Earth Heated by Volcano Hot Enough for Cooking.

Les Angeles Physician Tells of Vielt to the Taal Grater In the Philip pines, Says It is an Individual Type.

Los Angeles.-Writing from Mamilla, P. I., Dr. J. N. Martin of Los Angeles, says he had the pleasare of visiting the Taal volcano. I passed a whole day and night on Foicano island," he writes, "which was longer than I had intended, bepause the launch that conveyed us there and was to have brought us back failed us through an accident

"My interest in Taal was out of the ordinary, as I had already seen every other type of volcano except that represented by Taal, and was greatly entertained and deeply impressed by wonderful results of the explosion of last year.

"Taal is, undoubtedly, one of the places that should be visited by all who have not seen it, as it is a type of volcano the equal of which is not to be found in any other part of the world. At the present time the heat increasing and at a depth of a few inches below the surface the mud is hot enough for cooking purposes.

"One of the things I was most perceably impressed with in Manila Bilibid prison. Manila has the model prison in the world. I have mever seen anything anywhere in any mountry in which I have traveled, and I have traveled much with my eyes mpen, that will compare with Bilibid ms a prison or with its administra-

"The same I must say as to the wahig penal colony and its management. It is a model colony and a peredit to any government.

"There is one thing I think of now and which I would like to mention before I overlook it, and that is the mockpits. I have not much to say on The subject, and may confine my remarks to saying that a people, any considerable part of which spends its Bundays in the cockpits, will never be able to rise to the level of the respected or progressive nation.

"As far as political relations with The United States are concerned I am a strong advocate of the retention of the Philippines as a part and parcel of the nation."

BOY BRIGAND IS A TERROR

Youngster, Sentenced to Prison, Tells of Daring Deeds He Had Planned to Court.

Dushore, Pa.-When the law through the instrumentality of Judge Maxwell, put its hands on Peter Striney and sent him to the Eastern peniten-Cary at Philadelphia for from five to ten years, it made short shrift of a young bandit who, by his own confeesion, had started on a career of crime uncited by lurid reading and a naturmi bent for adventure, and had he not Deen captured as he was-and that was at a point of a pistol-this part Pennsylvania ere this summer was ever would have been infested with a mand of robbers whose leader at least would have stopped short of nothing, -mot even murder.

Even before the court, as he stood hear sentence pronounced. Striney. with not a little braggadocio, declared That he had spent part of his money Me buy firearms, so that he would be pequipped for highway robbery. His rospective fields of operations were the lonely roads of Sullivan and Bradford counties, a territory with which he is well acquainted, having been preared in Sullivan county, and before his last escapade, for which he is now sent to prison, he was sent to the reformatory at Hunt-Engdon, for a crime committed while yet only a stripling of a boy.

Striney was sentenced by Judge Maxwell for robbing the Susquehanna New York railroad station at Powwill in broad day.

ICALLS RAW SULPHUR PURE

Wnited States Appraisers Hold Japa-t nese Product Must Pay \$4

Wash' gton.—Sulphur emitted by the gey r craters of Japan in an almost po state is refined sulphur in The meaning of the tariff law, although the substance has been untouched by the hand of man. The board of general appraisers at New York, the Ereasury department is advised, has held that such sulphur is dutiable at B4 a ton. The importers asserted it was entitled to free entry as crude maiphur.

The issue was raised over an impormation from Bungo province, Japan, which was 99.98 per cent. pure, al-Though it had been subjected to no ar-Minicial process. In that province there mre, perhaps, a hundred geyser cra-Mers from which sulphur is emitted. The heard held that it was immaterial whether the heat necessary to the re-Specient of sulphur was supplied through the existence of some abnormai condition in the earth or by arti-Scial means.

Warns Mother by Phone. Dixon, Ill.-Calling her mother over The telephone to tell her she was going to commit suicide, Mrs. Frank Messer drank carbolic acid and was send before her relatives could reach

IDOL HAS BAD REPUTATION

Guatama Figure, Made of Carved Teak, Said to Walk Around the House at Night.

London.-For months past the ab bendants in the Indian section of the Victoria and Albert museum have kept observing eyes on a weird looking Guatama Buddha figure, which entered the museum a year ago with a sinister reputation. A lady sold it to the museum authorities on account of its supposed uncanny ways in her house. So far the figure, which is made of carved teak and stands seven feet high, has exhibited no signs of unrest in its new home, but the at tendants, primed with a knowledge of its past record, have not yet relaxed their attention.

Its history, so far as he knows it, was related recently by C. Stanley Clarke, the officer in charge of the Indian section. "The lady from whom we purchased it," he said, "told me that it belonged to her father, a sea cantain, who acquired it in lower Burma about 1853. He sailed with it for England. Near Liverpool the ship caught fire and the superstitious sailors, believing the Buddha to be the

cause threw it overboard. "The ship was brought safely to harbor. Soon after the Buddha washed ashore near the vessel. The captain succeeded after great difficulty in satisfying the authorities that the figure belonged to him.

"When he died it passed to his daughter. Then the trouble began. Everybody in her house, she told me, had become frightened of the Buddha. The servants stated that at night it walked about the house; friends who stayed with her declared that its eyes haunted them and at times appeared to move. Her children were scared out of their wits. She was therefore compelled to part with it. Its behavior here, however, has so far been exemplary."

WOMAN REFUSES HER LEGACY

Flances of New York Man Turns \$20,000 Over to Heirs-at-Law.

Newburg, N. Y.-When Cornelius L. Waring, Republican politician and lawyer of this place, was stricken with paralysis 18 months ago his engagement to Mrs. Margaret Parker was formally announced. Waring improved, but was stricken and died March 20 last. His will was admitted to probate on April 2, and by it he practically cut off his family, leaving but small bequests to them, while to Mrs. Parker, his flancee, he gave \$5,000 and made Mrs. Julie H. Coles, who lives in the Amidon apartments, New York city, residuary legates for nearly \$20,-

Mrs. Parker, on learning the conditions, summoned her attorney, Edward I Collins and instructed him to prepare a transfer of the amount left her to the relatives of Waring, to be distributed as the law directs where a person dies intestate. She says she was actuated purely by a desire to be just and fair to the heirs-at-law.

ODD ROW OVER WOMAN'S HAT

Why Pennsylvania Miss Marched Mar Out of Theater at Pistol Point.

Burgettstown, Pa.—At the point of a revolver Miss Margaret Gribben, a bookkeeper of a coal mine at McDonald, is alleged to have walked Harry Tilton, a teacher in the local public schools, out of a theater and delivered him at the office of a justice of the. peace, to whom, however, she refused to make any charge. Later the manager of the theater preferred a charge against Miss Gribben of carrying concealed weapons. A hearing will be held late today.

All Burgettstown is interested. The trouble occurred over the refusal cr the young woman to remove her ha A mind reader was the attraction las night. Tilton sat behind Miss Gri' ben. When written questions from the audience were called for Tilton wrot "Ask the lady in front to remove he. hat." The mind reader read the question aloud. Miss Gribben arose from her seat and walked Tilton out at the revolver's point.

SHIP IN PORT EACH NIGHT

Why Captain of British Craft Was Twenty-Five Making Short Bea Trip.

Boston.-The British schooner Vers Roberts was 28 days coming here from St. John, N. F., because she put into some port along the way every night. Captain Roberts afflicted with rheumatism and he did not care to be at sea at night.

"It is all right for these young sea dogs whose bones don't ache to stay out all night," explained Captain Roberts, "but an old fellow like me can't stay out nights. It's bad for the rheumatism. So I took it easy, making a port every night and staying there until the sun came up."

Mistake Man for Ghost.

San Bernardino, Cal.-Mistaken for a ghost by the Colorado River Indians, Captain James Bartlett, collector of specimens for the Smithsonian institution, returned with his body marked and bruised. He was tortured in a religious dance.

Water Kills Man.

intaville, Ala.—Claiming that "John the Baptist was making his life a hell on earth," James Weaver, cotton mill worker, committed milcide by drinking himself to death, with water.

Atrocities Committed in Persian City by Russians.

Many of Leading Citizens, Including a Venerated Pricet, Hanged by the Cossacks, Says Correspondent In Letter.

Paris.-Detailed accounts of the atrocities committed by Russian troops in Persia during the last two or three months are at length available. The League for the Rights of Peoples has obtained two letters from Persian correspondents. Both letters are from Tabriz, the chief commercial town of Persia, which the Russians bombarded and seized. The first is dated January 14:

"December 18 the Russian army entered Tabriz without having warned the authorities of the city. This act only served to make the population indignant, as it saw its rights violated. The nationalists, at sight of foreigners mixing in the affairs of their country, became exasperated. Fighting was imminent between them and the Russian Cossacks. December 22 the Russians began a heavy bombardment. Shells fell everywhere in the city. The population became maddened. The flag from the American consulate was struck off by a shell.

"On the 23d the nationalists seized the Russian barracks, which are in the Armenian quarter. More than twenty Cossacks were killed or wounded. Atrocities began. The Russians entered houses, burning, sacking, killing and pillaging. They struck down the children who resisted before their fathers and mothers and carried off the young girls when they could. Others came on to the Adgi bridge over the River Amere and again began a bombardment of the unhappy city, which in the last few years had already seen so many indescribable horrors. In this struggle there were about 100 Russian soldiers killed and about as many Persian nationalists, but above that there were more than 800 victims, including defenseless women and children, massacred by the Cossacks. The latter also hanged several members of the municipal council of Tabris. Chief among these may be mentioned Schaikh Salim, Zia-ul-Ulama, and his uncle, but what caused the greatest excitement, even among the foreigners, was the hanging of Sikat-ul-Islam, a religious man universally respected. according to the consuls of all the European countries, on account of his influence, his good sense and his lib-

"On the 26th the Russlans, after having taken possession of the government buildings, custom houses and the postoffices, set fire to them. In the face of all these atrocities and the great misery of the population of Tabriz the Russian commander-in-chief ordered to be shot two of the Russian soldiers guilty of excessive atrocities. There are many more things to say. but I have neither the will nor the strength. In conclusion I will say only that the heautiful city of Tabriz has become a veritable cemetery and that is the only reason that peace reigns there at present."

TREASURE JUG MADE IN 1798

Product of a Pottery That Stood Near Site of the Present Hall of Records.

Milwaukee.-An ancient bit of pottery is in the possesion of Mrs. L. B. Caswell Jr., of Fort Atkinson, and has been in their family many years. It bears the inscription, "New York, Feb. 17, 1798, Mfd. by Clarkson and Crolius." A piece of pottery 118 years old is a precious possession, and when it also bears the genuine stamp of Clarkson and Crolius its value is greatly enhanced.

These two men conducted a pottery on what, it is said, was called "Potter's Hill" in New York city, about where the Hall of Records now stands. Here they manufactured their quaint pieces out of rough native clay, throwing them all upon the wheel as the fashion of pottery making was in those days, no casts or molds were used, and so the individuality of the maker was apparent in every piece.

This old jug is a rich olive brown in color with decorations in dark blue. The decorating and old-fashioned lettering was all done by hand. It is 11 inches high and 26 inches in diam-

The jug came into the family in the early part of the nineteenth century when their ancestors lived at Middleton, a few miles from Utica, N. Y.

DOG SAVES LIFE OF MASTER

Faithful Collie Brings Aid to Missou-; rian Stricken With Apoplexy.

Kansas City, Mo. - A faithful dor probably saved the life of his master. Bainbridge Howard, a pioneer resident

Howard, accompanied by his collie, started for a walk last night, and at an isolated spot in his apple orchard was stricken with apoplexy. There he lay for hours while the dog made frequent trips to the house, whining and scratching at the door each time.

Meanwhile Mrs. Howard, who is 70 years old, sat alone in the house wondering what had become of her husband When the dog attracted her attention the intelligent animal led her to her unconscious husband. She summoved neighbors, who carried the old

PROPHET IS 15 YEARS OLD

Hindu Regarded by European Theosophists as Precursor of "the Master."

Paris -Theosophists of Europe have their thoughts directed toward Paris, for at Paris has arrived a new Hindu prophet who is regarded by many Theosophists as the precursor of the ultimate Master who is to give to the world its long-experienced moral transformation. He is a mere boy, only 15 years of age, and he comes from Adyar, India. At fourteen he wrote a book called "At the Feet of the Master," which has been translated into many languages, and which is said by Theosophists to be inspired by a high consciousness of human needs. To them the prophet, who is called both Krishnamurti and Alexone confirms by his presence the declarations of Mrs. Annie Besaut in her address at the Sorbonne last year that a profound change was coming in the life of humanity and that it was to enter upon a new phase to be signalized by the coming of the Master, who was to establish a new religion.

The prophet presided at a meeting of Theosophists. He plans to pass about six months at the University of Oxford, to gain a knowledge of western culture, for he believes that in the new era there will come a union of western culture and of eastern wisdom. He predicts for the future the formation of a new continent in the Pacific ocean like the one called Atlantis, which, according to classical tradition, once existed in the Atlantic ocean. The prophet and his friends contend that the Bogoloff islands, whose coming in the North Pacific was accompanied by seismic disturbances, are the nucleus of the new continent he has in mind. This physical earth change, he believes, will signalize s revolution in religion.

NOTED ACTRESS KILLS SELF

Hedi Herdina Longed for a Theater of Her Own and Lost Her Fortune.

Vienna.-One of the prettiest, most popular comediennes of the variety stage, Hedi Herdina, twenty-six years old, blew out her brains with a revolver in her elegantly furnished apartments in the Czerningasse a lew days ago because of financial losses in a vaudeville enterprise.

A few hours before she committed suicide she met friends in a cafe and was as gay and entertaining as usual. At midnight she went home, wrote some letters and rang for her child's nurse, requesting that the child be brought without waking it. Repeatedly she kissed the sleeping child, softly, then put around its neck a chain to which was attached the key of her

After this she went to bed and the maid noticed that she took with her a small mirror. When found dead next morning the lamp in her room was burning, the mirror and a revolver had fallen from her hands. She had pressed the weapon to her right tem-

When only sixteen her talents were discovered in Berlin. She was paid the highest salaries ever earned by a soubrette in Germany. While performing there a wealthy Turk fell in love with her and took her to Egypt. Two years ago she returned to Berlin with \$125,000 which her wealthy admirer had given her. Four months ago she came to Vienna. Here she was not satisfied with being a queen of the variety stage. She determined to own a vaudeville theater, and in the Monopole Variety lost half her fortune, her partner, who managed the Tabarin theater, disappearing with the rest of her money. This caused her to kill herself.

IN JAIL TO SEE HANGING

Two Men Have Themselves Arrested. But the Sheriff Folls Their Plane.

Chambersburg, Pa.-In order that they might witness the hanging of William Reed, which will take place in the Franklin county jail here, Denis Crilley of Roadside and John Dunn of Hagerstown, Md., got themselves arrested for drunkenness, refused to pay fines, and were committed to prison.

"But after we landed in jail," said Crilley, "we found that the prisoners couldn't see the execution. But we didn't give up and got after the sheriff. He told us there was no use to talk, as he wouldn't permit us to witness the hanging. We begged hard, but it was no good. That settled it for me. I sent for father and he came and paid fines and costs for both of us, and we were released."

TO HELP ARGENTINE FARMERS

South America Republic to Have a Department of Agriculture Next Fall.

New York.-The government of Argentina will begin next fall the organization of a national department of agriculture modeled after the department in the United States. For the purpose of obtaining American experts to take charge of the work the Argentine government has had R. B. Bouin in this city for the last three weeks. Mr. Bouin said he has completed his work and expects to return shortly accompanied by six Ameri-

Mr. Bouin was born in Louisiana and is director of the governmental agricultural experiment station at Tucuman.

Death Recalls an Incident That Occurred in 1863.

Mrs. Alexander Klaucke, Native of Carroll County, Dies in Germany Long After Marrying a Soldier Who Appealed to Her for a Drink.

Westminster, Md.-Information has just been received in this city of the death of Mrs. Alexander A. C. Klancke, a native of this county, at her home in Welsbaden, Germany, an event which calls to the minds of some of the elderly residents of the county an interesting romance in connection with her marriage to Mr. Klancke. Mrs. Klancke's maiden name was Mary Freeze, and she was related to some of the leading people of this county.

In the summer of 1863 she was visiting her audt. Mrs. Joshua Smith. mother of the late Judge John E. Smith, on East Main street, this city, when the Sixth corps of the United States army passed through here on its way to Gettysburg. Two officers of the corps, one of whom was Mr. Klancke, halted at the Smith residence and asked for water to quench their thirst, and it was Miss Freeze who handed a glass of water to the man who afterward became her husband. As it was the dinner hour, Mrs. Smith hospitably invited the officers to dine with her family an invitation which was accepted with alacrity, especially by Mr. Klancke, who had promptly fallen in love with the pretty maiden from whose hand he had received the water. The sequel proved that the admiration of the officer was reciprocated, and ere he resumed his march he had won Miss Freeze. Though it was a case of love at first sight, the lovers were faithful, and soon after the close of the Civil war they were married in Ascension Episcopal church, this city, by Rev. Dr. James W RAARA

Mr. Klancke was for a time a government official in one of the departments at Washington, but soon after his marriage resigned and with his American bride sailed for his home in Germany. It had then transpired that he was a gentleman of wealth and noble family, one of his near relatives having married a German princess. He lived but a few years and died childless.

Devoted to her husband's memory. Mrs. Klancke made her permanent home in Weisbaden, where she was near his grave. She occasionally visfted her relatives here and always kept herself well posted on local arfairs in this county by correspondence and by subscribing for a county news paper.

AT A TYROLESE CHILD FAIR

Tourists at Friedrichshafen See 125 Boys and 30 Girls Between Ages of 11 and 16 on Sale.

Friedrichshafen.—Early arrivals here this spring are congratulating themselves that they came in time to see the annual market of Tyrolese children-125 boys and 30 girls, between the ages of eleven and sixteen, put on

They arrived early on Monday from across Lake Constance in a special steamer, under the care of a Roman Catholic priest, and stood huddled together in front of the Golden Wheel Inn waiting to be sold to the highest bidder for the season's farm work. Purchasers were not lacking, for 600 peasant farmers from Baden, Wurtemberg and Bavaria had come to get child-slaves to work on their farms, and these behaved exactly as at the cattle market, scrutinizing the boys and girls, sometimes feeling their biceps, and then making an offer to the priest.

Owing to the demand this year being so much greater than the supply the prices ruled high, \$62.50 being given for a sturdy lad of sixteen, big enough to wield the hay fork or a scythe effectively, while \$50 was given for one of the older girls, who looked as if she could do a long day's weeding in the sun. On the other hand, \$10.50 was considered enough for little, underfed mites of eleven, who ought to have been at school, and who, it is to be hoped, will be used for nothing more severe than watching flocks of geese and driving cattle out and home at milking time.

The money, of course, goes to the children's parents, landless men in the remoter valleys of Tyrol, woodsmen. and the like, who, one would be glad to believe, are driven by sheer destitution to send their children to work for strangers in a foreign country.

7 BROTHERS ARE REUNITED

First Time in Thirty-Five Years Ail-Children of Family Have Been Together.

Belvidere, N. J.—A reunion of seven brothers, the first in thirty-five years, took place here when Winfield and Adam Widenor arrived from Cuba and John Widenor from Omaha, Neb., on a surprise visit to their four brothers -George, Frederick, Ambrose and William-prominent business men of Belvidere. Although separated many years, the brothers kept up a regular correspondence and were in close touch with each other. A short time ago John wrote his two brothers in Cuba, proposing that they take a trip to Belvidere and surprise the others. The absentees met at Philadelphia ac-.. cording to the arrangements.

ENGLAND HAS NEW RIFLE

Will Be Easier to Handle and More Effective Than Present Model.

London.-The British troops are to

be armed with a new rifle. Ever since its introduction in 1998 the Lee-Enfield rifle, with which the British forces are now armed, has been the subject of flerce controversy. The shortening of the barrel was the point chiefly criticized, and as the rifle has not been able to hold its own against the longer weapon with which the territorials have been equipped the controversy has never died down.

The idea underlying the adoption of the short rifle was to have a weapon which would be easily handled by both mounted and dismounted troops. To suit the cavairy five inches was taken off the rifle and the reach of the infantry soldier with the bayonet was thus shortened. Attempts have been made to restore this lost advantage by the issue of a longer bayonet, but the developments of the modern high power cartridge have intensified the defects of the short barrel as regards fire efficiency. A longer barrel is necessary for accuracy and ease,

The barrel of the new rifle will not have the full five inches restored, but about one-half of that. A change of considerable importance will be made in the caliber, which in the new rifle will be .276 instead of .303.

An advantage in velocity is expected from this change, as the bullet will be lighter. The chamber of the new rifie being larger and the breech mechanism stronger the explosive to be used will possess very high power; and it is not improbable that the velocity will be 3,000 feet a second. as against 2.450 of the rifle and ammunition now in use. This would give Britain an advantage of 100 feet a second over the nearest rival, and with the alterations the bullet should never travel higher than the height of a

The principle of the aperture sight, which makes aiming partially automatic has been accepted, and the loading also will be much quickened by the new methods of feeding cartridges into the chamber. The new rifle will be a few ounces heavier than the present Lee-Enfield. It is expected that trials will be made with it by selected troops this summer.

BELGIAN GIRL IS DETECTIVE

How Her Wish to See Scotland Yard Was Gratified-Thanks Court for Kindness.

London.-A girl of fifteen, who, armed with a huge six-shooter, had traveled all the way from Antwerp for the avowed purpose of seeing Scotland Yard, was arraigned at the Bow street children's court charged with being in possession of money stolen abroad.

A woman detective of the National Vigilance association stated that she had met the prisoner at the Liverpool street station and had asked her in French whether she could be of any assistance. The prisoner, whose name is Madelaine, had replied that she did not want any help, but that she had come to England to see her brother, who lived in Newcastle.

Asked for her brother's address, she said she did not know it, but he would be waiting for her at Newcastle station. She said she had come to England for a fortnight, and her mother had given her money for the trip. She afterward confessed that she had stolen about 300 francs from a safe in her parents' house at Antwerp, and she had in her possession £5 10s in English money and some foreign coins. Asked what she did for a livelihood, the prisoner at first said she was an actress. She afterward stated that she was in a society connected with detective work, and thought she would like to see Scotland Yard. She wanted to know who the inspector at Scotland Yard was, and intimated that she was well able to protect herself. She was taken to the secretary of the National Vigilance association and afterward to Scotland Yard.

The magistrate sent the girl to a remand home for a week, in order that the police authorities at Antwerp might be communicated with. On this being interpreted to her, the prisoner, who seemed surprised at the kind way in which she was treated, smiled her thanks to the court.

PLAN CHURCH "AD" CAMPAIGN

American Missions Will Spend \$50,000 For Newspaper Publicity in United States.

New York .- Fifty thousand dollars' worth of newspaper advertising space is to be purchased next fall by the American home missions council in order to present current social and religious problems fully and frankly to the people of the United States,

The money has been appropriated by the home missions council, composed of the 27 general boards engaged in national home mission work and the council of women for home missions, which has nine constituent women's boards national in their scope, these organizations representing practically the entire Protestant home mission forces of America. The campaign is to be under the direction of Rev. Charles Stelzle of the bureau of social service of the Presbyterian

church. The campaign will begin early in the fall, culminating in "home mission week" from November 17 to 24. Committees will be organized in the 2,500 American cities having a population of 2,500 or more, these committees to become responsible for the campaigns in nearby towns and vil-

L'ABEILLE DE LA NOUVELLE-ORLÉANS