NEW-ORLEANS BEE.

BY BULLITT, MAGNE & CO.
At No. 81 Chartres street.

CITY PAPER, PUBLISHED DAILY, *per annum*, in advance, $15
COUNTRY PAPER, PUBLISHED THRICE WEEKLY, 10

"Truth is omnipotent, and Public Justice certain."

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES,
HENRY CLAY
(Subject to the decision of the American People.)
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
WINFIELD SCOTT
FOR GOVERNOR
HENRY JOHNSON,
FOR MAYOR,
WM. FRERET.

NEW-ORLEANS:
WEDNESDAY MORNING MARCH 16, 1842.

LATEST DATES.

New-York	March 4	London	Jan. 15
Boston	March 4	Liverpool	Jan. 20
Charleston	March 5	Paris	Jan. 19
Mobile	March 11	Havre	Jan. 19
Philadelphia	March 11	Gibraltar	Jan. 31
Baltimore	March 11	Malta	March 1
Tuscaloosa	March 11	Smyrna	Feb. 12
Vera Cruz	March 1	Vera Cruz	March

Commercial.

NEW-ORLEANS, TUESDAY NIGHT, March 15, 1842.

The events of the past three days call for but few comments. Business drags sluggishly along, and continues to be seriously impeded by the deranged state of the currency. With the exception of sales transactions in our staple articles, there is nothing worthy of the pen, and even these are still subject to such fluctuations as to require special remarks.

Sydney mentions arrivals pretty much the same state as we left them in our last review, and uncurrent funds maintain the same depreciated standard. We quote Orleans Bank notes, 20 @ 75 ₱ cent. discount.—Exchange and Alabama, 20 @ 00 do.—Improvement, 20 @ 25 do.

The weather has turned cool, and is favorable to out door business. The river remains at the same stage last mentioned.

COTTON.—Quite a good demand has been experienced for this article since our last review, during which period 11,200 bales have changed hands, viz.—on Saturday, 4,800; yesterday, 4,400; and to-day, 3,000. Prices are very full, and in many instances a shade higher; but we deem the advance insufficient to call for any alteration in our quotations. A large portion of the transactions have been for French account. English buyers are being reluctant to operate to any extent before the reception of later advices from England and part due, and which are looked for with great anxiety.

LIVERPOOL CLASSIFICATION

Louisiana and Mississippi.		*Tennessee and N. Ala.*	
Ordinary	5½@6	Ordinary	07 @00
Middling	5 @5½	Middling	00 @00
Middling Fair	5 @6	Middling Fair	00 @00
Fair	6 @6	Fair	00 @00
Good fair	6 @6	Good fair	00 @00
Good and fine	12 @00	Good and fine	00 @00

TOBACCO.—Since our last there has been a pretty steady inquiry for this article, and the sales sum up 300 hhds at previous prices, which are steadily maintained We quote fair manufacturing, 4½ @ 5; and 5½ @ 5¾; Selections and fine tasty range higher.

SUGAR.—The market continues dull, and the transactions since our previous review do not exceed 300 hhds to prime, we have no change to notice, and quote 3 @ 3½; as the extremes of the market.

MOLASSES.—The demand is tolerably good at former prices.—say 16 @ 17c, according to the condition of the barrels. We have no heard of any further sales on plantation.

FLOUR.—The inquiry for this article has been very limited; in fact, it is chiefly confined to the wants of consumption. We quote Baltimore, $5 50 @ $5 75; Ohio, $5 12½ @ $5 —

WESTERN PRODUCE.—We have still to notice the same depression in the Provision-market, and the sales which are now confined to limited parcels are difficult to effect at our figures. We quote *Pork*, Mess, $8 00—Mi. O., $7 00—Sell Prime, $5 00—P. O. $5 @ 5 25.... *Bacon*, Sides, 5½ @ 6c; Shoulders, 3½ @ 4; Hams, 7 @ 8c.... *Lard*, Prime, $6 50 ₱ bbl.; *Lard*—Ordinary, 4½ @ 4¾—Prime, 5c—Choice, 5½c. *Beef*—Hams, $4 @ 4½c—Sides, 3½ @ 4c—Shoulders, 3 @ 3½c.

WHISKEY.—The demand has improved, and our last quotations are maintained,—say 17 @ 18c for Rectified—Country, 16 @ 16c.

BAGGING AND BALE ROPE.—The inquiry continues on the same limited scale, at former quotations. Kentucky Bagging, 17 @ 18c—Indiia do. 19 @ 19c—Kentucky Rope, 9c.

COFFEE.—The market is flat. We quote Havana prime green, 9½ @ 10c—Inferior and Middling, 9 @ 9½c—Rio, 9 @ 10c.

SALT.—We quote from store, Liverpool fine, $2 50 @ $2 12½ coarse, $1 30 $1 40 per sack, with but little doing. There have been no sales from shipboard. Turks Island is still in complete drug, and can scarcely be sold at any price.

CANDLES.—In consequence of the very limited demand, holders have submitted to a further reduction, and we have quote New-Bedford Sperm, 37½ @ 38c—Nantucket, 34 @ 36c.

OILS.—We continue to note very flattering accounts of the Whale fisheries. The Sperm oil is very dull, and declined 0d. 1 03 @ 1 10—White Oil, 46 @ 48d. ₱ gallon. Tanners' Oil, 31s @ 34 ₱ brl. There is scarcely anything doing in these articles.

EXCHANGE.—*Bills* on all points have been more readily negotiated since our last, and the rates have advanced. We quote Sterling, 10 @ 11 ₱ cent prem.—France, 5 18 @ 5 15—New-York, 2½ @ 3½ ₱ cent. premium.—Short Sight Checks, 3½ @ 4 ₱ cent. prem.

EXCHANGE OUT DOORS.

Sterling	10 @ 11 ₱ ct. prem.
France	5 15 @ 5 12½ do.
New-York, 60 days' sight	1 @ 2½ ₱ ct. prem.
do. 10 days' sight	2½ @ 3 ₱ ct. prem.
do. sight checks	3 @ 3½ ₱ ct. prem.
Philadelphia, 60 days	nominal.
do. sight	nominal.
Boston, 60 days	2 @ 2½ ₱ ct. prem.

FREIGHTS are very dull; we note two disagreeable for Havre at 5/.

FREIGHTS.

Cotton ₱ bale to Liverpool	..d.
do. Havre	5/
do. New-York	1 @1 25
do. Boston	1 @1 25
Tobacco ₱ hhd to Cowes, &c.	30 @ 40s.
do. London, direct	60s @ 65s.
do. New-York	4 @
do. Boston	4 @
do. Philadelphia	3 @3 50 =
Sugar and molasses from coast ₱ hhd	3 @ 3 50
Flour ₱ brl	2 @ 2 50
Pork ₱ brl	1 @ 1 50
Beef ₱ brl	1 @ 1 50

DEPARTURE OF THE ATLANTIC STEAMERS

FROM LIVERPOOL.		FROM BOSTON.	
Caledonia	Mar. 4	April	2
Acadia	Mar. 4	April	2
Columbia	April 5	May	7
Hibernia	May 4	June	4
Caledonia	May 4	June	1
Acadia	May 19	June	16
Columbia	June 5	July	7

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

EXPORTS

Havre—Per ship London—2349 bales cotton, 1956 staves.
Liverpool—Per ship Niagara—730 hhds, 200 bales and 199 barrels tobacco, 6,000 staves.
Liverpool—Per ship Lucy Wright—1736 bales cotton.
Liverpool—Per ship Philip Ward—2772 bales cotton.
Boston—Per ship Fairfield—2068 bales cotton.
Baltimore—Per brig Architect—395 brls molasses, 193 hhds sugar.
Hartford—Per brig Neptune—169 bales cotton.
Antwerp—Per brig Theonise—670 bales cotton, 66 hhds tobacco.
Mobile—Per schr Salem—700 sacks corn, 100 do oats, 500 brls molasses.
Hartford—Per schr Sarah—104 bales cotton, 90 hhds molasses, 300 sacks corn, &c.
Mobile—Per schr Mary Jane—sundries.
Mobile—Per schr G. Hatfield—sundries.
Pensacola—Per schr Mary Jane—sundries.
Galveston—Per schr Forest—54 hhds sugar, 150 brls molasses.

IMPORTS.

Matagorda—Per schr Henry—3 bales cotton seed.
Galveston—Per steamship (New York—1 box, to J. Grimshaw.
Marseilles—Per barque Euphrates—200 qr. brls wine, 500 boxs Mount wine, 100 do cordials, 464 baskets oil, 900 bales cork, 1 box paper, 1 do glass, 1 do sundries, 100 bags almonds, 10 ₱ A W Anderson; 6 bales corks, 60 box orange flowers, 1 do glass, 1 box silks, Leissen & Sylvester; 3 do marble, Alexr Barrow; 1 do do, Wm Brand; 2 do do A Lacoste; and 1 do do, to Sublette; 7 Alcard, Letessey; T Blanc; and 1 do do.

RECEIPTS FROM THE INTERIOR.

By Mississippi—Per steamer Zephyr—44 hhds sugar, 1 do, 11 ₱ J Perry; 4 do and 1 brl do, and 16 brls molasses, 1 do sugar; 1 do and 1 brl do, Blodgett & Stanyarne; total 67 hhds sugar, 41 brls molasses.

By Yazoo River—Per steamer Vermillion—64 bales cotton, to Fellows, Bullock & Co; 11 do, Mossom; 7 do, Hall & Sugar, 1 Hall; 200 Hides, owner on board.

By Williams' Landing—Per steamer Maid of Kentucky—271 bales cotton, Master Christmas; 8 do, Chinn; 1 do, Calloway; 197 Andrews & Bros; 16 Pollard & Wright; 1 do, McLean & Hall; 17 Brander, Williams & co; 75 Johnson & co; 11 Cobb & co; 1 do, Hall & co; 16 do, Kirkman, Abernathy & Hanna, 6 Payne, Harrison & co; 6 Reed & Robertson; 10 do, Cooper & co; 14 L B Smith & Co; 34 S Lead; total 1197 bales cotton.

Cincinnati—Per steamer Jean of Arc—345 kegs lard, 9 do, 4 Lucas & Robertson; 10 do, 2 Thompson; 70 brls whiskey, Curtis & Baldwin and 597 brls pork, Norcross & Fosdick; 50 kegs, Clymer, Breton & Swift; 44 brls, 1 box mdse, J Bryan; 1 box, 1 brl, 1 keg, Hall; 700 brls pork, 62 do lard, W Gorham; 138 brls flour, 1 hhd tobacco, Foster & Lowe; 50 brls pork, 50 brls lard, Hall & Mussey; 50 do do Hall; 100 brls pork, 10 brls flour, 2 Van Hoesen; 11 brls pork, 10 hhds tobacco, J P Dodyne; 50 brls and 223 kegs lard, 483 brls pork, 31 brls hams and cushions, owners on board.

Louisville—Per steamer Great Western—800 brls flour, Wm Mackey; 25 hhds tobacco, Kelly & Crenshaw; 5 do, Reggio, A B Carpenter; 41 hhds tobacco, owner on board; 110 brls flour, Belknap & Fellowes; 27 hhds tobacco, Kelly & Crenshaw; 1267 coils rope, Hall & Mussey; 50 do do Hall; 150 brls flour, 4 brls pork brandy, 4 kegs feathers, 4 kegs cordials, 50 do cordials, 1 woman & co; 3 hhds tobacco, Hibbard & Stuart; 5 J & D Fahrman; 1 do, Hall; 1 do, Hall & Sugar; 1 do, Hall; 1 do, Hall & Sugar; 3 half do pouches, Fetter & Lonsdale; 400 sacks corn, owner on board; 1473 do J Wood sack; 17 bales cotton, 6 hhds tobacco, Dick, Dunn & co; 1 do, Lees & Hall; 6 hhds tobacco, 1 bale cotton, M D Cooper & co; 19 Atwood, Lake & co; 30 T Wood, Hadfield & co; 1 hhds tobacco, Price, Johnson & co; 67 bls cotton, Fellows, Hale & co; 10 do, J Bennison; 1 Flower & Finley; 138 A L Gathright & Bro; 85 Lockett, Harris & Desmukes.

Maysville—Per steamer Ohio Valley—316 brls pork, 19 do lard, 8 brls beef, 40 do pork, 4 kegs lard, 12 brls beef 43 hhds bacon, 3 do sundries, 500 do S W Payne & M Peyton; 100 kegs lard, and 6 do butter Fornsill, Ramsey & co; 402 kegs lard, 23 brls whiskey, W & J Seaver et al; pax, baggage, 25 cable rope, 3 Reed bacon, 20 brls pork, 24 brls lard, 19 brls beef, 3 brls mdse, 1 do sundries, 2 do Hoeggs; 67 sacks bulk, L Dobbins; 20 brls whiskey, 1 do do, 1 do mdse, Shotwell & Avery; 19 reels packing yarn, 8 Hatchell, Stevens & Co; 1 hhd tobacco, Smith, Metre, Taylor, Rust & co.

St Louis—Per steamer Wapello—1000 brls flour, 350 bags wheat, Kelly & Conyngham; 50 do bran, 20 do do Fredericks & Co; 50 do do, Wallace & co; 20 do do Connelly & Elder; 43 hhds bacon, 3 sacks do, Wallace & co; 50 brls and 100 kegs lard, Rice & Hathaway; 50 do do Hall & Sugar, for Hall; 50 do do, Hall & Mussey; 34 brls oil, C L Frost; 50 hhds bacon, 3 brls eggs, H Lee; 50 do do Hall & Sugar; 11 do Conley, Payne & Reynolds; 25 brls pork, 4 kegs lard, 1 bottles, 1 brl candy, 1 do mdse, 1 do sundries, 1 do flour, 641 bags corn, 410 do bran, hds do cotton, owners on board.

Cincinnati—Per steamer J. Nashee—197 bales cotton, Rawlins & Robertson; 97 do Hall & Sugar; 100 do Hall & Mussey; 200 Kirkman, Abernath; & co; 36 R King; 81 do Hall & Sugar; 1 Burns & Bowman; total 670 bales cotton—1 hhds tobacco, G W Stevens; 1 do do, 1 brl do, 2 boxes do, to Price, Johnson & co; 3 Galbraith, Logan & co; 7 Kirkman, Abernathy & Hanna.

Neither the captain or consignees of the British ship DIADEM will be responsible for any bills of lading extracted from the above of said vessel.
E. & F. T. PRESCOTT.
75, Canal street Row.

FOR SALE.—Per Cumbre, consignee of merchandize per barque VILLAO from Marseilles. Apply to the captain on board, or to the undersigned, office next to the same.
98 Common st. JOS GALE.

MANUEL R. DE LA VALLEJA, has removed to No. 84 Magazine street, between Conti and Royal sts mh22

FERGUSON & REID, Wm. Reid
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
No. 89 *Poydras street*, New Orleans.

THE CITIZENS' BANK of La. is purchasing bills at 60 days sight,
On Paris at 5 fr 20,
On New York, at par cent. premium.
mh12 J. H. SHERALT, Cashier

EXCHANGE on BOSTON—Drafts at 60 days sight, for sale by RICE & HALL,
mh12 71 Magazine street.

EXCHANGE on Boston at 30 days sight, for sale by TRAVERS & CUSHING, 67 Tchoupitoulas st
mh12 Poydras street.

EXCHANGE on New-York at 5 to 10 days sight for sale by WOOD & SIMPKINS,
mh12 89 Magazine st

CHECKS on New York, for sale by the Western Marine and Fire Insurance Company.
mh16-tf

PLANTERS' BANK NOTES, Mississippi, for sale by HAWTHORN & WOODS, 16 Gravier st
mh16

MUNICIPALITY No. 2 Certificates, Apply to
mh12 CHAS BRANDON, Corner Exchange alley

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NEW-ORLEANS:
WEDNESDAY MORNING MARCH 16, 1842.

TEXAS AND MEXICO.

The supine and pacific policy of Texas has at length invited the Mexican to invade the Republic. We apprehend that the Texians, among other qualities, have inherited a large portion of the *diplomatic* spirit of the United States. The actual incursions of the enemy could alone arouse them to take that stand, which had they taken a year ago, would have made Mexico the theatre of the war instead of Texas. It is to be hoped that those Texian citizens in the United States who have hooted at the idea of Mexican invasion, are now convinced that the suggestions of that portion of the American press, that pointed to the probability of such an issue, to the continued and sometimes importunate efforts of Texas to secure the recognition of Texas by means of despatches and other pacific devices were made upon sufficient authority.

The persuasion of gunpowder can alone reach the understandings of such a people as Mexico; and it is the only argument that the United States should use in the matter of her citizens now held in degrading and cruel bondage by that inflated Republic. It would be a laughable business if the ignoble policy of the United States should stimulate the Mexicans to cross the Sabine; yet such a thing might happen. And would it not be a beautiful commentary upon the prowess of American diplomacy for such a nation to actually march upon our frontier? They might annoy our citizens on the confines of the Republic, steal horses, cattle, and kill a few old men, and retreat. By the time a troop was got together to pursue them, Mr. WEBSTER might have a despatch prepared and the ground of a negotiation laid, that would enable our wise rulers to display their diplomatic acumen, for years to come.

The invasion of Texas furnishes an occasion for our citizens to avenge the wrongs that have been heaped upon their countrymen by the Autocrat of Mexico, which we would gladly see embraced. If the United States will not go to war, now is the time to join the standard of a sister Republic, in conformity with the resolutions adopted by the "great meeting" held at Banks' Arcade, on the 4th of February. Should the United States hereafter engage in hostilities, there will be enough left to support the American banner. Or that the U. S. Government could catch a portion of the spirit of the people.

The Texas army, now that there is no escape from war, should have its standard decorated with a miniature of the Cathedral in the centre of the city of Mexico; so that *every man* would see it the last thing in the evening and the *first* in the morning, to keep the end of his exertions continually in his mind; for not until the Texian banner is planted in the public square before the palace of SANTA ANA should the war be terminated.

In addition to the *two extras* we issued yesterday, we pub ish this morning a letter from President HOUSTON, which any one wishing to join the army of liberty should carefully read. We also lay some additional items before our readers. We have besides a number of private letters from citizens of eminence in TEXAS; the *tenor* of which are the same as that of General HOUSTON'S. Ho for Mexico! We will soon hear the voice of General COMBS, from the hills of Kentucky, and the valleys of the Great West.

ASTOUNDING INTELLIGENCE.

INVASION OF TEXAS BY MEXICO!
SURRENDER OF SAN ANTONIO!!

By the arrival of the steam packet ship New-York we have been put in possession of the certain intelligence of the invasion of Texas by a formidable Mexican force; San Antonio has surrendered; the Mexicans had taken Goliad. The invaders, variously estimated at from 8 to 14,000, entered Texas at several points. The Texians were concentrating on Victoria, Gonzales and Austin, at which places a desperate resistance will be made. We publish an extra from the Galveston *Civilian*, and the proclamation of President HOUSTON.

From an Extra of the. *Civilian* (Galveston) of the 12th of March.

"By the steamer Dayton, just arrived from Houston, we learn that expresses arrived yesterday from Austin, dated on Monday last, stating that intelligence had reached that place, that San Antonio was taken by Mexicans on Saturday last. Capt. Dotton, who brought the intelligence from Austin, states that the number of Mexicans was large, numbering several thousands.

The express which reached here from Victoria last night states that a body of 300 Mexicans who captured Capt. ii, Ferguson and from whom he escaped, stated that their force on this side of the Nueces numbered 800, who were destined for Victoria, that 3,000 had gone to San Antonio, and that there were in all 14,000 this side of the Rio Grande.

Men are turning out rapidly at Houston.

A number of men left this city yesterday for the seat of war, and a company is expected to leave today.

PROCLAMATION

To the Citizens of Texas.

MY COUNTRYMEN:—Rumors have been brought from the South-western frontier of invasion, Particulars have not been furnished to the Executive. The facts are sufficient to justify immediate preparation for defensive war. All who are subject to military duty are commanded to be in readiness to repair equipped to the scene of action, at the call of the authorities, or their company rank. It is ordered that the colonel of each county, for the present, lay off the county into company Beats, and direct the election of captains and subalterns, and arrange the members of each company in three classes, agreeably to the class in which they may draw. When drafts may take place, the colonels of the different counties shall have authority and power to accept efficient substitutes into service.

Each man will be required in the event of a call, by the President, to report himself, furnished with good arms, eight days provision, and one hundred rounds of ammunition, and prepared for three months service from the time when they may report at the Head-Quarters of the army.

In the event of a formidable invasion, it is needless to appeal to the patriotism and valor of Texians—They have won Liberty and Independence by their undaunted heroism—they have enjoyed the blessings of freedom—they are proud of their national character.

If invasion should press upon us we are required by every sacred obligation to family, friends and country, to repel our invaders with discomfiture and dismay. If war should come upon us, we will make it our business. We will be authorized to meet and pursue our enemies with vengeance. They have forgotten the generosity with which they were treated when they were placed at the footstool of Texian mercy! They were saved when even humanity would have justified retributive vengeance! Should Mexico again disregard the existing principles of civilized and honorable warfare, they shall feel that avenging arm that shall take of them full recompense for oppression and cruelty! Texians can and will be free!—They would prefer death to degradation, or the loss of their liberty.

SAM HOUSTON.
Galveston, 10th March, 1842.

We add the following received from an authentic source and shall publish to-morrow Gen. Houston's letter.

At 11 o'clock on Sunday, as the New York was coming out from Galveston, we met the steamer Edward Burreson, just from Houston, and learned officially of the surrender of San Antonio to the Mexicans, under the command of Gen. Vasques, on the 6th instant. His force consisted of 50 lancers, 350 cavalry; 180 infantry; 30 mounted Caddo Indians, and about 550 rancheros, and is, no doubt the advance guard of the army. All the Mexicans in Bexar have joined the invading army. From the best information we can get, the entire Mexican force now in Texas is believed to be about 15,000. Gen. Burreson has about 2000 men under his command at Gonzales, and is daily receiving accessions. He is prepared to give the enemy a warm reception, and although the numbers are largely against them, he and his men are certain of success and impatient for the conflict.

Gen. Houston left Galveston on Sunday morning, at 10 o'clock, for the army. He gave cool and collected, as would seem from exterior appearance, whilst at the same time, those who are intimate with him can best perceive that emotions equal to Mount Vesuvius are at work within him. His health is firm, his spirits good, and a determination immovably fixed in him to heap vengeance on the perfidious Mexicans.

If necessary, he will have 10,000 Texians in the field in thirty days. Houston and Galveston are turning out to a man, as is all other parts of Texas. The steamer Lafitte, and three sloops, all private property, have been manned and fully fitted out by the citizens of Galveston, and quited on Sunday, under command of Capt. Clarke, for Copano and the Bravo

Ex-Governor RITCHIE, of Pa., has in a great measure recovered of the use of his eyes.

DRURY'S THEATRE.—The Italians execute the beautiful opera of *Martino Faliero* this evening. We have no sort of doubt the house will be densely crowded.

AMERICAN.—Mrs. FITZWILLIAM'S benefit and last appearance to-night at the American. Her card is particularly attractive, and should secure a goodly array of patrons and play goers.

HURRICANE.—A hurricane passed through Lauderdale county on Monday, 7th instant, which destroyed several houses and damaged considerable property.—No lives were lost.

EXCRUCIATING.—The locofoco organ at Louisville, the *Advertiser*, is edited by a Mr. Russell, a personage who, from all accounts, appears to be very decidedly small potatoes. This Mr. Russell has been guilty of an act of literary piracy, in filching a story of Thomas Hood's respecting the ascent of an aeronaut in a balloon in company with a madman, from the columns of the *Albion*, and claiming the credit of authorship. Printing with his trenchant steel, falls upon the unfortunate wight and cuts to the bone at every blow. Witness the following *jeux d'esprit*:

It is an old English saying, applied to any man who take a very circuitous route to arrive at a point, that they "*go round by Robin Hood's barn.*" The Old man of the Advertiser doesn't travel around by Robin Hood's, but goes straight to *Tom* Hood's premises, and, like an old poacher, helps himself to whatever he can find there.

If Tom Hood, of London, and Mr. Russell, of Bluffdale, must settle between themselves the question of the authorship of that "tale of terror." We demand of them to settle it at once. We are not to be hoodwinked by Mr. Hood, or bluffed by Mr. Russell, of Bluffdale.

We acknowledge the receipt of late St. Louis papers, from the officers of the steamboat *Danizen*.

The Bank of Missouri has adopted the following resolution:

"Notes of the banks of Kentucky, Indiana, Cincinnati, Bank of Illinois, Virginia, not any other of the suspended banks, will be received *on deposite* at this bank, but the same will be received in *payment of debts or notes*, as heretofore, and *paid out upon deposit.*"

We are indebted to the politeness of A. B. CHAMBERS, Esq., of the St. Louis *Republican*, for a pamphlet containing the "Proceedings of the St. Louis Chamber of Commerce in relation to the improvement of the navigation of the Mississippi river, &c."

DESPERATE AFFRAY—Two men, says the Nashville *Banner* of the 21. named John Kenley and Samuel Butler, were gambling yesterday in a low house on Broad street, when a quarrel ensued, and Butler shot Kenley with a pistol. The wound is considered mortal Butler made his escape.

The Hon. LEONARD WILCOX has been temporarily appointed by the governor of New Hampshire to be a senator of the United States from that state, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of the Hon. FRANKLIN PIERCE.

A bill providing for Biennial sessions of the Legislature, has passed both branches of the Legislature of Maryland.

A free brike out in Richmond on the night of the 4th inst., in a stable belonging to Mr. Irby, which it destroyed, together with fourteen horses.

THE WHIGS of Troy, N. Y., have elected their Mayor by 41 majority, and their supervisor by nearly 200.

The packet ship *Tarolinta* from Liverpool, which she left on the 24th January, arrived at New York a few days since. Unfortunately she brought no fever.

THE CALEDONIA had not arrived at Boston on the fourth, nor had the *Unicorn* returned from Halifax.

JUDGE GRIMKE of the Supreme Court of Ohio, has resigned his office.

DISTURBANCE IN BALTIMORE.—A letter in the Charleston *Courier*, dated March 4th, gives the following:

"BALTIMORE, March 4.

Baltimore is in a strong state of excitement, in consequence of the suspension of specie payments. The banks have refused to take the Rail Road notes at par, and they have fallen 30 per cent below par. It is said that the banks and brokers are concerned—the laboring man has to take the notes of the R. R. Company, which can often be got for 70 or 75 cents. He remonstrates with his employer, (who, by the-by, buys three notes at thirty per cent. discount and pays them at par,) and he refuses to take them back and perhaps discharges the complainant. The mob collected in the ground last night, and for the last four nights mobs of from five to six thousand have been assembling at the North Point, Monument Square, opposite Barnum's Hotel. Night before last the major addressed the mob, but instead of repressing, it served to spur to the excitement. Last night the mob ranged more numerously. They burnt Scott, a senator of the state legislature, in effigy, for reporting against the immediate resumption of specie payments by the banks. The military paraded, but it is heard that 1000 are detailed, and that ball cartridges have been issued. and as soon as the mob begin the work of destruction, they will be fired on. Vast many of the people are armed, the city will be removed, and I fear that a fight may ensue. It is a awful state of affairs. By the time that you receive this, the work will have commenced. The mob say if specie is not forthcoming, they will destroy the rail road and cars. This will be bad work."

The following notice we find in the Baltimore papers up to the evening of the 5th inst., in reference to this matter; is the following:

"The Annapolis Republican says: A committee of about two hundred persons reached this city yesterday from Baltimore, for the purpose of petitioning the senate of Maryland for the passage of the resumption bill now pending in that body. They paraded, with music, from the steamboat to the capitol and back again. Their petition was referred to the committee of conference of the senate in connection with the committee of the house."

SAVANNAH, MARCH 7.

We have received from our attentive correspondents the following letters by the U. S. steamer *Gen. W. S. Harney*, Capt. Pearson:

EAST FLORIDA, MARCH 4.

Dear Sir,—On the 27th ult., near Halifax river, east of the St. Johns, Major Plympton, 2d Infantry, captured the celebrated chief "Short Grass;" celebrated as being the last guide east of the St. Johns, and one of the most cruel and murderous rascal belonging to the several bands of Micksuckies. A happy capture, and one that will, it is confidently anticipated, rid the settlements around St. Augustine of further disturbance from the Indians.

Halleck-tus-te-nuggee has escaped with his band, to the east of the St. Johns. Expeditions are forming to pursue him. The truth of the proverb will be fulfilled in his case: "*no rest for the wicked,*"—for he is a most wicked rascal.

PALATKA, E. F., MARCH 3, 1842.

Dear Sir,—There is but little Indian news in market for to day. Col. Worth with his staff arrived here this morning, from the interior; six companies of the 3d Artillery arrived here on the 2d inst., from Volusia, having marched from New Smyrna to that place, on their way to the posts on the coast. Lieut. Joseph Lancaster, Lieut. Talcut. Tompkins, and Com. F, Lieut Van Vliet, *leave* here on the 5th, for Fort Fanning on the Suwannee. The other divisions will soon follow.

The celebrated chief "Short Grass," who was taken by Maj. Plympton, a short time since, is at this place, in irons for safe keeping.

PICOLATA, MARCH 4.

Major Plympton succeeded on the 27th ult. in capturing Short Grass and his party, consisting of some seven or eight in all. They were brought to Palatka in the U. S steamer Newhurn. There is good ground for hoping and believing that Major Belknap will succeed in inducing *As-syn-nocie* party to come in. This tribe consists of about 100, of whom some 30 or 25 are warriors.

Some three or four persons, women and children, were killed west of the Suwannee, a few days since—none of them with arrows. The party of Indians consisted of seven persons. Troops and citizens are out in all directions in pursuit.

Colonel Worth is at Palatka.

MARRIAGES.

In this city, on the 15th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Hall, Mr. JOHN MCCLOSKEY to Miss MARY ANN, daughter of Mr. Thomas Hall, all of this city.

DEATHS.

On Monday morning, 14th inst., at 4 o'clock, after a short illness, Mr. JOHN MCCLOSKEY, aged 23 years, a native of Ireland.

The friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, from the residence of his father, No. 21 Bienville street, this afternoon, at 3 o'clock