LATEST DATES.

[illegible]	july 10	Liverpool	june 10
[illegible]	july 17	London	june 9
Natchez	july 18	Havre	june 7
Washington	july 19	Paris	june 3
Baltimore	july 18	Bordeaux	june 4
Charleston	july 20	Madrid	may 29
Vera Cruz	june 17	Cadiz	may 25
Tampico	june 21	Havana	july 13
Mexico	june 8	Houston	july 7

COMMERCIAL.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

SALES OF STOCKS

New York, July 16.

50 shares United States Bank, s 30 ds 120
50 do do 120

New York, July 18.

125 shares U S Bank, 120
50 do do b 30 120¼
43 do do 120¼

Philadelphia, July 18

50 shares U States Bank 120¼
50 do do 120¼

New York, July 18.

Cotton remains at steady prices, sales 500 bales to-day.

New York, July 16.

The amount of business transacted at the first board today was moderate, as is usually the case on Monday; prices however show but little variation from Saturday's rates, except Harlaem Railroad shares which declined 1½ a 2 per cent. At the second board an improved feeling prevailed, and prices were more firm.

Ashes—The recent European advices have not had any material effect upon the market. The transactions in Pots have been quite extensive at $5, the noted one of last week. But little doing in Pearls at $5 62½.

Cotton—The business of the week has not been very extensive and prices are without any material change. The Liverpool and Havre advices to the 8th ult. have not produced any alteration in rates. The tendency to a decline in the Liverpool market and the advance [illegible] are about balance each other. The fine [illegible] those scarce with us, and the stock of [illegible] small. The sales are estimated at [illegible] and include 1250 Uplands a 9 a 13 cents—[illegible] Orleans 8½ a 13½; 300 Mobile 9 a 13; and 500 [illegible] Floridas, at 8½ a 12½. The importations for the [illegible] have been about 1500 bales.

[illegible]—[illegible] continues to be a moderate demand [illegible] and the sales amount to from 3000 to [illegible] Missouri in parcels at 5a5½c on time.

[illegible]—Some descriptions of hemlock have con[illegible] roved; our notations are as correct as [illegible] obtained, and embrace all the extreme [illegible]

M[illegible]—The transactions are almost entirely limited to the trade and present no essential [illegible] prices. We have had but a small addition [illegible] pts. The sales include Porto Rico in lots [illegible] and a few trifling parcels very prime at 40 [illegible] Cuba at 30 a 31; New Iberia 40 cents—New Orleans 38 cents; and 100 bbls 30 cts—[illegible] Cuba 33½ cents a 36½ cents, all at 4 [illegible] and 70 hhds St Croix on terms not known.

Sugar—There has been rather an increased activity [illegible] market, and a slight tendency to improve[illegible] vadeed. Prices of other descriptions [illegible] The sales include 750 hhds Porto [illegible] 7½ a 8½ cents; 250 to 300 St Croix 8½ a 10; and some very [illegible] time at 10½ cents; 50 do New Orleans 7 [illegible]

Cincinnati, July 16.

There has been considerable animation in the produce market this week, consequent upon the opening of canal navigation.

Flour—Some thousand barrels have been sold by canal at $5 50.

Whiskey continues to sell on arrival at the canal on Monday at 32c ents but advanced to 33a34c; at which prices all in market was sold.

Lard—There is but little in market—ready sales at 7 a 8c. The large lots are held on speculation at higher rates.

Pork—The stock of bbl pork is small, and prices nominally $19 a 20 for mess, 16 for prime.

Groceries—Continue in fair request at full prices—Some articles are scarce.

Coffee—The stocks are as good as usual for the season. Sales of Rio at 13½ a 14 cents, Havana 12½ a 14 cents.

Sugar—The supply of New Orleans is light for the season. Sales fair at 8½ to 9, prime 9½ to 10, loaf 16½ to 19 cents, as in quality; Havana brown, scarce, at 9 cents, white 14½ to 15 cents.

Molasses—Plantation 45 cents; Sugar House 55 a 60 cents.

Teas—The stocks are ample for the demand. Sales Y Hyson 50 a 55, Imperial and Gun Powder at 75a85 cents.

Exchanges—Checks on the East have declined a shade since our last. We quote sales of New York [illegible] prem; Philadelphia 2a2½ per ct prem; and [illegible] 2 per cent prem; on New Orleans 5 a 6 per cent dis; Specie 2½ a 3 per ct prem.

Freights—To Pittsburg 37½ per 100 lbs; to N Orleans flour $1, bacon 50c per 100 lb.

Boston, July 14.

Cotton—There are no movements of importance.—The demand is limited to small parcels, principally for the [illegible]. No change exists in prices. Sales consist of 2 a 300 bales. Uplands 10 a 12½c, Alabama 11 a 13c, and New Orleans 10½ a 14c per lb, according to quality. The stock of prime and choice qualities small and fully sustained.

Molasses—The transactions have been quite extensive this week, with a decline on distilling qualities, which are most plenty, and an advance on retailing descriptions, which are scarce—the sales however, leave a very light stock at the close of our report. The [illegible] in Havana and Matanzas embrace about 3000 hhds—500 hhds sweet sold at 30c, 400 do mostly sweet, 28c, and the residue taken by distillers at 27c, [illegible] per cent dis cash, and part 1½ a 14 per c dis, 6 [illegible] Sales of 136 hhds New Orleans 36c; 300 Porto Rico [illegible] do Trinidad, prime, 38c, and 200 do Surinam [illegible] 32c per gal, 4 and 6 mos. Sales by auction 150 hhds Porto Rico 34½ a 36c per gal, 4 mos. Accounts from Havana, June 28th state, that very heavy rains had rendered the roads impassable, and caused a heavy freshet which had swept away 5000 hhds molasses, and [illegible] article in consequence, had risen in Matanzas to 4 rs at which price two cargoes had been taken.

Rhode Island Banks

Statement of the situation of the banks in the state Rhode Island, &c, on Friday July 6th, 1838, as the [illegible] appears by the returns made by them to the [illegible] commissioners.

Liabilities.

Capital,	$9,868,113 00
[illegible] circulation,	2,184,210 17
[illegible] due other banks,	733,730 51
[illegible] on hand,	365,514 89
[illegible] unpaid,	64,610 87
[illegible] interest,	561,388 94
[illegible] interest,	816,311 65
Amount of liabilities,	$14,700,816 03

Resources.

[illegible] discounts,	$12,392,712 98
[illegible] bank,	539,203 08
[illegible] banks,	875,316 51
due from other banks,	375,969 14
[illegible] own bank,	199,813 42
[illegible] estate and other property,	287,890 30
Amount of resources,	$14,700,816 03

Maryland Banks.

[illegible] more Patriot of Saturday says: "As bearing [illegible] measure of resumption, now so near at [illegible] present the subjoined summary statement [illegible] of the banks in this city, as taken [illegible] the monthly statement for July.

[illegible] circulation,	$2,139,747 98
[illegible]	1,140,846 50
[illegible] Discounts,	12,795,420 21
[illegible]	4,314,463 35
[illegible] banks,	3,313,962 3
[illegible] other banks,	3,398,334 39

As [illegible] their comparative ability [illegible] agreed upon, it is in our power to state [illegible] aggregate indebtness of the Baltimore banks [illegible] rather under $700,000; while there is due [illegible] banks from Virginia, the District &c, chiefly [illegible] former, about $600,000.

With regard to the twelve banks of Maryland, [illegible] those of Baltimore, we have not leisure [illegible] to prepare a synopsis, but the summing [illegible] two principal items of specie and notes in circulation, shows their condition to be in the aggregate very [illegible] those of our city banks. The aggregate [illegible] the banks of the State of Maryland [illegible] quite two to one upon the specie in their vaults.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

HOUSTON PRICES CURRENT.

Texas, July 7, 1838.

Kentucky Bagging per yard	$00 30c
Do Bale rope per lb	00 25
Bread, navy, per cwt	00 25
Coffee, Havana middling per lb	15
Sperm candles per lb	00 28
Flour, superfine per bbl	00 55
Do buckwheat, do	20
Fish, Mackerel No 1	
Gunpowder per lb	25
Iron, bar per cwt	1 50
Do sheet do	
Do castings, hollow per cwt	00 18
Lead, bar per cwt	00 30
Do sheet do	
Lime, per bbl	9
Molasses, per gal	00 87
Nails, 4 a 20d, per lb	00 30
Tar per gal	1 00
Oil, Linseed per lb	
Do sperm do	2 50
Provisions, beef No 1, per bbl	25 00
Do cargo do	
Pork, mess per bbl	30
Do cargo do	25
Bacon, hams per lb	25
Do Middling do	20
Lard, do	20
Butter, Goshen, do	62
Rice per cask,	14
Sugar, La brown per lb	13
Do Loaf, do	45
Soap, brown, do	20
Spirits, Champagne brandy, per gal	3 50
Do Cognac do	3
Do Peach do	2 50
Gin, Holland, do	1 50
Whiskey, Rectified, do	1 37
Shot, per bag, 25 lbs	37
Tobacco, 1st quality manuf, box per lb	75
Do 2d do do	37
Wines, Madeira, per gal	3 50
Do Malaga sweet do	2
Do do dry, do	1 50
Do Teneriffe, do	2
Do Champagne per doz	24
Do Port, do	25
Do Claret, do	9
Do [illegible] per cask,	80

London, June 9.

[illegible] have been heavy this morning, and the pressure [illegible] the opening is 92½ sellers. Exchequer [illegible] 68 to 70 prem; and bank stock 204½ to 205. [illegible] share market is neglected, and little has been [illegible] in any of the railway, and nothing in the asphaltum [illegible] Great Western have fluctuated from 28 [illegible] 25 prem.

Two o'clock.

Consols are 95 to ¼ for the opening.

AMERICAN STOCKS.

London, June 9.

New York fives, 1845, 93½; do do 1860 95½; Pennsylvania fives 1865 94 a 95; do do 1865 94 a 95; Ohio [illegible] 00 a 101; do do 1856 103½ a 103; Louisiana [illegible] Baring & Co 1844-47-50-56, 96 a 97; do do [illegible] & Co 1849 98a99; Mass sixes, 1861-66-71 94a95; [illegible] sixes 1870, 99 a 100; Massachusetts fives, [illegible] 4 a 95; Alabama fives 1863 82 a 83; do do [illegible] bonds 1850, 93 a 94; Indiana fives 1866, 88 [illegible] sixes 1870, 94½ a 95 ex d; Virginia fives [illegible] 88, do sixes, 1857, 97 a 97½; Florida sixes [illegible] 64, 90 a 92; New York fives, 1860, 91½ a 92; United States Bank £25.

London, June 8.

Friday evening.—On the absence of any very particular [illegible] affecting the welfare of the commercial interest of this country either way, at the present time, we find that our men of business are [illegible] paying much attention to the state of affairs in the United States, as detailed in the late advices from thence.

The value of money for commercial purposes continues much the same; on the Stock Exchange, the interest rates from 2½ per cent to 3, [illegible] for a very short period.

COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, Friday June 8.

A fair portion of business was transacted in this day's market, and our last quotations steadily maintained. The entire sales consist of 6000 bags. There was plenty of middling sorts of cotton offering, but fine descriptions were more scarce.

Liverpool, June 9th, 1838.

Cotton—During the last few days there has been less disposition to purchase Cotton, and importers offering their stocks freely, have submitted to a decline of ⅛d a ¼d on Friday the 1st instant, for the middle and inferior qualities of American.

In the other descriptions there is no change, with the exception of Egyptian which are ⅛ higher. Speculators have taken 5000 bales American, and exporters 2000. The sales from the 2d inclusive, have been 29,330 bales, and the imports during the same period 21,550. Our stock is now estimated at 300,700; of which 285,300 bales are American.

Manchester, June 8.

Cotton Trade—Contrary to all former experience, at least for the last quarter of a century, the business done this week, a complete holiday one, has been not only on a very extensive scale, but almost equal to a few of the preceding ones; and it is satisfactory also to have to state, that prices of every description of hand and power loom cloth have again advanced.

These advancing prices, coupled with great steadiness in the Liverpool cotton market, makes the trade at least a remunerating one; and if things wo[illegible] only go on a little further in this way, or even not retrograde, we shall hear little more in the shape of complaint, either from master or operatives.

MARINE NEWS.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

July 24th.

Ship Tamanend, Borland, Liverpool S & J P Whitney
Ship Montgomery, Grace, Havre, S & J P Whitney
Ship Kutusoff, Taylor, London Ansley & Robinson
Brig Thomas & Edward, Howes, Boston, G Bedford
Sch Sela, Slater, Omoa, J Prats & Son
Sch Austin, Silvester, New York, S & J P Whitney
Steamboat Despatch, Howard, Mobile, Master

July 25th.

Bark Henry, Dean, Boston, Stetson & Avery
Brig William, McNeal, New York, S & J P Whitney
Sch Emerald, Morgan, Mobile, S & J P Whitney

ARRIVED

Tow boat Hudson, Howren, from the Passes; towed to sea ship Orleans, brig Snow, and sch Louisiana—brought up ships Globe and Hilda, brig Empressario, and sch Columbia; left the S W Pass on the 24th inst, at 5 P M, nothing in the offing or in the river.

Ship Globe, Oliver, from Liverpool May 16th, to master.

Ship Hilda, (Sw.) Laundgren, from Boston June 20, to A Lanfear, in ballast.

Brig Empressario, Longcope, 5 days from Galveston to S Ricker, in ballast.

Sch Columbia, Dunlevy, 11 days from Tampa Bay, to Maj Clark.

Steam packet Columbia, Moore, 40 hours from Galveston and Velasco, to J Reed & co.

Steamboat Washington, Streck, from Lafourche.

EXPORTS.

Per ship Tamanend—1953 bales cotton.

Per ship Montgomery—1199 bales cotton and sundries.

Per ship Kutusoff—366 hhds tobacco.

Per brig Thomas & Edward—26 bales cotton, 24 bbls molasses, 18 kegs tobacco, 960 pigs lead and sundries.

Per sch Sela—100 bbls flour, 100 bbls rice, and 50 do white wine.

Per sch Austin—212 bales cotton and 3609 pigs lead.

Per steamboat Despatch—groceries, liquors, &c.

Per bark Henry—549 bales cotton, 80 hhds tobacco 240 pigs lead.

Per brig William—2168 pigs lead, 105 hhds tobacco and 302 bales cotton.

Per sch Emerald—1247 bags corn and 104 bbls flour.

IMPORTS.

Per ship Globe—rail road iron and mdze.

Per sch Columbia—government stores.

CONSIGNEES.

Per ship Globe—A & J Dennistoun, C C Schoofield; and order.

Per sch Columbia—Maj Clark.

RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE.

Per steamboat Washington—47 bales cotton, to C Toledano; 35 do to order; 4 bales moss, J B Moorer; 6 do J Macere; 30 bbls molasses, Allain & Tremoulet; 20 do and 3 hhds sugar, A Rivarde & co; 30 bags rice; to Henry & Laurens; and sundries to order.

PASSENGERS.

Per brig Impressario—S G Morra, R P Vail, and Doss.

Per sch Columbia—Kelso, Calla, J George, and 17 steerage.

Per steam packet Columbia—Mrs Clark and daughter, mrs Chenauld, mrs Fullerfero. R Wilson, Lashly, Lambert, Hurr, Rourke, Cruger, Townsend, Walker, Longworth, Unger, Mason, Horne, Collins, Trapp, Myers and 2 servants, Joulson, Fitchett, Benjamin, Anderson, Burgess, Miller, Thurmer, Burdell, Brooks, Lulls, Smith, Jones, Voss, Wedt, Young, McNeal, Cowan, Sheppard, Dr Carter, Earle, Davy, Humburger, Stale, Dodds, and 10 deck.

Per steamboat Washington—Mrs Atkinson, mrs Devillery, mrs Pertus and children, mrs Edwards, mrs Joly and child, mrs Valette and children, miss Rosalenda, miss Penvier, Dyrd lady and children, Bowen and lady, Field and son, Bringier, Sidell, Lafort, Landry, Grithe, D'Lanoville, Aycock Andermenn, Ogere, Manns, Dr Labatut, King, Vialon, Jacob, Murray, Labatte, Bergeron, Cheney, Stanly, Bourg, Leblanc, Charlet, Hebert, Tassin, Hymel, Landry, Dr Moss, Grosjean, Gillespie, Potter, Pelerin, Loughby, Bourgeois, Ureau, and 17 deck.

MEMORANDA.

Brig Empressario sailed in company with brig Reaper for Baltimore; left at Galveston [illegible] this port [illegible] day.

Sch Columbia spoke, 21st inst, lat 27 10, lon 88 30, bark Jane from Vera Cruz for Pensacola.

Ship Globe, June 22d, lat 31 40, lon 76 20, spoke ship Elizabeth from New York [illegible] lat 31 20, lon 72 15, passed English barque [illegible] July 5th, lat 24 28, lon 74 30, [illegible] 20 from St Kitts bound to W[illegible]. The 16th inst spoke barque [illegible] for Marseilles.

[By the Express Mail.]

Hence at New York, July 16, brig Chase, Reed; sch Wanderer, Barly; 15th, ship Natchez, Jackson; schs Marion, Sawyer; Azora, Lemont.

Cleared for this port, Baltimore July 18, brig Architect, Gray.

Hence at Boston, July 15th, brig Douglass, Baker; parted with the Denmark, hence for Liverpool, two days out at sea.

Hence at Philadelphia, July 15th, sch Adeline Wilson.

Hence at Charleston, July 20th, steam packet Cuba, Carson; cleared same day for New York.

Cleared for this port, Charleston July 20, sch Eliza Jane, Haskell.

Sailed for this port and Natchez, New York July 18, steamship Natchez.

Hence at Thomaston, July 9th, brig Anna Maria, Watts. Sailed for this port, 5th, brig Roundout, Wills; 6th, brig Olive Branch, Emerson.

Liverpool, June 8th, sailed for this port, Helen Mar, Edgar; Cleared, Hobert, Selden.

Liverpool, June 10, sailed for this port, bark Burlington, Evans.

MET AT SEA.

June 12, off Hollyhead, ship Powhattan, McDoren; July 4, lat 43, lon 55 45, Br ship John & Robert; 12, lat 31 28, lon 71 15 ship Gen Hodgman—all hence for Liverpool. July 6, off Cape Florida, sch Mazeppa, hence for New York.

July 9th, lat 36, lon 73, brig Pioneer, hence for New York; June 10th, lat 50 27, lon 11 50, ship Louisville, Palmer; 29th, lat 42 48, ship Tiger, Orn; 15th, lat 49 25, lon 21 20, barge Niagara (of Boston)—all hence for Liverpool.

DISASTERS.

July 14th, packet sloop Victory, Heath, master, from New York for Providence, R I, struck on a rock at Hell Gate, owing to a sudden calm. She was sinking fast, and Capt Heath ran her upon the rocks to save vessel and cargo. The deck load of cotton is all saved. Mr Bergen, for the insurers, was an agent at the vessel. She has been lifted, and carried towards Riker's Island, and the prospect is the cargo—consisting of iron, rum, madder, wool, varnish, oil, starch, mahogany, &c—will, with the vessel, be saved. The cargo is valuable, and is probably partly insured.

Letters from Lisbon of the 29th ult, state that a large timber ship, the Majestic, bound from St John's New Brunswick, to Liverpool, and which is said to have been abandoned so long as 16 months ago, had drifted off the Berlingues, and was met with there, and subsequently towed in by the Trinculo brig of war on the 28th. The Majestic was entirely dismasted and water logged, and it required great exertion to bring her in.

Captain Forbes, of the French Depasat Charleston, 11th instant reports that on the 1st inst, lat 34 26, lon 76 10, passed the wreck of a large brig sunk to the water's edge, stern knocked out by the sea. Same day, at 9 30 A M, lat 34 13, lon 75 76, passed a large ship bottom up—appeared to be newly coppered—had her starboard bilge stove in. During the day, saw several pieces floating, supposed belonging to the above wreck.

The sch Caleb Nichols, arrived at New York July 14, from Georgetown, S C; reports that on the Friday previous, about dusk, off Chincoteague, saw the wreck of a large ship, apparently British built, with a poop deck, and two white streaks; the masts were cone by the board, and the vessel appeared deserted; would have boarded the wreck, had it not come to blow a gale, which rendered her doing so, unsafe.

For MANDEVILLE, LOUISBURG and MADISONVILLE.

The steamboat ISABELLA Walker master, will leave the Lake end of the Rail Road for the above ports on Friday morning the 27th inst, after the arrival of the 8 o'clk cars. Returning, will leave Madisonville the same day at 4 o'clock P M. For further particulars, apply to

july 26 WALKER, KNIGHT & Co
26 new Levee

FOR ST. LOUIS & ALTON

The staunch and fast running steamer VANDALIA, Capt. DURST, now landing and will meet with quick despatch. For freight or passage apply on board or to

GODFREY, LAWRIE & SMALL, 30 Camp st.

N. B. The Vandalia will take freight for mouth of White River, Memphis, Randolph, and other intermediate ports. july 24

FOR ST. PIERRES, MARTINIQUE.

A few passengers can be accommodated on board the schooner [illegible] on next Saturday for St Pierres, Martinique, having very good accommodations for passengers. Apply to the captain on board opposite St Pierres street, or to

july 26 J W ZACHARIE & Co.
88 Custom House st.

FOR SALE, FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

The fine schooner PANTALOON, captain Saunders, copper fastened, burthen about 100 tons, has good accommodation for passengers. For terms apply to the captain on board Picayune Tier, or to

july 25 J W ZACHARIE & Co.
86 Customhouse st.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

The firm and staunch A 1, coppered and copper fastened, brig ISAAC FRANKLIN, Captain Smith, burthen about 190 tons; has good accommodations for passengers.

For terms, apply to the Captain on board, at press No. 5, or to J W ZACHARIE & CO.,
july 24 8, Custom house st.

FOR HAVANA.

To sail on Saturday July 28.

The fine and fast-sailing copper and copper fastened packet brig ALPHA, Thomas, master, will positively sail above.

For bulk of 300 barrels, or passage, apply on board, or to

july 24 R GRONING & CO.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

The first class superior ship HURON, Capt. Boardman, will receive despatch. For freight of 400 bales cotton on deck—or passage having handsome accommodation for 4 cabin passengers, apply to

july 24 LEVI H. GALE, 93 Common st.

PAINT—A small invoice of chrome green and black paints, just received and for sale on accommodating terms by

july 24 COOLIDGE & PLIMPTON,
56 Gravier st

THE BEE.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY J. BAYON, PRINTER FOR THE STATE AND FOR THE FIRST MUNICIPALITY.

NEW-ORLEANS:

THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 26, 1838.

FIRE.

A fire occurred last night about 9 o'clock in Old Levee street, a few doors from Jackson, in Lafayette city. It originated in the kitchen of Mr James McGarey, which together with his stable and part of his dwelling, was burned. The Lafayette fire engine proved very serviceable in staying the progress of the flames until the arrival of our own efficient firemen, who were on the spot in an incredibly short space of time.

NATIONAL AFFAIRS.

The exciting and engrossing character of the election left the public mind little time or inclination to bestow upon a subject which is viewed in other parts of the union with some anxiety. The North Eastern boundary of the United States is not yet determined, and after all the negociations to which it has given rise, is now as far from being settled as it was at the conclusion of the treaty of peace in 1783. A bill was laid before Congress some weeks ago, authorizing the fixing of the line by American surveyors only. If this bill had been passed and carried into effect, it is plain that the surveyors would have come in collision with the British authorities of the neighbouring province of New Brunswick. A resolution, therefore, as a substitute for the bill, was introduced into the Senate by Mr. Buchanan, announcing the sense of that body that this long agitated question should be speedily settled, and that it could no longer be postponed without, in the opinion of the Senate, infringing upon the honour of the nation. Mr Buchanan assigned as a reason for offering, this resolution that a negociation was then going on for fixing the disputed boundary line by surveyors to be appointed by the United States and England, with an umpire to be selected by some third power. This mode of settling the question is certainly the most rational and easy that can be devised, provided it be agreed to and acted upon by Great Britain with good faith and a single disposition to accomplish the end proposed. And we presume it was some doubt in this respect which induced Mr. Buchanan to offer his resolution in relation to the views and feelings of Congress. It is in these times of faction and contention a remarkable and gratifying circumstance that the resolution passed unanimously. In the conversation which preceded its passage, some of the leading members of the opposition in the Senate, expressed their entire approbation of the style and sentiments of the resolution. Mr. Clay observed that the reputation of the country imperatively demanded that this question should no longer remain unsettled, and declared that should England refuse or hesitate to give her assent to a quick and satisfactory arrangement, he for one, and he doubted not, the whole country would be ready and willing to resort to the last mode of settling national disputes. These seemed to be the sentiments of the whole Senate. The Committee on Foreign Relations, of which Mr. Buchanan is chairman, was ordered to make a report on the subject, embracing all the points in dispute, to be laid before Congress before the adjournment. Two or three days before the adjournment, accordingly, the Committee made a report, through their chairman, which was received with great satisfaction and approbation by the whole Senate. When the reading was finished, Mr Clay, a member of the Committee, not wishing to lose an opportunity of trying to make himself popular, rose, and pronounced a high eulogium upon the report—declared that he entirely concurred with its views and sentiments, and admired the ability with which it was written, which, he said was creditable to its author, Mr. Buchanan, and calculated to confirm the exalted character which that gentleman bore in the nation. Mr. Rives and Mr. Tallmadge also expressed their warm approbation of the report, and it was unanimously adopted, and 20,000 copies ordered to be printed.

We have not yet received a copy of this report and await with eagerness the arrival of the time when we shall have an opportunity of perusing it. Praised as it has been, for its matter and style, alike by political friends and opponents of its author and of the administration we are safe in pronouncing it a document of no common character. One of the members of the Senate observed that it was so plain in its statements and arguments that the most ordinary capacity could understand them, and that it placed the claims of the United States on ground that never could be shaken.

This dispute does not, as some have imagined, involve a right to jurisdiction over a barren waste of sand. The Territory contended for by this country, comprises seven millions of acres of as good land as any in New England, a great part of it covered with very valuable timber—and it is inhabited by several thousands of American families, attached to the Union by the strongest affection and what they thought the tie of [illegible]. Over a large portion of this territory the [illegible] of the British Government are now exercising jurisdiction in opposition to the will of the people, who would speedily make an attempt at least to throw off the odious yoke, if they were without hope of peaceable redress from the government which they still consider as their own. It (which we are led to believe is the fact) the line of division, properly drawn would throw these people into the territory of the State of Maine, their demands for relief from the tyrannising jurisdiction of a foreign government are well founded, and our own executive and representatives are bound to relieve them. It is a reflection upon our national character that the dispute has not been long since brought to a close. It was left to the arbitration of the King of the Netherlands, and he admeasured the two parties to split the difference and drew a line through the middle. This advice satisfied neither party. Since then the British Minister at Washington has insisted that the line shall be run in a manner and on principles different from those laid down by the treaty of 1783, by which principles the line would be placed at a great distance to the southward and westward of the limits contemplated by the treaty, and giving of course a large ship of territory to the English, to which they have no more just claim than they have to the site of the City of Boston.

What effect the earnestness and unanimity with which our government seem determined at length to pursue the negociation, will produce upon the British ministry, a brief lapse of time will disclose. It is evident that the affair is now brought to a crisis, and must be soon determined one way or the other. In the meantime our government has ordered fortifications to be erected at various points in the vicinity of the disputed territory—what other measures are contemplated with a view to the last resort of nations we know not. From the tone in which the subject is spoken of by our own authorities, it is plain that they regard it in a serious light. The president in his last annual message holds the following language:—"Of pending questions the most important is that which exists with the Government of Great Britain in respect to our Northern boundary. It is with unfeigned regret that the people of the U S must look back on the abortive efforts made by the executive, for a period of more than half a century, to determine, what no nation should suffer long to remain in dispute, the true line which divides its possessions from those of other powers. The nature of the settlements on the borders of the United States and of the neighbouring territory, was for a season such that this was not indispensable to a faithful performance of the duties of the federal Government. Time has changed this state of things, and has brought about a condition of affairs, in which the true interests of both countries imperatively require that this question should be put to rest. It is not to be disguised that with full confidence, often expressed, in the desire of the British Government to terminate it, we are apparently as far from its adjustment as we were at the signing of the treaty of 1783.

We cannot permit ourselves to believe that in the present state of friendly and mutually profitable intercourse between the two countries, this misunderstanding can ripen into an open rupture. British commerce would suffer by six months of hostilities a greater loss than the whole value of all the possessions of England in North America would be able to redeem in dollars and cents. The loss to that of the United States would not be much inferior. And yet the stand which the executive and legislative branches of our Government have assumed, is such that no alternative is left but a speedy compliance with their just demands by the British Government, or war.

The British Government and nation are to all appearance extremely goodnatured and civil towards this country. But the sincerity of these good feelings will be subjected to doubt and suspicion, when we recollect that they have wilfully kept alive an unsettled question relative to territory which to them is not worth the expense of guarding it, and to us is of vital importance to the peace and tranquillity of the union.

The steam packet Cuba, which sailed hence on the 14th, arrived at Charleston on the 20th, and cleared the same day for New York.

The new steam ship Natchez sailed from New York on the 18th inst. for this port and Natchez.

Frontier. The U. States steamboat Telegraph arrived recently at Sacket's Harbor, from a cruise among the Thousand Islands. She had captured two of Bill Johnson's men viz; Riley Tousy, and Jonathan Turneckiffe. Also Johnson's famous boat 29 feet long. A numerous meeting of the inhabitants of the Parish of St. Rock, Quebec, was held on the 4th July to express sympathy for the prisoners exiled to Bermuda, and those Canadians who have fled to the U. States. There was a brilliant illumination at Terrebonne, Lower Canada, on the night of the 4th July, in honor of the Declaration of Independence.

MORE ATLANTIC STEAMING.

The [illegible] Steam Navigation Company has been organized at Liverpool, capital £500,000 in 10,000 shares of £50 each. It is proposed to build six steam ships to cost £30,000 each; which, it is confidently believed will return to the stockholders a dividend of at least 20 per cent. There can be little question that in the course of a very few years, the entire Atlantic Navigation between the ports of Europe and those of the United States will be carried on by steam ships—They are gradually superseding the use of the regular packets, and must eventually supplant them altogether.

TEXAS.

The "Telegraph" says that the Comanche Indians, near Bexar, have become quite hostile. They have committed many depredations in the neighbourhood of that city and Gonzales. The settlers have been generally alarmed, and are forsaking their plantations and removing into the towns. The Camanches near Bastrop continue friendly. It is feared that some outrage has been committed near Bexar, [illegible] friendly Camanches in the vicinity of the town.

The Presidential election waxes still warmer, and the [illegible] of the rival candidates give [illegible] and [illegible] hopes. The general impression still appears to be that General Mirabeau Lamar will certainly be elected. His personal popularity is great, and in Texas no party organization is known.

Texas and France.—The N. Y. Evening Star says that Texas is about to conclude a treaty of amity and commerce with the government of France; and that the Texians are indebted to the British Ambassador at Paris for the introduction of their Plenipotentiary to the French ministry.

CANADA.

The resolutions of the inhabitants of Quebec (principally French), recommending the Bermudian exiles to the favourable notice of the Governor, have been greatly censured by Royalist journals. Some of these behold in them the scene of another revolution; others threaten the chairman for disturbing the political peace of the colony.

Lord Durham and Sir John Colborne and suite arrived at the Niagara Falls on Friday. Sir George Arthur arrived soon after. His Lordship was received with military honours by a detachment of the 43d Regiment. A grand military review is expected to take place at the Falls in the course of next week.

The Watertown Journal has the following paragraph—

"One of the prisoners [illegible] that he joined Johnson on the day previous to his capture and that he stood sentry that night. The prisoners were taken to Sa[illegible] Harbor last [illegible] will probably be conveyed to Albany [illegible]. We understand that [illegible] projected an attack on the Welland canal with the view of cutting off the communication between [illegible] lakes, or that [illegible] to the attempt and [illegible] some other [illegible] have been contemplated, we have not the slightest doubt."

MURDER IN BALTIMORE.

[illegible] can states that on the night of the 16th, [illegible] George Collins, while under the influence [illegible] supposed, of ardent spirits, shot his son [illegible] 18 years, and killed him on the spot; [illegible] of his sons named Joshua fastened [illegible] the rooms of his house with the intention [illegible] ing him also, but he succeeded in effecting his escape by breaking through the window, and while in the act of running from the house was fired at by his father, and severely wounded in one of his arms.

A drayman was fined the other day in Boston, four dollars and costs, for cruelly beating his horse because he could not draw the heavy load he had on his dray.

The ordinance by which the driver was mulcted is a humane and just one. Nothing can be more inconceivably repugnant to every sentiment of humanity, than the manner in which draymen frequently maul and abuse the unhappy animals which they employ, for not doing that which physical weakness incapacitates them from doing. We would suggest to our council the passage of a similar ordinance by which the drivers of vehicles would become subject to certain penalties for the exercise of their brutal propensities on the patient beasts that serve them. The [illegible] of cruelty to animals are rife enough in New Orleans. One can scarcely pass along the levee without beholding some wretched hack stumbling beneath an oppressive burthen, and roused to exertion by the unsparing blows of a heavy whip. The passage of a resolution referred to would be a benefit to horses and an honor to our municipal code.

Mass. Counterfeits. A new emission of counterfeit [illegible] the State Bank of Boston has been [illegible] York. The bills are admirably [illegible] ted, [illegible] exception of a peculiar pale [illegible] the [illegible] are so close an imitation of [illegible] ginal [illegible]

A [illegible] was blown up in Patterson [illegible] quence of [illegible] accidental explosion of a keg of powder. By the accident five persons were dreadfully burnt, three of whom have since died, and the recovery of the remaining persons is exceedingly doubtful.

A London Merchant has been fined £10,000 for shipping adulterated flour (consisting of one third ground bones and plaster of Paris) to Spain and Portugal. The Philadelphia Ledger adds that this fraud is sometimes practised in the United States. During the late war, the government was swindled of large sums by agents, who exacted full prices for adulterated flour, much to the injury of the soldiers who were poisoned by it. The same species of fraud was alleged to have been practised in Philadelphia, a year or two since.

A correspondent of the New Era states that the article from the Journal of Commerce describing the extraordinary effect of firing cannon over individuals who were swimming in the river at New York, is neither more nor less than a hoax.

The New York Courier & Enquirer, has been recently enlarged and is now said to be one of the largest papers in the world. It is printed on the steam press Great Western, made [illegible] Napier of London—the power of which is [illegible] to be adequate to print [illegible]

[illegible] York city on the [illegible]

[illegible] Thomas Wickam, [illegible] at the Eastern [illegible] on Tuesday last. He was seventy-four years of age, and was [illegible] a year ago two years' imprisonment.

[illegible] a weaver, hung himself in Kensing[illegible] state of temporary mental derangement.

[illegible] and Suicide. A dreadful murder and suicide occurred in New York a few days since. Early in the morning a woman was heard to cry murder. The sound was traced to 75 Centre street. The door being burst open, a woman, the wife of J. Carter, a journeyman barber, was discovered lying dead on the floor with her throat cut from ear to ear. Her husband lay beside with his throat cut also, but not quite dead. He was carried to the hospital and having rallied a little, stated that he had destroyed his wife and cut his own throat through jealousy. Shortly after he expired.

Deaths in New York. During the week ending on the 14th, 229 persons died in New York, of which number seventy one were killed by inconsiderately drinking cold water.

Fatal Somnambulism. A gentleman in Warren street New York, lately lost his life by walking out of a third story window. He was found lying on the pavement by the watchman.

THE UGLY CLUB.

Chap. III.

If Cassio do remain
He hath a daily beauty in his life,
That makes me ugly. Sh[illegible]

It was one of the objects of the members of this Club to prove that ugliness, like beauty, was simply a matter of opinion, and many were the essays written on the subject. There was even a jealousy existing among them, for each fancied himself an Ogan, [illegible] Ogan and the Goths signified ugliness [illegible] deformity, naive, &c. Such was the character and disposition of many of the members of the Ugly Club.

In our [illegible] Chapter we stated that the badge of honour [illegible] the ugliest man of the Club, was a ring; [illegible] of the cognomen. This ring he was bound by oath to give to any man when and wherever he found him, if he, the wearer, considered his claims of a superior order. Years rolled away. Judges, members of parliament, poets and merchants, had the honour of occasionally wearing it. Dr John son himself, though much against his will, wore it two months; and it is stated by a facetious writer of the day, "that his friend Boswell, sympathising with the ring carrier, actually wore it himself." It is also said of Dr Johnson, "that he was so uncouth, he could hardly be tolerated in good society." He was not handsome, or fashionably made up. Madden speaks of him thus—"The uncouthness of Johnson's appearance, however, was the effect of disease, and arose from no natural imperfection: "his countenance," Boswell tells us, "was naturally well formed, till he unfortunately became afflicted with scrofula, which disfigured his features, and so injured his visual nerves, that he completely lost the sight of one of his eyes." Miss Seward says, that, "When at the Free-school, he appeared a huge, overgrown, misshapen stripling, but still a stupendous stripling, who even at that early life maintained his opinion with sturdy and arrogant fierceness."

Pope of course was a member. Pope's whole life was one of extreme suffering; we are told by Dr Johnson, that "by natural deformity or accidental distortion, the vital functions of Pope were so much disordered, that his life was a long disease." The deformity alluded to arose from an affection of the spine, contracted in in fancy, and to which the extreme delicacy of his constitution is to be attributed.

There was also one Richard Leveridge, the author of "Pyramus and Thisbe," who was supported for many years by the club; he died on the 22d of March, 1758 at the advanced age of 88. It appears from what Sir J. Hawkins says, that Leveridge was an actor as well as a dramatic writer. He performed the part of Ismeron in Howard's tragedy of the Indian Queen. The Ugly Club held their meetings at his house in 1726, in Tavistock street. A writer of the day speaking of him, says—"He was a welcome visiter to all clubs and assemblies, where the avowed purpose of meeting was an oblivion of care; and to be ever ready to contribute to the promotion of social mirth. [illegible] himself many friends, wherewith [illegible] all the comforts that in an extreme old age he [illegible] able of enjoying."

In [illegible] held their meetings at the coffee house [illegible] the celebrated Charles Macklin, the actor, [illegible] writer and excellent actor. Macklin was the [illegible] of the following plays—"King Henry VII, or the Popish impostor;" "A Will and No Will;" "The Suspicious Husband;" "The Fortune Hunters;" "Love a-la-mode;" "The Married Libertine;" "The Irish fine Lady;" "The True born Scotchman," since acted at Covent Garden, under the title of "The Man of the World." After he retired from the stage he opened a Coffee House under the Piazza in Covent Garden, where he set on foot a disputing club, under the name of the British Inquisition; but this scheme did not succeed, but the Ugly Club at that time being [illegible] and having

among its members some of the best writers of the age, he solicited them to hold their meetings at his house. We do not exactly know whether Macklin was ugly, he is the original Shylock, which caused this excellent political couplet—

"This is the Jew
That Shakspeare drew."

There is one anecdote connected with the history of the Ugly Club, which we cannot omit. The celebrated Heidegger, master of the ceremonies at the court of George II. of England, was a man who (being "curtailed of nature's fair proportions,") had one of the ugliest mugs that ever defaced a British mind. He was a founder or a model for street door knockers. He had a quarrel once with an Italian musician named Bonofonte, who was a perfect cutter grew, and a member of the club. The difference was settled by the small sword; in the use of which Heidegger was a perfect adept, he however let his adversary off with a simple scratch on the sword arm. Upon being asked why he had permitted him to escape so easily, he replied that self-interest was his motive, "I had he killed his adversary, he (Heidegger) would have been the ugliest man in existence."

The narrow limits of a newspaper require us to hop-skip-and-jump over a vast space of time—perhaps the most interesting part of English history, with its kings—its queens—its cabinets and poets. We must leave the club room of London with its reminiscences, its anecdotes, and its private history, at least for the present. * * * * It was in the year 1795, on a lovely morning in June that several very ugly men were seen standing on the dock at Liverpool; around and about them stood several trunks, indicating that some one was about taking a long journey. It was a strange sight to see so many ugly men together, individually they perhaps would not have been noticed—but collectively; they were awful. The secret was soon disclosed, the President of the Liverpool Ugly Club was about taking his departure from that place for America. At that time a voyage to this country was considered as an act of valor amounting to chivalry, and the man who had the hardihood to undertake it was looked upon as another Amadis de Gaul, if not a real Don Quixote. There was the [illegible] and the great shaking of hands. Each member of the Ugly Club endeavoured to look pleasant, but it was but an attempt; an ugly man cannot look pleasant at least I never knew but one, and he was hanged for being a saint. Poor Rouch!—he died a perfect martyr to ugliness, for he was actually innocent of the crime for which he was indicted!—The word was given—the anchor weighed,—the ugly men stepped on board—the sails were hoisted, a breeze sprung up and off the ugliest man known in Europe, was on his passage to Columbia's beauteous shore!

Pensacola, July 21.

NAVAL.

The U. S. [illegible] arrived here on Tuesday last, from a cruise of 73 days in the Gulf of Mexico and on the coast of Texas, having visited Vera Cruz, Tampico, Matamora and Galveston.

The Ports of Mexico are very closely watched by the French cruisers. The contemplated attack on the Castle of San Juan de Ulloa, has for the present been abandoned and the Baron Deffaudis, the French Minister has sailed for France. Vessels from the United States and Cuba will not be warned off, before being subject to capture, a sufficient time having elapsed for the blockade to be known.

Com. Bazoche to l'Hermione Frigate, is at anchor under the Island of Sacrificios, and one brig and two schooners and the Frigate's Launches are cruising close in with the shoals, and frequently within musket shot of the Castle. One brig is off Alvarado, which port was opened on the 19th May by the Mexican Government. The cruizers off Tampico and Matamoras lay at anchor close in with the harbour, and other vessels are cruising along the coast between these ports. All appears quiet in Texas. The British Packet which sailed from Vera Cruz on the 27th of May, has been detained a week after the regular day of sailing at the request of the Mexican Government, for the purpose of taking out a request to the British Government to become a medium between the French and Mexican Government.

The best feelings have thus far been kept up between the French squadron and our own. While the Vandalia, lay at anchor under Sacrificios, the French and American officers were in the constant reciprocation of services and courtesies.

The following is a list of the officers of the Vandalia.

Commander, John Gwinn Esq. Lieutenants, G G Williamson, A C Maury, M Smith, Acting Lieut. T Hunter; Acting Master, A F V Gray. Surgeon, William [illegible]; Assistant Surgeon, W A Green; Purser [illegible] Passed Midshipman, C J Wyck; Midshipmen, H R D[illegible], D Amen, M S Mary Hampton; Captain's Clerk, C J Wilson. Acting [illegible], John West; Sailmaker, G[illegible]

[illegible]—The Detroit Post of the 9th July has the following:

We were informed on Saturday by a gentleman from Hamilton, U C, that, in passing through Chatham he learned that a man had just been shot dead by a party of Indians, and, upon inquiry ascertained the fact. A young American, by the name of [illegible] was walking alone [illegible] in the vicinity of [illegible] A body of Indians [illegible] him was then considered by the Indians [illegible] for patriots [illegible] attempt to [illegible] and was shot. He had no [illegible] attention was given it by the authorities. He was only an American citizen.

MUNICIPALITY NO. 1.

SITTING OF MONDAY, JULY 23, 1838.

The Council assembled this day conformably to adjournment.

The Recorder having called the members to order, and directed the Secretary to call the roll, the members present were—Messrs K Duplessis, Lafrenière, Pieton, Faures, Correjolles, Twogood, Gothie, A P Lanaux, Lesseps, Dupuy, Crozat, Prados, Vignié, Guenard, Lefebre, Lambert, Cor[illegible], Le[illegible], Lee, Bucey, Colson and M Pettipain, forming a quorum—Aldermen of the 5th Ward.

Absent—Messrs Marsoudet and Percel.

Mr Armitage was absent on leave.

On motion, the absence of Mr Z Colson was excused.

After reading and approval of the journal of the preceding sitting on motion of Mr Faures,

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to verify the credentials of Mr Pettipain, Alderman elect of the 5th Ward.

Messrs Dupuy, H Colson and Lefebre were elected on this committee.

After an examination, the committee reported the following resolution, which, after dispensation of rules was adopted.

Resolved, That Mr Pettipain has been duly elected Alderman of the 5th Ward of the 1st Municipality, and that he possesses all the qualifications required by law.

(Signed) A. T. DUPATY,
P. H. COLSON, and
F. LEFEBRE.

A message from the Mayor was read, dated the day.

The first article of the Message informed the Council that, according to the notice given by a physician [illegible] who [illegible] that the deposit of filth in the [illegible] to the health of the city, it [illegible]

The Mayor asked [illegible] cost of a boat for [illegible] this purpose.

On motion of Mr [illegible], and after dispensation of rules,

Resolved, That the mode recently employed by the Mayor, of having the filth of the city thrown into the river, be discontinued, and that it be, as previously, transported to the rear of the city, in order to contribute to the filling up in the 5th Ward.

With regard to the 2nd article concerning the employment of laborers to remove earth from the batture on motion of Mr Prados, seconded by Mr P Lanaux, and after dispensation of rules:

Resolved, That the mayor shall be, and he is hereby authorized to employ the number of workmen he shall think necessary to remove from the batture in front of the city, the quantity of earth sufficient for the works of the municipality.

The 3d article of the message transmitted a letter from a committee of the Gas Company, announcing that the committee had accepted the contract for lighting this municipality, on condition, 1st that the pay should be made semi annually. 2d That any interruption in the lighting, by reason of unforeseen accidents, will not render the company subject to fine or forfeiture, either by virtue of the contract or of its charter.

Moreover that the municipality "before the termination of the contract, shall make known the steps it has taken to liquidate the amount due to the company from the 1st May 1838, as well as the steps it intends taking to secure regular and punctual payments."

On motion of Mr Faures,

Resolved, That the letter from the committee of the Gas Light Bank, be laid on the table until the committee shall please to explain to the council in a more decent and appropriate manner the subjects mentioned in their letter.

On motion of Mr Vignié, after dispensation of rules, and an amendment by Mr Faures,

Resolved, That the mayor, conjointly with the treasurer of this municipality, be authorised to assign the [illegible] the endorsement of which was decreed in favor of the Navigation Company, conformably to the report of the 28th May 1838.

Be it further resolved, That whenever the counsel [illegible] the endorsation or a new series of the bonds above mentioned, the signature of the mayor are [illegible] shall be required.

Mr. Cruzat, in behalf of the committee on petitions, presented the following resolution, which was adopted.

Resolved, That the petition of Messrs Barelli & co soliciting the return of a sum for a certain quantity of powder retained at the arsenal since 1836 by virtue of a seizure be referred to the mayor, with a request to transmit the same to the general sinking fund.

Mr. Lesseps, in behalf of the Committee on Claims, presented the following resolution, which on suspension of rules, was adopted.

Resolved, That Mr Levi Golding's letter be referred to the Mayor, with the request that justice should be done to the demand of the petitioner, provided his establishment be proved not to be different from those designated by him as only paying $50 taxes per annum.

The letters of Messrs A. and Z. Cavelier agents for Mr. Joseph Mary and Mr. G. Legendre, were read, requesting to be allowed to pay the capital of the ground rent on certain lots.

On motion of Mr. Correjolles, said letters were referred to the Committee on Finance.

A letter was read from Mr. Gerl, suggesting to the council to have him paid two months of his salary for cleaning the streets of the city, by means of an issue of notes of a preceding session.

On motion of Mr. Prados, Resolved that said letter be referred to the Committee on Finance.

On motion of Mr. H. Colson, and after dispensation of rules,

Resolved that for every dray, cart, barrow or other vehicle, found in contravention of the provisions of the resolution adopted on the 16th instant concerning drays, carriages &c, found unharnessed in the streets, the proprietor of such dray, carriage &c, shall pay a fine of $5 recoverable by legal means and payable either to the Mayor, to the Recorder, or to the Commissary of Police of the ward.

Mr. Vignié, in behalf of the Committee on Fires to which had been referred, the Mayor's message relative to the premiums awarded to the firemen in case of fires, presented a report accompanied by the following resolutions, which after dispensation of rules, were adopted.

Resolved, that all provisions in prior ordinances or resolutions awarding premiums to the engines which are the first to arrive at a fire, shall be and are hereby repealed.

Be it further resolved, that an annual sum of $750 shall be appropriated, payable every quarter on the order of the Mayor to each Fire and Hose company, now created and established in the limits of the 1st Municipality of the city of New Orleans.

The yeas and nays being called for by Mr. Correjolles on the adoption of said resolutions, produced the following result.

In the affirmative: Messrs. Lafrenière, Pieton, Faures, Crozat, Twogood, Gothie, A P Lanaux, Dupuy, Crozat, Prados, Vignié, Lefebre, Lambert, Lanaux, and H. Colson—17 ayes.

In the negative, Messrs Lesseps, Guenard, Correjolles and Pettipain—4 noes.

On motion of Mr. Cruzat, and in the name of the Harbor and Levee Committee, the following resolution was adopted, after dispensation of rules and an amendment by Mr Faures, Resolved, that the Mayor shall be and is hereby authorized to announce that he will receive sealed proposals to undertake the delivery of thirty thousand barrels of shells on such parts of the levee as shall be designated by the Surveyor.

On motion of Mr Vignié and after dispensation of rules, the following resolution was adopted.

Whereas a great abuse exists in relation to slaves and free men of color, who are sent by the guard to the police jail, that is, committed to be incarcerated prisoners of this latter guilty of criminal offences within the jurisdiction of the Recorder of the 1st Municipality, are released by the Mayor, either at the request of their masters, or their friends, before the Recorder is able to take cognisance of their crimes. It is therefore,

Resolved that in future no slave or free man of color shall be set at liberty, except by an order from the Recorder approved by the Mayor.

On motion of Mr. Twogood and after dispensation of rules, the following resolutions were adopted with an amendment by Mr Correjolles, a motion by Mr. Faures, and a motion by Mr Luzenberg.

Whereas the centre of Basin street in this Municipality, may be considered in its present condition, as a nuisance.

Resolved that the Surveyor shall be and he is hereby authorised to have the centre of Basin street filled with river sand and to have it surrounded with curb stones, in the same manner as the centre of Rampart street between Customhouse and Canal; so that a sufficient quantity of curb-stones shall be found in the timber yard of this municipality.

Be it further resolved, that the same improvement shall be effected in all the central parts of Rampart, Canal and Esplanade streets, where said work has not been executed.

Be it further resolved, That the City Gardener shall plant trees immediately in the centre part of Canal street.

On motion of Mr Gothie, Resolved that leave of absence for two months be granted to Mr Pettipain [illegible] Vignié.

The Recorder appointed Mr Pettipain on the Drainage Committee and Mr Guenard on the Committee on Fires, in place of Mr Vignié.

Mr Luzenberg presented a petition from nine Holders of the First Ward, soliciting the immediate opening of the streets as far as the 1st branch of the Bayou, and the placing of lamps.

On motion of Mr Luzenberg, and after dispensation of rules, the following resolution was adopted, with an amendment by Mr Faures.

Resolved, That the Mayor shall be and he is hereby authorised to have announced the adjudication to the lowest bidder, for the undertaking of the works to be accomplished within the shortest possible time, for the opening of Canal, Custom House and Bienville streets, from Rob[illegible] as far as the 1st branch of Bayou St John, and of St Louis street from Claiborne street to said branch; the whole to be under the superintendance of the Surveyor.

Be it further resolved, That lamps be placed at the corner of Villeré street, as well as in the streets mentioned in the resolution of the 11th July last.

On motion of Mr Faures, after dispensation of rules, and an amendment by Mr Lambert.

Resolved, That the Committee of Vigilance of the Guard shall confer with the Mayor in conjunction with the Captain of the Guard, to effect the reduction in the numbers of the Guard.

On motion of Mr Guenard, and after dispensation of rules and an amendment by Mr Correjolles: Resolved, that the Mayor be authorised to adjudge to the lowest bidder, who shall perform the same within the shortest period, the filling up of the Carondelet Canal Road payable one year after the accomplishment of the work, and its approval by the Surveyor.

On motion the Council adjourned till Monday next, at 5 o'clock, P.M.

WEEKLY NOTE OF THE TREASURER.

Cash in hand,	$[illegible]
Amount [illegible]	[illegible]
Bank notes and municipal bonds on hand,	[illegible]
	$[illegible]

(A true copy.) D AUGUSTIN, Secretary.

The N. O. Catholic Association for the relief of Male Orphans.

The undersigned, as Treasurer of the above society feels much pleasure in acknowledging as to have received through the Rev. L. Moni, Catholic Rector of the Church of St. Louis of New Orleans, the following sums to wit:

From Mr J. D Paroisse St. Jacques, La. $[illegible]
From an anonymous individual [illegible]

jy26—1t J. A. McKAY, Treasurer

The brig Juan Enrique from Havana, is discharging between Bienville and Mandeville streets. Consignees are requested to attend [illegible] their [illegible] jy 26 A M DE MIRANDA.

BRIG VELORE.—Persons having claims against this vessel are requested to present them for settlement, the undersigned being not responsible for any debts after her departure.

jy 26 SCHMIDT & WERNER, 30 Bienville st

WANTED—A vessel of the capacity from [illegible] to 150 hhds, to receive despatch for Charleston [illegible] immediate application to be made to jy 21 LEVI H. GALE, 93 Common st

LOST, on the 24th instant at 9 o'clock P. M. in St Louis street in front of the Exchange, a POCKET BOOK, containing $64 in silver and 4 notes, viz: one for $1000 drawn by J Conrad to the order of Dauphin [illegible], payable in December next, one do of V D[illegible] for [illegible], another for [illegible]. The public are cautioned not to trade for them, as payment is stopped. jy 26—2t SAUVAGE.

SIMMONS, HARTT & CO, 70 Chartres street have received per ship Huntsville, a large assortment of real Hemming & Sons' and Victoria Needles in boxes; red, yellow and white Tape, Money Belts, Fish Brooches, Milk of Roses, Ward's vegetable Hair Oil; Balm of Columbia; fine Accordians; Buffalo Twist Combs and fine Ivory Combs suitable for the Spanish market for sale low. jy 26

UNION Bank Checks on the [illegible] America, New York, in sums to suit, for sale by jy 26 1w A S BARKER [illegible]

DOUBLOONS, for sale by jy 26 G R STRINGER, 30 Canal st

TENNESSEE & ALABAMA money wanted by jy 26 G R STRINGER, 30 Canal st

SPECIE wanted by jy 26 G R STRINGER, 30 Canal st

MISSISSIPPI Money wanted by jy 26 G R STRINGER, 30 Canal st

BANK OF AMERICA, New York, Certificate of Deposite for $5000, for sale by jy 26 BOWERS & BREWSTER, 37 & 39 Canal street.

UNITED STATES Treasury Notes in sums of $1000, for sale by BOWERS & BREWSTER, 37 & 39 Canal street

CINCINNATI, Indiana and Illinois Bank Notes for sale by jy 26 BOWERS & BREWSTER, 37 & 39 Canal street

SEGARS—300,000 superior Principe segars, 100,000 do, Havana, do, for sale low by jy 26 ROBERT & Co 67 Bienville st

HAVANA SEGARS—60,000 superior Havana segars, 3000 bundles do paper do, received per brig Alvira, and for sale by J W ZACHARIE & Co, jy 26 89 Customhouse street.

HAVANA SUGAR—70 boxes super white Havana sugar received per Spanish brig Juven Enrique, and for sale by J W ZACHARIE & CO. jy 26 88 Customhouse street

FOR SALE, by the undersigned, a large quantity of pickets and stakes. jy 26 EUGENE ORY, 158 old Basin

EXCHANGES on London, for sale by J PRATS & SON, jy 26 56 St Ann street

WHISKEY—200 barrels rectified in store, for sale by G. DORSEY, jy 26 44 New Levee.

LEAF LARD—1000 kegs in fine shipping order and [illegible] quality, at the landing, for sale by july 26 G DORSEY, 44 New Levee

SUGAR—60 hogsheads superior quality, in store, for sale by G DORSEY, july 26 44 New Levee

PORK—[illegible] barrels M O, 8 bbls Clumes, just imported, for sale by G. DORSEY, july 26 44 New Levee.

COFFEE & SEGARS—

713 bags Havana Coffee,
253 do Rio Coffee,
600 mille Havana and Principe Segars, for sale by jy 25 R GRONING & Co

TOBACCO & SHOT—

12 hhds Tobacco,
4 bags Shot, landing from ship Vandalia, for sale jy 24 by R GRONING & Co

HAVANA SUGAR—41 boxes white Hav. Sugar, for sale by jy 26 R GRONING & Co

LARD—400 kegs first quality Lard: 800 do 1st do [illegible], for sale by JOSEPH LANDIS & Co. july 26 14 Poydras st

DRIED BEEF in canvass for sale by JOSEPH LANDIS & Co. july 26 14 Poydras st

LEAF TOBACCO—12 bales of superior quality, landing ex brig Alvira from Havana, and for sale by SCHMIDT & WERNER, july 26 30 Bienville st

HAVANA COFFEE—95 bags superior quality landing from brig Joven Enrique, for sale by july 26 SLATER & TRIER, 40 Poydras st

BILLS ON LONDON for sale by july 26 M DE LIZARDI & Co.

COGNAC BRANDY—20 or cases Seignette and Bordeaux brands and a superior article now landing from ship Huntsville, and for sale by july 26 WOOD & SIMMONS, 23 Poydras st

DRILLS, SHIRTINGS, &c—4 cases bleached shirting; 4 do brown drills; 3 do sheetings; 3 do fancy prints landing from ship Huntsville, and for sale by WOOD & SIMMONS, july 26 23 Poydras st

GOSHEN BUTTER—40 half firkins of superior quality just received, for sale by july 26 WOOD & SIMMONS, 23 Poydras st

DOMESTIC LIQUORS—Peach Brandy, Domestic Brandy; Monongahela Whiskey, Gin and Cognac, sale by WOOD & SIMMONS, july 26 23 Poydras st

MAYORALTY OF NEW-ORLEANS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the First Municipality will take 50 JOURNEYMEN immediately. Apply to the Surveyor of said Municipality. July 25, 1838. C. GENOIS, Mayor. july 26—3t

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS.

AGREEABLY to a Resolution of the Council of Municipality No. 1, notice is hereby given, that until Wednesday, the 1st of August next, at 12 o'clock noon, sealed proposals will be received at the Mayor's Office, for the furnishing of thirty thousand barrels of shells, to be delivered at such points on the Levee as may be designated by the Surveyor.

N. O., July 25, 1838. C. GENOIS, july 25 Mayor.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS.

AGREEABLY to a resolution of the Council of Municipality No. 1, notice is hereby given, that on Thursday, August 2, at 12 o'clock m. noon, at the Mayor's office, the undertaking of the works to be done for the opening of Canal, Customhouse and Bienville streets, from Robertson street to the first branch of the bayou St John, and of St Louis street, from Claiborne street to the said branch, will be adjudicated to the lowest bidder the whole under the superintendence of the Surveyor.

July 25, 1838. C. GENOIS, july 26 Mayor.

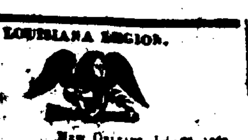
MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS.

AGREEABLY to a Resolution of the Council of Municipality No. 1, Notice is hereby given, that on Wednesday, 8th of August next, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Mayor's Office, the filling up of the road along the Carondelet canal will be adjudicated to the lowest bidder; the said work to be paid one year after it is finished, and accepted by the Surveyor.

July 25, 1838. C GENOIS, july 26 Mayor.

ST. JAGO COFFEE—[illegible] bags St. Jago coffee landing ex brig Juven Enrique and for sale by jy 26 SLATER & TRIER, 40 Poydras st

LOUISIANA LEGION.



New Orleans, July 25, 1838.

CONFORMABLY to the law the Louisiana Legion will appear fully armed and equipped on the Public Square, on Sunday, 26th August, precisely at 8 o'clock in the morning, for review and inspection.

Officers commanding companies will furnish to the inspector an exact roll of the number of officers, sub officers and privates, previous to the review.

Chiefs of corps are charged with the execution of this order.

By order of Brigadier General J. B. Plauché, commander of the Legion.

jy26 D. AUGUSTIN, Secretary.

100 DOLLARS REWARD

WILL be given for the apprehension of the following named slaves, who ran away on the 22d August, 1837.

WILLIAM, an American negro man, aged 30 or 32 years, 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, stout built, has a small scar over his left eye, eyes large and prominent, and turns his toes much outwards in walking; all the fingers nails on one hand [illegible] on the other [illegible] white, from having been injured by a contusion. Also

JULIA, griffe negress, about the same age, 5 feet 3 or 4 inches high, a cabor and straight, with only one tooth in front of the upper jaw, her upper lip turning outward when she laughs. They will probably be found together.

The above reward will be given for both, or $50 for either, if lodged in the jail of this city, or any other in this or the adjoining states, and information given, so that the owner recovers them again, to Mr D. Gorlin, No 72 Dauphin street, New Orleans.

july 26 4t WM A C FARRAGUT.

$20 REWARD.

Ranaway from the subscriber, about three months ago, his negro man, DAO, about 20 years of age, very stout, and black complexion. He has attempted to go up the river in several Coast steamboats within the last week. Commanders of steamboats and vessels are cautioned against harboring him. The above reward will be paid to any person who will lodge him in jail.

Apply to DAN'L HICKY,
jy 26 6t 63 Canal st

$100 REWARD.

Ranaway on the 11th June last, the creole Griffe named ANDRE alias JEAN, aged about 21 years; 5 feet 4 or 5 inches in height; speaks a little English, long face, somewhat marked with the small pox. $50 will be paid for his arrest if taken in this state, or $100 if taken out of the state. Captains of ships and steamboats and others are cautioned against harboring him, under the penalty of the law.

jy 26—2t C. DROUET, corner Bayou and Rampart.

STATE OF LOUISIANA—Parish Court for the Parish and City of New Orleans. I hereby certify, that on 25th June 1838, judgment was entered in this court in the suit of Rosalie Victoire Duclos Lange, vs Appolinaire Perrault her husband in the words and figures following, to wit: No 10,379 Rosalie Victoire Duclos Lange wife of Appolinaire Perrault, vs. Appolinaire Perrault her husband.—Decree—It is ordered, adjudged and decreed that a judgment of separation of property be entered between the parties, and that the plaintiff do recover from the defendant her husband, the sum of three thousand dollars, amount of her dowry, reserving to the plaintiff all her rights against the estate of her husband and family. It is ordered that the defendant pay the costs. New Orleans, June 25th 1838.

(Signed) CHARLES MAURIAN, Judge.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the said court, at the City of New Orleans, on this 16th day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight and in the sixty third year of the Independence of the United States.

july 26 3t LOUIS R COURTIN, Dy Clk.

SHERIFF'S SALE—State of Louisiana—Parish of Jefferson—District Court. Johann Henkel vs Mrs Clara Schreiber. By virtue of an order of seizure and sale, to me directed, I shall offer for sale, at the New Exchange, corner of Jackson and Levee streets, city of Lafayette, on Saturday the 25 h August next, at one o'clock P M. the right, title, interest and claim of defendant in

A CERTAIN LOT OF GROUND

situated in the faubourg Lafayette, in the Parish of Jefferson, designated by No 42, in square No thirty eight, on a plan drawn by Joseph Pilie, surveyor, dated 21 March, 1834, and deposited in the office of C Pollock Esq, notary public at New Orleans. Said lot of ground having (French measure) forty two feet front on Josephine street, by one hundred and fifty feet in depth; bounded on one side by lot No 5, on the other by lot No. 7, and in the rear by lot No 14.

Conditions of the sale—cash.

july 26 M J GARCIA, Sheriff.

STATE OF LOUISIANA—Parish Court for the Parish and City of New Orleans. Present the Honorable Charles Maurian, Judge. July 25th 1838.

J D BALDWIN [illegible] curator, vs. his Creditors.—On motion of H Pot of counsel for the plaintiff and on [illegible] the court to understand that through error in the advertisement of motion in this case a delay was [illegible] not having been given for the advertisements required by law—It is ordered that the creditors of the insolvent appear in open Court on the 29th of August next.

Extract from the Minutes—Clerk's Office, July 25th, 1838.

july 26—3t—law A PITOT, Clerk.

ORLEANS THEATRE COMPANY.

SUBSCRIBERS who have not as yet filed their accounts with the Theatre, are requested to do so immediately.

july 26—3t J A DURELL, Sec.

IMPROVEMENT BANK

ON Friday next, 27th instant, the Board of Directors will appoint a Note Clerk for this institution. Applications will be received until the 25th.

By order of the Board,

july 24 J B RABOTEAU, cashier.

WANTED TO HIRE—A young negro capable of driving a cabriolet. Apply at 47 St. Louis street. july 24 St

SERVANT WANTED.—[illegible] Levee st, suburb Marigny—a faithful negro would be preferred, who can wash and cook for a small family. Good wages will be paid for one who gives satisfaction.

july 24 3t

IN STORE and for sale by the subscribers.

3000 pigs Lead;
100 boxes Bar Lead;
20 kegs Lard;
25 bales 3 4 Br Sheeting;
25 Cases 7 8 Bleached Sheeting;
3 0 coils bale Rope;
2700 sacks corn in fine order;
5 cases Philadelphia sweet meats;
800 reams Wrapping paper.

july 24 GODFREY, LAWRIE & SMALL, 30 Camp street.

FLOUR—500 bbls superfine Flour, bakers brand in store and for sale by jy 24 COMSTOCK, HYDE & Co

WHISKEY—150 bbls Cincinnati Rectified Whiskey, in store and for sale by jy 24 COMSTOCK, HYDE & Co

UNCANVASSED HAMS—16 casks uncanvassed Hams, superior quality, Cincinnati cured, for sale by JOSEPH LANDIS & Co jy 24 14 Poydras st

LIME—1011 bbls Lime landing and for sale by jy 24 J A BARELLI & Co, 61 Common st

HAY—35 bales Hay landing and for sale by jy 24 J A BARELLI & Co, 61 Common st

LARD—300 kegs second sale Lard, in store and will be sold low by july 24 LAYET & AMELUNG.

DUCK—40 bales Cotton Duck; 20 bales Moleskin [illegible] in store for sale by ROBERT H WHITE, july 24 34 Gravier street

PIMENTO—[illegible] bags Pimento, for sale by ROBERT H WHITE, july 24 34 Gravier street

GREAT NATIONAL WORK.

HISTORY of the INDIAN TRIBES of NORTH AMERICA. Complete sets just received. Subscribers are respectfully solicited to call and receive their numbers, at NORMAN, STEEL & CO, july 24 18 Bienville st.

PLAYING CARDS—Marble back—Henry VIII.—Decatur—Merry-Andrews—Eagles—Cattea [illegible] Imperial—Poker—Ucre—Islander and Spanish Cards, for sale at the New Orleans Stationers' Warehouse. NORMAN, STEEL & CO. july 24 18 Bienville st.

PLANTATION PORK—150 barrels pork, consisting of mess, prime soft P. O., &c in store and suitable for plantation use, for sale by july 24 BOGERT & HAWTHORN, 53 Gravier st.

MOSS—28 bales landing in fine order, for sale by july 24 F H HALLWEY, 31 Common st

EAST INDIA MADEIRA—47 boxes of 2 dozen 12 demijohns do of superior quality, in store and for sale by F H HALLWEY, july 24 31 Common st

TOBACCO—40 hhds Missouri tobacco, a prime article, in store and for sale by BOGERT & HAWTHORN, july 24 53 Gravier st

GIN—2 pipes Holland Gin for sale by ROBERT H WHITE, july 24 34 Gravier street

OSNABURGS—25 bales Osnaburgs, for sale by ROBERT H WHITE, july 24 34 Gravier street

TOBACCO—200 boxes manufactured Tobacco, for sale by ROBERT H WHITE, july 24 34 Gravier street

GRASS BAGS—100 Grass Bags for sale by ROBERT H WHITE, july 24 34 Gravier street

SPANISH DOUBLOONS for sale by july 24 R GRONING & CO.

LIME—200 bbls Thomaston lime for sale low in quantities to suit purchasers. W E & R MURPHY, july 24 132 Old Basin

LUMBER—Yellow pine Lumber consisting of inch boards, scantling 3-4, 4-5 and 4-6, for sale by july 24 W E & R MURPHY, 132 Old Basin

BUTTER CRACKERS—[illegible] bbls western make, a superior article, for sale by july 24 FRANCIS TURNER & Co, 36 Poydras st

NAILS—800 kegs Boston Nails, assorted, for sale by jy 24 ROBERT H. WHITE, 34 Gravier st

VINEGAR—150 barrels Vinegar, for sale by jy 24 R H WHITE, 34 Gravier st

SOAP—100 boxes No 1 Soap, for sale by jy 24 ROBERT H WHITE.

FRESH FLOUR—100 bbls in store, for sale by jy 24 G DORSEY, 44 New Levee.

BALE ROPE & Twine for sale by SLATER & TRIER, jy 24 40 Poydras st.

SPANISH SEGARS—75,000 Havana and Principe Segars of the best quality in store, and for sale by july 24 R GRONING & CO.

CANVASSED HAMS—30 hhds superior canvassed hams, for sale by JOSEPH LANDIS & CO. july 24 14 Poydras st

HORSE COLLARS—50 doz in store, for sale by JAS D DENEGRE, july 24 [illegible] Custom House st

BALE ROPE—[illegible] Kentucky Bale Rope in store for sale by JAS D DENEGRE, [illegible] Custom House st

CARTS, Drays, [illegible], Wheelbarrows and Trucks, constantly on hand, for sale by JAS D DENEGRE, july 24 [illegible] Custom House st

Sales at Auction.

BY J S BLACHE.

WILL be sold on Thursday the 26th inst, at half past 4 o'clock in St Anne street, between Rey[illegible] and Bourbon streets:

The MATERIALS composing the house known under the name of "Cours Dry Coffee House," said house to be demolished and the materials carried away by the purchaser within fifteen days after the adjudication. Terms cash. july 23

BY BOUNY & GUINAULT.

WILL be sold on Saturday the 28th instant, at 12 o'clock at the City Exchange,

A Lot of Ground, situated in the square of the city, in St Ann street, between Burgundy and Rampart streets, measuring (French measure) 23 feet front on St. Ann street, by a depth between parallel lines of 90 feet more or less. Together with the House built on said lot, both bricks on front on the street, and the remainder built between posts; and house containing two adjoining apartments, gallery and two cabinets, kitchen, &c.

Conditions—1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 years, from the 4th April last in lieu of the vendor at the Louisiana Bank, together the interests and the surplus payable on the 1st of September next, in notes satisfactorily endorsed, bearing mortgage until final payment.

This property is insured for $2000, and the policy has about eleven months to run. jy 26 2

BY M BARNETT Sen.

WILL be sold on Saturday, the 28th instant, at 12 o'clock, at the City Exchange, St Louis street, the Negro Woman LUCIANE, aged about 32 years, together with her child, Françoise, aged about 10 years. Luciane is a cook and good washer, fully guaranteed against all the vices and maladies prescribed by law.

Terms—3 and 6 months' credit, for notes satisfactorily endorsed, with mortgage.

The slaves will not be delivered until the terms of sale are complied with.

Act of sale before Pitot, notary public, at the expense of the purchaser. july 26

Valuable Property in the First Municipality.

BY M. BARNETT, Sen.

WILL be Sold on Saturday, 28th instant, at 12 o'clock, at the City Exchange, St Louis street,

A TWO-STORY BRICK BUILDING situated in Rampart street, composed of 4 rooms, [illegible] and a back gallery, forming the corner of Conti and Rampart streets, in Pritchard's row, having a two story back building [illegible] the house to be [illegible] feet front on Conti street, by a depth of 100 [illegible] bearing [illegible] 30 feet wide.

Terms—One quarter [illegible] at 6, 12 and 18 months [illegible] in notes endorsed, with mortgage until final payment.

Act of sale before Baird, notary public, at the expense of the purchaser.

The above property is leased at $1,000 per annum. july 26

BY M BARNETT, Sr. & M F COUGOT

WILL be sold on Tuesday August 7, at 12 o'clock precisely, at the city Exchange, St Louis st, between Chartres and Royal streets, by virtue of an order from the Honorable the District Court, for the First Judicial District of the State of Louisiana, bearing date the 7th July, 1838, and at the suit of the Syndic of Gurlie & Guillot,

6 Shares City Bank Stock, of $100 each, paid in full, 6 Shares Improvement Bank Stock, of $100 each, on which $80 have been paid.

The said Bank Stock abandoned by the said Gurlie & Guillot to their creditors.

Terms—Cash. july 26

SYNDIC'S SALE.

BY M BARNETT & M F COUGOT

WILL be sold on Monday the [illegible] 1838, at 12 o'clock precisely, at the City Exchange, St Louis street, between Chartres and Royal streets, by virtue of an order from the Honorable the District Court for the First Judicial District of the State of Louisiana, bearing date the 7th of July, 1838, and at the request of the Syndic of creditors of Gurlie & Guillot, the following

SLAVES:

abandoned by them to their creditors:

Tom, negro bricklayer, aged about 45 years.
Charles Bel, a hodman, aged about 42 years.
Bob, hodman, aged about 26 years.
Eugene, hodman, aged about 26 years.
Mathew, somewhat of a bricklayer, aged about 26 years.
Francois, negro bricklayer, aged about 25 years.
Ossey, negro bricklayer, aged about 26 years.
Cayetano, mulatto bricklayer, aged about 26 years.
Jean Pierre, mulatto bricklayer, aged about 20 yrs.
Alexis, a negro, somewhat of a bricklayer.
Dubois, aged 55 years.
Ben, negro hodman, aged about 30 years.
Robert, negro hodman, aged about 30 years.
Moses, a hodman, aged 28 years.
Andrew, a hodman, aged 24 years.
William, a hodman, aged 21 years.
Ransom, a hodman, aged 22 years.
Edmond, a hodman, aged 17 years.
Joseph Conant, a bricklayer, aged 55 years.
Rose, mulatress, a washer, aged about 42 years.
Sophie, negress, aged about 45 years.
Julie, negress, aged about 45 years.
Nayle alias Laure, somewhat of a cook, aged about 30 years.
Victoire, mulatress, aged about 28 years, having imperfect eye sight, with her child aged six months.
Maria, aged 45 years.
Sophie, aged 30 years.

TERMS:

One-fourth of the purchase money at 60 days credit, one-fourth at 6 months, one-fourth at 12 months, and one-fourth at 18 months credit, for notes satisfactorily endorsed bearing mortgage.

Acts of sale at the expense of purchasers to be passed before Theodore Seghers, Esq. notary public.

The purchaser shall not be furnished his notes and registered with the syndics within the space of 15 days from the day of sale, will be considered as having not complied with the requisitions of the sale, and in all such cases the slaves will be resold at the risk and peril; notice to that effect will be published in the papers three times during ten days.

All notes not paid at maturity will bear interest of ten per cent, per annum until paid, and the purchaser however being entitled by this clause to retard the payment.

Purchasers instead of furnishing their individual note after the last two terms above mentioned, will have the privilege to make payment to a portion the whole of the two last payments, which the syndics may be able proper to accept of a [illegible] credits against the insolvents. It being well understood that the buyer of the slaves is give a mortgage on the property purchased by them, in order to guarantee the obligations which they have made relative to the acts of sale, for the purpose of ensuring a reimbursement on the first demand the amount obtained by the said syndics, in all cases when the dividend resulting to said purchasers shall not be sufficient to pay the amount of the sum termed in proportion to a tableau of distribution, which is to be drawn up in accordance to the formalities prescribed in the proceedings of the insolvent between the creditors of said insolvents, duly registered.

The slaves will be at the account and risk of the purchasers at the time the sale is made; they will not however be delivered until the requisitions of the sale are complied with.

Immediately after the above mentioned sale, by virtue of an order from the same court, bearing the same date, and at the request of the syndics of Le. Gurlie, Louis [illegible] will be sold [illegible] slaves, abandoned by [illegible] to his creditors, payable on the same conditions and stipulations as the preceding.

Little Tom, a negro aged 26 years, hodman and cartman.

Isaac, a negro aged about 26 years, hodman and cartman. july 26—3t—law

BY FERNANDEZ & WHITING.

ON Saturday next, 28th inst, at 12 o'clock, M, at the City Exchange, will be sold, the creole slave named AUGUSTIN, aged 30 years. He is an excellent subject, and understands all the work of a plantation; he is guaranteed from all the vices and maladies described by law.

Conditions—One half cash, and the balance at 6 months credit, for notes satisfactorily endorsed, with mortgage until final payment. Act of sale before W. Y. Lewis, notary public, at cost of purchaser. jy 26—2t

BY M BARNETT, Sr.

WILL be sold on Thursday next the 26th instant, at 12 o'clock, at the St Louis Street Exchange,

The schooner EMBLEM, copper fastened, burthen of about eighty tons, together with her rigging, sails, tackle, apparel, furniture, &c &c as per inventory, which will be exhibited at the time of sale.

Terms, at sale. jul 21

BY JOSEPH LE CARPENTIER.

WILL be sold on Tuesday, 31st instant, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the establishment known as the Broker's Coffee House, corner St Louis and Chartres streets:

The stock of the establishment, consisting of an assortment of cordials of the first quality, and other articles usual in a coffee house; and a quantity of cigars.

Also—Counters, shelves, tables, looking glasses, dishes, kitchen furniture &c. &c.

The conditions will be made known at the time of sale. july 24—7t

BY BOUNY & GUINAULT.

WILL be sold on Thursday next, 26th instant, at 5 o'clock P M, in New Levee street, between Hospital and Barrack streets No 244,

The COLUMBUS COFFEE HOUSE, with a large assortment of Cordials, Wines, &c, a Billiard Table, with Bar Furniture.

The whole to be sold in block, agreeable to the inventory, which can be examined on the premises.

Terms cash. july 21 3t

BY HEWLETT & CENAS.

WILL be Sold on Saturday, 28th instant, at 5 o'clock, at the depot of the 2d Municipality at Tchoupitoulas, near Julia street—

A quantity of flatboat plank, boards, wood, stone ballast, sawdust, empty casks, &c &c.

july 19—5t Terms—Cash

NOTICE.

ALL Persons indebted to the succession of the late N. Nicholas Sharp, are requested to call on George N. Sharp, at his residence No. 180 Tchoupitoulas st. and make payment. Those having claims against the estate will please present the same to the subscriber. GEORGE N. SHARP, Curator. july 24 3t

STRAYED MARE—A small, cream-colored mare, having scratches and a white star on the forehead; marked with the letters U S on the left shoulder; the said mare is at the stable since the 17th of July, 1838; the owner is requested to claim the same, in default of which she will be sold on Saturday, the 4th of August, 1838, by Mr. Guillotte, auctioneer, according to the police ordinance. The said mare is at the stable of Mr Guerin, No 214, St Ann street.

J. MAURICE, captain.

New Orleans, July 19, 1838. july 21

TEN DOLLARS REWARD

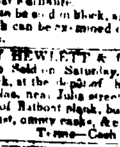
Will be given to the person who may arrest the negress SUSANNE, who has been a long time known as the property of Mr. Jos. Prados. She is about five and a half feet high, speaks English and French with facility, has very thick lips, and a round face. She is supposed to be in the Faubourg Marigny. Captains of steamboats and other persons are warned not harbor her under the penalty of the law. july 24 3t

STOP THE RUNAWAY!

Runaway from the residence of the subscriber, in St Louis street, between Bourbon and Dauphine streets, his slave, griffe, named JACK, aged about twenty-eight years. He is about five feet six inches high, speaks English and French with very fluently, and when he stops to talk quick he stammers. A reward of Twenty five Dollars will be given to any one who will arrest and secure him in the jail of this city or in any other jail in the state.

july 24—6t—law SAM'L HERMANN.

STRAYED.



A very dark bay horse marked on the right shoulder with letter B, on the left side an unknown mark; the hind left foot white, the front feet in bad order—the said horse is an English horse; he is at the stable of Mr Guerin St Ann street, No 214, since the 21 of July, 1838. If the proprietor do not come to claim him before the 10th of August next, he will be sold on hat day by Mr Guillotte, auctioneer, according to the police ordinance.

New Orleans, 23d July, 1838.

july 24 JH. MAURICE, Capt.

TO RENT.

Store No 86 Camp street, immediate possession can be given. Apply on the premises. jy 10

L'ABEI[illegible]

IMPRIMÉ ET PUBLIÉ [illegible]

NOUVELLE-OR[illegible]

JEUDI MATIN, 26 JU[illegible]

BLOCUS MEXICAIN.—[illegible]

La [illegible] de guerre des Eta[illegible] arrivée [illegible] passé, après [illegible] dans [illegible] du Mexique [illegible] après [illegible] à Vera Cr[illegible] et Galveston.

Les ports du Mexique [illegible] par l'escadre française [illegible] du fort San [illegible] pour la France [illegible] nant des États Unis [illegible] avant d'être exposés à [illegible] qu'il se soit écoulé [illegible] le monde.

L'amiral Bazoche [illegible] Sacrificios, un brick, [illegible] de la frégate [illegible] et [illegible] de [illegible] brick se trouve devant A[illegible] [illegible] Tampico et M[illegible] à l'ancre [illegible] Le [illegible] le 27 mai, avait retardé [illegible] demande des autorités mexi[illegible] [illegible] gouvernement [illegible] entre [illegible] Jusqu'à ce jour la meilleure [illegible] entre [illegible] de service et de poli[illegible]

NOTICE HISTORIQUE SUR [illegible] ET LE PAVEMENT D[illegible]

[illegible]

LA LOUISIA[illegible]

No 1

Parler de la Louisiane [illegible] plus [illegible] Quand nous voulons porter [illegible] notre pays [illegible]

[illegible]