LATEST D[ATES]			
New York	aug 11	[illegible]	
Boston	aug 10	[illegible]	
Philadelphia	aug 12	[illegible]	
Baltimore	aug 12	[illegible]	
Charleston	aug 12	Bordeaux	
Washington	aug 12	Madrid	june 21
Mexico	july 14	Cadiz	june 10
Tampico	july 23	Havana	aug 3
Vera Cruz	aug 2	Houston	july 26

BA[NK NOTES]	
[illegible]	12a13½ per ct prem
[illegible]	6a8.50
[illegible]	17.5 a
[illegible]	15 per ct prem
[illegible]	5,60 a 6,75
[illegible]	7 per ct. prem.
Mobile	3 dis
Mississippi	15 a 16

COMMERCIAL.

REMARKS.

We were under the impression that business had come to its worst, but we believe there has been less doing in every branch, the past week than any other during the season, and we see no prospect of any improvement for some time to come. The low stage of water in the upper rivers has caused almost an entire suspension of intercourse with the western states, and unless there should be a rise of water, some articles must advance over the present high prices, particularly flour, which now is at a higher price than in any other market in the United States, and should present prices be kept up, (of which there is every appearance at present) a few cargoes from Virginia and Baltimore would no doubt pay a handsome profit over their last quotations.

Specie continues at high rates, but is in little demand; there was $41,000 cleared yesterday for Liverpool, but there has been receipts from the interior, nearly or quite to counterbalance it. A number of the banks pay specie for their bills when presented, but as they have none out of any importance, they find no difficulty in redeeming them, our circulating medium is composed of the bills of about half the banks in the city, together with the bills of the three municipalities, but we are in hopes soon to see enough silver in circulation for the ordinary expenditures of families and for individual expenses, without the aid of the various Municipalities.

Yesterday we had accounts from Liverpool, and Havre, to the 1st July, from which we find that the demand for cotton, at Liverpool, throughout the previous week had been general and steady, but for one or two days previous to the latest date, prices of Middling and the lower qualities had not been sustained, but the decline does not appear to have been over 1/8 to 1/4d below previous rates here tofore quoted; the decline appears to have been caused by the large quantities offered, and we should judge from accounts received, that no material change will soon take place, as regards prices, although the stock appears to be 17,50 0 bales, more than at the same time last year, 73,0 0 of which was American cotton. The accounts from Havre are, that there had been a good demand during the week previous, and an improvement over the last prices [we have received] of from four to five centimes on the middling qualities, likewise an improvement on the fine. The stock on 30th June appears to have been 80,000 bales (of which 74,000 was American) against 51,000 to the same period last season. The imports into Havre appear to be but 705 bales above what they were at the same period last season, and no vessel at present loading for that port at this place.

The weather for the last two or three days has been excessively warm, but the forepart of the week was cool accompanied with thunder showers.

There begins to be a general report of some cases of yellow fever, we believe this to be the case & would suggest to strangers not to be too venturesome, and to citizens not acclimated to remain out of the city for a time.

Cotton—The transactions of the week have been very limited, amounting to only about 500 bales, the only particulars we have been able to ascertain was 101 bales Mississippi a 10½ cts, 129 a 10; 57 a 8½; 26 Louisiana a 10; 22 a 10 4½; 43 Florida a 9½. The total exports of last season was 495,206 bales, this season to the present time 583,723 making an excess over the whole of last season 98,575 bales. We have made use of every exertion in order to come at the actual state of the stock on hand, and find it to amount to 16,785 bales and in shipboard not cleared 2,221 making together 19,006 bales. There does not appear to be any persons in the market for large quantities at present, and the article does not appear to be particularly sought after at present.

Tobacco—There is so little in first hands, that it is scarcely worth noticing, there is none of consequence offered for sale, therefore the transactions must correspond.

The exports are	31,357
To the same period last season	37,731
	6,374
To foreign ports	21,508
To the same period last season	21,063
Excess	445
Coastwise	9,849
To the same period last season	16,668
Short of the last season	6,819

It will therefore appear that there has been an excess to foreign ports of 445 hhds and deficiency, coastwise of 6819, making the aggregate deficiency 6374 hhds.

There is no demand for Cuba Tobacco, and prices quoted are nominal.

Sugar—There are no sales to any amount, while doing in the article is principally for city consumption, we hear of one sale on plantation of 500 hhds at 4 1/2 cents.

Molasses.—There is no demand, and sales limited at our quotations.

Flour.—There has been an advance in the price of this article, we now quote $12 50 a 13 per bbl, and some are asking $14 which they will probably obtain unless there should be a rise in the rivers. The fore part of the week about 120 bbls of Flour from new wheat was received, and said to be very good, it was sold at $124.

Coffee.—A large quantity having arrived within the last two weeks has caused a reduction in the price, and now quote 10 a 11 1/2 cts. per lb., and in addition to the large receipts, it like most other articles meets with no demand.

Freights: Although there are but three or four ships in port disengaged, freights are very dull; we now quote to Liverpool ⅝d. There is no vessel either loading or taken up for Havre, as there is not sufficient offering to fill one;

Sugar, is shipping coastwise, which causes a fair demand for small vessels.

The occasional arrival of vessels, together with the reduced stock of cotton and tobacco, will no doubt have a tendency to prevent any advance in rates for some time to come.

EXPORTS.
Of Cotton and Tobacco.

[illegible]

NEW ORLEANS PRICES CURRENT

		$ C	$ C
Cotton.—Good Fine	per lb	0 13	0 14
Good Fair	do	0 12	0 12½
Fair	do	0 11	0 11½
Middling	do	0 8	0 9
Ordinary	do	0 6½	0 7
Tobacco.—First quality	do	0 5½	0 6½
Second	do	0 3	0 4½
Crosse-bc.	do	0 1½	0 2½
Cuba	do	0 22	0 28
Sugar.—New Orleans	do	0 4½	0 5½
Cuba—white	do	0 12	0 12½
brown	do	0 8	0 8½
Molasses	per gal	0 25	0 26
Bagging.—Western	per yd	0 22	0 25
Dundee	do	0 20	0 23
Bale Rope	per lb		0 11½
Coal Western	per bbl	50	0 00
Liverpool	do	0 00	0 00
Scotch	do		
Candles.—Sperm, N Bedford	per lb	0 40	0 00
Nantucket	lb	0 38	0 00
Tallow	lb	0 15	0 00
Coffee.—Cuba	per do	0 10½	0 11½
Rio	do	0 00	0 12½
St Domingo	do	0 00	0 00
Flour	per bbl	12 50	13 00
Fruit.—Raisins	per box	1 50	3 50
"	half box		
"	qr box		
Almonds, soft shell	per lb	0 10	0 13
hard do	do	0 7	
Fish.—Cod	per box	0 00	0 00
Herring, per box		00	00
(D Salt	per bbl	0 00	0 00
(Pickled	do	0 00	0 00
Mackerel, No 1	per bbl	11 50	12 00
No 2	do	9 75	10 00
No 3	do	10 00	10 50
Grain—Corn in ear	per bbl	1 25	1 38
" shelled	per bush	0 75	0 88
Oats—per bush			0 88
Beans	do	3 00	3 25
Hay	per 100 lb	1 75	1 88
Hides La & Miss	per lb	0 9	0 10
Mexican	do	0 11	0 11½
Lead—Pig	per 100 lb	0 4	0 4½
Bar	per do		
Lime—Western	per bbl		8
Thomaston	bbl	2 50	
Provisions:			
Beef—Mess	per bbl	15 00	15 50
Prime	do	10 00	11 00
Pork—Clear	do	21 00	22 00
Mess	do	20 00	20 50
Prime	do	17 00	17 50
Hog round	do		
Bacon—Hams	per lb	0 9	0 9½
Canvassed	do	0 10	0 11
Sides	do	0 9½	0 10
Shoulders	do	0 6	0 6½
Hog round	do	0 0	0 0
Lard	do	0 9	0 10½
Butter—North	do	0 28	0 31
Western	do	0 18	0 25
Rice—Carolina	per 100 lb	4 50	0 00
Shot—assorted	per bag	2 12	
Soap N	per lb	0 8	0 8½
Salt—Liverpool blown	per sack	3 00	3 25
ground	do	2 50	2 75
Turks Island	per bush	0 0	
Spirits:			
Brandy French, 4th pr	per gal	1 25	1 62½
American, 1st proof		60	0 62½
Rum New Orleans, 1st proof		45	
Jamaica		2	2 25
Northern			0 45
Gin—Holland		1	1 25
American		65	70
Whiskey—Common		39	40
Rectified		44	45

FREIGHTS.

To Liverpool, cotton per lb	⅝d
London, Tobacco per hhds	30s
Havre, Cotton per lb	1¼c
Northern pts in U S. cotton, per bale	2.4c
Sugar—per hhds from the coast	5¼
from the city	5¼
Tobacco per hhd	6⅞

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.

The Sully from Havre, and the Europe from Liverpool fills up a short vacuum in European dates. The cotton market was advancing, and there seemed to be a dawning of a better state of things.

The Toronto, which sailed for London yesterday, carried out in specie $365,000. The ship Tennessee, which arrived to day from Liverpool, brought 600 sovereigns for the purpose of being invested. The Gazette remarking the amount of specie remitted by the packet, says it must be borne in mind, that a considerable amount has been shipped for the purchase of goods for the fall trade. The Gazette says, that much more will follow in the succeeding packets for the same purpose, and that in the present dubious and unsettled state of affairs our importers are reluctant to purchase exchange, even when based on that, which in ordinary times would appear to be undoubted security.

Wall street —One o'clock —The sales at the board to day were moderately large, and at prices not materially varying from those of yesterday.

Specie—225 doubloons were sold this morning at the board for $17,25 each. We notice half dollars at 8½ a 9 premium; quarter do 7 a — do; American gold 8½ a 8½ do; Mexican dollars 10 a 10 1-2 do; Spanish do. — a 11½ do; five franc pieces $1.03 a 1,03½; sovereigns $5,34 a —; Patriot doubloons 16,75 a $ 6,80.

A treasury draft for $1500 old at 3 1-2 premium this morning—being a deduction of ½ per cent. from yesterday's prices.

The notes of the bank of Upper Canada are now purchased by J Ward & Co, of this city, at two per cent premium.

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.

SALES AT THE STOCK EXCHANGE.

50 shares	United	States	Bank		118½
50	do	do	do		118½
25	do	do	do		117½
25	do	do	do		117½
10	do	do	do	b. 10 days	117½
50	do	do	do		117
50	do	do	do		117
100	do	Fulton Bank		s 6 months	110

Baltimore, Aug 11.

Exchange—We quote the nominal rate of bills on England at 18 a 20 per cent

Specie—The rates of premium are much the same as last week, the tendency, however, is rather to a decline in consequence of the large amount offering. The premium this week has been as follows: Mexican dollars 9; er cent, American half dollars 8½ per cent, quarters 6 per cent, American Gold 8½ per cent sovereigns $5 25 each; Patriot doubloons 16 75 each, and Royal 17 25.

Coffee —At auction 500 bags new crop Rio were sold at 11 a 1¼ cents. We note sales of 200 bags Rio, by private contract, at 10½ a 11 cts, and of lots of St Domingo at 9½ cts.

Howard street Flour—The store transactions appear to be exclusively by retail, at 9 a 9 25. The wagon price remains at 8 25 a 8 50 and occasionally a fraction more is paid for a load of choice brand when found.

City Mills Flour—Sales at 8 25 a 8 75, as in quality. No stock is permitted to accumulate, the sales keeping pace with the supplies

The inspections for the week ending Thursday evening last comprise the following kinds and quantities:

	bbls	half bbls.
Howard street,	688	00
City Mills,	5386	793
Susquehanna,	00	00
Total,	5574	793

Besides 61 bbls rye flour and 41 hhds and 149 bbls corn meal.

Molasses—At auction on Tuesday 32 hhds Porto Rico were sold at 28 cents, and yesterday 25 hhds Molasses, suitable for retailing, were sold at 29 a 30 cents.

Provisions—There is no change in the price of beef and pork. Western bacon continues in fair demand and good to very prime lots sell readily at 10 a 10½ cts per lb. Some dealers refused to sell under 11 cts but we have heard of no sales over 10½ cents. We quote No 1 lard, both Baltimore and Western, at 10 cents which is the current price of the article Limited sales of Baltimore cured bacon at quotation. The inspection of the week comprise 24 kegs butter, but no beef, pork or lard.

Spirits—We continue to quote New England rum at 35 cents in bbls; demand limited. There are no receipts of apple brandy by wagons. Holders ask 38 a 40 cents from store

Sugars—At auction on Tuesday 162 hhds Porto Rico were sold at 7 a 9 5; and 60 hhds no at 7 15 a 7 30. Yesterday the cargo of brig Opelousas, from New Orleans, consisting of 248 hhds was offered, and a part at 6 a 6 25—the balance withdrawn for higher prices.

Tobacco—There has not been much doing in Tobacco this week, owing to the market being but poorly supplied with the middling and better qualities, which are the only sorts purchasers are inclined to buy. We quote these at 6 a 12, with the remark that prices are considered quite as well sustained as at any time last year. Common sorts are quite neglected.—There is a fair demand for Ohio, but the stock in market is very low, and operations are accordingly limited to small parcels. Supplies are shortly expected from Ohio. The inspections of the week comprise 693 hhds Maryland, 63 hhds Ohio, 8 hhds Pennsylvania; and 3 hhds Virginia—Total 765 hhds.

Whiskey—We note sales of hhds at 33 cents and of bbls at 35 cents. The wagon price of bbls is 30c. exclusive of the bbl. The inspections of the week comprise 54 hhds and 349 bbls; of which 48 hhds & 142 bbls were from the Susquehanna.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, June 30.

The demand for Cotton has been very general and steady one throughout the whole of the week, and prices of American descriptions remain without variation, excepting in the middle and lower qualities, which, from being offered in quantity, have within the last day or two receded, and in those we reduce our quotations ⅛d per lb. In Brazils and Egyptians there is no alteration, nor in East India, all of which kinds continue in regular demand. 2500 American and 1100 Surat have been taken on speculation, and 2650 American, 300 Maranham, 150 Pernam, 1150 Surat, and 50 Bengal for export 3300 American, 100 Pernam 250 Bahia, 300 Egyptian, and 50 Peruvian have been forwarded into the country unsold this month — Sales of the week were 29,700 bags. Imports 8995 bags.

LIVERPOOL July 1.

In most respects, our cotton market this week, has been similar to that of the last. The demand good, but being freely met by the holder, prices of last week were not in all instances maintained. The trade in the interior has undergone a little improvement, though the manufacturers of some descriptions of goods still pretend to say, that even with cotton at present rates, they cannot get a profit out of it. Some time will be required to make matters straight again.

The chief sales made in Upland and Mobile have been from 5¼ to 6¼, and in Orleans from 5 to 6 1-2.

The import of all sorts of cotton into the kingdom since the 1st January, amounts to 781,400 bags, of which 610,800 are from the United States, against 653,000 of all kinds, and 470,000 American received up to the same time last year. The stock at this port, at present estimated amounted to about 375,000 bales against 250,000; and of American cotton we have 249,500 against 178,500 bales the estimated stock at the same period in 1836.

The sales of the week are as follows: 100 Sea Island, 16 a 23. 10 Stained, 5⅜ a 9½; Upland 4¾ a 7½; 12,800 Orleans, 4 1/8 a 8 1/2; 8000 Tennessee and Mobile, 4 1/4 a 8; 950 Pernambuco 6¾ a 10; 790 Bahia and Maceio 5¼ a 7⅞; 740 Maranham 6 a 9¾; 120 Laguira 5 a 5½; 20 Peruvian, 7; 700 Egyptian, 7 1/2 a 13. 2500 Surat, 3½ a 5 1/2; 70 Madras 3½ a 4 1/2; 50 Bengal 3½—29700.

Speculators of the above, took about 2500 bales of American, and 1100 Surat, and export buyers about 2600 American, 250 Brazil, and 1200 East India. The market yesterday closed dull.

The following are our present quotations: Upland, ordinary to middling fair, 4½ a 5 1/4. fair to good fair, 5 3/4 a 6 3/4; good to fine 6 3/4 a 7 1/2; Orleans, ordinary to middling fair, 4½ a 4 1/2; fair to good fair, 5½ a 6 1/2; good to fair, 7½ a 8 1/2; Mobile, ordinary to middling fair 4½ a 5½; fair to good fair, 5½ a 6 1/2; good to fine, 7 a 7 1/2; Tennessee, ordinary to middling fair, 4 a 4 1/2 fair to good fair, 5½ a 5½; good to fine, 6; Sea Island to nominal.

Correspondence of Commercial Advertiser,

HAVRE, June 30.

We have had an active demand for Cottons during the month, the transactions reaching nearly 37,000 bales; the deliveries to the trade, however, only amount to about 27,000 bales, the remaining 10,000 bales consisting of purchases on speculation and resales.

Prices have gradually advanced and the rise since the 1st inst is estimated at 20c on inferior and ordinary qualities; 12c a 15c on middling and good fair, and about 5c on good to fine; the market is very steady and it is evident that a better feeling towards the article is daily gaining ground;—accounts from the manufacturing districts are favorable in as much as goods and yarns are selling freely and at improving rates. Sales this day, 1,300 bales at very full prices.

Our imports for the last six months show a decrease of 4000 bales, compared with those of the same period of 1836, and our deliveries also a decrease of nearly 7000 bales. On the other hand, our stock still continues heavy and comprises upward of 83,000 bales 69,000 bales U S. against 51,000 bales 45,000 bales U S on the same day last year.

Owing to the prevailing opinion that arrivals will be scanty for the next few months, and to the active demand for consumption, our large stock does not weigh too heavily on the market and holders generally offer but little on sale.

About 300 bbls Potash sold at f 27.50, since when 49 bbls have been paid f 28. The stock in first hands is small. Pearl ash has declined to f 40 for first sor.

In Rice but little has been done, the enquiry having been limited during the last week to the wants of our local consumption.

Whalebone has improved, but no doubt would recede if any supplies of importance were received.

St. Domingo Coffee better—500 bags sold this day at 50c. either sorts are low, and depressed in the total absence of home demand.

From the Havre Price Current, June 30.

Beeswax—Very little is doing. A small lot of New York has been taken at 1170c. duty paid—and some New Orleans at 1175c.

Cotton—We have had extensive transactions in this article, during the last eight days. Our rates for U Stat s short staple have experienced a rise of 4 to 5 centimes, per ½ ko on the ordin. to middling, and of 2 to 3 centimes on the better descriptions of these Cottons.

The sales for the week [comprising some re sales and parcels bought on speculation.] have amounted to 12,548 B consisting of: 6163 bales New Orleans, of which 160 at f. 110, 105 at f 107 50 to f. 109, 4265 at f. 91 to f 105, 1601 at f 80 to f. 90 and 31 at f. 72, 50 to f 73; 2549 bales Mobile, of which 41 were at f. 110, and 250 at f. 89 to f 105; 1967 bales Upland, of which 35 were at f 106, 1889 at f 90 to f 105 and 43 at f. 83

Indigo—The demand continues very languid; 35 chests Bengal have been disposed of, during the week, at 61 50 for low and ordinary copper, to 91 50 for good violet.

Hides—Of all descriptions are again flat. There are no buyers of Dry Salted Brasil at our last rates, 600 Bahia have been disposed of at 46½c

Sugar—Prices have again receded about 1f per 50k.

Woods—We have had a farther demand for logwood at firm rates 1136 logs have obtained 13f. 50 to 25 in bond—Dye Woods are in rather more request, and the following sales have been noticed, viz. 20 tons Santa Martha of ordinary quality, duty paid, at 12f; 10 do Cuba 6f; 10 do C rthagena Fustic 6f; 175 do Tobasco Logwood, expected 9f. 60; 181 Martinique Logwood 6f; 84 do Bap in 12f. 50.

HAVRE, July 1.

We learn that the prices of cotton had improved within a few days, in consequence of fine weather and encouraging intelligence from the manufacturing districts which gave such an impulse to the market that over 6000 bales changed hands in two days, and the total sales of the week amounted to 12,500 bales

The descriptions most in request were the medium qualities from the United States, which have risen from 4 a 5—also, we can notice an improvement upon the superior qualities. The transactions in inferior descriptions of U. States and South American Cottons, were unimportant, and without any improvement in prices. The actual stock was 84,000 bales, viz: 74,000 United States, 2000 Brazil, 1000 other descrip-

[tions.] The sales of the week comprised 6664 bales Louisiana Lowland, to good fair, 73 to 110; 1817 do do Georgia short staple and Florida, 91 to 107 50, 2294 do Mobile, ordinary to do, 89 to 110: 470 do Virginia, 90 to 100.

HAVRE, June 27.

Cotton—83 bales Louisiana, 10ct; 10 do 107.50; 73 do 108.50, 50 do 100; 53 do 90; 24 do 92.50; 14 do 99; 38 do 88.50; 84 do 88 50; 27 do 80; 7 do 73; 41 Mobile, 110; 38 do 105; 51 do 103; 172 do 100; 179 do 97 50 35 Georgia, 106; 58 do 100; 25 do 98; 23 do 96, 25 do 93 50; 31 do 91. 131 Bahia, 90; 28 do 103 50; 150 Bengal, 50; 213 do 53 a 54; 250 do 47 a 50

BORDEAUX MARKET, June 24.

Cotton—The advance continues to be maintained. Holders do not show much disposition to sell, at the rates noted, and have even raised their price. The news from abroad is favorable. The transactions have been 128 bales Carolina, and 270 Payta. The More Castle has brought from New Orleans 379 bales, and the Barbara 100 from Carolina,

Rice—This article meets a ready sale. The India is in good demand, especially the better qualities. 388 tierces Carolina have been sold, to be delivered from the Barbara.

MARSEILLES, June 24.

Coffee is calm Oils of all sorts are also calm, and Olive has fallen to 107/80. Soap is in the same condition with oil. Cotton is better; the sales are almost all of Egyptian.

THE BEE.

PRINTED BY J. BAYON,
Printer of the state, General Council, and of the First and Third Municipalities.

DAYS OF PUBLICATION DURING THE SUMMER:
TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY.

NEW ORLEANS
SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 19, 1837

Steamboat Accident.

The steamboat Caroline, Captain Griffin, temporarily employed in the mail line, burst one of her boilers off Dog River Bar, about nine miles below Mobile. The steersman was killed on the spot, and two passengers who threw themselves overboard were drowned. We have not heard their names.

Captain Griffin is one of the most prudent and cautious commanders on the lake, and had but just taken charge of the Caroline, until some repairs should be made to the steamboat Ouachita, which had previously been commanded by him. As far as we can learn, no blame is attached to him or the officers on board.

Some of the crew were badly scalded, but the physicians declare there is no danger for their lives.

Meunier.—Captain Baker of the steamboat Merchant informs us, that the French brig of war *La Perouse*, Captain Fournier, 55 days from L'Orient, had arrived at Pensacola with Meunier, the individual who attempted to assassinate the king of the French We are further informed by a passenger, that Meunier was about to take passage in the Champion for Mobile, on his way it is presumed to this city. He is represented to us as very illiterate.

Our Correspondents and the 1st municipality appear resolved that he shall have a double notoriety.

Melancholly Occurrence.

By a slip from the Petersburg Constitution, we are furnished with the particulars of an accident on the Portsmouth and Roanoke railroad, by which three ladies and a servant woman were killed, and thirty other persons were dreadfully wounded and mangled. The accident was occasioned by two engines coming in contact, with a train of freight cars, near the town of Suffolk, producing a concussion, which shattered the engines of both trains, and threw the attendant trains of cars from the track, causing the instant loss of life, the fracture of limbs and other bodily injuries, above stated. The names of the ladies killed are Misses McClenny, Ely and Roberts.

North Carolina

A letter from Warrenton, of the 6th inst published in the Globe, announces the re-election of General Micajah T Hawkins to Congress in the sixth district, which comprises the counties of Warren, Granville, Franklin and Nash. The votes stood thus:

Hawkins, Van Buren,	1948
Joseph L Malcolm, V B	895
J L Henderson, W	762

The Herald falls into a very strange mistake, when it supposes that the notes of the municipalities may be counterfeited with impunity We are sorry to see such an opinion emitted by that journal, as it may have a very pernicious influence. It is like inviting the commission of the crime, for where there is no punishment there is no guilt; and in a community like ours, such a doctrine will be eagerly caught up a class of persons whose morality is quite easy, as a pretext for doing that, to which their dispositions naturally incline them We protest against such interpretation of the law as this It is opposed to the good morals, as well as to sound sense and reason. The notes of the municipalities are authorised by the tacit consent of the community, and are based upon the property of the community, which is pledged for its redemption. This currency is besides indispensable to our wants under existing circumstances; but if it may be counterfeited at will by any knave, we shall have no security for its genuineness, and shall have to dispense with it altogether. In any case, whether the corporations can legally circulate their obligations in this way or not, is immaterial; one thing is very clear, that in individual obligations, whoever should counterfeit the signatures appended to the notes would be guilty of forgery, and punished accordingly. So let counterfeiters and forgers beware of making "the experiment," if they wish to escape the penetentiary

The Herald is generally unexceptionable in its remarks; and we cannot but believe, it penned this article without reflecting upon the improper tendency it might have.

From the West Indies.

By an arrival at New York, 10th inst, Demarara papers have been received to the 12th ult. The yellow fever was making great ravages in Demarara. A mutiny, in which about 200 of the black troops [lately captured in slavers are enlisted in the British service] engaged, and which occasioned great alarm, broke out on the 18th June, in Trinidad The mutineers made a rush upon the quarters of the garrison before daylight, set fire to a part, and stole considerable arms and ammunition, and took entire possession of the barracks. Aid was received during the day from St James, and an engagement took place, in which the mutineers were routed, leaving ten dead, and nearly as many more disabled by wounds. They fled, were pursued, and all but eight were captured. The ringleaders, it is supposed, would be shot. Major Ford, the public treasurer of Trinidad, had become a defaulter for upwards of $30,000. The small pox was still prevailing at Trinidad, and to a considerable extent fatally. At Grenada it was decreasing. A hurricane which wrecked two vessels, the Myrtle and Ruth, at Bridgetown, and did a large amount of damage to the estates, visited Barbadoes on the 9th of June.

A large fire broke out in Liverpool on the 29th of June, but was confined to the three upper stories of the seven story warehouse in which it originated Little damage appears to have been done, those stories being occupied with nothing valuable. There were 240 bales of cotton in the building, belonging to the Messrs Mellor, Prevost & Co, all of which was saved.

The Bank of Missouri commenced issuing her own paper on the 30th ult The lowest denomination of notes that she will issue, says the St Louis Republican, will be twenty dollars.

A paper has been established in Terberan, in Persia. Its title is Akhbar Sakat [news and events] It will be the means of spreading civillization in the east and at the same time will disseminate oriental literature, which is relished so much from the little we are in possession of.

The increase of population of British North America is stated to have been between the years 1824 and 1837 from 875,000 to 1,750,000 souls. During the last year the imports into Canada were valued at £3,500,000 sterling, the exports during the same period of time being £3,6 0,000 sterling.

A most magnificent custom house has been erected in Liverpool, England. The ground on which it stands is valued at £80,000 sterling, and was presented by the city corporation. The cost of construction is £150,000 sterling. The style of architecture is simple.

As an evidence of the great facilities for travelling which at present exist in this country, the Boston Advocate adduces the instance of a person who during an absence of 59 days from that city had travelled four thousand miles. During his trip the individual laid by on eight Sundays, and stopped thirteen for business purposes, thus making the distance passed over on each travelling day 120 miles The entire expense were 246 dollars, being an average of 6½ cents per mile, or four dollars a day, all charges included.

John Quincy Adams.

Whatever may be said of the eccentricities of this distinguished statesman, it must be granted that there is a candor and openness in the expression of his opinions that carry great weight Possessed of talents of the highest order, which have been developed by one of the best academical educations in the country, there is a beauty, a pathos, and an irresistible eloquence in his style, that inspires even his opponents with reverence and respect, and they are compelled in spite of themselves, to pay him homage, and to doubt the opinions they have formed to his prejudice. For ourselves, we have always looked upon him with distrust, and have received with great caution his politica dogmas. Still, we have seen him, rise superior to party, and dare to express his sentiments, without consulting their popularity, or their ultimate detriment to himself We remember well the occasion when animated with patriotic ardor, in opposition to the party in whose rank he was enrolled, he boldly attacked them for their misconduct in loosing the fortification bill, and brought directly home to Mr Webster the charge of being chiefly instrumental in that pernicious league. We remember with what alacrity he placed himself on the side of his country in the threatened hostilities with France and with what powerful invective he inveighed against those of his late associates who lent their energies to embarrass the administration, and make it humiliate itself at the footstool of that power. This was a critical epoch to him, and he

tween duty and patriotism on the one hand, and blighted ambition and party rancor on the other, he hesitated not a moment, but threw himself into the breach, battling with those whom he had opposed, and repousing those whom he had sustained, risking the respect of his enemies and incurring the animosity of his friends.

Again, upon a late occasion, and one in which he deserves equal if not greater credit from the efforts made to retain him, he comes out like a patriot, and denounces the banks for their suspension of specie payments. He tells Mr. Biddle, who attempts to excuse his institution for that act, and lay the blame on the deposite banks, that he is still more culpable than they, by reason of his superior facilities, and that such a proceeding on his part is a greater fraud upon the community. He exposes with a masterly hand the dishonesty of issuing irredeemable paper; and while he deplores the present deranged stat of the currency, he expresses the hope "that Mr. Van Buren will have sufficient nerve to meet the crisis," and not yield himself up to the clamor of the Bank party.

These sentiments do honor to the heart and head of their author; and altho' we have to deplore some misconceptions and abberrations of which he has been guilty, we charitably should impute them to the infirmities, to which we are all more or less liable; and as, the spots upon the sun's disk do not obscure that bright luminary, so a few imperfections should not blind us to the virtues of him, whose life has been emphatically devoted to the service of the state.

GENERAL COUNCIL.

Sitting of Wednesday, August 16th, 1837.

A R, 64.

The general council of the three municipalities of the city of New Orleans, met this day pursuant to a convocation of the mayor.

The recorder of municipality No 1, president *ex officio* of the general council, having called the members to order, and directed the secretary to call the roll, it appeared the following members were present, Messrs T. Duplessis, E Duplessis, Armitage, Durrive, Foster, Guillot, Lesseps, Cruzat, Brulé, Morel, Lefebvre, Lambert, Canon, Correjolles, Fernandez, Roy, Meux, Feriaud, Sewell and Davignaud

Members absent, Messrs Wiltz, Preval, Coquet Armas, Freret, Gloyd, Caldwell, Peters, York, Lockett, Schaumburg, McNair, Montamat, Marigny, Bertrand, Massen and Kilshaw.

Messrs Tulane, Stringer and Davis, absent on leave.

On motion the absence of Mr Preval was excused.

The journal of the last sitting having been read and approved,

A message was read from the mayor dated the 4th of this month.

The 1st article of this message, informed the council, that the French Consul had transmitted to him lately, copies of the letters from the mayors Seulis and Montreque; and a copy of the Pontalba will, documents which he conceived of the 1st of May last, and referred to a committee, who had not yet made their report.

One of these documents being read,

On motion of Mr Correjolles, the rules being dispensed with, and with an amendment of Mr Canon:

Resolved, That the will of Baron Pontalba, as well as the commissioners of the general sinking fund of the city of New Orleans, who shall conjointly with the mayor act in this matter to the best interests of the city of New Orleans.

Be it further resolved, That it shall be the duty of the secretary of the council to transmit a copy of the foregoing resolution to the comptroller of the general sinking fund.

The 2d article of the message of the mayor transmitted the resignation of Mr T Duplessis, as director on the part of the city.

On motion of Mr Correjolles,

Resolved, That the resignation of Mr T. Duplessis be accepted, and that the council proceed forthwith to the election of a director of the Commercial Bank by ballot.

Messrs Meux and Davignaud were appointed tellers; upon opening the vote, it appeared that out of 22 ballots deposited; 23 were for Mr E. Duplessis, and 2 were lost.

Accordingly, Mr. E' Duplessis was proclaimed duly elected.

A second message from the Mayor of the 11th of this month was read The 1st article requested the Council to act upon the mode of receiving and distributing the tax of $7 50 per annum, imposed upon certain Insurance Companies for the fire department.

Resolved, that the tax imposed by law to the amount of 750 dollars per annum upon certain Insurance Companies in favor of the city of New Orleans, for the fire department, shall be collected in equal proportions by each of the Treasurers of the three Municipalities, and shall be appropriated by the said Treasurers of the three Municipalities, to the fund of the firemen's Charitable association of New Orleans

The 2nd article of the Mayor's message suggested to the Council the propriety of acting upon the distribution of the tax upon carriages, in virtue of section 22 of the law of the 8th of May, 1837.

On motion of Mr Canon, Resolved that the united committee composed of the committees of Finance of the three Municipalities, to whom this subject was referred on the 1st of May last, be instructed to present a report at the next sitting.

The Recorder named Mr. E. Duplessis chairman of said committee.

On motion the council adjourned until a new order. A true copy.

D. AUGUSTIN, Secretary.

Destructive Gale at Nassau (N. P.) Capt Cleaves of the British sloop Humming Bird, arrived here yesterday in five days from Nassau, (N. P.) informs us that a violent and severe gale from the E to South East visited that place on Saturday night, 29th July, and continued with unusual severity until 2 P. M. on Monday following which did much damage to the town and harbor. Three vessels one of which was the schooner Anna, just arrived from New Orleans were driven out to sea, and not heard from when Capt. C. left.

Two vessels were wrecked in the vicinity of the harbor, and it was ascertained that some of the crew had perished.

Four houses were blown down in town.

It was apprehended that the corn crops would be nearly all destroyed.

Corn was scarce and high—it was selling at $2 50 per bushel.—*Norfolk Beacon*

LATEST FROM FRANCE.

NEW YORK, August 11.

The packet ship Sully, Capt. Lines, from Havre, arrived this morning, having sailed on the 2d July, and bringing papers down to the 1st.

Every thing was tranquil in France, and the royal family with his majesty on a Belgium travelling expedition.

The accounts from Spain are, on the whole, more favorable for the Queen.

Two French squadrons had been fitted out for the wants of the Mediterranean service. One was to proceed to the Levant, should events render its presence necessary, and the other to assist in keeping the Moors of the French dominion in Africa. The fleet consisted of the St Petri 90 and Jupiter 90; Triton 74, had already sailed for Toulon. The other of the Montebello 120 guns, Jena 90, Suffren 90, Tridenti 74.

PARIS STOCK EXCHANGE. June 29, half past 4 P. M.—The market is less active than yesterday. For cash, Threes are varied; Fives have declined 10 cents; Neapolitan 5c; Roman 3½; for the end of the month Fives have fallen 20c; Neapolitan 15c

HAVRE, July 1.

The fine weather, and good news from the manufacturing districts, has caused a most favorable demand, and given a salutary impulse to affairs, 6000 bales cotton changed hands the last two days

The France says—"We learn from high quarter that Marshal Clausel is preparing to proceed to Spain to take the command in chief of the troops of Maria Christina. The elevated position of Marshal Clausel and the rank which he occupies amongst the high dignitaries of the government, will not permit us to doubt that he previously secured the consent of the Chief of the State." The Constitutionnel confirms this intelligence. The Constitutionnel says, "the negociation appears very advanced, and, is connected with combinations of the highest importance."

The *Charte* says—"The spirit in which the municipal elections proceed is of the best description." In places where the opposition have succeeded in returning some one of their candidates, they have taken care to choose men who are interested in preserving order either by their fortune or their position in society. In short, it is evident that the municipal councils will be more than ever actuated by the result of the elections of 1147.

CHAMBER OF PEERS.—Sitting of June 29th—The order of the day was the discussion of the bill for the opening of a special credit of 1461,227fr for the extraordinary expenses of Africa in 1837.

M. Dubouchage complained of the late period at which the bill had been presented, and expressed his surprise that a treaty had been concluded with Abdel Kader, as the late Minister of War had given positive injunctions to Marshal Clausel to treat that chief as a rebel. In conclusion, the noble Peer trusted that Government would present a bill next session for the union of Algiers with France.

The Minister of War entered into some explanations on the delay which had risen in presenting the bill, a delay which he attributed to the duration of the Ministerial crisis

After the successive adoption of all the articles, the *ensemble* of the bill was adopted on the ballot by a majority of 94 to 2.

On the 21st Jun, a clerk of the Berlin Post Office, who was endeavoring to get to England by means of a false passport, was arrested at Hamburg. A sum of from 60 to 70 thousand rix dollars in gold and in notes, which he had abstracted from the post office cash box, was found in his possession.

We learn from Champagne, that the vines were not more forward in May than they were in February; but that the genial heats of this month have in some measure restored them, and there is a promise of an abundant vintage.

The trade of Salonica feels the effect of the sanitory regulations. Several vessels have arrived from Marseilles, Leghorn, Trieste, and England A French vessel (the only one in the Roads) is taking cotton on board for Genoa.

It is thought that the Chamber of Deputies will have finished its labors on Saturday next.

The merchants of Granville have forwarded to the Chamber of Peers, a petition against the Sugar Bill.

The Poles returned from the service of the Queen of Spain, have received an assurance from the Minister of the Interior, that they shall participate in the subsidy granted to their countrymen.

The brig Ducouedic has just arrived from the Levant, bringing the beautifully sculptured Gates of Rhodes, which are intended for the Parisian Museum of Antiquities.

BAYONNE, 25th June.

A steamboat left St. Sebastian yesterday with a number of officers and soldiers who have refused to continue their service in the British Legion.

On the night of the 22d, part of the 5th battalion of Biscay was surprised by a division of Espartero in the neighborhood of Larrage, and made prisoners.

PARIS, June 29.

Government has received the following telegraphic dispatch:

"NARBONNE 27th June, (Perpignan 26th.)—On the 21st, the Pretender reached Suria, between Cordova and Manresa. On the 20th, Baron de Meer left Cervera with his army, in four columns, marching on Igualada and Calat Eroles occupied, on the 26th, the villages in the neighborhood of the Seu d'Urgel, with 1200 men. Osorio is still at Ayuerda with his troops."

SPAIN.

MADRID, June 21.—The following columns have been put in movement, for the purpose of destroying the bands which have scoured the provinces of Toledo and Ciudad Real:—600 infantry and 140 cavalry coming from Estremadura, 800 infantry and 60 cavalry from Andalusia, and 600 infantry and 120 cavalry from Granada. A column has also left Madrid; the place itself between the Tagus and Alberche.

The debate on the new electoral law was concluded in the sitting of the 20th. Article 58, which stat that the office of Senator and Deputy are to unpaid, was approved of after an additional discussion, by majority of 287 to 44. A numerous proposition signed by a great number of Deputies was afterwards made, demanding that the government should inform the Cortes what measures had been taken relative to the article in the Porvenir, which they characterized as injurious to the nation, the Queen and the Constitution, and the subversive of public order. This proposition was immediately adopted. The number of the journal containing the article complained of was seized, by order of the government

VALENCIA, June 15.—Borso has completely routed the bands of Esperanza and Talleda, At the same

from El Villar, the cavalry killed a great number of the enemy, and seized considerable booty. At the same time Sanchez having learned that Miguel, Pasedo, and the eldest son of Esperanza, were at Chatilla, with 400 men, took them by surprise in the night, and dispersed them, killing and wounding several Young Esperanza is said to have been taken prisoner It is said that El Serrador died on the 19th His death is attributed to chagrin at being deprived of his command by Cabrera.

SARAGOSSA, June 18.—Yesterday the convoy which lately left this town entered Calatayud, and the day before General Noguera marched out with four battalions for Carmino. Accounts from the environs of Gra and Guisona state that a shell burst on the house burst on the house occupied by the Pretender, who had a narrow escape. The news from Catalonia, is very satisfactory, and we begin to see the realization of our prediction, that the incursion of the Pretender will terminate in his own disaster. It is certain that the remains of the battalions which were so completely beaten at Guisona have dispersed, and are to be seen in scattered parties of 50, or at most 100 men each, in all the villages of the Segana. Saragossa has sent reinforcements which must effect the total ruin of the Carlists The movement of Tristany towards Barcelona has had the effect of combining all parties, as if by magic, in defence of the town.

The Barcelona journal, El Vapor of the 19th, has the following:

The Carlist Generals Sopelana and Melero are dead. In the towns of Aramunt, Cervera, Terrens, and Guisona, there are more than 1200 men, who have deserted from the ranks of the Carlists, since the affair of the 12th inst. The Catalonian chiefs Ros des Eroles, B badel-Oli, and Rogo, have declared that they will not submit to the orders of Don Carlos — The Baron de Meer has directed 4000 picked troops to march immediately on Solsona, and will follow closely with the rest of his army We every day expect an account of another affair more serious than the last, which will complete the destruction of the expeditionary corps Three hundred men of the garrison of Majorca, arrived here yesterday by the steam boat El Balear.

The Madrid Gazette contains a Royal Ordinance re instating them in their employments as honors all those who may have refused to swear to the Constitution of 1812, on condition of their taking the oath of the new Constitution Another Ordinance of the 15th that the 19th of June shall be henceforth particularly noticed in the Calendar, as the anniversary of the promulgation at Madrid of the Constitution of the Spanish monarchy, declared and sanctioned by the Cortes of 1837. At the sitting of the Cortes, yesterday, the President Don Augustin Arguelles, made a speech in reply to the Address of the Queen Regent (upon the occasion of proclaiming the new constitution) in which he caracterises that act of her Majesty, in conjunction with the amnesty which she had caused to be proclaimed, as the commencement of the new era, for the arrival of which every true Spaniard sighed, and as the firm support of her august daughter's throne, notwithstanding the disloyalty of a portion of her subjects, and the usurpation of a rebel Prince.—A proposition was read a first time, to the effect that medals of gold, silver and copper should be struck, for the purpose of commemorating the proclamation of the Constitution; to be distributed among the allied Sovereigns, the foreign Ambassadors, the Deputies, and others; and it was referred to a committee to decide upon the shape and inscription of the medals."—The Eco del Comercio states—"By Gelsa (Arrago) of the 15th inst., we learn that Tena and Cabrera have assembled considerable forces at Bijar and at Peibla. A detachment of troops had already arrived at Quinto. What is most to be feared is that the enemy have an idea of restoring the ferry of Escatron. It is stated that the Pretender has transmitted an order to Cabrera to send him provisions *coute qui coute*. The expedition has demanded numerous rations at Sartago and at Cinco Olivar"

The Madrid Gazette of the 18th inst., in an evening edition, announces the arrival of a courier with an official account of the battle of Gra, near Guisona, from which we take the following extract:—"The enemy left 2000 men dead on the field; all the wounded, together with 300 prisoners, 600 deserters, a quantity of arms and baggage, and a great many horses, were left in our hands. Our losses amounted to 400 men, put *hors de combat*, of whom 30 are officers, and, among these, the brave commander of the chasseurs of Oporto, who had distinguished himself greatly during the war. The battle was inveterate; the Carlists made a desperate resistance, but were obliged at last to give way before the determined bravery of our troops."

LATER FROM ENGLAND

New York, August 11

By the arrival early this morning of the packet ship Europe, Capt Marshall, from Liverpool, we are furnished with dates from that port to the 1st July, and from London to the 30th June, inclusive.

There is no news of political importance by this arrival.

The cotton market remains without variation, except in the lower qualities, which have slightly declined.

The crops throughout the country are spoken of as being the finest, the most luxuriant, ever remembered. A great increase in the staple of life will be the consequence Wheat and potatoes, particularly, promise most extensive crops

The weather has been very fine for a considerable period, and thus brought the grain to a state of perfection scarcely known before.

The fire at Liverpool, reported in our last, was inconsiderable. It was confined to the three upper stories of the building in which it broke out. In the lower part of the warehouse were 240 bales of cotton, belonging to Messrs Mellor, Prevost & Co. It was got out, however, without being damaged

Business in the manufacturing towns is upon the advance. Prospects are brightening—a young Queen—delightful weather—and fine crops—seem to have given the people generally an impetus. They are forgetting their troubles, and moving on the go-ahead principle.

The "Liverpool Journal" of the 1st of July, contains the following account of the coming crops. It is highly satisfactory.

"We have had another week of glorious weather, with a corresponding advance in vegetation. We have met with many persons from different parts of the kingdom, and all agree that the appearance of the country is, without exception, the most luxuriant ever remembered. No one crop is expected to be a failure. Those two great staples of human food, wheat and potatoes, promise a most abundant yield, and even the grass, which, from the prevalence of cold winds quite into May, was at one time expected to be thin, turns out very heavy in the swathe, the under growth being very dense. The hay harvest has generally commenced in this neighborhood, and should the weather continue fair will be general in a few days."

It is thought that the king's funeral will be postponed for a few days, to give time for preparation.

Sir F. Burdett will not stand again for Westminster. The Irish tithe bill and the Irish poor law bill were to be postponed for the present.

Lord Durham is spoken of as about to become a member of the Ministry—that is, to take the place of Foreign Secretary.

The London correspondent of the Liverpool Journal under date of 30th June, says—

"The quantity of business hurried through at present is immense. Bills are forwarded with railway celerity, and every thing declares that a dissolution of parliament is at hand. Liberal members are anxious to prepare their constituents for it. The speculation being as possible before their constituents. The house is every evening becomes thinner, and at the end of a fortnight I think, a spontaneous dissolution will take place, a fortnight's or three weeks notice, the present parliament will have ceased to exist. You may depend upon it we shall give the radicals the appeal to the people. The belief is, that the tories will be in a dreadful minority. The government patronage alone amounts to 60 votes, which, of course, in the present parliament, concurred by a tory minority, were given for the tory party. But in addition to this, the court has already taken an unequivocally declaration in favor of liberal measures The Queen, in putting the seals of office to Lord Melbourne, declared, in the most affable and gracious manner, that she could not part with persons in whom she had such confidence, notwithstanding the marked style of her address, if the reception of Lord Durham (known to be zealous for far wider reform than the prime minister) did not furnish a clear and convincing commentary on her Majesty's meaning to her ministers. He was not only received with the most marked kindness, but her Majesty conversed with him for a considerable time with great attention and apparent deference.

I heard, from a source which I can trust, that his lordship was by far the largest speaker to the audience, with which he was honored the Queen only occasionally making a remark or asking a question. Whatever might have been the topic discussed on the occasion, one fact is certain, that her Majesty could not have been otherwise than pleased with the noble lord's communications. She conferred on him the Order of the Bath before he left her presence, and addressed him in the kindest terms on his taking leave The tone of the tory press at present, is wonderfully lowered, and, strange to say, the Carlton Club shows itself slack in coming forward with funds Never was there such a chance for the liberal party, if they only take common precaution. Time and power may hereafter change in some degree the Queen's feelings respecting reform, but at present she is decidedly in favor of liberal measures. Let the reform party then seize eagerly on the present moment, hereafter it may be too late.

The Manchester trade is improving by the last accounts. The Rochdale Flannel market is decidedly better. Wool had not fallen any, and the demand has been steady.

COTTON.—It will be seen that the middling and lower descriptions of this article have receded an eighth per pound.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE N. O. BEE.]

SIR—The publication of the subjoined extract from the Alabama State Intelligencer, will probably be accepted to that portion of your readers who take an interest in the literary institutions of the country.

The University of Alabama is situated in the vicinity of Tuscaloosa on a beautiful, elevated and salubrious plain. The buildings have been erected on an extensive plan at an expense of about two hundred thousand dollars It is the most richly endowed literary institution in America, having received a donation of public lands from the Government, from which has been realized about a half million of dollars.

A splendid philosophical apparatus, and an extensive library, were purchased in Europe by an agent of the University sent to that country expressly for that purpose. Great care was taken in the selection of the President and Faculty. The Rev. Alva Woods—formerly President of Transylvania University was chosen to preside over the Institution and the Professors were distinguished in their respective branches The University went into operation in the year 1830, under the most flattering auspices, and every citizen of the State looked to it with the proudest hope of its future success. But the same fatality which has attended other Literary Institutions in the South, seems to have been watching over this. The unbridled spirit of Southern youth, brooking no restraint, could never be taught,

"To scorn delights and live laborious days."

The Faculty, with their estimable and indefatigable President at their head, did every thing in their power to restrain the students within proper bounds. But personal, sectarian, and other prejudices, inside the Institution, countenanced opposition on the part of the students—rendered it impossible on the part of the Faculty to govern them—disturbances and acts of insubordination became so frequent that the Faculty at last expelled almost the entire body of students. This, however, instead of curing increased the evils by which the Instution was encompassed,—and despairing of ever being able to enforce a salutary discipline, and exasperated by the continual opposition of persons disaffected to the Institution, the President and Faculty tendered their resignations to the Trustees, which were accepted It will however be gratifying to the friends of those gentlemen to learn that the Board of Trustees highly commend the course pursued by them Another President has been elected and it is to be hoped that the Institution, may not mark the destiny to which its friends so confidently looked when it at first went into operation Should ever succeed as it deserves to do, it will be a matter of some importance to the citizens of New Orleans, being only five days travel from this city.

[COMMUNICATED.]

UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA.

Some of the proceedings of the Board of Trustees of his Institution, at their late meeting.

"*Resolved*, That the Board are well satisfied with the manner in which the Faculty discharged their official duties since the last meeting of the board.

"*Resolved*, That the Board of Trustees of the University of Alabama, approve the conduct of the Faculty in relation to the suspension of the students, in April last.

"Adopted, July 14, 1837.

M. D. WILLIAMS, Sec'y."

Extract from the report of the Special Committee of Investigation on the affairs of the University, of which Committee the late Gov. GAYLE was chairman, and which report has been adopted and published by the Board of Trustees.

"These disturbances, which have reflected so much discredit upon the University, and still more upon those who produced them, can, in no wise, be attributed to the Faculty. On the contrary, in the opinion of the Committee, they adopted the best means to prevent them; and after their occurrence, pursued the most prudent means to suppress them. The Committee cannot too much admire the firmness which characterized the conduct of the Faculty, through the whole of these disgraceful riots:—nor can they withhold the expression of their approbation, of the forbearance with which they received the insult, abuse and open assaults of these young men, who, without any adequate cause, have inflicted a deep and lasting wound on an Institution which is the fondest hope of the parent and the proudest boast of the country.

"After the most diligent inquiry, the Committee are gratified at being able to state, that the President of the University, and the learned Professors with whom he is associated, since the last meeting of the Board, have discharged their arduous duties, with unremitted zeal and industry, and in a manner altogether satisfactory to the Committee The ability with which they have executed their official duties; their efforts to uphold the government of the University, during the late disturbances; to execute its laws, and to maintain the discipline which these laws were enacted to establish, entitle them to great credit, and cannot fail to call forth the approbation of the public generally, and especially of that portion which looks to the Institution as the great nursery of science, literature and virtue, which is to qualify our sons to be useful citizens, and to send forth bands of young men, whose genius and attainments will make the State rejoice to acknowledge them as her law-givers, and rulers."

JOHN GAYLE,
Chairman of Com. of Investigation.

At the request of President Woods, the Trustees went into an election of successor to himself as President of the University, and the Rev. Basil Manly, D D of Charleston, S. C. was unanimously elected

President Woods has consented, at the request of the Trustees, to continue in his present office until the end of the present year, by which time it is supposed his successor will be able to enter upon his duties.

MARINE NEWS.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED

August 17

Brig Morosco, Bentley, Baltimore, S & J P Whitney.
Brig San Onofre, Viademonte, Havana,
J Prats & Sons
Sch Hyperion, Sabatte, Havana, J R Garc
August 18
Ship Gloucester, Lane, Liverpool, F G noble & co
Brig Two Sisters, Parkinson, Boston, Fogg & Blood.
Sch William & Francis, Collins, Havana,
R Groning & co
Sch Charles, Edwards, Charleston, S C
J A Barrelli & co

ARRIVED.

August 17

Tow boat Grampus, Thomas, from the Passes, towed to sea ship Manchester, and brig Margaret; brought up ships Ohio, and Gen Hodgman, brigs Bon Pere and Eley, sch Reyner Regents; left the N E Pass on the 15 h. reports ship Portsmouth on the bar bound out; nothing in the offing bound in; at the Fort tow boat Porpoise, broke down

Ship Ohio, Cutter, Boston, July 21st, Stetson, Avery & co.

Ship Gen Hodgman, Faulkner, Liverpool, June 24th, master

Brig Eley, Wall, Mobile, master.
Brig Bon Pere, Juge, Bo aya Cette, J Mager
Sch Reyner Regenta, Arch, 10 days Matamoras, to master
Steamboat Bayou Sara, Laurent, Bayou Sara, J G Bell.

August 18
Steamboat Mazeppa, Sutton, Mobile, to Tourne & Beckwith.
Steamboat Merchant, Baker, Mobile, J Kilshaw.
Steamboat Columbia, Waterman, Pascagoula
Steamboat Black Hawk, Hurd, Natchez, do

EXPORTS.

Per brig Morosco—118 hhds tobacco, 20 bales cotton, 2724 pigs lead. 100 bbls rum &c.
Per brig San Onofre—670 bbls flour
Per sch Hyperion—422 bbls flour, 5 do beans.
Per ship Gloucester—597 bales cotton, 12 casks horn tips 20 bags and 1 box specie equal to $41,000
Per brig Two Sisters—10 hhds sugar, 185 bbls pork 711 sacks corn, 8 casks b con.
Per sch Wm & Francis—1232 kegs lard, and 50 bbls flour
Per sch Charles—22 tes molasses, 152 hhds 17 tes and 20 bbls bacon, 290 kegs lard.

IMPORTS.

Per ship Ohio—mdze, &c.
Per ship Gen Hodgman—mdse and rail road iron.
Per brig Eley—glass, lumber.
Per brig Bon Pere—wines, oil and mdze.
Per sch Reyner Regenta—$2100 specie, 37 mules, and 2 jacks, to order

CONSIGNEES.

Per ship Gen Hodgman—Saner & A & J Dennistoun; R Groning & co; J A Merle & co. F Frey & co; Layton & co; Kennedy, Dared & co; W Hoffman & co

RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE.

Per steamboat Bayou Sara—12 bales cotton, Lee & Hardy; 9 Thos Barrett, 2 bales wool, Burke, Watt & co; 14 bbls pork, Damann & co, sp eches and sundries to owners on board.

MEMORANDA.

Hence at Halifax, 29 h July, the James, Geach.

At Havre, July 2, packet ships Normandy, Rocket, and Charles Carroll, Lee, to leave on their regular days; Francois, Blake, N York, August 1st, Marengo, Lyman, Asante, Delabasse, 27th to 25 h July, all Austerlitz Adams, for New Orleans, Isaac Hicks, Majestic, Vandalia and Florida, unloading; brig Ann, from Havana, discharged Ohio, of N York, from Gibraltar, loading

Hence at New York, August 11, packet ship Alabama, Berry, brig Lagonia.

For Europe.

Liverpool, July 1—Arrived 29th, Canton, Gibson Augusta, Jameson, and John Walker, Black, from Mobile Sailed, Potomack, Alexandria, U. S. Birmingham, B th.

June 30 h—Arrived, Othello, from Savannah, Reliance, Charleston. Sld, United States, Turner, Philadelphia

Cleared at Boston for this port, Aug 9th, ship Robert Pulsford, brig Repeat.

Hence at Philadelphia, 11th Aug, barque Sterline, Sam Gaga, spoken July 20, lat 24, long 72 hence for Liverpool.

Sailed from Charleston for this port, Aug at 13, sch Emily Elliott.

At Liverpool 29 h June, Perseverance, Jaques, Mobile; Thomas Pratt, do. Ann Mary Ann, Bristol, New Orleans, Margaret Forbes, Kingston New England, Swanton, do; Sarah Ann, Cunningham do; Superior, M'Ewen, New York; Europa, Dunmore do; Sheridan, Russell do, Augusta, Jameson, and John Walker, Black, Mobile.

Died

Last evening at 5 P M. after a lingering illness, AUGUSTIN LATA, in his 28th year of age. His friends and acquaintances, as well as those of his brothers in law William Saint and J ... are respectfully requested to attend his funeral from his residence No 71 Saint street, Faubourg Marigny, at 4 P M. this afternoon without further notice

ORLEANS GUARDS—Attention!!

You are hereby commanded to assemble arms today 4 o'clock P M, in order to attend the funeral of Augustin Lata a member of this com, any deceased last evening, in summer uniformity and armed equipment. Rendezvous Place St Antoine. By order of the captain

GUSTAVE CRUZAT,
Orderly sergeant

a 19

P. S. Members comprising the body shall remember it is a duty.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS.

BY virtue of a resolution of the Council of Municipality No One, notice is hereby given that, on Tuesday the 29th instant, at twelve o'clock, noon, at the Mayor's Office, the clearing and watering the streets of said Municipality will be adjudged to the lowest bidder, in conformity with the ordinances of the Council on the subject, communication of which may be had at the Mayor's Office

aug 19 D. PRIEUR, Mayor.

FLAGSTONES—The subscribers offer for sale the superior lot of Yorkshire flags, now lying on the Levee, opposite the Mint just landed ex ship Shannon from Liverpool. Apply to

S HEATH & Co,
a 19 2t Corner Bank Alley & Natchez st

FOR SALE.—Lumber, lime, fire wood, and sugar kettles; apply to Mr Touport, suburb Marigny, No. 48, Levee, who attends to the sale of the above for me.

aug 19 B MARIGNY.

A Person who owns one of the finest and best MEADOWS in the state, wishes to keep by the month, all kind of animals, which will feed themselves on the grass. He charges three dollars per month, and is responsible if they are stolen. Apply at Mr Eugene Jagnaux, on Laronde's plantation, at the Metairie. a 19

2 Pipes very superior Old Madeira Wine for sale by SLOAN & BROTHER,
aug 19—2w No. 39 New Levee.

WHISKEY —200 bbls Old Monongahela Whiskey in store for sale by
SLOAN & BROTHER,
aug 19—2w 39 New Levee.

150 BASKETS CHAMPAGNE, Anchor Key & Comet brands for sale by
SLOAN & BROTHER,
aug 19—2w 39 New Levee.

PIG LEAD —2,000 pigs Galena lead, landing from S B Vandalia, for sale by
aug 19 -6t GODFREY, BLOSSMAN & CO.

CORN —2000 bushels, superior quality, in store for sale by SUMERS & ALEXANDER,
aug 19—6t 80 Magazin street.

BACON SIDES —A few hhds in store and for sale by LAYET & AMELUNG,
au 19 17 Commerce st.

LEAD—230 pigs in store and for sale by
LAYET & AMELUNG,
au 19 17 Commerce st

CANVASSED HAMS of very superior quality in store and for sale by LAYET & AMELUNG,
au 19 17 Commerce st

PORK—mess, N O, soft prime, rumps and heads for sale by LAYET & AMELUNG,
au 19 17 Commerce st

STATE LOUISIANA—Parish Court for the parish and city of New Orleans. Present the Honorable Charles Maurian, Judge. August 12th 1837. No 9876 Antoine Gouttenoir, vs. his creditors. The cession of property by the petitioner is hereby accepted by the court for the benefit of his creditors, and it is ordered by the court that a meeting of said creditors be held at the office of J Cuvillier, Esq. notary public, on Friday the 29th day of August next, then and there to deliberate on the petitioner's affairs, and in the meantime all proceedings against his person and property are stayed.

New Orleans, August 12th 1837 (signed) Canonge, acting parish judge in the absence of judge Charles Maurian.

Extract from the minutes. Clerk's Office, August 12th, 1837. ARMD. GUYOL, Deputy Clerk.

au 19 3t

Detained at the Police Jail of the suburb Washington, third Municipality, at Frascati, the creole negro named ANDERSON JOHN, who pretends to belong to Madame Avart, speaking a little of French, aged 30 years, 5 feet 5 inches high, round face, spotted by the small pox, having a small scar on the right side of his upper lip. Notice is hereby given to the owner to claim said slave agreeably to law. Suburb Washington, August 19, 1837.

aug 19 P. BAYHI, Chief of the Post.

TO Rent or for Sale—To be taken away immediately, the Saw Mill situated on the other side of the river, opposite the Levee Cotton Press Apply to
aug 12—6t L B OLIVIER

TO HIRE.—Two young negroes, from 17 to 18 years, active and very intelligent. Apply to the subscriber, Gas Bank.
aug 17—6t G. ROMAIN.

[CUBAN] PACKET.
Wednesday and Saturday,
For Bay St Louis, Pass Christian and Biloxi.
Steamboat Columbia, C C Waterman master, will leave the lake end of the Ponchartrain Railroad, twice a week.

On Wednesday morning, after the arrival of the 7 o'clock cars, and return on Thursday—through by day light.

On Saturday evening after the arrival of the 5 o'clock cars and return on Monday morning.

Starts after the arrival of the 7 o'clock cars on Wednesday morning and arrives at Bay St Louis at 1½ p m, Pass Christian 3 p m, Biloxi 6½ p m—Returning on Thursday morning, leaves Biloxi at 6½ a m, Pass Christian 11 a m, Bay St Louis 12½ p m, and arrive at 7 p m at the railroad

On Saturday evening starts after the arrival of the 5 o'clock cars, arrive at Bay St Louis at 12½ m, Pass Christian 2½ m, Biloxi 6½ a m. Returning on Sunday evening, leaves Biloxi at 4 p m, Pass Christian at 7½ p m. Bay St Louis 10 p m, and arrives at the railroad on Monday morning at 7 o'clock.

Freight must be down two hours before the time appointed to start

For freight or passage, apply to the Captain on board, or to S HIGH,
40 Camp st

N B—The letter bag of the steam boat Columbia is at my office. Letters and papers will be delivered at the different landings.

aug 17 S HIGH.

NOTICE.

The brig Nelson Clark, Capt Seaward, for Havana, will sail this evening at 5 o'clock. Shippers will please send their bills of lading this morning and make their clearances at the Custom House in season. J E SUMNER,
aug 19 55 Camp st

Coastwise Traders.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

The regular packet ship John Sergeant, Van Dyke, master, will meet with immediate despatch

For freight or passage apply on board, opposite the Mint, or to JAS REED & Co,
a 17 25 Royal st

FOR NEW YORK—To sail on Sunday 20th

The A1 very fast sailing brig William, Clark commander, will sail as above, having part of her cargo going on board; for balance of freight or passage, having 6 state rooms in her cabin, deck, apply to BAILEY & ABBOTT,
au 15 14 Bienville st.

European Traders.

FOR LIVERPOOL

250 bales of cotton wanted to complete the loading of the ship Russia. She has two thirds of her cargo on board and will sail on Thursday next. Any persons wishing to engage for their friends to return from Liverpool to New Orleans may do so on reasonable terms, as she is to come immediately back. A few more steerage passengers can be accommodated. Apply to
ANDREW S BARKER 91 Common st.

which he can accommodate direct from Malta to the port in the ship William Tell. aug 19

FOR LIVERPOOL—The first class ship Ambassador, Captain Urquhart will be ready to load in a few days, apply to
au 17 GEO GREEN, 60 Camp st.

West India Traders.

FOR MATAMORAS.

To take immediately, freight or passengers, the schr Bonita, having superior accommodations for passengers, will be despatched the 25th inst. For passage only, apply to the Captain on board or to J. ROBERT & CO.
aug 19 47 Bienville st

WANTED

A vessel of about 120 tons burthen to go to Cuba, apply to
a 19 R GRONING & Co

NOTICE

BEAMAN & JONES and others purchased from Fort Town of Texas, 22 leagues of land, on the Sabine and Cypress bayou of Texas, part of Reserve interest was sold to Isaac James and William Smith, they executing their several notes for $1,680, each payable on the 1st of November, 1837, 1838 and 1839, at the Bank of Kentucky, Louisville, endorsed by George Hancock. Thomas L Fossom also purchased a portion of the same and executed his notes payable on the 25th Nov. 1837, 1838 and 1839 with discount the 1st of February 1838, 1839 and 1840. Doubts being entertained whether a portion of these lands are not in the United States, a commissioner having been appointed to run the Boundary line, this is to forewarn all persons from trading for any of the notes, or the consideration for which they were executed is fully ascertained.

aug 19—3t L. M. DAVIDSON.

NOTICE.

HAVING become party in a concern of 22 leagues of land in Texas, made of Fort Thorn, by Beaman, Fowler, and others, situated on the Sabine and Cypress Bayou of Texas, and having executed several notes for the same, each for $2,767 50/100, and payable on the 1st of November 1838 and 1839, at the counting house of Maunsel White & Co, New Orleans; and whereas the consideration for which said notes were executed has failed, as a portion of said lands, it is believed, fall into the United States, a commissioner having been appointed to run the Boundary line.—This is to forewarn all persons from trading for said notes, as they will not be paid, until the consideration for which they were executed is fully ascertained. (Copy)

aug 19—3t HENRY M. SHREEVE.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the Honorable J. N. Duncan, presiding judge of the court, No 4 New Orleans, I shall expose at public sale on the 6th of September 1837, at 5 o'clock P M at the corner of St Ann and Conde streets, 1 lot of sliver spoons, 1 mahogany bedstead, 1 mahogany bed stead and sundry other household articles seized at the suit of W. T. Mayo Terms cash. August 18, 1837

aug 19 B BEAUREGARD, Marshal.

Joseph Clark vs Schooner Minerva and owners.

BY virtue of a writ of fi fa to me directed by the Honorable G. Preval, associate judge of the city court of New Orleans, I shall expose at public sale on the 21st of Sept 1837 at noon at Hewlett's Exchange, corner of St Louis and Chartres streets, at 12 o'clock m, the schooner Minerva, her tackle, apparel, &c. seized to satisfy the judgment rendered in the above suit.

aug 19 B BEAUREGARD Marshal

Cornegant vs H B air.

BY virtue of a writ of fi fa to me directed by the Hon G Preval, associate judge of the city court of New Orleans, I will expose for sale on Wednesday, 30th August, 1837, at 5 o'clock pm, corner of St Ann and Conde streets, one armoir, seized in the above suit.

Terms Cash.

aug 19 B BEAUREGARD, City Marshal.

Mathew Ryan vs Peter Edwards, f. w. c.

BY virtue of a writ of fi fa to me directed by the hon G M. Preval, associate judge of the city court of New Orleans, I will expose for sale on Wednesday the 30 August 1837, at 5 o'clock p m, corner of St Ann and Conde sts, sundry articles of furniture seized to the above mentioned suit.

Terms cash

aug 19 B BEAUREGARD, City Marshal.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the honorable Thomas N Morgan, associate judge of the city court of New Orleans, I will expose at public sale on the 20 of September, 1837, at noon at Hewlett's Exchange, corner of St Louis & Chartres streets, a certain lot of ground situated with the improvements thereon in the suburb Marigny, and designated by the plan of Lambert and Paulin, as fronting on Moreau street, by one hundred and twenty feet in depth and fronting on the latter seized at the suit of Azim Bishop.

Terms cash.

aug 19 B BEAUREGARD Marshal

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the honorable J N Duncan presiding judge of the city court of New Orleans, I shall expose at public sale on the 4th of September 1837, at noon, at Hewlett's Exchange corner St Louis & Chartres streets, three certain lots of ground together with all the improvements thereon, situated in the suburb St Mary, and designated on a plan drawn by C F Zimpel deputy surveyor on the 14th of January 1834, as No 4, two and four, lot No one situated at the corner of Jackson and Philippa streets, measures 31 feet 8 inches and 6 lines front on the former lot No two measures 31 feet 8 inches front on Julia street by 1f0 feet in depth, and lot No 4 adjoining the rear of lot No one and two and measure twenty seven feet 7 inches six lines front on Philippa street, by ninety five feet and six lines in depth between parallel lines (American measure) seized at the suit of St Diaper & Co

This being the second and last adjudication the said property shall be adjudged to the highest bidder, sold on a credit of 12 months in bonds endorsed to the satisfaction of the Marshal, with 5 per cent interest per annum, and bearing mortgage on the property sold until final payment B BEAUREGARD
aug 19 Marshal

BY virtue of an order of seizure and sale to me directed by the Honorable J. N. Duncan, presiding judge of the city court of New Orleans, I shall expose at public sale on the 29th of September, 1837, at noon at Hewlett's Exchange, corner of St Louis and Chartres streets, four lots of ground situated in the suburb Lafayette, and designated on the plan drawn by L. Surgi, surveyor, on the 13 h of April 1836, by Nos 5, 6, 7 and 8 in square No 24; lot No. 5 measures thirty two feet seven inches front on Prosper street by 116 feet deep, and front on Lafayette street of which it forms the corner, and lot Nos 6, 7 and 8 measures each 32 feet 7 inches front on Prosper street by 116 feet deep, all English measure, seized at the suit of P. Dupeux Terms cash August 16, 1837.

aug 19 B. BEAUREGARD, Marshal.

J E Tricou vs Hobson,

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the Honorable G. Preval associate judge of the city court of New Orleans, I shall expose at public sale on the 29 of August, 1837, at 5 o'clock P. M. on the premises, St Ferdinand street, between Levee and Victory streets a boat, seized to satisfy the judgment rendered in this case. Terms cash. August 16, 1837.

aug 19 B. BEAUREGARD, Marshal

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the honorable J N Duncan presiding judge of the city court of New Orleans, I shall expose at public sale on the 4th of September 1837 at noon, at the New Exchange corner of St Louis and Chartres streets, two certain lots of ground, situated in the suburb St Mary and designated as No 17 and 18 in the square bounded by Circus, Girod, St John and Julia streets, agreeably to a plan drawn by L J Pilie deputy surveyor general, on the 24th of September 1836. Lot No 17, measuring 21 feet 8 inches and 4 lines front on St John street one hundred and forty feet eight inches 3 lines on one side and one hundred forty eight feet seven inches and six lines on the line which separates it from lot No 18—and twenty four feet four inches and 4 lines on the rear, and lot No 18 twenty four feet 4 in lines and 4 lines front on St John street one hundred and forty eight feet 7 inches six lines on the line which separates it from lot No 17, one hundred forty eight feet seven inches one line on the line which separates it from lot No 19 and twenty four feet four inches and 4 lines on the rear together with all the improvements thereon, seized at the suit of Hart, Lobatt and Co.

This being the second and last adjudication the said property shall be adjudged to the highest bidder, and sold on a credit of 12 months in bonds endorsed to the satisfaction of the Marshall with 5 per cent per annum interest and bearing mortgage on the property sold until final payment. B.BEAUREGARD.
aug 19 Marshal.

BY virtue a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the Honorable J N. Duncan, presiding judge of the city court of New Orleans, I shall expose at public sale on the 4th September 1837, at noon at Hewlett's exchange corner of St Louis and Chartres sts, the undivided half of a square of ground situated in suburb Montreuil and designated as No 15. bounded by Morales, Urquhart and Elmire streets, as per plan of said faubourg drawn by J. Pilie, city surveyor, on the 16th of June 1831, and deposited in the office of Chiane de Armas, notary public, seized at the suit of C. Morano.

This being the second and last adjudication the above described property will be adjudged to the highest bidder and sold on a credit of 12 months in bonds endorsed to the satisfaction of the marshall with 5 per cent interest and bearing mortgage on the property sold until final payment. B. BEAUREGARD, marshal.
au 19

Sales at Auction.

BY JONAS ROBESON.
Sale of Damaged Flour

ON Saturday evening the 19th inst. at 4 o'clock, P. M at the corner of Poydras and Tchoupitoulas streets.

31 barrels Flour, on account of whom it may concern. aug 17

BY T. MOSSY & GARIDEL

WILL be sold on Saturday, 19th instant, at 10 o'clock A M. in Old Levee street, between Bienville and Customhouse streets,

The whole stock in trade, composed of assorted preserved and pickled meats, liquors, wines, vinegar, &c. acrostelves, &c

ALSO—The lease of the store, being to expire on 1st November next.

Terms—For sums under $200, cash. from $200 to 500, at 60 days' credit; over $500, at 4 months, for good notes to be approved by the vendor. aug 17

BY ISAAC L. McCOY.
(Office No 47 Arcade Exchange.)

WILL be sold on Monday, 21st August, at 12 o'clock, at the Arcade Exchange, to close a concern, the well known

Steamboat Merchant,

recently overhauled, embellished, and coppered, Leaving without exception the finest vessel of her description in the south th country.

Terms—One fourth cash the remainder at 4 and 8 months credit, for approved endorsed notes, with interest at 10 per cent per annum a 15

BY J. B. BLACHE.

WILL be sold on Saturday, the 19th inst at half-past 4 o'clock, on the Levee, opposite the Vegetable Market the following articles landing from brig Emily:

75,000 Slates, Nos 1, 2, 3 and 4;
10,000 Fire bricks, first quality;
25,000 common bricks
2,000 Flat Tiles;
100 Barrels White Wine Vinegar.

Terms at sale aug 15

BY BACH & CALHOUN.

WILL be sold on Saturday, 9th September next, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange corner of St Louis and Chartres streets,

The Schooner Minerva,

With her tackle, apparel and furniture, as she now lies on the opposite side of the river, abandoned by P. Blanc, Cotra to his creditors.

Terms—6 and 12 months credit for approved endorsed notes. au 5

BY M BARNETT Sen.

WILL be sold on Tuesday, 29th of August at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange, corner of Chartres and St Louis streets, for account and risk of the persons hereinafter mentioned who have failed to comply with the conditions of the adjudication made to them on the 25th of March last, by M. Barnett, Sr and J H Dominguez, auctioneers,

449 Lots of Ground,

Situated in Municipality No. 1, between Rath and the New Orleans Canal, as per Plan drawn by J A G Zimpel dated March 20th, 1837, now deposited in the office of W Boswell, Esq Not. Pub.

		Square		
L C Pascal	Square No	33	41, 25	2 lots each
Do	do	61	21	do
Do	do	69	and 70, 26	do each
Joseph Lisa	do	64	24	do
Joseph N Pacyo	do	64	24	do
Do	do	129	26	do
Louis Michel	do	52	26	do
John Nolan	do	44	23	do
H C Geddesinger	do	15	and 20, 26	do each
Achille Magnan	do	63	21	do
Do	do	64	21	do
Cle Mathelin	do	50	and 51, 26	do each

TERMS.

One Fourth payable in 6 months, the balance at 1, 2, and 3 years credit, from the 25th of March last, by notes endorsed to the satisfaction of the vendor, bearing mortgage until final payment, the notes not previously, shall bear an interest of ten per cent per annum, from the time of their becoming due, until paid.

Acts of sale to be passed before W Boswell, Esq Notary Public, at the expense of purchasers, as well as the possession of property.

Those wishing to pay in cash, will be dispensed from giving an endorser to their balance, and those wishing to discount will be allowed 8 per cent per annum discount aug 27 15 3 w.

NOTICE—The subscriber requests the public not to pay any regard to an advertisement in the papers of a property to be sold for his account. The proper tribunal will decide by what right and property was so advertised.

aug 10—3w HUGO C GILDEMEESTER

STATE OF LOUISIANA—Parish Court for the parish and city of New Orleans. Present the honorable Charles Maurian, Judge August 16th 1837. The ... Gutierrez vs. Her creditors. August 16th, 1837. The cession of property by the petitioner, is hereby accepted by the court for the benefit of his creditors, and it is ordered by the court that a meeting of said creditors be held at the office of Felix Grima, Esq. notary public, on Tuesday the 19th day of September next, then and there to deliberate on the petitioner's affairs, and that in the meantime all proceedings against the person and property are stayed. It is further ordered that ... Marsoudet, Esq. be appointed to represent the absent creditors.

New Orleans, August 16th, 1837.

Signed,

J. F. Canonge, acting parish judge in the absence of Judge Charles Maurian.

Clerk's Office, New Orleans, August 16, 1837.

aug 19 3 ARM. GUYOL D'Clk.

John Freeman and Charles Waltman vs two flatboats and their cargoes

IN the United States District Court, Eastern District of Louisiana—No 3,192. By virtue of an alias warrant to me directed, I have seized and taken into my possession two flat boats and their cargoes

And I do hereby cite and admonish the owner or owners thereof, and all and every other person or persons having or pretending to have any right, title or interest in or to the said two flat boats and their cargoes (found lying in the Mississippi, near the English Turn in the river Mississippi and libeled for salvage,) to be and appear at a District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Louisiana to be holden on or before the 14th day from the date hereof and show cause, if any they have or can, why the said two flat boats and cargoes should not be condemned and sold agreeable to the prayer of the libellants.

Marshal's Office, New Orleans, August 17, 1837.

aug 19 JOHN H HOLLAND, Marshal.

NOTICE.

TO all whom it may concern: Whereas I executed my four notes, payable to Geo Hancock, each for two thousand seven hundred and sixty seven dollars and fifty cents, with Maunsel White & Co's, commonly used in New Orleans, and at Louisville, Ky. 20th July 1836. The first note payable on the first day of November, 1837, the second on the first day of November, 1838, the third on the first day of November, 1839. The aforesaid notes were given in consideration for a tract of land, purporting to be in the Republic of Texas, lying between the Sabine and Red Rivers, which now appears to be likely to fall in the limits of the U. States, being a part of a tract of 22 leagues, purchased by said George Hancock from Fort Thorn and Beaman & Jones, in whom three of the notes above described, have been assigned by said Hancock to the firm of Maunsel, White & Co., the first 4 notes only I do not intend to pay said notes, as I have received no value for them.

17—13 HENRY M. SHREEVE.

$30 REWARD.

Will be given for the arrestation of the mulatto Solomon, who calls himself Adolphe, well known as a confectioner; said slave is aged about 22 or 23 years, very high and has the complexion of an Indian.

TEN DOLLARS.

Will also be given for the arrestation of the mulatto wench Louisa, of the same age, of a high and thin size, light and curly hair, and must also be an intriguing wench.

An addition reward will be given to whoever can give satisfactory proof about the person who harbors said slaves.

aug 17—6 G ROMAIN

PENSACOLA yellow pine flooring, and ceiling boards, dressed, tongued and grooved, from the mills of Forsyth & Simpson, are offered for sale in quantities to suit purchasers. The well known excellence of the timber on the waters of Pensacola Bay, and the admitted superiority of the workmanship, on these boards, enable the subscriber to offer for extensive orders at his Lumber Yard, front of the Covington Landing, on the Basin of the New Canal.

A. P SIMPSON,

Also, on hand, Pensacola fire bricks, of the first quality, of J. Noriega brand, aug 7

ITALIAN PORTRAIT PAINTER.

THE subscriber has the honor to inform the public in general, that he has opened a room of Portrait Painting at No 147 Levee street, where he can receive all persons who will honor him with their presences; he has every confidence that the generous public will patronise him, having been a pupil of the best academies of Italy, therefore he warrants all Portraits by him executed, whether in oil or miniature, to be the exact likeness.

He has at present in his possession a variety of likenesses at the place above mentioned, exposed for the amateurs of the fine arts.

NESTORE CORRADI,
aug 17—6 N 147 Old Levee

NEGROES WANTED—Thirty or forty negroes are wanted to work in the city; good wages will be given. Apply immediately at the office of the Treasurer of the Second Municipality, corner of Hevia and St Charles sts. a 17

TO Merchants, &c.—A gentleman who has had about 20 years experience in mercantile pursuits as a good accountant, bookkeeper, &c. &c. owns almost all the towns in Europe, wants a situation as clerk. Has two young lads, wishing to be employed also, one 16 and the other 18 years of age; well educated and fit for business. Respectable references and security can be given. Commands directed A. B. C. Clerk Post Office, New Orleans, till the first September next, will meet attention. au 17 3t

ALL Persons having claims against the estate of Pierre Lafaye, may apply for settlement to the undersigned, his testamentary executor, who also hereby calls on the debtors of said estate, for payment.

(signed) B. CADILLIAN,
aug 17 154 Charles street

NOTICE.—A separation has taken place between me and my wife, being formerly Mrs. Maund, but by maiden name Lucy Tege—I do here by forewarn and caution all people not to harbor or credit her on my account, and that I will pay no debts of her contracting, and that she is no longer my wife.

aug 17—3 WM. MORAN.

NOTICE—S. T. HOBSON & CO. have removed their counting house from Canal street to No 93 Common street, between Camp and St Charles. a 2

TIN PLATES—An assorted invoice of tin plates just received from L'Pool, for sale by
S. T. HOBSON & CO,
au 2 90 Common st.

SUMMER CLOTHS—4 cases summer cloths for sale low to close a consignment, by
S. T. HOBSON & CO.
au 2 90 Common st.

NOTICE—The copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of Dubois & Garretson, has been dissolved. The subscriber will liquidate the affairs of the concern in this city, and requests all persons indebted to make payment to him only, and all those having claims, to present them for settlement.

aug 10—7t H GARRETSON.

RECEIVED per brig Everett, from Nantz:

36 000 fire bricks,
75,000 cut tiled slates, assorted sizes,
5,000 square tiles, for flooring and ovens,
100 bbls vinegar,
20 hhds red and yellow ochre in powder,
450 dozen Angers' Gu goudet
40 dozen Angers sparkling Champagne
20 cases preserves of all kinds.
6 nests cog of all sizes.
10 boxes hair brooms.
4 boxes shoe brushes.
474 large oval baker's baskets
42 boxes market baskets, assorted sizes
3 hhds assorted lines.
3 hhds fishing lines.
3 pipes brandy.
51 bundles iron hoops for hhds.
20 bundles vine props, &c

For sale by B JUETTE,
No 54, Toulouse st, between Royal and
aug 15—1m3pw Chartres sts.

L'ABI[EILLE]

Journal officiel de l'E[tat] ... de la Nouvelle-Orl[éans] ... et de la Troisi[ème] ...

Imprimé p[ar] ...

MARDI, JEU[DI] ...

NOUVELL[E-ORLÉANS] ...
SAMEDI MAT[IN] ...

Accident — Le bateau ... yé depuis que ... la Mobile et la Nouvelle ... bouilloires crevées à ... passagers, homme de ... été tués; plusieurs autres ... mais on ne les suppose ...

Nous apprenons par le ... à vapeur *Merchant*, arrivé ... cais, que le brick de guerre ... taine Fournier, venant ... ayant à son bord Meunier ... bord du Champion, qui ... Mobile, d'où il est à présumer ... notre ville.

Le *Rédacteur du Courrier* ... Lys, pour lui rendre ... qu'il se sa débarqué.

Accident horrible ...

[illegible]

OURAGAN A NASSAU ...

[illegible]

NOUVELLES ...

[illegible]

ESPAGNE ...

[illegible]