

BONHEUR AU NOUVEAU BUREAU
JOHN S. FANUREDE,
Rue de la Peste, No. 64, près du Bureau de la Poste.

A la vente d'un lot de ses amis et au public...
 BILLETS EN VENTE, demis et quarts, au par série, pour la Grande classe de la Loterie de Saint-Martinville.

LOTÉRIE
De l'Eglise Catholique de Saint-Martinville.

PROSPÉCTUS

1 lot de \$ 8,000	\$ 8,000
1 " " " 7,000	7,000
1 " " " 6,000	6,000
1 " " " 4,840	4,840
1 " " " 3,000	3,000
1 " " " 2,000	2,000
1 " " " 1,000	1,000
12 " " " 500	6,000
156 " " " 50	7,800
780 " " " 10	7,800
7800 " " " 5	39,000

8,780 Lots \$97,410
 15,400 Billels blancs.

21,360 Billels.
 Dans cette Loterie composée de 30 numéros par permutation, il y aura vingt-quatre prix avec trois des numéros tirés sur les 30 : 936 avec deux et 7,800 avec un seul numéro.

Les 3 autres billets qui seront trois des numéros tirés, et les trois suivants : 2, 3 et 4, dans quelque ordre de permutation que ce soit, auront droit chacun à \$ 1,000.
 Tous les autres billets au nombre de 12 ayant tirés des numéros sortis, dans quelque ordre que ce soit, auront droit à \$ 500.
 Les 136 billets qui auront deux des numéros tirés, savoir le 1 et le 4, auront chacun droit à \$ 50.
 Tous les autres billets, au nombre de 780, ayant deux des numéros tirés, auront droit chacun à \$ 10.
 Les 780 billets, ayant un des numéros tirés, auront droit chacun à \$ 5.
 Tout billet qui aura gagné un prix ne pourra avoir droit à un prix moindre que celui qui a été obtenu.
 Les prix seront payables quinze jours après le tirage, et seront sujets à la déduction ordinaire de 15 pour cent.
 Tous les ordres, franc de port, seront exécutés avec promptitude, en s'adressant à J. B. FAGET, rue de Chartres, N° 145.
Prix des Billels.
 Entiers 5 piastres, demis 2 1/2 quarts 1 1/2. Les Billels ci-dessus seront à 4 piastres jusqu'au 10 Janvier 1829.
J. B. FAGET, Directeur.

FOR SALE.
 The usufruct for 14 years of one of two squares, designated by the Nos. 18 and 19, situated on Bienville-street, Custom-house and Canal-street, with a House with four rooms, cellars, gallery, &c. and there is on the two a garden in good bearing. Enquire on the premises, January 1, 1829.

REGULATIONS
Of the Society Balls, at the ORLEANS BALL-ROOM.

- The list of subscription shall lay open. Persons wishing to subscribe must apply to a manager, conform themselves to the present regulations, and pay the price that will be fixed for the eight balls; shall be dispensed with that rule, persons absent or mourning at the time of the opening of the list.
- No person will be admitted without a personal ticket.
- Strangers will be admitted by paying for their tickets three dollars; those who bring ladies, four dollars.
- By strangers, it is understood gentlemen of the army and navy, and planters residing at least six miles from the city.
- There will be eight balls, which will take place on every Friday. The first will take place on the 9th January.
- Before entering the Ball, every person will have to deposit his name, hat, cloak and arms at a place appropriated for that purpose. No body, on any pretence whatever, shall be allowed to dance with boots, great coat, or colored cravat. No places shall be retained, they will belong exclusively to those who will occupy them with their ladies.
- Two cotillions and waltz will be alternately danced; each will be danced on the demand of one of the managers.
- The maintenance of good order in the room, and the direction of the music, will be entirely under the control of the managers.
- No request will be allowed to be introduced by the subscribers, lest they should encumber the room. The door-keeper will refuse them entrance.

MANAGERS.
 THOS. URQUHART, S. C. BELL,
 P. LINDREUX, A. DAUNOY,
 W. HOFFMAN, S. H. OAKES,
 S. ROUSSEAU, D. AUGUSTIN,
 E. A. LEGENDRE, P. DEVERGÈS.

94 Dry Hides for sale by
D. G. BORDUAT & Co.
 aug. 15 Royal street, No. 108.



PRINTED DAILY, BY F. DELAURE,
 St. Peter-Street, between Bourbon & Royal.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 10, 1829.

(From the N. Y. Gaz. Dec. 21)

LATEST FROM RIO DE JANEIRO.
 The brig Pacific, Capt. Cookling, in 48 days from Rio de Janeiro, arrived in Hampton Roads, on Thursday morning last. She sailed on the 1st of Nov. The Norfolk Beacon informs us, on the authority of Capt. Cookling, that peace with Buenos Ayres had been proclaimed at Rio, but contrary to expectation, the currency had not improved, and business in London had fallen from 32 1/2 to 31 1/2 per mille; doubloons had risen 25,000 to 24,000; Spanish dollars were worth 17,000; coffee 2,000 a 2,700; cigars, campos R. 3,000; Rio Grande hides, 220 reas per pound. The stock of flour on hand consisted of about 17,000 barrels. New Richmond flour was selling at 13,000; new Baltimore flour was nominally 12,000 to 13,000; old was considered not worth more than 11,000.

The accounts from Buenos Ayres were very discouraging. But little business was doing; no sales were making, and an entire want of confidence was manifested. The captain of a British packet, which arrived at Rio a few days before the Pacific sailed, reported having counted forty sail of vessels going up the River Plate as he came down. No quotations of the market at Buenos Ayres were given. At Montevideo, flour on shore, was selling at 11,000.

Passengers in the Pacific.—Captain Hopkins, late of the brig Conveyance, of Norfolk, said; A. P. Devalengin, late of the brig President Adams, of Baltimore, captured by the Brazilians; C. Derrill, late of the brig Cadmus, of Baltimore, said; Capt. Green, late of the brig Peregrine, of Boston, said; S. Doty, late of ship Francis, of Bristol, R. I. condemned; Capt. Churchill, late of the brig Paragon, of Boston, captured by pirates on the Coast of Africa; and Mr. John Bealy, of Baltimore.

Colombia and Peru.—Gen. Sucre, late President of Bolivia, has, says the Baltimore Gazette, arrived at Guayaquil, where he was received with distinction. His health is still delicate, though the wound in his arm is in a fair way of being healed. He is about to proceed to his family, in the department of the Equator, where the climate is expected to favor his recovery.

While in Callao Roads, Sucre offered to the Peruvian government his friendly offices to secure the continuance of peace; but they, in reply, while they professed a strong desire for peace, spoke of injuries, and remarked that they should offer no propositions, although they were willing to receive them. They speak of Gen. Gamarra's movements, in Bolivia, as proceedings of which they were ignorant, declaring that they had received none of the documents relative thereto.

Bolivar has imposed a personal tax on citizens between 18 and 50 years of age, of three dollars and four reals each. The Liberator has ordered the study of Latin to be restored to its former footing, requiring it to be pursued every year in the course, and no one is to be admitted to the higher degrees who is not master of that language. He attributes, in part, the late conspiracy to the neglect of Latin.

Buenos Ayres.—The editors of the Baltimore American have received from a correspondent at Buenos Ayres, a file of papers to the 4th October, inclusive.

The Goeta Mercantil of Oct. 21, contains a decree of the Argentine Republic, regarding the decree which permitted vessels to discharge in the ports of the Solado and Yrua. This decree was to go into operation immediately. It further provided that within 20 days after the 2d October, the vessels then in port were to depart, and both ports were to remain unoccupied.

The following is the substance of a decree of the Buenos Ayres Republic, dated Sept. 30, 1828.—The Bank shall place at the disposition of the Government of the Province, the sum of \$1,700,000, which shall be comprehended in the National Debt, and secured according to the plan adopted for the payment of that debt. The above sum is to be paid by the Bank in four monthly payments.

A letter dated Bahia Blanca, 29th Sept. states that an engagement had taken place between our troops and a body of Chilian Indians, in number 400. The loss on our part consisted of a sergeant, a corporal, and 4 or 5 men wounded; that of the enemy was very large, including the death of their principal Cacique, Callapan. It was thought that they intended to return in 8 or 10 days with a force of 800, for which our forces were preparing.

The Brazilian blockade was raised 30th Sept. since which date there have been 27 arrivals, Americans, English and French, some in ballast, but majorities with cargoes, and in the course of 12 days we expect about 30 sail more from Rio. Markets very few sales making. Purchasers hold back in consequence of the many arrivals, expecting goods still cheaper.

(From the N. Y. American.)
Important Notice.—The following letter to the Collector of this port, gives a notice that should be carefully adhered to, by vessels trading to Spain.

United States Consulate, MALAGA, 14th Oct. 1828.

Sir—An opportunity offering direct for your port, I beg leave, for the information of the merchants of the U. States, trading in the Mediterranean, and particularly to those engaged in indispensable for the Spanish Consulate, to give a certificate of the health of this city when the vessels depart, and it would be well for him to add, their intention is not to touch at Gibraltar, as they will not be admitted here under any quarantine, should they have entered the Bay of Gibraltar even for a moment—Such is the fright in which the epidemic in Gibraltar has plunged the people of this country, as well as others bordering on the European side of the Mediterranean, that I am perfectly convinced, even should the fever which unfortunately took the ports of Spain will not be thrown open to its commerce for more than one year. Some difficulties have taken place in consequence of stale trifling omissions in the log-book of several vessels, and although of no consequence in other times, prove extremely fatal at this moment for the interest of the owners, and it is to be hoped the masters of ships will pointedly take care that their mates write in the log book the most minute occurrence of the ship, otherwise they will be turned away from the port. I have had great difficulty, although assisted by the energy of our excellent Ambassador in Madrid, to procure the admission of the ship Factor of Salem, which was once sent away, but is now again at anchor, and I hope and believe will be admitted—and this arose all together from a slight omission in his log-book of a trifling thing not worth naming.

If you think this information worthy your attention you will be pleased to see it published in the New-York papers. For my part I think it necessary, and therefore write you in this direct way, in order to prevent any irksome detention from trifling causes.

I am, Sir, with great respect,
 Your most obedient servant,
 G. G. BARRETT.

To the Collector of the Customs at N. York.

New-York, December 23.
 Our Boston Correspondent writes under date of Saturday, noon, as follows: A report has just reached this city that the Phoenix Cotton Factory, at Peterboro', N. H. is destroyed by fire. I understand that about \$35,000 was insured in this place.

Fires.—The Boston Statesman says, a destructive fire occurred in Williams on Thursday night last. A grist mill carding machine, belonging to Mr. E. Taylor; a joiner's shop, occupied by Mr. Coffin, and a large lumber shop, a blacksmith's shop, and an extensive coal-house, belonging to Mr. Warner, were all entirely consumed. It was with difficulty that the buildings adjacent were saved from the devouring element, as the wind was very violent; but the energetic movements of the inhabitants, with the aid of one or more engines, soon extinguished the fire and put a stop to further damage.

Loss sustained not known. Mr. Taylor had an insurance on his property of \$300 at Springfield.

A building in Thomastown, Maine, in which the Post Office, and several other offices were kept, was discovered to be on fire on Wednesday last, but, by the prompt exertions of the citizens, the building was saved.

New York Gaz. Dec. 23.

FOREIGN ITEMS.
 The Russians have never been celebrated for liberality towards medical men; but it was only under the Emperor Paul that they were treated with indignity. An English surgeon who went out at the same time as Sir Andrew Wyle, and who was appointed to a regiment, was ordered, when there was no one sick on the list, to act as barber, and shave a certain number of the men. On refusing to do this he was tied up, and underwent a severe flagellation.

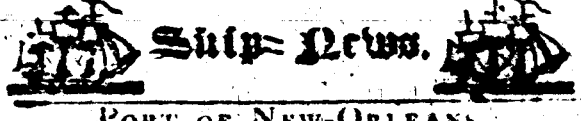
Elopement.—The *Herts Mercury* mentions the elopement of the wife of the Vicar of a small village in that country, with a gentleman who had been on a visit to a wealthy uncle in the neighborhood. The parties had been married about four years, and two children are left without a mother. A change had for some time past been observed in her manners and habits, particularly in her

neglect of the village school and her customary visits to the cottagers.—For two or three days before the event, she had been observed to shed tears when caressing her youngest infant, but the cause could not be conjectured.

There are now twenty-two stations of the omnibus coaches in Paris, so that persons in every quarter may be accommodated with a ride of two to four miles for five sous.

March of Intellect.—Yesterday, two partly good humoured dames were holding a public colloquy in Whimple-street. One said to the mother, "Why these Portuguese, I doubt like 'em—I don't understand any of their gibberish—not I—I am sure our's is the right language; for as for the sun, moon, and stars, I am sure 'tis the right names for 'em, and they were always called the same, and always will be, and our English names be the only right ones for all."

A Smyrna paper states, that upon the departure of the Egyptians under Ibrahim from Navarino, the Greek slaves, whose liberation was provided for by the treaty of evacuation, refused to accept their liberty, and insisted on accompanying their masters to Egypt. Out of six hundred slaves in the power of the Egyptians, only *eleven* would accept their freedom, notwithstanding the exertions of the English Admiral to persuade them to a different course. The Smyrna editor says they prefer kindness, luxury and comfort, though accompanied by dependence in Egypt, to harsh treatment, famine and starvation with freedom in their own country.



PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.
 Ship Charleston, Ross, Havana, S Paxton & Co
 Brig Hyperion, Gray, Boston, S Paxton & Co
 Brig Abby Jones, Colburn, N York, J Clark
 Sch'r Mobile, Lomis, Mobile, do do do
ARRIVED.
 Steamboat Facility, Pennsylvania, for Port Smith, with 25 bales cotton 5 1/2 lines—6 pas.
 S B Shepley, Wilson, for Natchez, with cotton, and M J Wright, for Circus Company.
 Steamboat Integrity, Reynolds, Clatsville, with 97 bales cotton, 21 bales skins—15 pas.
 A sloop from the Coast, with 50 lbsds sugar to T R Hyde, W & J H Lewich
 Steamboat Colombia, Crane, Bayou Sarah, with cotton and sundries.

ENTERED.
 Packet brig Franklin, Kay, for Philad.—rep.
 Brig Brown, Skinner, Havana—reported.
 Scho Climax, Parker, Baltimore—reported.
 Brig Ana, Yabargotia, Havana, with fruit.
 Sch'r Franco, Ellison, for Savannah, with wood.
MEMORANDA.
 Arrived hence at New York, Dec. 25, packet ship Russell.
 Up at New-York for this place, Dec. 25, brig George, Greaton, to sail soon.
 Up at do. brig Samaritan, Jackson.
 Up at do. packet ship Talm, to sail on the 1st January.

AMERICAN THEATRE.
 CAMP-STREET.
 Mr. BOOTH'S Third Night.
 This Evening, Saturday, January 10, 1829.
 Will be presented Massing's admired Comedy of
 4 of

A new way to pay old debts.
 After which, the new and popular farce of
THREE DEEP,
 Or, ALL ON THE WING.
 To commence at half past 6 o'clock.
 Mr. Booth's 4th appearance on Monday.

ORLEANS THEATRE.
 On SUNDAY Evening, January 11, 1829.
 A Representation of
Montano and Stephania,
 Opera in 3 acts, words by Dejuive, music by Ber-ton—with full scenery and decorations.
 To be followed by a representation of the
CHARLATAN.
 Or, THE SOUS-PREFET'S WIFE.
 To commence at half past 6 o'clock.

ORLEANS BALL ROOM.
 On Saturday next, January 10, 1829;
FULL DRESS & MASCARADE BALL.
 Admittance, 81.
 Ladies are respectfully invited.

There will be a manager whose duty it will be to examine the persons who go masked previous to their entering the Ball-Room.—Persons who wish Ladies' tickets will please mention their names when they apply for them.
 The MASKED Balls will for the future take place every Saturday.

BALL ROOM,
 Corner of Orleans & Bourbon sts.
 On Saturday, January 10, 18 9,
WILL BE GIVEN IN THE SAID ROOM,
A FULL DRESS BALL.
 Admittance—One Dollar.
 Ladies will not be admitted without a personal ticket.

ORLEANS BALL ROOM.
 THE GENTLEMEN who have subscribed to the Society Balls to be given in the Orleans Ball-Room are requested to call on Mr. Davis and receive their tickets for the first Ball, which will take place on Friday next, the 9th inst.
 jan 5 E. HENTZ.

St. PHILLIP BALL-ROOM.
 On Saturday, January 10,
WILL BE GIVEN IN THE SAID ROOM,
A FULL DRESS BALL.
 Admittance—One Dollar.

MACKEREL.—150 barrels and half barrel
 No. 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel; 200 lbsds. Potatoes; 100 do. Onions, landing and for sale by
 nov 28 JOHN B. FAYSON.

MARSHAL'S SALE.
 BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias, directed to me by the hon. Gul Preval, associate judge of the city court, I shall expose to sale on Monday 19th inst. at 4 o'clock, at the Principle of Beadsted, 1 Chest of drawers, 2 barrels of Flour, and sundry other articles—seized in the above suit.
 jan 10 L. DAUNOY, Marshal.

Marshal's Sale.
 Mayor, Aldermen, and Inhabitants of the City of New-Orleans, vs. Saml. Packard.

BY virtue of two writs of fieri facias to me directed by the hon. G. Preval, associate Judge, I shall expose to sale on Monday the 19th inst. at 4 o'clock, on the premises, the lease of the Blacksmith Shop on Tchoupalous st. between Girod and Poydras streets, now occupied by Pat. ... to satisfy the above suit.
 jan 10 L. DAUNOY, Marshal.

WHEREAS I have on the 26th day of January, 1829, received an order of seizure from the honble. Felix Grima, presiding judge of the city court of New-Orleans, at the suit of Louis M. Maclean, vs. the Steam Boat of the Lake, whose owners are unknown to the said Maclean, by which said order I am to seize and take possession of said boat, I hereby give public notice to all persons interested in said boat, to appear within fifteen days from the date of this advertisement, before said judge Grima, to answer to the claim of the plaintiff in this case.
 jan 7 L. DAUNOY, Marshal.

NOTICE.
WHEREAS I have on this sixth day of January, 1829, received an order of seizure from the honble. Felix Grima, presiding judge of the city court of New-Orleans, at the suit of Pierre Robby Delory, vs. two Hells whose owners are unknown to the said Delory, by which I am commanded to seize and take possession of said two Hells, I hereby give public notice to all persons interested in said Hells, to appear within fifteen days from the date of this advertisement, before said judge Grima, to answer to the claim of the plaintiff in this case.
 jan 7 L. DAUNOY, Marshal.

MARSHAL'S SALE.
 P. Howard, vs. David LEBLANC.
 BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias directed to me by the hon. P. Smith, associate Judge, I shall expose to sale on Monday the 12th of January inst. at 4 o'clock, at the No. 102, Magazine street, sundry articles of furniture, seized in the above suit.
 Jan. 3 Ls. DAUNOY, marshal.

NOTICE.
WHEREAS I have on the twenty-third day of December 1828, received an order of seizure from the hon. J. Bernades, associate Judge of the city court of New-Orleans, at the suit of Robert Lewis assignee of E. Y. Parker, vs. a piece of land on the western side of Commerce street, situated between Nos. 21 and 36, the proprietors of which are unknown, by which I am commanded to seize and take possession of said piece of land, I hereby give public notice to all persons interested in said piece of land to appear within fifteen days from the date of this advertisement, before said judge Bernades, to answer to the petition of the plaintiff in this case.
 L. S. DAUNOY, marshal.
 N.-Orleans, dec. 27, 1828.

MARSHAL'S SALE.
 Jacques Lefort, vs. J. Chardon.
 BY virtue of an order of fieri facias, directed to me by the hon. Felix Grima, presiding judge of the city court of New-Orleans, I shall expose for sale on Monday the twenty-fifth day of January 1829, at the New-Exchange Coffee House—a House and Lot situated in Jefferson street, between No. 19 and 35, measuring thirty feet front on said street, and fifty eight in depth, bought by said Chardon from the State of Louisiana on the twentieth day of May 1816, for only twenty-five years after the expiration of which twenty-five years from the day of the sale to said Chardon, the said house and lot are to be returned to said State of Louisiana, said house and lot are seized to satisfy the judgement rendered in the above suit.
 L. S. DAUNOY, Marshal.
 N.-Orleans, Dec. 23, 1828.

FOR CANTONMENT GIBSON, LITTLE ROCK, POST OF ARKANSAS.
 And Intermediate Landings.
 The substantial steam FACILITY, Pennant jr. water: will be detached immediately for the above places. For freight of passengers, having st. articles accommodations, apply on board, or to
 dev 6 FERGUSON & TUCHANAN.

FOR NEW-YORK.
 Packet of 15th January.
 The ship JOHN EIXTON, James Wilbrey, master, will hold the Large Bag freight or passage apply on board opposite the Vegetable Market or to
 jan 6 G. E. RUSSELL & BANSTOW.

FOR PORT-AU-PRINCE.
 The steamer fast sailing armed schooner UNITED STATES, S. Craighad, master, having the principal part of her cargo engaged and going on board, will have immediate despatch; for balance of freight or passage, having first rate accommodations, apply on board, or to
 jan 6 J. W. SACHAM, & Co. Royal st.

FOR BOSTON.
 The fine fast sailing ship REVERE, Capt. John Spear, is now loading on the dock, will have immediate despatch. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to
 dec 6 W. G. HENNES, 9 Canal str.

WANTS EMPLOYMENT.
 A person who has had considerable experience as a teacher, and who is highly recommended, wishes to obtain a situation as tutor in a family in the city with the family. He is acquainted with the English language and is well-kept.
 For particulars, enquire at the printing house of Gazette and Commercial at the office of the Gazette.