THE BEE.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
JEROME BAYON, DERAUP & CO.

NEW-ORLEANS.
Monday {morning,} December 6, 1830.

By the last Kentucky mail we have received nothing into enlarging the packet Kentucky arrived a few minutes after the mail has brought New-York papers one day later; they contain no news from Europe—a paper of this city has stated and we have had the hope from several persons worthy of credit, that a passenger who came on board the above named vessel, had reported that at the Sandy Hook of his departure from New York, the Fanseur one of the Havre packets had arrived, and that it was immediately after reported that a revolt had broken out in Paris, on account of the Ministers of Charles X.

From the Mobile Register.

DUTY ON COTTON.—Does it not evince a considerable degree of blindness to the interests of the State, and of inconsistency in the politicians who oppose the Tariff System, when it was with a view of protection to the cotton growing states that a duty of *three cents a pound* was laid on foreign cottons for them to oppose the very principle in which it had its origin. The Atlantic and Western states did not oppose this duty evidently laid at the time for the sole benefit of the cotton planter, and the manufacturing states have never, and do not now complain of the duty, although it would be to their advantage to have it taken off. Suppose, seeing the pertinacity with which the projectors of the raw material persevere in destroying the Protecting System, the manufacturing representatives in congress, were to commence the destruction of it with repealing the duty on foreign cotton, what would the people of Mississippi do? every year the quantity of cotton is increasing, and but for the demand at home, would continue to be reduced in price, although Great Britain purchases as much or more than in previous years.

Are the people of Mississippi aware that even with the duty on foreign cotton, and notwithstanding the great quantities of the article raised in the U. States, that foreign cotton is frequently brought by our Atlantic cities for sale.—We noticed last summer, in the Boston Courier and we now refer to the date, June the 18th, having preserved the paper, and copy from it the following advertisements:—

44 BALES Surinam Cotton, for sale by
Thomas & Edes, Motley.

30 BALES of Surinam Cotton, for sale by
Thomas Wigger.

Separation of the States.

The people of the North western counties of Virginia have been for some time past extremely agitated in discussing the question of a separation from the state of Virginia, and of uniting them to Maryland. On the 1st inst. a general meeting of the citizens of Ohio county was held on the subject at Wheeling, when the proposals were fairly canvassed and a resolution unanimously adopted, providing for an appointment of a committee to see what the report at a future meeting of the views and feelings of the people can be ascertained within the counties contemplated to be added. The subject has now become seriously taken up, we look with no little interest to the issue. Should the result of the inquiries of the committee lead to a formal application to the assembly of Virginia to authorize the cession, and should that application be crowned with success, we think there can be no doubt of a welcome reception on the part of Maryland. In various point of view the cession would be highly desirable and advantageous, as well to the state at large as to our own city in particular.

Balt. American.

(From the National Journal.)

National Convention.—We have seen no movement on the part of the friends of Mr. Clay, which more entirely meets our approbation than the proposition for a National Convention to meet at the City of Washington. Most sincerely do we hope that this suggestion may be carried into effect, and that the Convention may assemble here before the rising of the present Congress. Of the miraculous results which can be achieved by union, activity and systematic energy, the last four or five years have given striking testimony. By such means we have seen a cause the least righteous of any which has absorbed the public attention from the commencement of the government, in the hands of the most reckless and unprincipled agents, and furthered by means from which every honorable feeling recoils, get secured, fed, cherished, and matured, until it has been finally crowned with the most triumphant prosperity. We have seen, by such means, a mere soldier converted into an idolized statesman; and a combination of political gamblers placed in offices of the first distinction and influence. By such means, we have witnessed the humiliation of virtue, intelligence, wisdom and experience, at the feet of all their opposites. If union, activity, and systematic energy have been able to wrest, dish all these results in a cause from which every high and honorable feeling is repudiated; surely the achievement of success in a good cause, must, by similar means, be much more easy. We implore our friends to reflect on this point, and to act promptly, unitedly, and energetically. Two years have elapsed since the election of General Jackson, a full session and an interval, has sufficed administration to give evidence of its intermeddling character into the various departments of the government of home; and in its treating the American character abroad. We were stunned with the thunder of the pro-tariff and the Jackson party before and on their accession of power. The diplomatic character of our country was to be advanced. And accordingly T. P. Moore and John Randolph received official license to brawl and fight in the streets and places of those nations to which it became necessary to exhibit suitable specimens of the dignity of the republican character. Abuse and corruption were to be abolished. The chief disbursing accounting officers were instantly displaced, and new men were put in their room, from whose ignorance enormous losses must accrue to the public, and selfish inconsistence to all the creations of the government. ..... Great savings were to be effected. And a present is made of 48,000 dollars to John Randolph to enable him to make the tour of Europe, in a character which it was plainly expected would prevent him from the commission of many of those follies which degrade the dignity of an intellectual being. Our Minister in England has negotiated an arrangement which throws all the carrying trade to and from the British West Indies into the hands of British shipowners, while the navigation interest of our own country is suffering heavy privations, most for which we are told the Administration is reaping a harvest of glory! while the national representative France is unable to advise his own government of the approach of that great convulsion which was foreseen and communicated by the ambassadors of every other power which was represented at that Court. We have yet to learn the evidence of the sagacity which may have been displayed by our Plenipotentiaries in Spain and the Netherlands, and whether the latter will attach himself to the Stadtholder of Belgium. The voice of the people was to be regarded as the guiding law and governing principle; and at once, A desperate blow is aimed at the great system which the people have so repeatedly sanctioned, and that a gross contempt is perpetrated on public opinion.

Such instances of inconsistency and imbecility have excited the indignation of the people. In [illegible] which have taken place, whenever [illegible] considerations were operative, they have [illegible] their indignation through the ballot box. State after State, has been heard invoking the name of Clay, and calling on him to come forward, and rescue the country from impending ruin. Innumerable meetings of citizens have explicitly declared that to him the nation must look for the restoration of its injured rights and its violated interests. These declarations, sentiments and resolutions, should be corroborated: and for this purpose we call on all the friends of their country to step forward and appoint delegates to the National Convention. It is only in such a Convention, appointed by the people themselves for this specific object, and acting upon that unanimity of feeling which is necessary to the production of energetic action, can be consummated. Assembling here, during the deliberations of the National Legislature, the members of the Convention would receive from the Representatives in Congress all those lights which they might be enabled to collect in a focus, and cast abroad throughout their respective States. They would be enabled to collect nobody of evidence of the imbecility of the present Cabinet, and the danger which must result from their continuance in office, which would be sufficient to convince the whole people. We therefore, in the name, call on the people every where, to accept the proposition for a National Convention, and to appoint delegates without delay.

(From the N. Y. Journal of Commerce, November 15.)

Sentence of Jury.—The prisoners' box presented, yesterday, a spectacle of unusual, though melancholy interest. Among those brought up to receive sentence, were Alexander B. Weaver, Benjamin S. Atwater, Salvadore Canet, Joseph E. Carr, and two or three others, whose appearance, dress, and manners, would not disgrace any drawing room in the city.

Benjamin S. Atwater, alias John Jones, who pleaded guilty to the charge of stealing a number of watches from Ackley Fitch, and a large package of money from Alfred Hay, at the Pearl street House, when brought to the bar, seemed overwhelmed with the agony of his feelings. In a note addressed to the Court, the prisoner stated that he left College last Spring, and came to this city. He became acquainted with what are called fashionable young men, and fell, gradually, into most of their fashionable vices. He was reduced by the fascinations of the gaming table, lost his money, and then, other means being resorted to, supply his pocket by means which led to his destruction. He implored the Court to have some regard to the affections of his aged parents and connexions, and allow him to go to sea, or to enter the United States service, but they decided that their duty to the community was imperative, in awarding to him the same degree of punishment that was meted out to others, and therefore adjudged him to be imprisoned in the state prison at Sing Sing at hard labor, for the term of five years.

Another exact was put on the bar, and addressed by His Honor the Recorder, nearly as follows:—

"You have been indicted and convicted of Forgery in the second degree; in forging the endorsement of Augustus McNeill to a draft of 500 dollars, drawn by the United States Branch Bank in New Orleans, on the mother Bank in Philadelphia. It appears that Mr. McNeill was one of the passengers with yourself in a vessel from New Orleans hither, and that you availed yourself of some opportunity, during the passage, to steal the draft from his possession. There is great reason to believe that you also committed other depredations upon the other passengers. You carried that draft, upon your arrival, to the United States Branch Bank, addressed Mr. Robinson, and said English, and he, supposing you to be Mr. McNeill, gave you the money, on your obtaining the name of the person to whom it was payable. Subsequent information led to a knowledge of the fact that you were not Mr. McNeill, and that you had committed a forgery. You were traced to the Broad-Street house, where Mr. Robinson pointed you out, among others, to Mr. Heman, the officer. You affected not to speak English when addressed, and so confounded was Mr. Robinson, by that circumstance that he told Heman you could not be the man. The forgery was fully and clearly proved—persons who have been acquainted with you for years, pronounced the endorsement to be in your hand writing. It was also proved that you can speak English. Under all the circumstances, connected with the fact that your character of late has become bad, you are a guilty and dangerous man. You are of foreign birth and young; and as the jury recommended you to mercy, the Court have determined to inflict as light a punishment as is consistent with their duty, and they therefore adjudge you to be imprisoned in the State Prison, at Sing Sing, for the term of five years."

Alexander B. Weaver, was put to the bar, when Gen. Van Rensselaer, of the Court, rose and observed to the Court, that it was the conviction of the Counsel that the prisoner was innocent of the crime alleged against him. That in their opinion, the verdict of the jury was irreconcilable with law and justice, and that they had, during the morning, discovered such additional evidence to sustain the testimony of their principal witness, that it would be placed beyond suspicion. Under that view of the case, he felt it to be his duty to request suspension of his sentence, until the next term of the Court. Mr. Spencer, of Utica, another of his counsel, commented upon some parts of the evidence, and urged other grounds taken in support of the motion, expressing his mortification and astonishment at the verdict of the Jury. Mr. Pettigrew, for the people, did not oppose the request and the Court directed the prisoner to be remanded until next term.

COMMERCIAL.

From Hilliard's Price Current of Saturday Dec. 4.

The weather continues warm and pleasant, and the Mississippi at low water mark.

COTTON.—Arrived since the 26th ult. in Louisiana and Mississippi 2081 bales, from the other side of Lake Pontchartrain 680; together 2761 bales. Cleared in the same time, for Liverpool 3211, N. York 1925 Boston 897; together 6033 —making in addition to stock of 2853, and leaving on hand exclusive of that on shipboard not cleared, a stock of 24,471 bales. In our last number we remarked that a further reduction in the price of cotton was confidently expected; such has been the case, and the main quote at about ½ cent less than the prices of last week. The consequence has been, that buyers have opened the market with spirit, and the transactions of the week exceed those of any other this season, amounting to no less than 6,000 bales, perhaps more. According to the Liverpool circulars, corrected from last sales, we quote:

Ordinary, ... 8½ a 8¾ cents.
Middling, ... 9¼ a 9½ cents.
Fair, ... 10 cents.
Good Fair, ... 10¼ a 10½
Good fine, ... 10¾ a 11

TOBACCO.—No sales have been made since our last, but we expect the sale of 282 hhds. previously to the last sale, but not than knowing to ourselves a section of 50 firsts, 42 seconds and 100 inferior at 4, 3½ and 2½ cents. The market continues without change, and at the above quotations. We make no alterations in quotations, as selections always bring an advance on the average of general sales.

SUGAR, *on Plantation.*—The amount going on board for exportation increases rapidly—we have been informed that a portion of it is planters' account rather than sell here for 5½ cents; also, that a considerable quantity had been sold at 5¼ on plantation, and 5½ cents in town. We continue, notwithstanding, to quote at 5¼ a 5½ on plantation, at which rates the major part of business is doing. Cleared this week, 1966 hhds. 13 bbls.

In MOLASSES there is yet very little doing, and with the exception of another small quantity sold below the city, at 16 cents, we have nothing new to communicate. Cleared this week 56 hhds. 102 bbls.

FLOUR.—A few barrels have been sold by the bakers at $6, in the beginning of the week but, in consequence of the total absence of export demand, it gained declined to $5 25 a $5 50, which is now asked, and remains dull—but as very little has arrived this week, holders appear firm at the c prices. It may be well again to remark, that no distinction, as to the prospects of this article, can be based on. We quote for the day only.

LARD continues heavy and dull, without change in price or demand. No arrival this week.

BACON.—There has been no arrival this week, and the article is scarce.

RICE has been sold from first hands at 3½ cents. It is again becoming scarce.

BEEF.—A considerable quantity has come into market this week. The article is brisker on account of being fresh, otherwise no change.

WHISKEY.—Small sales continue at former quotation, 35 cents. No arrival this week.

BALE ROPE is very scarce, and the necessity for a further supply is daily more important.

BAGGING.—No change in price—the demand fair without being brisk.

LUMBER, *Northern.*—We notice further sales of White Pine Boards, clear $25, common or knotty 10 a 15, per 1000 feet.

LEAD *in pigs.*—We have been informed of two sales this week, from first hands, viz. 100 pigs at 3½, and 2800 do. at the same. There has arrived this week 2591 pigs. Sales of *Bar* have been made at 3½ cents.

DUCK, *Russia.*—A few bales have been made this week at 32 25, and of Ball Cloth No. 6 at 18: No. 2, 16 50, the price.

DOMESTIC COTTONS.—There is said to be a fair supply on hand. We also quote as for Shirtings, Sheeting and Drills, only in other description in the market have undergone no change.

LIME.—Additional arrivals of 2400 casks have come into market since our last report. Sales have been made on the Levee viz: 500 at $1 25 cash; 400 at $1 25 on time; 600 at $1 25 a 31 37½, and the remainder casual. The market has a fair supply, but purchasers are readily found out at $1 25 per cask.

HAY.—There is not so much afloat or on shipboard as there was last week, and that of good quality is put worth 75 cents per 100 lbs., at which we continue to quote it. It is hardly possible that so many vessels from the north, laden as they are with hay, will not arrive at the same time, to which the depression in price may be attributed, and though the market is now well supplied yet further supplies arriving in at intervals will not be brought most with better prices for the remainder of the season.

FISH, *Mackerel.*—Sales of No. 3 have been made on the Levee at $3 25, in store at $3 50—is plenty and dull. No. 1 and 2 are scarce at quotations; No. 1 $6 50 a $7; No. 2 $5 50 a $6. The first quotation is from sales on the Levee, the second or last from store.

BOTTLES, *Black.*—American manufacture, are scarce—To quote last sales at $9.50 per gross.

CANDLES, *Sperm.*—The demand is not as good this week as it was. Sales have all year a considerable, but they have been dull at 30 cts for best quality.

NAILS, *Cut, all sizes*, continue to arrive freely and remain dull at 5½ cents though have sold for less.

WINES, *Malaga, Sweet and Dry.*—Considerable sales have been made at quotation, viz: Sweet, 58 cents, in demand; dry, 50 fair.

COFFEE.—Havana Green is scarce and in advance no sale quotations to be had. We have not yet heard of sales; the rise is no doubt but what the prices will be well maintained until Jan 1st 1831, when the duties are to be reduced.

PORK.—Mess and prime are very scarce, there is quasin first hands. Cargo is selling at from $3 50 a 9 per bbl.

IRON, *Sweden*, assorted.—Dealers now sell from store $100 a 105. There is no extraordinary demand and the supply is fair.

EXCHANGE.—There has been no important change in foreign transactions. On London, 5 a 6 per cent. On Paris, 6f 30 is the commonrate, and very small bills 5f. 25. On New-York, 1¼, and the other northern cities, 1¼ a 2 per cent discount.

STOCKS remain without change.

FREIGHTS.—To Liverpool, for cotton, ½d. is now given; we have not heard of any vessel having been taken up at less—some ask more; in other freight there is no alteration.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Barque Wyanting, Coulon, Bordeaux,
J W Zacharie & co

Ship Chester, Shaver, Philadelphia, T Toby.

Schr Cerro, Auld, Tampico,
Harrison, Brown & co.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Atlas, Hart, having towed to sea the packet ship De Witt Clinton; and schr Superior S W Pass. Brought up schrs Bibliotheca Juanita, S W Pass ship Gen Putnam; to sail bound out, ships Hermes and Charles; left Balize at Mr. Saunday, nothing further in sight passed at Poverty Point a ship name unknown. Tow-boat Livingston, from the Passes, Tuesday brig United States, and brought up ship Kentucky. Nothing in sight at the passes on the 3d, when the L. left.

Ship Pagoda, Darling from Havre, Cargo assorted, mdze to S Cabell; Kohn & Borgies, Steinmetz; V Lefebvre & co; P P Duchatiz, Pinquet & Lacroix; A Michel; J Garnier; V V, gumdi; L Millaudon & co; V Dupas; Sarazin & J B Perrault; G Ducenil; Gisquet; P Borgna, B Lacoste; C Darling.—50 passengers.

Ship Superior, Fanjing, Havre; cargo to V Vignaud; F Borgna & Cavallier.—44 pass.

Packet ship Kentucky, Rathbone, from New-York—to G Wilbur—cargo to R Marsh; Ricaud & Sturcud; W Smith; Rousseau & Terry; Jer. R Davidson; J & L Brewster; P Carney; Buckhart & Argot; S Henderson; Salter & Goodman; W W Caldwell; G Wilbur; J Hagan & co; Isaac & Austin; Dallidet & Lavillebeuve; Harlow & Mullen; J L Pruvost; G Pollock; Smith, Hubbard & co; A Oliver; V David; Walker, Lambeth & Piper York, Macalester & co; Palmer & Cruikshanyd; Hall & Gadyke; N & J Dickason & W M Beal; Tupper & Grew; A Fisk & co; Le Watson; G Brooks; N M Hicker; P Smith & co; A Garrison; J Williamson; J Nelson; Hill & Henderson; P Romain; J W Zacharie & co; T S Kennedy; J H Field & co; T Abney; Halsted & co; J Welch & co; P & J Pujo; Plummer & Gelin; J G. Klein; J Gilles; Groening, Wright & co; S Lacoste; F Smith; L Millaudon & co; C Richau; M Whitney; Norman & co; A M Pa ta; Lallande & co; J Pujo; Sloan & Glumpy; J Rathbon; H F Windle; J L Carpentier; Morgan & Brother; J H Caldwell & co; Hyde & Goodrich; T J Chamberlain & co; J Magner; Kohn & Borcher; J Tuyo; Mahony Reynolds Byrne & co; J Dewe; T Pennington; Lee & co; W Rich; Rentz & Wenz; Hancock & Gardiner; W & J E Liverich; Justus & Maginnis; R G L De Fontaine; Peters & Millard; J Lallande; Harrison, Brown & co; F Daugherty; J G Acosta; V Tuyo; T Sloan; J Haynes & co; M Mellonghlin; Whiting, Slack & co; A Whistler & co; J & G Garrimon; J Wilcox; P S Newton & co; S W Okey & co; Jones, Felden & co; F Gilbert & co; Harland & Blair; E Rose; Evans & co; Perault & Pasquiff; E C Buchnell & co; Yorke, Macalester & co; Calder, Brock & co; M Newell & co; Colles & Hayes; Kennedy & Duchamp; G Borell; J Robertson; J Linton; & co; Peters & co; Bowne, Bonner & Baker; J & B Mullen; J Ingalsbee; Robinson & Chesney; W A Gaskell & co; Harlow & Mullen; G W Clark; M Cannon, J Sendy; *Passengers*, Miss S A Leach, Mrs Hamilton and child, Miss Ann Hamilton, Mrs Hamilton and child, Miss Ann Hamilton, lady and two children and servt. H Henderson, W T Osborne, F Gilbert, E Jones, H Harland, H Haynes, W A Dawson, H Hunt, H Robinson jr. J J Chewning, R Ross, & Brink, —9 in the steerage.

Brig George, Patten, from Liverpool, cargo to Isaac, Salt & Plagemann to Harrison, Brown & co; Kohn & Border; and the master,—2 passengers in the steerage.

Schr Billow, Beal, from Magnolia, cargo.

Schr Juanita, from Seas in Marina: in b last

Steamer Beaver, Kimball, from Red River cargo, 543 bales cotton to Cooper, Carruthers & co 54 M White; 32 N and J Dick and co, 31 B F West; 14 Wallace, Lambeth and Pope; 78 A Fisk and co; 130 J Linton; 525 pigsiead J and R Walsh; 500 flour M F Maher; 84 kgs tobacco York, Macalester and co; 34 bls bone 39 sacks corn T Shoo, jr; passengers, Miss Cammack, captains Bodfish, Potts, and Finn, Messrs Potts Hutchinson and lady, Dawson, Oldeu, Stewart, Lawson, Hill, Cammack, Coons, Agnew, Dibble, Blocker, Lowry, Carchinga, Tompkins, Pen, Jones, Motherpaw.

Steamer Shepherdess, Turpin, New-Mexico, with 442 bales cotton to A Fisk & co. 110 to M White, 22 to Bagley & Merritt, 40 to W Dalton, 118 to John Linton—24 passengers.

In the River.

Brig George, [illegible] from Boston, with ice to Tonge.

[illegible] GORANDO.

Brig Tigris, Bartlett, cleared at N York for this port 16th inst.

Ship Hermitage, Packer, sailed from Liverpool for this port 14th Oct.

Brig Lucy cleared at Boston for this port 18th inst.

Ship Georges, Fales, hence at Thomaston 7th ult.

Ship Gen. Putnam, M'Kown, cleared at New York, Nov. 16th.

BALL-ROOM,

At the corner of Bourbon & Orleans streets.

ON WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1830,
A GRAND FULL DRESS BALL.
ADMITTANCE—Gentlemen [illegible] $1.

No ladies will be admitted without a personal ticket. Gentlemen will find a particular room where they can deposit their hats, canes, coats, &c. [illegible] attendant.

WET NURSE.

TO let a young negro woman, with a good [illegible] Apply at [illegible] Dec. 6.

A PERSON with [illegible] should be disposed to employ the evenings in keeping books. Apply at this office. December 6.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN AWAY about three weeks ago from the boat The Brothers, then lying in the city, a negro man named JAMES, about 18 years old, 5 feet 2 inches high, with full and open countenance. The said negro belongs to the plantation of Mr. John J. Conrad, on the Lafourche D main and was purchased from Mr. Charles Gayarre. He is well known in the city, and may be recognized by a ham received latterly on the back part of the head, whilst beating tar, and which may have left a scar behind. The above reward will be paid to any one who will lodge him in jail or application to THEODORE NIOLET & Co.

Masters of vessels and steamboats are forbidden harboring said slave under penalty of the law. dec 6

ALMACEN DE COMESTIBLES.

HABIENDO comprado, el que suscribe, el contenido del almacen de Comestibles de Madama Turpin, situado en la Plaza de Armas, por el lado de la calle Sn. Pedro, informa á sus amigos y á las personas que compraban en casa de la mencionada señora, que continua el mismo tratim, considerablemente reducido de dicha tienda, en lo que pueda satisfacerse: y las venderá á un precio moderado. Los señores que habitan el campo hallarán en [illegible] que puede comprarse, y se [illegible] cuidado la que guste [illegible] dec 4 A. BERMUDEZ.

CANDLES.

CANTILERO Y DESTILADOR.

Calle de Conde No. 81, entre las de Dumaine y Ste. Anne.

TIene el honor de anunciar á todos los habitantes de la Nueva-Orleans, que en su almacen se hallará constantemente un surtido completo de velas, jabones, cunfites de todas clases, flores y frutas confitadas, frutas cristalizadas y en aguardiente &c. Dulces y geleas, chocolate, pasta de malvas, pastillas pectorales de goma, cataplasmas de yuyuba, goma preparada &c. &c. Se hallan diariamente en la propia casa pasteles frescos de todas clases, frutas, negrillos blancos y colorados. También se hace cargo de los pesares y refrescos para casas particulares en la ciudad. Hace para el campo y fuera estranjeros las remesas que se le pida. Adunque: promete á los de mi colegas que emulan buenos confites á Francia, que les venderá en mismo renglones, al mismo precio y condiciones de Francia. 4 de diciembre.

SOAP.—50 boxes American ship [illegible] Soap, Hazzard's brand, landing from ship Windsor, for sale by
nov 26 STETSON & AVERY.

RUSSIA SHEETING.—6 bales brand Russia sheeting, entitled to debenture, just received and for sale by
nov 20 STETSON & AVERY.

Additional [illegible] Franklin from Philadelphia and for sale by the Subscribers.
THOMSON & GRANT.

500 Reams low-priced Cap & Post Paper put up in assorted packages expressly for country dealers.
nov 29 THOMSON & GRANT.

CHEESE, APPLES, CRANBERRIES, &c.

400 [illegible] of excellent quality,
50 bbls Russet apples,
50 do. cranberries,
40 do. onions,
21 do potatoes, and
18 [illegible] pickled pork. For sale on board brig William, or by
STETSON & AVERY.
nov. 8 67, Royal street.

CHAIRS.—500 cane chairs, consisting of *Fancy and Common*, landing from ship Grecian. Also, a few Rocking chairs. For sale by
Nov. 3 STETSON & AVERY.

FINE LEECHES.

A FRESH supply of fine leeches, just received from Bordeaux, and for sale at the apothecary store of the subscriber.
F. P. DUCONGÉ,
nov. 17 corner of Chartres and Conti streets

500 barriles de MANTECA, qualidad superior, de venta por
YORKE, MACALESTER & Co.
18 de noviembre— calle de Camp.

500 canillets de Granville, quarte superieure, à vendre par
YORKE, MACALESTER & Co.
18 novembre—3 rue du Camp.

WANTED.

A vessel of 250 to 300 tons burthen for Europe, apply to
STETSON & AVERY.
dec 4 27 Camp street.

FOR BORDEAUX. *(Passage only.)*

The superior fast sailing barque WYOMING, Coulon master, having all her cargo on board, will positively sail on Sunday next. For passage only apply to the captain on board opposite Post No. 76, or to
dec 3 J. W. ZACHARIE & co.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER,

The fine fast sailing brig BALTIC, Bradford, master, burthen about 200 tons ready to receive cargo, and will proceed up or down the coast for sugar; apply to the captain on board, opposite Toulouse street, or to
nov 29 STETSON & AVERY.

FOR THE BRASSOS ST. JAGO.

(To sail on Tuesday next.)

The elegant fast sailing schooner NANCY, Minor master, having the greater part of her cargo engaged, will positively sail on the aforesaid day. For balance of freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to the captain on board opposite the Blue Stores, or to
nov. 27 J. W. ZACHARIE & Co.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER,

The schr. DART, Adams master, is ready to receive cargo, and is in every respect a good vessel. The Atchafalaya and Appalachicola trade would be preferred. Stows below deck 500 barrels or the bulk the roof: sails well and is of easy draft of water. For further particulars apply to the captain on board.
nov. 26 THOMSON & GRANT.

FOR BALTIMORE.—Passage only. The fine fast sailing A. I. Packet AJAX, Robert Benthall, master, will sail from up the river, loading, about the 28th, and sail the 30th, having superior accommodations, apply on board, or to
nov. 25. J. W. ZACHARIE & Co.

FOR THE BRASSOS ST. JAGO.

The fine fast sailing schr SWAN, [illegible] master, is now ready to receive cargo, and will meet with despatch; for freight of which, or passage, having good accommodations, apply to the captain on board opposite the Blue Stores or to
dec. 25. J. W. ZACHARIE & Co.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER,

The fine new brig [illegible] stands A 1. Is coppered and copper fastened. Apply to
THEODORE NIOLET & co.

MORALITY OF NEW-ORLEANS.—The price of fresh Flour [illegible] this day $5 50 per barrel, according to the [illegible] the Bakers [illegible] during the ensuing week (which commences on Monday) 44 ounces of bread for a bit.
dec 4 P. PRUDHOMME, Mayor.

STETSON & AVERY.

HAVE removed from [illegible] to No. 27 Camp Street. dec 4

H. S. ISRAEL & CO.

Ship & produce brokers

No. 30, Toulouse street between Royal & Chartres. dec 2.

SPERM OIL.—10 casks pure Sperm Oil, for sale by
dec. 2 STETSON & AVERY.

GUILLAUME has the honor to inform the public that he has just opened his Boarding in Orleans street, between the Theatre Coffee House and that at the corner of Orleans and Bourbon streets. He hopes to deserve the public patronage by his attention and the goodness of his mess. He will undertake, as heretofore, to give breakfasts, dinners or suppers for weddings or to militaries. Elegant rooms for ladies or private parties will be found in the upper part of this establishment.

The entrance of the saloons has no communication with the boarding-rooms.

At his MARINE HOTEL, on the Levee, there is also a large saloon where a table of 300 covers can be accommodated. In that house an keeps the Public Baths, which are open during the [illegible]
dec 1

ORLEANS ROOM.

A SUBSCRIPTION LIST is opened for Society BALLS, to be given in said room. Persons wishing to subscribe are invited to call at Mr. J. Davis', where a list is deposited, or at Mr. E. Bertus'.
nov 29

AVISO
A LOS VECINOS DE LA CIUDAD DE NUEVA-ORLEANS.

POR un acta de la última sesion del Congreso General de los Estados-Unidos, que entrará in fermencia del 5 de estos Estados, está mandado llevar an ejecucion á dicho efecto en el intervalo desde el 1 de junio hasta el 1 de diciembre de 1830, y designadamente, un siendo esta e tercer del año la mas apropria para lograr la prolija enumeracion de las personas que habitan esta ciudad, por dollars numero, á esta época, un grande número de su poblacion: es muy averiguado que la mayor parte de los que han vuelto á ella, de procedencia [illegible] no existen en el padron general y siendo una indispensable cosa importante á nuestros intereses su existencia, para afianzar cada vez mas nuestra respectiva representacion en el Congreso-General de esta gran Nacion creen que toda persona, debe sentirse suficientemente interesada en este asunto, aun cuando no sea que para dispensar todos los auxilios y facilidades que estan en su poder, al *Marshal* que está encargado esta averiguacion y con el fin de lograr, que todos los que se hallaban ausentes, como tambien aquellos que hayan sido [illegible] por la desidia del asistente tomé cada para formar el dicho censo, que han cometido cualquier error en que se haya incurrido: se les hace saber, que los padrones de esta ciudad, permanecerán expuestos y sus puestos al público desde el 6 de diciembre próximo, á cuya fecha quedarán cerrados: asi mismo se les suplica respectivamente, tengan la bondad de dar noticia en la oficina del *Marshal* de los Estados-Unidos, situada en la Aduana, una nota que exprese el nombre, calle y número de la habitacion de cada uno, antes de poder ocurrir á ellos en tiempo oportuno, para incluirlos en el espresado censo.

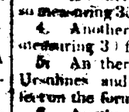
JOHN NICHOLSON,
Marshal de los Estados-Unidos.
29 de Noviembre—12

PARISH COURT Held for the parish and city of New Orleans, Friday the 2d of December, 1830—Present the hon. James Pitot.—*In the matter of Eugene François Guesnon vs. his creditors.* On motion of D. Seghers and H. R. Denis, esqrs. of counsel for the syndics of the said insolvent's creditors: and upon filing the tableau of distribution of the monies belonging to the said insolvent's estate: it is ordered that the said creditors shew cause on Saturday the 11th of December, inst. why the above tableau should not be homologated, the monies distributed according thereto, and the syndics discharged from their trust in the premises. Extract from the minutes.
Dec. 4 S. BLOSSMAN, dep. Clerk.

SALES AT AUCTION.

BY F. DUTILLET.

ON Tuesday 14th of December, will be sold at 12 o'clock, at Hewlett's Coffee-House, the following *Properties* hereafter described, belonging to the estate of the late Sophie Esteves, wife of L. Lalil, to wit:



1st. A Lot of Ground situated at the corner of Burgundy and Ursulines streets, measuring (more or less) 37 feet and a half front on Ursulines street, by 88 feet 4 inches front on the other street; together with the buildings thereon.

2d. Constance, a negro wench of 56 years.

3d. Françoise, a negro wench of 36 years.

4th. Mirza, of 30 years.

5th. Adèle, of 25 years, with her child Jean, of 3 years.

6th. Julie, a blind and infirm wench, of 30 years; the all are good subjects and house keepers.

TERMS—The lot of ground and houses & the slaves Françoise, Adèle with her child, and Julie, at 6, 12 and 18 months credit, in notes satisfactorily endorsed, by shares, with mortgage: and the slaves Constance and Mirza payable cash.

The deeds of sale will be passed before Octave de Armas Esq. notary public, at the expense of the purchasers. nov. 30

BY T. MOSSY.

ON Saturday, December 11th, at 12 o'clock, will be sold at the Exchange coffee-house,

1. A Lot No. 1, in suburb Tréme, measuring 25 feet front of Ursulines street, on 96 and 8 inches in depth on one line, and 99 feet and 6 inches on the other, and 60 feet 6 inches on the back line.

2. Another Lot No. 2, adjoining the preceding one, measuring 30 feet on Ursulines street and 100 feet in depth.

3. Another Lot No. 3, adjoining No. 2, also measuring 30 feet front and 100 feet in depth.

4. Another Lot No. 4, adjoining No. 3, also measuring 31 feet front and 100 feet in depth.

5. Another Lot No. 5, forming the corner of Ursulines and Robertson streets, measuring 30 feet on the former and 100 feet on the latter.

6. Another Lot No. 6, adjoining No. 5, measuring 34 feet 10½ inches in front of Robertson street, and 120 feet in depth.

7. Another Lot No. 7, adjoining No. 6, measuring 34 feet 10½ inches in front of Robertson street and 120 in depth.

8. Another Lot being part of Lot No. 15, between Theme and des Marais street, measuring 33 feet 3½ inches front of Ursulins street, bounded on one side by the property of Isabelle Goucher, on which side the Lot measures 172 feet 7 inches, and on the other side by the property of Remi Olivet, on which side it measures 164 ft. From thence the Lot opens 53 feet 3 inches always following the property of Remi Olivet, so as to give an outlet of about 15 feet on Marais street, and further to give the Lot 120 feet in depth.

9. Another Lot No. 57 situate in the Nun's suburb, measuring 60 feet 6 inches front to St. Andrews road, and 117 feet 9½ inches on one side, 118 feet on the other, and 60 feet on the back line. All the above are French measure. Plans will be exhibited at the sale.

Terms:—1, 2 and 3 years credit in approved and sound paper with special mortgage until final payment. nov 30.

MARSHAL'S SALES.

MARSHAL'S SALE.

J. Nunez vs. Jean Blanco.

BY virtue of an order of sale to me directed by the hon. B. Beauregard, associate judge of the City Court, I shall expose for sale on Saturday the 11th December, at 4 o'clock, at the Basin Carondelet,

A SLOOP seized in the above suit.
L. DAUNOY,
December 3 marshal

Pignatel vs. Benoit Sabatier.

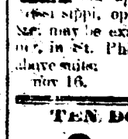
BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias directed to me by the hon. G. Préval of the city court, I shall expose to sale on Wednesday the 8th of December next, at the Levee, opposite to Toulouse street, one Pirogue; also, a quantity of Groceries contained therein—seized in the above suit.
L. DAUNOY,
nov. 29 marshal

Perche Dupuis vs. Thomas Johnston.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias, to me directed, by the hon. of the city court, I shall expose for sale on Thursday the 3d of December next, at 12 o'clock at noon, at Hewlett's Coffee-House, corner of St. Louis and Chartres streets, a Negro slave named William; seized in the above suit.
nov. 24 L. DAUNOY, marshal

Joseph Hearle, vs. capt. Blany, schr. Escambia & others.—Reed vs. the same.—P. Fernandez vs. the same.

BY virtue of three writs of fieri facias directed to me by the hon. G. Préval, associate judge of the city court, I shall expose to sale on Thursday the 16th day of December next, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Coffee House,



The schooner ESCAMBIA, tackle and apparel, now lying in the river above Esplanade, opposite to Conti street, the sails of which may be examined at the loft of Mr. Spearman, in St. Philip street—Seized to satisfy the above suits:
nov 16. L. DAUNOY, marshal

TEN DOLLARS REWARD

WILL be given to whoever will bring to the subscriber or lodge in one of the jails of this State, the mulatto woman named FINE, aged of 18 years, being absent since 20 days, she is marked of small-pox and has been employed to sell cakes; she is of a common size and speaks French & English. Had on, when she absconded, a white gown with blue squares. It is said that she hides herself in the suburb Marigny.

Masters of vessels and all others are forbidden harboring said slave under the penalties of the law.
dec 2 Madam LACOUTURE.

CHARLES JEANTY,
CONFECTIONER & DISTILLER.
No. 30, Condé street, between Dumaine and Royal streets.

HAS the honor to inform the inhabitants of New-Orleans, that there will always be found at his store, a complete assortment of orgeats and Syrup, Sugar-Plums, Cakes of kinds, Flowers and Fruits preserved in sugar, Sweetmeats, Fruits preserved in brandy, Chocolate, Pasta of Mallows, Pectoral Pastilles &c. &c. there will also be found every day, at his store, fresh Pastry of all kinds, Cakes, Ice and real Nougat. He will supply deserts to town, and will execute promptly all orders from the country in his line. He also informs them in the same trade with him that he will sell to them the Calisses he receives from France at the first cost.
dec. 1

ACTUAL on Boston, for sale by
nov. 18 STETSON & AVERY