LATEST DATES.

New York ...... may 30 | Liverpool ...... april 18
[illegible]ston ...... may 30 | London ...... april 17
[illegible]adelphia ...... may 31 | Havre ...... april 20
[illegible]more ...... may 31 | Paris ...... april 18
[illegible]eston ...... june 1 | Bordeaux ...... april 18
[illegible]hington ...... may 30 | Madrid ...... april 8
[illegible]xico ...... may 1 | [illegible]adiz ...... april 10
[illegible]mpico ...... may 6 | Havana ...... may 20
[illegible] Cruz ...... may 6 | Velasco ...... may 13

COMMERCIAL.

SALES OF COTTON YESTERDAY.

55 bales Alabama & Mississippi 6½
[illegible] bales Mobile, ... 10

Price Current of Cotton and Produce.
June 6th 1837.

COTTON, Good and Fine ...... per lb 13 a 14
......Good Fair ...... 12 a 12½
......Fair ...... 11 a 11½
......Middling ...... 8 a 9½
......Ordinary ...... 7 a 7½
[illegible]AR ...... 4½ a 5½
[MOL]ASSES ...... per gal 26 a 27
[TOB]ACCO First Quality ...... per lb 4½ a 5
......Second ...... 3½ a 4
......Crossed ...... 2½ a 3
[FL]OUR ...... per bbl 10 a 10½
[POR]K ...... Clear ...... 20 a 21
......Mess ...... 19 a 19½
......Prime ...... 16 a 17
......Hog round ......
[BAC]ON Hams ...... 9 a 10
......Sides ...... 9 a 10
......Shoulders ...... 6 a 7
......Hog round ...... 7 a 8
[BE]EF ...... Mess ...... 1,12 a 1,25
......Prime ...... 9½ a 10
[illegible] ...... 9 a 10
[COR]N ...... per bushel 1 a 1,12
[illegible] ...... 63 a 75
[WH]ISKEY Rectified ...... per gal 40 a 00
......Common ...... 37 a 38
[BAG]GING Western ...... per yard 23 a 24
[illegible]ROPE ...... per lb 9½ a 11

SALES OF STOCKS.
NEW YORK, May 30.

[illegible] shares U S B 116
do do 104
do do 104
do do 104

PHILADELPHIA, May 30

[illegible] shares U S B 105
do do 105½
13 do do 105½
[illegible] do do 105
[illegible] do do 105

MONEY MARKET.
NEW YORK May 30.

We are waiting patiently for the denouement of the [illegible] in England—for the effect of the derangement in this country upon our connections across the [illegible]. Stocks yesterday—some [illegible] some fall—but [illegible] but a few leaders pay any attention to stocks. We want to get to the bottom—the very bottom of our [illegible] and domestic business derrangements before we start on the renovating process of reconstruction.

The banks in Wall street are inactive and standing [illegible] because they know not what returns may be [illegible] for the months of May and June, from Liverpool and London. All the large foreign exchange [illegible] here, and all those connected with them, are [on the] eve of a general explosion. It may be averted, but we should like to know how. The whole will [depen]d on the complexion of the news from England. [E]ven with any description of news, nothing can [illegible] half at least of our foreign houses, from [illegible] partial suspension, but the conduct of the banks [illegible].

[The] first effects of the revulsion were on the jobbers [connect]ed with the southern states. The breaking [of] the business at the south, brought down all our [illegible] and all those domestic exchange houses, such [as the] Josephs, Allens, and St Johns, that were connected with them. These results were the first produced by the hurricane. Immediately on the [illegible] these disasters, arrangements were made by [the] States Bank, Bank of America, Morris Canal, [illegible], for supplying the deficiency in the foreign [and do]mestic exchanges by coming forward with their [paper and] credit, to meet the emergency caused [by the] prostration of private credit, to meet the emer[gency c]aused by the prostration of private credit—[illegible] the effect of restoring a half-and-half confi[dence f]or one week or less. The revulsion went on [illegible] and disaster succeeded failure and dis[aster].

[The c]onsequence of these events, both here and in [Englan]d—the latter as far as known—the whole for[eign t]rade was thrown into inextricable confusion.— [The] amount of the foreign trade arranged for, under [the a]uspices of these institutions, is small and in[conside]rable, as compared with the aggregate amount [of the] year. The exports of the whole south, to [Englan]d and France, were estimated, at the beginning [of the s]eason, to be equal, for the year, to nearly 80,000,000 [b]efore the revulsion took place, probably one[half t]his amount was either transported abroad, or [in the] way, all drawn for at the old prices. The amount [of forei]gn exchange, therefore, negotiated on France [and E]ngland, was probably 30,000,000, before the middle of March, when the revulsion took place. On that [basis] there will be, at least, a dead loss of one third [of 30,]000,000, arising out of a fall in the value abroad, [in con]sequence of the action of the Bank of England, [and the] pressure in the European markets. Of the re[maini]ng crop of the season, amounting to 30,000,000 [and red]ucing the diminution of its value, the negotiations [of the] United States Bank, and the other banks [and in]stitutions, probably absorbed, 10,000,000, or per[haps] 12,000,000—leaving a balance of produce of 10,[000,000], which has been making an effort to go [illegible] for the last six weeks, but appears to stick ter[ribly b]y the way. The operations of the season may, [therefore,] be set down thus:—

[Expor]ts up to 17th March, ... 30,000,000
[Since] 1st May 12,000,000
[On h]and and to be exported, ... 12,000,000
...... 54,000,000

[Fo]reign exchange negotiated up to 17th March, ... 30,000,000
[Fore]ign exchanges by the U S Bank, &c, ... 12,000,000
Do to be negotiated 12,000,000
...... 54,000,000

[No]w the great difficulty is with the foreign exchange [contra]cted, previous to the suspension of specie pay[ments.] It is generally calculated that all the large for[eign] exchange bill drawers in New York engrossed of [bills], about 10,000,000 to 13,000,000 before the revul[sion, prev]iously set in, either in England or the United [States]. Of this amount probably two thirds, if not [illegible] the whole, will be returned protested for non[accept]ance or non payment. By the last arrivals, these [illegible] began, and it are are entertained that during [the ne]xt month every arrival will bring floods of protested [bills], so as to throw down every large bill house in [New] York.

[At] the commencement of the session, it is known that [the] large dealers went into Wall street, and purchased southern cotton bills at 7 per cent, probably to [the a]mount of many millions. Those southern bills they [illegible]ed, turned round, and drew exchange for three [illegible] months paper, at 114, or 115, sold the paper, [and r]aised money on it at their several banks. Much [of this] local paper, secured ugly, which was taken has [been] good for nothing, and a great portion of the ex[change] from the sponges already seen, will come [back] under protest.

NEW YORK, May 30.

[Money] Market—Stocks are lower. Bills on England [illegible] themselves; for one prime Bill 15 premium [was as]ked, but a purchaser has not been readily [found]. We quote 13 a 15 prem.

[The]re have been sales of foreign Rye, from 50 to [illegible] but at 75 a 80 cts.

[illegible] is quite as well at the close of last week—[illegible] for the day quiet.

[Me]ss Pork 18 a 19,—there is very little change in [illegible] of provisions.

Whiskey has advanced to 30c sales in bbls cash.— [The]re is great anxiety for the arrival of the packets, [the] worst may be known.

[The]re have been no failures here of consequence, [since t]he suspension of specie payments though we [illegible] find that the banks have enlarged their accom[modatio]ns much if at all.

Money is gradually getting easier from the reduc[tion of] business.

BALTIMORE May 30.

[Flo]ur—Howard street Flour remains as before—[wagon p]rice 6, and wagon price 6,25. Very small re[ceipts].

[Sales] of City Mills Flour at 7.50 7,75, and 8, [accord]ing to terms—cash, or credit with interest ad[ded].

[Sm]all sales of Susquehanna Flour 9.

[Gra]in—Sales of Foreign Wheat continue to be [illegible] or good to prime at 1,45 a 1,55

[We] quote white Corn, shipping parcels, at 81 a 83c; [yell]ow at 89 a 90 cents. Sales of oats at 46 a 47

[Whis]key—Little or nothing doing in the way of [illegible] We quote hhds as before, at 35 cents, and bbls [illegible] cents. The wagon price of bbls remains at 30

[Suga]r—At auction to day, 141 hhds Porto Rico were [offered,] but immediately withdrawn for higher prices. [illegible] hhds New Orleans were sold at 6,50 a [illegible]

[Mol]asses—At auction to day, 215 hhds cargo of [illegible] from St Jago de Cuba, were sold at 30 a [illegible] 16 tierces and 4 hhds Porto Rico at 36c; [illegible] at 35 a 36½ c.

[Salt]—At the same time 86 sacks blown Salt were [sold at] 1,75 a 1,85 cash.

CHARLESTON June 1.

[Cott]on—Received since our last to yesterday morn[ing, 4]9 bales of Sea Island, and 1665 bales of [Uplan]d Cotton. Cleared in the same time, 196 bales [Sea] Island, and 2725 bales of Upland Cotton. On [hand] not cleared 129 bales Sea Island and 3219 [of U]pland Cotton. The sales have been 1208 bales [illegible] 73 at 10¼; 84 at 10½; 253 at 10; 90 at 9½; 489 a [illegible] 3¼; 157 at 9½; 85 at 6½; 120 a 8 and 300 [illegible] choice at prices not transpired, but we understand at rates beyond any that we report. In Long [Island] there is nothing doing. We received since [illegible] Liverpool dates to the 18th April—that mar[ket c]ontinued without change. The demand with us [has be]en steady, but by no means speculative; for there [has be]en in our possession certain lots of Upland, that [could] at any period within the last month brought over[illegible] ruling prices. The season has now for ad[illegible] and the shipments to Europe, so far particularly [to L]iverpool, have exceeded any former year 120,000, [illegible] We cannot, under the present unsettled state [of the] European money market, and the supply expect [any i]mmediate improvement in prices.

[Rice]—The sales have been 317 barrels, as follows: [illegible], 100, 31; 20, 26; 197, 26, and 65, 34 [illegible]

[Sug]ars—The sales comprise about 60 hhds Musco[vado in]terior, brought 4½, and fair to good 7 a 7¼

[Mol]asses—There has been a slight improvement. [A cargo] Havana brought 29 cents, the stock is light.

SAVANNAH, June 1.

[Cott]on—Arrived since the 26th ult 798 bales Up[land] and 14 bales Sea Island, and cleared at the same [time] 1810 bales Upland, and 34 bales Sea Island, and [leav]ing a stock, on hand inclusive of all on shipboard [not c]leared on lst inst, of 11685 bales Upland and [illegible] bales Sea Island. A slight movement has been [made i]n public in our market during the past few days, [the] sales have been fair at the nominal prices of [last] week. The sales of the week amount to 4057 [bales], at the following prices, viz. 13 at 8½; 36 at 8¼; [illegible] at 7; 23 at 7½; 16 at 7½; 405 at 8; 132 at 8 1/8; [illegible] at 8½; 23 at 8¾; 343 at 9; 89 at 9 1/4, 169 at 9; 1797 [at] 10. 317 at 11.

[In] Sea Island we have no sales to report.

The effects—the terrible effect of these operations [illegible], therefore, [illegible] expected in Wall street, with [illegible] one or two of the large houses, [illegible] and in Liverpool and London, may save them[selves] [illegible] have a chance of going by [the] board. [illegible] in particular is known to have [illegible] specie during the season to [illegible] against it—all these who [illegible] other produce, or even used [illegible] find themselves on the edge of a [illegible] four weeks.

W[illegible], therefore, but it may be as well [illegible] and hid the public prepare for [illegible] which New York can furnish [illegible] The consummation of this [illegible] is the action of the Bank of the [illegible] The influence which the interest [illegible] was one of the main causes producing [illegible]

---

be suspension of specie payments. [illegible] send the specie to England to meet [illegible] caused by the explosion of the cotton [illegible] Whether the measure will fully [illegible] know in a month. At all events the [illegible] suffer severely before all is over. [illegible] change dealers have monopolized the [illegible] street, and the possible scene of them [illegible] rest before the month is over. [illegible] Meantime, the domestic business [illegible] with exhaustion, is beginning to revive, [illegible] soon these symptoms of decided reaction. [illegible] are the prices of paper money—

Specie—American Half Dollar	01 00	[illegible]
New York Bank Bills	6 to [illegible]	dis.
New England	8 to [illegible]	
United States Bank,	8 to [illegible]	
Western Safety Fund,	8 to 10	
Philadelphia,	8 to 10	
Maryland,	8 to 10	
Southern,	20 to 25	

THE BEE.

PRINTED BY J. BAYON.
Printer of the State, General Council, and of the First and Third Municipalities.

NEW ORLEANS:
WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 7, 1837.

The governor in his reply to the committee charged to communicate to him the resolutions adopted at the meeting in the parish of Rapides, appears rather to elude than answer the question presented for his decision; and notwithstanding the great respect we have for the purity of his intentions, it is impossible for us to adopt his manner of viewing the financial crisis, whose fatal and pernicious influence is becoming more and more aggravated. We cannot forbear expressing the astonishment with which we are inspired by the security he professes to feel in the prospect of better days—and the simplicity with which he counts upon the calamities which pervade the elements that were at first so fearfully agitated by the suspension: but which, *if left to themselves*, he declares, "*will in all probability, shortly settle down into a regular system, to which, however inconvenient, the habits of the people will endeavor to bend*."

If the subject under consideration was not of the greatest import, and if it were not treated by the highest functionary of the state, it might be doubted whether it was seriously discussed in the mind of the chief magistrate; and whether he be in earnest in counselling us to *habituate* ourselves to a state of things, very agreeable without doubt to the directors of the banks and to the millionary bankrupts, but very insupportable to the great body of the people.

The mass suffer—is not this proposition admitted: or is it attempted to deny it. So long as the artisan, the workman, the operative, can obtain at the cost of an enormous sacrifice, the little pittance necessary to sustain his family, he will wait, as the governor says *for better days*; he will be patient! But usury is on the increase: money which is worth 30 per cent will soon be worth 40 or 50; and will finally become so scarce as to be inadequate to the daily transactions of business. The people who are patient, and who will remain patient as long as they can reflect upon the causes of the crisis, and believe in the false promises that are daily made of a resumption of specie payments and discounts, from determination to determination, will at length declare, you have emitted bills payable to bearer: gentlemen of the banks, are they worth the amounts specified, or are they not? If you answer this question in the affirmative pay them, if in the negative, do not attempt any longer to lure us with your deceptive promises, but take the benefit of the bankrupt laws! No half way measures, all or nothing! This is what the people will tell the banks, and this is what those who penetrate into the future foresee.

How can the governor, therefore, under circumstances of such a nature, pretend that a sentiment of his duties will not permit him to recommend a convocation of the legislature as an efficient remedy? It is by generalizing the question, by presenting a general measure as a remedy for a general distress, that he justifies the default of local measures; and seems to decline any legislative action on this subject. Certainly we do not question the power of the general government to regulate the monetary system, so far as the metallic currency is concerned, whose value, form and stamp belongs to it constitutionally; but we would take the liberty to observe to him, that to deny to the state the right to regulate the system of banks, the right to intervene in the prevention of abuses in these institutions, which are the mere offspring of legislative will, is to make a vital attack upon the power and independence of the states, and tends towards centralism, by casting under foot the individual and incontestible sovereignty of each state? Without doubt such is not the wish of the governor! He can have no other than a beneficial object in view in conferring all legislation upon congress in this matter, which will subserve the interests of the people, and terminate in restoring confidence among the banks and the community.

Notwithstanding, although we partake of his opinions in regard to the wisdom of congress, we can not forget the dignity nor the power of a sovereign and independent state; and we are just as much convinced as ever of the necessity of having recourse to the intelligence and patriotism of our immediate legislators. It is not from Washington, we should submit to receive our laws! Congress certainly has its prerogatives, but those prerogatives have their limits, and leave the state governments unrestrained in the legitimate circle of their operations. The banks are created by the legislature and heaven knows that body has not been sparing in the exercise of this privilege of sovereignty. They have, however, been placed under formal restrictions, the infractions of which are solely within the province of the legislature—who may constrain them to fulfil the conditions upon which they were incorporated, to suspend or withdraw their charters, and require from them an exhibit of their affairs whenever it may be deemed necessary. No one will contest to that body this right, and consequently, no one can urge with reason, that a convocation of the legislature at this time would be inopportune or dangerous. In public calamities, the executive cannot deviate from the line of his duties without incurring fearful responsibilities; and we judge too favorable of Governor White, to suppose for a moment he wishes to disregard the popular sentiment. But the public calmity is at our very door—calmness or equanimity is far from being established; but on the contrary, penury, distress and want are momentarily becoming more general, and each day shows the utter futility of the promises made by some of the banks. It is necessary to do something! If the banks cannot or will not serve the community, let the community seek some mode of relief. And as some good citizens have offered a transfer of credits and the emission of post notes, let us spontaneously adopt this means. Let the people meet in public assembly. Let all good citizens develope the advantages of this measure; and let public opinion, sufficiently imposing to be hearkened to, be pronounced so that the banks may act upon this matter. It is time those institutions should act in concert, for the public eye is upon their jealousies and dissentions! Let them shew their hands! They have failed more or less in their obligations to the community: and the people are tired of being made the dupes of a certain number of them. Let them retrace their steps before it be too late, and let not a barbarous self-interest render their directions impervious to the sufferings of the mass. Those banks whose positions be good should demonstrate that the others are tumbling. This is the general wish, and it will be definitively the probable result!

It is impossible the present state of things can continue, and meekness and patience are but terms—Let the banks at least show some desire to relieve us from our miseries, and not attempt to shield themselves by a circle of reasons, which place the question upon other grounds than those which belong to the actual situation of things.

Congress has been convened upon general measures: this is very well; but let the legislature also be convened to take into consideration local matters in which the state is directly interested. More than one example is before us; but in fact, what do we want more than the wishes of the people of Louisiana generally expressed? Let the parish of Orleans be heard in a similar manner as the parish of Rapides; and let the whole population with one accord raise their voices to the governor. We doubt not if this be done but that he will feel the necessity of complying with the general desire. Assemble then, fellow citizens, and adopt with calmness such measures as become freemen. Address the governor, and let him know your opinions of the legislative powers, and your confidence in your representatives.

From Matamoras.

In the schooner Hellen, Ashby, 13 days from Matamoras, we observe with great pleasure, that among the passengers are the captain, crew and passengers of the schooner Julius Caesar, and also the captain, crew and passengers of the schooner Champion. It will be recollected that these two vessels were seized by the Mexicans, and their crews and passengers imprisoned at Matamoras. They have been liberated by order of General Bustamente, president of the Mexican Republic—an omen of returning amity between the two nations.

For the names of the passengers by the Hellen, see our marine head.

Gen A S Johnson, late commander of the Texian army, arrived here in the Hellen from Texas, convalescent from a wound received in a duel.

Mr Wharton, ambassador from Texas to the U S Government, who was made prisoner in the schooner Independence, was still in confinement, but well treated by the Mexican authorities.

From Texas.

By the schooner Columbus, we have received the Houston Telegraph extra of May 23.

A body of Indians (supposed to be 300) had appeared within 15 miles of Nashville, Milam county—a small detachment of them even came to the immediate vicinity of that place. They killed one man in sight of the town. The main body went on the track of a wagon train bound to the fort on Little River, overtook the wagons, and killed every one of the men (five in number) attached to them, together with the oxen. Some alarm seems to pervade the remote settlements in consequence of this incursion.

A force will probably be marched against the villages of these savages, in order to drive them to their homes.

The Indians killed three men near Mustang Prairie—their names are M'Lean, Sheridan and Barton, they stole upwards of 100 horses in the neighborhood of the same settlement.

The Telegraph states a number of petitions was before the Texian congress for the incorporation of

---

banks. [illegible] free from that [illegible] of evils, and we [illegible] hope that, taking warning [illegible] the example of this country, she will preserve herself from this [illegible]. The editor of the Telegraph [illegible] to be alive to the danger that menaces his country from this source.

Italian Opera.

Our readers will observe with pleasure that according to the notification of Mr Brichta and of the direction of the Orleans theatre company, that that delightful entertainment will not be immediately withdrawn from our city, but will be continued for a short time at the Orleans establishment. This is interesting intelligence. It will be peculiarly gratifying to the inhabitants of the lower part of the city, who have been precluded by the distance from witnessing the representation of the opera at the St Charles Theatre.

A dead body found.

One of our friends informs us that while walking [illegible] lady last evening about 4 o'clock, P. M. near [the plan]tation of Madame Fortin on the Gentilly [road, he] discovered a dead body partially concealed by the [under]wood growing near the spot. A dog was found [near] the body, uttering the most plaintive cries; the faithful animal had no doubt been several days guarding [it] as it was in a putrid state, thus affording another example of the fidelity of the canine species. The deceased [was] dressed in a grey coat, the face was very much swollen, but without any marks of violence. A ring containing several keys were found upon the body, and a handsome silver box with a silver chain. The deceased [had] a collar, but no name thereon. Any person feeling interested in the matter, can obtain further information upon application at this office.

Laborers Wanted.

The following notice holds out a great inducement to laborers who are out of employment by reason of the pressure of the times, and who are fearful of remaining in the city during the summer months. They have no opportunity of escaping from idleness and the apprehension of sickness at the same time, by the proposal here made.

"Five thousand laborers are advertised for at Indianapolis, to work on the public improvements in the state of Indiana, and liberal wages offered."

THE CRISIS.

We publish to day the conclusion of the essay on the present state of affairs, commenced yesterday. We apprehend no new emission of paper will remedy the evils of the bank crisis—money is money—paper is paper.

The public will judge, however, of the merits of the plan proposed.

FINANCIAL CRISIS

In laying before our readers the financial plan which we announced yesterday, we are not afraid to recommend it strongly to the consideration of those who are acquainted with commercial affairs. In the present crisis, we require a prompt and sure remedy for the evils with which we are afflicted and to avert those with which we are threatened.

That which is now offered seems to unite the advantages of great simplicity with undoubted strength, and we trust men of sense will regard it, not with a view to superfluous criticism, but to give it a proper application and to draw from it all the benefits of which it is susceptible. It is not in discussions or disputes, however learned and luminous, that we ought to employ the time yet left us before the catastrophes that seem inevitable—let us first re-establish if possible the prosperity of our noble country. Such is the purpose that ought to engage the attention of the patriotic—and we have many such among us, who will assist in carrying into effect any measure to promote the public welfare.

Here then is the plan.

That a special board of administration be created composed of delegates chosen by the banks, every one of which shall present through its delegate a statement of its situation duly certified, in order that suitable regulations may be established for the government of the board.

That the assembled delegates shall organize themselves by choosing a president from among themselves, whose services as well as those of the delegates shall be honorary and unpaid: the secretary chosen by the delegates shall receive a compensation.

That the board thus constituted shall be styled the Central Committee for Credits and emission of Post Notes.

This committee shall have a seal and shall appoint a controller, and the necessary clerks and other persons for the conduct of its affairs.

The amount of credits shall not exceed $1,000,000; the issue of post notes shall not exceed $4,200,000.

Two principal registers shall be opened, numbered and marked by the president, secretary and controller.

In one of the registers devoted to credits, shall be entered regularly all sums of securities received from individuals, whether in notes secured by mortgages and at least three signatures of solvent persons, and having not more than one year to run, obligations well secured, stock of banks or of other corporations, the solvency of which is unquestioned, or merchandise not perishable, to be received on an appraisement.

On securities thus received by the committee, there shall be allowed a credit of two thirds of their value, which credit shall be transferable by means of a check to order.

A book of accounts current may be kept for this purpose, and by means of transfer of checks, payments may be easily made without the intervention of bank notes or specie.

It shall be specified that the transfer of credit must be liquidated in one year where the security offered is merchandise, and in twenty months for all other securities.

Interest shall be paid on each transfer at the rate of five per cent per annum, likewise a commission of one and a quarter per cent on the amount of articles given as security.

The post notes shall be payable at one year's date; they shall be drawn to order, signed by the president and countersigned by the secretary and controller; they shall designate the nature of the articles given in exchange or as security, and shall be divided as follows:

4,000 post notes of $240 each,			960,000
10,000 do	120		1,200,000
15,000 do	60		960,000
36,000 do	30		1,080,000
		Total,	$4,200,000

A special register shall be kept for entering the transfer of post notes from hand to hand.

These post notes will be transferrable and negociable by signing to order, and a general designation of the value received in exchange. They will be current in the same manner as notes payable to bearer, and they may, with the public accord, serve in payment of notes and bills of exchange or other debts, it being well understood that they shall have no obligatory currency more than ordinary bank notes payable to bearer.

It is well understood also that the above named central committee shall not issue the post notes unless they receive in exchange or as security, real obligations secured by mortgage, or deposits of merchandize or produce, mortgages or sales of houses redeemable, or any other kind of security which a majority of the central committee shall deem valid and sufficient.

In every case individuals obtaining credit or post notes shall give beforehand their declaration and consent that the committee may sell the articles deposited as security, in case payment shall not be made fifteen days before the term fixed in the credit, and fifteen days before the maturity of the post notes. These sales shall be made by brokers or auctioneers in the manner best adapted to secure payment of the sums due. The series of post notes given for the merchandise sold shall be detailed in the advertisements, and the said post notes received as cash shall be paid in current money by the committee as they fall due.

Besides the interest of 5 per cent per annum, on the amount of the post notes, the borrower shall pay a commission of one and a half per cent and all the expenses of rent or storage, fire insurance, brokerage, auction fees, and and all other expenses required for the preservation, safety or sale of articles given as security.

The central committee shall give to the borrower in the meantime all proper facilities to sell the said articles, taking care at the same time that such sale shall not affect the security.

It is unquestionable that this transfer of credit, and issue of post notes to the amount of 6,200,000, may be made without injury to the circulation. On the contrary it will produce the most happy effects, as it will have the advantage of giving the means of waiting till the usual course of affairs is restored, and will enable producers of all kinds to wait till they can meet the debts they have incurred with produce. The capital thus employed will furnish the means of diminishing by so much, existing engagements with banks or capitalists.

In short our object is to find the means of meeting present engagements the amount of which is far beyond the amount of money in circulation. Instead of paying those engagements in cash, which is not to be had, or in bank notes the quantity of which ought to be diminished, we propose to liquidate them by arrangement the solid character of which cannot be disputed, and which represent in fact a value superior even to that of specie, as every day adds to it by the increase of interest. It is to be hoped, therefore, that when the public shall understand the advantages comprised in the two principal branches of this plan it will be adopted with alacrity. It is believed that the post notes will be sought for not only throughout this state, but that in other parts of the union, they will be preferred to specie on account of the facility of remitting them.

It would not be fair to pretend that in consequence of the general want of confidence, resulting from the present state of affairs, these transfers of credit and post notes will not be substituted for the specie necessary for circulation. No sensible man will deny that the two methods proposed will perform, for the time, the functions of specie, that they offer all desirable securities, and that they will be able to [illegible] confidence and restore the balance of affairs. In a word, they will prevent the disastrous effects of the present crisis. It is for the public to judge, in [illegible] and impartiality, of the merits of a project [illegible] as we can certain data, and to determine whether or not it be necessary to go ahead of the afflictions that threaten us.

BY THE EXPRESS MAIL.

GREAT MEETING AT BALTIMORE.

On Monday the 29th ult. an immense meeting of the people of Baltimore was held, to take into consideration the present state of the country, arising from the conduct of the bank corporations. It is said to have been the largest assemblage ever held in that place, composed (as the Republican says) "of the genuine [illegible] defence and patriotism of the community."

The meeting was organized on motion of Mr. Hemsley Gallagher, and Mr H B Richardson was called to the chair, sixteen presidents were appointed with three secretaries.

A series of resolutions, recommending a National Bank were read and offered as a substitute for those which were first presented. The bank men and his resolutions were hooted down and rejected with acclamation. The resolutions which were adopted breathe the strongest reprobation of the measures adopted by the banks in suspending payment of cash and particularly their refusal to redeem their notes at $5. The preamble is very severe in its language: "The banks of Baltimore (it says) having determined in direct contravention to the laws of the state to suspend and having actually suspended specie payments—the measure was prompted by a desire to uphold bankrupt speculators and insolvent brokers at the expense of the honest and industrious portion of the community, it becomes necessary for all opponents of deception and legalized imposition to express their disapprobation of the measure." The preamble continues thus—"The history of the world presents no instance of corruption to such an extent in the banking institutions of any country—such utter prostitution of good faith, and total recklessness of the rights and property of the people, as has been evinced by the late PRECONCERTED plan of suspension." The meeting expresses the opinion that, as the suspension took in several cities on the same day, it must have been a pre-arranged measure to serve the views of the U.S. Bank. The resolutions applaud the conduct of the president respecting the specie circular and his determination to receive the revenue of the nation in nothing but the metallic currency: The suspension of cash payments has been resorted to in order to conceal the utter insolvency of the U. S. Banks and to bolster up at the expense of the people of the country the over reaching, over trading and broken down stock jobbers of Europe and the U. S. by giving them an opportunity of removing from the country the specie introduced into it by wise and provident legislation. The resolutions reprobate the threats used by a certain class of men to intimidate and overawe the government, and declare the readiness of the people at all times to suppress and punish them, should they attempt to carry their threats into execution.

One resolution declares the disapprobation of the meeting for the issue of paper money by the city corporation as a substitute for cash. They denounce such issue as a contravention of the laws of the state, having the effect to enable brokers and shavers to prey upon the necessities of the labouring men, and to drive from circulation the gold and silver of the country as a preparatory step to its future exportation to Europe.

From the Correspondent of the Charleston Mercury.
NEW YORK May 27

Sir—Notwithstanding this evening paper's donot mention the fact, you may nevertheless rely upon my assertion, as I have it from undoubted authority, that the United States Bank, or Nicholas Biddle, if you please has agreed to make advances on Cotton shipped to Europe order. The time is understood to be four months, with renewal if the Cotton is not sold. The will have the appropriate effect on the Cotton market, and has already evinced itself in the transactions of this forenoon; sorts which would have brought only 8c yesterday, was this day sold at 10c, being an advance of 20 per cent.

PHILADELPHIA, 1 o'clock, A M May 31.

DOINGS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

The proceedings of this body continue to excite deep interest. Our last notice of their doings mentioned the notice of a motion by Mr. Breckenridge to appoint a committee to prepare and report a plan of amicable and voluntary division. This committee was appointed on Monday morning and spent the whole day in negotiating, but could not agree, and both parties of the committee reported separately to the Assembly.

Yesterday morning, after some debate, those reports were laid on the table, and Dr. Baxter, of Va., moved that, as the Union of 1801 had been abrogated, the Western Reserve Presbytery could not now be considered as a right entitled to be represented in or form a part of the General Assembly, and that therefore they be excluded.

The proposition occupied the remainder of the day, and was debated by Mr. Breckenridge, Mr. Jessup, Dr. McCauley, Mr. Steel of Ky, Mr. Plummer of Va. and Mr. Cleaveland of Detroit, who spoke last and still has the floor. The vote on this proposition will probably be taken this morning.

All parties are now openly and avowedly for separation. They cannot harmonize together, and must separate. The only question is as to the modus operandi.

SAVANNAH, June 1.

LATEST FROM FLORIDA—MORE MURDERS.

A letter received in this city by the J. Stoney from Garey's Ferry, says on Monday last some teamsters arrived at that place and report that a baggage train returning from Fort Mellon to Tampa Bay, had been attacked by a body of Indians and the wagon master, (one of the late South Carolina militia) was killed, with two teamsters, and some inhabitants in the neighbourhood, who had returned to their plantations, supposing the war was at an end.

CHARLESTON, June 1, 5, P M.

Latest from Florida—From a passenger arrived yesterday on board the steamboat John Stoney, Capt Floyd, which left Black Creek on Monday last, we learn that intelligence had been received there that an expedition, under Lieut R. M. Peyton, of the Army, had been undertaken from Lake Monroe to the upper part of the St. Johns river—that Lieutenant Peyton had discovered a large lake, hitherto unknown to the whites—that the Indians were cultivating large fields of corn—that twelve negroes, (the property of Colonel Rees) having discovered the camp of Lieut. P. had come in and given themselves up. The negroes state, that the Indians did not intend to emigrate, but would recommence hostilities in a few weeks,—and that Powell, (who has been represented to the contrary by all the other Indians who have come into Gen. Jesup's camp) is a man without influence among his people. We understand that the fact is otherwise, and that Powell is a Chief of much influence with his tribe.

NEW YORK, May 30.

FROM JAMAICA

By the John W. Cater, Captain Crane, from Kingston, Jamaica, we have been favored with papers to the 13th inst. It appears that a drought prevailed to great extent in most of the parishes, which it was feared, would prove injurious to the sugar crop.

From the Kingston Despatch of the 21 instant, we learn that the small pox had not disappeared from Grenada. On the 25th April there were sixty-three cases of small pox in the town of St. George. In Trinidad vaccination was indiscriminately performed *gratis*; and was universally used as a preventative means to arrest its progress. The infection, and of a malignant character, was introduced into Tobago. Vaccination has been also attended to at Barbadoes, where it is performed by the medical gentlemen *gratis*.

On the 5th ult. the Bermudas were visited by a severe tempest, which tore up trees, unroofed houses, and did much injury to the shipping in the harbors.

Bark Triton—Further Particulars.

Shortly after sailing, the vessel encountered a heavy gale and shipped a sea which carried away her bulwarks and did other damage, rendering it necessary to make for a harbor on the coast of Patagonia in latitude 44 30, at a place called St Elena. At this place a whale ship was found on shore, which was boarded and no person discovered on board. Near the ship on the beach a cross was erected with a bottle attached to it. This bottle contained on a piece of paper the name of the ship (the Adult) from Nantes in France) and of the seaman who was buried under the cross, and a statement of the manner of his death by drowning, also a list of the officers and crew, the date of sailing, and the day of running ashore.

After refitting the Triton from the French ship, and taking from the wreck all its contents, consisting of the provisions, and equippage for a three years voyage: Captain Williams altered his course and made sail for the United States, where he arrived (at Newport.)—Two of his crew were brought back in irons, and two others confined. The two in irons, viz the sailing master, Hanson, and the first mate, Smith, were brought up from Newport by the United States Marshal, and lodged at Providence to await the examination of the District Judge.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.

☞ POSITIVELY THE LAST NIGHT OF THE ITALIAN OPERA.

THIS EVENING, JUNE 7,

Will be performed the grand Opera Scena in 3 acts, by the celebrated Maestro Donizetti, called

PARISINA,

Azzo (Duke Ferrara.) ...... Sig. Fornosari.
Parisina, (his wife.) ...... Signora Marozzi.
Hugo, ... Signora FANTANELLI.

ORLEANS THEATRE.

THE Orleans Theatre Company gives notice to the public that they have contracted with the director of the Italian opera for six representations, which will be given on Tuesday, Thursday and Friday of each week, commencing on Friday next, the 9th inst.

The book is open at the office of the theatre for the taking of boxes.

The evenings of Sundays being alone appropriated to the exhibition of the French Drama during the fortnight ensuing, the managers of the theatre will endeavor to present to the public such pieces as will be worthy of their attention. june 7

ITALIAN OPERA.

MR. BRICHTA, Director of the Italian Opera, having contracted with the Orleans Theatre Company for six representations, takes this mode of apprising those of his friends who subscribed to the continuation of the opera at the St. Charles Theatre, and desires those who wish that subscription to be retained, to inscribe their names at the office of the Orleans Theatre, where the book for the taking of boxes is open. june 7

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to the persons hereinafter named, that if, within the delay of ten days from this date, they have not complied with the conditions of the sale of the following mentioned lots, made on the 9th of January last, Mr. F. Dutillet, auctioneer, at the Exchange, corner of Chartres and St Louis streets, the said lots will be sold at public vendue for their account and risk, agreeably to law, viz.

Messrs A Beauguet,	Lot No 14,	suburb	Tremé.
H Audiot,	Lots No 8,	square	No 1,
do	7,	do	2,
do	1,	do	3,
do	5, 6, 7,	do	5,
do	1, 2, 3, 4,	do	17,
N Fortier,	6, 7,	do	23,
G Taruet,	12,	do	6,
do	4,	do	7,
A Hermetdy,	1,	do	20,

Late Fleitas' Plantation.
D. PRIEUR, Mayor.

New Orleans, June 7, 1837.

FRENCH Bombazines & Merino Summer Cloths.—100 ps on French bombazines, 3 do cape black summer cloths, just landed, and for sale low, by ANDREWS & BROTHERS, june 7 19 Chartres st.

PIMENTO—30 bags for sale by june 7 ROBERT H WHITE, 34 Gravier st

NUTMEGS—5 barrels for sale by june 7 ROBERT H WHITE, 34 Gravier st

---

MARINE NEWS.

PORT OF NEW ORLEANS.

[CLEARED.]

Barque Colchester, McLean, St Johns, N. B. (no cargo) ...... G P Bowers
Sch Caribou, Delesdernier, Havana,
Sch Rosalie, Hernandez, Tabasco, ... Wm Porter
...... J Prats & son
Sch Joannes, Barr, Mobile, ... Master

ARRIVED.

Tow boat Hudson, Linnel, from the Passes. Towed to sea ship Nashville, brig Kennebec, Dolva, and a Lucas; brought up brig Morocco, schs Hellen, Columbus and Megunticook; left the S W Pass on the 5th at 4 P M, nothing in sight off either Pass, in the river sch Richard and ——.

Brig Rhine, McKown, from Apalachicola, to master, in ballast.

Brig Morocco, Bentley, 5 days from Galveston, to master, in ballast.

Sch Megunticook, Mayo, from Camden, (Me.) May 11th, to master.

Sch Columbus, Moore, 5 days from Galveston, to J Reed & co, in ballast.

Sch Hellen, Ashby, 13 days from Matamoras, to D Goldsmith, in ballast.

Steamboat South Alabama, Aldrich, from Mobile to Tourne & Beckwith.

Steamboat Semaphore, Corso, from Opelousas, to master.

Steamboat Vicksburg, Auter, from Louisville, to master.

Steamboat Cahawba, Curtis, from Cincinnati, to master.

Steamboat Cumberland, Irwin, from Nashville, to master.

Steamboat Caspian, Windle, from Arkansas, to master, no cargo

Steamboat Moravian, Dunn, from Louisville, to master.

Steamboat Corinthian, Srodes, from St Louis, to master.

EXPORTS.

HAVANA—per sch Caribou—108 bales cotton, 140 kegs lard, 60 tcs rice, 180 bbls pork, 50 boxes soap, &c.

TOBASCO—per sch Rosalie—dry goods, wine, &c.

MOBILE—per sch Joannes—oats, coffee, molasses, wine, &c.

IMPORTS.

Per sch Megunticook—400 casks lime.

CONSIGNEES.

Per sch Megunticook—430 casks lime to S & J P Whitney.

RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE.

Per steamboat Semaphore—33 bales cotton C Toledano, 9 J B Plauche & co.

Per steamboat Moravian—125 hhds tobacco A L & J L Addison, 60 Lambeth & Thompson, 215 bbls flour 28 pork Champonier & Gerard, 315 Sour Dunsee & co.

Per steamboat Cumberland—166 hhds tobacco N & J Dick, 258 sacks corn N Minor

Per steamboat Cahawba—50 bbls whiskey Orain & M'gloin, 90 bbls corn Lambeth & Thompson, 492 wheel hubs, 2 boxes 2 bbls mdze and 43 boxes glassware owners on board and order.

Per steamboat Vicksburg—53 hhds tobacco Lambeth & Thompson, 27 bales cotton Bellin, Shipp & co.

Per steamboat Corinthian—147 bbls pork 31 bbls beeswax Layet & Amelung, 10 bbls castor oil Bogart & Hawthorn, 25 ox teams I Bridge & co, 534 sacks corn 20 cbs flour owners on board and order, 126 bbls flour J Vann & co.

PASSENGERS.

Per brig Morocco—messrs W T Brent, B C Franklin, M King, R Davison, Gen A S Johnson, J Lucky, Dunning.

Per sch Columbus—messrs Shankley, Stamps, Henderson, Loan, Waite, Spooner, capt Boroughs, Young, Marshall, Lane, Reaves, Harney, Newton, Johnson and child, Thompson, Lubbes, Jones, Cartwright, and 12 in the steerage.

Per sch Hellen—capt Moore, S M Rought, C Foster, officers of the American sch Julius Caesar, and the passengers, viz: F C Gray, J Sharp, J W Benton and lady, J Kendall and lady, A J Bonne, F Webster, R G Patterson, G G Adord, J Alford, D Watson, Y O Strond, H G Anesworth, D Black, G W Halleman, also the Sherwood, S Collins of the arrested the Champion, and the passengers as follows, mess. T R Jackson, E Dayer, H Cheatham, Seward, Gramsey, Young, Warren, Couch.

Per steamboat Corinthian—messrs Wilkenson, Hyde, Unbehagen.

Per steamboat Vicksburg—messrs Cram, McCaw, Lowe, Wood, H Luce, Wilcoson, Hall, Baker, Walker, Rox, Bodes, or Bedes, Mott, Sattinstall, Montgomery.

Per steamboat Cahawba—messrs Traylor, Hobbs, Hoadley, Cunningham, Bell, capt Jones, one Turnbull and family, mr Purdy, Burke and lady, Rudder, Donahoe, Lovett, Zacharie.

Per steamboat Cumberland—Messrs Pittman.

Per steamboat Caspian—messrs Ekenhead, Martin, Craig, Marr, Walker.

Per steamboat Moravian—messrs Mossy, Alfred, Deming, Wood, Parr, Conday, Baldwin, Sperry, Dinny.

Per steamboat Semaphore—messrs Dupre, Thompson, Langly, St Amant, Tarrin.

MEMORANDA.

Sch Henrico, Sch Rob Roy, Miner, ready for sea, bound to Havana, with mules.

Sch [illegible] do do

Sch Lucy, for Havana, soon.

Brig Henry sailed (from hence) on account of carrying [illegible]

Steamboat Vicksburg reports Ohio river up but falling slowly.

Hence at New York, May 30, ship Saratoga, Hathaway.

Cleared at New York for this port, May 30th, schr Mary Jane, Pope, 27 ult, ship Alabama, Berry; brig Caspar Hauser, Jenkins

Hence at Kingston, Jamaica May 4, brig Edwin.

Hence at Boston, May 29, brig Horace, Foss.

Hence at Philadelphia, ship Georgian, Eldredge.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE Partnership heretofore existing under the firm of Mesnier & T. Duchesne, is dissolved since the first of this month. Persons indebted to the firm will please settle with G. Mesnier.

june 7 3t — T. DUCHESNE. G. MESNIER

$50 REWARD

LOST—On Saturday last, a pocket book containing

$200 in 2 notes of the United S Bank.
50 in 3 do of the Bank of Alabama.
45 in notes of the banks of this city.

$295

The finder, who will be pleased to bring the pocket book and its contents to the Office of this paper, will receive the above reward. june 7 3t

THE subscribers have contracted this day a partnership for commission business, under the firm of J D Davenport & Gourdain. Each of the parties will sign his particular name for the liquidation of their concerns.

New Orleans June 5, 1837. J DEVENPORT, J V GOURDAIN. june 7

RIBBONS FOR THE MEXICAN MARKET—Rebecca lace, satin ribbons and Galloons for sale by J LE BLANC & Co, june 7 103 Royal st

HOCK, Champaigne and other wines for sale by J LE BLANC & Co june 7 103 Royal st.

SWISS Absynthe and Kierschwasser, 300 boxes Absynthe, 100 do Kierschwasser, for sale by J LE BLANC & Co june 7 103 Royal st

SPECIE—Wanted by ROBINSON & Co. june 7 4t 45 Camp st.

UNITED STATES BANK NOTES for sale in sums to suit purchasers, by june 7 ROBINSON & Co. 45 Camp st.

LANDING from ships Bonne Rachelle and Anne Louise, 300 baskets anisced, superior quality, 200 cases preserved fruits, 100 cases cordials. From every importation—400 cases sherry in white and black bottles, 200 baskets oil in large and small bottles, Chateau, Margeaux wine, Lafitte, do, in half bottles, and an assortment of wine in casks and cases, brandy and cordials. PIUSSAN & LONGIS, june 7 65 St. Louis st.

WAS STOLEN on the night of the 5th to the 6th inst a French GOLD LEPINE WATCH with the name of Courde engraved. Also $200 in city notes. Watchmakers are requested to stop the watch if presented to them. A black ribbon to which is attached a drawer key, hangs to the watch. $50 will be given to whoever will arrest the robber or rob bers. CHARLES CASTARES, june 7 4t Rampart st.

STATE OF LOUISIANA—Parish Court for the parish and city of New Orleans—Present the Honorable Charles Maurian, Judge—June 6th, 1837. No 9725—Samuel R Winter vs. his creditors. The cession of property by the petitioner is accepted by the court for the benefit of his creditors; it is ordered that a meeting of the insolvent's creditors be held on Monday the 10th of July 1837, before Jules Mossy, notary public, then and there to deliberate upon his affairs. It is further ordered that M Grivot, Esq. attorney and counsellor at law be appointed to represent the absent creditors in this case, and that in the mean time all proceedings against his person and property be stayed.

Clerk's Office, June 6th 1837. june 7 2aw AMAND PITOT, Clerk

Damatene Coons vs. Mathias Rostrup.

BY virtue of a suit of provisional seizure to me directed by the Honorable J. N. Duncan, presiding Judge of the city court of New Orleans, I have seized provisionally the following articles: four sideboards, thirteen cots, one looking glass, fifteen bedsteads, 18 mattresses, 5 tables, 24 chairs, one lot kitchen utensils and plates, 9 pillows, 15 musquito bars, 24 sheets, 11 blankets, &c, and all persons therein interested are hereby cited to be and appear within fifteen days before said D. Coons claiming three hundred and sixty dollars by privilege on said articles.

New Orleans, June 6th 1837. june 7 3t15 la B. BEAUREGARD, Marshal.

John Culberston vs. John Frut.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the Honorable O. P. Jackson, associate judge of the city court of New Orleans, I shall expose at public sale on the 11th of July, 1837, at noon, at Hewlett's Exchange, corner of St. Louis and Chartres streets, a negro man named PRINCE, aged about fifty years, seized to satisfy the judgement rendered in the above case. Terms cash.

New Orleans, June 5th 1837. june 7 B. BEAUREGARD, Marshal.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed, by the Honorable O. P. Jackson, associate judge of the city court of New Orleans, I shall expose at public sale, at Hewlet's Exchange, corner of St. Louis and Chartres streets, on the 6th July, 1837, at one o'clock, P. M., a lot of ground, situated in suburb Washington, designated as No. two, in square No. 28, measuring sixty feet front to St. John Baptist street, by one hundred and twenty feet in depth, French measure, bounded on one side by lot No. One, and on the other by lot No three, agreeably to a plan of said suburb, made by B. Lafon, deposited in the office of L. T. Caire, Esq. Notary Public, and dated the 15th May, 1807, seized at the suit of Mr. Martin. Terms, cash.

New Orleans, June 6th 1837. june 7 B. BEAUREGARD, Marshal.

BY virtue of a writ of fi. fa. to me directed by the Hon J. N. Duncan, presiding judge of the city court of New Orleans, and by consent of parties, I shall expose at public sale on Thursday, June 8, 1837, at 5 o'clock P. M. in Carondelet street, between Gravier and Poydras streets, a quantity of splendid furniture, seized at the suit of Paul Tulane & co.

Terms of sale cash. june 7 B. BEAUREGARD, Marshal.

LEAF LARD—700 kegs very superior in fine order in store, and for sale by LAYET & AMELUNG, 17 Commerce st. june 6

BEEF—A small lot of prime and Mess [illegible] in store, and for sale by LAYET & AMELUNG, june 6 17 Commerce st.

[FOR PASCAGOULA.]

The [steamer] [illegible]EPPA, [illegible] will leave the [illegible] Lake end of the Rail road, on Thursday, 8th inst, for the [illegible] of the Gulf of Mexico, and touching at Bay St Louis, Pass Christian and Biloxi, and return early on Saturday morning. For freight or passage apply to TOURNE & BECKWITH. june 6 [illegible] Poydras st

FOR MOBILE.

By way of the Bay of St Louis, Pass Christian, Biloxi, West and East Pascagoula, and will land at all the above ports on her return from Mobile.

The new and fast running substantial [illegible] light draught steamboat Creole, [illegible] Hyatt, master, will leave the lake end of the Railroad for the above ports, on TUESDAY EVENING, the 13th instant, at 5 o'clock P. M. precisely, for freight or passage, apply on board. june 6 1w

FOR ST LOUIS.

The fast running steamboat [illegible], A Boffie master, will leave on Monday the 12th instant, positively, at 10 o'clock. For freight or passage having good accommodations, apply on board. june 6

FOR LOUISVILLE & CINCINNATI

The superior and fast running steamer Huntsville, Jurdan, master, will leave for the above and intermediate ports on Saturday, the 10th inst at 12 o'clock precisely. For freight or passage, having an upper cabin, all state rooms, apply on board opposite the custom house, or to LAYET & AMELUNG, june 6 17 Commerce st.

FOR NASHVILLE and all intermediate Ports.

The superior fast running and well known steamer Southerner, John Carey, master, having a portion of her cargo engaged, will meet with despatch. For balance of freight or passage, having a splendid upper cabin, apply on board at Poydras st wharf, or to HYDE & COMSTOCK, m31 52 Camp st.

FOR ST MARTINSVILLE, New Iberia, And all Intermediate Landings.

The new and fast running steamboat Alex. G Ratter, master, is hourly expected and will have despatch for the above places. For freight or passage, apply to GRAY, DURRIVE & CO, m31 45 New Levee st

Coastwise Traders.

FOR PHILADELPHIA
10th JUNE.

The packet brig Swan, will sail for the above port on the 10th inst. For passage only, apply to the Captain on board, opposite the vegetable market, or to JAMES REED & Co. june 7 35 Royal street.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.
First vessel.

THE regular packet ship Chester, Wm Watson master, will have immediate despatch. For freight or passage, apply on board opposite the Mint, or to J REED & CO. 35 Royal street

N.B. Charges advanced on all Goods shipped by this vessel. june 7

FOR BOSTON.—The A 1 fast sailing brig Rapee, Barge, master, having part of her cargo engaged will meet with despatch. For balance of freight or passage, apply to BAILEY & ABBOTT, june 7 14 Bienville st

FOR NEW YORK.—The fast sailing A 1 ship St Louis, C T Stanton, master is now ready to receive freight and will have immediate despatch for the above port. For terms of passage, having handsome accommodations, apply on board opposite the Red Road. june 3 L H GALE 93 Common st

FOR NEW YORK—The A 1 ship Caroline, Marwood, master, having part of her cargo engaged will have quick despatch. For freight or passage, having splendid accommodations, apply to BAILEY & ABBOTT, m31 14 Bienville st.

FOR NEW YORK.
To sail 10th of June

The ship Kentucky, J Bunker, master is now loading and will sail as above. For freight or passage apply on board abreast lower end of the vegetable market, or to FRANKLIN & AMES, m29 55 Camp street

European Traders.

FOR HAVRE.

For passage only—The beautiful ship Rubicon, coppered and copper fastened, Capt. Rogers, will positively sail on Saturday next, 10 instant, and can take five passengers, if applied for immediately, to the Captain on board, or to JOSEPH BARTHET, june 6 1t 20 Toulouse street.

FOR HAVRE.

The fine coppered and copper fastened Barque Virginia, Capt Sinclair, will be quickly dispatched and can yet take a few hundred bales freight. For terms of freight or passage, apply to Capt Sinclair on board below the Levee Steam Cotton Press or to A LANFEAR, june 6 67 Camp st.

FOR BORDEAUX—The fast sailing ship Anne Louise, P Demandez, master, will leave on the 25th inst. for the above port. For freight or passage apply to the captain on board or to B. LAUDUMIEY, New Exchange st. between Conti & Bienville. june 3

FOR BORDEAUX—The ship Talma, Dillingham master, will sail positively on the 8th inst. A few passengers may be accommodated, apply to the Captain on board, opposite the Mint or to LATASTE & BRULATOUR june 2 7t 16 St. Louis st.

FOR COWES—The fast sailing A 1 ship George, capt. Choate, will have immediate despatch. For passage only, apply to L H GALE, 93 Common st june 2

FOR ROTTERDAM—The superior A 1 barque Damariscotta, Capt. Sutton, will have immediate despatch. For freight or 50 hds. or passage, having handsome accommodations, apply to L H GALE, 93 Common st june 1

FOR LIVERPOOL.
To Sail on 7th June.

The new A 1 ship Michigan, Sturges master, can take 8 or 10 passengers. For terms apply on board or to H C CAMMACK & Co m31 65 Gravier st

FOR LIVERPOOL.

The ship Echo, Mallett master, will sail in about 10 days, can take 6 cabin passengers and 30 in the steerage. For terms apply to Capt Mallett on board, at the Upper Cotton Press, or to H C CAMMACK & Co m31 65 Gravier st

FOR LIVERPOOL.

The fine ship Abbotsford, W C Mix, master, to sail in 10 days, can take a few hundred bales freight, and can take 4 cabin passengers. For terms apply on board, opposite post 94 or to H C CAMMACK & Co, m31 65 Gravier st

FOR BORDEAUX,
Or any port in the Mediterranean.

Brig Comet, Marcy, master, having one part of her cargo engaged, shall meet with prompt despatch. For balance of freight apply to KOHN, DARON & Co., m 27 28 Bienville st

NOTICE.

THE well known vessel, Anne Louisa, is daily expected from Bordeaux, will return to the same place, 20 days after her arrival. For freight or passage apply to captain Demandez, at Mr B Laudumiey's, Exchange Alley, between Conti and Bienville. m24

Mexico and Texas Traders.

FOR VERA CRUZ—The superior fast sailing schr. Lone, Clark master, she will sail in a few days. For freight or passage, apply to the captain on board, or at 52 St. Ann st to JOSE PRATS & SON. june 6

FIRST VESSEL FOR TEXAS.—The schooner General De Kalb, will sail for Velasco and Brazoria, on Wednesday next at [illegible]. For freight or passage, apply next vessel above the ferry, or to J REED & Co. 35 Royal st. june 6

FOR METAMORAS—The schooner Diadem, capt Jacques, having part of her cargo engaged, will leave soon. For the balance of freight or passage apply to CAPDEVILLE & Co m31 19 Toulouse street

For Freight or Charter.

The A 1 ship Robt Paraford, Capt Price now ready to load, burthen 1500 bales cotton Apply on board or to GEO GREEN. m17

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER

The splendid A 1. light draft very fast sailing Ship Ocorora, Wm Dixon Commander is ready to receive cargo. For terms apply on board near the Rail Road. m 10

REFRIGERATORS—Mahogany and common Refrigerators, received and for sale by W & J GRANT, No 26 Custom house st. june 1 3t

SOME persons having thought proper to spread a report that I intended to give up my establishment, I beg leave to assure those parents who have done me the honor to confide their children to my care that such report is wholly without foundation. june 1837 E MOUSSIER, 345 Royal st

WANTED—A young negro 14 or 16 years old to be as a servant. Apply to the office of the Bee. ☞ june 2

LANDING from ship Le Bonne Rachel, from Bordeaux,
222 boxes Red Wine, St Julien,
18 do White Wine, Haut Parsac,
45 qr. casks do do Sauterne.
For sale by m31 A & E CAVELIER

VERY CHEAP SUGAR.

TWELVE Pounds good Sugar, 14 lbs not quite so fine, for $1, corner of Old Levee and Ursuline streets.

There is in said store, Le Roy Pills and remedies, Fishing Nets, coffee, French Pots, Locks, &c. m 27 3m

Mayoralty of New Orleans.

AGREEABLY to a resolution of the 15th August, 1837, notice is given that every night from the 8th inst, until the 31st of July next, poisoned sausages shall be distributed to the dogs found in the streets of the 1st municipality. m31 D PRIEUR, Mayor

SIGN, HOUSE & CARRIAGE PAINTING.

THE Subscriber has the honor to inform the citizens of New Orleans and the public in general, that he has lately arrived from Paris, and has opened his establishment in the above line, in Anne Street, where he paints, hangs paper, &c. CREVASOL. m 20 6t St. Ann, corner of St. Claude street.

LIQUORS—76 bbls old Monongahela Whisky, 14 do do Peach Brandy, 8 pipes Holland Gin, in store, and for sale by P H GALLWEY, [illegible] 31 Common street.

THE subscribers offer for sale, landing from ship Anne Louise, from Bordeaux, 8 cases syrup fruits, 20 half bbls white, 600 bottles, one case of Bordeaux. LATASTE & BRULATOUR. june 5 No 16 St. Louis st.

NOTICE—Having taken Benjamin R. Green into copartnership, on the first inst. the business will be conducted hereafter under the name of Pollard and Green, who are duly authorized to liquidate all my unsettled business. URIAH A. POLLARD, june 3 6t Per. pro. B R GREEN.

[$10] DOLLARS REWARD.

Ran away away from the subscriber about a week ago a negro girl named Matilda, aged 13 or 14 years: speaks English and French—dress not recollected. Whoever will lodge her in prison or bring her to the subscriber will be entitled to the above reward. M DUPUY. june 7 2t Levee street.

$10 REWARD

RANAWAY on the 30th May last, the negress SALLY, aged from 17 to 18 years, five feet high, has a laughing countenance, speaks English, but French better, and is a Virginian. She was purchased from Madison Dupuy. The above reward will be paid to whoever will lodge her in jail, on application at No 1, corner of Jackson and Basin sts. A. G. WILSON, june 7 corner of St. John and Common st.

MANDEVILLE HOTEL.

The subscriber would inform the public that the Mandeville Hotel, situated on the sea side of Lake Pontchartrain, will be opened on Saturday, 27th inst.

The new and handsome steamer Pontchartrain, belonging to the Improvement Bank will run constantly. The days and time of departure will be fixed by said company.

The price of board will be $60 a month. Children and servants half price. J. DAVIS

N. B. A good Baker is wanted. m24 10t

TO LET.

Several Rooms over our store, corner of Chartres and Conti sts E LEFEBVRE & BRO. m 24

TO LET.

Until the 1st November next, on favorable terms, the store No 60 old Levee street, and next door to the corner of Bienville st.

Possession to be given immediately and it required the tenant will have the privilege of extending the lease another year, on the same terms of the present lease.

Enquire on the premises of Mr F Predland, or to ROBT LAYTON, m 29 ☞ 55 Old Levee st

PROPERTY WANTED

Persons having property well situated in the city square or in vicinity, and who should wish to sell it at very moderate prices, will easily find customers by applying to BERNARD DE SANTOS, Broker, Rampart street, between St Philip and Dumain st. m 29 3t

TO LET.

A fine summer residence, situated at the Pass Christian. The house is very large, well built and shaded with green oaks. Its standing is the most agreeable site of this delightful place. Possession given immediately. Apply to m 31 6t M.A. DELPIT, 119 Chartres st.

NOTICE.

THE Copartnership of Gardiner & Watson, having expired by its own limitation, the senior partner is charged with the settlement of the concerns, to whom all payments are to be made and who alone is authorized to use the signature of the firm in liquidation. CHAS GARDINER. june 6—6t ROMAN WATSON.

NOTICE.

THE subscribers have formed a Copartnership for the purpose of transacting a general commission business in this city, commencing from the 1st May last, under the firm of Taylor, Gardiner & Co. Their Counting Room for the present is at No 26 Common st WM R TAYLOR, june 6—3w CHAS GARDINER.

ON Saturday last, a person who was at the Atchafalaya Bank, made a mistake in exchanging a large amount of bills for the sum that he received—He is consequently requested to apply at Messrs Jones and Brugier, No 106, Levee street june 6—3t

J. F. WANGER, DENTIST,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has returned and will attend to those requiring his professional service. june 6 6t

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS.
GENERAL COUNCIL.
Sitting of Monday, May 1, 1837.
A. R. 61.

Resolved, That the amount of the taxes collected for the licenses of pedlars shall be paid to the Treasurer of the municipality within the limits of which the pedlar may have located his residence; and that upon the receipt of the Treasurer the mayor shall deliver the license.

Be it further Resolved, That the proceeds of said taxes shall be apportioned in the same manner as is provided for the proceeds of the taxes on drays, carts, &c.

(Signed) PAUL BERTUS, Recorder.
Approved May 8, 1837.
(Signed) D. PRIEUR, Mayor.
A true copy. THEARD, Jr. Sec'ry.
june5

MAYORALITY OF NEW ORLEANS

THE price of fresh flour being this day $10 37½ per barrel, according to the tariff, bakers must give during the ensuing week commencing Monday, June 5 30 ounces of bread for a bit. The loaves which are sold at one bit for three loaves, are required to weigh 25 per cent more; that is to say 37½ ounces.

June 3, 1837 DENIS PRIEUR, Mayor

Succession of Antoine Castor, a f. m. c. deceased.

ALL persons having any claim against this succession are requested to make them known in writing to D. SEGHERS, Esq. the counsel for the testamentary executors. june 5 3t

NOTES of nearly every suspended Bank in the southern and western country, received for goods by ANDREWS & BROTHERS, june5 9 Chartres st

BANK NOTES—Alabama, Mississippi, Tennessee, and all other uncurrent bank notes bought and sold by ROBINSON & Co. 45 Camp st june5 4t

CITIZEN'S BANK STOCK—65 shares for sale by ROBINSON & Co. 45 Camp st. june 5 4t

FLOUR—800 bbls superfine, bakers brands, for sale by G. DORSEY, 44 New Levee. june 5

PORK—160 bbls consisting of prime, rump, clear and shoulders, for sale by G DORSEY, june 5 44 New Levee.

WHISKEY—400 bbls rectified and common, for sale by G. DORSEY, 44 New Levee. june 5

LARD—600 kegs, for sale by G. DORSEY, june 5 44 New Levee.

SUGAR in tierces, good quality, for sale by june 5 G DORSEY, 44 New Levee.

REMOVAL—C W A. VOIGT & Co. have removed their Furniture Stores to 45 Royal street, between Bienville and Custom house streets. june5

WINES—8 pipes and 60 boxes East India made, 50 of 1 and 2 doz each, 10 demijohns superior do, 15 baskets Champaign, Unicorn and Jolly brands, in store for sale by P H GALLWEY, june5 31 Common st.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY by the subscribers, $30,000, of the Consolidated Association Bank Notes. A. LEDOUX & Co june 6 8t

CARROLLTON BANK.
New Orleans, June 2, 1837.

A MEETING of the Stockholders of this institution will be held at the Banking House, Canal street, in conformity with the tenth section of the original charter, on Thursday, 15th inst. at 12 o'clock, when the Directors will lay before them a statement of its affairs.

By order of the Board, june 3 JOHN NICHOLSON, Cashier.

ROBINSON & CO
STOCK AND EXCHANGE BROKERS,
45 Camp street,

Purchase and sell all kinds of uncurrent notes, specie and gold. june3 3 & t

NOTICE.

LOST yesterday, in the afternoon, a diamond, making the centre piece of a breast button. A liberal reward will be paid to whoever shall return it to this office. june 3

FOR SALE by the subscriber, landing from ship Anne Louise from Bordeaux,
21 bbls good ordinary Red Wine,
1900 boxes Red Wine, of 12 bottles,
100 do do 24 do
47 Willow Articles, such as baskets, work baskets, &c 1000 Brooms B. LAUDUMIEY.
New Exchange st. between Conti & Bienville. june 3

GARDNER WANTED.—One who is well acquainted with the soil, and who can produce good references as regards capacity, sobriety and integrity, may hear of a good situation by applying immediately to Messrs. PEYROUX, ARCUEIL & Co 13 Toulouse st. june3 1w

MACKEREL—200 bbls No 3 mackerel landing from brig Sparta and for sale by ROBERT H. WHITE. june 3 No 34 Gravier street

SPERM OIL—20 casks pure sperm oil landing and for sale by ROBERT H. WHITE. june 3

RUM—30 bbls received for sale by june 3 ROBERT H. WHITE.

MESS PORK, &c.—Clear, mess M. prime P. O. and rump pork for sale by M MAHER, june 2 16 Poydras st.

FLOUR & WHISKEY—800 bbls superfine flour, 200 bbls rectified whiskey, for sale by june 2 M. MAHER, 16 Poydras st.

LEECHES—Landing from ship Anne Louise, several thousand first rate leeches, at a very low price, wholesale and retail, at the Pharmacy of A A PEYCHAUD, june 2 128 Royal st

HAVANA SUGAR.—30 boxes white sugar, 20 do brown do now landing per brig Omar for sale by june 2 R GRONING & CO

LARD.—625 kegs of Lard, landing from steamer Missourian, for sale by G DORSEY, june 2 54 New Levee

WHISKEY—25 bbls old Monongahela whiskey for sale by R H WHITE. june 3 34 Gravier street

TO PLANTERS &c.—A man and his wife who have been some time in New Orleans, are desirous of obtaining situations in a respectable Planter's family, the one as overseer of the plantation, the other who thoroughly understands the millinary and dress making has no objection of uniting her profession with that of being generally useful. For particulars apply at this office. june 2

THE Stockholders of Lake Borgne Canal Company are informed, that the election of Directors, to administer the business of the Company, will take place on the 10th of this month, at Mr H L Feraud, Royal street, between Toulouse and St Peter street, from 9 o'clock in the morning to 3 o'clock in the afternoon, under the inspection of Messrs Feraud & W. C. C. Claiborne. june 2 9t DUVIGNAUD, Secretary.

U. S. DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE,
New Orleans, June 1 1837.

OBLIGORS on duty bonds due and unpaid on the 20th ult. are requested to call at this office without delay and pay the same. And such as desire an extension of the time of payment, are informed that the undersigned is ready to receive applications for such purpose.

P K LAWRENCE, U. S. Attorney, june1 Eastern District Louisiana.

LITERARY PREMIUM.

THE subscribers offer a reward of $150 for the best Address, to be spoken by a Lady or Gentleman, at the opening of the New Theatre, in Government street. In consequence of Mr. Valentine's having broken his engagement with the subscribers, the reward offered by them for an Address to be spoken by him, is withdrawn, and the above substituted.

☞ The competitors to send in their productions previous to the 15th inst. L. & F. PERRY. m 31 tf

SUGAR—40 hhds in store for sale by june 5 P H GALLWEY, 31 Common st

---

Sales at Auction.

BY J. B. BLACHE.

WILL be sold this day, 7th inst. at 10 clock, at his auction store, for account of whom it may concern, 165 1 3 doz Madras Hdkfs, slightly damaged on the voyage of importation. june 7

BY J. B. BLACHE.

WILL be sold on Friday, 9th inst. at 10 o'clock, A. M. on Levee street, between Hospital and Ursuline sts. the stock of a store consisting of ready made clothing, shoes, dry goods, hats, &c. Terms at sale. june 7

BY J. LEVY.

WILL be sold, on Wednesday the 7th instant, at 12 o'clock, at the New Exchange corner of Chartres and St Louis st. 12 Likely Negroes, viz.

Prince 44 years of age, a driver,
Sam 48 do do a steady workman.
Jim 37 do Carpenter and Sawyer.
Bill 36 do Painter, Glazier and excellent Gardiner
Wallace 17 years of age, drayman and family house servant
Henry 16 do do choice house servant.
Alfred 14 do do smart servant.
Bennett 11 do do smart boy.
Rose, Jim's wife, 45 years of age, cook & house servant.
Dorcas, Bill's wife, 35 years of age, a good house servant
Rachael, cook and house manager
Hannah, [illegible] woman.

All the above negroes have been owned by the present owner for years, and are docile, obedient and correct as regards qualifications in moral duties, and will be fully guaranteed.

Acts of sale before J B Marks, Esq Not. Public at the expense of the purchaser. june 6

SYNDIC SALE.

BY order of the Hon Judge of the district Court will be sold on Saturday the 1st instant at half past 4 o'clock P M. on the premises formerly occupied by Richard Pierce A Co in Pa terre e, fifteen horses surrendered by Wm Smith & Co to their Creditors.

Terms cash CHS GARDINER june 5 Provisional syndic

BY JOS. LECARPENTIER.

Choice of Old Wines and Liquors at Auction.

ON Friday next, 9th inst. at 11 o'clock, A. M., at H. C. Comstock & co's warehouse, corner of Gravier street and Bank Alley, will be sold by Joseph Lecarpentier, an assortment of choice wines, the greater part of which was imported expressly to satisfy the demands of several gentlemen of this city, and which can be recommended as the choicest parcels of wines ever offered to the public.

The assortment of wines and liquors consisting of champagne wine, Palmer margaux do, Burgundy do, [illegible] sherry, sauterne do, claret wine, Irish Whiskey, Scotch do, [illegible] cordials, &c &c.

Terms at sale.

N. B. Catalogues of the above, expressing marks, numbers, age, &c. will be distributed on the day of sale. june 3

BY J B BLACHE.

WILL be sold, by order and under the inspection of the Wardens of the Port, for account of whom it may concern, on Friday the 27 inst June next at 12 o'clock at the Exchange, corner of Chartres and St Louis streets,

The Spanish brig Abencellaze capt Sicard, from Havana, with her tackle, apparel and furniture as she now lies on the other side of the river. She is coppered and copper fastened and 104 tons burthen. Purchasers may see the inventory at the office of the above mentioned auctioneer. m 31

BY FERNANDEZ & WHITING.
Successors of Francois Bore.

ON Wednesday, the 7th of June next, at the Exchange Coffee House, corner of Chartres and St Louis sts at 12 o'clock precisely, by virtue of an order of the Honorable Court of Probates, in and for the parish and city of New Orleans, dated the 29th April, 1837, will be sold, a Lot of Ground, situated in the suburb St. Mary, in the square bounded by Perdido, Baronne, Poydras and Phillippa sts. measuring 24 feet front on Perdido st. by 120 feet 8 inches in depth, on the side of Baronne st., and 126 feet on the side of Phillippa st., and 23 feet 2 inches wide on its rear, together with the wooden buildings on it.

Terms: One third cash, balance at 6, 12, 18 & months credit in approved endorsed notes, with special mortgage on the property until final payment.

Act of sale before L. Feraud, Esq. Notary Public at the expense of the purchaser. m y 5

A Creditors vs his Creditors.

PARISH COURT—By the request of Mr Mayor [illegible] D [illegible], Syndic, and by virtue of an order from the Honorable Parish Court for the Parish and City of New Orleans, will be sold on the premises, corner of St Louis and Chartres sts. on the 14th of June,

The contents of a Printing Office, press, types and other articles belonging to said office.

Terms, Cash. m 31

BY BACH & CALHOUN

ON Monday, the 3rd day of July 1837, at twelve o'clock, at the Exchange, corner of Chartres and St Louis streets, by virtue of an order from to an order of sale from the Honorable the Court of Probates, in and for the parish and city of New Orleans, State of Louisiana, bearing date the 12th May 1837, will be sold at auction, for account of the succession of Barbara Elgarten deceased, wife of John Michel Pfalzgraf [illegible]

One lot of Ground, lying and situated in the Faubourg Annunciation, in the triangle bounded by Felicity, St. James, and St. John Baptist streets, and known as lot No. 4 in square No. 36 [illegible] measuring sixty feet front on St. James street, by one hundred and [illegible] five feet [illegible] depth, [illegible] lots Nos. 1, 2 and 3, one hundred and eight feet seven inches in depth from the line [illegible] which separates it from lot No. 5 and seventy feet five inches on the dividing line of faubourg Annunciation. [illegible] per plan which will be exhibited on the day of sale, together with the [illegible]

Terms—[illegible] conditions of sale—One third cash, and the balance in one credit of six, twelve and eighteen months, for notes satisfactorily endorsed and secured by special mortgage on the property until final payment.

Act of sale, to be passed before Joseph B. Marks Esq., Notary Public, at the expense of the purchaser. may 30

BY FRANCOIS DUTILLET & DELERY

IN virtue of a decree of the honorable Court of Probates, in and for the parish and city of New Orleans, there will be sold on Saturday, the first of July 1837, at noon precisely, at the New Exchange, corner of St Louis and Chartres streets, for the account of the succession of the late Antoine Austin, the following slaves to wit:

1. Gustave, a mulatto boy, aged about 14 years crippled in his right hand
2. Eugene, a negro boy, aged about 11 years.
3. Bonne a griffonne aged about 50 years, with her 3 children named
4. Ferdinand, alias Mimote, a mulatto boy, aged about 17 years.
5. Francisque, alias Tiron, a mulatto boy, aged about 13 years, [illegible]
6. Pauline, a girl aged about 11 years.
7. Josephine, alias Fine, a negress about 30 years of age, somewhat of a cook, with her daughter
8. Clementine, a girl about 10 years.
9. Jules, a mulatto boy, about 10 years of age
10. Alphonse, a mulatto boy, aged about 16 years
11. Eugenie, a negress aged about 40 years, washer and ironer, with her two children, named
12. Henriette, a negro girl about 9 years of age
13. Henry, a boy about 7 years of age
14. Louison, a negress aged about 17 years, house servant.
15. Isabelle, a negress, aged about 20 years
16. Marguerite, a negress, about 25 years, in the habit of leaving home.

TERMS.

The two slaves Gustave and Eugene, will be sold separately and for cash.

The griffonne Bonne and her three children, will be sold in one single lot, payable the two thirds of the price cash, and the balance at one year's credit for a note satisfactorily endorsed and secured by mortgage on the slaves.

Josephine, alias Fine, with her daughter Clementine, in one single lot.

Eugenie, with her two children Henriette and Henry, also in one single lot, and the 5 other slaves each separately.

The whole at one credit of 6, 8 and 12 months for notes satisfactorily endorsed and secured by mortgage on the slaves respectively.

The acts of sale to be passed at the expense of the purchasers, before Carlisle Pollock, notary public. m29 5t

THE persons whose names follow, and who bought lands at Mandeville, on May 23 1837, are requested to call on Mr Ducatel, notary public, to sign the acts of sale.

John Polk,
Bonet Caron,
F Daubert,
Alphonse Degrey,
Jean A. Mi[illegible],
P. E. Tras[illegible],
m31 Arsene Devaux.

NOTICE—The partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers under the firm of Spangenberg & Terriday, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All outstanding debts will be received by either of the subscribers, or by Messrs. Stepp & Co. J SPANGENBERG, m27—10t J C TERRIDAY.

NEW STORE OPENED,
IN
ORLEANS STREET,
NEAR
ROYAL STREET.

In the same house with the Recorder's Office

THE subscriber just returned from France by the ship Talma, has the honor to inform the public and particularly the ladies, the young gentlemen, and the epicures of Louisiana, that he will offer for sale on the 29 instant, a magnificent assortment of New Goods, selected after the last style of the Paris saloons and according to the admirable modes of the last fete a Longchamps. Having left Paris a few days after the festival, which is the sumptuous installation of fashion, the subscriber has brought all the offers to the Louisianians the last novelties which are in vogue in the French world of fashion. Thus assortment, which will be offered for sale wholesale and retail, is composed of

A splendid lot of jewelry; watch and neck chains after the latest fashion for men's and women's watches, by Oudin, purveyor successor of the celebrated Breguet.

White lace, dentelles, magnificent embroidery, silks, ribbands of the latest taste, the latest fashion [illegible], feathers, silk aprons with velvet and lace collars &c.

Sea ramgs of silk, cotton and Scotch thread.

Tortoise shell and horn combs.

Umbrellas, fine, the canes of a new fashion; beautiful horsewhips.

Low and high priced corsets.

Sewing silk and twist in skeins and hanks.

Cases for liquors, [illegible] inkstands, portfolios, &c.

Fine toys, coffee pots, albums, souvenirs, visiting cards, cartons de bal, sugar boxes, seals, medals, snuff boxes, musical boxes, &c.

Looking glasses of albums, with exquisite frames.

Fine brushes, men's and women's saddles, complete sets of harness.

Steels to strike light on philosophical principles, of a new invention and incomparable perfection.

Summer and autumn clothing complete, by the first tailors of Paris fine boots and shoes, silk and beaver hats, calico shirts, de cambric and cotton d cotton.

Wines, Champagne and port of rare quality, cherries in brandy, cordials of all kinds in porcelain jars, and gum arabic extra fine.

Biscuits de Rheims, and Lyons sausages of superior quality.

Gelatinous pills of balm of Copaiba, and liquid cosmetic of D. Boucheron, guaranteed infallible for making the hair grow and preserving it from decay.

Likewise, the subscriber expects by the first arrival a selection of rich porcelain, and a carriage, by Lepine, the finest and most tasty that could be found in all Paris.

june 6 F. GAILLARDET.

Doctor T. Gaillardet.

PHYSICIAN of the faculty of Paris, ancient eleve of the hospitals, member of the Anatomical Society of Paris and the Scientific Academy of the island of Cumica, has the honor to inform the public and his acquaintances that he is ready to attend when called upon in all diseases of females, of men and of children, accouchements and all surgical operations.

☞ His residence is at the building of Mr. Ferrie, Orleans street, near corner of Royal. june 6