The New-Orleans Bee.

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TERMS OF THE BEE.

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The New-Orleans Daily Bee.

Monday Morning, April 1, 1850.

Copies of the new city charter, in pamphlet form, can be obtained at this office.

For Legislative matter see THIRD PAGE.

THE NORTHERN MAIL arrived through yesterday, with the latest dates.

GENERAL COUNCIL.—The proceedings of the last sitting of the General Council will appear in our paper to-morrow. The Council sat for the purpose of appointing commissioners and clerks for the coming election, whereby the people will decide in favor or against the re-union of the three Municipalities in our corporation.

THE NIAGARA'S NEWS.

The New York papers of the 23d March, contain very copious despatches, embracing all the intelligence of interest received by the steamship Niagara. The Niagara reached Halifax on the evening of the 21st ult., and probably arrived at Boston the next day.

England.

The Greek Difficulty.

The conduct of Lord Palmerston in continuing the Greek blockade is severely commented upon by all the English journals, and were it not for a belief which exists that his Lordship has made a demonstration against Russia, his conduct would meet with general reprobation.

The Russian Government has presented an energetic remonstrance against the proceedings of the English Government, and public opinion is general that it is necessary the Czar will give the Greeks effectual support. The Russian note to the Minister at London says:

"You will demand of Lord Palmerston to what extent he intends to employ force in support of these claims, in order that the Allies of King Otho may be in a position to consider what measures it is necessary for them to adopt to guarantee the independence of that Monarch and his people."

The *London Gazette* says that a Queen's messenger passed through M[illegible] on the 25th, with letters to Sir William Parker to cease hostilities against Greece.

Reward for Sir John Franklin.

Her Majesty has authorized a publication of the following liberal rewards for the recovery of Sir John Franklin, viz: £20,000 to any one who will efficiently relieve the crews of the ships, £10,000 to any one who will relieve or give information of them, [illegible] to any one who shall first succeed [illegible].

Political and Miscellaneous.

Nothing new of political sense has occurred in Parliament; nothing is anticipated before the Chancellor opens his budget.

Lord John Russell has given notice that it is in contemplation by the Government to abolish the office of Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, together with the Viceregal Court at Dublin, [illegible] to have Irish affairs managed by the Home Department—by a Secretary for Ireland.

Mr. Joseph Lowe [illegible].

Mr. D'Israeli [illegible] Sir James Graham [illegible].

[illegible]

The *London Herald* says [illegible] that [illegible] never yet produced [illegible].

France.

The majority of the Republic passed off with [illegible]. The Minister of Finance states that the revenue will be adequate for the public service [illegible] a new loan [illegible].

[illegible]

The result of the elections was not known at Paris on Tuesday.

The Government have established a censorship on all foreign books brought into France.

Switzerland.

The Troubles in Prussia.

The matters of Prussia on the Swiss cantonments have been renewed, leaving France and Austria have interfered, nothing serious is apprehended.

Denmark and the Duchies.

More Reports.

The report gains ground that the armistice is to be prolonged—it is currently reported that Denmark has concluded a private treaty with Prussia, by which the latter is to have the Duchy of B[illegible] in return for its support in case of hostilities with Schleswig.

Turkey.

The Refugees.

The Sultan proposes that the Refugees shall be detained in Asia Minor, for a period not exceeding one year. Kossuth and others are about to be removed accordingly.

Italy.

Naples and the Pope.

Fears are entertained at Naples that Admiral Parker will pay his respects to the Neapolitans as soon as he leaves the Greek Coast.—Like fears are also entertained at Madrid.—There is no indication of a speedy movement of the Pope.

The East

News by the Overland Mail.

India is tranquil. From Calcutta, commercial accounts are favorable, but not so much so as to have any effect on the English market.—Freights have declined. At Bombay, Feb 2, the money market was in an unsettled state, and the import market was unfavorable. It appears that the Calcutta markets have been all overstocked; it is so that an additional import duty of three per cent. is about to be imposed on cotton piece goods, there was a heavy stock on hand, with dull demand; pieces of good design met ready sale. Exports limited. Freights limited.

Austria and Hungary.

Movements of Troops.

The Vienna journals state that intelligence had been received from Transylvania to the effect that the Russians were assembling a considerable military force at the defile of Oytcz, with the intention of again occupying Transylvania, so as to allow Austrian troops to pass to Italy and the German frontier. Haynau has called out the National Guards of such large towns as Presburg, to make up a new levee of twenty thousand hands. Many of the people have left home in consequence, knowing that they would be obliged to serve.—A few political prisoners have also escaped.—All the National Guards who served in the insurrectionary forces in Hungary are being incorporated in the Austrian Army.—Large numbers of the Hungarian refugees are collecting on the frontiers of Bosnia, where they are treated with great kindness by the Turkish Vizier.—Our latest advices state that all the sentences of death have been commuted to terms of imprisonment in irons.

Germany.

The National Parliament.

The Prussian Monitor of the 8th instant published the names of the Chamber of State appointed by the Government; they are all of the aristocratic class. The Constitutionalists and Democrats will not interfere in the election for the first Chamber, because they consider that the nomination of so many members of the aristocracy is too significant to admit of a hope that the internal liberties of Germany are about to be developed. All who sincerely desired that Germany should attain to a definite Constitutional State, are greatly discouraged at this act of the Government. A formal protest had been entered by the Council of Administration against Hanover, for withdrawing from the Alliance of the Twenty States, of May 26.

The Committee of the Saxon Chamber on the German question have agreed to a series of recommendations to the Ministry, urging the policy of adhering to the Prussian band, and using its influence with Wurtemberg and Bavaria to induce them to join also. It was said that the Erfurt Parliament would be postponed to admit of the consideration of this recommendation.

More War Rumors.

We learn from Aldenburgh, in consequence of the termination of the armistice with Denmark, the soldiers in that Department have been called in. A Danish war frigate and a bark have been discried cruising off Balk. It would appear that they were reconnoitering.

England.

Miscellaneous.

Steamer City of Glasgow will sail from Glasgow for New York on the 8th of April.—The Bishop of Exter has been defeated in his contest with the Rev. Mr. Gorham.

TRIAL OF DR. WEBSTER.

FOURTH DAY.

We condense from the Boston and New York papers the testimony rendered on the fourth day of the trial of Professor WEBSTER for the murder of Dr. PARKMAN.

EPHRAIM LITTLEFIELD sworn—I am the Janitor of the Medical College; have known Dr. Webster and Dr. Parkman 20 years. On the evening of the 19th November I was present at an interview between the two, in Dr. W's back private room. Saw Dr. Parkman enter the room. He said, "Dr. Webster, are you ready for me to night?" Dr. Webster answered, "No, I am not ready to night." Dr. Parkman said something else; I do not remember what; he either refused to sell Dr. W. something, or refused to mortgage something; Dr. Parkman took out papers from his pocket and Dr. Webster said: "I was not aware it was so;" Dr. P. said: "It is so, and you know it." Dr. W. told him: "I will see you to morrow." Dr. P. stood near the threshold of the door, raised his hand and said: "Something must be done to-morrow." He went out, and it was the last time I ever saw him in the building. When I was standing in front of the College about one and a half o'clock the next day, (Tuesday,) Dr. W. came and asked me if I could carry a note to Dr. P., and he added, that if I could not get any one I could trust, that I must carry it up myself. I got a boy named John Maxwell to carry it up. He was gone about thirty minutes, and when he returned said he gave it into Dr. Parkman's hands at his house. I had an interview with Dr. Webster about noon the same day; Dr. Parkman was there on the Monday before; Dr. P. was there in the evening; I am very positive it was that same day. Dr. W. asked if the vault had ever been fixed where we used to put the remains of subjects from the dissecting room and from the demonstrators of Anatomy's room—meaning the vault in the entry. Witness testified that Dr. W. asked him many questions respecting this vault, and asked for some blood, which he declared he desired for some experiments. Witness was unable to procure the blood; and had no further interview with Dr. Webster. On the 23d, witness made Dr. W.'s fire, and remarked the sledge hammer behind the door. It was usually in the laboratory. Carried it down and placed it in the laboratory. Has never seen it since, though the building was searched for it. About 2 o'clock, saw Dr. Parkman approaching the College. Witness went to Dr. Ware's lecture room, waiting for Dr. Holmes' lecture to finish, in order to fasten his door and clear away his things. Heard no one enter Dr. W.'s room. When Dr. Holmes finished, witness went down stairs to prepare the furnace for the next day; then went to Dr. W.'s laboratory door to clear his room; found it bolted; went to another door leading to laboratory; and discovered that it was also bolted. Heard Dr. Webster inside walking. Left Professor W.'s room and went out; saw Messrs. Clapp, Kingsley, Fuller and Rice come in by the shed. Clapp said he was going to search every foot of land in the neighborhood, and would begin with the College. Some one said, let us begin with Dr. Webster's rooms. The witness then continued his adjourns. While walking in North Grove street with Mr. Calhoun on Sunday, I saw Dr. Webster coming into Fruit street, from Bridge street. I remarked that there was one of our Professors coming. When Dr. Webster saw me, he came right up to me, and asked, "Mr. Littlefield, did you see Dr. Parkman during the latter part of last week?" I told him I did. He asked me at what time I saw him. I said last Friday about one and a half o'clock.

He asked me, "Where did you see him?" I said about this spot; he asked me which way he was going. I said he was coming right towards the College; I told him I was standing in the front entry, looking out of the front door; he had his cane in his hand and struck it on the ground, and said, that is the very time that I paid him four hundred and eighty-three dollars and sixty three cents; I remember he put the notes in, I told him I did not see Dr. Parkman come in or go out of the College, for I went directly into Dr. Ware's lecture room; I sat down in a settee, he said he counted the money down to Dr. Parkman in his lecture room, he said that Dr. Parkman grabbed the money from the table without counting it, and ran as fast as he could go, two or three steps at a time.

After breakfast Dr. Webster came into my room and asked [illegible] Dr. Parkman [illegible] Dr. Henchman's apothecary shop, where he [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Dr. Henry S. Bigelow was there, I asked him [illegible] D. Webster, he said he knew there were; I [illegible] what I was doing on the wall; he told me to go ahead; in a few minutes I went into the demonstrator's room, and there I saw Dr. J. V. S. Jackson alone, I told him what I was doing on the wall; he said, "Mr. Littlefield, be careful [illegible]." Objected to by the prisoner's counsel. He said, "Do you go through that wall before you sleep."

Witness [illegible] the wall [illegible] Mr. Kingsley and [illegible] Mr. Kingsley [illegible] enter Dr. Webster [illegible] Dr. Webster [illegible] Dr. W. came to witness and said something about a $20 bill and Dr. Parkman. After he went, witness continued his work, broke a hole into the wall, and holding up the light, saw the pelvis of a man and two pieces of legs. Witness was violently agitated, and went to see Dr. Bigelow. He was not at home, and witness finally saw Mr. Shaw, who sent for the Marshal. The latter told witness to go back to the College, and he would soon be there. Witness went to Dr. Jackson; there saw Mr. Trenholm, who had been down and made some discoveries.

Witness—My wife had another key.

Q.—Were you in the laboratory when the Marshal thought he heard Dr. Webster above, and went up with his revolver.

A.—Yes.

Q.—What was the noise?

A.—It was my wife and children running; was there when they brought Doctor Webster; went to the door and saw a carriage and several gentlemen; Officer Spurr came to me, and said we have got Dr. Webster here, and he is very faint, we want some water for him, and to get him in the college as soon as we can; he was together supported by the officers; did not seem to have the use of his legs at all, he looked pale and I thought he trembled; he complained that they had taken him away from his family without giving him a chance to bid them good night; I unlocked the lecture room door, and we found the back room locked; they asked me to unlock it, I said they must ask Dr. Webster for the key, for he had it himself; he said that he had been hurried away from home, so that he had not taken his keys with him; I went round through the cellar door which Dr. Webster had that day, for the first time, left unbolted, and broke down the door of the back room; they then wanted to get into the back private room which was locked; I told them they must ask Dr. Webster for that, for I never had access to that room, he made the same excuse for that key; there was inquiries made for the key of the privy. I told them they must also ask Dr. W. for that; I had never seen it; he said it was hanging on a nail; we went to the place and took a key from a nail, but it did not fit; he asked us to show it to him, and then said we had got the wrong key; it was the key of his wardrobe; we could not find the right key; he said he did not know where it was; there was inquiry for a hatchet, which usually hung on a nail by a ring, near Dr. W.'s stove; it was not there; Dr. W. was asked for it, and said it was down in the sink; it was found there, and we broke open the door of the back room; we there found in a drawer a hatchet that was wrapped up, and when they were undoing it, Mr. Webster saw it; he said it was a new one that had not been opened; we went down and broke open the privy; I do not remember whether Dr. Webster was down there or not when we broke it open; he was much agitated and asked for water, but could not drink; his hand trembled, and he snapped at the tumbler like a dog, or a mad person. I went to the furnace and fished out a bone from it. I was told to let all remain as they were, we went down into the cellar, and passed up the remains on a board to the trap door, and laid them on the floor; Dr. Webster was brought down near them; Mr. S. O. Parker asked Dr. Webster if these were human remains? he said they were; Dr. Webster was much agitated, and perspired; after looking some time, the parties retired, and officers were left to guard the premises; Dr. Webster's working dress was a pair of thin overalls, and an old coat; have not seen the overalls since his arrest; I think he had on the overalls the Monday or Tuesday before his arrest; have always seen him have them on when he was at work; all the keys I know of the Doctor's having, were of his own rooms and the dissecting room; I know a bunch of skeleton keys were found in his drawer; they were found in his small back room; knows of towels being found in the privy vault; they were a diaper roller, and two crash towels; the crash towels were marked W; the roller towel I knew; he had it several years ago on Friday, when I washed some glasses for him, I wiped my hands on that towel; I don't recollect that it was marked; I had to wash for him a good many times. (A bunch of skeleton keys were produced, found in Dr. Webster's private drawers.)

The prisoner's counsel objected, and asked what they had to do with the case?

The Attorney General claimed that they were accounted for by the prisoner after his arrest, and were tied with a piece of twine similar to that on the leg.

The prisoner's counsel still objected, and the keys were withdrawn.

Witness was present when the towels were found; it was by an officer; have sometimes been in the dissecting room, and got for Dr. Webster a small piece of muscle, as big as my finger, to experiment upon; other than that, I have never known him have any occasion for any thing from the dissecting room; have heard noise from his room, [illegible] explosions of [illegible] by galvanic battery, and bladders filled with gas; by firing and setting fire to them they would go off as loud as a cannon; I helped to [illegible] up and fix them, and used to stay to hear them explode.

The towels, as they were found in the vault, were shown to the witness, and he identified them.

The cross examination was about to resume, when the court adjourned.

HAVANA AND KEY WEST.

The steamship *Isabel* arrived at Savannah on the 25th ult. She brought 227 passengers, of which 120 are put down as belonging to the Italian Opera Company. The Havana papers contain no news. The Savannah *Republican* has received its Key West correspondence, from which we take the following:

The case of the wreckers against the bark Jas. Smith and cargo, was tried last week. She got ashore on the inside of the Carysfort Reef and was boarded by the wreckers. The Captain at first refused their assistance, but were at length employed. They took out three loads of cargo, and the barque floated. The barque and cargo were valued at $27,000, and the salvage decreed 30 per cent, or $8,100. The barque is little damaged, is hove out, and being thoroughly calked. She will leave in about two weeks for her destination.

The attempt to build a light house on the outer edge of the Carysfort Reef has been abandoned.—It was found that the bottom was too soft to bear the piles that were driven down. We understand that the attempt will be renewed on the innerside of the reef, or upon the mainland next fall.

No wrecks since my last.

THINGS AT WASHINGTON.—We take the following from the excellent correspondence of the Charleston *Courier*:

The weather is very cold for the season, and far from being pleasant. The early fruit buds have been destroyed. Our spring has become very capricious, and the fruit crops precarious.

Mr. Calhoun was, on Tuesday night, quite ill, and was not much better yesterday. It has been decided by his medical advisers that he cannot be taken home.

The Nicaragua treaty negotiated by Mr. Squier, is now before the Senate. It was communicated on Tuesday, together with all the correspondence connected with it. The treaty is liberal and just, not only as between the contracting parties, but in regard to the rights and interests of the whole commercial world.

But, though every necessary privilege is secured to us by the States of Central America, the canal may not be prosecuted immediately. There is still some difficulty with the British Government in regard to it; and, although that Government interposes no obstacle to the construction of the work, and will unite in guaranties of its neutrality and freedom to all nations, it is not prepared to yield the jurisdiction which it claims over Costa Rica and the Mosquito Kingdom, between which the canal route lies. There will be a troublesome week for diplomatists. Gen. Taylor and Mr. Clayton unite in opposition to the demands of the British Gov't. on this subject. Sir H. Bulwer has, very recently, received his instructions touching this matter, and his propositions are deemed inadmissible.

The Census Bill is much discussed in the Senate. Difficulty lies in the tenacious adherence by the Senate Committee of the Census to their own tables, for the enumeration, and for the statistics, in preference to the plan presented by the Secretary of the Census Board, under the authority of which Board a system has been adopted, blanks agreed upon, stereotype plates prepared in conformity with them, and paper of corresponding size purchased. There is little practical difference between the two plans.

As to the printing which has heretofore been considered the best job in the gift of the Government, the Senate have agreed already that the returns shall be printed by contract given to the lowest bidder; but the printing of the blanks is left to the direction of Secretary Ewing, who will continue it in the hands of the *Republic*.

The House has not yet disposed of the Bill providing for the deficiency in the appropriations for the present fiscal year. Much opposition is made to the item of $14,000 for salaries of Clerks, employed by Mr. Ewing, on the ground of alleged illegality.

A catch penny work is advertised here, purporting to contain the lives of James Madison and James Monroe, with a history of their administration by John Quincy Adams. Those who purchased it on the faith of the title, found that it contained the eulogies delivered by Mr. Adams upon Mr. Madison and Mr. Monroe, and for a long time well known to the reading public. The comments are by a nameless writer, and the execution of the work is a reproach to typography.

FIRE IN BATON ROUGE.—A few days ago, a range of buildings, used for accommodating the workmen attached to Messrs. McMain & Co's saw-mill and brick-works, about half a mile above town, took fire and was entirely consumed. The town and Garrison engines repaired to the spot, upon the alarm being given, but were not in time to save the property. The wind was blowing strongly from the northwest at the time.

FROM JAMAICA.—By the arrival of the brig Senator, Capt. McCall, we have received files of Kingston papers to the 11th ult. Their contents are, however, generally destitute of interest.

FIRST MUNICIPALITY BONDS.—The Finance Committee of the First Municipality redeemed on Saturday $30,000 worth of the bonds of this corporation, due three years hence at 92 1-2 and 95 per cent discount, thus effecting a saving of some $2,000.

PRICE OF ADMISSION CHANGED.—Persons who may desire to attend Mr. Fiske's lectures at Armory Hall, can purchase their tickets at half the usual price by the package of eight.

DIED AT SEA.—John M. Dole, of St. Andrews, N. B., second mate of the bark Jonathan Goodhue, from Rio de Janeiro, on the 13th February, of scarlet fever.

BOLDLY AVOWED.—Whatever may be said by *some* of the advocates of the Nashville Convention, as to its ulterior objects, the desire and necessity of holding it to save the Union, we have, in the article taken from the Fairfield (S. C.) Herald, which we give below, the bold assertion of the editor, that *an overwhelming majority of the people of South Carolina are in favor of disunion!*

DISUNION.—"We cannot credit the rumor," says a correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, "that Mr. Calhoun, having recovered his health in a measure, has expressed himself decidedly and warmly in favor of a dissolution of the Union at every and all hazard. It is said that he regards the dissolution as inevitable, and consequently expedient and desirable."

If Mr. Calhoun did express himself thus, he has said nothing less than what an overwhelming majority of the people of his State anxiously desire.

STEAMBOAT DISASTER.—Just as we are going to press, says the Columbus Enquirer of Tuesday last, we learn that the steamer H. S. Smith, which left here on Sunday evening for Apalachicola, took fire about thirty miles below this city, and was entirely consumed. She had on board about one thousand bales of cotton, all or the most of which was burnt.

Our informant, who escaped from the boat, was not able to state whether any lives were lost, owing to the fact that some of the crew and passengers escaped to the east, and some to the west bank of the river, and there had been no communication between them up to time of his leaving. We will, when we learn them, give full particulars.

The steamer Eliza on her upward trip met with quite a serious accident just above Guffin's Landing on the Tombeckbe river.—In turning a point she and the steamer Lowndes came in collision, losing her cook-house, pantry, storehouse, wheel-house, and breaking her pitman, and so disabled as to be compelled to return to the city. She will be in to-day.—The Lowndes sustained no injury. Smith, the steward of the Eliza, was so severely hurt at the time that there is no hope of his recovery.—*Mobile Herald.*

PUNISHMENT BY THE JOB.—Mr. Reeder, in the Ohio House of Representatives, has presented resolutions to inquire into the practicability of substituting a certain amount of labor to be performed by criminals, instead of the confinement for a certain number of years, with a view of introducing a system of punishment enabling the convict, by voluntary, honest, and persevering industry, to shorten the time of his confinement, and calculated to restore him to such habits of industry as constitute a useful member of society.

EGYPTIAN CHARACTERISTICS.—A curious race of people the Egyptians must have been! The great end of life was death. They were no sooner born than they thought about dying. The whole nation seemed to live in a sort of forcing pyramid. An Egyptian did not care so much where he lodged, so long as he knew where he was to be buried. His greatest comfort was the idea of being made a nice mummy of. His card was an epitaph. He was walking about with a tombstone continually in his hand. In fact, the largeness of the pyramids is a standing proof, if proof be wanting, what a set of tremendous undertakers the Egyptians were! Their present was the future. This may partly account for their being so much in advance of other nations. To speak extravagantly, they seemed to calculate time with a death-watch, which they wound up with a skeleton key!—They made themselves, in fact, so familiar with death, that they invited him to their feasts and put him at the head of the table at all their weddings, anniversaries, pic-nics and grand dinners.—*Punch.*

CATALOGUE SALE OF DRY GOODS.—Buyers will find it to their advantage to attend F. H. Pettipain's sale of [illegible] packages and lots, to take place this day, at 10 o'clock, at his auction store, No. 8 Canal street.

THE MYSTERY OF ROCHESTER.

We had thought that with the passing away of the superstitious follies of the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries, no further experiments upon public credulity in the matter of ghostly existence would be attempted. The Cock Lane spectre was the last specimen of spirituality that was successfully palmed upon old women and ignoramuses, and since then we had imagined that phantoms were confined to German tales of *diablerie*, Legends of Dr. FAUSTUS, and MONK LEWIS' romances. But it seems we had miscalculated the capacity of human gullibility, and gave our species more credit for common sense than it deserved. There are people in this enlightened age who will nod their heads and elevate their eye brows most mysteriously, and talk most seriously of communication with the world of shadows; and these learned Thebans are ever ready to maintain that whatever is inexplicable to their feeble senses, must be supernatural. They never suspect the possibility of imposture, but would rather believe in forty ghosts than one cunning knave.

Our readers will doubtless remember the excitement occasioned in Rochester a few weeks since, by sundry knockings heard nightly at the house of a certain respectable lady of that town, and which nobody could comprehend, or trace to any conceivable source. The vulgar were astounded and the learned amazed. The former held most religiously to the opinion that these appalling noises were the plaints of a murdered pedler, who was writhing in eternal vale. The latter somewhat ashamed of so common place a solution of the mystery, discoursed profoundly on the developments of Animal Magnetism, and contended that the mysterious knockings were a manifestation of that extraordinary influence. Those who belonged neither to the vulgar, nor the learned, but who claimed merely the privilege of exercising the faculties of observation and reason, said roundly that the affair was a trick and humbug. As is usual in such cases, common sense has carried the day. Witness the following amusing story from the Rochester *American*.

"These wonderful manifestations have been made through a Mrs. Fish and her two sisters, the Misses Fox. These ladies have spent the winter in gratifying the taste and investigating spirit of all those inquirers who desire to search after "things past finding out," and with a devotion seldom witnessed, they have kept open house from morn till night, and often times from night till morn, until the timid and fearful, have learned to commune with the spirit of a murdered pedler with much familiarity. But alas for the frailties of poor human nature, and these three loving sisters. The best have sometimes fallen, and 'tis well for all the world and the rest of mankind, that the cause of truth will still progress, though mortals falter in the course.—But to be brief and to the point.

These young ladies sometimes received liberal donations from those who came to behold unseen things, and have witnessed what they knew to be true in their own history. The manifestations were not for pay, but a little box was kept for those who were kindly inclined, and had enough of the spirit of practical christianity in them to believe the "laborer is worthy of his hire." The sum thus accumulated, after using what was necessary for personal adornment, and a proper regard for the latest and most approved conventional arrangements of their sex, including a few dollars for theatrical and other refined amusements, was kept by the elder sister, Mrs. Fish. The younger sisters, of course, had a right to their share, but Mrs. F. refused to fork over. This produced disunion, and about three weeks since the two younger girls left the paternal mansion, and no sooner had they turned their backs on the home of their childhood, then the gentle rappings of the departed pedler were hushed. At was silent as the midnight hour. Poor Mrs. F. had been tempted by mammon. She had fallen from her high estate and admiring friends were soon like angels' visits, few and far between. But the hand of affection came upon her—she relented—forked over—and the two kind sisters returned. The rappings have recommenced under more favorable auspices, and the public admitted upon the same terms as formerly."

COMMERCIAL.

The Markets.

SATURDAY EVENING, March 30.

There was a good demand for Cotton to-day, and fully 6,000 bales were disposed of at very stiff prices. Middling to good middling 11¾ a 11⅞c. ℔ lb.

Sales of Tobacco were made to the extent of 500 hhds at full prices.

Of Sugar, 500 hhds, and of Molasses 500 bbls, at former rates.

The Flour market is unchanged. Sales 1500 bbls. at $5 12½ a $5 25 for ordinary brands of superfine, and $5 25 a $5 75 for extra brands. Of Corn, 3,000 sacks were sold at 55 a 56c. ℔ bushel.

A limited business was done in provisions. Prices are without change.

Whiskey is selling at 23½ a 24c. ℔ gallon for rectified.

A marked decline has again taken place in Rio Coffee. A lot of 3,000 bags was sold at 9½c., and a similar quantity at auction at 9 1-16 a 9½c. ℔ lb.

Exchanges remain as last quoted.

Freights continue dull. A vessel was taken to-day for Havre at 1c.

OFFICIAL.

BY AUTHORITY.

[No. 135.]
AN ACT

Further to authorize the establishment and better government of Houses of Refuge, by the Municipalities of the city of New Orleans.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in General Assembly convened,* That the several Municipalities of the city of New Orleans be, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to establish within their respective limits Houses of Refuge for juvenile delinquents and juvenile vagrants, and to purchase or rent land within or without the limits of said city, and thereon to erect suitable buildings for said Houses of Refuge.

SEC. 2. *Be it further enacted, &c.,* That the said Municipalities shall have full power and authority to provide for the organization and government of the said Houses of Refuge and their inmates, and for the instruction, education and reformation of the same, within or without the limits of said Houses of Refuge, by any mode, or in such manner as they may deem best adapted to accomplish the object for which said Houses of Refuge are established.

SEC. 3. *Be it further enacted, &c.,* That the several Courts in the city of New Orleans, exercising criminal jurisdiction shall be, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to order that any persons of the age of fifteen years and under, may be placed in either of said Houses of Refuge as said Courts may deem proper, such persons to be kept and detained by the demands of Refuge for the same periods respectively, and to be governed and dealt with as the other inmates of the same.

SEC. 4. *Be it further enacted, &c.,* That the said several Municipalities of New Orleans shall in addition to the powers vested in them by the preceding sections hereof be, and they are hereby authorized to place the children committed to their care at such employments, and cause them to be instructed in such branches of useful knowledge as may be suited to their years and capacities, and they shall have power in their discretion to bind out such children as apprentices to such persons, and at such places, to learn such proper trades or employments as in their judgment will most conduce to their reformation and amendment, and will tend to the future benefit and advantage of such children, provided that the change and power of the said Municipalities upon and over the said children shall not exceed, in the case of females, the age of eighteen years, and in the case of males, the age of twenty-one years.

SECT. 5. *Be it further enacted, &c.* That all inmates at present in any of the Houses of Refuge in the city of New Orleans shall be kept, detained and governed during the periods respectively specified, and dealt with in all respects, according to the provisions of this act.

SEC. 6. *Be it further enacted, &c.,* That the provisions of all laws inconsistent with the present act be, and the same are hereby repealed.

E. W. MOISE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
J. B. PLAUCHE,
Lieut. Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved March 18th, 1850.
JOSEPH WALKER,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
Certified to be a true copy from the original.
CHARLES GAYARRE,
Secretary of State.

[No. 136.]
AN ACT

For the relief of Michel St. Amant, a veteran of eighteen hundred and fourteen and fifteen.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in General Assembly convened,* That the Treasurer of the State pay to Michel St. Amand, of the Parish of Jefferson, a veteran of eighteen hundred and fourteen and fifteen, on the warrant of the Auditor of Public Accounts, the sum of eight dollars per month for the term of two years, from and after the passage of this act.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted, &c.,* That the sum of one hundred and ninety two dollars, be and the same is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the payment of the above amount.

E. W. MOISE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
J. B. PLAUCHE,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved March 18, 1850.
JOSEPH WALKER,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
Certified to be a true copy from the original.
CHARLES GAYARRE,
Secretary of State.

[No. 137.]
AN ACT

For the relief of Charles Lovenskiold.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened,* That Charles Lovenskiold, who was convicted in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, of the crime of larceny and who was subsequently pardoned by reason of his innocence being established, be and he is hereby restored to his civil and political rights.

SEC. 2. *Be it further enacted, &c.,* That this act shall be in full force from and after its passage.

E. WARREN MOISE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
J. B. PLAUCHE,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.

OFFICIAL.

Approved, March 16, 1850.
JOSEPH WALKER,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
Certified to be a true copy from the original.
CHARLES GAYARRE,
Secretary of State.

[No. 138.]
AN ACT

Concerning the Penitentiary.

SEC. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in General Assembly convened,*—That it shall be the duty of the directors of the Penitentiary to make a final settlement with the late lessees of said Penitentiary and to adjust and balance the accounts of said lessees and to receive moneys or property from said lessees due by said lessees to the State, and to give a discharge therefore, and to deliver to said [illegible] property and to pay said lessees any moneys which the said directors may find belonging or due to said lessees under the contract with the State, or due for work done by said lessees under said contract, but performed by said lessee on the orders of the board of Directors of said Penitentiary; to be estimated by the said directors; the State therefrom, subject to the supervision and approval of the Legislature; provided that any payment of moneys made to said lessees, shall be made out of any sum or sums of money due by the present lessees to the State, or out of any sum of money belonging to the fund of said Penitentiary.

SEC. 2. *Be it further enacted, &c.,* That it shall be the duty of said Directors to make annual settlements in the month of January with the lessees of said Penitentiary and the Directors shall report annually to the Governor in the month of January and before the meeting of the General Assembly, a full statement of all moneys by them received.

E. W. MOISE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
J. B. PLAUCHE,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved, March 16th, 1850.
JOSEPH WALKER,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
Certified to be a true copy from the original.
CHARLES GAYARRE,
Secretary of State.

[No. 139.]
AN ACT

For the protection of the city of New Orleans against overflows.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in General Assembly convened,* That the several Municipalities of the City of New Orleans be, and the same are hereby empowered and authorized to erect, consolidate or enlarge at their own expense such levees as they may deem expedient for the protection of the City of New Orleans or any part thereof against crevasses and overflows, and for such purposes said Municipalities are invested with full powers and are further authorized in case of emergency to cut all streets and public squares within their respective limits, that may be necessary to effect the object herein contemplated and to intercept, said crevasses by means of Canals, Levees, or other works, so long as they may deem it expedient and necessary.

SEC. 2. *Be it further enacted, &c.,* That any person cutting, altering, or breaking without authority, or aiding and abetting any person in the act of cutting, altering, or breaking, without proper authority such levees, canals or other works, shall on conviction be condemned to suffer imprisonment for a term not exceeding ten years, nor less than one year.

E. W. MOISE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
J. B. PLAUCHE,
Lieut. Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved March 16th, 1850.
JOSEPH WALKER,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
Certified to be a true copy from the original.
CHARLES GAYARRE,
Secretary of State.

[No. 140.]
AN ACT

To amend an act entitled, "An act to amend an act entitled, *Free Public Schools in the State of Louisiana.*"

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened, That the second section of the act entitled an act to establish Free Public Schools, approved December 20th, 1848, be, and is hereby amended, so as to read as follows: That on the 30th of March, June, September, and December of each and every year, the Superintendent of Public Education shall proceed to apportion any money provided by law for the support of Free Schools among the different Parishes of the State, in such amounts as may then have been paid into the treasury, and in such form as that each Parish shall receive one third of the amount collected in each Parish, which may have been collected from it, and the Treasury and that said Superintendent shall make the disposing of said one third, [illegible] two thirds of the said net amount, [illegible] every Parish, make an aggregate [illegible] shall apportion among the different Parishes, in the proportion that the number of white children in each Parish, between the ages of six and sixteen years, bears to the whole number of white children in the State between the [illegible] said ages, as shown by the [illegible] census [illegible] the next [illegible] shall be [illegible] such apportionment [illegible] Parish [illegible] such apportionment the Superintendent shall [illegible] each Superintendents, or [illegible] as may be designated [illegible] amount due to their respective [illegible] made, so apportioned, shall be paid by the Treasurer, out of the School Fund upon the warrant of the Auditor [illegible] several Parishes and New Orleans, [illegible] Treasurer of each Municipality of New Orleans, the city of Lafayette, and the towns of Carrollton, Thibodaux, and Freeport, and the Treasurer of the Parish of Orleans situated on the right bank of the River, of the Treasurers thereof, drawn on and approved by the Auditor of Public Accounts; that said St. Superintendent be, and he is hereby authorized and empowered to ask and receive any moneys in the Treasury, belonging to said Public Accounts, a statement of all moneys in the Treasury, belonging and applicable to the Free School fund, for the purpose [illegible] as may be necessary to enable said Superintendent to make the apportionments required [illegible] and it shall be the duty of the Treasurer of the State to comply with the [illegible] and to render such statement [illegible] to time as whenever so required.

E. WARREN MOISE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
J. B. PLAUCHE,
Lieutenant-Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved March 16 h, 1850.
JOSEPH WALKER,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
Certified to be a true copy from the original.
CHARLES GAYARRE,
Secretary of State.

[No. 141.]
AN ACT

To provide for carrying into effect the judiciary system of the State.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened,* "That the fourth and [illegible] sections of the act entitled an act for carrying into effect the judiciary system of this State, approved May twenty ninth, eighteen hundred and forty six, and the act entitled an act supplementary to an act entitled an act for carrying into effect the judiciary system, and giving Courts to grant injunctions in certain cases, approved March sixteenth, eighteen hundred and forty eight, be, and the same are hereby repealed.

SEC. 2. *Be it further enacted, &c.,* That the Clerks of the several District Courts shall have power to issue writs of arrest, attachments, sequestrations and provisional seizure; to issue commissions, to take testimony, in and out of the State; to fix the return day thereof, and to appoint commissioners to execute the same; to grant orders of affidavits of probate and execution of wills; to confirm testamentary executors; to appoint and confirm tutors and under tutors; to appoint dative testamentary executors, administrators, curators of vacant successions and absent heirs and attorney of absent heirs, after giving notice in the cases and manner required by law; to grant marriage licenses; to call family meetings, and homologate the proceedings of the same; provided that if opposition be made to such homologation, the contestation on the same shall be determined by the District Court, to grant orders for the sale of property of successions; to issue subpoenas and warrants; provided that the Judge may disregard the same, should said Judge be of opinion that said citation ought not to have been allowed; to grant orders of injunction during the absence of the Judge of the District from the parish; provided that when ever such order is granted by a Clerk, enjoining the execution of any judgment of a Court of this State, for a specific sum of money, the party obtaining the same shall be required to give bond, conditioned as the law directs, in a sum of one half over the amount enjoined; and, provided further, that in all cases in which the District Judge is interested, though present in the parish in which the injunction is sought to be obtained, the Clerk shall have power to issue said injunction; and it shall be sufficient for the party applying for the injunction, in addition to the other requisites prescribed by law, to swear that he verily believes the District Judge is interested in the cause; but this section shall not apply to the parishes of Orleans or Jefferson.

SEC. 3. *Be it further enacted, &c.,* That the said Clerk shall have power to homologate the proceedings of meetings of the creditors of insolvent successions, to issue orders for the advertisement of the filing of tableaux of tutors, executors, administrators, curators of vacant estates and absent heirs, syndics of insolvent successions, and of insolvent debtors, and to homologate the same; provided that if there be opposition made to such homologation, the contestation on the same shall be determined by the Judge of the District Court: provided also that the foregoing provisions of this act do not apply to the Clerks of the Courts of the parishes of Orleans and Jefferson.

SEC. 4. *Be it further enacted, &c.,* That in all cases where the Clerks of the several District Courts of the State, (the parishes of Orleans and Jefferson excepted) have, anterior to the passage of this act, performed any of the functions which they are specially empowered to do by the provisions of this act, their said act shall be conclusive upon the rights of all persons and parties therein concerned; provided that all persons or parties who are dissatisfied with the exercise of said functions by the Clerks of said Courts, shall have the right of making opposition thereto within forty days from the promulgation of this act.

E. WARREN MOISE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
J. B. PLAUCHE,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved March 18th, 1850.
JOSEPH WALKER,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
Certified to be a true copy from the original.
CHARLES GAYARRE,
Secretary of State.

[No. 142.]
AN ACT

Supplemental to an act entitled "An act to change the time of holding the District Courts in the thirteenth Judicial District," approved February eighth, eighteen hundred and fifty.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened, That the clerks of the district courts of the parishes of Rapides and Avoyelles, forming the thirteenth Judicial District, shall transfer all causes pending in said District Courts or placed on the dockets of said courts, from the terms at which by law the said courts formerly met, to the times now fixed by the act to which this is a supplement; for the holding of said courts; and such transfer of said causes, shall be as valid and binding as though the writs and other legal process had been made returnable to the first day of the term fixed by said act, to which this is a supplement.

E. W. MOISE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
J. B. PLAUCHE,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved March 18th, 1850.
JOSEPH WALKER,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
Certified to be a true copy from the original.
CHARLES GAYARRE,
Secretary of State.

[No. 143.]
AN ACT

For the relief of Jerome Callion, Superintendent of Public Schools for the parish of Avoyelles.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened,* That the State Treasurer be and he is hereby ordered to pay on the warrant of the Auditor of Public Accounts, to Jerome Callion, of the parish of Avoyelles, the sum of one hundred and eighteen dollars and seventy-five cents it being the balance of his salary as School Superintendent for the parish of Avoyelles during the year one thousand eight hundred and forty eight.

SEC. 2. *Be it further enacted, &c.,* That the sum of one hundred and eighteen dollars and seventy-five cents is hereby appropriated to carry into effect this act.

E. WARREN MOISE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
J. B. PLAUCHE,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved March 18th, 1850.
JOSEPH WALKER,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
Certified to be a true copy from the original.
CHARLES GAYARRE,
Secretary of State.

[No. 144.]
AN ACT

For the relief of Charles Janson and Joseph Janson of the parish of St. Landry, veterans of eighteen hundred and fourteen and eighteen hundred and fifteen.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in General Assembly convened,* That Charles Janson and Joseph Janson of the parish of St. Landry, veteran soldiers of eighteen hundred and fourteen and eighteen hundred and fifteen, be and they are hereby entitled to receive the sum of eighty-four dollars each per annum, for two years; and that the State Treasurer be, and he is hereby authorized to pay to the said Charles Janson and Joseph Janson, the aforesaid sum of eighty four dollars each per annum for two years, on the warrant of the Auditor of Public Accounts, in quarterly installments of twenty-one dollars each.

SEC. 2. *Be it further enacted, &c.,* That the sum of one hundred and sixty-eight dollars annually for the space of two years, be and is hereby appropriated to pay the pension allowed by this act to Chas. Janson and Joseph Janson.

E. W. MOISE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
J. B. PLAUCHE,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved 18th March, 1850.
JOSEPH WALKER,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
Certified to be a true copy from the original.
CHARLES GAYARRE,
Secretary of State.

[No. 145.]
AN ACT

Authorizing Cornelia Carter, f. w. c., and her children to remain in this State.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in General Assembly convened, That Cornelia Carter and her five children, Thomas, James, Joseph, John and Henry, all free persons of color, and emancipated by John Lear, in the parish of Assumption, on the twenty-sixth of September, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, by the names of Cornelia, Thomas, James, John and Henry, are hereby authorized and empowered to remain and reside in the State of Louisiana, any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

E. W. MOISE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
J. B. PLAUCHE,
Lieut. Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved March 18th, 1850.
JOSEPH WALKER,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
Certified to be a true copy from the original.
CHARLES GAYARRE,
Secretary of the State.

[No. 146.]
AN ACT

For the relief of John H. Cunningham.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in General Assembly convened, That the State Treasurer be and he is hereby authorized to pay to John H. Cunningham, on the warrant of the Auditor of Public Accounts, the sum of three hundred dollars out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, it being compensation for that sum having been exacted for merchandise in the Parish of Caddo in eighteen hundred and forty-four.

E. W. MOISE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
J. B. PLAUCHE,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved March 18th 1850.
JOSEPH WALKER,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
Certified to be a true copy from the original.
CHARLES GAYARRE,
Secretary of State.

[No. 147.]
AN ACT

For the relief of the Corporations of the Parish of Jefferson.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in General Assembly convened,* That the fifth section of the act entitled "An act to establish the Seat of Justice, and to provide for a Court House and Parish Jail in the Parish of Jefferson, and for the expenses herein," approved March [illegible], [illegible].

[illegible] the city of Lafayette and town of Carrollton shall be bound to pay to the Sheriff of said parish, his fees and expenses for keeping and maintaining of such prisoners as may be arrested on warrants issued in their respective limits, be and the same is hereby repealed.

And that hereafter the expenses of providing for such prisoners shall be at the cost of the State, to be paid in the manner and form now provided for the keeping and maintaining of prisoners in the other parishes of the State. Provided, that the provisions of this act shall only extend to cases prosecuted under the criminal laws of the State.

E. W. MOISE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
J. B. PLAUCHE,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved March 18th, 1850.
JOSEPH WALKER,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
Certified to be a true copy from the original.
CHARLES GAYARRE,
Secretary of State.

[No. 148.]
RESOLUTION.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened, That the State Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and required, as soon as practicable, to complete the roads and bridges leading from Bayou Grosse Tete, at Devil's landing; provided it does not interfere with other works heretofore ordered.

E. WARREN MOISE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
J. B. PLAUCHE,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved March 18th, 1850.
JOSEPH WALKER,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
Certified to be a true copy from the original.
CHARLES GAYARRE,
Secretary of State.

[No. 149.]
RESOLUTION.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in General Assembly convened, That the State Engineer be, and he is hereby ordered to examine Bayou Fusilier, from Bayou Deglaise to its junction with Spring Bayou, in the Parish of St. Landry, and that he remove obstructions to navigation therein, or so much thereof as he may find practicable; *Provided,* this work shall not conflict with works previously ordered.

E. WARREN MOISE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
J. B. PLAUCHE,
Lieut. Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved March 18th, 1850.
JOSEPH WALKER,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
Certified to be a true copy from the original.
CHARLES GAYARRE,
Secretary of State.

[No. 150.]
RESOLUTION.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in General Assembly convened, That the State Engineer be, and he is hereby authorized and required to cause the obstructions that exist in the Bayou L'Embarras, in the parish of St. Martin and its outlets to be removed whenever the same can be conveniently done by the forces in that District.

E. W. MOISE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
J. B. PLAUCHE,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved March 18th, 1850.
JOSEPH WALKER,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
Certified to be a true copy from the original.
CHARLES GAYARRE,
Secretary of State.

Grand Lodge of the State of Louisiana.

NEW ORLEANS, 30th March, 1850.

A meeting of this GRAND LODGE will be held in the Hall of PERSEVERANCE LODGE, corner of St. Claude and Dumaine streets, on FRIDAY evening, the 19th of April, 1850, for the purpose of adopting a new constitution. The lodges under the jurisdiction of this Grand Lodge, including those lately under the jurisdiction of the State Louisiana Grand Lodge of Ancient York Masons and the members of this Grand Lodge, are summoned and notified to attend said meeting by their proper representation or proxies.

By order of the Grand Lodge.
a1 19t   J. J. E. MASSICOT, Grand Sec'y.

Grand Lodge of the State of Louisiana.

AN adjourned meeting of this Grand Lodge will be held on FRIDAY, 5th inst., at 7 o'clock P. M., at Perseverance Hall, corner of Main and St. Claude street. By order of the Grand Lodge.
a1 5t   J. J. E. MASSICOT, Grand Sec'y.

Electro Biology and the Cure of Disease.

MR. FISKE respectfully announces that Dr. C. STEVENS, of Buffalo, N. Y., a highly successful and popular Physician, will attend to the cure of the sick, at the Armory Hall, on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, for gentlemen, from 9 until 12 o'clock, A. M.; and on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, for ladies, at the same hour. Spectators not admitted. For each examination and treatment the patient will be charged one dollar. Those who are visited at their houses will be charged extra. m31

Mr. Fisk's Class for Instruction.

MR. FISK will form a Class for instruction in ELECTRO-BIOLOGY, on THURSDAY AFTERNOON, April 4th, at Armory Hall, at 4½ o'clock. All who attend will be fully enabled to perform all these extraordinary experiments with perfect success, and also how to apply this astonishing remedial agent to the cure of disease, or the charged for instruction [illegible] will be promptly returned. Each member of the class will receive a ticket admitting a gentleman and lady to all the public lectures and experiments. [illegible]

To Builders.

PROPOSALS to repair store No. 16 Triangle Buildings, will be received until 5th inst. The [illegible] will answer for specifications.
a1 3t   L. MATTHEWS, Agent.

LIQUIDATION OF THE HARDWARE STORE, SITUATED No. 160 OLD LEVEE ST, BETWEEN BARRACK AND HOSPITAL STS.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his patrons, builders, city and country merchants, and the public in general, that from this date, he will sell at great [illegible] all his goods, consisting of a large assortment of kitchen articles, [illegible] ware for buildings, carpenters' and [illegible] tools, materials for making [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible].

All persons indebted [illegible] [illegible].
a1   G. VARCHOT.

[illegible]

OFFICIAL NOTICES.

Proclamation.

BY virtue of an act entitled "An act to take the sense of the people of the city of New Orleans upon the re-union of the Three Municipalities of said city into one corporation, approved March 20th, 1850;"

I issue this, my proclamation, ordering that a poll be opened and held on the SECOND MONDAY of April next, in each of the Wards of the several Municipalities of the city of New Orleans, during the same hours and in the same manner as for an election of Mayor and Aldermen, for the purpose of taking the sense of the people of the said city upon the propriety of re-uniting the Three Municipalities of said city into one corporation, and that the voting at said polls be conducted, and the returns thereof be made, according to law.

Given at Baton Rouge, under my hand and the seal of the State, on the twenty third day of [L. S.] March, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and fifty, and of the independence of the United States the seventy-fourth.
By the Governor,   JOSEPH WALKER,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
CHARLES GAYARRE Secretary of State.   m26

Proclamation,

BY JOSEPH WALKER,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

WHEREAS, due proof has been made to me that one A. J. LEE committed an assault, with intent to kill, on the person of his wife, in the parish of Caddo.

I have thought proper to issue this, my Proclamation, calling upon the good people of this State to give their aid and assistance in arresting and bringing to justice the perpetrator of said crime; and, further, offering, in the name and authority of the State, a reward of Three Hundred Dollars for the arrest of said A. J. Lee.

Given under my hand, and the seal of the State, at Baton Rouge, this 26th day of February, 1850, and in the year of the Independence of the United States the seventy-fourth. [SEAL.]
By the Governor: JOSEPH WALKER.
CHARLES GAYARRE,
m1   Secretary of State.

Official Notice.

ALL persons owing State Taxes in the Second Representative District, city of New Orleans, are hereby these presents notified that the collector of said District is ready to receive the amount of Taxes due the State of Louisiana, and also to deliver licences for trades and professions, which are taxable according to law.

Second District bounded by Julia, Benjamin Estelle, Thalia and the Metarie Ridge.

Office hours from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M. Office in Erato street, between Prytania and Nayades sts.
m26 2m   THOS. ASKEW, Collector 2d Dis.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to the auctioneers of the parishes of Orleans and Jefferson, that in compliance with an act passed at the last session of our State Legislature, I shall be in attendance in the city of New Orleans from the 6th to the 10th of April next, inclusive, (Sunday excepted), between 10 o'clock A. M. and half-past 2 o'clock P. M. on each day, at the office of Mr. T. O. Stark notary public, No. 84 Gravier street, for the purpose of auditing their accounts.

LOUIS BORDELON, Auditor.
Baton Rouge, March 30th, 1850.   a1-10th

Collector's Office, Third Representative District, City of N. Orleans.

STATE TAXES.—Notice is hereby given to all persons who may be indebted for State taxes on Real Estate, Slaves, Capital or other property, subject to taxation, on the assessment roll of the Third Representative District, city of New Orleans, that if said taxes are not paid previous to the 1st day of June next, 1850, such property will be seized and sold for the collection of taxes for the year 1849.

A. M. SCATES, Collector,
April 1st, 1850.   1m   95 St. Charles street.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE,
Baton Rouge, March 28, 1850.

The 35th section of an act entitled "An act to establish and regulate the Treasury Department," provides:

"That it shall be the duty of the Auditor, when collectors of the revenues, or holders of the public moneys, shall fail to pay the amount due by them, into the Treasury within the time prescribed by law, to publish the names of the defaulters in three newspapers printed at the seat of government, within thirty days after such default, in four newspapers printed at the most public places in the State, ten days, with the amounts respectively due by each and the amount on due, together with the penalties and forfeitures therein prescribed, shall then upon the real and personal estate of such defaulter and his securities, from the time of such defalcation."

In compliance with the requirements of the law above quoted the names of the following collectors of State taxes are now published with the amounts due by each respectively, viz:

Benjamin Parker, parish of Bienville, amount due on the roll of 1848, ... $1083 80
Samuel Anderson, parish of Madison, amount due on the roll of 1848, ... $2416 72
A. H. Bradley, parish of Franklin, amount due on the roll of 1849, ... $1592 47

LOUIS BORDELON, Auditor.

Notice to Tax-Payers of the parish of Jefferson.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons whether residents or non residents of the parish of Jefferson, who have parish taxes to pay in said parish, for the year 1849, that the same will be due on the eleventh day of April 1850; that within thirty days thereafter the said taxes must be paid to the undersigned, Collector, at his office in the hall of the sittings of the Police Jury in Gretna. In said parish, that the undersigned will be there for the purpose of receiving said taxes, every day during the thirty days aforesaid from 9 o'clock A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M. And that at the expiration of said delay, a list of the persons who shall have failed to pay the taxes due by them shall be handed to the Sheriff whose duty it shall be to seize and sell the property of such delinquents, according to law.

Parish of Jefferson, 7th February, 1850.
f7 3taw 3m   LOUIS DELERY, Collector.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

TEXAS—Castro's Colony.

THE Emigrants introduced into Texas by the subscriber, under a Contract between him and the Republic of Texas, are hereby notified, that by an act of the Legislature, dated January, 1850, every family or single man entitled to the patent for the quantity of land stipulated in the Contract signed and delivered in Europe to that effect.

Apply for particulars to the undersigned, in Castroville, Medina county.

Letters to be post-paid.
f13 3m   H. CASTRO.

City Bank.

NEW ORLEANS, January 5, 1850.

NOTICE.—With a view to the speedy withdrawal from circulation of all the notes of this Bank, the charter of which will expire on the 1st day of May next, the holders of the notes are requested to present them for redemption at the counter of the Bank as early as practicable.

By order of the Board:
j7 3m   R. J. PALFREY, Cashier.

AGENCY SUN MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THIS Company has an invested capital of more than one million of dollars after paying off the scrip issued in 1846, of $267,480—and additional assets of more than seven hundred thousand dollars. Marine, River and Fire Risks continue to be at the office corner of Camp and Common streets.

January 1st, 1850.   1y   L. MATTHEWS, Agent.

THE undersigned informs his friends and the public, that he has taken into partnership Messrs. F. LACAPERE and F. G. BARRIERE, and will continue business as heretofore under the title of BARRIERE, LACAPERE & CO.
m 20 1-50   CHAS. A. BARRIERE.

THE undersigned, hereby informs the public and his friends that he has sold the whole of the claims of the late firm of DE POUILLY & Co., to R. G. Musgrove, and that by agreement between them, the said R. G. Musgrove, has bound himself to pay all the debts contracted by the said late firm.

He further informs his friends and old customers, that he has no interest whatsoever in the lumber yard newly opened on the old Mill Stand, that the firm of De Pouilly & Co. of which he is the senior partner, has been transformed into the firm of De Pouilly & Gagnet, and that the offices of De Pouilly & Gagnet are situated on the corner of Franklin and Toulouse streets, and at the Mill on Carondelet Walk, near Tivoli garden, between Prieur and Johnson streets.   m16   J. J. DEPOUILLY.

Liquidation of Partnership.

THE commercial firm of MORLOT & ANDRY will be dissolved by mutual consent from and after the 1st of April next. OCTAVE ANDRY is alone charged with the liquidation.

J. B. MORLOT,
OCT. ANDRY.

The undersigned will continue the same branch of business for his own account, and claims the patronage of his friends and the public generally.   (m27 15t)   OCT. ANDRY.

Notice to the Public.

I HAVE the honor to inform the public, that having announced, a few days ago, that I had a FOUNDRY at my residence, in St. Claude street, corner of Main, where work could be done at the cheapest possible rates, and having, moreover, announced that the said Foundry was directed by Messrs. Boone & Co., which may create the impression that said establishment belongs to me, I deem it my duty to inform the public, in order that no doubt may exist on the subject, that the said Foundry belongs *exclusively* to Messrs. Boone & Co., and that I have no interest whatever in it. I embrace this opportunity to recommend to my friends Messrs. BOONE & CO., who merit in every respect the confidence of the public.   m29 3t

New Orleans Stationers' Warehouse,

14 CAMP STREET.

EMPORIUM OF STANDARD LITERATURE.

THE subscriber begs leave to invite the attention of his friends and the public generally, to his choice and unique assortment of the most important Works that emanate from the American and English Press. The establishment is distinguished for its large collection of standard works in the several departments of classical and general Literature, civil and ecclesiastical History, Biography, Voyages and Travels, Poetry and the Fine Arts, Architecture and Engineering, Philosophy, Law, Medicine, Theology, &c., &c. School Books in every variety. Country merchants supplied on the most favorable terms.   J. B. STEEL,
a1   14 Camp st.

LANDING ex ship Raimonda from Genoa—83 blocks Marble—60 Marble Tops—404 Mortars sundry sizes, 14 do 18 to 24 inches—4 statues representing the seasons of the year, for sale by
a1   D. LANATA, 9 and 10 Jefferson st.

LANDING—Ex ship Raimondi, from Genoa, 400 baskets M. Sus Oil, for sale by
PAUL, JUGE, FILS & CO.,
a1   27 St. Louis street.

PRINCIPE CIGARS—Of the celebrated brand, in store and for sale by
J. N. RICULFI & CO, 17 Common st.

HAVANA CIGARS—A large assortment of the best brands, in store and for sale by
J. N. RICULFI & CO., 17 Common st.

LANDING ex ship Espindola, from Havre, 2000 Demijohns, 5 gallons; 500 do, 3 gallons; 500 do 1 gallon; 25 casks Pate de Maule Cheese, 1st quality, 12 cheese; 25 do do, 24 cheese; 2 tons Swiss Gruyere Cheese, for sale by
D. LANATA, 9 & 10 Jefferson st.

LANDING ex ship Rosa Maria, from Bordeaux: 2 boxes containing 20 dozen, calf leather; 20 pair boot legs, 4 dozen patent leather, No. 1; 1 dozen do, No. 1, for sale by
AUG'T MOLIER, 90 St. Louis st.

SARDINES IN OIL—[illegible] cases of [illegible] half boxes each, landing ex [illegible], for sale by
LOREILHE & CO.
[illegible] cor Royal and Customhouse sts.

BRANDY COGNAC—[illegible] brand, [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For Mayor.

We are authorized to announce A. D. CROSSMAN, the present incumbent, as a candidate for re-election, at the election of April next.   f3

MESSRS. EDITORS—Please announce me as a Candidate for the Chief Magistracy of the city.—Election in April next.   PETER L. JORE,
f5   Ex La. State Librarian.

EDITORS BEE—Please announce THOMAS J. SPEAR, the Independent Crevasse Candidate and Poor Man's Friend, as a candidate for Mayor, at the ensuing April Election. He will be supported by the
r20   INDEPENDENT MASSES.

For Recorder

OF THE FIRST MUNICIPALITY.

THE EDITORS OF THE BEE

Will please announce as a candidate for Recorder of the First Municipality W. H. FLEMMING, as he will receive the vote of the   PEOPLE.

Please announce Mr. A. DERBES, the present incumbent, as a candidate for re-election as Alderman of the Sixth Ward, First Municipality, at the approaching election.
HIS NUMEROUS FRIENDS.
March 29th, 1850.   m30

MESSRS. EDITORS OF THE BEE—Please announce Mr. HENRY J. LYND as a candidate for Alderman of the First Ward, First Municipality.
m25   MANY VOTERS.

We are authorized to say that LUCIUS C. DUNCAN, one of the present Aldermen of the First Ward of First Municipality, will serve in the same office for the ensuing year, if chosen by the people at the election in April.   m20

MESSRS. EDITORS OF THE BEE—Please announce Mr. J. A. BONNEVAL, as candidate for Alderman of the 6th Ward of Municipality No. 1.   m6

EDITORS OF THE BEE—Please announce Mr. H. F. WIESE, as a candidate for Alderman of the Fifth Ward, First Municipality, in April next.
m12   MANY VOTERS.

MESSRS. EDITORS—Please announce JOHN WELLS as a candidate for the office of Alderman of the Fifth District, First Municipality.
m12   MANY VOTERS.

MESSRS. EDITORS: Please announce GEORGE CLARK, Alderman of the Fifth Ward, First Municipality, as a candidate for re-election.   m8

MESSRS. EDITORS: Please to announce Mr. F. SHIELDS, as a candidate for Alderman for the Second Ward, First Municipality, in April next, as he has been requested to become one for the interest of the Ward, he being a man of property.
m8   PROPERTY HOLDERS.

MR. EDITOR: Please announce Mr. PAUL BOUTET as a candidate for the office of Alderman of the First District, Third Municipality.
f25   VOTERS.

GENERAL COUNCIL.

CANDIDATES—FIRST MUNICIPALITY.

C. ROSELIUS,   J. E. CALDWELL,
PHILIP WILLMAN,   JULES BENIT.

MESSRS. EDITORS BEE:—Please announce as candidates for Aldermen to represent the First Wards, the First Municipality:

R. H. McALPIN,   R. W. MONTGOMERY,
RICHARD HAGAN.

They will receive the undivided support of the
m16   VOTERS OF THE FIRST WARD.

MESSRS. EDITORS—Please announce Messrs. J. L. FABRE and PAULIN BLANQUE as candidates for Aldermen of the Fourth Ward, First Municipality. They will receive the support of
m16   THE PEOPLE.

MESSRS. EDITORS: Please announce E. GIQUEL, as a candidate for the office of Alderman of the Sixth District, First Municipality.

MESSRS. EDITORS: Please announce, as candidates for the office of Aldermen of the First District, First Municipality, Messrs. W. MONMGOMERY, C. DUNCAN and P. PECQUET.

Comptroller of the First Municipality.

We are authorized to announce O. DeBUYS, the present Deputy Comptroller, as a candidate for Comptroller of the First Municipality, at the election on the 2d April.   a1 12t

For Wharfinger—1st Municipality.

We are authorized to announce ARMAND DEJAN, actual incumbent, as a candidate for re-election, at the election of 2d April.   a1

For Treasurer of the First Municipality.

We are authorized to announce J. A. DUREL, the present incumbent, as a candidate for Treasurer of the First Municipality at the Election on the 2d of April.

MESSRS. EDITORS—Please announce Mr. LEWIS SENE, as a candidate for the office of Treasurer of the Municipality No. One, at the election to be held on the 2nd April, 1850.   a1

Please announce Mr. L. P. BUKEAU as Alderman of the 3d District, 1st Municipality.   a1

Candidate for Surveyor First Municipality, L. SURGI.   a1

WANTED, LOST, &c.

A CLERK well qualified for retail business, and speaking French and English, will find a situation by applying by letter through the Post Office to Box 118. Good references wanted.   m26

LOAN ON MORTGAGE.—Wanted, a Loan on Mortgage of $27,000 on a property situated at 3 miles from the city, measuring 2¼ arpents, fronting the Mississippi river, by 80 arpents deep.

A fine Dwelling House, with out houses, and a Brick Yard in full operation, having three furnaces and every other apparatus to keep them employed. Also—25 Slaves and several children.
Apply at THIS OFFICE.   f21

STRAYED—A White Setter Slut, with brown spots on the ears, legs and sides. She has left pups, and has a full breast. A liberal reward will be given to whoever will deliver her to
DARAN, QUEYROUZE & CO.,
m26 6t   9 & 11 St Louis st.

Dry Goods Selling Off Very Cheap, on account of Removal.

C. M. SIMPSON, No. 28 Chartres st., having removed a large portion of his stock to his New Store, No. 50 Canal st, offers for sale, at very reduced prices, the balance of Stock at 28 Chartres st. Among which will be found a large assortment of—
Family Dry Goods;
Plantation do;
Fancy and Staple do.
—ALSO—
A large lot of very cheap Bareges;
A large lot of Organdie Muslins, at 6¼ cents;
And a complete assortment of Ladies Dress Goods, among which may be found the following—Black and colored Silks, slightly damaged, which will be sold very low.

Lawns, Organdies, Bareges, Silk Tissues; French, Scotch and American Ginghams; embroidered and plain Swiss Muslins; Irish Linens of all qualities; Silk and Cotton Hose and Half Hose.

Also, a large assortment of Ladies Summer Mantillas and Visites, of the latest styles and newest patterns.

All persons in want of Dry Goods, at either wholesale or retail, are invited to call and examine as the whole stock must be cleared out in a few weeks.
m29 3t

Large Fancy Store and Splendid Hair Dressing Saloon.

H. LABON, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has removed his establishment from No. 92 Chartres street, to No. 58 same street. He will have always on hand a first choice of fancy articles, and a large assortment of China Ware, Glassware, Perfumery of all kinds, Collars, Gloves, Cravats, Brushes, Umbrellas, Canes, Suspenders, Children Toys, &c.

H. LABON, has also established on the first story of his house, a SPLENDID HAIR DRESSING SALOON, provided with every article useful for dressing.—Wishing to justify the patronage which has been bestowed on him, he will spare no efforts to be constantly worthy of it.   m26 1m

New and Seasonable Dry Goods.

IN STORE and landing from ships Sultana, Maid of Orleans, Quebec, Wabash, Lucas and Alleghany, from the North, and W. V. Kent, from Liverpool—

5 cases Cottonades;
10 do black and fancy Cassimeres;
3 do and 2 bales black and blue Cloth;
4 do black and blue Satinets;
4 do and 2 bales Blankets;
7 do black and fancy Alpaccas;
20 do Prints;
7 bales red and white Flannel;
2 cases printed Flannel;
2 cases scarlet twilled Flannel;
10 cases bleached Shirtings;
10 bales brown Cotton;
4 cases Checks;
2 do twilled Denims;
2 do colored Table Covers, 8 4 and 10 4;
2 do French Table Covers and Napkins;

A full assortment of Merino and Cotton Undershirts and Drawers, Gloves, Hosiery in general, Shawls, Millinery Goods, Silk and raw Silk Hose, Spool Cotton, Mouseline de Laine, etc.
For sale by   I. HAAS,
m30 6m   47 Chartres st.

WINES—Landing ex ship Rosa Maria, from Bordeaux—

40 casks St. Julien and St. Estephe red Wine; 24 do, old family red Wine; 41 bbls. Haut Sauterne white Wine, 1st quality, for sale by
m26   AUG. MOLIER, 90 St. Louis st.

FOR SALE—Landing ex bark Rosa Maria, from Bordeaux—

100 casks good ordinary red Wine; 60 half do and barrels white Wine; 12 quarter pipes 4th pr of Castillon Brandy.   G. M. LUCAS,
m28   30 Bienville st.

CHAMPAIGN WINE—500 baskets Champaign Wine, sundry brands, for sale to close a consignment, by   LOREILHE & CO,
m26   corner Royal and Customhouse sts.

LIME—1200 bbls. fresh Lime, in good order, received from the Marble Quarry of Cape Girardeau, just landing from steamer Hannibal, for sale by   F. H. MONSSEAUX,
m29 3t   218 St. Louis st., at the Marble Yard.

SARDINES IN OIL—1000 half boxes of F. Rondenet & Co's. brand, landing ex bark Rosa Maria and for sale by
TH. BAILLY BLANCHARD & CO.,
m29 7t   29 Customhouse street.

BRANDY—18 hf, hf qr and 11 eighth, Old Jean Louis Cognac, 1811; 11 qr pure fine Champagne, J J Durand; 5 hf Brandy Cognac, J J Durand, 1844; 5 hf do do, 1840. Received on board Rosa Maria, from Bordeaux, and for sale by
m27 6t   J and J TARDOS, 21 Old Levee.

SARDINES IN OIL—2000 half boxes Sardines, in oil, of the well known brand of S. Guillou, landing and for sale by
m27   A. MOLIER, 90 St. Louis st.

LANDING ex ship Rosa Maria, from Bordeaux,
50 casks St. Seurin Medoc Wine;
50 " St. Christoly do do
30 " Chateau Latour do do
15 hf pearls Chateau Margaux
10 qr Brandy, 1st proof, Otard Dupuy brand.
For sale by   E. LAMBERT,
m27   92 Magazine street.

LANDING ex ship Rosa Maria, from Bordeaux, [illegible] boxes St. Julien Claret;
115 " [illegible]
[illegible] " Pauillac "
[illegible] " Cos Destournel do 2 half casks White Wine, for sale by   V. & L. [illegible]
[illegible]

LANDING ex ship [illegible] 16 boxes Truffled [illegible] [illegible] Truffles, &c., for sale by
[illegible] & CO.
[illegible]

LANDING ex ship [illegible]

[illegible]

AMUSEMENTS.

Marvellous Experiments.

THEOPHILUS FISKE will lecture and experiment at ARMORY HALL, Every Evening, upon the newly discovered science of ELECTRO-BIOLOGY. The experiments upon persons well known in this city, in illustration of the undoubted reality of this wonderful science, will be of the most astonishing and amusing character. Lecture to commence at 7½ o'clock. Tickets, 50 cents; a gentleman and two ladies, one dollar; eight tickets at 25 cents each. Children half price.   m9 tf

Opening of St. Helene Garden,

BY P. PARODY & CO.

THE public is notified that the St. Helene Garden will be opened on SUNDAY, 24th inst. This establishment will have Refreshments of the first quality, such as Ice Cream, Sorbets and Liquors.

There will be a BALL every Sunday, Monday and Thursday.   m20 15t

Second Municipality Lyceum.

THE LECTURES to be delivered at the Lyceum in the Hall of the Second Municipality, will begin on FRIDAY, the 21st inst., at 7 P. M. The distinguished Dr. Mitchell, of Cincinnati, who is engaged to deliver twelve Lectures upon the subject of ASTRONOMY, will commence upon that evening. He will be followed by other learned professors upon different departments of Science during the season, as contemplated by the Ordinance creating the Library and Lyceum. The terms of admission to the whole course of these Lectures, expected to be about forty in number, are as follows:

Ticket, admitting a gentleman and two ladies $5 00
Do.   do   one person   -   -   3 00
Admission to Single Lecture   -   -   50

Tickets can be obtained from Hon. J. Baldwin, either of the undersigned, or from the Librarian. Single Tickets may be had at the door, on the evening of each Lecture.

N. R. JENNINGS,
EDW. MACPHERSON,
EDWARD RAWLE,
f20   Committee upon the Library and Lyceum.

GLOBE BALL ROOM.

Corner of St. Claude and St. Peter sts., abreast of the Old Basin.

THE proprietor would most respectfully inform his friends and the public, that the above splendid and unequalled establishment having been neatly and tastefully fitted up, will be opened for the season, on SATURDAY, the 20th inst., with a

Grand Dress and Masked Ball,

and that Balls will take place regularly hereafter every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY.

The orchestra will be composed of the best artists now in the city, and nothing has been neglected calculated to render the room one of the most agreeable places of amusement in the city. An efficient police is engaged, and strict order will be enforced.
SALVADOR VIOSCA, Proprietor.
WHITLOCK, Manager.

N. B. Attached to the establishment is a superior Bar, well stocked with choice Wines and Liquors; also, a Restaurant, where may be had, at all times, such delicacies as the market affords.
o16

J. MAGNE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

Office 83 Chartres street.

Five Dollars Reward

FOR the recovery of the girl LIZE, who ranaway about five weeks since. Said girl is 13 to 14 years old; very dark; speaks English and French, and is very intelligent. The reward will be paid on bringing her to No. 63, Rampart street, corner of Bienville.   m6-4t

Five Dollars Reward

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, the mulatto, aged about 31 years, middle size, she was known as a seller of milk. The above reward will be paid for her apprehension and delivery to   F. N. d'HEBECOURT
m4   Bayou Road, bet. Johnson and Prieur.

BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS—245 cases now landing from ships Bay State Suffolk and Lochinvar, for sale by
m25   G. W. DUNBAR, 30 Customhouse st.

BOOTS, SHOES & BROGANS—292 cases just landed from ships Scotland, Sultana and Geo Turner, for sale by
R. G. HOBBS, 12 Customhouse st.

BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS—New landing and in store, a general assortment of goods in the above line, suitable for the present and approaching season, for sale low by
m15   FROST & CO., No. 10 Magazine st.

BROGANS, LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN'S SHOES—4 trunks of fine goods of Philadelphia and Newark manufacture, now landing from ships Wabash and Telegraph for sale by   G. W. DUNBAR,
m7   30, Customhouse st.

PALM LEAF HATS—40 cases men's and boys' Palm Leaf Hats, assorted qualities, now landing from ship Lochinvar, for sale by
m30   FROST & CO., No. 10 Magazine st.

HATS AND CAPS—1000 cases Hats and Caps, comprising a complete assortment of men's black and drab Russia, Silk, Spotting, Mexican and California Hats. Also, boys and negro Hats and Caps, for sale by
d18 lm   R. G. HOBBS, 12 Customhouse.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

Houses to Let—Possession to be given immediately—Two brick HOUSES situated in Victory street, between Elysian Fields and Marigny streets.

The above two story Houses have been newly repaired and painted, they are provided with cisterns and the water works hydrants, are spacious and of the best construction. [illegible] For terms, apply to   LEOPOLD JEANNET & Co.,
m26   22 St. Louis st.

House to Let—Possession to be given immediately—A three story brick house with spacious back buildings, situated in Marigny street, between Levee and Victory streets, provided with a cistern and the water works hydrants, and every other convenience. For terms, apply to LEOPOLD JEANNET & CO.
m26   26 St. Louis st.

Sugar Plantation for Sale.

A SUGAR PLANTATION, situated in the parish of St. Charles. For sale by the Consolidated Association Bank. For further particulars, apply to
m7   G. MILTENBERGER, Cashier.

For Sale at Private Sale or Auction—A two story frame house, situated in Greatmen street, No. 140, measuring 31 feet front by 120 feet deep. Said house contains 4 rooms, with fire places, a two story kitchen, paved yard, two cisterns, well, privy, and a carpenter shop for ten hands. If not sold at private sale by the 1st April, it will be sold at auction on that day. Apply to   JOACHIM OPENWEYER,
m19 12t   13 Greatmen st.

For Rent—Low—Two new two story HOUSES, on the shady corner of Bienville and Derbigny streets, one of them built expressly for a store or a boarding house. For particulars, apply to   L. A. GUILLEMAIN,
m15 1m   200 Circus st., new St. Basic.

Bath Houses to Rent. Either or both of those well located and handsomely furnished BATHING ESTABLISHMENTS on Canal street, between Customhouse and Bienville streets, will be rented on application, and on Exchange Place, between Customhouse and Bienville streets, will be rented on favorable terms, for a lease from one to five years. Apply to
f23 tf   J. P. KIRWIN, 233 Julia st.

For Sale.—A double frame TENEMENT, with kitchen, cisterns, &c., situated on the West side of Hercules street, between Euterpe and Terpsichore streets. Lot, 32 feet front, by 96 feet deep. For terms, apply to
F. J. HART & CO, 97 Tchoupitoulas, or
HENRY J. LEOVY, Attorney,
j22   3 St. Charles st.

To Rent—Two story Houses just finished, situated at the corner of St. Andrew and Levee, Lafayette. These dwellings are intended for families; they have two stories in the rear, paved yards, cistern, &c. Possession given immediately. Apply to
m14   AUG. MOLIER, 90 St. Louis st.

To Rent—For the season, or for any length of time—The Washington Ball Room and appertenances, situated in St. Philippe st., between Royal and Bourbon streets—being the largest and best adapted room in the city for balls, concerts, &c. Apply to
d18   LABORDE & XIQUES, 3 Front st.

TO RENT.—The THIRD STORY of the Crescent Coffeehouse, and of the adjoining building over the Crescent Restaurant, forming two very large rooms.

Also, the SECOND and THIRD STORIES of the corner of Bienville and Exchange Alley, over the Duty Coffeehouse.

These rooms are very desirable for printing offices, counting rooms or any other offices, requiring a good location in the city. Inquire of
DAMIAN CASAS.

Either at the Crescent Coffeehouse, or at the Duty Coffeehouse.   f 1of

FOR RENT—With immediate possession to the tenant—No. 70 Royal st. For particulars, apply to   JUAN Y DE EGANA,
f30   47 Bienville st.

TO RENT—A spacious and well situated Store with fixtures for a dry goods store, or any other line of business. Possession will be given immediately if wanted. Apply at the place itself, now occupied by E. VALMONT & Co., No. 58 Canal street, next door to corner of Post Office Alley.

To Rent or Lease—On such terms as may be agreed on, the two story BRICK BUILDING, situated on the corner of Treme and Esplanade streets, containing 4 spacious rooms and cabinet in the upper story; and the first story all in one suitable for a Coffee house, Grocery Store, Druggist or dwelling, as there is 8 fire places, together with a two story brick kitchen, divided into 4 rooms, with fire places, a three story, paved yard, and an entrance from both streets, all newly finished. Apply to   MARTIN BRODERICK,
f23   Bayou Road, near Rampart st.

SEWING SILKS—3 cases American; 2 do Italian; 2 do India, high colors, for sale by
DE FORREST & CO,
m21 20t   20 Customhouse st.

SHEETINGS—300 bales Brown Sheetings, various marks, in store and for sale by
DE FORREST & CO,
m21 20t   20 Customhouse st.

GERMAN CLOTHS—8 bales German Cloths, low priced, for sale by   DE FORREST & CO.,
m21 20t   20 Customhouse st.

BLEACHED COTTONS—100 cases various qualities, in store and for sale by
DE FORREST & CO.,
m21 20t   20 Customhouse st.

PRINTS—100 cases Prints various qualities and 16 4 4 English do., entitled to drawback, in store and for sale by
m21 20t   DE FORREST & CO., 20 Customhouse st.

STAR CANDLES—400 boxes Verdon, Shillito & Co's; 100 half do, for sale by
SECCOMB & VOORHIES,
14 Tchoupitoulas st.

FOR'S STARCH—200 boxes in store, for sale by
SECCOMB & VOORHIES,
14 Tchoupitoulas st.

ALCOHOL—50 bbls, 92 per cent, for sale by
SECCOMB & VOORHIES,
m17 6t   14 Tchoupitoulas st.

SOAP—300 boxes Palm; 100 do Chinese Oxide, for sale by   SECCOMB & VOORHIES,
m27 6t   14 Tchoupitoulas st.

SUNDRIES—Sugar-cured Hams, Beef Tongues, and Dried Beef, for sale by
SECCOMB & VOORHIES,
m27 6t   14 Tchoupitoulas st.

LARD OIL—[illegible] bbls. No. 1, winter-strained, for sale by   SECCOMB & VOORHIES,
[illegible]   14 Tchoupitoulas st.

[illegible]