THE BEE.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED DAILY BY
J. BAYON.

NEW-ORLEANS,
SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 11, 1832.

☞ No mail had arrived, yesterday, at the time of closing the doors of the Post-office.

The City of New-Orleans.—It is strange that the city of New-Orleans should have ever been selected as the aim of illiberal attacks from the cant-ing host of 'spleeny Lutherans.' If the assertions of the hypocritical detractors are to believed, this city is one vast lazar-house; a refuge for vice, impiety, and the whole concomitant train of human iniquities. A city, compared to which, Babylon must have been the dwelling place of angels—Gomorrah a vase of election, and Sodom a sanctuary of virtues.

These reflections, though frequently occurring to our mind, have never been more forcibly felt, than upon reading an article, from one of the Nashville papers, elicited by the celebrations of the late festive days which happened, this year, to fall on three successive Sundays Among other incidents, the editor of the paper remarks, on the attempt at arrestation, and the disturbances consequent on the failure, that in no other place, in the United States, would such disgraceful occurrences have happened, or such a scene as that have been *tolerated* on *Sunday.*—Does the editor mean that the act would have been lawful, or tolerated on any other day than *Sunday?* Was it disorderly for happening on that particular day? Away! with the gloomy ravings of fanaticism, whether in word or action, Such an unforgiving spirit it is, that has stripped religion of its most solacing attributes, and pranked it in an unnatural, repulsive garb.

Let a man believe in the Talmud, the Gospel, or the Koran; in Pluto or in Satan; let him reverence the reality of the presence, or swear to the thirty-six articles; let him kneel in the gorgeous temple, or sit by the hill-side; pay toll to the Styx, or admit the lustration of purgatory—it is well: man is a free agent, and we stand up for freedom of conscience.

It is really astonishing that in sweeping away the rubbish of feudality, mankind should have allowed the rust of antiquated prejudice to stain the ermine of religion; or, like the lifeless minister of Mezentius' vengeance, suffer the loathsome carcase of the middle ages to lie on the skirts of the great, the liberal, the enlightend nineteenth century! One satisfaction that cheers up against the attacks of illiberality, is that we have, at least, one *free* society in this our deservedly boasted land of freedom. One city, in which we can worship our maker in the morning, nor think that we bargain over our immortal soul, to the arch enemy of mankind, by enjoying rational amusements in the evening. If the charges, so lyingly adduced, deserved serious refutation, it would be no difficult task to prove, that there exists less immorality, less vice, or crime, in the city of New Orleans, than in any other in the Union, of a proportionate population. We remember the time when sensitive mammas, in the north, lapsed into hysterics at the idea of papas' intimating a wish to send their off-prings south, to try their fortunes, and would as soon have exposed them to the deadly influences of the Upas, as to cast them out to the dissoluteness of New-Orleans. But the times are changed, and we have a bevy of industrious, thriving youths from the north, nothing perverted by the moral atmosphere of the reprobated city.

City Council.—Very little business was transacted in the City Council yesterday. After the reading of the journal of the last sitting, and communication of the message of the Mayor; Mr. Blanc proposed that the Council should nominate a committee, to confer with the one appointed by the Legislature, for the purpose of devising the best means of celebrating Washington's birth-day. Mr. Dixon approved the object of the proposition, and introduced a resolution to that purpose.

TEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

By the ship SALEM, Capt. Destelecho, who left Havre on the 21th of December, we have files of the Journal of Commerce of the 23d, furnishing Paris dates of the 22d of December.

The intelligence, received by this channel, tho' not absolutely important, is not wholly stripped of interest. The second reading of the Reform Bill has passed the Commons, by a vote of a large majority.

We notice with concern that the cases of the cholera, far from abating in England, are on the increase. It has extended, from Sunderland and Newcastle, to several other parts of the Kingdom.

The tenor of the language of the French papers breathes of something like war; while the continuance of peace, in Europe, is far from being certain. It is evident that the dilatoriness, evinced by King William of Holland, in recognizing the articles of the London conference, on the Belgic question, takes its rise from motives far different from mere obstinacy. The machinations of Russia, which has been practising in an underhanded manner, on the irascible monarch, greatly account for the trammels thrown in the way of negociation; it is furthermore asserted with a degree of confidence, little short of certitude, that the autocrat has secretly urged William to withhold his assent from the treaty. If this turn out to be a fact, it is not difficult to foresee the measures, which the powers concerned shall adopt. War must be the necessary, inevitable consequence of such machiavelism.

General Torrijos, the constitutional leader, after hovering for the last year in the southern parts of Spain, has been unfortunately arrested, in the province of Andalusia. This capture has been the source of undisguised joy to Ferdinand, whose craven spirit, quailed before the terror of the patriot's name. We learn from our papers, that at the request of Lafayette, the French government have interposed in his behalf near the cabinet of Madrid.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, Dec. 20. (By express.) The public is at present much taken up with the business of the late conferences, and it is one of the causes which have caused the slight attendance on the courts to day. It is now ascertained for a certainty that the Emperor of Russia has refused his ratrification, and that he even declares his unwillingness to acknowledge the new government. It is easy enough to explain what has given this change to the language of Russia Nearly immediately after the receipt of the news of the expulsion of Charles 10th, and before the Emperor of Russia had the time to take any determination, the Polish insurrection broke forth; his projects were then for a time postponed, and then the Russian cabinet was obliged to adopt conciliatory measures which were in fact but the means to temper matters. But now, Poland is subdued; the dominion of Russia daily becomes firm and gains on the inhabitants on the banks the Vistula; nothing now opposes Russia from pursuing the plan adopted since the time of Catharine of Russia. We do not mean to say by this that Russia will instantly declare war. But what she wants is, a supremacy over the other cabinets of Europe, and any harmony of principles of the other powers with her own. To acknowledge Belgium, would be commending the liberal principles, and allow a dangerous antecedent. For these reasons she has prevailed on the King of Holland to this temporising plan until spring, which will be the decisive moment when we shall behold Europe protesting a firm peace, until when nothing decisive can be looked for.

LONDON, Dec 19. By express, private correspondence of the Journal of Havre. The second reading of the Reform Bill was carried by a majority of 162 votes out of 324. This majority exceeds by 50 that by which the Bill passed in the Commons last session. The House of Commons adjourned until the 17th January.

LONDON, Dec. 16. The number of cases of the cholera increase. At Sunderland, there are at present 18 sick and under the routine of attendance; 456 cases since the malady first made its appearance, and 157 deaths. At New-Castle 31 are sick, being 46 cases since the 7th December, and 13 at North Shields; 3 cases and 2 death at Sey-Hill; 4 cases at Walker. near New-Castle 2 cases, but no mortality-

HOLLAND

THE HAGUE, Dec 16

By express. You tell me that the refusal of the Emperor of Russia to ratify the treaty of 15 Nov. is announced, and ask me what I know positively on this score; thus it is:

The King of Holland has asked of the Emperor of Russia if he intends to abandon him in the stand he has taken against the revolutionary spirit; if, in one word he intended to ratify the 23d article in which the rights and interests of Holland are so outrageously sacrificed.

Until now, the Emperor has made but one reply to this demand; and even this answer is but a question. He has asked if Holland could, without too great a sacrifice, remain on a war footing, to which King William eagerly answered, that he could not only maintain his army as it now is for some months but for a year or two, and as long as it would paralise the commerce of Antwerp. The advantages which Rotterdam, Amsterdam and Dortrecht draw from the existing state of things, fully indemnify the country, generally, for being put on a war establishment, and 'nothing,' says the King of Holland, 'can hurry me to close it'

These are the negociations, and no further, and we may all have our conjectures; you know well enough in what form mine are moulded.

It appears that Russia does not desire that other powers should interfere with the affairs of Greece.—She has embarked troops in her ports in the Black Sea, to send them to Greece to maintain her preponderance; and presumes that the Sublime Porte will not oppose any obstacles to the passage of the troops through the pass of the Dardanelles.

[Gazette de France.

PRUSSIA.

THORN, Nov. 26.

PRUSSIA.—A rumour has been in circulation for some days, that the cavalry of the Landwehr are to be on furlow; in fact, a part of them have already returned; but it is now stated that the whole of the Landwehr are soon to be recalled, because all the demonstrations of Russia in Poland, give cause for the belief of a WAR WITH FRANCE in the approaching spring. The destination of the Polish troops in Prussia is still a secret. The fourth regiment of Dantzick will remain at Thorn during the winter; and the 57th are also to arrive. Our city is still palisaded by guards. The vistula is already covered with ice, but no word arrives from Poland.

Correspon. of Nuremburg.

PORTUGAL.

LISBON, December 8—The cabinets of Spain and Portugal, after appearing for a long time, to the representatives of France and England to be at issue, have ultimately concluded a treaty of alliance offensive and defensive. By virtue of the stipulations of this act, which was to have been communicated to the foreign courts, Ferdinand is engaged to maintain the rights of Don Miguel against all attempts external or internal, and to comply therewith, has already marched an army of 20,000 men to the frontiers of Portugal, who are to remain in observation until the expedition of Don Miguel shall require his intervention. In case France and England should oppose the fulfilment of this treaty, it is confidently stated, that the Northern Courts will take energetic measures. It is also said, that the pretentions of Don Miguel are to be submitted to the conference at London: but supposing that the diplomatic body should find means to conciliate all parties, there are interests which will by no means obey their decisions, a marriage between the usurper and his victim having become impossible.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Dec. 11.—The news of the arrest of Torrijos, was the cause of undescribable joy at the palace of Ferdinand, who, for some time, has not attended to the offices of State, was anxious to know all the particulars how this greatest of the leaders of the Constitutional party fell into his power. He sent orders to the Governor of Malaga, to have Torrijos and all his unfortunate companions shot. The inhabitants of the coast, who evinced a favorable disposition to the rebels are to be imprisoned until their trial, which is to take place by a special commission.

Acta of the Garrison of Vera Cruz.—The Acta above alluded to, was passed on the 2d of January; and to it the chiefs and officers of the fortress de Ulloa were parties, as well as those of the garrison of Vera Cruz. The "articles" subjoined are introduced, in the original, by a long preamble, which we deem it unnecessary to translate, being little than the expression, in different words, of the sentiments contained in the articles themselves. We, however, except the following passage, as developing a little more in detail, the views of the remonstrants:

Taking into consideration the political situation of the Republic, which is threatened with the most bloody revolution by the notorious and repeated acts of the enemies of our institutions and individuals rights—and considering the sad and dangerous alternative of seeing the Federation bowed down under the most ignominious yoke, or sunk in the horrors of anarchy—and particularly this city, justly alarmed by the machinations of ambition—agree: That the encouragement afforded by the minority, both in their periodicals and in other ways, to the attempts committed against the constitution, and public and private rights, are but too apparent; and that the agents of the ministry will very soon bring ruin upon the system, unless this city shall withstand its intrigues, &c.

ARTICLES, &c.

Art. 1. The garrison of Vera Cruz renews the protests made by the PLAN OF JALAPA, to sustain, at all hazards, their oaths for the maintenance of the *Federal Constitution and the laws.*

2. It asks his Excellency the Vice President, the removal of the present ministry, who are accused by public opinion of promoting *centralism* [consolidation, in opposition to federalism,] tolerating the attacks which have been made upon *civil liberty and individual rights.*

3. The chiefs of this garrison will be commissioned to present this resolution to his Excellency Gen. Antonio Lopez, de Santa Anna, and to entreat his Excellency that in conformity therewith, he will come to this city and take the military command.

4. Under these circumstances, the garrison abstains from adopting any ulterior measures in the case, in as much as it will devolve upon his Excellency, General Santa Anna to direct the movement, and to make such expositions as he may deem proper, to his Excellency the Vice President and the other authorities of the federations and of the States—dictating such measures as may be deemed suitable, in order to carry into effect the laudable wishes of the undersigned.

And having all agreed to these articles, Lt. Col. Ramon Hernandez, of the 2d permanent battalion, and Col. Juan Andonagui, of the 9th permanent battalion, are appointed to present them to his Excellency Gen. Santa Anna; and they are signed by the said chiefs and by one of the officers of each grade, together with the Secretary appointed for the occasion.

BOSTON, Jan. 19.

In the senate, yesterday, Mr. Austin of Suffolk, from the joint committee, to whom was referred an order to consider and report on the propriety of adopting suitable measures to celebrate the centennial anniversary of the *Birth day of Washington.* and co-operate with any committee that may be appointed on the part of the city of Boston, for the same purpose, reported, in part.

☞ That it is expedient to celebrate the centennial anniversary of the Birth-day of George Washington, and that the two branches of the Legislature should attend the delivery of an oration and the performance of religious exercises suitable to the occasion, on Wednesday, the twenty-second day of February next.

That his excellency the governor, the president of the senate, and the speaker, of the House of Representatives, be requested to appoint some suitable person to deliver an Oration before the two branches of the Legislature on the aforesaid anniversary."

The report was *accepted* and sent down for concurrence.

NASHVILLE, January 30, 1832.

Presbyterian Church destroyed.—Between 12 and 1 o'clock this morning our citizens were aroused by the alarm of fire, and the flames were seen issuing from the *Presbyterian Church,* which, we regret to say, was entirely consumed. The difficulty in procuring an immediate and abundant supply of water alone prevented the preservation of this valuable public edifice, as a prompt application by the engines after the discovery of the fire, would, it is believed, have effectually extinguished it, before it had caused any serious or extensive injury. The destruction of this building is a heavy loss to our city, and especially to the Presbyterian congregation, whose recent severe bereavement in the death of their late beloved and respected pastor is thus speedily followed by the conflagration of their house of worship. It is not known, so far as we have yet heard, how the fire originated. Fortunately, the roofs of the houses were all covered with snow, which circumstance and the detached situation of the church apart from all other building prevented the further extension of the flames.

The night was dark and cloudy, the snow falling rapidly, and the illumination from the burning spire was exceedingly splendid and sublime.

Growth of Tobacco in France.—The cultivation of tobacco in France is a complete monopoly: the French government grant licenses for its cultivation to certain persons, and they restrict it for the purpose of taking it to themselves at the price of the government. They grow in the country about four-fifths of the quantity consumed, a small quantity of Dutch, and the remainder American. When the crop is gathered, it is cured and sent to the depots of the *Regiæ,* who take the whole of the crops, and give the cultivator a *certain price* at the rate of so much for 50 kilograms. The government report, state the price to be paid for the commodity and its amount. The quality is not, however, equal to the Virginia tobacco. All tobacco imported into France must be tendered to the government, and the import duty required is five francs the kilogram. The government fix the price to leave a profit of, 10 to 15 per cent. to the licensed dealers. A great deal of Dutch grown tobacco is annually smuggled into France.

Law Pleasantries.—To say to a man, "you enchanted my bull," Sid. 424— to say, "thou art a witch," or that a person "bewitched my husband to death," Crol Eliz. 312, is clearly actionable. On the other hand, you may say of another; "that he is a great rogue, and deserves to be hanged as well as G. who was hanged at Newgate," because this is a mere expression of opinion, and perhaps you might think that G. did not deserve hanging. T. Jones 157. So also you may say of any Mr. Smith that you know, "Mr. Smith struck his cook on the head with a cleaver, and cleaved his head; the one lay on the one side and the other on the other;" because it is only to be inferred that there by the cook of Mr. Smith died, and this in the reported case was not averred. Cro. Jac. 131.—*A fortiori,* you may say, "Mr. Smith threw his wife into the Thames, and she never came up again;" or 'Mr. Smith cut off Tom's head,' and walked with it to Worcester," because this is all inference; and his cook, wife, or Tom, as the case may be, for all that the Court knows, may be still alive.—*The Year Book.*

First Daily Paper.—The first daily paper ever printed on the American Continent, was "The Pennsylvania packet or general advertiser," published at Philadelphia, by Dunlap and Claypoole. The first number was issued on the 21st September, 1784. The title of the paper was soon after changed to its present designation of "The American Daily Advertiser"—the present editor of which, (Mr. Poulson) says he remembers the occurrence, (the commencement of the daily publication) perfectly well; it was noticed, at the time, in almost all the papers published in America, as a most enterprising and hazardous undertaking!

Boston Transcript.

COMMERCIAL.

HAVRE, Dec. 21.

Cotton.—100 bales of Georgia, short staple, new crop 90: 100 do, do do 89½: 50 do do do 89: 25 do, old at 84: 100 do Alabama 83; 220 Mobile and Tennessee 75½.

HAVRE, Dec. 22

Cotton.—374 bales Georgia, short staples, of the new crop, were sold at 87; 92 Tennessee at 76; 12 do. Georgia at 73.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 16.

During the whole of this week the cotton market has been firm, and the demand regular for consumption, which brought largely at the prices of last week. Speculators took about 1500 bales of United States.

Some parcels of Uplands, of the new crop were offered for sale; and mostly of good qualities.

Sales.—18320 bales of which 14560 were United States

Arrived, 7554 bales, of which 7160 were U. States.

CAMP STREET THEATRE.

MR. KEPPELL'S 3d NIGHT.

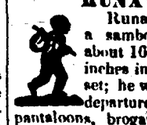
ON SATURDAY EVENING, Feb. 11th,
Will be presented Shakspears tragedy of
ROMEO AND JULIETT,
ROMEO - - - - Mr KEPPELL.
After which the laughable Farce of the
RENDEZVOUS.
☞ Last night of MR FINN'S, engagement on Monday. feb 11

MAYORALTY OF NEW-ORLEANS.

THE price of fresh Flour being this day $5 50 per barrel, according to the tariff, the Bakers must give during the ensuing week (which commences on Monday) 44 ounces of bread for a bit. feb 11.

RANAWAY on Monday the 6th inst. from the plantation of mad. V. Mayronne, a negro boy named **RICHARD,** aged 12 years, handsome, of a light complexion. well made and has fine bushy hair; a liberal reward will be given to any one who will apprehend him and lodge him in the city goal, or leave information at this office where he may be found. He was seen near the Convent going down the coast. feb 11.

RUNAWAY SLAVE.



Runaway, the slave named JOHN, a sambo, handsome faced. He is about 10 years of age, 4 feet 9 or 10 inches in height, he is short and thick set; he was dressed, at the time of his departure, in a grey mixed jacket, blue pantaloons, brogans; but wore no hat. This slave belongs to Mr. Savinien Blanc. Ten dollars will be paid to whoever takes him back to the undersigned, or will lodge him in jail. Masters of vessels, and others, are *forwarned against* harboring said slave, under the penalties of the law. feb 11

Marine Journal.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Brig Ariel, Banks, Baltimore, J W Zacharie & co
Brig Alfred, Seale, Baltimore, Hazard & Quarles
Brig Boreadino, Curtis, Boston, G Fonteleet
Brig Commerce, Webster, E Corbett
Schr Spica, Doane, Galveston, J Welch

ARRIVED

Towboat Pocahontas, Hubble, fm S W Pass, having towed to sea brigs Ajax, Maria, Mary and Urgo, and schr Felicia. Brought up ship Salem; brig Kanawha, and schr Peru.

Towboat Porpoise, Davis, from the Passes—towed to sea on Monday afternoon, ship Louisville; brig Poland; towed up to town brig Col Howard. Yatchel, from Rio Janeiro; schrs Signal, Ross, from Charleston; Baltic, Hill, fm Attakapas. Left the bar Wednesday at 5 p m—reports outside, ships Carroll of Carrollton, and Hindostan; brigs Watchman, Hope and Henry; bark Elizabeth. Passed in the river, ship Salem—several sail in sight standing down for the Ba

Brig Col Howard, Yatchel, fm Rio Janeiro—coffee to A Fisk, Watt and co.

Ship Salem, Destebecho, Havre, to V Roumage, cargo to Livaudais and Charbonnet; Herman & Son; L Choine; F P Duconge; A Beach; S Blanc; E Bernard; M C Le Blanc; Davis; C Martineau; L Arnaud; Arnouz and Pedron; J S Lindner; L Martial; B Lacoste; D Coppens; J W Zacharie and co; J and Garnier; T Nicolet and co; B Cadilian; F Verrier; Bellievre, Tuyes and co; A and B Cavalier; Rufun; A Seneca; F Perret; V Roumage; J Maret; W Vignaud—44 passengers.

Brig Kanawha, fm St Jago de Cuba—coffee and tobacco.

Schr Peru, Cole, Port-au-Prince, coffee, &c.

Schr Lagrange, Clark, fm Attakapas—sugar to Peyroux, Rivarde and co. 20 cabin and 7 deck passengers.

Steamer Waverlé, Scott, from Thibodeauville—cotton &c to P. Dubertrand; Kernion; Maurin and O'Duhigg; Allain, Perrault & Allain; T Tolpdano & Legendre; Peyroux, Rivarde & co; and owner on board. Passengers, Messrs Kenthrop and lady, Carter, Gillen, G Fontelet and lady, H Fontelet, Mrs and Miss Conan, and 3 on desk.

C Bourdin's flat boat from Cincinnati—molasses bbls to Lobre, Grain & co

Steamer Peruvian, Breden, from Louisville—flaxseed, &c to T Toby; J H Field and co; Allain, Perrault and Allain; J G Stevenson; Brander, McKenna and Lee; Wallace, Lambeth and Pope; Townsley, Prieur and co; Wilcox and Fearn; Cooper, Cruthers and co. Passengers, Messrs Anketell and lady, Perry, lady and daughter, Glascow, Wilson, Bryant, Lewis, Bradley, Scott, Kysor, Burl, Alexander, Longinnaro, Armitage, Moore, May, Davis, Moriam, Thompson, Waldon, Pateman, Bayman and lady, capt Harrison, and 30 on deck.

MEMORANDA.

Hence at Marseilles, Dec. 13, the Oromaro, Andacoa.

Up at Bordeaux for this port, Zilia, and the Gustave Ernest; the latter to touch at St. Thomas.

Hence at Havre, Dec. 22, ship Woodbury, 18th the Atticus

Up at Havre for this port, American ship Emery Marshall, to sail on the 5th January.

ORLEANS BALL ROOM.

MR. E. BERTUS has the honour to inform the public, that on Monday, Feb. 13, he will give for his **Benefit,**

A GRAND BALL,

PRECEDED BY A

CHILDREN'S BALL.

BALL ROOM,

Corner of Orleans and Bourbon streets,
ON SATURDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 11,

Grand Dress Ball.

Admittance—One dollar.

☞ At the establishment are constantly kept a great variety of *Masquerade Dresses* and *Masks,* where Ladies and Gentlemen can be supplied at all times. feb 10

A DRIFT.—Was picked up adrift, opposite the site of fort St. Charles, a Skiff; black painted, with a blue streak. It measures about 25 feet in length, and 5 in breadth. The owner is requested to claim said Skiff, and pay charges. HERIQUEZ.
feb 11 Corner of François street.

OIL.—51 barrels tanners, oil, received per brig Triton, for sale by
Wm. G. HEWES.
feb 11 9 Camp street.

MACKEREL.—800 barrels and half barrels no. 1, 2 and 3, in very prime order, received per brig Triton from Portland, for sale by Wm. G. HEWES,
feb 11 9 Camp street.

VARNISH.—10 bbls copal varnish, landing from ship Illinois, for sale by
TOURNE & BECKWITH,
feb 11 15 new-Levee.

CEMENT.—150 bbls. hydraulic cement, for sale by Wm. G. HEWES,
feb 11 no. 9 Camp street.

PLEASURE RAIL-ROAD.

THE subscribers respectfully announce to the ladies and gentlemen of New-Orleans, and strangers, that having obtained from the honorable the Mayor and City Council, an appropriation of the *Basin square of ground,* they have in pursuance of their original intention, and at a very great expense, constructed their

Patented Pleasure Rail-Road.

The inventors' design is to show the practicability of travelling on rails constructed as above, at the rate of *twenty miles an hour,* without the aid of *horses* or *steam;* the traveller being able, by the peculiar construction of the carriages, to propel himself.

TWO CARRIAGES,

Are being made, and will be ready for the public to make trial in a few days; handbills will announce the day. The subscribers (proprietors and patentees) beg to call the attention of the ladies and gentlemen of New-Orleans, and to assure them that an experiment of this useful invention will prove a wholesome exercise, independent of the amusement.
feb 10 DECKER & HIETT.

NATCHITOCHES
CATHOLIC CHURCH LOTTERY
2nd CLASS FOR 1832.
The drawing will take place on Saturday 11th of February 1832.

PRIZES.	DOLLARS.		DOLLARS
1 or	10,000	is	10,000
1 or	3,000	is	3,000
1 or	1,500	is	1,500
1 or	1,000	is	1,000
1 or	800	is	800
1 or	623	is	623
6 or	500	are	3,000
6 or	300		1,800
6 or	200		1,200
156 or	50		7,800
156 or	20		3,120
621 or	8		4,968
7800 or	4		31,200

PRICE OF TICKETS:

Whole Tickets	$8 00
Halves	4 00
Quarters	2 00

J. B. FAGET, *Manager.*
jan 28 No. 119, Chartres street.

WANTED.—A young man as a salesman in a fancy article store. He must be well acquainted with the line of business, and must have been employed in it. A knowledge of the French and English languages is necessary. An interest in the sales would be granted to him. Apply at the office of this paper for references.
feb 9

STRAW WRAPPING PAPER.—300 reams large size, for sale by
feb 10 YORK, MACALESTER & Co.

FRESH TEAS.—300, 6 lbs boxes imperial teas, entitled to debenture, landing and for sale by
feb 10 YORK, MACALESTER & Co.

SALES AT AUCTION.

BY ISAAC L. McCOY.

THIS day the 11th inst at 12 o'clock at the Exchange Coffee House, will be sold 2 valuable slaves.—Anderson, aged about 25 years a good cook and driver, and acclimated. Edward, a mulatto boy aged 16 years, a first rate house servant. Both fully guaranteed, and sold on account of the owners having no further use for them.

Terms: 4 months credit for approved endorsed paper secured by mortgage until final payment. feb 11

BY ISAAC L. McCOY.

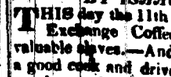
ON Thursday 15th inst. at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange coffee house will be sold,

Seven valuable Lots of Ground,

adjoining each other, together with the buildings and improvements thereon, situated at the corner of Girod and Baronne streets, Faubourg St. Mary. Lot no. 1 is situated in Girod street, and measures 24 feet 3 inches front by 191 feet 10 inches in depth, and opening to 42 feet 7 inches rear, together with the buildings thereon. Lot no. 2 adjoins no. 1, and is situated in Girod street, and measures 24 feet 3 inches front by 127 feet 10 inches in depth; together with the improvements thereon. Lot no. 4 is situated in Girod street, and measures 24 feet 3 inches front by 192 feet 10 inches in depth. Lots no. 5 and 6, adjoin in succession and are of the same dimensions as no. 4. Lot no. 7, forms the corner of Girod and Baronne streets, and measures 25 feet front on the former, by 102 feet 10 inches in depth on the latter; together with the improvements thereon. Lot no. 8, is situated in Baronne street, adjoining the rear of nos. 4, 5, 6 and 7 and measurs 25 feet front by 122 feet in depth. All as will more fully appear by the plan drawn by J. Pilié Esq. city surveyor, and exhibited at the Exchange Coffee House. Said lots are in a thriving part of the city, and near the new Canal and Basin.

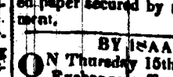
Terms: 1, 2 and 3 years for approved endorsed paper secured by mortgage until final payment. The acts of sale to be passed before W. Christy Esq. at the expense of the purchaser. feb 11

FOR NASHVILLE.



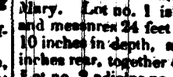
The fast, light draught steamer **WANDERER,** captain Norvell, has half her cargo engaged, and will leave on Monday. For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
YORKE, MACALLISTER & CO.
feb 11

FOR CINCINNATI, LOUISVILLE, And Intermediate Ports.



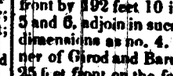
The fine new and fast running steamer **TENNESSEAN,** Capt. Barner, has a large portion of her cargo engaged, will be immediately despatched as above. For freight or passage, having very handsome accommodations, apply on board or to
jan 20 YORKE, MACALESTER & CO.

FOR VERA CRUZ.



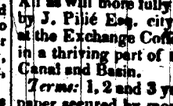
A good vessel will be dispatched immediately that provided a sufficiency of freight or passengers can be obtained to make it an object, on applications made to
J. W. ZACHARIE & Co.
feb 11 80 Bienville st.

FOR BALTIMORE.



The fine fast sailing coppered and copper fastened A. I. schr. **ARAB,** Haskell master, some light freight to complete her loading for freight or passage, apply to the Capt. on board or to
J. W. ZACHARIE & Co.
feb 11 80 Bienville street.

FOR BALTIMORE.



The fast sailing coppered and copper fastened A. I. brig **COL. HOWARD,** Gotchell master, will commence loading in a few days for freight or passage, apply on board to the capt. G. or to
J. W. ZACHARIE & Co.
feb 11 80 Bienville st.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

(The West India or Mediterranean pressed)

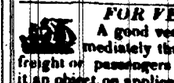
The fast sailing coppered brig **SICILY,** capt. Bringes, burthen 193 tons or 1700 bbls, will be ready to load in a few days, apply on board or to
feb 11 LINCOLN & GREEN.

FOR BORDEAUX.

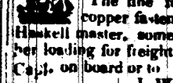
To sail positively between the 20th & 25th inst.

The A. I. French ship **TRINITY,** Bettus master, having the principal part of her cargo on board, will sail as above, for balance of freight or passage having handsome accommodations for 12 or 15 passengers, apply to the Capt. on board, opposite Toulouse st. or to P. E. & O. SORBE,
feb 10 118 Royale st.

FOR HAVANA.



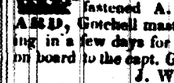
The Spanish brig **ISABELLA & JUAN,** Beigs, master, will meet with immediate despatch. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to
J. W. ZACHARIE & CO.
feb 9 80 Beinville st.



WANTED.—A vessel of about 2000 bils burthen, to load at the Levee for Boston. Apply to
YORK, MACALESTER & co.
feb 8 65 Camp street.

FOR NEW YORK.

Packet of the 20th inst. Louisiana & N. York line.

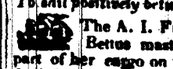


The new and elegant ship **NASHVILLE,** captain Hathorn, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply on board, opposite the public square, or to
feb 8 FOSTER & HUTTON, 77 canal st.

FOR BOSTON.—A Packet.

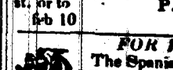
The fine coppered brig **RUPEE,** capt. Foque, having nearly all her freight engaged, will have despatch. For freight or passage apply on board opposite the vegetable market, or to STETSON & AVERY.
feb 8 31 Camp street.

FOR BALTIMORE.



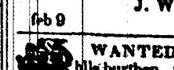
The splendid copper fastened, coppered, and new packet brig **CANADA,** Joseph L. White, master, is daily expected, and will have immediate despatch. For freight or passage, having extensive and handsome accommodations, apply to
HARRISON, BROWN & Co.
feb 8 117 Royal st.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.



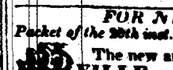
The barque **HERCULES,** Wm. Longrope, master, having half the cargo engaged, can take the bulk of 200 hhds, sugar in the city or on the coast below. For freight of which, apply to S. P. MORGAN & Co.
feb 8 46 Camp st. up stairs.

FOR LIVERPOOL.



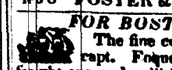
THE A. 1. ship **SARAH & CAROLINE,** capt. Prince, now loading and can take 300 to 400 bales cotton, apply to Lincoln & Green or
BENJ. BOOTH & Co.
feb 7

FOR MOBILE—(A PACKET.)



The new copper fastened and fast sailing schooner **LOUISIANA,** Capt. A. Smith, Master, having part of her cargo engaged, will have despatch. For freight, or passage, apply on board or to
feb 6 TOURNE & BECKWITH.

FOR SALE, FREIGHT OR CHARTER.



The new and very fast sailing, copper fastened and coppered schr. **BONITA,** James Stockton master, built in Baltimore in May last, well found in every respect, and stows well for her tonnage. Apply to
HARRISON, BROWN & Co.
feb 6 117 Royal street.

SALES AT AUCTION.

☞ Two columns of auction advertisements are in the first page.

BY ISAAC L. McCOY.

THIS AFTERNOON, the 11th inst. at 5 o'clock, at Palfreys Steam Press, Camp street, will be sold for of whom it may concern 7 *BALES COTTON,* damaged on board the steamer Gleaner.

Terms—Cash. feb 11.

ON Monday the 20th instant, at 12 o'clock, at Hewlett's Exchange Coffee House, will be sold,

Two Hundred Lots of Ground,

situated in the Faubourg Religieuses, and adjoining Faubourg Annunciation; situated on Nayads, or St. Charles-street extended; Apollo, or Carondelet-street extended; Bacchus, Dryades, Hercules, Fulton's Avenue, Liberty and Green streets; and bounded by Felicity, St. Andrew and St. Mary's streets; and a portion fronting on the new Basin Gormley, and the projected canal leading thereto; the greater part of which is already dug, and can be united with the new canal now excavating by the Canal and Banking Company with very little labor and expense. The brick yard, sheds, brick-kilns, stables, barns, negro cabbins, etc., will be offered in block, with the privilege of working up all the clay now lying upon the Basin Gormley, and of digging out the remaining portion of said basin and using the earth thereof. The ground now offered for sale is about six feet higher than the level of Canal-street, and has never been overflowed by the waters of the lake, thereby affording an opportunity to those who may purchase lots and erect buildings thereon, of making cellars under them in the same manner as is done in the northern cities. A more desirable situation for the erection of private dwellings, and the residence of merchants, merchants and others, could not be procured, being only about fifteen minutes walk back from Canal street, and uniting with it all the advantages that will arise from the immediate extension of the business streets of the city, through the greater part of it; the not opening of which until this time has greatly retarded the improvements of said property & all adjoining it. ☞ Also 35 valuable acclimated slaves, viz: Allen, aged 22 years; Dennis, 23 do; Phil, 29 do. blacksmith; Miles, 22 do. brick maker; Tom, 25 do. brick moulder; Reubin, 27 do; Congo Dick, 28 do. carter; Alleck, 18 do; Harry, 40 do. cutler; Peter, 27 do. blacksmith; Edmond, 23 do. carter; James Rice, 28 do; John, 22 do; Billy, 24 do. carter; Big Ben, 28 do. carpenter; Gabriel, 30 do. sawyer; Buswell, 21 do. carter; Yellow Tom, 24 do. carter; Sem, 28 do. do; Sarah his wife, 24 do; Monroe, their child, 10 do; Dick, 28 do. moulder; Louisa his wife, 21 do; her child, an infant, 1 1-4 do; Daniel, 18 do. carter; Reubin, 27 do. ox driver; Seigh 24 do. moulder and carter; Nelson 21 do. do. do; Little Ben, 32 do. moulder; Moses, 35 do. brick burner; Edwin, 29 do. temperer; Sarah, 20 do. off bearer; Frank 45 do. common hand; Nelly, 26 do. off bearer; and at the same time will be sold agreeably to an inventory that will be produced, and as they now are on the premised, all the horses, carts, wheelbarrows, and other materials appertaining to the brick yard establishment.

Terms: For the lots of ground 1, 2, 3 and 4 years; and for the slaves 1 and 2 years credit for approved endorsed paper, secured by mortgage until final payment. For the horses, carts and other movable property, for sums less than $200 cash, $200 and upwards 6 months credit for approved endorsed paper. Should the sale not be finished in one day, it will be continued from day to day until the whole is disposed of. The acts of sale to be passed before Wm. Y. Lewis Esq. at the expense of the purchasers.

Plans of the above described property can be seen at the exchange coffee house. feb 11

BY T. MOSSY.

ON Thursday the 16th inst at 12 o'clock at the Exchange Coffee House, will be sold, A LOT, situated in this city, at the corner of Conti and Bourgogne streets, measuring 29 feet 9 inches front on Conti street, with a depth of 83 feet 3 inches; thence opening 3 feet 6 inches on a second depth of 25 feet 9 inches; in all sixty feet in depth on Burgundy, with the improvements thereon, consisting of a low brick building, and tile-roofed (the walls can bear a story) divided into 4 large rooms, one of which is fronting Burgundy street, used as a store, a brick wall, &c. Terms will be made known, and a plan exhibited, at the time of sale.
feb 11.

BY ISAAC L. McCOY.

THIS DAY, the 11th inst. at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange coffee-house will be sold, *slave* **LOUISA,** a mulattoe aged about 13 years speaks French and English, is strong and healthy and general handsome, a creole of the country and fully guaranteed.

Terms; 6 months credit, for approved endorsed paper secured by mortgage until final payment. The act of sale to be passed at the expense of the purchasers. feb 11.

BY ISAAC L. McCOY.

ON Saturday the 11th inst. at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange coffee-house will be sold, *A Valuable Blacksmith, REUBEN,* aged about 20 years, capable of executing good plantation work; *Also;* ISAAC, aged about 22 years, a