The New-Orleans Bee.

No 249.-VOL V.—NEW SERIES. NEW-ORLEANS. TUESDAY MORNING. FEBRUARY 20, 1844 VOL XVIII.—WHOLE NO 1475

Steam Packets.

New and splendid New Orleans and St Louis passenger steam packet, M WHITE. Captain Joseph M Converse—This elegant and fast running steamer is expected to arrive on the 10th March, and will have immediate despatch. This boat was built under the superintendence of Captain Converse, expressly for the New Orleans and Saint Louis trade—the engines and boilers are entirely new and the owners have spared no expense in making her one of the most desirable passenger boats on the Mississippi river. For freight or passage, apply to JOHN R SHAW & Co, Agent, 24 Poydras

Passenger steamer HIGHLANDER, Captain Alexander Brother, for St Louis—This fine light draught and fast running steamer is daily expected to arrive and will have despatch for the above and intermediate ports. For freight or passage having fine accommodations, apply to JOHN R SHAW & Co, Agent, 24 Poydras

FOR ATTAKAPAS—Via Plaquemine—The splendid first class double engine steamer NEW BRAZIL, C. Johnson, master, is now receiving freight at the foot of Canal street, and will positively leave as above on her regular day Tuesday 20th inst, at 11 M, taking freight and passengers for St. Martinsville, New Iberia, Provost's Landing, Franklin, Centreville, Pattersonville and all intermediate landings, including Berwick's Bay, and the Bayou Boeuf. For further particulars apply on board or to JOHN HALL, 1 Front Levee.

N. B.—The New Brazil has splendid accommodations for passengers, with good capacity for carrying, besides being of unusual light draught, no possibility of delay or necessity for reshipping or lightering can exist. She will run in the trade during the whole season, carrying freight and passengers as low as any other good boat in the trade.

STEAMBOAT CONGRESS for LOUISVILLE AND CINCINNATI—The fine fast running steamer CONGRESS, Capt. Marsh, will leave for the above and intermediate ports on Tuesday, the 20th inst, at 10 o'clock A. M. For freight or passage apply on board or to HARTWELL, KIDDER & CARMAN, 44 Poydras

FOR ST LOUIS—The splendid steam packet ALEX SCOTT, Capt J C Swon, is expected to arrive on Tuesday, 20th inst. and having the greater part of her cargo engaged, will meet with immediate despatch. For freight or passage apply to JOHN R SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras.

FOR WHITE RIVER Arkansas, touching at Batesville, Powhattan and Pocahontas.—The fine, light draught steamer POTOSI, Capt. W E Saltmarsh, will leave as above on Wednesday the 21st inst at 4 o'clock, P M.—For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply on board or to JNO R SHAW & Co, Agents, 24 Poydras st

Splendid passenger steamer ECLIPSE Capt James W Gosles, for St Louis—This well known and fast running steamboat will leave for St Louis on Saturday 2d March, at 4 o'clock, P M, taking freight as usual for Memphis, Randolph and all intermediate ports. For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply to JOHN R SHAW & Co, Agents, 24 Poydras

Splendid passenger steamer ECLIPSE Captain James W Gosles, for ST LOUIS This well known and fast running steamboat will arrive in port about the 27th inst., and will leave for St Louis on Wednesday the 6th March, at 4 o'clock P M, taking freight as usual for Memphis, Randolph and all intermediate ports. For freight or passage having unsurpassed accommodations, apply to JOHN R SHAW & Co. Agents, 24 Poydras

A CARD. The Steamboat MISSOURI MAIL still continues to perform her regular trips from New Orleans and Thibodeaux, every Monday and Thursday at the usual hour, 10 o'clock, A. M.

Being important to all, it is earnestly requested that shippers send their freight all to the boat by quarter before ten, as none could be received after that time.

This boat having six fine tarpaulins to cover sugar, will lend them to any merchant or planter intending to ship on her.

The Picayune will please copy six times.

Regular Weekly Packet for BREAUX'S BRIDGE and GRAND POINT. The regular packet steamer LITTLE ROCK, in connection with the barge HERALD, will take freight for the above and intermediate landings—leaving New Orleans every Sunday morning. Shippers by this conveyance will avoid all expense of storage and reshipping at St Martinsville, as the Barge will always be in readiness at St Martinsville to receive the cargo of Little Rock on her arrival.

A responsible person connected with the Little Rock will be on board of the Herald to take charge of all freight shipped by her. For further information apply on board of the steamer Little Rock, or to A B BEIN, 14 Gravier.

Passenger Packet Steamer MISSOURI MAIL, M. LITTLETON, Master. [Prepared with Evans' safety Guards to prevent explosion.] This fine new boat, for the accommodation of planters below Donaldsonville on the Bayou Lafourche, will extend her trips to Thibodeaux, leaving New Orleans, as usual, on every Monday and Thursday, at 10 o'clock A M. Returning will leave Thibodeaux every Tuesday and Friday, at 10 o'clock, A. M.; and Donaldsonville on her usual days, to wit, every Wednesday and Saturday, at 6 o'clock A. M.

Feeling confident such a packet is wanted in this trade for the speedy conveyance of passengers, the proprietor, with a view to the trade during the summer, and (if encouraged) will build a small light boat to run in conjunction with the Mail to Donaldsonville, and will pledge himself (if supported) to carry freight and passengers at the most liberal prices during the whole year.

Hoping such inducements will be favorably noticed by the planters and public in general, the proprietor will abide the future success of his boat by untiring exertions to please and accommodate in all cases. For particulars, apply to BRAUD & LANDRY, New Orleans, MOLAIR & GAUDIN, Donaldsonville, M DAUNIS, Thibodeaux.

NOTICE. REGULAR PACKET BETWEEN NEW ORLEANS, BALIZE and intermediate ports.

The fine steamer FAME, Jourdain Martin, master, having been thoroughly repaired, will recommence her regular trips as formerly. The Fame will sail from New Orleans every Wednesday at 9 o'clock a. m; and from Balize every Friday, at 7 a. m., and arrive at New-Orleans on Saturday. Captain Jourdain requests passengers and merchants sending freight, to have them ready on board in time, as the boat will positively leave at the hour fixed.

Captain Jourdain hopes that merchants and planters will favor him with a continuance of their patronage.

For freight or passage, apply to the Captain on board, or to JACQUES LAROSE, Agent, 71 Old Levee.

P. S. Captain Jourdain Martin, having sold one half of steamer Fame, to Mr. Jacques Larose, informs the public that they will spare no exertions to merit the continuance of their patronage. The boat will resume her regular trips.

U. STATES MAIL STEAMER BRILLIANT; WEEKLY PACKET FOR THE COAST Donaldsonville, Plaquemine, Baton Rouge, Port Hudson, Waterloo, Bayou Sara, Point Coupee and Tunica.

Capt. J. HART having made arrangements with the Clipper to carry the Mail on Sunday, the splendid double engine steamer BRILLIANT, will hereafter leave New Orleans every Wednesday, at 10 o'clock, A. M. and Bayou Sara every Saturday, at 12 o'clock, M. and arrive in New Orleans early next morning. The rate of passage, &c. &c. is the same as charged by all good packets running the Coast. For freight or passage, apply on board or to WM M AVERY, 20 Gravier st

SAMUEL TOBY, Commission Merchant. New York.

ADVANCES made on consignments of Cotton, Sugar and other produce to my friends in New York, Boston and Baltimore. WM MURE, 30 Camp st

ADVANCES made on cotton and other produce to my friends in Havre and Antwerp. WM MURE, 30 Camp st

ADVANCES made on cotton, tobacco, &c. to my friends in Liverpool and London. WM MURE, 30 Camp st

REYNAUD & FALLON have removed to No. 34 Tchoupitoulas street, opposite the National Hotel.

CASH ADVANCES ON PRODUCE.—Liberal cash advances will be made by the subscribers on shipments of produce to our friends, Messrs Mower, Godfrey & Robinson, New York, or Joseph Grealey, Esq, Boston. PRICE & FROST, 20 Poydras.

EMILE JOHNS, Commission Merchant and importer of West-India Produce. COFFEE, SUGAR, TOBACCO, SEGARS. A constant supply of the above for sale. Also—A superior assortment of choice wines—Rhenish Moselles, Champagne, Claret, French white wines, &c. &c. at No. 30 Gravier st

EXCHANGE ON BOSTON from 1 to 60 days sight, for sale by S & J P WHITNEY & Co, 73 Camp

RED BEANS—40 bbls red beans, in fine shipping order, for sale by WM. J BRYAN & Co, 26 Commerce

FLOUR—400 bbls superfine flour, choice brands, in store, for sale by WM. J BRYAN & Co, 26 Commerce

LARD—300 kegs and 100 bbls lard, for sale by L V HUBBARD & Co, 95 Tchoupitoulas

EXCHANGE ON BOSTON at sight and at 60 days, for sale by R G ROBB, 12 Customhouse

COFFEE—Havana green, in store, for sale by J M CABALLERO, 33 Old Levee

BEEF—50 bbls prime beef, for sale by JOHN R SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras.

PORK—100 bbls prime for sale by JOHN R SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras.

CANDLES—40 bxs mould candles in store, for sale by JOHN R SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras

LARD—20 bbls prime leaf lard in store for sale by JOHN R SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras

TOBACCO—600 tobacco in store for sale by WOOD & SIMMONS, 30 Magazine st

INDIGO—20 seroons Spanish flora indigo; 5 cases Manilla, &c, for sale by FIELD & Co, 30 Old Levee.

DOMESTIC LIQUORS—Rum, gin and brandy, &c. in store, for sale by FIELD & Co, 30 Old Levee

CANTON MATTING—75 rolls, 4-4 and 6-4 in store, for sale by TUFTS & HOBART, 29 Gravier

STARCH—100 boxes Nonantum Vale starch, in store, for sale by TUFTS & HOBART, 29 Gravier

HAVANA PRESERVES—in store, for sale by J M CABALLERO, 33 Old Levee

TOBACCO—Havana leaf tobacco, in store, for sale by J M CABALLERO, 33 Old Levee

SUGAR—Havana white and brown in store for sale by J M CABALLERO, 33 Old Levee

LARD—250 kegs prime leaf lard in store and for sale by PRICE & FROST, 20 Poydras

[illegible] bbls prime beef, at Brown's inspection and for sale by PRICE & FROST, 20 Poydras.

BLANKETS—5 point Grenier blankets, for sale by GEO GREEN & BRO, 36 Gravier

[illegible]—20 casks for sale by GEO GREEN & BRO, 36 Gravier

BLANKETS—5 point French blankets for sale by SCHMIDT & Co, 36 Bienville.

MADEIRA WINE in bottles for sale by SCHMIDT & Co, 36 Bienville.

[illegible] BOLTS—Suitable for canvassing hams, for sale by SCHMIDT & Co, 36 Bienville.

LARD—[illegible] kegs prime leaf lard for sale by DITTRICH & Co, 141 Magazine.

HAVANA SUGAR—[illegible] boxes for sale low by L CANTIN, 46 Gravier

[illegible]—Just landing on the Levee for sale by J MADER, 23 St Louis st

EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK, for sale by MERLE, BEYLLE & Co, 66 Old Levee.

[illegible] suitable for family use, for sale by O & B BUCHANAN & Co, 29 Tchoupitoulas.

[illegible]—landing from Ashbert and for sale by L V HUBBARD & Co, 95 Tchoupitoulas

[illegible] HATS—10 cases assorted qualities for sale by WM FROST & Co, 10 Old Levee

[illegible] assorted for hats, for sale by WM FROST & Co, 10 Old Levee

[illegible]—60 bbls, first quality, for sale by A L ADDISON & Co.

[illegible] Whiskey, for sale by A L ADDISON & Co.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES,

HENRY CLAY.

NEW-ORLEANS:

TUESDAY MORNING, FEB'Y 20, 1844.

CLAY CLUB.

☞ At a meeting of the members of the Clay Club held on Monday evening, the 19th instant:

It was unanimously resolved, that this Club has heard with profound regret of the death of ALBERT HOA, Senator from the Parish of Orleans, and long a member of this Association.

Resolved, That we deplore, in common with our fellow-citizens throughout the State, the loss which Louisiana has sustained in the untimely death of one of her most patriotic and distinguished sons, and sympathize as friends with the deeper distress which his death has occasioned to his family.

Resolved, That the Secretaries be directed to transmit a copy of these resolutions to the family of the deceased, and to cause them to be published in the whig papers of this city.

ALFRED ROUSSEAU, C. C. WILLIAMS, ALPHONSE CANONGE, } Secretaries.

WHIG MEETING.

A mass meeting of the whigs of New Orleans, will be held on Wednesday evening, 21st inst, at 7 o'clock, at the St. Louis Exchange, for the purpose of nominating a candidate to fill the vacancy in the Senate, occasioned by the death of the Hon. ALBERT HOA.

WHIG DEMOCRATIC ASSOCIATION,

Municipality No. One.—At Manuel Blasco's, Condé st.

An assembly of the Members will be held on Tuesday 20th instant, at 6 o'clock in the evening. A punctual attendance is required, as business of great importance will be transacted.

(Signed,) F. BUISSON, President. DAVID, L. HERMANN, } Secretaries.

DEMOCRATIC WHIG ASSOCIATION OF MUNICIPALITY NO. THREE.

☞ A meeting of this Association will be held on Monday, 19th inst. at half past 6 o'clock, P. M, at the Association's ordinary room, at the corner of Marigny and New Levee streets, in order to concert with the delegates appointed to represent the Municipality No. 3 to the State Convention of the 22d inst.

Every whig is particularly requested to attend to said meeting.

By order. DE MARANS, Secretary.

The Bee is fond of putting questions to us, for what reason we know not. We have answered them fully and courteously, and take the liberty to put a question or two to the Bee, in our turn:

Is the Bee in favor of establishing a national bank, with a branch in New Orleans?

Is the Bee in favor of reviving the local banks, by act of the legislature?

Is the Bee in favor of the general government paying off the debts of the several states?—Courier.

We are in favor of an institution capable of furnishing the country with a national currency at all times convertible into specie, executing the fiscal operations of the treasury and facilitating exchanges—to be subject to the inspection of the representatives of the people and created by their will.

We are opposed to the Legislature's chartering any more local banks or reviving those that have gone into liquidation.

We are in favor of every state's paying her own debts.

THE CONVENTION.

The delegates from the distant parishes are already pouring into the city in great numbers, and from every indication we are warranted in predicting that the Convention on Thursday next will be the most enthusiastic and imposing assemblage that has ever taken place in the State. The Red river parishes have now a large representation in the city and we are told that the boat that left Alexandria yesterday will be crowded with delegates. The Opelousas and Attakapas will furnish just quotas to the procession, Lafourche will be conspicuous in the lines, and the packets that arrive on Thursday morning will be peopled by the sturdy whigs from the upper part of the state and the river counties.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

NATIONAL AMPHITHEATRE.—The new ballet spectacle of the *Beauties and the Beasts* is to be repeated this evening, in which Miss Emma Ince, who has been engaged at this popular establishment, will appear in several popular dances.

MISS CLARENDON'S benefit and last appearance takes place at the St. Charles Theatre this evening. We understand that she has become Manageress of the Pittsburg Theatre, and will leave immediately to take charge of that establishment.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.—The Hon. HENRY CLAY, will visit the Theatre this evening.

TEMPERANCE.—Joel G. Sever, Esq., the "great Apostle of Temperance," on Sunday afternoon, addressed a large assemblage of persons in Lafayette Square upon this popular and laudable theme. After he had concluded his address, seventy-six persons signed their names as members of the Total Abstinence Society.

CRIMINAL COURT.—Thomas O'Harra, charged with stealing a quantity of carpenter's tools from the Storeroom of John Hoey, in Hevia street, in September last, was put upon trial and found guilty.

Charles Hyams, for stealing eight dollars in silver, from the Restaurat of Wynnes Rodgers, in St Charles street—Guilty.

Antony Seizer, for assault and battery—Guilty.

The following persons were arraigned for trial, who severally plended "Not guilty," viz.—Bernard McQuoit and John Williams, for assaulting a watchman, with intent to kill.

George Kembell, for larceny.

Antonio Lombard, for receiving stolen goods.

Jose Domingo for shooting, with intent to kill.

In the case of James D Mix, a motion was moved that an appeal be granted from the opinion delivered by this Court, overruling the motion for an arrest of judgment, which had been filed in the premises, and that the passing of the sentence to be rendered therein pursuant to the verdict of the Jury, be postponed, until the Court of Errors and Appeals shall have either affirmed or reversed said opinion. The motion was overruled by the Court, on the ground that there was nothing to appeal from until sentence had actually been passed.

The Court adjourned until Wednesday morning.

SUICIDE.—Coroner Davis was yesterday called to hold an inquest at No. 146 Royal street upon the body of a Mr. Numa a Frenchman by birth, who committed suicide about noon by discharging the contents of a pistol in his head; the ball entering near the right temple, causing instant death. From what we can learn the deceased was induced to commit this rash act in consequence of pecuniary deprivations. He arrived here a short time since from St. Louis and rented a small cabinet in the house where he destroyed himself at an extremely low rate, and for the past week had subsisted entirely upon bread and water.

☞ Jackson Blunk was yesterday arrested by the officers of the Second Municipality charged with stealing several pairs of shoes.

☞ Maurice Domingos an old offender was yesterday sentenced by Recorder Baldwin to thirty days imprisonment in the Work House.

☞ Several more individuals recently engaged in selling Havana lottery tickets were arrested yesterday by the officers of the Second Municipality police. An investigation of all of the cases will take place to-morrow before his Honor the Mayor.

MOBILE RACES.—We understand that the future management of Bascombe Course, at Mobile, will devolve upon Messrs. Fisher & Valentine, both of whom are long and favorably known to our racing community. The purses to be offered, will compare favorably with those given here, and every effort will be made by those gentlemen to render the sport at Mobile second to none in this section of the country, in point of variety and respectability. We heartily wish them success in their undertaking.

NEW WORKS.—Our thanks are due Messrs. Bravo & Morgan, of the Literary Depot, for the following works: *French Made Easy*, an abridged theoretical and practical grammar of the French language, arranged in short questions and answers, by Bernard Ullman—a very excellent and compendious little work. *The Brewer King*, from the French of Le Brasseur Roi, by the Viscount D'Arlincourt. *Memoirs of Silvio Pellico, or My Prisons*, translated from the Italian by M. J. Smead and H. J. Lefebvre. Pellico's work is one of the most beautiful and affecting stories extant. It has been universally read, and the public will not be sorry to see it in an English dress. *Judith Bensadi, the Jewess and Secheval*, a sequel, an exciting romance, originally published in the Southern Literary Messenger.

J. B. STEEL, No. 14 Camp street, has our thanks for a copy of the *Memoirs of Silvio Pellico, or My Prisons* translated from the Italian.

DISASTER.—The Schr. Charlotte bound for Charleston, arrived at Key West on the 30th ult. from Tortugas, where she had lost signed and received considerable injury. She was freighted with sugar, whiskey, &c., the most of which was in a damaged state. The wreckers assisted in getting her afloat.

LATER STILL FROM EUROPE.

ADVANCE IN COTTON.

The packet ship *Roscius*, Capt. COLLINS, arrived in New York on the 8th inst, having left Liverpool on the 13th Jan. The dates brought by her are two days later than those received by the Republic, being to the 13th from Liverpool and 12th from London.

The steamer *Hibernia* arrived at Liverpool upon the day the *Roscius* sailed; but the effect of the news taken out by her, had not been developed. The cotton market had become more animated, in consequence of advices from this side of the Atlantic, seven days later, having reached Liverpool on the 10th, confirmatory of the accounts of a deficient crop. It is but reasonable to suppose that the *Hibernia's* news will cause a further advance.

Since penning the above we have accounts from Liverpool to the evening of the 13th, showing a *further advance of 1-8d*, for particulars of which we refer to the commercial head.

Sir HUDSON LOWE, to whom was entrusted the custody of NAPOLEON at St. Helena, died in London on the 10th of January of paralysis. It is said that some interesting documents, together with a memoir drawn up by the deceased, of the events connected with NAPOLEON'S exile, will soon be published.

A great fraud is said to have been committed in empanneling the jury to try the Irish repealers. *Sixty-three* were stricken out *secretly* from the list, by the officers of the crown. It was reported in Dublin that government to escape the odium of the fraud, would quash the indictments. This was but rumor.

THE AMERICAN TRADE.—The American packets which have recently left this port afford evidence of the improving state of business with the United States. The Hottinguer on Monday, took out freight amounting to upwards of £1,500, and eleven cabin passengers; the Montezuma, which sailed the same day, upwards of £1,200 and ten cabin passengers. By the way, these two fine ships, both remarkably fast sailors, are pitted against each other, and bets to some amount are dependant upon which gets home first. The fine transient ship Cohoto, also sailed in company, she is known to be a very fast ship, and is pitted, as regards speed, against the vessels we have named. In future there will be a packet every five days. The Europe is the first ship under the new regulation. The Roscius, which is about to sail, takes out freight amounting to £14,000. Indeed the American packets have received better freights lately than for a length of time previously.

Liverpool Chronicle, Jan. 13.

IRELAND.

THE REPEAL ASSOCIATION.—Monday, Jan. 8.—A very numerous meeting of the Repeal Association was held this day, at the Conciliation Hall, in consequence of the anticipated presence of Mr. O'Connell. The honorable and learned gentleman appeared to enjoy excellent health, and was certainly in the highest spirits. Charles Lynch, Esq., of Ballycaher Castle, in the county of Mayo, was called to the chair. Rent for the week, £-00.

The Dublin Monitor, speaking of the jury to try the repealers, and of the mode in which it has been *packed* by the crown officers, says:—No trial can be had before such a jury, for a conviction under the circumstances would not carry with it the slightest particle of moral weight.

The crown cannot, without outraging public justice, press for a trial before such a jury. The evil they seek to remedy would be aggravated a thousand-fold by, in violation of every principle of justice, forcing the traversers to go to trial before a jury obtained from a pannel notoriously defective, no matter who may be the guilty party.

Lord Devon, of the Landlord and Tenant Commission, has refused to comply with Mr. John O'Connell's request for certain information as to whether the evidence given before the Commission was to accompany the report to be laid before Parliament.

The requisition for the meeting on Saturday contains the names of the Roman Catholic gentry, including several deputy-lieutenants and magistrates from all parts of the country. The meeting is to be held in Clarendon street Church. Mr. O'Connell, Mr. Shiell and Mr. Wyse are to attend.

SCOTLAND.

The Renfrewshire Reformer announces the departure for America of Dr. Burns, Free Church Commissioner to the Churches in the United States, as companion to Dr. Cunningham, and adds: "We believe it is the intention of this deputation to continue in America for about four months, and not to return sooner than for the sitting of the Free Assembly in May next. In the appointment of both these gentlemen for such a mission, we conceive the Free Church has made a most judicious selection.

The Corn Law League is making extraordinary progress in Glasgow. "Free Trade" is the universal watch word in that city.

WALES.

THE RIOTERS.—At the Carmarthen Assizes, just closed, several Rebecca rioters came before the Court.—Many were let off, others were tried on minor offences, and when convicted, recommended to mercy; and altogether the utmost lenency was shown. The men called Shoneysborfawr and Dai'r cantwr were sentenced respectively to transportation for life and for twenty years. Other prisoners were sentenced to imprisonment for terms varying from six to twelve months.

EGYPT.—A letter from Alexandria dated Dec. 22d, says, Several extensive sales of cotton have lately been made by the growers of that staple in Egypt, and, among others, Ibrahim Pacha has sold the whole of his crop (about 20,000 cantars or 10,000 bales) at 10 dollars per cantar, payable in assignments. These assignments consist of the salaries of all those employed in the service of the government, the greater part of whom have been waiting upwards of two years for what was due them, and are now under the necessity of selling their claims at a loss from 20 to 25 per cent.

GREECE.

Our accounts from Athens are to Dec. 21. The address on the speech from the throne has been adopted. It is drawn up in a very moderate spirit. Some amendments, proposed by a small opposition, which demanded particular mention of the 15th of September, were rejected by immense majorities. In the capital and its vicinity some excesses were committed. On the 11th an attempt was made to set fire to the hall of the National Assembly; but fortunately it was frustrated. On the 19th the hotel of the Minister of Foreign Affairs was burnt down. The papers and archives were saved.—There appears to be no foundation for the report that the building was wilfully set on fire.

PARIS, Jan. 8th.—The following is from the Moniteur:—A certain number of students, which may be estimated at about 300, repaired on Saturday, to the house of M. Lafitte, to congratulate him on the speech which he recently pronounced in the Chamber of Deputies. On passing before Moliere's monument, in the Rue Richelieu, they repeatedly cried 'Vive Moliere.'—After waiting on M. Lafitte, they resolved to proceed to Passy, to visit M. Beranger. They stopped a moment at the Boulevarde, before the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, and cried, 'Down with Guizot,' but those clamors immediately ceased on the injunction of the Commissary of police, who watched their movements. Having partly dispersed at this point, they soon afterwards formed again in the Rue Royale, and marched in the direction of Passy. M. Beranger, however, was absent from home. In the main street of Passy, the Commissary of Police, who had not for an instant lost sight of the rioters, was insulted, and several of the agents who accompanied him were ill-treated. Ten of the authors of those violences were here arrested, and the remainder dispersed.

The Minister of Finance informed the Committee that it was his intention to present the Budget for the year 1845 in the course of the present month. He added, that there would not only be a surplus of revenue to the amount of 800,000f. over the expenditure for the last year, but that the various deficiencies for the years 1840, 1841, 1842 and 1843, would be reduced to a sum of 350,000,000f.

SPAIN.—Accounts from Madrid of the 3d instant, announce the arrival in that capital of Mr. Henry Lytton Bulwer, the new British Envoy.

The Gazette of that date contains the appointment of Don Francisco Martinez de la Rosa as Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the King of the French. His brother Diego was, on the 27th ult., appointed Director General of Prisons, a noted favorite of Lopez, (Don Jose Pindulies,) having been set aside to make room for him.

The French Consul General in China, Count de Ratti-Menton, has had a very flattering reception from the Imperial commissioner of the Emperor of China.—The latter expressed an opinion that the Emperor would afford to France the same privileges granted to England.

LAFAYETTE JUNIOR.—George Lafayette, son of the General, has been chosen a member of the French Chamber of Deputies.

MRS. GILMOUR.—This unfortunate woman, who is to stand her trial on Friday 1st, before the High Court of Judiciary for the alleged poisoning of her husband, passed through here yesterday, on her way from Paisley to Edinburg per railway. She was plainly but neatly attired, and accompanied by the matron of the Paisley prison and two officers. The party attracted little or no attention at the railroad station, and, indeed would not, we believe, have been recognized but for the presence of one or two gentlemen who guessed the object of their melancholy journey. Mrs. Gilmour paid her own railway ticket, seemed quite calm and collected, and walked through the station-house as if unaccompanied by any other person. She had about her none of that dejection or tremor which usually attends great criminals, and is, upon the whole, rather a good looking woman.—*Glasgow Chronicle, 10th January.*

A GOODLY DELEGATION.—The U. S. *Gazette*, gives the following account of the delegates appointed to represent the County of Lancaster, (Pa.) at the Baltimore Convention of Ratification.

"We have have before us the "Sentinel" of the city of Lancaster, which contains a list of delegates to the Baltimore Conformity Convention in May. We have not been able to count the number of names, which indeed appears to be number without number. Several mortal columns are crowded with the names from the townships only; those of the city are not given. Glorious, good old Lancaster county names, sprinkled with some emigrations from Chester county! There are the Konigmachers, the Witmers and Espenshades; the Landenslagers, and the Stemmens, and the Schenks; the Stretchers, and the Rohrers, and the Stauffers, and the Rohrers, and the Minnochs, and the Mentzers; the Herrs, and the Shumans, and the Kauffmans, the Whitchers, and the Brubachers, and the Kempers; the Hostilters; the Hennebades, and the Wunsuckers; the Erismans; the Nidsleys, and the Gridery; the Fensteres; the Shootamyers, and the Brubackers; the Yeaks; the Buckwellers, and the Yunts; the Longs and the Shorts; the Highs and the Lows; the Goods, the Beans, the Manns, and the Geists; the Porters and the Barrs; the Carpenters, the Millers, the Weavers, the Slaymakers, the Coopers and the Chandlers, and the Bakers; the Fields and the Woods; the Goodmans and the Seners; the Christians and Musselmans; the Fadlers, and the Harpers, and the Whistlers; the Beyers and the Zellers; the Kirks and the Temples; the Luthers and the Divines. And such a glorious host, numbering with the city of Lancaster delegates, about two thousand, is going down to Baltimore to foretell the victory of the autumn—foreshadowing that which they are to produce. Lancaster county will probably give a higher majority for Henry Clay than she had ever given to any candidate—a majority that shows how important is the present harmonious movement to the true position of Pennsylvania next fall."

We are indebted to the assiduous *Macedonian* for late St. Louis papers.

DR. LARDNER is delivering lectures in Charleston South Carolina.

CALHOUN MOVEMENT.—The Democrats of the Sixth Congressional District, New York, opposed to the organization of the Locofoco Convention, to be held at Baltimore, held a meeting on the 9th instant, and appointed J. L. H. MCCRACKEN, a delegate to the Convention to convene at Philadelphia, on the 4th July next, upon the district plan, to nominate candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency.

We notice that DUFF GREEN was present at the meeting and took an active part in its proceedings.

WHIG MEETING IN NATCHITOCHES.

At a meeting of the whigs of the parish of Natchitoches, held at Lacal's coffee-house, this 14th February, 1844, in the town of Natchitoches, for the purpose of nominating delegates to the State Convention, to be held on the 22d instant, in the city of New Orleans, on motion, F. B. Sherburne, Esq. was called to the chair, and F. Williams, was nominated secretary.

The chairman having explained the object of the meeting, it was on motion of Judge Roysdon,

Resolved—That the chair appoint a committee of three, to select twenty delegates from the whigs of this parish to represent them in the State Convention, to be held in New Orleans, on the 22d instant.

Whereupon the chair appointed Messrs. B. St. Amans C. E. Carr, and S. M. Tibbets on said committee, who reported the following gentlemen delegates:

F. B. Sherburne,	H. M. Fleevry,
E. Hyde, Jr.,	G. Mckeckney,
M. Boyce,	D. F. Roysdon,
Sam Clark,	Victor Rachal,
J. H. Carr,	Valley Gaiennié,
J. B. Smith,	E. O. Blanchard,
P. F. Kynlaff,	Lfboise Pérot,
C. F. Benoist,	John Waddell,
N. Prudhomme, Sen.,	S. H. Hardasch,
J. B. Prudhomme,	W. T. Frazet,

Who were unanimously appointed.

On motion of Judge Roysdon, it was

Resolved—That a committee of five be appointed by the chair, to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of this meeting.

The chair appointed Messrs. E. Hyde Jr., D. F. Roysdon, B. St. Amans, S. M. Tibbets and C. E. Carr, on said committee, who through their chairman, Judge Roysdon, reported the following preamble and resolutions:

"Whereas by the unprecedented unanimity of the whigs throughout the United States, the 22d day of February has been selected for the convention of the whigs, to nominate delegates to the National Whig Convention, to meet in Baltimore in May next, and whereas the whigs of the parish of Natchitoches, cannot suffer any of their fellow-citizens of this Union, to manifest more ardor or good will in furtherance of the good and patriotic cause, than themselves. Therefore, be it

Resolved 1st—That the whigs of this parish will, in union with their fellow citizens of this State, use all honorable means, and exert their best endeavors, to carry the vote of the State for the whig candidates, for the presidency and vice-presidency of the coming election.

Resolved 2d—That the whigs of this parish, look with heartfelt pleasure upon the accumulating strength of the whig principles, throughout this and the sister States.

Resolved 3d—That the whigs of this parish look to Henry Clay, and Henry Clay *only*, as the most suitable person in the United States to fill the office of chief magistrate, and carry out the great principles, which the whig party have so ardently and constantly advocated.

Resolved 4th—That the delegates from this parish who shall meet the whig State convention on the 22d instant, be instructed to select such persons as delegates to the Baltimore convention, as will support Henry Clay, and *none* other for the presidency.

Resolved 5th—That every other whig (in addition to the names above mentioned) of this parish, who may be in the city of New Orleans on the 22d instant, shall be considered as delegate from this parish, to represent it therein in the convention.

On the motion of J. P. Harrison, Resolved that the proceedings of this meeting be published in the New Orleans Bee and Tropic.

On motion, the thanks of the meeting were presented to the president and secretary of the meeting.

On motion, the meeting adjourned.

F. B. SHERBURNE, Chairman.
F. WILLIAMS, Secretary.

FIRE.—The dwelling of Mr. John Robinson, Fairfield, Cumberland County, N. J., was entirely consumed by fire last week. Two persons, Daniel Newton, aged 13 years, and Ebza Jane Newton, 9 years of age, perished in the flames.

OFFICIAL REPORT OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

FRIDAY, February 16th, 1844.

The House met pursuant to adjournment. The roll being called 45 members answered to their names.

The Speaker laid before the House, a communication from the Police Jury in East Feliciana, requesting that the Convention be selected to be held in Clinton. The use of the public buildings in that town. Laid on the table subject to call.

Mr. Brashear offered a resolution authorizing the Committee on the Penitentiary to have printed such documents in relation to the subject as they may deem necessary. Adopted.

Mr. Taylor offered a petition from sundry members of the bar in East Baton Rouge remonstrating against the passage of a bill authorizing the Parish Judge to appoint a Clerk of the Probate Court. Referred to a Select Committee.

Mr. Winchester offered a petition from the Parish of Lafourche Interior in relation to the estate of [illegible] named [illegible] who died ten years ago. The petition was referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Clark, from the Committee on Internal Improvements reported a resolution requiring the State Engineer to make a survey of a road from Bayou Grosse Tête to the Bayou landing, on the Mississippi.

Mr. Voorhies reported several bills as duly enrolled.

Mr. Taylor asked leave of absence for the Committee on Pilot Laws in order to visit the Balize and investigate the subject. Mr. Voorhies objected to paying mileage, though he was willing to grant leave. After some discussion leave was refused: yeas 17; nays 16.

Mr. Phelps from a Select Committee, reported a bill to annex Faubourg Delassize to the city of Lafayette.

Mr. Robertson, from a Select Committee, reported a bill to amend the several acts relative to runaway slaves, making a depot for such persons in the town of Thibodeaux.

Mr. Newport from a Select Committee, reported a bill making the embezzlement of public money a penal offence, punishable by fine and imprisonment at hard labor in the Penitentiary. Laid on the table subject to call.

Mr. Moseley from a committee appointed to examine the College of Baton Rouge, submitting a report, accompanied by a resolution appointing a Joint Committee to enquire into the expediency of adopting the Free School system, and report without delay.

Mr. Mason from the committee appointed to examine the Treasurer's accounts, reported having found them entirely correct. Adopted. Also, a bill authorizing the payment of a certain amount to Messrs. Hill and Lilly, for the repairs made to the House of Representatives.

Mr. Wilson gave notice of a bill to appropriate one hundred dollars for the purchase of arms for the Rapides Horse Guards.

Mr. Walsworth gave notice of an act for the relief of John Younger.

Mr. Robertson gave notice of a bill more effectually to suppress swindling; and introduced an act to grant the privilege of a Ferry over Bayou Crocodile to Messrs Irwin and Dickinson.

On motion of Mr. Ogden the House took up the bill to amend the Charter of the Ocean Insurance Company and adopted it with some amendments.

On motion of Mr. Claiborne, the House took up a bill to amend the Charter of the Merchants' Insurance Company, and adopted it.

Orders of the Day.

Mr. Robertson, on leave, submitted a resolution appointing a Joint Committee to examine the College of Jefferson. The resolution was read and adopted.

Mr. Voorhies reported having submitted to the Governor several bills for his signature.

The act to amend the several acts relative to the city of New Orleans, came up as the special order of the day; but upon motion of Mr. Ogden, the House dispensed with its rules and resumed the consideration of the Convention bill.

Mr. Robertson offered an additional section providing for the filling of vacancies which may occur, and devolving upon the parish Judges, the duty of having elections held to fill such vacancies. Adopted.

Mr. Ogden offered an additional section, providing that any amendment to the Constitution, which may be adopted by the Convention, other than those specified in the act to take the sense of the people for calling a Convention, shall be submitted to the people for approval or rejection.

Mr. Flinker moved that the people should vote on the rejection, not on the adoption of the new constitution, as the one case a full vote might not be polled, and thus the adoption of the instrument be endangered.

Mr. Selby opposed the section and moved to reject it.

Mr. Brashear thought it would be an assumption of power in the Legislature to adopt the section. It belonged to the convention itself to decide upon submitting its acts to the people for ratification. He had always believed that the powers of the convention were plenary or unlimited. They were the original people of the State and their power was without limit.

Mr. Philips hoped no gentleman calling himself democrat would argue that the convention could go beyond the people. The people were masters of the convention, and it was necessarily to be submitted to them. The people might imagine that their delegates had gone too far in their compromises, and might be unwilling to adopt the provisions of the new constitution.

Mr. Ogden remarked that he had scarcely looked for any opposition to his proposal and could not but express his amazement that it had encountered such determined hostility from democratic members. His friend from Assumption had put the matter on its true footing in his brief and sententious observations. That was the democratic view of the subject. The gentleman from Carroll (Mr. Selby) had declared that the convention would have plenary and omnipotent powers. This was a doctrine to which he could subscribe, in a limited sense. There were certainly some bounds to the action of the convention. These limits consisted in the nature of the assembly itself. It was a representative body—it represented the people. It had been called to change the constitution, but its propositions could have no force or effect until ratified by the source of all power—the popular voice. This view of the subject Mr. Ogden contended, was alike fortified by principle and precedent. He referred to the 7th article of the constitution, which points out the manner in which the constitution shall be amended, and declares that the changes required shall be specified. He would not enter into the question whether the action of the convention would be limited to the specifications, or could travel beyond them. That body would judge of the extent of its own powers, and we had no authority to impose restrictions upon it. Nor did he propose such restrictions. All that he contended for, was that we should express the sense of both branches of the Legislature, as an opinion. This deliberate expression of our views would necessarily go forth to the people and be the instructions for members of the convention, would exert a marked influence. It would secure the choice of those delegates who were in favor of submitting the acts of the convention to the people for ratification.

The act of 1841 made very few distinct specifications—most of the matters specified were trivial and unimportant. Those which were not specified were on the contrary of vital consequence. Mr Ogden here examined the Act of 1841, in illustration of this view. No one could doubt, he argued, that the convention had the right to do many things which had not been specified; but the people had not yet pronounced their verdict, and hence it was proper and reasonable that its acts should be submitted to their approval. As for himself, he was inclined to the opinion that the convention could go beyond the specifications, and this doubtless the conviction of a large majority of those who had voted to call a convention. So believing, it became us to frame our views with reference to this unlimited action.

Another reason why it was both fair and proper to submit the acts of the convention for popular ratification was that a number of questions to be considered by that body had never been agitated by the people, and never been presented to them at the elections. He referred for instance to the question of an elective judiciary, to the proposed universal suffrage as examples of this fact. Mr. Ogden terminated his argument by insisting that the course proposed by him was the only true and democratic one; and by quoting the debates of the North Carolina State Convention of 1835, to shew that the convention could go beyond the specifications of the act, but that it was its bounden duty to cause the amendments to be submitted to the people. This had been done in North Carolina, and this was what was proposed to be done in Louisiana.

Mr. Brewer observed that the argument of the member from New Orleans would have been excellent, if urged in the convention itself. But such a law as that proposed would have no binding effect on the convention. The legislature had no earthly right to lay down rules for the action of that body. Whether the acts of the convention should be submitted for ratification to the people, or not, was a matter altogether at the discretion of the convention itself.

Mr. Brewer declared that after some reflection, he should vote for the motion to reject the additional section. He was sorry to differ from his friend from Assumption (Mr. Phillips) in respect to what was true democratic doctrine; but it was not the first time that gentleman and himself had entertained opposite views. He contended that the legislature had no earthly right to instruct the convention, and he perfectly agreed with his friend from St. Mary (Dr. Brashear,) that our action would have no binding effect. Suppose the convention would disregard the law. What remedy could exist? None whatever. The question of submitting the acts of the convention was one that would arise in that body and be settled by it. Mr. B. remarked that the present constitution had never been submitted to the people, and he furthermore declared that if he were a member of the convention he would be willing to submit its decrees to the people, but he would take care so to frame the subject, that the rejection of one portion of its acts should not involve the entire loss of the whole constitution, and this he imagined was what was desired, and what had originated the section before the House. Suppose, he again asked, any one single clause in the new constitution should prove objectionable to the people what would be the consequence? Why, that the whole work of the convention would be rejected. We had no authority whatever in the matter. We could not dictate to a superior. Who clothed us with such power? Where did we obtain it? It did not exist, and he for one was not disposed to assume it. He could not agree that it was democratic to come forward and dictate to the sovereign power of the State. As well might we take it upon ourselves to amend the constitution, or pass a law requiring a vote of two thirds of the people to sanction any amendments that might be made in the constitution. It was an absurdity to suppose that we could go beyond the legitimate power of the legislature. The sole labor we had to perform was to pass a law prescribing, in accordance with the constitution, the time and mode of holding the convention, and leave the rest to the convention itself.

He would not object to a simple resolution as a mere expression of opinion, but when that opinion was embodied in a solemn act, it was utterly preposterous. As individuals we might resolve, and let that resolution weigh with the convention what it might, but we had no right to impose on that body an act of authority. If the convention made improper provisions, there were two remedies—one by the judicial tribunals of the country, and the other by the voice of that people which had called this convention, and could nullify its acts.

Mr Ogden was constrained to trespass a few moments longer on the time of the House by the extraordinary character and conclusions of the gentleman from Rapides. He tells us that if he were a member of the convention, he would be unequivocally in favor of submitting each and every amendment to the people, and yet he makes a strenuous and violent opposition to the section in a tone not very habitual to the gentleman. He says that the section is ridiculous, undignified and would have no binding effect. As to the ridicule attached to it, he must say he did not consider it very formidable; it would fall harmless at his feet as a thing to be treated only with scorn and contempt. In North Carolina, an act of the legislature had prescribed to the convention which had assembled to amend the constitution, that some mode should be provided whereby the acts of that body should be submitted to the people for ratification, and the convention did accordingly obey the legislature, and the people sanctioned its acts. Was there any thing ridiculous or undignified in this?

He admitted unhesitatingly that the act of the legislature would have no binding effect and he only recommended it as an expression of legislative opinion. There was nothing uncommon in this procedure. It was done every day, both by legislatures and congress, in reference to matters of constitutional right wherein differences of opinion might exist. This expression of legislative opinion would acquire force, because at the elections for members of the convention, the propriety of the popular sanction to its acts would be mooted, and the delegates would be considered as tacitly instructed to submit their amendments to the sovereign power.

The member from Rapides had said that if one amendment should prove unacceptable to the people, its rejection would involve the rejection of all the amendments. If this were so, let the section be so amended that the acts of the convention should be submitted severally and individually to the people. As to the belief of the gentleman that he (Mr. Ogden) was actuated by hostility to the convention he would ask if the member had reflected maturely on the bearing of such a remark—of such a charge against honorable and high minded gentlemen who had uniformly supported a convention. Was it courteous to accuse them of sly indirection and an intention to defeat this measure? He would not permit himself to reply harshly to their accusation, because he could not believe that a personal motive existed in the mind of the member from Rapides. But he must characterise the charge as exceedingly uncourteous and not in the usual polite and considerate tone of the member.

Mr. Winchester moved to lay the section on the table.

On this motion the vote stood yeas 21, nays 20. The Speaker, by his casting vote, decided against the motion. The House adjourned.

[COMMUNICATED.]

WEST'S PAINTING.

We spoke of this painting yesterday—we refer to it again to-day. The oftener visitors look upon it, the more they are pleased. The more we can read to see it, the more we are gratified. No work is better adapted to enkindle a religious spirit—no work can impart to the public more information. As for satisfaction and benefit derived by a visit, that is out of the question.—If an ordinary mind can comprehend enough of its beauty to rejoice, to what an extent can the literary enjoy the treat? If the poor and uneducated can speak of its instruction and beauty, wherewith shall the moral and spiritual withhold their claims for wisdom? To lay down, from time to time, the proper order of the work would prove no great task, but to make clearly and distinctly understood its various bearings toward the relations of truth and scripture history, is out of the power of man to do—to show to all the specific character ground, and claims it has upon the public, cannot be done, more especially the religious classes. To emphatically declare the above assertions, there can be no jarrings, no contradictions, no misunderstandings—its beauties are for all.

☞ The celebrated Lemon Cordial, genuine only at the Southern Agents, at 31 Magazine street.

☞ Connells's Mixture is a sure and safe remedy for the unfortunate, at 32 Magazine street—has never failed to cure.

☞ Recipe for curling the hair—Wet it at Balm of Columbia at night and roll it up in paper; they left for 48 hours beautifully—it is to be had at 32 Magazine street, and is the only article that should be used on the hair at all; make it grow where it has fallen out, keeps out the dandruff, makes the hair glossy but not greasy, which should never be put on the hair, as it loosens the roots and makes it fall out and prevents its free and dress unavoidably—the only genuine is at 32 Magazine street.

☞ Fifty dollars has been repeatedly offered to the Charity hospital if any one could point out a case of failure of the Magical Pain Extractor, sold at 32 Magazine street, to cure any sore or burn however bad, and the money is still—no one claims it. Is it because none care for the money, or because a failure cannot be found? We think it is the latter, as no case of failure has ever been known to us.

BY AUTHORITY.

[No. 18.]

AN ACT

Regulating elections in the parish of Sabine.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in general assembly convened, that the laws at present regulating elections in the parish of Natchitoches, be and the same are hereby applied to the parish of Sabine; to have full force and virtue from and after the passage of this act.

(Signed) CHS DERBIGNY, Speaker of the House of Representatives
(Signed) FELIX GARCIA, President of the Senate.

Approved, February 19th, 1844.
(Signed) A. MOUTON, Governor of the State of Louisiana.

[No. 19.]

AN ACT

To create an additional office of Associate Judge of the City Court of New Orleans.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in General Assembly convened; That upon the passage of this act, there shall be appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate one other Associate Judge of the City Court of New Orleans, whose emoluments and jurisdiction shall be the same as those now granted by law to the Associate Judges of said court, and who shall be bound to keep his office in that part of Municipality No. 3, of the city of New Orleans situated between the Elysian Fields and the lower limits of the said municipality.

(Signed) C. DERBIGNY, Speaker of the House of Representatives
(Signed) F. GARCIA, President of the Senate.

Approved, February 19th, 1844.
(Signed) A. MOUTON, Governor of the State of Louisiana.

[No. 20.]

AN ACT

To amend the article two thousand three hundred and four of the Civil Code.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in general assembly convened, That the article two thousand three hundred and four of the Civil Code, be and it is hereby amended so as to make the English of said article correspond with the French, and so as to make co-trespassers liable in solido.

(Signed) C. DERBIGNY, Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed) F. GARCIA, President of the Senate.

Approved, February 19th, 1844.
(Signed) A. MOUTON, Governor of the State of Louisiana.

[No. 21.]

AN ACT

Relative to the qualifications of Police Jurors, in the parishes of Carroll, Madison, Tensas and Concordia, and for other purposes.

SECTION 1st. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in general assembly convened*; That after the passage of this act, every legally qualified voter, within the parishes of Carroll, Madison, Tensas and Concordia for Governor and members of the General Assembly of this State, shall be qualified, and competent to serve as a member of the Police Jury in the parish it duly elected.

Section 2d. *Be it further enacted, &c.* That the ordinances, heretofore passed by the Police Juries of the said parishes, be as effective, as if each of the members of said Police Juries had been in every respect duly qualified.

Section 3d. *Be it further enacted, &c.* That the second section of the act entitled, An act to create additional precincts in the parishes of Carroll, Madison, Tensas and Concordia, approved February 9th, 1843, be so amended, as to read "at the house of Mistress Walker," instead "at the house of Mistress Walker."

(Signed) C. DERBIGNY, Speaker of the House of Representatives,
(Signed) FELIX GARCIA, President of the Senate.

Approved February 19th, 1844.
(Signed) A. MOUTON, Governor of the State of Louisiana.

☞ The packet ship UNION, Captain J G Russell, from New York, will commence discharging this day opposite the Vegetable market. Consignees are requested to attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee. FOSDICK & BRO, 76 Camp st

☞ NOTICE.—Ship SOLDAN, Capt Shaw, from Boston will commence discharging this day at Post 92, 2d municipality. Consignees will please attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee. S & J P WHITNEY & Co, 73 Camp street

WANTED—Six able bodied negroes to work on a plantation situated twelve miles from the city. They will be taken for one year—Apply to B & A SOULIE, 48 Conti street, up stairs

CITY BANK, New Orleans, 19th February, 1844. THIS BANK will be closed on Thursday the 22d inst. Notes and bills falling due on said day will be payable on Wednesday, the 21st. R AYALFREY, Cashier.

LATEST DATES.			
Boston	Feb. 8	London	Jan. 12
New York	Feb. 9	Liverpool	Jan. 13
Philadelphia	Feb. 9	Paris	Jan. 6
Washington	Feb. 10	Havre	Jan. 5
Baltimore	Feb. 10	Mexico	Jan. 20
Charleston	Feb. 13	Tampico	Dec. 9
Cincinnati	Feb. 11	Vera Cruz	Jan. 26
Louisville	Feb. 12	Houston	Jan. 25
Havana	Jan. 31	Galveston	Feb. 10

Commercial.

NEW ORLEANS, MONDAY NIGHT, FEBRUARY 19, 1844.

The packet ship "Roscius" arrived at New York on the 8th instant, bringing dates from England to the 13th ult. inclusive. The printed statement of the Liverpool market which we find in the northern papers, simply includes the transactions of the 12th January, from which it appears that Cotton had advanced 1/8d, on the strength of later accounts from this side by sailing packet, conveying information that our crop would turn out shorter than had been previously anticipated. The "Hibernia" steamer reached Liverpool at 3 o'clock on the 13th, with more alarming accounts in relation to the presumed deficiency of the crop, and the "Roscius" having been detained to acknowledge the receipt of the steamer's correspondence, we are enabled through the politeness of one of our commercial friends, to present the following extract of a letter, which developes the immediate effect of the abovee advices upon the Liverpool market:—

"LIVERPOOL, 13th January, 5 p. m.

"The packet ship 'Roscius' has after all been detained to afford an opportunity of acknowledging letters by the Hibernia steamer, arrived here at 2 o'clock; and while we now write our letters, we may tell you, that since two o'clock (for little had been sold before), about 15,000 bales of Cotton have been taken, chiefly, as you may suppose, by speculators, and in one instance stated, 1/4d. advance was obtained upon the price of the *same parcel* of Cotton sold early in the day. The demand commenced after the American papers were read in the Exchange Room; and what may be the state of matters on Monday morning, after the perusal of letters, remains to be seen. From all that has transpired on Change, the impression gains strength that your crop won't even reach 1,800,000 bales; indeed much less is conjectured by some.

On the receipt of these accounts our own market immediately evinced symptoms of returning animation, and a good demand sprung up, which resulted in sales to the extent of 8,000 bales, at an improvement of 1/4 @ 3/8c on the last week's prices. Middling Cotton may now be quoted at 8 1/2 @ 9c. The above business was done by English, French, and Northern buyers, and the market closes firmly and with an upward tendency.

The transactions in Exchange were to a fair extent, at former rates—London, 6 1/2 @ 7 ₯ cent. prem.—Paris, 5 37 1/2 @ 5 40.—New York, 60 days, 2 1/2 @ 3 ₯ cent. discount.—Checks, 1/4 ₯ cent. dis.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Feb 8, 1844.

The foreign news has relieved the holders of cotton in some degree from the depression of yesterday. Some few sales have been made of small lots, but no general business. Flour is steady; stock is very much as yesterday. Sterling bills, 9; Francs, 5.25,—not much business.

P. S. Evening.—The sales of Cotton for the day reach 1,200 bales. Flour has been rather more in demand; 2,000 barrels common Ohio sold at $4 75, and several parcels Genesee at $4 88. The movement was sufficient to increase the demands of holders, 6 @ 12c. Georgetown sells freely at $5; for common brands 10c. lots; Ohio Mess Pork sold at $9 50 @ 9 62 and 10s Prime, at $7 50.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL COTTON-MARKET—Jan 10, 1844.

The sales on Monday were 4,000 bales, 1,000 on speculation; on Tuesday 6,000 (2,000 on speculation), and to-day, Wednesday, the 10th, 6,000 (3,000 on speculation). Yesterday and to-day the market again hardened, owing to the speculative demand, and it closes at full prices current during the past week, viz: Bowed Georgia, 4d @ 5 1/2d; fair, 5 5/8 @ 6d; Mobile, 4 1/4 @ 6d; Alabama and Tennessee, 4 1/4 @ 6d; New Orleans, 4 1/4 @ 7 1/2d.

Jan. 12.—A very large extent of business has been done this week. The market opening with a moderate demand steady prices, and great firmness on the part of holders; in this position we remained until Wednesday, when seven days later accounts from the States were received, confirming the accounts previously at hand, as regards the reduced estimate of the crop, inducing more export on that day, and speculative purchases were made, and yesterday; a still greater degree of briskness prevailed, when the sales were estimated at 15,000 bales [illegible] two-thirds to speculators and exporters of American descriptions and Surat ruling fully 1/8d higher than on Friday last. Egyptian are, if anything, rather dearer, and Brazils more steady. Speculators have taken 21,900 bales American, 700 Egyptian, and 7,600 Surat; exporters 3,020 bales Surat, and the trade only 14,140 bales. The demand to-day is more moderate to-day; the sales are estimated at 6,000 bales, a good share of them to speculators.

The imports for the week is 25,000 bags; the sales 46,350 viz.—

[illegible]

COMPARATIVE VIEW OF THE IMPORTS,		
From the 1st to 13th January		
American	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total of all descriptions	[illegible]	[illegible]

THE COPARTNERSHIP existing under the firm of Messrs ANDRE BLANCO & MAILHE is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Persons having claims against said firm are requested to present their accounts to Mr. E. BUZANNOLS, who is charged with the liquidation—and those who are indebted to said firm are requested to come and settle their accounts, so as to avoid judicial proceedings.

PORK—Mess, prime and rump pork, for sale by SHULTZ, HADDEN & LEACH, 26 Poydras

BAGGING, Rope, Twine and Packing Yarn, for sale by SHULTZ, HADDEN & LEACH, 26 Poydras

CRAB CIDER, for sale by SHULTZ, HADDEN & LEACH, 26 Poydras

LARD—1000 kegs in store, for sale by SHULTZ, HADDEN & LEACH, 26 Poydras

CODFISH—100 boxes, for sale by SHULTZ, HADDEN & LEACH, 26 Poydras

SALMON—100 kits, for sale by SHULTZ, HADDEN & LEACH, 26 Poydras

LEATHER—Belting and sole, for sale by SHULTZ, HADDEN & LEACH, 26 Poydras

BLUE LICK WATER, for sale by SHULTZ, HADDEN & LEACH, 26 Poydras

RAW WHISKEY—101 bbls whiskey for sale by SHULTZ, HADDEN & LEACH, 26 Poydras

WHISKEY—bbls Cincinnati rectified whiskey, landing, for sale by WM. J BRYAN & Co, 26 Commerce

PINE APPLE CHEESE—10 boxes superior northern pine apple cheese, in store, for sale by WM. J BRYAN & Co, 26 Commerce

PORK—bbls mess pork, a superb article on board flatboat—for sale by L V HUBBARD & Co, 95 Tchoupitoulas

CORN—Sacks landing from steamer Joan of Arc, for sale by L V HUBBARD & Co, 95 Tchoupitoulas

RIO COFFEE—bags very superior prime green Rio Coffee for sale by WOOD & SIMMONS, 30 Magazine st

WESTPHALIA HAMS—A lot just landing and for sale by LOREIHLE & Co, corner Royal and Customhouse st

BRANDY CHERRIES, from Greeland Brothers, Paris last crop, for sale by LOREIHLE & Co, corner Royal and Customhouse st

TRUFFLES, Green Peas, Seps in Oil, Salmon in boxes and kegs, newly imported, for sale by LOREIHLE & Co, cor Royal and Customhouse

ASSORTED FRUITS in cordials from Italy for sale by LOREIHLE & Co, corner Royal and Customhouse st

SPERM OIL—5,000 gallons winter bleached sperm oil; 5,000 do pressed whale oil; 200 boxes sperm candles, for sale by FIELD & Co, 30 Old Levee

RAISINS—1,000 boxes Malaga bunch raisins; 700 boxes Sicily lemons; 600 drums fresh Smyrna figs. For sale by FIELD & Co, 30 Old Levee.

MANILLA CORDAGE—150 coils assorted sizes from 1 inch to 4 inches landing from ship Sabian, for sale by TUFTS & HOBART, 29 Gravier

CODFISH—417 boxes in prime order landing, and in store, and for sale by TUFTS & HOBART, 29 Gravier

TOBACCO—James Thomas, Jr, brand, in small boxes a superior article, for sale by TUFTS & HOBART, 29 Gravier

GOSHEN CHEESE—75 boxes prime Goshen cheese just received for sale by TUFTS & HOBART, 29 Gravier st

UNDERWOOD'S PICKLES—A full supply of Underwood's pickles, catsups, sauces, mustard, capers, pepper sauce, &c., just received, for sale by TUFTS & HOBART, 29 Gravier st

WHISKEY—150 bbls landing from steamer Dane of Orleans and for sale by HARTWELL, KIDDER & CARMAN, 44 Poydras street

BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS—1800 cases comprising a complete assortment of fresh and seasonable goods for sale by R G ROBB, 12 Customhouse

BACON—30 hhds hams and shoulders, Cincinnati cured, in store, for sale by HARTWELL, KIDDER & CARMAN, 44 Poydras.

STARCH—100 boxes Proctor & Gamble's starch, landing and for sale by HARTWELL, KIDDER & CARMAN, 44 Poydras street

RIO COFFEE—56,700 bags Rio coffee, cargoes of ships Virginia, and Bombay, prime qualities, in double linen, or, to arrive, for sale by GEO GREEN & BRO, 36 Gravier street

NAVAL STORES—bbls tar; 80 bbls pitch; 50 bbls spirits turpentine, cargo of schr Love,—will be sold to arrive—apply to S & J P WHITNEY & Co, 73 Camp

COCOA—A few bags Laguyra and Caracas, on very low terms, to close the consignment, for sale by REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

LEATHER—Sole leather, country made, and calfskin, imported from France, for sale by REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

SOAPS—A large assortment of the most favorite brands imported from Marseilles, always on hand and for sale by REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

[illegible]

HARDWARE [illegible]

A. MOUTON, Governor of the State of Louisiana.

To the Judge of the Parish of Orleans, and to all whom these presents shall concern.

WHEREAS by the death of the Hon. Albert Hoa, his seat in the Senate of Louisiana has become vacant; I therefore issue this writ, directing that an election be held in the aforesaid Parish, at the usual places of holding elections, on Monday the twenty-sixth instant, to supply the vacancy occasioned as aforesaid, and that said election be conducted according to law.

L. S.—Given under my hand and the Seal of the State, at New Orleans, the nineteenth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-four and of the Independence of the United States of America the sixty-eighth. A MOUTON

ROBERT CARTER NICHOLAS, Secy. of State.

NOTICE.

ELECTION of a Senator for the Second Senatorial District of the State, to supply the vacancy occasioned by the death of the Honorable Albert Hoa.

Pursuant to a proclamation issued by his Excellency, A. Mouton, Governor, and in obedience to the Constitution and Laws of the State.

Notice is hereby given to all the citizens of the Parish of Orleans, and Second Senatorial District, that an election for the office of Senator for the Second Senatorial District, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of the Honorable Albert Hoa, shall be holden on Monday the 26th of February, 1844, from the hour of 10 o'clock, A. M. until the hour of 4 o'clock, P. M., in the said city and parish of Orleans, Second Senatorial District of the State.

A poll shall be opened in each ward of each municipality at the following places, and under the superintendence and management of the following inspectors and clerks, to-wit:

FIRST MUNICIPALITY.

For the First Ward, at the Conti Street Hotel (formerly Richardson's), under the superintendence of Messrs. C. Bouligny, jun'r, and John Winthrop, inspectors, and A. Blandeau, Secretary.

For the Second Ward, at the Cadet House corner of Chartres and St. Peter streets (Public Square) under the superintendence of Messrs. L. E. Forstall and Louis Walz, Inspectors, and Ths. Gally, Secretary.

For the Third Ward, at the Orleans Theatre Coffee House, Orleans street, under the superintendence of Messrs S. S. Relf and Manuel Cruzat, Inspectors, and Charles Ogar, Secretary.

For the Fourth Ward, at the Coffee House, corner of Royal and St. Philip streets, under the superintendence of Messrs A. Pitot and P. E. Tricou, Inspectors, and Henry Vanderlinden, Secretary.

For the Fifth Ward, at the Engine House in Maine, between Rampart and St. Claude streets, under the superintendence of Messrs. Z. Latour and F. M. Crozat, Inspectors, and A. Lafferranderie, Secretary.

SECOND MUNICIPALITY.

For the First Ward, at the St Charles Hotel, under the superintendence of Messrs Wm Flower and W. A. Elmore, Inspectors, and W C Ariid, Secretary.

For the Second Ward, at the Municipality Hall of the said municipality, under the superintendence of Messrs. Henry Lockett and Charles Diamond, Inspectors, and G. W. Wheelan, Secretary.

For the Third Ward, at the Engine House in Hunter, between Levee and Tchoupitoulas streets, under the superintendence of Messrs L. U. Gaiennie and D. Creney, Inspectors, and H V. Baxter, Secretary

For the Fourth Ward, at the Coffee House, corner of Circus and Poydras streets, under the superintendence of Messrs. J. B. McFarlane and F. Jordy, Inspectors, and Ralph Depass, Secretary.

THIRD MUNICIPALITY.

For the First Ward, at the Coffee House, corner of Champs Elysees and Levee streets, under the superintendence of J. F. Barthelemy and Henry Bonier, Inspectors, and J. F. Wagner Secretary.

For the Second Ward, at Franklin Hall, corner of Champs Elisees and Victory streets, under the superintendence of Messrs. John Culbertson, and Thos. Boyles, Inspectors, and G. W. Harby, Secretary

For the Third Ward, at the Freeport Hotel, next to the Lower Cotton Press, under the superintendence of Messrs. Gabriel de Feriet and Augustin Dupré, Inspectors, and Eug. [illegible], Secretary.

For the Fourth Ward, at the Coffee House, opposite Boston Market, under the superintendence of Messrs. L. P. Mereau and Edmond Chaillot, Inspectors, Pre. Casanova, Secretary.

NOTE.—All the votes shall be taken on the said 26th day of February, and counted immediately after closing the polls.

The inspectors and Secretaries above named, will please to call at the Parish Court, to take an oath for the faithful and impartial discharge of their respective duties and functions.

Whereas, the last election law providing for elections, by Wards in the city of New Orleans, leaves some doubt as to the manner in which the returns are to be made, the undersigned Parish Judge begs leave to recommend to the several boards of Inspectors in the different Wards, to transmit them to him, the day after the election, or as soon thereafter as possible.

New Orleans, 19th February, 1844.

CHARLES MAURIAN, Parish Judge.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS.

THE price of bread from this day $4 25 per barrel (in specie) according to the Tariff, bakers will give 4 ounces of bread for ten cents, during the ensuing week, commencing on Monday, February 19th 1844.

The loaves, of second quality, or three for ten cents must weigh 25 per centum more, say 60 ounces

WM FREREY, Mayor.

New Orleans, 19th February, 1844.

BANK OF LOUISIANA, New Orleans, 19 Feb 1844.

THIS Bank will be closed on Thursday the 22d instant. Notes and Bills falling due on that day will be payable on Wednesday 21st, and notes for discount to be offered on Tuesday. WM F LEVERICH, Cashier.

Union Bank of Louisiana, New Orleans, 17th February, 1844.

THE following resolution was adopted by the Board of Directors of this institution, viz:

Resolved, That the Cashier give notice that the Union Bank of Louisiana will, from this day, discontinue receiving deposits, and that all depositors be requested to withdraw their funds from this institution; also that all foreign bills of exchange or individual bills for which this Bank may have collected, be notified forthwith that the Union Bank will decline any further business of that nature, and as soon as it is practicable to transfer them to some other institution.

By order of the Board. FRED FREY, Cashier.

LOST OR MISLAID—The following drafts on Messrs Payne and Harrison of this place and by them accepted, and dated the 5th of February, 1844, and payable on the 15th January, 1845, drawn jointly and severally by Mordecai Powell, domicil elect Vicksburg, Mississippi and Wm. Roseburg, domicil elect Vicksburg, Mississippi, to favor of Wm. Rusling and endorsed by him for $[illegible].

The public is hereby cautioned from receiving or negotiating for the same as the acceptors will not pay either of them but to the real owner of them.

THE SUBSCRIBER informs his friends and the public that although no longer inspector of Weights and Measures, he will continue as heretofore, to furnish all kinds of Tin Ware, and will dispose of all articles pertaining to his business at the most moderate prices. FRANCOIS LAVARGUE.

P S—He will also have on hand Scales and Standard weights and measures. His store is situated No. 68 St. Anne street, between Condé and Royal.

NOTICE.—Eighteen bales Cotton, marked as follows, were picked up yesterday by the undersigned, in the river Mississippi, opposite the Parish of St John the Baptist. The owner can obtain them by proving property and paying expenses and salvage. Apply to Francois Henri, on Old Levee, opposite the Blue Stores.

G L, 1 bale; L brun, 3 do; J B, 4 do; D, 3 do; Gobe mand, 1 do; J W Cyr, 1 do; A H, 1 do; S Vasi, 1 do; J L B 1 do; G G, 1—18 bales. FRANCOIS HENRY.

LIFE AND SPEECHES OF HENRY CLAY.—The Life and speeches of the Hon HENRY CLAY, in two beautiful volumes, compiled and edited by Daniel Mallory, with engravings; the only good and perfect edition published. Just received and for sale by WM McKEAN, Bookseller and Stationer cor Camp & Common

SUNDRIES—100 packages assorted Teas; 500 bolts assorted Duck, Russia and American; 200 bbls domestic Brandy and Gin; 500 baskets "Key" brand Champagne, direct importation; 300 vats Cassia; 500 pounds Nutmegs; 10 ceroons Carraccas and 2 cases Manilla Indigo; 300 bags old government Java Coffee; in store for sale by WOOD & SIMMONS, 30 Magazine st

STRAYED to my Premises a small BAY HORSE, not shod, with black feet and a few white spots on the back. The owner is requested to come forward, pay charges and take him away or he will be sold to pay expenses. B M O'DRISCOLL, cor. St. Joseph and St. Charles

VOR HEBERT, Bookseller, dealer in paper hangings, office furniture and fancy articles, 149 Chartres street, between Toulouse and St. Louis.

Has just received per ship Nashville, from Havre, a new assortment of paper hangings, which he offers for sale at reduced prices.

Common paper 15 to 27 cents per roll, ordinary do from 30 to 50 cents; fine glazed from 40 to 75 cents; imitation bordering from 75 to $1 50 cents per roll; velvet do from $1 50 to $3 per roll. Bead teasters, plain and figured of every color. Colored landscapes and pictures for parlors and coffee houses, of varied designs. An assortment of new French works. English and French prayer books, richly bound in velvet, with and without clasps. A large assortment of fancy articles. Gorgeously bound books for holiday presents. Children's books in English and French.—An assortment of metallic pens and quills. Pocket books, French and American Registers. Boxes and mathematical instruments. Celestial and terrestrial globes. Paper of every kind and ink of every color, &c. &c.

IRISH LINEN—The subscribers offer for sale by the package, a full assortment of Irish Linen in whole and demi pieces, low priced to extra fine; 6-4, and 10-4 diaper and 8-4 damask in the piece, 6, 7, 8 and 10-4 damask cloth. 5-4 and 3-4 damask napkins; damask table cloths; French napkins; bird's-eye diaper; 3-4 and 4-4 Britannia's; 3-4 and 4-4 cambric handkerchiefs, 3-4, 6-4, 10-4 and 12-4 linen sheeting, &c, &c. WM FRESH & Co, 56 Customhouse.

HOLBROOK'S HERPETOLOGY.—North American Herpetology, or a description of the Reptiles inhabiting the United States, by John Edward Holbrook, M. D., with colored plates, in five volumes, 4 vols., just received and for sale by WM. McKEAN, Bookseller and Stationer, cor. Camp and Common.

RECEIVED per late arrivals, and for sale by the subscriber: 300 boxes sardines in oil, boxes and half boxes; 200 baskets sweet oil, of the Plagniol and Pospel, in bottles and half bottles; 100 baskets Champagne, superior quality; 200 half boxes truffles; 200 boxes cherries; 100 boxes Absynthe; 100 do Curacao and Maraschino; 150 do assorted cordials; 100 do red wines, various brands; 60 do olives; 40 do French soap; 20 do orange flower water; 120 baskets of superfine anniseed; 75 do empty bottles; 175 000 corks; 30 casks good table wine. AUG. MOLIER, No 60 St Louis

NEW POPULAR CATHOLIC BOOK—Symbolism; or, Exposition of the doctrinal differences between Catholics and Protestants, as evidenced by their symbolical writings, by John Adam Moehler, D. D., Dean of Wurzburg, and late Professor of Theology at the University of Munich—translated from the German, with a memoir of the author, preceded by an historical sketch of the state of Protestantism and Catholicism in Germany for the last hundred years, by James Burton Robertson, Esq—complete in one volume.

Just received and for sale at the New Orleans Emporium for Standard, Miscellaneous, Bible and School Literature. J B STEEL, 14 Camp st

RUSSETT BROGANS—A further supply now landing from ship Isaac Newton and for sale by FROST & Co, 16 Magazine

CORN—1500 sacks landing from steamer Goddess of Liberty, in fine order, for sale by BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co, 94 Tchoupitoulas

WINDOW GLASS—French window glass of all sizes for sale by SCHMIDT & Co, 36 Bienville.

COFFEE—Laguayra coffee of new crop, a superior article, for sale by SCHMIDT & Co, 36 Bienville.

HOLLAND GIN—Steamboat, Orange and Swan brands Holland gin, of superior quality, for sale by SCHMIDT & Co, 36 Bienville.

FLOUR in large lots, of choice brands, also bbls and half bbls—extra, for sale by DITTRICH & Co, 141 Magazine.

WHISKEY—Unrectified and rectified superior high proof, just landing and for sale by DITTRICH & Co, 141 Magazine.

[illegible] REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

[illegible] Nashville & Co, 31 Natchez st

SALES THIS DAY.

BY J. A. BEARD & RICHARDSON. WINES, Sugars, and Groceries

WILL be sold at auction, this day at 10 o'clock, at the Auction Mart, Camp street: Brandies in pipes, 1/2 pipes, 1/4 do, 1/8 do; Holland gin in pipes; Maud do do do and 1/4 casks; Madeira in pipes and 1/4 casks; Sugars, ale in wood and glass; Bale rope, &c. &c. sold to pay advances.

BY FRANCIS FERNANDEZ, Store No. 123 Chartres st.

WILL be sold this day, Tuesday 20th inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M. at his Auction Store, for account of the succession of Fernando Romero, deceased, the movable effects belonging to said succession, consisting of silverware, watches, clothing, &c. &c. And immediately after, dry goods, hosiery and an invoice of jewelry and thread lace.

BY F H PETITPAIN. Catalogue Sale of Dry Goods.

THIS DAY, 20th February, will be sold at 10 o'clock, at his Auction Room, No. 128 Chartres street: 5 Cases linen cambric hdkfs; 100 doz. French elastic suspenders; 1 bale ginghams; 2 cases brown linen; 3 bales French jaconet; 4 bales French satins, muslins and bombazines; 4 cases English jaconet; 5 cases Irish linen, in pieces and half pieces; 1 case French merino, for coats; 1 case cotton cambric hdkfs; 1 bale barlaps; 2 cases linen damask table cloths and napkins; 10 cases prints, of various quality; 20 bales and cases bleached and unbleached sheetings, and a large quantity of other goods. Samples ready early in the morning.

BY VAN WINKLE & VINCENT. No. 116 Chartres street. Catalogue Sale of Dry Goods

THIS day, 20th inst at 10 o'clock, one hundred and fifty lots seasonable Dry Goods, such as Swiss Lawns, Swiss Check Muslins, White Muslin Hdkfs, Ashburton ties, Black Chantilly Veils Black Lace Gloves, &c. &c. Catalogues and samples now ready.

BY FERNANDEZ & SAUCIER.

WILL be sold on Tuesday, 20th inst. at 10 o'clock A M, at their Auction Store, corner Chartres and St. Louis street, 30 cases Shoes, forming a complete assortment. These articles are lately landed and the whole will be sold without reserve.

SALES AT AUCTION

BY J A BEARD & RICHARDSON. Furniture, Ch[illegible] &c

WILL be sold at auction, on Wednesday 21st inst, at 10 1/2 o'clock, at the Camp street [illegible]. A large variety of superior household furniture comprising sideboards, bedsteads, a variety of bureaus, armoires, chairs and other chairs, rockers, safes, sofas, lounges, ottomans, pier and other mirrors, dining, tea and centre tables, &c. &c. china, glass, &c. Terms, cash—Sale positive.

BY J A BEARD & RICHARDSON. Planing and Sawing Machine and Corn sheller.

WILL be sold at auction on Wednesday, 21st inst at half past 10 o'clock, in front of the Camp st Mart: 1 Patent Sheller; 1 Patent Sawing and Planing Machine, in complete order—sold to pay storage.

BY J A BEARD & RICHARDSON. Valuable Building Lots—Second Municipality. Without Reserve.

WILL be sold at auction on Saturday, the 24th instant, at 12 o'clock, at Banks' Arcade, the following desirable property, to wit:

A certain lot of Ground in the square bounded by Carondelet, Julia, Girod and St Charles street measuring 27 feet front on Carondelet street, between Julia and Girod streets, by a depth of 85 feet between parallel lines; together with all the improvements thereon, comprising a two-story brick kitchen in the rear, partly finished.

Terms—$1000 cash, and the purchaser to assume the payment of a note for $500, payable 19th June, 1844; balance at 6 and 12 months' credit, with endorsers, bearing mortgage until final payment.

Acts of sale before J B Marks, notary public.

2. A valuable lot of ground in the square bounded by Tchoupitoulas, St James, Calliope and New Levee streets, being lot No 3, measuring 21 feet 3 inches and 6 lines front on Tchoupitoulas street, by 127 feet 10 inches and 6 lines in depth, between parallel lines.

Terms—cash.

Acts of sale before L Hermann, Esq, at the expense of the purchaser.

BY SYKES & HYDE, ADE VALL, Auctioneer

ON Wednesday, 21st inst at 10 o'clock will be sold at their auction sales room, 61 Magazine street, opposite Banks' Arcade:

60 Packages Dry Goods, consisting in part of bleached and brown cottons, damask table covers, linens, Russia sheetings, cottonades, prints, hosiery, silks, Kentucky Jeans, merinos, alpacas, &c.

Immediately after sale of Dry Goods will be sold 64 cases Boots, Brogans, and Ladies' Shoes. 20 cases Hats, Russia, cassimere, silk and palm leaf

BY J A BEARD & RICHARDSON. Philadelphia Ale.

WILL be sold at Auction on Wednesday 21st inst at half past ten o'clock at the Auction Mart, Camp st: 60 barrels very fine Philadelphia Ale. Terms—Sale positive.

BY J A BEARD & RICHARDSON. Slaves! Slaves!

WILL be sold at auction on Wednesday 21st inst. at 12 o'clock at Banks' Arcade. Several valuable slaves, comprising field hands. Terms and Particulars at sale.

BY F. COQUET.

WILL be sold on Saturday next, 24th February 1844, at noon precisely at the City Exchange, St. Louis street the following property.

One Lot of Ground situated in Faubourg Tremé in the Square bounded by St Claude, Tremé and Hospital street, and the Bayou Road, forming the Corner of Hospital and Tremé street, measuring 31 feet 4 inches front on Tremé street, 73 feet 8 inches in depth, fronting on Hospital street, and 31 feet in length on the back line, together with a two story brick building erected on the depth of the lot, consisting of four rooms and the garret, the upper story supported by a brick wall, well, privy, and bouquets finished and painted for, the whole, completed two years since, and in an excellent condition.

TERMS—The purchaser will assume the payment of four notes each for the sum of $ 94, at 9, 12, 18 and 24 months, dating from 6 January 1844. Balance Cash.

This property is insured for $1000, the policy will be transferred to the purchaser.

Three lots of Ground situated in the same faubourg, designated by Nos 1, 2, and 3, which lots form the corner of Prieur street and Bayou Road.

Twenty four lots of Ground situated in faubourg Tremé designated by Nos 1, 2 in line, and bounded by Derbigny, Roman, Laharpe, and Esplanade streets, and [illegible] the Roads.

Seventeen lots of Ground in the same faubourg designated by Nos. 1 to 17 inclusive, and bounded by Rochblave, D'Orgenois, Aubry and St Claude streets. These lots are all very near Mr. P. Roy's Garden.

Five lots of Ground situated in faubourg Washington, designated by Nos [illegible] square No. 19, bounded by Urquhart, Morales, St Ferdinand and Port streets.

One hundred and one lots of Ground, situated in the same faubourg according to different plans.

All these properties will be sold without any reserve, according to the different plans, exhibited at the above named place.

TERMS—One fourth cash and the balance at 6, 12, 18 and 24 months credit for approved endorsed notes bearing mortgage until final payment.

Act of Sale before Felix Percy, Notary Public.

BY JOHN M BACH & VAN WINKLE & VINCENT.

WILL be sold on Wednesday, February 21st at 10 o'clock at the auction Mart in Chartres street, for account and risk of the underwriters, Seven casks wine imported per ship Nashville from Havre. Terms, cash.

BY JOHN M BACH AND VINCENT & VAN WINKLE.

WILL be sold on Wednesday Feb 21, at 10 o'clock at the Auction Mart in Chartres street, for account of the underwriters—

One box of damaged goods imported by the Nashville from Havre, and at the same time several boxes of indies, ready made clothing, crockery, glass-ware, and a variety of other articles. Terms—cash.

BY JOHN M. BACH, Office—St. Charles street.

WILL be sold on Saturday, February 24th, at 12 o'clock, M., at the St Louis Exchange:

14 lots of ground in the faubourg Bouligny, in square No. 14, joining the residence of J [illegible]. These lots are only 4 squares from the river, are very high, and located in a neighborhood where the demand for [illegible] increases daily.

Terms—One-fourth cash, and balance at 6, 12, 18 and 24 months credit, notes drawn and endorsed with mortgage. Acts before J Agassez, notary [illegible] the purchaser.

CITY BANK, New Orleans, Feb. 16, 1844.

THE Board of Directors of this institution have this day declared a dividend of three per cent. on the capital thereof, payable to the stockholders or their legal representatives, on Monday, the 4th March next. R T PALFREY, Cashier

WATER WORKS DEPARTMENT. Commercial Bank of New Orleans, New Orleans, Feb 28, 1844

AN election for Six Directors to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the Banking house, on Monday, the fourth day of March next, between the hours of eleven A M and two P M. JAMES SAUL, Cashier.

DANCING ACADEMY, 102 Royal Street. BY M J DEVOTI.

CLASS FOR YOUNG LADIES every TUESDAY and THURSDAY, from half past 12 o'clock to half past 2 o'clock.

Class for Gentlemen every Wednesday and Friday, from to 9 o'clock, P. M.; at which time he may be seen on any business.

M. DEVOTI has always continued giving lessons in several public institutions, and has besides, entered into new engagements to teach dancing at the following establishments:

Mrs. Gossan's 29 Bourbon street, Allain's, corner Carondelet and St. Joseph sts; Boquet's, 75 Toulouse st.

ARTICLES FOR FISHING, &c.

RECEIVED by the undersigned, and for sale at 76 Chartres street.

Seines and hand nets, small interstices, twine for seines of all sizes and different thickness. Assorted lines and fishing rods. Yarns, cotton and wire masks. Bonnets & [illegible] thread of all colors. Black silk cords different numbers. Kid, cotton and Sil d'Ecosse gloves. Drab colored lines and linen cambric handkerchiefs, of very superior quality. Knitted cotton suspenders, gum elastic and other do. Thread and cotton socks various prices. Percussion caps of every size and stamp. Perfumery, Creme de Perse. Articles for billiard tables, playing cards. Boston boxes, chess boxes, draughts, &c. Fine ivory combs, imitation and genuine buffalo do. Various qualities. Buttons of all sizes. Tooth and nail brushes. Articles for hunting, and game bags of all models. Assorted powder boxes for the use of ladies. Hooks and eyes of all qualities. Lamp wicks assorted, and foot and suspension lamps. Linen table cloths and fine sheets. Sponges of all qualities. Sabapans, bottles and kitchen utensils of every description. Fans of all kinds. Snuff boxes, pipes, metallic pens, quills. Fly brushes of all sizes. Masonic ornaments of every degree. Articles for fencing schools, and a quantity of other articles too numerous to mention. P. LEVERRIER.

LOST OR STOLEN, a bill of $160, to the order of Captain Gassam and endorsed by Mr Boubry. The payment of it being stopped, the person who has found it is begged to remit it to the office of CHS DUFOUR, 14 St Louis st

MALLORY'S EDITION OF THE LIFE & SPEECHES OF HENRY CLAY—A few copies of the above work for sale at this office.

THE UNDERSIGNED offers for sale Seventeen Shares, being 17-20ths of the Steam Tow Boat PANTHER. For full particulars apply to JUNIUS BEEBE, 5 Levee st, below the Vegetable Market.

DETAINED at the Police Jail of the Third Municipality, since the 11th inst., a negro man named ISAAC; says he belongs to Mr. François [illegible] living on Bayou Grosse Tête. He is twenty to 30 years old, 5 feet [illegible] inches high, reddish skin, and [illegible]. He speaks English only.

The owner is requested to pay the expenses in the advertisement of this paper, and to claim and remove it at the Recorder's office, according to law. MIGUEL HERNANDEZ, Jr., Jailer.