THE DAILY BEE.

The New Orleans Bee.

OFFICE 83 CHARTRES ST. NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 6, 1859. VOL. XVII—NEW SERIES. VOL. XXXII—WHOLE NO. 11460.

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TUESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 6.

UNTENABLE VIEWS.

Three amiable gentlemen, the Black Republicans, though fully agreeing as to the necessity of waging unrelenting war upon the South, differ somewhat as to the means of carrying their benevolent wishes into effect. Some of them are desirous of separating auxiliaries in the work, while others consider they are quite strong enough to dispense with all extraneous help. The New York *Tribune* for example is clearly of opinion that however agreeable it might be for Black Republicanism, pure and simple, to erect a President, the object cannot be achieved without the aid of numerous voters who are not exactly in the same political camp. A few days ago that rabid but politic journal demonstrated arithmetically that other branches of the Opposition must be called on, in order to enable the Black Republicans to succeed. The straitlaced and savage Abolitionist of the *Evening Post*, however, will not admit the truth of the proposition. He wants no help, and least of all such help as the *Tribune* seeks. "All or nothing" is the motto of the *Post*. Either the negro, without qualification or disguise; without any amalgamation tending to the diminution of his sooty blackness, or else another Democratic dynasty for four years.

This controversy originated in the exigencies of State politics. The Black Republicans will shortly meet in convention and nominate candidates for State offices, and the question arises whether they are sufficiently powerful to treat with lofty scorn the American party of New York, which numbers at least sixty thousand voters. The *Post* says "Ay;" the *Tribune* says "No." The former is indisposed to make the smallest effort at conciliation. The latter is willing to make the assurance of triumph doubly sure, by strengthening its party as much as possible, even at the cost of a little wear and tear of conscience. But the discussion assumes a broader theatre altogether, for it extends to the National Republican Convention, and the selection of a candidate for the Presidency.

Now herein the *Tribune* displays less than its wonted sagacity. Any newspaper in the world is perfectly stultified if it thinks for one moment that Southern men, no matter how bitter their hatred of Democracy, can be induced for any possible consideration, or under any conceivable pretext, to make common cause with the Black Republican party, unless that party virtually annihilates itself by repudiating the solitary principle which preserves its unity. The idea is supremely absurd and preposterous. A few rash and reckless politicians may talk at random about a general Opposition party, North and South, and may delude themselves into the belief that Black Republicanism will surrender its tenets and its colors at the shrine of slaveholder with a view of beating the Democrats—but sensible men at the South—and at the North too—know that the scheme is absolutely chimerical. Hear what the New York *Express* says:

> The difficulty in the Republican party is deeper and greater yet than even the *Tribune*'s arithmetic so mathematically cyphers it out. The difficulty is in the *name* as well as in the *nature* of the party. *One half of the States of the Union would have even the name, or if they would have it, could have no possible strength under it.* From the Susquehannah to the Rio Grande—from the Missouri to the Pacific ocean—with the possible exception of the three votes in Oregon, the Republican party is a myth, a dream, a delusion—a mere chimney, or a real Gorgon, or chimera dire. Bell, Bates, Botts, the three B's, are sometimes talked of as candidates under the Republican name—but the very name would not only kill them and all their friends in the States where they live, but in all that vast extent of territory, over three-fourths of the *geographical* republic which we have mentioned, we have to grapple with a great many people—nay, with most people; and, when names kill things, most sensible people prefer the thing to the name—but not so, Sylphus. No Bell, no Bates, no Botts could strengthen such a Sylphus. A Seward would; but Sylphus would yet be Sylphus, nevertheless.

Well and forcibly put. The *Express* states its case with the utmost excitude. No sort of good Republican-hating thing that is fit for anti-slavery abuse, could be found at the South, even supposing that Bell, Bates, or Botts could be guilty of the ineffable folly, and the unpardonable treachery of accepting the nomination, and becoming the standard-bearer of the party. The *Tribune*, like other plotting and intriguing sheets, foresees that the people have something to say in these matters, and are not usually controlled by political leaders. It may remember that when Gen. Scott was the Whig candidate in 1852, Virginia as he was, with all the honors of a resplendent military renown, and a noble and patriotic career, the same New York *Tribune* contrived to kill him, simply by associating him and his opinions somewhat too frequently with the name of Wm. A. Seward. If the South refused to scream her own son, because his surroundings were suspicious, is it likely she could be persuaded to touch the nominee of a Black Republican National Convention?

As for the expectation that the tribe of Southern anti-slavery men are going to hold their opinions in abeyance, and return to their conservatism of former days, for the purpose of winning Southern suffrages, let him believe it who will. We are utterly incredulous as to any such anticipations. Black Republicanism expires of mannikin the instant it abandons sectionalism. It may not be able to elect a President, but it would only cripple itself still further by endeavoring to eliminate the very element of its existence. It must remain as it is, and cannot obtain the slightest countenance in the South by a deceitful show of moderation assumed for the purpose of gulling the people of that section.

MR. BOYER'S INSTITUTION.—The well known and justly celebrated academy of Mr. G. Boyer, Conti street, between Dauphin and Bourbon, will be reopened for the regular course of studies, on Thursday, the 15th inst. Persons desirous of having their children thoroughly grounded in French and English would do well to send them to Mr. Boyer.

VERY SUPERIOR WINES.—We take pleasure in referring our readers to the advertisement of N. R. PEPIN & Co., 33 Common street, announcing that they are sole agents in New Orleans for the sale of the following superior brands: Eugene Cliequot; Schroder, Schyler & Co.; F. Hasenklever (Cote d'Or); Kircheu & Brauburger. These are, respectively, the finest descriptions of Champagne, Claret, Burgundy and Hock wines; and we have every reason to believe that they are all genuine articles, selected with care for the New Orleans market. To those who like to enjoy pure and genuine wines, free from all adulteration, we recommend those of which Messrs. PEPIN & Co. are agents.

The steamship Philadelphia, Capt. Harris, sailed yesterday morning at 8 o'clock for New York, via Havana, with the following passengers, and $87,000 in specie for New York:

FOR NEW YORK.—Mrs W N Wood, and six in the steerage.

FOR HAVANA.—A Garcia, M Marina, R Mir, Mrs A Rodriguez, Mrs Hourbright and child, Mrs Hourbright and daughter, and six in the steerage.

FOR CALIFORNIA.—M T Hart, Mrs C Wagner, Mr A Erdman, and seven in the steerage.

Mrs. Bostwick, the favorite vocalist, recently visited the wilds of Lake Superior and sang before an audience principally composed of Menomonee Indians and half breeds. At first, with true Indian stoicism, they sat as stony as statues. But Mrs. Bostwick's beautiful tones soon melted the marble, and their delight found expression in a series of yells and war whoops, if not so harmonious, vastly more emphatic than more civilized audiences.

The Hon. JOHN MOORE has consented, at the request of a number of gentlemen of both political parties, to run as an Independent candidate for State Senator in the parishes of St. Martin and Vermillion.

The Pointe Coupée *Democrat* contains the following items:

CATHERINE-BANK.—While on a tour in the lower part of our parish we were sorry to witness the devastation caused by the caterpillars on some plantations on the island and the Cheneal. In some parts cotton stocks were entirely stripped of their leaves. It is to be hoped, seeing the lateness of the season, that much damage will arise from the appearance of these destructers.

THE CROPS.—The cotton crop in the whole parish promises a fine yield. The sugar crop will be very moderate. The stubbles are very inferior, and the cane generally very small for the season, and the yield by the acre will scarcely not be what it was last year.

WEATHER AND CROPS IN ST. MARTIN.—The *Iberian* says:

> The weather during the past week has been clear and pleasant, the mornings and evenings quite cool, just enough so to make one feel that voluptuous summer is almost departing, and capricious autumn is about to, after the hot, sultry weather of July and August. The crops in these quarters, from all parts of the parish we have the most flattering accounts of the cotton crop, and with the present weather for picking, the crop will be unusually large in the parish.

By Telegraph.

[TRANSMITTED TO THE NEW ORLEANS BEE.]

LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF STEAMER NORTH BRITON.

Annexation of the Duchies to Piedmont.

FATHER POINT, (Canada) September 5.—The steamship North Briton, Captain Jones, passed off this point early this morning, on her way to Quebec. She was boarded by the Associated Press news boat, and a summary of her news brought ashore.

The North Briton left Liverpool on the afternoon of Wednesday, the 24th ultimo, and brings some hours later news than was received by the Arago off Cape Race.

LATEST MARKET NEWS.

LIVERPOOL, August 24.—The sales of Cotton to day amount to 6000 bales. The market closed dull; quotations unchanged. Breadstuffs generally closed very dull. The sales are unimportant.

CONSOLS.

LONDON, Wednesday afternoon, August 24. The funds are unchanged. Consols for money closed at 95¾ to 95¾.

GENERAL NEWS.

The general and political news by the North Briton is not of an important character.

The latest advices from Italy represent the hostility to the return of the Grand Dukes as on the increase.

The National Assemblies of Modena and Tuscany had unanimously adopted resolutions banishing the dynasties of the Grand Dukes and anbexing the dukedoms to Piedmont.

Further by the Steamer North Briton.

FRENCH ARMY ON THE BELGIAN FRONTIER.

QUEBEC, September 5.—The steamship North Briton has arrived at this port. Her mail contains but little news of interest.

The steamship Weser, of the Bremen and New York line, has been withdrawn at Bremen for repairs.

ENGLAND.

It is believed that the liberal offer made by Mr. Lever, of the Railway line, for the charter of the steamship Great Eastern, for her first trip across the Atlantic, has been rejected.

The Russian steam frigate Grand Admiral had arrived at Portsmouth.

Several parties here of the Royal family came passengers by the North Briton, their visit to Canada having reference to the proposed visit of the Prince of Wales.

The East India loan had been awarded at rates all of which are above 97 per cent.

The Russian loan is a partial failure in the London market.

The Government had officially congratulated France on the event of the political amnesty granted by the Emperor.

FRANCE AND BELGIUM.

A French corps d'armée is being concentrated on the frontier of Belgium, and Marshal MOMahon has been appointed to its command. His headquarters are to be at Lille.

It is supposed that this concentration of troops has been ordered in consequence of the projected additional fortifications at Antwerp.

The Belgian Chamber of Deputies has voted in favor of the proposed fortifications by a large majority.

Another account says that large numbers of troops are being concentrated at Lille.

The rumored duel between Marshal Canrobert and Marshal Niel proves to have been unfounded.

It is reported that Gen. Changarnier would also refuse to accept the amnesty offered by the Emperor.

The Emperor has ordered that 20,000 men, whose term of service expire during the present year, be disbanded, and allowed to return home in September.

THE PARIS BOURSE.

The Paris Bourse exhibited no new feature of importance. Rentes had slightly declined, and cis sed at 69f. 10c.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON COFFEE MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, August 24.—Coffee closed dull, and prices were easier.

The London Coffee market also closed dull, and prices were weak.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

LONDON, August 24.—The London Money market was generally unchanged, and closed steady.

American Securities had experienced little change, and few transactions had taken place.

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

LATER AND IMPORTANT FROM SONORA.

ST. LOUIS, September 3.—Later advices from Sonora represent that Sonora and Chihuahua are about to be declared independent, and that Governor Pesquiera is to be placed at the head of affairs of the two States united.

For some time past Pesquiera has been receiving large supplies of ranches, munitions, and ammunition, and has increased his army nearly 3000 men.

DISASTROUS FIRE IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, September 3.—The steam boiler of Roseboom's iron foundry, on Goerck street, exploded to day, entirely demolishing the building, killing one man, and burying fourteen others in the ruins.

NEW LINE OF STEAMERS TO CALIFORNIA.

NEW YORK, September 3.—A new line of splendid steamships has been established between this city and San Francisco via the Panama route. The Collins steamships Adriatic and Atlantic are to run between New York and Aspinwall, and the Pacific Mail Company's steamers are to run from Panama to San Francisco.

The Baltic, Captain Gray, makes her first trip, leaving New York on the 5th of October, and the Atlantic follows on the 20th of the same month.

ARRIVAL OF SLOOP OF WAR BROOKLYN, WITH MINISTER McLANE.

MOBILE, September 5.—The United States sloop of war Brooklyn, Commander Farragut, from Vera Cruz, arrived in the lower harbor of this port at noon to day, having on board Mr. McLane, our Minister to Mexico.

Mr. McLane came to the city by the steamer from Pilot Clear, and left for Washington this evening.

THE MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

MEMPHIS, September 5.—There is no truth in the reports which have been circulated that the trains on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad have been or are interrupted by the falling of the bridge at Decatur.

The bridge will be completed in a few days, and all the trains run regularly as usual.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, September 5.—The Cotton market closed with a declining tendency.

The sales to-day were limited to 1500 bales.

Flour closed quiet, prices ranging from $4 70 to $5 20. Kentucky Flour closed at $4 87½ to $5. Sugar—Muscovado has slightly advanced, closing at 5¾ to 6c.

CINCINNATI MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, September 5.—Flour closed dull at previous quotations.

Corn closed dull at 70c.

Whisky steady at 23c.

Lard closed at 10½c. Western Mess Pork is quoted nominally at $14.

STEAMBOATS PASSING.

VICKSBURG, September 5.—The steamer Quitman passed down at 4 o'clock on Sunday morning.

The Alice Vivian passed down at 9 o'clock last night.

VICKSBURG, September 5.—The steamer Prima Donna passed down at half-past 4, and the Planet at 6 o'clock this evening.

TEXAS ITEMS.

THE COTTON CROP.—We learn by a gentleman just from Fort Bend county that the late drought has seriously injured the cotton crop. A month ago the prospects for a crop were never better, but now our informant states that the crop in Wharton and Fort Bend counties will fall short of an average crop fully one-third, and he thinks the crop will be no better in the other counties of the Brazos and Colorado rivers. The injury from the drought first manifested itself only some two or three weeks ago, and though rains have since fallen yet they were too late, and did more harm than good, and all the late forms have fallen off. As a general rule, the cotton is now nearly all open and ready to pick, and there is no chance for any more to mature. Hence the calculation is that the entire crop will be in the hands of factors much earlier than in any former year.

THE HERDS.—The Brownsville *Flag* of the 15th states that the sickness there shows no signs of abatement. There is still a greater proportion of recoveries as compared with last year. In Matamoras it is said to be worse than last year, considering that it has but lately commenced.

The *Flag* informs us that on the previous Saturday night a man named Anastacio Gonsales was shot in the stable lot of Mr. William R. Neale, by Juan Webb, Neale's brother in-law. The wounds in each arm and side are serious, but the man will probably recover. Webb was arrested and bound over to answer.

LEON.—The *Central Texian* has the following horrible outrage:

Mr. John Reed, living in Leon county, near the Madison county line, was in his field on Monday last gathering corn, all unconscious of his impending fate. As he neared the fence, some one in ambush fired, and discharged a gun at him. The charge entered the brain, producing instant death. No clue as to the perpetrator of this horrid outrage had been obtained when our informant left.

DOMESTIC LIFE.—He cannot be an unhappy man who has the love and smile of woman to accompany him in every movement of life. The world may look dark and cheerless without—enemies may gather in his path—but when he turns to the fireside, and feels the tender love of woman, he forgets his cares and troubles, and is a comparatively happy man. He is but half prepared for the journey of life, who takes not with him that friend who will prove his helpmate in emergency—who will divide his sorrows, increase his joys, lift the veil from his heart, and bravely sustain amid the darkness and storms of life. Such a man cannot be miserable if he has such a companion, be he ever so poor, despised, and trodden upon by the world.

HAVANA.

ARRIVAL OF THE DE SOTO.

The U. S. mail steamship De Soto, J. D. Bulloch, commander, from New York via Havana, arrived yesterday morning, having left the latter place on the 2d instant. She brings no passengers or freight from Havana. From that place we have but little of interest to chronicle. The sugar market is firm; holders the same. The money market will be easier soon. Molasses dull, with very little movement. Freights—no contracts lately made, and generally dull. Exchange—London 14 to 14¼ prem.; New York 3¼ to 3½ prem.; New Orleans 6¼ prem.; U. S. gold 6¾ prem.

On the 1st inst. brig Margaret A. Stevens arrived at Havana. On the 4th, about 5 P. M., about ten miles from Pass a Loutre, exchanged signals with U. S. steam sloop Brooklyn, Com. Farragut, evidently bound to Pensacola. Sept. 1st, lat. 24-40, long. 79-30, passed ship Lady Blessington, of Boston, bound to the southward.

The De Soto brings the following passengers:

Mortimer Heine, Esq. A Baldinger, Daniel Harrison. C H Darling, R Boyer, a M'Cotter, Mr De la Grasa, lady and servant, W Graham, lady, two children and servant, Gerard Stewart, Mrs J Bakewell, Mrs H Allen, Miss F Beaven, J Jones, F Bumbaugh, Mrs Bumbaugh and child, F E Bankson, M Bankson, Patrick Bankson, H Hines, Mrs Hines, S Lord, Capt. Brewster, H Farrell and lady.

LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.

The mails by the steamship Habana, Capt. McConnell, from Misantitlan, reached our city yesterday morning. Our dates from California are to the 20th August.

Almost the only news relates to the occupation of San Juan Island by American troops, as stated yesterday in our dispatches. The San Francisco *Herald* has the following letter on the subject:

VICTORIA, V. I., August 7, 1859.—It is impossible for me adequately to describe the intense excitement which has prevailed here for the last two weeks. On the following day after the sailing of the Moorhouse, intelligence was brought here that a detachment of United States troops had landed on the long-disputed Island of San Juan, and had quietly taken possession of it, by erecting a military post thereon. Had a thunderbolt fallen in our midst—nay, had the news arrived here that the Emperor of France had landed his redoubtable army in London and captured that famous city, it could scarcely have created more astonishment in the minds of the Englishmen resident there, than did the landing of the United States soldiers on San Juan island.—*Cor. Herald.*

Three British war ships had reached the island, but under instructions to keep the peace. No collision is, therefore, anticipated.

Political excitement is intense throughout California, and the various candidates, Democratic, anti-Lecompton and Republican, are making speeches day and night.

The *Herald* contains the following items:

In pursuance of appointment, Horace Greeley addressed the citizens of Auburn on the afternoon of Saturday, August 6th. The speaking was in the dining saloon of the Empire Hote, which was provided with temporary benches for the occasion. The room was crowded to its utmost capacity, about two hundred and fifty persons, among them a large number of ladies, being present.

REPORTED INDIAN OUTRAGE.—We are indebted, says the Sacramento *Union*, to Mr. Brastow, who is just in from Lost Camp, ten miles this creek, for the following news: Mr. John Callahan, proprietor of Hat Creek Station, on the Pitt river road to Yreka, and his cook were killed by Indians on Friday night last, and horses tired of provisions and ammunition. They were found Saturday morning by some teamsters—Callahan, with four bullets and one arrow through him—close to the house; the cook was found some distance off, shot with five arrows through the back. No others were there. The station is thirty miles from Cow Creek, on the head of Cow creek. The Indians are killing cattle, and have a horse which they told a valley Indian they had taken from a white man whom they killed. They are of the same band.

TELEGRAPH EXTENSION.—The Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company have extended their line to San Juan, Monterey county. It will be immediately extended to Los Angeles.

The mining business is prosperous.

Letter from Honorable Edward Bates.

The following letter addressed by Mr. BATES, of Missouri, to a committee of the Opposition in Memphis, who had invited him to unite in a celebration of the recent Congressional victory in that State, is worth reading as part of the history of the times:

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 30, 1859.

Hon. Jere. Clemens and Others—Committee of Invitation, Memphis, Tennessee.

SIRS:—I feel myself especially honored in receiving your kind invitation to attend a grand jubilee of the Opposition party, to be held at Memphis on the 25th instant, in celebration of your recent victory in Tennessee.

It is with sorrow that I am constrained to deny myself the pleasure of joining you in the celebration of an event so honorable to the gallant men of Tennessee, and so promising of good to the country. Sickness and recent death in my family have so disarranged my plans for the summer vacation, as to force me to this self-denial.

It pleases me very much, gentlemen, to find that you designate the band of patriots who have lately done the good work in Tennessee as *The Opposition Party*. The name implies that the party is made up of the good men of other parties—Democrats, Whigs, Americans, Republicans—all who can no longer brook the wild extravagance and wanton disregard of principle in our Administration and a party which, emboldened by former unmerited success, vainly imagine that they "can afford to disregard the measures of the world," and to despise the judgment of history.

The party in office (I will not say in power) is, of itself, a weak and hopeless minority. It has no chance of renewed success but the hope (if trust a vain and fallacious hope) that we will be so unwise and unpatriotic as to waste our strength in petty bickerings about old party names and subordinate questions of policy and convenience, and to split up our forces into platoons and sections, as if for the purpose of enabling our triumphant enemy to beat us all, in detail. If we be so unwise as that—if we allow the adversary to form the plan of our campaign, to marshal our troops, to tell us when to march and where to camp, and how to fight, of course we will get what we deserve—defeat. And by mere folly, will add to the humiliation of defeat, the sting of shame, in the consciousness that we had in our hand the means of victory and the assurance of the peace and prosperity of the nation, but wantonly threw them away. However it may be elsewhere, I am sure it will not be so in Tennessee. Her gallant sons are always ready when brave and generous deeds are needful. Her younger patriots, high spirited, and bold against the enemy, but mild and forbearing to each other, will march, in cordial union, on to victory, their warm zeal guided, and, if need be, restrained and tempered, by the cool wisdom and prudence of the veteran Bell.

Your recent victory, and similar successes in other Southern and Western States, embolden me to hope for the like good result all over the Union. The spirit of conservative patriotism is aroused throughout the nation by the dangerous ultra-progressive and bold innovations of the last few years; and, in view of the great national interests now in peril, a better feeling—a feeling of harmony and mutual confidence, of all forbearance on minor points, of generous concession in favor of peace and unity—is visibly increasing in all the elements of the Opposition. These will foster and advance that good feeling, and ripen it into a cordial union, will be great public benefactors. Such union alone will constitute the victory, without the necessity for another split in the Democracy, as now enervated and demoralized, will be no match for the *united* Opposition.

And such a victory! A victory in which all—even the vanquished—will have cause to rejoice, because it will restore peace and harmony to the distracted country, and in order to the disturbed Territories, moderation and justice to the Government, and prosperity and honor to the nation. Such at least is the earnest hope of your obliged friend and fellow-citizen.

ED. BATES.

We find the following dispatch in the St. Louis *Republican* of the 1st instant:

KANSAS CITY, August 31.—One of the papers published in this place, and containing information from which it appears that some of the Indian tribes who range along the Arkansas are becoming mischievous.

In the country beyond the Platte river a train of Mr. Wheeler, from Albuquerque, New Mexico, was stopped by them, and half the property in it taken. The Comanches and Arrapahoes did it. They and other tribes are much displeased at not receiving their customary presents from the Government.

THE CHOLERA IN EUROPE.—The cholera is said to be making destructive progress in Hamburg. The London Medical Times states that from the 20th to the 31st July there were 434 cases in that city, of which 221 were fatal. The European Times of the 13th August says:

The cholera has again appeared in this country, and it comes to us, as usual, from Hamburg. We can trace during the last week twenty-five new cases in London, which we get from this cause in London. We seem to know as little as before about this grim and mysterious stranger; but we know enough to avoid it, and even to destroy it when it should be astute to us. He fastens for the most part upon those who cannot or will not protect themselves. Great and wonderful sanitary reforms have been planned and carried out in the shires, first invaded this country, nearly thirty years ago; but we are not yet in a state of complete defence; yet if half the money that is squandered in carelessness and waste were applied to the sanitation of the towns, we never see lavished in protecting us from the Spanish the miserable visit of 1849 would be the last.

SUICIDE.—The number of cases committed in France in 1857 was as follows: Havana and Health cases, 20,000,000; domestic manufactures, 65,671,000; exportation, 6,438,000; consumption, 58,233,000.

The province of the French Government from the immense emergency for the present year, will be increased to 300,000,000 francs. Should the Minister succeed there, the duties on tobacco exceeds 200,000,000. In Austria it amounts to 164,000.

A distressing accident has occurred in Cincinnati, which should serve as a warning to young ladies. A young girl, who was quite a belle, and very beautiful, was in the habit of bathing her face in a mixture of camphine and salt, for the purpose of preserving her good looks. During her customary nightly ablution, recently, the camphine took fire from a lamp burning upon her toilet table, and blistered her face, neck, shoulders, and bosom in a horrible manner. Her eyes are so badly burnt that it is feared she will entirely lose one at least; but although there is a possibility of saving both of them, the roses plucked from her cheeks by the fiery fingers of the flame have already faded forever.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

CITY MORTALITY.—The Board of Health report 136 deaths in this city during the week ending the 4th inst. Not a death of yellow fever has occurred.

WOMAN FOUND DYING.—Officers Dean and Chalmers brought to the First District lockup, last evening, the corpse of a woman named Mary Boden, whom they found lying very sick in the house of a Mrs. Andrews, 79 Girod street, and who died in the cab in which she was being conveyed to the Charity Hospital. She had marked on her right arm in Indian ink the name "Mary Ann Boden," and is apparently an Irish woman. The Coroner was sent for to hold an inquest. There were no marks of violence about her, and it was supposed from the appearance of the corpse that she died of delirium tremens.

THE RAPE CASE.—The case of Walter Bell, charged with rape upon the pretty person of Angel Heinemon Coon, noticed in our last as having been investigated and taken under advisement Saturday, was disposed of yesterday by Recorder Long committing the accused for trial before the First District Court.

FATAL FALL.—John Baden fell Sunday night from the second story gallery of the boarding-house, of which he was proprietor, corner of Bourbon and St. Louis streets, and was taken up dead. His death was the result of accident from a misstep in the dark. He was a native of Switzerland.

RECORDER SUMMER'S COURT.—Thos. Fagan and Mike Kennedy were examined yesterday for assault and battery on Mike J. Doolan, and were committed, by reason of their easy plea of "quality," for trial before the First District Court.

Wallace Stoppy was remanded to prison to await the result of the violent stabbed wounds which he inflicted, Sunday evening, at the corner of Felicity and Liberty street, upon Augusto Prothaber.

Mike Carroll was held for bearing the 9th instant on a charge of having struck Thos. Daley with some heavy instrument and severely injuring him over the eye, besides threatening to take his life.

George Samuels was held to answer the 10th instant to a charge of being a vagrant, and a resident of Lieut. Dryden.

Dan Walsh, Barney Lamon, Jim Cochran, Ed. Finnerty, Jack Murphy, Jim Dermody and Francois Pete were fined $10 each for their participation in the affray in the peace; the two Morton, Jack Daly, Bill Fagan, McDonald, Adam Smith, Jake Kline, Jack Cantie, Jack O'Brien, Frank Boyce and a few others, who were quietly getting drunk—the whole of them to go to prison for short terms in default of payment.

Quietly two women of color, Britania Washington and Mary Ann, remained on a charge of being in the State in contravention of the recent enactment.

SHOCKING WHIPPING.—The young man Dunphy, who was arrested on suspicion of having stabbed the fireman Jake Hoffman, and examined yesterday, and discharged, there being no evidence to warrant the complaint.

Francois Fenton gave bail to answer the charge of having cut Justin Brunet.

Alice Nolan and Ellen Bennett were held to answer a charge of assault and battery in complaint of Kate Sheridan.

Jane Martin, f. w. c., charged with stealing a watch from M. Chamberlain, was discharged.

The Board of Delegates will meet at precisely THIS DAY, at 12 M., on the premises, to sell, at public auction, for cash, 400 cords of pine wood, more or less, dump boats, dump carts, horses, mules, harness, tools, and a variety of other articles, useful in the construction of Levees.

By order of the President.

ANTHONY SANBOLA, Secretary.

sept 6

DIED—SCHMITT LOUIS, aged 44 years, a native of England, and late a member of the Mobile Lafayette Fire Association.

The members of the above association are requested to meet at their hall THIS AFTERNOON, at 4½ o'clock, precisely, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our deceased brother.

By order of the President.

ANTHONY SANBOLA, Secretary.

sept 6

FEVER AND AGUE! Fever and Ague!! Fever and Ague!!!—Emigrants, and others who remove to the Western part of the United States, exposed to the baneful effects of the fatal diseases that prevail in those sections. Some of the most intelligent physicians bear testimony to this fact. Burdens, the shakspeare of this age in picturing "Little Eden," a Western settlement, in a book entitled "Martin Chuzzlewit," says that the most flourishing inhabitant was the Fever and Ague, which had killed all the colonists but a few, and that he himself had had it so often that he came to it as the hours came round. The wonderful success which has attended the use of DR. HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS in the cure of Fever and Ague, and every species of disease originating in the Malarial Miasma, is a guarantee that they will prove a specific for the above complaints, and those who would be free from their terrible attacks, should use this powerful preventive. Sold by druggists and dealers generally, everywhere. See advertisement. sept 6 eo

Holloway's Ointment.—Neither ulcer, rose, worm, nor sinister eruptions of any shape should be permitted to endanger the beauty of childhood, when they can be relieved without pain or danger with this mild but efficient Ointment.

☞ Look out for imitations of Lea & Perrins' Worcestershire Sauce. See advertisement of John Duncan & Sons.

REMOVAL.

84.....St. Charles st.....84

B. PRADEL,

MANUFACTURER OF

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS AND CUTLERY,

Trusses and Chapeau Instruments,

Sole Depot, 84 St. Charles Street.

sept6 eod

B. PRADEL,

84.....ST. CHARLES STREET.....84

MANUFACTURER of Surgical Instruments, Dentist's Cutlery, Trusses, Elastic Stockings, Shoulder Braces, Pocket Books, Portmonnaies, Pocket Pistols, Pocket Trusses, with screw pressure, for the cure of RUPTURES, when curable. These various articles are of my own manufacture, and have been patented and proved successful by myself. Physicians, Surgeons, Dentists, and others supplied with promptitude and care.

DRUGGISTS AND APOTHECARIES will find a large assortment of Syringes, Pessaries, Bougies, Ointments, and Clyss-pumps of every description, for sale, at wholesale and retail, at 84 PRADEL, sept6 eow 1y 84 St. Charles st.

Champagne, Claret, Burgundy and Hock Wines.

We beg leave to inform consumers and the trade in general, that we have appointed sole agents in New Orleans for the sale of the following brands:

EUGENE CLIQUOT, RHEIMS:

SCHROEDER and SCHYLER & CO., BORDEAUX;

F. HASENKLEVER, (CÔTE D'OR);

KIRCHNER & BRAUBURGER, RUDESHEIM on the Rhine.

N. R. PEPIN & CO,

sept6 1m 33 Common st

Medical Card.

A private card to those who have injured themselves by indulging in that secret habit of youth, which frequently entails upon its victims premature decay, and the most melancholy reflections, even unfitting them for the enjoyments of married life. These unfortunate victims may rest assured that their case is not desperate, though they may have been given up by their physicians. Many who have contemplated suicide as the only relief from their misery, have been restored to perfect health and happiness. Those who have committed this secret habit, even in the most excessive degree, may now rest assured that the means of perfect restoration are within their reach. Those who have been cured by this remedy have not thought it necessary to make the fact public, and the author has no desire to do so, but will cheerfully answer all letters of inquiry, containing a stamp for return postage. Address, DR. J. B. HOUGHTON, Lock box 1, Hartford, Conn.

sept6 eod 1m

Sherry Cobbler.

Sherry cobbler to his friends at sept6 1m

LOUISIANA

Loan and Deposit Office,

70 St. Charles Street.

MONEY LOANED in REAL ESTATE, STOCKS and PERSONAL PROPERTY of all kinds. Loans effected on commission.

All business transactions will be strictly and duly attended to.

S. HART.

sept 6

Carpet Warehouse.

80.....CHARTRES STREET.....80

Carpeting! Carpeting! Carpeting!

WE are now receiving from English and American manufacturers the following goods: VELVETS, BRUSSELS, TAPESTRY, VENETIANS, THREE-PLY and INGRAIN CARPETINGS; also, FLOOR OIL-CLOTH; of all patterns and qualities, which we are able to sell at unprecedentedly LOW GRADES of all descriptions; RODS, MATS, RUGS, RUGS, TABLE and PIANO COVERS; MATTING, &c., &c., and 5-4 COTTON, FANCY and PLAID—all of which we offer to the Trade at the lowest market prices.

A. MOUGEAU & CO.,

sept6 1m 80 Chartres street.

Second Hand Printing Presses.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Public Schools of the Second District are to open on MONDAY next, the 12th inst., and that the Directors of the several schools are required to meet punctually at their respective schools on said day, for the purpose of organizing the same for the ensuing year.

By order of the Board.

September 1, 1859. sept 2

Look Here!

THE undersigned have this day taken Mr. EDWARD DOMINIC, Jr., into partnership.

sept 1 eow 1m

E. DOMINIC & CO.

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E. DOMINIC & CO.

HOSTETTER, LAMBERT & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS, APPRAISERS AND GENERAL AGENTS,

For the sale of Real Estate, Slaves, Furniture, Stock, Pier Warehouse and Commission Business, Cargoes, Stocks of Merchandize, &c., &c.

PARTICULAR attention will be given to the purchase and sale of Cotton and Sugar Plantations.

Major Wm. Powell, who has had an experience of twenty years in the land negotiations of the State, will attend to the sale of Plantations in the country, and the procurement of Locations and the Appointment of Warehouses.

Also, a separate Office, at Pump Well, and 6 Cotton's.

The Lot is very high, and can be easily reached. Conveyance has the trouble of any kind.

For terms and conditions, apply to

HOSTETTER, LAMBERT & CO.,

sept 2 12 and 14 St. Louis st

Veterinary Surgeon and Farrier.

Highest street, No. 9.

JEAN BAPTISTE Sage leaves to inform the public and his former customers that he has rented and opened his Veterinary establishment on Magazine street, (No. 9) between Levee and Tchoupitoulas streets.

sept 6 1m

Medical Notice.

THE undersigned has just received, per steamer Philadelphia, a large assortment of REMEDIES for 1859, of different kinds and kinds, from the following houses—

Gregory & Sons;
Prosser & Sons;
Hughes & Kellner;
Thompson & Co.

The above Stocks will be sold at very low prices by

PAULIN DUREL,
Stationer, Printer and Binder,
91 Chartres street.

sept 2

THE undersigned has the honor to inform his friends and the public in general that he is removing by every manner a new and well assorted stock of Groceries, Provisions, Wines, Liquors, Ales, Mustangs, &c., &c., and will be happy to see them call and examine his stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere

PAU IN DUREL,
Stationer, Printer and Binder,
sept 1 91 Chartres street.

Cotton Sampling and Wrapping Paper.

PAULIN DUREL has received, by recent arrivals, a large and well selected stock of Wrapping Paper, suitable for Dry Goods Houses and Grocers, Cotton Sampling Paper, Bagging, Twine, &c., &c. The paper is very heavy and large. The whole will be sold very low, at PAULIN DUREL,

Stationer, Printer and Binder,

sept 1 91 Chartres st

SARDINES—10 boxes Nantes in 1lb. and quarter boxes, of L. LAMARQUE and J. CHABOT'S brands; for sale by

HUG. BESANCENEZ & CO.,

sept 6 17 and 19 St. Louis st

BRANDY—100 puncheons brandy, in quarter and eighth pipes, of the following brands: Pinard & Co., A. Lagrange & Co., Bouyer Ball, Cognac, &c. Jouhaud, Rivet & Co., and Pellisson & Co., J. Dubouche, Rivet & Co., for sale by

HUG. BESANCENEZ & CO.,

sept 6 17 and 19 St. Louis st

CLARET—50 cases claret, in 1/2 bottles, 25 do. do. quarter boxes, 25 do. do. eighths; 10 do. do. demi-johns; 10 do. do. gallons; 10 hhds. do. do.; and boxes do. do. Lafitte, for sale by the importer, Sept. 1, 1859.

HUG. BESANCENEZ & CO.,

sept 6 17 and 19 St. Louis st

BRANDY—100 puncheons Otard, Dupuy & Co.'s, Hennessy, Martell, Pellisson & Co., Jouhaud, Rivet & Co., Bouyer Ball, Cognac, &c., &c., for sale by

HUG. BESANCENEZ & CO.,

sept 6 17 and 19 St. Louis st

Champagne Wines.

SCHROEDER & SCHYLER'S, BORDEAUX;

F. HASENKLEVER, CÔTE D'OR;

KIRCHNER & BRAUBURGER, RUDESHEIM on the Rhine.

N. R. PEPIN & CO,

sept 6 33 Common st

Wines, Liquors, &c.

THE undersigned has received a superior lot of wines, liquors, &c., which he offers at the lowest market prices, consisting of a general assortment of

Wines & Liquors,

Which he will supply to order on the most reasonable terms.

THOS. F. AYALA.

New Orleans, 6th Sept., 1859. sept 6

Medical Card.

A private card to those who have injured themselves by indulging in that secret habit of youth, which frequently entails upon its victims premature decay, and the most melancholy reflections, even unfitting them for the enjoyments of married life. These unfortunate victims may rest assured that their case is not desperate, though they may have been given up by their physicians. Many who have contemplated suicide as the only relief from their misery, have been restored to perfect health and happiness. Those who have committed this secret habit, even in the most excessive degree, may now rest assured that the means of perfect restoration are within their reach. Those who have been cured by this remedy have not thought it necessary to make the fact public, and the author has no desire to do so, but will cheerfully answer all letters of inquiry, containing a stamp for return postage. Address, DR. J. B. HOUGHTON, Lock box 1, Hartford, Conn.

sept6 eod 1m

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