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TERMS OF THE BEE.

DAILY PAPER, (one year in advance) $12 00
COUNTRY PAPER, semi weekly, (one year [illegible]) 5 00

[illegible] must give one week's no[tice] before he can be allowed to dis[continue].

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The New-Orleans Daily Bee.

Official Journal of the State, General Council, First Municipality and Board of Liquidators.

Tuesday Morning, Sept. 17, 1850.

FOR CONGRESS—2nd DISTRICT,
HENRY A BULLARD.

The Northern Mail failed yesterday from beyond Charleston.

WHAT HAVE WE GAINED?

The question has often been asked, what the South gains by the Compromise measures which have just been adopted by Congress. The reply is not difficult. First and foremost the South has gained the recognition and practical enforcement of the great doctrine of non-intervention [illegible] which she has been vainly asserting for a series of years; which she advocated when Missouri claimed admission as a State with a constitution which tolerated slavery—a doctrine which in no manner recognized the Compromise line of 36, 30, offered by Mr. Clay in 1824, and which a quarter of a century later drew from Mr. Calhoun one of his most logical and forcible expositions of Constitutional right and obligation. This salutary principle, which denies the authority of Congress to legislate for or against Slavery, has been the vital germ of Southern doctrine. Those who were ever its earliest, its stoutest and sternest supporters [illegible] Southern [illegible] were unfavorable in [illegible] [illegible] that it was the only possible guarantee of safety, and until the present Congress, no other remedy for our grievances was [illegible] So long as the Wilmot Proviso [illegible] agitated, so long as a powerful party [illegible] the determination to usurp an authority neither expressed nor implied by the Constitution, and to prohibit by legislation the existence of Slavery in any portion of territory belonging to the United States, the South, to a man, stood by the sound and wholesome and efficient principle of non intervention, and declared that the Wilmot Proviso was unauthorized [illegible] and should be resisted.

[illegible] Southern doctrine Congress has [illegible] the assent of [illegible] the passage of the Compromise [illegible] The Wilmot Proviso has [illegible] Every attempt—and there have been many—to secure that odious [illegible] has been defeated; and every bill [illegible] the establishment of Territorial Governments [illegible] contains a section which declares [illegible] such Territories shall become States, they shall be admitted into the Union, *with or without slavery, as their Constitutions may prescribe at the time of their admission.*—Here then is the [illegible] concession we have [illegible] of Congress [illegible] worth [illegible] agitation of the [illegible] The Compromise [illegible] Wilmot Proviso [illegible] [illegible] expectations them [illegible] slavery, and [illegible] priceless principle [illegible] intervention.

[illegible] satisfied, though [illegible] intended for antidote [illegible] discovered that the Compromise [illegible] they shifted [illegible] declared themselves in favor of the Missouri [illegible] the slightest consequence, that [illegible] denounced that line as [illegible] infringement of [illegible] They seem to have supported the Missouri line for the exact reason that they [illegible] and had that parity [illegible] the North and South; and had that par[ty] [illegible] with Congress, they would [illegible] have speedily abandoned [illegible] some other scheme wilder yet [illegible] They were from the first resolved to keep up agitation, and no plan of settlement that the wit and wisdom of man might devise would have contented them.

None of the ultras have yet undertaken to explain the peculiar advantages of the Missouri line over non intervention; nor will the effort be made. They know full well, that the Missouri Line is a direct abandonment of the theory of Congressional impotence in the matter of slavery; that by its adoption the authority of Congress to legislate upon slavery is acknowledged, and that not only would Congress be possessed of that power, but would, in the very bill [illegible] be exercising it to the [illegible] slavery. For what [illegible] Missouri Compromise Line of 36, 30, but an act restricting the advance of slavery to the [illegible] specified, and inhibiting its march beyond that limit. This is slavery restriction in perhaps a less thorough and odious form than was designed by the Wilmot Proviso, [illegible] a positive and unmistakeable shape. [illegible] and disembarrassed of all the [illegible] by which Southern [illegible] be [illegible] or attacked, or [illegible] made to Congression[al] [illegible] of the vast and transcendant benefits which we have gained by the Compromise.

In respect to California, we hold that, however Southern men may have been justified in opposing her admission, as a naked proposition, upon grounds of expediency only—since grounds of Constitutionality there are none—yet that when her admission was coupled with, and made dependent upon the passage of a series of measures framed for the express purpose of conciliation and peace, no true patriot could conscientiously vote to exclude her. For ourselves, we have never entertained a scruple on [illegible] always favored the immediate admission of California, and looking upon the reasons alleged by the ultras of the South against the measure, as literally absurd and frivolous, but [illegible] cherished all the serious objections which were said to have been created by the [illegible] attending her application, and the fact that her Constitution [illegible] slavery, they would have yielded to the [illegible] the thing, were gain[ed] [illegible]

[illegible] Texas Boundary Bill is the offspring of [illegible] Texas claims a large portion of the territory of New Mexico. Her [illegible] Congress de[illegible] to decide the dispute, but generously offers to Texas to pay her ten [millions] [illegible] her pretensions—at the same time leaving her a considerable share of the territory [illegible] in the opinion of [illegible] part of it. Against this bill there [illegible] object. It is purely and [illegible] to be settled between the Federal Government and Texas. If the latter possess [illegible] common sense, she will give [illegible] claim to barren acres, and take [illegible] The affair must be decided by the [illegible] The conduct of the United States in the controversy has been most liberal and generous and will, no doubt, induce Texas [illegible] an amicable settlement.

[illegible] the benefits conferred by the Compromise. If any one can show that we ought to have obtained more, that we have not been treated with sufficient regard and kindness, or that the ultimatum of the [illegible] would have been preferable, let him speak. We shall be happy to be enlightened.

☞ Our thanks are due to the officers of the steamer [illegible] for a copy of the *Missouri Republican* [illegible]

☞ An amusing communication will be found in our columns [illegible] under the signature of "An American [illegible]"

THE CHOLERA.—We learn from the Concordia *Intelligencer* that the cholera made its appearance last week on Dr. Jno. A. Sanderson's Deer Creek plantation, about twenty miles below Vidalia. There were ten deaths out of a large number of cases. Dr. Sanderson visited his place at once, removed his negroes from the quarters, by this means, no doubt, saved many from taking the disease. This should, we believe, be done in all instances. No cases after removal.

MEXICO.

By the arrival of the brig *Water Witch*, Capt. Conckling, we have received dates from Vera Cruz to the 29th ult., and from the capital to the 24th.

The primary elections have taken place throughout the Republic. They are as far as heard from, rather favorable to the republican party, but the candidates of that party do not number but about fourteen. This beats *all hollow* our United States.

The government has granted to a private Company, for a certain number of years, the right to carry the mail through the whole extent of the Republic, from the shores of the Atlantic to those of the Pacific. The Company will pay to the Government a duty calculated on the the weight of the letters and papers thus conveyed; the amount thus to be forked over to the treasury is estimated at about $10,000 per month or $120,000 a year. Rather a lucrative job for Government.

The *Siglo* states that certain privileges will be granted to the line of American steamers which will ply between Mobile, New Orleans and Vera Cruz. This news will hasten, we are inclined to believe the passage of the bill submitted by Mr. Soulé, before the U. S. Senate. This subject is discussed every day and with evident gusto in the Mexican papers. So much the better.

The case of Satino, accused of an attempt to commit murder, was called up on the 5th ult., before his Honor Judge Contreras.

A lighthouse is being built at the entrance of the port of Acapulco.

The accelerated line of omnibusses between Mexico and other cities, will henceforth be escorted by a detachment of troops, to prevent the *ladrones* from plundering them. Right. M. Agusta Igoas will command the force destined to protect on the highways the lives and fortunes of the citizens.

Serious fears of a freshet were entertained lately at Mexico, but the authorities were on the alert and no disaster occurred.

A locomotive was landed a few days ago at Vera Cruz. It came from Belgium, and is intended for the railroad between that city and Mexico, a portion of which is completed.

Don Jose Basilio Gueno has been appointed Minister Plenipotentiary to the Court of Rome.

The Supreme Government has refused to accept the resignation of Don Luis de la Rose, Minister at Washington, but has granted that functionary leave of absence for six months.

THE COTTON CROP.—The editor of the Montgomery Advertiser and Gazette has recently passed through the entire length of Montgomery county and a portion of Lowndes, and having taken pains to inquire into the quality of the crops in these counties, as well as those of Autauga, Coosa, Macon and Dallas, he thinks he is enabled to form an estimate of their probable yield, compared with last year, approximating to something like correctness. The yield of the six counties mentioned above he is pretty confident, will not materially vary, if at all, from that of the last year. Three weeks ago, the prairie planters were under the impression that their crops would be much larger than last year; but the wind and incessant rain for a week thereafter, blasted these calculations. The plant took a fresh start to grow after the rain, and consequently threw off every form and bloom, and even small bolls. He never witnessed such a change in a crop; and did not see a prairie farmer who does not reduce his estimate at least one-fourth, since the 25th of August, and many of them to a third and a half. The dry weather before this time had materially injured the sandy land cotton, so that between the two, wet and dry, we know not or hear not, of a good crop in the country.

THE COTTON CROP.—The Concordia *Intelligencer* says: During the week we have met several planters from this and Tensas parish, and also from Adams county. All report that their cotton is shedding a large majority of its forms. Some state that there never has been a parallel.

On some plantations the rot and boll worm has done, and is doing immense damage. The weather for the last ten days has been very favorable for cotton picking, and the planters are improving it to the best advantage.

☞ The Natchez *Free Trader* states that a telegraphic despatch had been received in that city from Vicksburg, announcing that Governor Quitman was in the act of writing his proclamation to convene the State Legislature by the 20th October next.

☞ We tender our thanks to Mr. PLACIDE CANONGE, for a copy of his fine drama "*France et Espagne*," which was performed with much success at the Orleans Theatre, during the past season.

ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE NEW ORLEANS PRICE CURRENT.—Our thanks are due to the Editors of the New Orleans Price Current, for a copy of their annual Statement, arranged on a single page, in a convenient form for reference. It should be procured by every merchant.

HON. C. J. JENKINS.—The office of Secretary of the Interior was last week tendered to this gentleman by the President, and we regret to say that he declined accepting it.

FROM JAMAICA.—By the steamship *Empire City* at New York, we have received intelligence from Jamaica to the 29th ult., at five o'clock on the evening of the 28th the mercury in the thermometer at Kingston ranged 91 1-2 in the shade, and the papers, say "it was oppressively warm in consequence," which seems to us to be inverting the usual order of cause and effect.

The papers are filled almost exclusively with correspondence about local matters, and with discussions upon the practicability of profitably raising cotton upon the island.

At Demarara there was considerable excitement respecting the further importations of Coolies.

The Empire City left Kingston on the afternoon of the 29th of August. The weather had then been unusually warm for several days, but the city and the island generally were very healthy.

FROM PANAMA.—We have dates from Panama to the 24th ult—six days later than the advices by the *Ohio*. We copy the following from the *Star*—

ARREST OF THE TABOGA RIOTERS.—Last week we mentioned that a detachment of troops had been despatched to Tabogo to quell a riot existing there, in which certain lawless sailors and laborers had engaged for the purpose of preventing more peaceably disposed men from working in and discharging and loading vessels.

We are now glad to announce that the ringleaders of this mob have been arrested and brought to this city, where they are confined in the calaboose. We don't know what punishment the Grenadian laws inflict for such conduct but we trust it will be of sufficient power to teach these men that they cannot with impunity infringe upon the rights of others, and go unwhipt of justice.

Much credit is due to the captain of the port, Senor Bonito for the promptness and determination displayed by him in arresting the rioters. Immediately upon the news of the outbreak being communicated to him, he made a requisition upon the Governor for a sufficient force to quell it, with which he repaired to the scene at once, and did not leave until he had accomplished his purpose. Such efficient conduct is rather rare among the people of this climate, and we therefore, with much pleasure in this case, give credit where it is due.

HEALTH OF CHARLESTON.—The *Courier* says: We have not taken the trouble to contradict the various idle reports concerning the health of our city, circulated to distant places, for the reason that they have been less rife this summer than in previous years. The "broken-bone" has done its office, we confess, and produced the most lantern-like looking faces that a jolly fellow need look at—but the afflicted suffer but for a few days, and rise up to laugh at their fellows, when their turn comes—and few escape. But seriously, Charleston has so far enjoyed an entire exemption from any disease calculated to alarm the most timid, and there is every indication of an early commencement of a brisk trade for the ensuing season, which will make Charleston really and truly the great Southern commercial mart, where business men from all quarters will congregate.

MURDER.—On Monday last, the body of a Mexican, by the name of Francisco Tiserina, was found in the woods about a quarter of a mile beyond Santa Rita, horribly mangled, his skull broken in, teeth knocked out, and otherwise mutilated. A man by the name of Pedro Castro is suspected of the murder, as he was seen on the same day in a fight with the deceased.

CONGRESS.

We extract the following telegraphic account of the proceedings of Congress from the St. Louis papers, of the 10th inst.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.

HOUSE.—Mr. Richardson continued his speech in support of the majority report of the investigation of the conduct of the Secretary of the Interior, Thomas Ewing, and during the speech his remarks were very severe. Mr. Vinton followed in reply, until the morning hour expired, when Mr. Robinson moved that the House proceed to take up the business on the Speaker's table, which was agreed to.

The Chair announced the first bill in order, to be the West Point appropriation bill. Mr. Bayly proceeded to explain the Senate's amendment to said bill. It was referred to the Committee of the Whole.

The Senate bill establishing the State Government of California was taken up.

Mr. Boyd moved to amend by adding the bill for Utah.

Mr. Vinton rose to a point of order.

The Speaker decided Mr. Boyd's motion to be in order.

Mr. Vinton appealed from the decision of the Chair, and demanded the yeas and nays.

The question was put, "Shall the Chair be sustained?" Lost—yeas 86, nays 116.

Mr. Boyd's amendment was then declared out of order.

After further attempts to amend the Senate bill for the admission of California, without success, it was ordered to be engrossed—yeas 151, nays 57. The bill was then passed—yeas 150, nays 56.

The House then went into committee of the whole, and took up the Senate bill forming a territorial government for Utah. Attempts were made to insert the Wilmot Proviso; which failed.

Mr. Stevens then moved to strike out the amendment providing that when said territory shall apply for admission as a State, she shall be admitted with or without slavery.

The motion was lost—yeas 59, nays 85.

Several ineffectual attempts were made to amend the bill.

The committee rose and reported the bill to the House, when it was passed—yeas 97, nays 85.

The House then adjourned.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9th.

SENATE.—The Texas and New Mexico Omnibus bill was received from the House.

Pending the morning business, Mr. Douglass asked the unanimous consent of the Senate to take up the Texas bill for the purpose of considering the House amendments.

Mr. Turney objected, and the bill was not taken up.

Subsequently, after the morning's business had been disposed of, the bill was taken up.

Mr. Douglass stated that the amendments of the House were the Senate's, and not the Mexico bill, with these lines added "providing that no citizen shall be deprived of life, liberty, or property, except upon judgment of his peers;" it was moved to amend by substituting "person" for "citizen" and "due course of the law" for judgment of his "peers."

Mr. Chase moved that the rejected amendments of the House be then concurred in—ayes 30, nays 10.

Ayes—Messrs. Atchison, Badger, Bell, Berrien, Bright, Cass, Clay, Dawson, Dickenson, Dodge of Iowa, Douglass, Downs, Felch, Foote, Houston, Jones, King, Mangum, Morton, Norris, Pratt, Rusk, Sebastian, Shields, Smith, Spruance, Sturgeon, Underwood.

Nays—Messrs. Baldwin, Benton, Chase, Davis of Massachusetts, Dodge of Wisconsin, Ewing, Hamlin, Seward, Upham, Winthrop.

HOUSE.—Mr. Harris, of Tennessee, asked leave to introduce a resolution that Congress adjourn on the 23d inst. Objection being made, he moved an amendment so as to adjourn this day week, Sept. 15th.

Mr. Hubbard moved to amend so as to adjourn this day three weeks, Sept. 30th.

The yeas and nays were ordered on the amendment and agreed to—yeas 114, nays 67.

The resolution as amended was then adopted—yeas 117, nays 71. So the House agreed to adjourn three weeks from to day.

The Speaker called the bill for the admission of California.

Mr. Littlefield asked and obtained leave of absence for the remainder of the session from this day for eight.

The Speaker laid before the House, a letter from James Wilson, resigning his seat as a member from the Third District of New Hampshire, saying he intended to proceed to California.

On motion of Mr. Tuck, it was resolved that the Governor of New Hampshire be informed of the vacancy thus created.

Mr. Olds offered an amendment, that the Senators and Representatives from California could receive the same mileage as the Delegates from Oregon.

Mr. Stanton, of Tennessee, opposed, because, he said, it proposed to change an existing law.

Mr. Carter opposed the amendment.

Mr. Venable raised a constitutional objection, that there was no State Government or Legislature in California to prescribe time, place or manner of holding the election at the time Representatives were elected as required by the Constitution.

Mr. Schenck referred to the case of Texas.

Mr. Venable did not consider the case analogous.

An amendment to Mr. Old's amendment was reported, appropriating $60,000 for new books for the one hundred and thirty new members.

Mr. Old's amendment was adopted, with further amendments, that Babbitt and Smith, late claimants for seats in the House for New Mexico and Utah, be allowed per diem of $5 from the time of their arrival in Washington till their claims were rejected, and that they be allowed $2 per day for their mileage. Thus amended, the bill was subsequently reported to the House, and the vote on its passage was yeas 77, nays 77. The Speaker voted in the negative, thus making a tie, and the bill was rejected.

Amendments to the Military Academy bill were reported from the committee, but not acted on.

House adjourned.

CONFIRMATIONS BY THE SENATE.

Daniel D. Barnard, Minister to Prussia.
John S. Gallaher, Third Auditor.
William Irvine, Marshal of Western District of Pennsylvania.
Wm. Strong, Judge of Supreme Court of Oregon.

Consuls—Lorenzo Draper, to Havre; Edward King, Rio Janeiro; Ralph King, Bremen; Wm R. Hayes, Barbadoes; John L. Hodge, Marseilles; Benj. H. Norton, Nova Scotia; Albert Larges, Amsterdam.

FROM THE RIO GRANDE.—By an arrival from the Brazos, we have received the Brownsville *Sentinel* to the 11th. The annexed letter shows that the Indians on the Upper Rio Grande still continue the work of assassination and plunder:

ROMA, Texas, August, 1850.

MESSRS. EDITORS: Messrs. Hollister and Cox, of our place, have just arrived from San Antonio, and report having seen the bodies of two Americans, about twelve miles this side of the Arroyo de San Gertrudes. The party to which these two men belonged, consisted of three Americans: Dr. Sullivan, John Wilbarger and Alfred Neal, who were on their way from San Patricio to join the ranging company of Capt. Ford, to which they were attached. When in the vicinity of the Arroyo de San Gertrudes they were attacked by a party of about forty Indians, to whom they gave battle. After exchanging a few shots, Sullivan fell, receiving a ball in the head.—Wilbarger and Neal then endeavored to effect their escape, but after running about one mile, the latter was overtaken, shot through the shoulder and top of the head, and left on the ground for dead. Wilbarger ran about three miles, and he also fell a victim to the relentless savages. Mr. Neal was stripped of all his clothing, and left in this condition, as the Indians supposed, dead; but he succeeded, after four days of most excruciating suffering, in reaching San Patricio, after being exposed to the rays of the sun, during which time his sufferings were indescribable.

Some time since, about fifteen Mexicans, who were out mus-tanging in the vicinity of San Patricio, were attacked by eighty Indians. The Mexicans, not observing but twenty of the party, who were in advance, gave them battle, which resulted in the death of three Indians on the ground. At this crisis, the remainder of the party came up, and a furious slaughter commenced. The Mexicans fought with the courage of demons. But three of the Mexicans effected their escape, and they, badly wounded.

Messrs. Hollister and Cox express the opinion that there are large parties now in the country, and it will not be long ere you may expect to hear of more of their depredations.

Death of Bishop Bascom.

DR. BOYLE, of St. Louis received on the 9th instant, a despatch from Louisville, of the following effect:

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 9.

Bishop BASCOM is now a corpse in my house. He died in great peace: "My confidence in Almighty God is unshaken," were his last words.

E. STEVENSON.

M'LLE. BORGHESE IN A CONVENT.—We find in the September number of the Revue du Nouveau Monde the announcement that M'lle Borghese, the opera singer and lovely young woman, has entered a convent in Canada to become a nun. The reasons for this step are unknown, and it excites the more surprise, since she has been giving concerts in Canada this summer with success.

FIRE.—We regret to learn that a fire broke out Monday night last, on the plantation of Mr. John T. Marshall, at Willtown. It originated in the engine house, and the flames soon communicated to the barns, two in number, which, together with their contents, about 3000 bushels rough rice, 1,600 bushels corn, a quantity of oats and peas, and other articles, were entirely consumed. The loss is estimated at about $10,000. About 1,500 bushels of the rice was ready for shipment; and but for this disastrous occurrence, Mr. Marshall would have had the credit of sending the first of the new crop to market. The fire we learn, was accidental.—*Charleston Courier, 10th.*

MINNESOTA ELECTION.—We have St Paul papers of the 5th. The returns of the election leave no doubt of the success of Henry H. Sibley for Congress, by a majority of 150 to 200 votes.

[COMMUNICATED.]

To the Editor:

DEAR SIR—I apply to you because I am placed in a situation of some difficulty, or rather doubt, and need your advice. This application is, I think, justified by our long acquaintance, and I shall proceed at once to state my case.

Soon after the commencement of this session of Congress, I had the pleasure to read Mr. Cass's great speech on the territorial question, and I adopted at once, and conscientiously, his views on the subject. I considered that nonintervention was the ground on which every Southern man should take his stand, and I therefore repudiate as really beyond the power of the National Legislature, the establishment of the Missouri compromise line, so called. Time passed on, and as a reading man, I could not help seeing it over and over asserted in the Senate of the United States, that I was fearfully, nay alarmingly agitated. At length I began to conclude that if I was not agitated, I ought to be so, and moreover that it was my duty to show it. I went among my neighbors, and found them all like myself, perfectly quiet.—They were satisfied with the death of the Wilmot Proviso. They desired the admission of California, with or without slavery as she should decide. They all like me, loved the Constitution, and gloried in the Union, and contemplated with high pride the future prospects of our country, for the quiet undermining and overthrow of despotism throughout the world, which must result from the admirable example of self-government, which we are setting, without the aid of the bayonet or the cannon. All this was delightful to me, but there was a drawback. I was every week told that our union was a rope of sand—that the first strain would shew its entire inefficiency, and that strain was about to be, if it had not already been given.

Well! thought I—this calmness, this quiet will never do. The disease, or feeling whichever it may be termed, is asserted to be epidemic, and to catch it, I will go where it prevails, I must at all events be agitated, and even alarmingly so because the Solons of the Senate have so decided, and it will not do to prove them—stop! I do not mean that, but—very much deceived. You will not catch me guilty of the crime of *lesse majesty*, as the old common lawmen have it. No! No!!

Having cast about my mind for the best means of accomplishing the desired object, I concluded that a visit to the Pine wood would insure it. There said I, are collected gentlemen of different parishes at their summer residences, and as they have nothing to do but to enjoy themselves, they must be most alarmingly agitated. Accordingly I went there, and was domesticated at the house of a friend. Immediately after our first dinner, and while I was comfortably inhaling my Havana, waiting for the explosion on which I was to go up, my friend who had but a minute before left me, came upon the gallery, with three rifles, and four shot guns in his arms. Ah! it is coming now thought I, with a vengeance. Then, said he, handing me a long wicked rifle, it is a thirty to the pound fellow, that carries right where it is held. With that gun you cannot miss. Let Ned, and Jack, and perhaps three or four other good fellows, at dawn to morrow, and we'll give an account of them. Is it possible! I exclaimed—do you expect an attack so soon? Attack! he answered—well! call it an attack, if you will—with a nice of this, there are at Bostmente, half a dozen bucks lying, and we will bring home our share in the morning. Not to weary you, Mr. Editor, I will only say, that we hunted and fished, and the glorious trout that we caught, makes my mouth water now—we joked and laughed, and the ladies sang for us—we danced even, and political agitation was forgotten, by me, as it never seemed to have been thought of by any around me.

One evening, however, my friend y host, informed me, that the next day, there would be a grand match at rifle shooting, at which, in the phrase of the day, every gentleman, in a wide circle around, was to assist. Instantly my mind reverted to the grand object of my visit to the Pine woods, and I retired to bed with the comfortable assurance that I should be as agitated and miserable the next day as heart could wish.

The next morning, after a delightful ride of five miles, we arrived at the ground. It already appeared to be thronged, and yet for an hour the cry was "still they come." The match was duly shot, and nearly fifty expert marksmen engaged in it with their whole souls, as hard bread is generally determining the victory. Dinner was a [illegible] and more happy, more [illegible] friendly set, I never dined with.

On our way home my friend told me that he had just heard of a new and promising fishing ground, where *deo volente* we would wet our lines in the morning. My rather cant answer to this was, that in the morning I should leave for home, and in spite of all his remonstrances, I did so. My solitary ride of a day and a half was for the most part employed in bitterly commenting upon the inequality of those I had been associating with for ten days, to the manifold wrongs inflicted on us by the North. You will perceive, dear Mr. Editor, that I have been reading South Carolina 4th of July speeches.—There, such generalities may do, but here, in Louisiana, if I fellow were called upon for an exhibition of stump oratory, and should speak of these same "manifold wrongs" one might be called on to specify, I wish you would therefore set them all down in order in your next paper that I may be fully prepared. I know well that some scoundrels make a matter of profit of stealing negroes from Kentucky, and Virginia and Maryland. I know also that almost every day in the week some two or three wretches are brought before your Recorder, charged with larceny, but I do not therefore suppose that New Orleans is altogether peopled with thieves. So perhaps I ought not to think that the North is entirely made up of negro stealers. Still I cannot but think that we are all wrong to be so happy and quiet, while according to S. Carolina our dearest rights are assailed. I ask the plain question, Ought we not to dissolve the Union, and enter at once upon a civil war, if our right is not specifically recognized to go with our negroes and live under the 42d degree of North latitude? I know that my negroes and I, would rather die than go there, but still it is a right, and I am inclined to believe that to it everything that is happy and glorious in our institutions and future prospects, should be sacrificed. Pray answer this question, and oblige a quiet, but therefore unhappy

AMERICAN CITIZEN.

☞ The Washington correspondent of the Charleston *Courier*, speaking of the passage of the Texas Bill through the House, says:

I never witnessed more delight and exultation than there was, not among members and Senators, but of the people generally. All seeming to feel that they had escaped from confusion and civil war, and consequent dissolution of the Union. Among the minority, about one-half were gratified at the result, and had done about as much, indirectly, to promote the issue as if they had voted for the bill. For some days past, every vote to lay the bill on the table has been defeated by a two thirds vote.

The motion to reject the bill, it will be recollected, got but thirty-four votes. Upon every motion to reconsider, whether in or out of order, if it favored the bill, there has been a large majority. So, it will be seen that the bill had an outside support, which sustained it till enough of the hesitating or timid could be got over to vote for it. Many held back in the vain hope of procuring amendments. Thus was reached the extraordinary result of the passage of a bill that every member of the House disapproves of, in details, but which three-fourths of the House approves of in its general object. They wanted a *settlement*, and they could get it only by taking a bill which they did not like and could not amend. The Northern men say they have given up every thing by this bill. The Southern men say they have yielded every thing. All who voted for the bill say that they did it for the sake of peace. Every Southern Whig voted for the bill except Mr. Clingman, who held back for an amendment.

Mr. Cobb the Speaker, and Mr. Linn Boyd, of N. Y., have been the most influential advocates of the bill. New York, after all the efforts that were made to bring her members over to the bill, gave only thirteen votes for it. The Seward influence held them back. The administration exerted some influence in behalf of the measure. After the bill was rejected a second time on Thursday, Mr Cowin took a very active part in persuading some of the Ohio and other Western delegations to support the measure.

The administration is, of course, relieved from much embarrassment by the passage of the bill. The Northern free-soil opponents of the bill are violent and bitter. The Southern opponents of the measure bear their defeat with more dignity.

Missouri.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.—OFFICIAL.

	Darby.	Rozier.	Bowlin.
Cape Girardeau,	613	398	717
Dunklin,	78	0	98
Jefferson,	323	294	230
Madison,	206	294	191
Mississippi,	160	31	240
New Madrid,	406	23	249
Oregon,	6	2	207
Perry,	362	303	107
Reynolds,	19	2	268
Ripley,	53	7	331
St. Francois,	289	66	288
St. Genevieve,	249	298	140
St. Louis,	3,894	3,672	860
Scott,	172	21	264
Shannon,	50	31	84
Stoddard,	135	120	345
Wayne,	87	18	439
Butler,	21	28	170
	7,123	5,898	5,211

It will be seen by the above that Darby's majority over Rozier is 1,525, and his majority over Bowlin 1,912. Rozier's majority over Bowlin is 387.

SLAVES RUNNING HOME AGAIN.—The Delaware *Gazette* states that seven slaves who some time since ran away from Virginia, applied at the watch house for lodgings, in that city, a few nights since, stating that they had been to Pennsylvania, were tired of freedom, and were trying to get back to their master. They stated that they had been decoyed off by a white man, whose name they did not know, by specious promises and delusive hopes, and that they much preferred living with Mr. Calvert, as his slaves, then to lead the life they did after they reached their destination, and desired to be sent home. The Mayor had them lodged in the jail at New Castle, and sent a despatch by telegraph to their owner, who had them removed to his home.

MORTALITY ON THE PANAMA.

STEAM SHIP EMPIRE CITY, Thursday, Sept. 5, 1850.

"The steamer Panama left San Francisco on the 1st of August with two hundred and twenty passengers. She stopped at Monterey, Mazatlan, San Blas and Acapulco. At the place last named a few cases of cholera were reported. We remained there two days to take in a supply of coal and water, during which the passengers were permitted to go ashore. We left on the evening of the 14th, and arrived at Panama on the 21st.

"On the fourth day out one case of cholera occurred, and up to the morning of the 22d, 20 were buried from the ship, every case proving fatal. Ten died at Panama, five on the road from Panama to Cruces; three at Chagres, and one on board the Empire City, before her departure, the only case on board that steamer.

"It is estimated by the surviving passengers of the Panama that fifty of our number are dead.

Yours respectfully,
C. G. BIRDSEYE.

Among those who died were the following: Mr. John McLuchney, of Plymouth co., Ohio, aged 34 years.
Norman Comerie, of Johnstown, New York, aged 24 years.
William Thomas, of Rochester, Indiana, aged 24 years.
Joseph Dale, of Phila (late of Lima.)
S. W. Sutton, of Madison county, N. York, aged 35.
Capt. Ashby, of Mystic, Conn.
Captain J. P. Manchester, of Martha Vineyard.
Captain Robinson, of Buffalo.

This intelligence appears to have caused much excitement at Panama. The Star says:

"The news has spread consternation throughout our city, and great activity prevails among those just landed, in their efforts to get away.—We are credibly informed that most of those who suffered by the disease had gone on shore at Acapulco, and committed excesses by eating fruit and other things to which they were not accustomed. Others were laboring under chronic dysentery contracted in California, and with constitutions already shattered and systems debilitated, it is not to be wondered at that the new and more fatal disease should find in them ready victims. From the salubrity of our climate, and the peculiarly favorable location of Panama, situated as it is at the base of a mountain, against which dashes at all times the salt water of the Pacific, and over which a constant and strong breeze is blowing, and from the apparent healthiness of our population, we entertain great hopes and much belief that the disease will not obtain a foothold among us.

A HORRIBLE MURDER.—It has seldom been our lot to have to record a more cold blooded murder than was committed in Mathews county day before yesterday. Captain Sidney Lane, well known in this community as a sea captain, was engaged, with his brother, Wm. Lane, in building a vessel in the above county, where they both resided. A negro woman, living near where the work was going on, picked up some chips from around the vessel, for which offence Sidney Lane beat her unmercifully. His brother, hearing how badly the woman was whipped, went to his house on Thursday morning, to remonstrate with him for such cruel treatment to the negro for so trifling an offence. He told Wm. Lane to leave him, that it was none of his business, and if he said more to him about it he would shoot him. His brother disregarded the threat, as no angry words had passed between them, whereupon he took up a double barrel gun and fired at him, one barrel taking effect in the face, the other in the body, when he fell to the floor. Finding he had not entirely killed him, he deliberately reloaded his gun, and placing the muzzle directly against his breast, shot the lead through his body. Lane then took a canoe and crossed the river before a sufficient posse could be mustered to take him, and up to the time our informant left, was at large. It was thought that he would get on b ard the Baltimore boat that evening, and a telegraphic despatch was sent on here to be forwarded to Baltimore on Thursday evening. The greatest excitement prevails in Mathews on account of the horrible affair.

Lane is a man about 30 years of age, six feet high, well made and muscular, fair complexion, dark hair, and forbidding countenance.—Captain Hicks has in his possession a letter from two highly respectable gentlemen, W. H. Winslow, Esq., and Jno. H. Tabb, Esq., of Mathews, stating the above description of the fugitive, and assuring a large reward from their county to those who may arrest him.

Norfolk Beacon, 7th inst.

City Intelligence.

THE WEATHER.—With the past week, summer has returned again with increased vigor and as [illegible] the few cool days we enjoyed a [illegible] Our present temperature is [illegible] Here we are in the latter part of the month of September, and regularly every day from 12 to 6 o'clock, the mercury is up in the [illegible] while the nights in the absence of our usual breezes, are positively stifling. [illegible] are people [illegible] decide in a Parish [illegible] place vulgarly called [illegible] more region have [illegible] certain degree of heat [illegible] thither would [illegible] who have endured the summer in 1850 in this locality.

MUNICIPAL CONTRACT.—The Mayor adjudicated yesterday at public auction, the contract for paving Rampart st. with round stones, including curb and gutter, to Patrick Fitz, for $[illegible] per foot. This is remarkably cheap, and clearly develops the advantages of open competition. Under the old system this contract would hardly have been taken for double the amount.

CORONER'S INQUEST.—The Coroner held an inquest yesterday on the body of a man named Patrick, a native of Ireland, who was found dead in the yard of a house in Girod street. Verdict—"Death from hemorrhage of the lungs."

CHARGE OF SWINDLING.—E. Planchard made an affidavit yesterday before Recorder Genois, setting forth that about twelve days since one Philip Adam, a colored man obtained from him the sum of twenty dollars as the price of certain work which he was to perform. Since that time Adam has made himself scarce, and the power of the police has been put in requisition to discover his whereabouts.

INSULTING A WHITE PERSON.—Jules Bienvenu, a colored man was brought up yesterday before Recorder Genois on the charge of having on Sunday last, grossly abused and insulted a white man named Francis Henry Liening. The case is to be examined into, and in the meanwhile the accused has furnished bail for his appearance.

LARCENY.—Celeste, a slave, was arrested yesterday in the First Municipality, on the charge of having some time since stolen several pairs of brogans from the slave of L. Mederic, in Dauphine street.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.—John Haufman was held to bail yesterday by Recorder Genois, on the charge of having assaulted a son of A. Deveron.—The case will be examined in a day or two.

ASSAULTING A CHILD.—A man named B. Latovichi was arrested yesterday in the First Municipality, on the charge of having brutally assaulted a child seven years of age, the son of Eulalie Caillet. The accused gave bail to appear for examination.

ASSAULT BY A NEGRO.—A slave named Scipio was arrested yesterday in the Second Municipality charged with having assaulted and bitten the hand of Owen Murray. Recorder Cadwell sent him to be tried before a Justice of the Peace.

CHARGE OF ARSON.—Mary Anne McKay was arrested on Sunday in the Second Municipality, charged with having on the 4th ult set fire to the Shamrock Coffee House on the Levee. A man named D. D. Kirkly is likewise accused of being implicated in the affair, but he has not yet been arrested.

ASSAULTS.—Patrick Gallagher, for assaulting his wife, and Owen Corle for attacking Thomas Barry with a draypin were brought up yesterday before Recorder Caldwell. The former will be examined on Thursday and the latter on Saturday.

HARBORING A SLAVE.—Robert Branin, a colored man, was arrested yesterday in the First Municipality, charged with having during the past fortnight harbored the runaway slave James, belonging to Martin Gordon, Jr. The accused has given bail to appear for examination.

CHARGE OF BREACH OF TRUST.—Louise Gilliert made an affidavit yesterday before Recorder Genois, setting forth that about a month since she entrusted some 80 pounds of garden seeds to a man named Nuney, with instructions to sell the same and account to her for the proceeds. The complainant now alleges that he has sold the property, and declines settling with her for the amount. Nuney was subsequently arrested, and gave bail to appear for examination.

ASSAULT BY A SLAVE.—Marie, a slave of Mr. Mullard, was arrested yesterday in the First Municipality, on the charge of having assaulted and struck a free colored woman named Pauline.

ILL TREATMENT.—Peroline Conrad made an affidavit yesterday before Recorder Genois, stating that she has been on several occasions ill treated by her husband, and that he is constantly threatening her with bodily injury. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

ASSAULTING A WATCHMAN.—This has been a very common complaint of late, but the feat was generally accomplished by white people. Yesterday, however, watchman Garcia made an affidavit before Recorder Genois, charging three colored persons, named F. Sriman, Jean Shell and Jean Paltron, with having grossly abused and insulted him on Sunday night. A warrant was issued for their arrests.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

Editors of the Bee—Please announce HENRY JOHNSON, as a candidate for Representative in Congress from the Second Congressional District. He will be supported by all the Democrats and a majority of the Whigs. s12

FOR SALE—Two Montgomery Boilers, now on board tow boat J. P. Whitney. Apply at the office of the Good Intent Tow Boat Co., No. 5 Lower Front Levee, 1st M'y. s17

FOR SALE—Cash Warrants of Municipality No. One, bearing an interest of 7 per cent. per annum, for sale by PIERRE FOUTZ, 93 Custom-house street. sep17

PICKLES—Half gallons, quarts and pints, Doughty, Underwood & Wells, Miller & Prevost—100 cases in store, for sale by E J HART & CO., 79 Tchoupitoulas st. s17

SARDINES—In boxes, half boxes and quarters, in store, for sale by E. J. HART & Co., 79 Tchoupitoulas. sep17

MOLASSES—30 bbls. reboiled, in store and for sale by E J HART & CO. 79 Tchoupitoulas st. s17

MUSTARD—30 boxes New York, and 110 boxes Kentucky of 1, lb, and qr. lbs., in store, for sale by E J HART & CO. 79 Tchoupitoulas st. s17

PINT FLASK—16 cases, in store, for sale by E J HART & CO, 79 Tchoupitoulas st. s17

LEMON SYRUP—200 boxes in store, for sale by E J HART & CO, 79 Tchoupitoulas. s17

MACKEREL—100 bbls. No. 3, landing and in store, for sale by E. J. HART & CO, 79 Tchoupitoulas. s14

COMMERCIAL.

The Markets.

MONDAY EVENING, September 16, 1850

There is but little doing in Cotton, and the sales to-day were confined to 300 bales, at former prices.

Prices of Sugar and Molasses are unchanged, and transactions are restricted to small lots.

The Flour market is dull, at $4 50 for fresh Ohio, and $4 62 1/2 @ $4 75 for St. Louis and Illinois. Small sales of Corn are making at 60@63c ⅌ bushel.

Provisions are the same; Mess Pork is retailing at $10 50@$10 62 1/2c. Prime $9. Bacon is in fair request, at full prices. Some 600 bbls. Lard were sold at 5 3/4c for No. 2, and 7c ⅌ lb for Prime.

Whiskey is selling to a limited extent, at 24@24 1/2c per gallon for rectified.

Sales of Rio Coffee have been made at the advanced rate of 11 3/4c ⅌ lb.

There is no alteration in Exchange; the demand is moderate, and supply of bills ample.

Nothing was done to-day in Freights

OFFICIAL NOTICES.

STATE OF LOUISIANA—PARISH OF PLAQUEMINES.—To Mr. John McKnough.—You are hereby notified that it is necessary to make your road and levee in front of your land, situated at about eighteen miles below the Court House, on the right bank of the Mississippi, in the 10th District of this Parish to wit: 1. The tract bounded above by lands of Widow Hingle, and below by lands of Guenard & Brulard, having about five arpents front on said river, to which a road and levee is required. 2. The Tract bounded above by Brulard & Guenard, and below by Alex Grant, Jr., having about twenty five to thirty arpents front on said river, to which fifteen arpents of road and levee is necessary. 3. The Tract bounded above by lands of Alex. Grant, Jr., and below by lands of Geo. W. Johnson, having about fifty arpents or thereabout, to which the levee is necessary to be raised, and the road to be made new. 4. The Tract bounded above by Alex. Grant, Jr., and below by Hilaire Burgs, having ninety arpents or thereabout, front on said river, to which the levee is necessary to be raised, and the road to be made anew. The said levees to be three feet high by fifteen feet at their base, and the roads to be twenty feet wide, the roots and other obstructions to be cut to the level of the ground, on each side of said roads, a ditch of 18 inches wide, by two feet deep, shall be dug, and at each ten arpents a cross ditch shall be dug, which shall be three feet wide, strongly covered the whole breadth with good and solid planks. You are further notified that a delay of three months is granted to you, to complete these works. Notice is therefore given to you that if said roads and levees are not made within three months from the date hereof, the Police Jury of this Parish shall appoint three inhabitants of the Parish, to assess the value of said works and repairs and that you shall be prosecuted according to law before the District Court of this Parish, for the recovery of the fine, of the value of the work assessed and the costs.

Parish of Plaquemines, Sept 2 1850.

PAUL CARLINI,
Syndic of the 10th District

s12 3m

STATE OF LOUISIANA—PARISH OF PLAQUEMINES.—Mr Judah Touro.—You are hereby notified that your road in front of your Land situated in this Parish on the right of the river of Mississippi at about thirty miles below the Court House, bounded above by the Bayou des Liards, and below by Fort Jackson, which road is to be twenty feet wide the roots and other obstructions to be cut to the level of the ground, on each side of said road there shall be dug a ditch two feet wide by a foot and a half deep, and at each ten arpents a cross ditch shall be dug, which shall be three feet wide, strongly covered with good and solid planks. You are further notified that a delay of three months is granted to you to complete these works. Notice is therefore given to you that if said road is not made within three months from the date hereof, the Police Jury of this Parish shall appoint three inhabitants of the Parish to assess the value of said works, and that you shall be prosecuted according to law before the District Court of this Parish for the recovery of the fine, of the value of the work assessed and the costs.

Parish of Plaquemines, Sept. 2d 1850.

PAUL CARLINI,
Syndic of the 10th District.

s12 3m

To Members of the Louisiana Bar.

The undersigned has the following works relating to the Laws of Louisiana, which he is prepared to furnish to the bar at very great reductions upon the prices which have heretofore been demanded.

ROBINSON'S REPORTS, 12 volumes.

Embracing the decisions of the Supreme Court of Louisiana from October 1841 to March 1846. This work is the only series of reports of the Louisiana supreme court in existence [illegible] the series of reports of the decisions [illegible] Nothing need be said [illegible] of a work so well and so favorably known [illegible] Reports to the profession [illegible] have been rejected [illegible]

GREINER'S CODE OF PRACTICE, new edition, [illegible] This edition [illegible] and Notes and References to the Decisions of the Supreme Court [illegible] makes this Code of Practice invaluable to the lawyer.

GREINER'S LOUISIANA DIGEST.

Embracing the Acts of the Legislature from the year 1804 to 1841 inclusive, with an Abstract of the Decisions of the Supreme Court, the whole arranged in the form of articles and numbered. By this means secured the greatest possible facility of reference and the book in addition to the merits of accuracy, simplicity, is rendered compact, concise, and portable.

BENJAMIN & SLIDELL'S DIGEST, *sixth-good.*

Here will be found a Digest of all the Decisions of the Supreme Court of Louisiana, down to the 19th volume of Louisiana Reports, arranged with so much skill and ability [illegible] that there is in none of the States a Digest of Reports better condensed and edited.

DESLIX'S DIGEST.

This is a continuation of Benjamin & Slidell's Digest, and is brought down to the 4th volume of Robinson's Reports. Its execution is after the same plan as the above and its usefulness will easily suggest itself to lawyers to whom reports, without digests, are nearly valueless.

DESLIX'S GENERAL INDEX, from 1809 to '43.

This is a very useful compilation, but one which from some cause, has been inadequately appreciated. No one can doubt the utility of a work comprising, in alphabetical and synoptical order all of the cases decided and thus arranged the table the long period, a designation of the numbers of the articles of the several codes of Louisiana which the Supreme Court have been called upon to examine from the date of the organization of the said codes, until the year 1843, with references to the cases and also a Tableau of the Articles of the Louisiana Civil Code, corresponding to the Code Napoleon, et vice versa.

J. B. STEEL,
14 Camp street.

s17

BRANDIES—285 qr pipes Pb. Godard, 1st proof; 15 half do Castillon, 1835, do; 4 qr do do 1825, do; 3 qr do do do do; 7 do do Lagrange, 1835, do; 8 do do do 1825, do; 5 do do A Seignette, 1835, do; 10 octaves do do do; 5 qr do do 1825 2, do; 3 qr do do do; 1 half do St Charles 1835 4, do; 40 do 3 qr do do do; 29 octaves do do do; 18 half A Seignette, do; 32 qr do do do; 59 octaves do do do; 10 qr do do 1st L Pelletan, 1st do; 90 do octaves J Martel, do; 5 half do Jas Hennessey, 4th do; 10 qr do do; 5 half do Martell, do; 4 qr do do do; 10 do do H Baron & Co do; 4 half do Pinet, Castillon & Co, do; 15 qr do do do; 34 do do St Vincent, do; 14 octaves do do do; 4 qr do J J Dupuy do; 5 half do Otard Dupuy & Co, do; 10 qr do do do; for sale by EUG. ROCHEREAU, & Co., 17 & 19 St Louis street

sept17

H. NOEL & GUIRAUD,
No. 103 ROYAL STREET.

FROM late importations have received, and offer for sale, at their store:
80 casks middling Red Wines, different brands;
10 do Chateau Laffitte Red Wine;
5 do St. Emilion Latorde Wine;
8 do St. Julien Medoc;
20 do Fronsac Wine, 1846;
40 pipes 1st and 4th proof Cognac, by eighth and qr casks;
50 bbls White Wine;
800 cases ordinary and fine Red and White Wines;
400 baskets sparkling Champain of all quality,
40 cases Pernod's Absynth;
34 do Kirsh do;
50 do extra fine Cordials, of La Forestier;
250 baskets Olive Oil, Plagniol's and Sue's;
100 demijohns, of 1, 2, 3 and 5 gallons;
30,000 Havana Segars, different brands.

DRY GOODS:

4 bales Ginghams; 1 case elegant artificial Flowers; 2 cases Swiss Embroideries, such as handkerchiefs, bands, insertings, under gowns and dresses; 6 do East India Madras, 1st quality; 5 do imitation do

s16

PAPER HANGING,

DELCROIX, No. 106 Chartres street,

HAS received, per ships Magnolia and Brunswick, from Havre, a very extensive assortment of PAPER HANGING, which he offers for sale to builders, and the public generally, at the most reasonable prices.

There will be found at his store all the articles in his line, of the latest styles. Common Paper, half satined do., guilded and varnished do; common Borders, and velvet imitation do; Paper representing country views, historical subjects, battles during the French empire, battles of the French revolution, marine views, &c.; Paper for bed tops, of a new pattern; Paper for chimneys; Agathers, Marbles, varnished Frames, Columns, Statues, &c. s16-3m

NEW AND INTERESTING BOOKS.

Just received and for sale at

J. B. Steel's,
"*New Orleans Stationers' Warehouse,*"
14 Camp street.

THE Earl's Daughter, by the author of Gertrude &c.

Burnet's Education of the Eye with reference to Painting

Easy Lessons in Landscape, by F. N. Otis, part 3d, price 50c.

Byrne's Dictionary of Mechanics, Engine Work and Engineering, No. 1 to 13, price each 25 cents. s16

OIL, CORKS & SOAP—350 baskets Olive Oil James Plagniol, 24 oz; 6 bales Corks, 30 lbs. each, ordinary, 3 do 30 lbs each, fine; 150 do fine long and half long corks; 21 boxes French Soap, for sale by B. TALAMON, 186 and 188 Royal st.

s16

FOR SALE, entitled to debenture—8 half pipes 4th proof Brandy, Barthelemy brand, 16 qr do do; 25 do 1st proof do, M Daniel fine Chagn; by B. TALAMON, 186 and 188 Royal st.

au28

SUNDRIES—600 boxes Maccaroni; 200 do Sauternes Wine; 100 do Orange Flower Water 100 do Green Water; 30 do Maraschino; 10 do Dutch Cheese; 50 bbls Shot; 200 jars, No. 1; 10 bales Cloves; 50 casks Chateau Margaux Red Wine, 30 casks Banquefort do; 50 cases family Wine; 100 the Lyon Sausages; one lot Perfumery—for sale by D. LANATA, 9 and 10 Jefferson st.

au29

QUININE—1000 oz, for sale by E J HART & CO., 79 Tchoupitoulas st. s14

BUTTER—30 firkins Goshen, landing and in store, for sale by E J HART & CO, 79 Tchoupitoulas st. s14

FIRE BRICK—30,000 English, Pittsburg and Pensacola Fire Brick, for sale by THOS. BLOIS, 21 Magazine st. s11

PLASTER—1000 bbls Newark and Rosendale landing per Bark N. H. Wolf and for sale by HAYMAN & HOLDEN, 98 Magazine st. s11

FISH—50 boxes Codfish and 100 do Herring landing and in store for sale by E. J. HART & Co., 79 Tchoupitoulas st. s14

STOVES AND COOKING STOVES—[illegible] of every pattern and size, just received and for sale at reduced prices, by S. MASPEREAU & CO., 66 Canal st. s10

BEEF—60 bbls; 300 half do Beef; [illegible] in store, for sale by SECCOMB & VOORHIES, 14 Tchoupitoulas st. jy30

WANTED, LOST &c.

TEACHER WANTED—A gentleman or a young lady, to teach the French Language and Drawing in a Female College at Jackson, (Louisiana.) Apply to Mr. LACEY, director of said institution. s14 3t

WANTED—Two Tinners, speaking French and able to work the brass. Also, a brazier wanted. Apply at this office. s14

WANTED—A competent Business CLERK, speaking French, English and German, wishes to find a situation in a grocery store, or as out-door clerk in a commission house. Apply to B. TALAMON, 186 and 188 Royal st. s13

SITUATION WANTED.—A young man, having all the qualifications required, and speaking English, French and Spanish, would accept of a situation in a store or would serve as out door clerk. Full references as to morality and qualifications will be given. Apply at Mr Barnes', corner Ursuline and New Levee sts. s7tf

WANTED—A Washerwoman is wanted—she must be industrious and of good moral character. Apply to J. F. BERCIER & CO, 54 Old Levee st. au28

LOST—A small Coral COLLAR, for a child.—Said Collar has a medallion, with hair, and a gold back. The above was lost on the Public Square. A liberal reward will be given to whoever will return it at No. 166 Chartres street. s14—1t

REMOVAL—The subscribers have removed their HARDWARE STORE, from 29 Old Levee to the corner of Customhouse and Levee sts, opposite the new Custom House. BOGAN & TUREAUD. s1 1m

REMOVAL.—The subscribers have removed to No 51 Camp street, opposite the Banking House of James Robb & Co. ALEXANDER LEVY & CO., Law Booksellers and Stationers. au17

DURING my absence from the city my partner Mr. Francisco Fau will alone have the signature of the commercial firm of J. F. Bercier & Co.; and Mr. S. V. Barrett is duly authorized to represent me, being constituted my attorney by act passed before Mr. A. Chiapella, Notary Public. J. F. FERCIER. s14

WE will pay no Drayage from this date to any Drayman hauling Goods from the shipping to our store, not having our written order. JOSEPH H PALMER & CO, 56 Gravier, and 47 Camp st. s2

SUNDRIES—Received per last arrivals, and for sale by the subscriber—

2000 hf and qr boxes Sardines preserved in oil, of the well known mark of B. Guilloux, 1600 cases Claret, 250 do White Wine, 75 do Curacoa and Maraschino, 125 do assorted Cordials, in whole and half bottles, 75 cases Marseill's Soap, 39 baskets Champagne Wine, Fion and Eagle's brand, 150 do Anger's Guignolet, half and whole boxes; 135 do Champion Pampe fine Anise, 4 qr fine Champagne Cognac, of Geanty 15 do do of Mintrie, 40 do of Navarre's 4th proof, 150 casks St. Julien, Haut Palence and Haut Brion Red Wine, 25 hf casks Haut Talence and Haut Brion, 25 bbls Haut Sauterne White Wine, 15 do Bordeaux Vinegar. AUG MOLIER 90 St Louis st. s16

To the City and Country Merchants.

B. TATOUT & Co., 161, Chartres street, corner of Toulouse, old firm of Tatout, Brothers Have just received by the ship Brunswick, from Havre a well assorted Stock of Goods which they will sell at the most moderate prices, viz.

French Grey Hose, for Maids and Ladies. Brown and Stripped Half Hose, for boys, from 8 to 14 inches Grey and brown Half Hose; Fancy Stripe for ladies and gentlemen, Night Cotton Caps, Spring, Cotton and Silk Corset Laces, Black Silk Boot Laces, Metallic Oillets, Pearl Buttons, of all sizes, Coral Head and assorted Toys, Smoking Pipes and Watch keys, Papers, all sorts, Fancy looking Glasses and Flower Pots, Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, Silk Buttons, Assorted Colored Pearls, Tooth, Shaving, Hair and Comb Brushes, Snuff Boxes, and Steel Pincers, Pocket Books, Pencils and Steel Pens, French Letter Paper, Silk Purses with Beads, Cord Cotton, do, Silk and India Rubber Watch Guards, Knitting Sus- penders and Gum Elastic do Silk Handkerchiefs, French Tapes, Spanish Knots, Dominos and Dices Metal and Iron Spoons, of all kinds Cork Screws and Buckles, Saucepans and Curling Rings, Thimbles, of all sizes, Mechanics for Oriels, Hooks and Eyes, Cotton and Linen Braids.

ALSO—

A great assortment of Perfumeries, Such as—Soap, Pomatum, Hair Oil, Extracts, Cologne Water of John Marie Farina. They are constantly supplied with Northern and British Articles, viz.—Hosiery of all descriptions, Buttons and Knitting Needles, Thread, Sewing Silk, Wadding Needles, Pins, Straps, Writing Paper, Shoe Blacking, Blue and Black Ink, Pocket and Table Cutlery, Scissors and Playing Cards, Clocks, Black Silk Ribbons, assorted sizes, Red, Black, Blue and Brown Linen Thread, per lb. They expect also, by the first arrivals from France, England and Germany, a great quantity of New and Fancy Articles for which the public will be advised in due time.

H. DE GOER & RIFFLARD,
21 Magazine st.

OFFER for sale, landing ex ship Brunswick, from Havre, at liberal terms, at wholesale only, the following Goods:

10 bales plain blue and striped Cottonades,
1 case Kerseymere Cassimer,
[illegible] Extra fine Cloths,
[illegible] Jaquet's Cassimeres, &c.
[illegible]

Fancy Socks, Crape plain Barege, 2 do ... Denim, Moleskins, 4 do Coco, Print ... do Harrisons & Checks, &c., and a large assortment of other materials for sale at cost.

RED STORE,
BETWEEN THE TWO MARKETS.
JOS N. ROBERT & CO.

NEW GOODS, per ship Silas Holmes, from New York, just now landing.

SIXTY ONE packages assorted Dry Goods, among which are, fancy Cassimeres, black Doeskins, Cord-Kin, printed Cloakings, white Flannels, brown and bleached Canton Flannels, cotton and woolen Socks, White Cotton Hose, Kentucky Jeans, black Crapes, Russia Sheeting, bleached and brown Sheetings, Scotch Ginghams, fancy Calicoes, blue plaid Tartans, Hickory Stripe Denims and Drills, damask Napkins and Table Cloths, Shawls, Muslin de Laine, mourning Hdkfs, linen cambric do, spun Cheese Nets, Plaid, black, lasting, black and mixed Sattinet, English Long, blue Merrimack, fancy Cochecon prints, Parasols, Umbrellas and other goods—to be sold low, in lots to suit purchasers. JOS. N. ROBERT & CO.

au11

ENGLISH GOODS—landing ex ship Asteria—
3 bales Jacket Velvet;
3 bales negroes' wool knit Socks;
2 do childrens' fancy do;
4 boxes Tartar Shawls;
1 box white drill Waist-coats;
1 box Gingham's Frocks;
4 boxes plain Muslin d'Lain;
1 box childrens' Caps; 1 do do Polka Coats;
2 do Marshal's patent Thread; 10 do Ginghams;
6 do 6-4 Scotch Merino; 3 do negroes' Caps
10 do Madras hdkfs.; 4 do Napkins; For sale at wholesale only, on liberal terms, by H. de GOER & RIFFLARD, 21 Magazine st.

s16

GRANIER'S BLANKETS—The subscribers inform the merchants and planters that they have on hand a large assortment of first and second quality of negro Blankets, which they offer for sale, by small lots, for cash, or good city acceptances. At wholesale, the terms will be very liberal. H. de GOER & RIFFLARD, 21 Magazine st.

s10

BRANDY CHERRIES—90 boxes, to close a consignation, for sale by H. DE GOER & RIFFLARD, 21 Magazine st.

s10

BATTLE GROUND SUGAR REFINERY—The undersigned, Agents of the above Refinery, offer to the trade the following refined Sugars—Double refined, in loaves and small loaves; Crushed, fine crushed and powdered. Refined yellow; White clarified; Sugar-House Molasses. TH. BAILLY BLANCHARD & CO. 99 Customhouse st.

s2 tf

SUNDRIES—Peach Brandy—20 bbls. Absynth—4 bbls. Cherries Juice—4 half bbls. White Wine—10 casks. Yellow Ochre—35 casks, for sale by TH. BAILLY BLANCHARD & CO, 99 Customhouse st.

1m

FOR SALE to arrive—Sardines in Oil of this year's fishery, in half, third, quarter and whole boxes; Green Peas in half boxes; Mackerel in oil in half boxes, by TH. BAILLY BLANCHARD & CO, 99 Custom House st.

s2 1m

SUNDRIES—Landing from bark Ella and ship Emily Taylor and in store—
MACKEREL—100 bbls new large No. 3;
COD FISH—75 boxes;
GOSHEN BUTTER—30 firkins;
IMPERIAL TEA—200 6 and 12 pound boxes;
GUNPOWDER TEA—100 6 and 12 pound boxes;
CANISTERS do—25 cases;
HYSON do very fine—5 half chests.—
For sale by E J HART & CO., 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

s7

COTTONADES, BLANKETS, &c.—Landing, and for sale on accommodating terms:
18 cases New York Mills Cottonades;
10 do Florentine Stripe do;
8 do Tennessee Casemirs;
6 do Gray Chambrays;
15 bales heavy Blankets;
10 cases superior merino bed Blankets;
30 bales Ashland 4-4 Osnaburgs;
20 do Lauderdale 4-4 do.
McDOWELL, MILLS & CO., 16 Gravier st.

s13 2w

HAVANA SUGAR—700 bxs white, yellow brown, in store, for sale by TROISGROS & CO., 96 Old Levee

s16

TOBACCO—48 bales Cub for wrappers and fillers, landing from brig Brazos from Havana, for sale by TROISGROS, & CO., 96 Old Levee.

s16

TOBACCO—280 bales Vuelta de Abajo, Cuba and Sagua de Janassa for wrappers and fillers, in store for sale by TROISGROS, & CO., 96 Old Levee.

s16

SOAP—400 bxs Winchester's brand, landing from ship Emily Taylor from Boston, for sale by TROISGROS & CO., 96 Old Levee.

INDIGO—18 cerones Guatemala Indigo, landing from ship Callender, for sale by TROISGROS & CO, 96 Old Levee

s16

SUGAR LIME—Thomaston, St. Genevieve and Alton, for Plantations, for sale by HAYMAN & HOLDEN, 98 Magazine, and 11 Red Stores.

s16

CEMENT.—5500 bbls Newark and Rosendale Cement, various brands for sale by HAYMAN & HOLDEN, 98, Magazine st.

s16

1000 bbls Superior Roman Cement for sale by the above.

FIRE BRICK.—50,000 English Fire Brick landing 40,000 do in store, 25,000 Scotch do, 20,000 Western do, for sale by HAYMAN & HOLDEN, 98 Magazine st.

s16

CARGO THOMASTON LIME—1200 bbls. Lime cargo, schooner Johnathan Cilley, for sale by HAYMAN & HOLDEN, 98 Magazine st and 11 Red Store.

s16

SEGARS—Figaros and Cabanas, pressed and others for sale by LABORDE & XIQUES, 3 Front st.

s16

STORAGE—Taken in the convenient Fire Proof 4 Story Store, No. 3 Front street, between Canal and Common streets, by LABORDE & XIQUES.

CRUSHED SUGAR—50 barrels, received by late arrivals, for sale by S. TURPIN, 99 Old Levee st.

s11

LIME—500 bbls. superior for sugar making, in store and for sale by HAYMAN & HOLDEN, 98 Magazine st.

s11

[illegible] HAYMAN & HOLDEN [illegible]

s11

[illegible] THOS. BLOIS, 21 Magazine st.

s11

[illegible] E. J. HART & CO, [illegible] Tchoupitoulas

s10

PUBLIC NOTICES.

Office of the N. O. Insurance Co.

New Orleans, September 16, 1850.

THE Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of [illegible] per cent. or $1 50 per Share, out of the profits of the last six months, payable on demand to the Stockholders or their legal representatives. J. TUYES, Secretary. s17 3t

NOTICE.—All persons having claims against the succession of Clement Cordier and Ida Cordier, his wife, both deceased, are requested to present them for payment within ten days as the succession will then be closed to VINCENT & CO. 43 Bienville s17 3t

Notice of Election.

BY virtue of a writ of Election, to me directed by his Excellency, Joseph Walker Governor of the State of Louisiana, an election will be held on MONDAY, the 30th September, inst., to fill the vacancy of Representative in the First Representative District of the parish of Orleans, occasioned by the death of the Hon. Preston W. Farrar into a representative of said district.

The said District extends from the line of the parish of Jefferson to the middle of Benjamin, Estelle and Thalia streets.

The qualified voters of said District are hereby notified that the polls will be opened from nine o'clock A. M., to six P. M., at the precincts to be established, and under the superintendence of the Commissioners and Clerks, to be appointed by the General Council of the city of New Orleans.

The Election to be conducted, and the returns made to the proper officer according to law.

Sheriff's Office, Parish of Orleans, 4th September, 1850.

JOHN L. LEWIS.
Sh'ff

s5

Notice of Election.

BY virtue of a writ of Election to me directed by his Excellency, Joseph Walker, Governor of the State of Louisiana, the qualified voters of the Second Congressional District, within the parish of Orleans, comprising the Second Municipality in the city of New Orleans, and that part of the parish of Orleans situated on the right bank of the river Mississippi, are hereby notified that an election will be held in said Congressional District on the fifth Monday (30th) of September, inst., to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of the Hon Chas. M. Conrad, and to serve for the unexpired term for which he was elected.

The polls will be opened on the day above mentioned, from the hour of nine o'clock in the morning, until 6 o'clock in the evening, at such places, and under the superintendence and management of the Commissioners and clerks to be appointed by the General Council of the city of New Orleans, and by the Police Jury of that part of the Parish of Orleans on the right bank of the Mississippi river.

The Election to be conducted and the returns made to the proper returning officer according to law.

Sheriff's Office, Parish of Orleans, Sept 2d 1850.

JOHN L. LEWIS, Sheriff

s3

NOTICE.

IN consequence of the death of Mr. Wm. S. Paradise, the partnership heretofore existing under the firm of Paradise, Lawrason & Co., will cease on the 30th instant.

GEO. C. LAWRASON, Ex'r.
W. S. PARADISE, dec'd
GEO. C. LAWRASON,
ARNOLD HARRIS

Copartnership Notice.

THE undersigned will continue the business of Paradise, Lawrason & Co. under the firm and style of ARMSTRONG, LAWRASON & CO., on and after the 1st day of October next.

New Orleans, Sept 1, 1850.

ROBERT ARMSTRONG,
GEO. C. LAWRASON,
ARNOLD HARRIS.

s16-1m

THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between CHS ODIER, J. G. STOUSE and SEBASTIAN OSER, having been dissolved by mutual consent, the undersigned will continue the General Commission Business under the old firm of CHAS. ODIER & CO.

CHS. ODIER,
J. G. STOUSE.

New Orleans, 21 September, 1850. s2 2w

THE undersigned having withdrawn from the firm of Chs Odier & Co., has this day established for his own account in the same line of business.

New Orleans, 21 September, 1850.

S. OSER.

s2 2w

DO NOT FAIL
To Examine the Bargains now
SELLING OFF AT
A. C. M. SIMPSON'S,
50 Canal st.

s10

Force Pumps for Wells.

The superiority of these Pumps over every other kind of pump for families, have the property of drawing the water from a depth of 30 feet, and throwing it at the same time to a height of 40 feet. For sale at the [illegible] S. MASPEREAU & CO., Agents for the Patentees, 66 Canal st.

s10

To Sugar Planters.

ENGLISH Wrought and Cast Iron SUGAR KETTLES.—Assorted sizes, viz: No. 42, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 60, 66, 72, 78 and 84 inches in diameter.

English Grate Bars Furnace Mouths.

Also—Two Horizontal Cattle Mills, rollers 40×24 inches, wrought iron shafts.

Three Horizontal Cattle Mills, rollers 36×24 inches wrought iron shafts.

Two Vertical Cattle Mills, rollers 36×24 inches, wrought iron shafts.

On hand and for sale by JUAN Y DE EGANA & Co., 92 Gravier st.

ab7 6m

FRUITS IN JUICE—Received per ship Olive from Bordeaux, 165 cases Fruits in juice, in whole and half bottles, 2 boxes Mushrooms in whole and half boxes. 1 box Truffles in whole and half boxes. 1 box Truffle Pies in half and quarter boxes, 12 cases Sardines in Oil in half boxes. 5 cases Green Peas in half boxes, for sale by DUNIZE & IKEN, cor Royal and Conti sts

IN store to close sundry consignments—30 casks Ch Margaux Wine, 20 do Leoville do, 50 do Rosen dary do, 50 bbls Sauterne White Wine, 100 bbls Bordeaux do, 200 bxs Claret sundry brands, 10 bxs Red and White Wine, 380 hx Absinth, 30 bxs Kirsch Vermont, 2 puncheons, 10 qr casks Brandy Cognac, 20 1-3 do do, 15 bales pointed Corks, 35 do each, 30 dozen Surgular Corks, 30 qr camps Demijohns, 10 baskets Angers Guignolet, for sale by N. DUDOUYT, 12 Toulouse st.

s9

PICKLES, SAUCES, &c.—100 boxes of Wm. Underwood's, W. K. Lewis & Co's, and Van Beuschoten's brands of Pickles in gallon, half gallon and quarter, Tomato and Walnut Ketchups, Pepper Sauce, Lobsters, Salmon, &c.—at lowest market price for sale by WM. L. CUSHING & CO., 55 Common st.

aug 1f

C. L. Bertrand,
Lamp-maker, Tin and Zinc Dealer,
No. 217 Royal st.

INFORMS the public that he has just received an assortment of Zinc work, such as Bathing Tubs, Tubs for half baths, foot baths, Buckets, and everything appertaining to bathing establishments. Also, a new style of Parisian Filter. Zinc for roofing, warranted for 20 years. The work of every kind.

Lamps of all sorts repaired, such as the Carcel Silvan, Oleostatic, Mechanic pression, and other lamps.

The undersigned will neglect nothing to satisfy those who may honor him with their confidence.

jy8

C. L. BERTRAND.

Chassaignac & Boulanger,
Corner Chartres and Conti sts.

INFORM the city and country merchants that they have just received, per ship Brunswick, from Havre, a large assortment of fancy articles, Perfumery, Gimps and Hardware, &c.

Also—A fine and choice lot of Turtle Shell, Buffalo, Imitation, Tucking, and Dressing Combs Plain and figured Satin Ribbon, from No. 1 to 19, Brushes, of every style, Guard Chains, steel Watch Keys, double-barrelled Guns Caps, Playing Cards, Letter and Cap Paper.

They always have on hand all the articles from New York and Germany.

s13

THE WHOLE
PUBLIC INTERESTED.

OWING to the unsuccessful business operations of an extensive Northern Speculator in DRY GOODS—

THOMAS BRADY,

Acting with the advantages of a large Cash Capital, has been enabled to purchase the whole of the assets of said Bankrupt contained in schedule B, consisting of, and publicly known under the head and title of

GENERAL DRY GOODS.

The invoice amounting to SIXTY-SEVEN THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED AND ELEVEN DOLLARS AND NINETEEN CENTS has been made over to the said

THOMAS BRADY,

For 37 1-2 cents on the Dollar Nett Cash.

The articles are too numerous, and the prices too various to quote either in an advertisement, but to give some idea of the prices, we select

One Thousand Pieces of Bonnet Ribbons.

The original price of which was 4, 5 and 6—

All at 12 1-2 cts. per Yard.

ON SATURDAY, AUG 10,

The Store 22 Chartres st,

Will be closed in order to mark and arrange said invoice, and on

Monday, August 12,

The whole will be unreservedly offered to our patrons and the public.

THOMAS BRADY, 22 Chartres st.

au9

Curtis' Equity Precedents, &c.

EQUITY PRECEDENTS SUPPLEMENTARY to Mr. Justice Story's Treatise on Equity Pleading, by George Ticknor Curtis, Esq., 1850.

ANGELL'S TREATISE ON THE LAW of Water Courses, with an appendix containing Statutes of Flowing, and Forms of Declarations, 4th edition revised, and containing references to many new adjudged Cases, 1850.

GREENLEAF'S CRUISE on Real Property, vol. 2d.

A TREATISE on the Law of Husband and Wife, as respects Property, partly founded upon Roper's Treatise, and comprising Jacobs' Notes, and additions thereto, by John E. Bright, Esq., with copious notes and references to the American decisions, by Ralph Lockwood, Esq., in 2 vols., 1850.

Just received and for sale by ALEXANDER LEVY & CO., Law Book Sellers and Stationers, 51 Camp st.

s4

BROWN COTTONS—250 bales Indian Head Lawrence & Nelson, fast packed in small bales, for mule cargoes. R. D. BLOSSMAN, 12 Conti st.

au28

WHITE AND RED WINES—450 boxes ordinary White Wine, 10 bottles; 175 barrels do, do; 150 casks good family Claret; 75 do. old Claret, sundry brands, for sale by B. TALAMON, 186 and 188 Royal st.

au 30

FOR SALE by the subscribers—400 casks ordinary Wine; 80 casks Haut Sauterne white Wine; 17 half casks do. 30 bbls. do do; 1,000 boxes Claret; 200 do white Wine; 30 qr. Castillon Cognac Brandy; 24 casks Leoville Claret, 1841. G. M. LUCAS, 29 Bienville st.

au13

SARDINES—Landing ex ship [illegible] [illegible] Sardines in Oil, A. [illegible] & Co.; [illegible]

[illegible]

HOTELS &c.

Franklin Exchange.

This establishment, so long conducted to the public under the administration of [illegible] Mrs. L. A. Calais [illegible] for some time, on account of ill health [illegible] been taken on a lease for a number of years [illegible] reopened on SATURDAY next [illegible] under the management of the subscriber. A splendid LUNCH will be served up that evening at half past 7 o'clock.

The Bar Room is well stocked with the best kinds of Liquors, and it is hoped that the reduced price of FIVE CENTS will be an inducement to many to visit this house, that excels all others.

The BILLIARD ROOM and TEN PIN ALLEYS will be attended to.

They invite their numerous friends and the public at large to attend the opening on SATURDAY EVENING, and hope they may rely on their friendly support.

au30 3m

BERTRAND COMBE & CO

WAS brought to the Parish Jail of this Parish, on the 8th inst., a Negro Boy named THORNSTON, says he belongs to Mr. Tollaver, a negro trader in New Orleans—he is about 27 years of age, five feet six inches high, having a thick cover of hair, and wearing all his beard, his teeth very white and speaking English only. The owner is requested to claim said slave prove property and pay charges.

Parish of Plaquemines, Sept. 7th, 1850.

s12 3t

ROBT. JOHNSON Sheriff

DETAINED at the First Municipality Police Jail—TOM, alias FERNAND, a griffe, about 25 years old, 5 feet 6 inches high, and says he belongs to [illegible] Lew[is], cotton planter at Bayou Macon.

MOSES, griffe, about 30 years old, says formerly the slave of Mr. A. Sigur, and says he belongs to Mr Pyson, Red River parish.

JAMES, griffe, about 30 years old, 5 feet 6 inches high, and says he belongs to John Beche, sugar broker, New Orleans.

JACK, mulatto, about 21 years old, and says he belongs to Dr. Martin, Thibodauxville.

Owners of said slaves are requested to claim them, according to law.

s5

E. PLANCHARD, Keeper

Fifty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY on Monday, 15th July, the mulatto woman ROSANNA. She is about 35 years old, ordinary size, finely dressed and has a scar on one side of the neck. She has been seen lurking in the neighborhood of Poydras Market. The above reward will be paid to whoever will lodge her in one of the city jails, or deliver her at No. 54 Toulouse street.

s3 tf

BONNEVAL & BENIT

GARDEN SEEDS

THE undersigned desire respectfully to call the attention of their friends and the public, to the full and choice assortment of SEEDS and GRAINS which they have now in store.

They have also on hand an assortment of Garden Implements, Watering Pots, Flower Pots, Bird Cages, Seed and Water Glasses, Split Peas, Fine Herbs, Tobacco Seed, Roots, Plants, Shrubbery, &c.

They have complete arrangements to be kept supplied with fresh and warranted Seeds (Garden) for the seasons as they progress from the growers Comstock, Ferre & Co. of Wethersfield, Conn. and will take pride in supplying the same to their customers in a neat and careful manner and at reasonable prices.

Orders, with city reference for the above or for Carolina Cow Peas, Corn, Oats, Wheat, Buckwheat, Rye, Barley, Millet, Buckeye, Grass, &c., will be well and speedily attended to.

COMSTOCK & CO.

Wethersfield Seed Store, 11 Common st. Corner of Tchoupitoulas.

sep 3 1y

THE subscribers have received per ship Sumner, from New York, an assortment of Garden Seeds, consisting of

Royal Cabbage Lettuce, large White Flat Turnip;
Red and White Onion, Early Dutch Turnip;
Round Spinage, Green Curled Endive,
Cauliflower, Early Washington Peas.

All of which they guarantee fresh, and of the best quality.

Received, also, by same vessel, 50 sacks Northern Rye. COMSTOCK & CO, 11 Common st.

J. MENARD,

181 *Old Levee, between Barrack and Hospital sts*

Fresh Garden Seeds.

RECEIVED per ship Toulouse, from Havre, a large assortment of Garden Seeds, viz: Carrots, Beets, Lettuce, Chicory, Cresses, Parsley, Chervil, Turnips, Radishes, Cress, Rocket, Cucumber, Squash, Melons, Wheat, &c. Pink Celery, Tomatoes, Cauliflower. Also, a lot of choice Plants and ornamental Shrubs, flower pots for all seasons.

BOOTS AND SHOES—1000 cases landing per ship Callender, Nestor and Yazoo; [illegible] cases forming a complete assortment of Gentlemen, Ladies, Misses and Children's fresh goods and adapted to the fall trade. Also, Russet Brogans for negro wear, comprising all sizes and qualities for sale by G. W. DUNBAR, 5 Magazine st.

s12

RUSSET BROGANS AND BOOTS—[illegible] plantation use. We have now landing a complete assortment of Russet Brogans and Boots for the season—for sale by G. W. DUNBAR, 5 Magazine st.

s3

SILK HATS—Frenche; to close a consignment, for sale by H. DE GOER & RIFFLARD, 21 Magazine st.

HATS—260 cases Hats, now on hand from [illegible] a general assortment, and for sale by R. G. HOBBS, 14 Customhouse st.

s10

HATS, CAPS, &c.—250 cases Hats, Bonnets, &c., a general assortment of Fur, Musk and Wool Hats, Cashmere, Palm Leaf and Moleskin Hats, for sale by FROST & CO., No. 10 Magazine st.

BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS—Now landing from ship Moses Wheeler and Samaritan and in store a general assortment of Boots, Shoes, Brogans, Hats, Caps, &c. Particular attention invited to Plantation orders for Russet Brogans, and wool and Straw Hats, by FROST & CO, No. 10 Magazine st.

jy8

IN STORE and landing from ships Sultana, Mary of Orleans, Quebec, Walnah Laura and Alice Tarry, from the North, and W. V. Kent, from Liverpool—
5 cases Cottonades;
10 do black and fancy Cassimeres;
3 do and 2 bales black and blue Cloth;
6 do black and blue Satinetts;
4 do and 2 bales Blankets;
2 do Linen and Checks;
5 do black and fancy Alpacas;
20 do Prints;
7 bales red and white Flannel;
2 cases printed Flannel;
3 cases scarlet twilled Flannel;
10 cases bleached Shirtings;
10 bales brown Cotton;
4 cases Checks;
2 do twilled Denims;
2 do colored Table Covers, 6-4 and 10-4;
1 do French Table Covers and Napkins.

Also a full assortment of Merino and Cotton Undershirts and Drawers, Gloves, Hosiery in general, Shawls, Millinery Goods, Silk and raw Silk Hose Spool Cotton, Mousseline de Laine, &c.

For sale by L. HAAS, 47 Chartres st.

au30 6m

Goods for the Mexican Market.

10 BALES Imitation Russia Sheetings;
20 cases 36 inches Cotton Platillas;
4 bales Lastings;
10 bales Black and White Prints;
15 cases Cotton Ball Thread;
60 trusses 9/8 Fancy Prints;
4 trusses 36 inches Platteens;
6 trusses Jaconet Hdkfs;
2 cases Verona Hdkfs;
7 cases Silesias;
300 bales Manta.

All in bond except the Manta; for sale by R. D. BLOSSMAN, 12 Conti st.

jy15

Ate. Marrand,
Corner Royal and Orleans streets,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has just received, per ship Espandola, 150 dozen Ladies' and Gentlemen's Silk and Scotch Thread Gloves, also a large assortment of Summer Cambric fancy Cravats; also, a stock of Glassware. He has always on hand an assortment of choice Perfumery.

THOMASTON LIME—300 bbls. Thomaston Lime, now landing and for sale by THOS. BLOIS, 21 Magazine st.

s11

THE subscribers having bought the store of D. B. MACARTY, respectfully solicit the patronage of the public. They will endeavor to deserve the trust which will be granted to them.

They are just receiving a splendid assortment of Dry Goods from Liverpool, New York, Boston and Philadelphia, which they offer for sale at low prices.

BILLIEUX & REGGIO, 238 Bourbon st.

s11

BROOMS—150 dozen fancy assorted, in store and for sale by E J HART & CO., 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

je25

CHEESE—150 boxes prime, for sale by SECCOMB & VOORHIES, 14 Tchoup.

jy11

BLACKING—In Cases, 4 gross each, in store and for sale by E J HART & CO., 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

jy15

BLANKETS—30 bales, 3 points Woolen Blankets, for sale by TH. BAILLY BLANCHARD & CO., 99 Custom House st.

s6

SARDINES AND MUSHROOMS IN OIL—25 cases, in boxes and half boxes, for sale by DUFOUR, WILLIAMSON & CO., 35 Natchez st.

au30

HAVANA SUGARS—120 boxes Yellow and Brown, landing ex Millandon, and for sale by MITCHEL & MASENDORFF, 36 Poydras st.

au3 tf

MACKEREL—30 bbls No. 3, now landing ex ship Reliance, for sale by SECCOMB & VOORHIES, 14 Tchoupitoulas st.

y1c

BUTTER—75 firkins choice, for sale by SECCOMB & VOORHIES, 14 Tchoupitoulas st.

jy15

LANDING—Ex ship Ocean, from Bordeaux 30 casks St. Julian de Gaulme Wine, for sale by LOREILHE & CO., Corner Royal and Customhouse sts.

je17

LANDING ex ship Ormado, from Havre, and for sale by the subscriber—25 dozen round Holland Cheese, first quality. D. LANATA, 9 and 10 Jefferson st.

au10

N. H. SCHRIEDER CHAMPAGNE—20 baskets Dutch importation, for sale by WM. L. CUSHING, 55 Common st.

au6

BAR IRON—50 tons English Bar Iron, assorted sizes, for sale by DUFOUR, WILLIAMSON & CO., 35 Natchez st.

au20

KIRCH & ABSYNTH—3 cases Absynth, Dubois brand, 8 do, Kirch, Dubois brand, for sale by EUG ROCHEREAU & CO., 17 and 19 St Louis st.

je17

ROSIN—500 bushels Nos 1 and 2, for sale by HAYMAN & HOLDEN, 98 Magazine st., and 11 Red Stores.

au13

HONEY—17 packages White Honey, new crop, landing from brig Adams Gray, from Havana and for sale by TROISGROS & CO., 96 Old Levee.

ALMONDS—100 boxes shelled Almonds, in store and for sale by TROISGROS & CO, 96 Old Levee.

s16

WRAPPING PAPER—2000 reams large Wrapping Paper, 10 do small do, for sale by BERNARD TURPIN, 99 Old Levee.

LINSEED OIL—30 bbls No 1, for sale by SECCOMB & VOORHIES, 14 Tchoupitoulas st.

[illegible] MITCHEL & MASENDORFF, 36 Poydras st.

[illegible] landing ex ship C. J. Charles, for Bordeaux, and for sale by the subscriber—[illegible] Macaroni, of Chauvet & Martin; 20 do Capers, of A. Dubose. D. LANATA, 9 and 10 Jefferson st.

au9