCO—A few bales Vuelta de Abajo Tobacco in store, for sale by
n20 J M CABALLERO, 20 Old Levee.

NAILS—300 kegs assorted sizes, for sale by LEONARD-STURTEVANT & Co,
n20 15 Old Levee.

SUGAR—24 boxes landing from brig Empresario, from Havana, for sale by
n20 THOMPSON & LAMPRE, 38 Old Levee.

[illegible] LIVERPOOL—[illegible] bales of Linen [illegible]

AUCTION SALES.

BY DORSEY, VINCENT & CO.
WM. DORSEY, Auctioneer.

THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock precisely, a general assortment of DRY GOODS, among which are: [illegible] Prints, Jeanes, Lawns, 4-4e Berlineoes, 300 pair Dollard Blankets, 100 doz Madras Hdkfs; several bales superior English Broad Cloth, Alapaca; Shirts, Suspenders, and an invoice of Boots, Shoes and Hats. Also, another superior Linseys and Kerseys, just landed.

Dry Goods, Shoes, and Brogans.
BY P. H. PETITPAIN.

THIS DAY, 22d November, will be sold at 10 o'clock, at his Auction Room, No. [illegible] Chartres street, [illegible] bales Lowell Osnaburgs, 5 bales blue Drills, [illegible] Tweeds and 1 case Chambray, and a variety of other seasonable Dry Goods.

ALSO—

20 cases Shoes, and an invoice of Ready made Clothing.

BY P. FERNANDEZ & WHITING.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY the 22d Nov., will be sold at their Auction Store, corner of St. Louis and Chartres streets, at 10 o'clock, A. M., an assortment of Furniture, consisting of Armoirs, Sideboards, Tables, Chairs, Beds, &c.

ALSO—A Piano.

Russet Brogans and Kerseys.
WITHOUT RESERVE.
BY N. VIGNIE, Auctioneer.
No. 77 Chartres st.

WILL be sold without reserve to close an invoice, on MONDAY, the 24th instant, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at [illegible] store—

25 cases RUSSET BROGANS, assorted.
[illegible] cases superior KERSEYS.

Terms—Cash.

Sugar, Store Fixtures, &c.
BY P. H. PETITPAIN.

SATURDAY, 22d November, will be sold at 11 o'clock, P. M., at No. 6 Front Levee, between Custine and Hospital streets, the entire fixtures of said store, consisting of Scales, Iron Brands, Counters, Show Glass Cases, &c. &c.

Credit sale—Valuable Family of Slaves.
BY BEARD, CALHOUN & CO.
OFFICE NO. 8, BANKS' ARCADE.

WILL be sold at auction on SATURDAY, 22d instant, at 12 o'clock at Banks' Arcade, a valuable family of slaves, to wit:

CLARISSE, negress, about 38 years, a first rate washer, a good excellent cook, good house servant and a good [illegible], with her 4 children.

PAUL, mulatto boy, aged 11 years, house servant, very intelligent.

AMBRE, mulattress, aged 8 years, very likely and [illegible].

JEAN, a girl about 5 years, very likely.

MARIA, infant child of 8 months.

The above family of slaves come fully guaranteed against the vices and maladies prescribed by law.

Terms—One fourth cash, balance at 6, 12 & 18 months credit, for notes endorsed to the satisfaction of the vendor, and bearing mortgage until final payment. If said notes are not paid at maturity to bear an interest of 8 per cent per annum until final payment. The slaves to be delivered after the sale is completed and will be at the risk of the purchaser from the time of adjudication.

Act of sale before Louis T. Caire at the expense of purchaser.

ALSO—Will be sold in front of the Arcade; OPAL [illegible] DOUCHE and ROBBE, the whole belonging to a family [illegible] the city. Terms, cash.

Stock of a Dry Goods Store at Auction.
BY P. FERNANDEZ & WHITING.

TUESDAY next, 25th instant, at 10 o'clock A. M., will be sold at No. 72 Canal street, near Royal, the entire stock of a Dry Goods Store, consisting of a general assortment of seasonable Goods, such as Blankets, Prints, Flannels, &c.—Also, French Goods, Laces, Ribbons and Fancy Goods, and the fixtures of the store.

Sale positive and without reserve.

Washington Ball Room.
BY ANTHONY FERNANDEZ.
Office, No. 36 Toulouse st.

ON SATURDAY next, 22d inst., at 4 o'clock, P. M. precisely, will be sold on the premises, the lease of the WASHINGTON BALL ROOM, for the season, as well as all appurtenances, to the last and highest bidder.

TERMS, at sale.

The act of lease will be passed before Amedee Ducatel, Notary Public, at the expense of the purchaser.

BY P. F. THEARD.

WILL be sold on SATURDAY, 22d inst., at [illegible] P. M., at the Orleans Theatre Coffee House, THE LEASE of the Orleans Ball Room, with the dependencies, then the lease of the Coffee House of the Orleans Theatre.

TERMS—One fourth cash, one fourth in January, 1846, one fourth in February 1846, and the last fourth in March 1846. For the other conditions, apply at the office of the Orleans Theatre Company.

Syndic Sale—In the matter of Thomas Barrett vs. his Creditors
BY CHRISTY & CENAS.
Office No. 54 Charles street.

WILL be sold at auction on TUESDAY, the 23d December next, at 12 o'clock, M., at the St Louis Exchange, by virtue of and pursuant to an order of the Parish Court, in and for the parish and city of New Orleans, rendered in the matter of Thomas Barrett vs. his Creditors and the creditors of Thomas Barrett & Co., bearing date the 17th November, 1845, the following described Real Estate, to wit:

Six LOTS OF GROUND adjoining the New Faubourg Marigny, situate between Canal Marigny and the Gentilly Road, as per plan drawn by A. P. Phelps, in June 1845, and to be seen at the St Louis Exchange.

Terms—One fourth cash, and the balance in one, twelve, eighteen and twenty four months, for notes drawn, endorsed, but secured by special mortgage on the property, [illegible] and bearing interest at the rate of eight per cent per annum after maturity, until final payment.

Acts of sale before H. B. Cenas, Notary public, at the expense of the purchaser.

Note—Lithographic plans of the said property and for particulars thereof, may be seen at the office of the said auctioneers. n29, 24, 30—[illegible]

Valuable lot of Negroes without reserve.
BY BEARD, CALHOUN & CO.
Office No. 8 Banks' Arcade.

WILL be sold at auction on SATURDAY, 22d inst., at half past 12 o'clock at Banks' Arcade, the following slaves, to wit:

FRANK, aged 28 years, a good field hand and works on [illegible]

HENRY, aged 25 years, a good field hand.

KIT, aged [illegible] years, a good field hand.

BOB, aged 22 years, a good field hand.

MILLEY, aged 23 years, field negress.

POLLY, aged 27 years, good field woman and ironer.

STELLA, aged 20 years, [illegible].

ALBERT, aged 11 years, field boy.

ANN, aged 25 years, field hand.

SYNTHIA, aged 25 years, field hand and house servant, and her children—Eve, 11; Sampson, 2; Hanny, 6 [illegible] Amy, 5—very likely.

SAM, 30 years, general laborer.

MILLEY, aged 27 years, field woman and two children.

The above Slaves can be seen and a full description obtained of each Slave, at the Office of the Auctioneers.

PREVIOUS to the above sale, will be sold two valuable servants, viz:

HENRY, aged 26 years, a competent house steward.

ANN, aged 23 years, a very superior house maid, seamstress and washer and ironer—both fully guaranteed and comes well recommended.

Terms—For Henry, cash; for Ann, half cash—balance at six months credit, for approved endorsed paper to the satisfaction of the Vendor, bearing mortgage until final payment.

Acts of sale before J. B. Marks, Esq., notary public at the expense of the purchasers.

HEAD QUARTERS—Louisiana Legion.
NEW ORLEANS, November 20th, 1845.
ORDER No. 1.

THE LEGION will parade in full winter uniform on Sunday, 30th instant, at 9 o'clock, A. M., on the Place [illegible], for inspection review, conformably to law.

The Commanders of Companies will hand to the Brigade Inspector a correct list of the soldiers present at the review.

In future the company which is not in line half an hour after the hour indicated, will forfeit its rights in the distribution of the funds.

The Commanders of the different Corps are specially charged with the execution of the present order.

By order of Col. Dubuys.

Acting Brigadier General,
CHARLES L. DUBOURG,
Aide de Camp.

n19

$50 REWARD. [illegible] the Third Municipality Police Jail, since the 13th instant, a negro man calling himself WILLIAM JONES, alias BILL, says he belongs to Mr. William Caswell, living 10 miles back of Louisville, Kentucky. He is about [illegible] 25 years of age, 5 feet 5½ inches high, has a wart [illegible] his left eye and speaks English only.

The owner is requested to claim the above slave at the Recorder's office of the 3d Municipality, according to law.

New Orleans, Nov. 18th, 1845.

M. FERNANDEZ, Jailer.

n19—10t 3d Louisiana and Jailer.

[illegible]

500 Patent CORSETS, without seams, [illegible] a [illegible]; received and for sale by
n20 M S McCARTY, 45 Bourbon st.

HATS! HATS!! and CAPS! CAPS!!

Just received by the packets Union, St. Mary and Liverpool, a further supply of superior Beaver, Moleskin, Russia and Cassimere HATS together with a full assortment of CAPS all of the latest style and fashion.

N. B.—By the Robert Parker, just arrived, we have received a large assortment of cheap Cassimere and Russia broad brim and fashionable, suitable for the Levee or Country trade. Purchasers will find it to their interest to call. ANDREW RANKIN & Co. 37 Gravier st.
n17 Granite Buildings.

CHAPELLERIE PARISIENNE,
40 CHARTRES STREET.

L. SIMONET & CO. respectfully inform their friends and the public in general that they have just opened a SPLENDID STORE in the Passage [illegible] for the wholesale and retail trade of HATS, CAPS, &c. They will be constantly supplied with a handsome and complete assortment of the newest fashions of Beaver, Fur, Cassimere and Silk Hats; Velvet and Cloth Caps for boys and children, and in fact all the articles in their line.

Gentlemen desiring to purchase new style Hats of choice qualities, are respectfully invited to call at the store, where they will find the products of the best manufactories in Paris, such as Pinaud, Gibus, Meunier, etc.

n14 L. SIMONET & Co. 40 Chartres st.

STRAW BONNET BLEACHING and cleaning establishment.

The Ladies of New Orleans are respectfully informed that they can have their old Bonnets of every description, including Neapolitan and Amazon, cleaned and altered to the present shape. Stains and grease extracted without injuring the texture of the goods. The subscriber having been for a long time engaged in manufacturing Straw Goods both in Europe and America, feels confident of meeting the approbation of his customers.

All Bonnets and Hats entrusted to him are guaranteed to look equal to new. J. BURTON,
n12—3m 81 St Peter street, between Royal & Bourbon.

Fashionable New style goods.

J. DELOUVRE, having returned from France by the Tagliani, has the honor to inform the Ladies of this city, that on Wednesday, the 19th inst., he will show a rich assortment of fashionable goods and fancy articles of all kinds.

Wishing to dispose of his stock during the season, his prices will be generally very moderate, and for many articles below the market rates.

Constantly on hand an extensive assortment [illegible] hats, on very reasonable terms.

n10—1m 141 Royal st., between Toulouse & St. Peter.

MADAME T. FRYER has the honor to inform the Ladies of New Orleans that she has received by the Nerissa, from Havre, a fine assortment of FASHIONABLE GOODS and FANCY ARTICLES, to wit:

Rich Scotch Cashmere, called Dubarry; Checked, shaded and plain; Mousseline de Laine, latest styles; Cloaks, Mantillas and Mantelets; Cashmere Scarfs; great variety of articles of Embroidery, such as Chemisettes, Annamls [illegible] and embroidered Collars, Jaconet [illegible] open work [illegible], white and black Lace Veils; Black Lace [illegible] for Flounces; Lace Black Kerchiefs, embroidered Annamls Dresses, and other new articles [illegible]

[illegible] BUILDING, [illegible] ROOTS, [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] a complete [illegible] and Children's Brogans [illegible] variety, well worthy of [illegible] sell low, by [illegible] & Co, 38 Magazine st. [illegible] to houses and stores [illegible] ALAMON, 103 St Louis st.