The New-Orleans Bee.

No. 493. VOL. VIII.—NEW SERIES. VOL. XII.—WHOLE No. 3496.

LEGAL ADVERTISING PAPER.—NEW-ORLEANS, SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 2, 1847.

BAKER & WEBBER, PROPRIETORS. Office, 51 Camp and 18 Carondelet Streets.

TERMS OF THE BEE.

DAILY PAPER (one year in advance).....$12,00
COUNTRY PAPER, Semi-weekly, (one year in advance).....5 00

In all cases the subscriber must give one week's notice in writing before he can be allowed to discontinue.

ADVERTISING—One dollar for every TEN lines, for each language, on the first insertion, and HALF that price for each subsequent one. No Advertisement inserted for less than one dollar in each language.

Advertisements not specified as to time will be published one month, and charged accordingly.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged one dollar for every TEN lines, for each language and for each insertion.

☞ The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their business, and to extent to one square every other day.

CANDIDATES

For Congress.

☞ We are authorized to announce EDGAR WORTHINGTON as a candidate to represent the First District in Congress, at the ensuing election.

For Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.

☞ We are authorized to announce CHARLES CALHOUN Esq. as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans, at the ensuing election, to be held on the first Monday in November next.

☞ We are authorized to announce JOHN L. LEWIS, the present incumbent, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans, at the approaching election in November next. 3024

Collector of State Taxes.

☞ Please announce AURELIEN A. VERRET, as a candidate for the office of Collector of State Taxes, for the Seventh Representative District, which is composed between Bayou de street and Bayou Sauvage, the River and the Lake.

☞ Please announce CHS. V. HURTRISE, as a candidate for the office of Collector of State Taxes for the Fourth Representative District, at the election to be held on the 1st November next. The district ranges from Canal to St. Louis streets.

Editors Bee—Please announce MR. THOMAS HOPKINS as a candidate for the office of Collector of State Taxes, for the Fourth Representative District, at the ensuing November election. The district comprises the Fourth and Annunciation wards of the First Municipality.

MANY FRIENDS.

☞ Please announce MR. VICTOR A. DEVEZIN, as a candidate for the office of Collector of State Taxes for the Fourth Representative District, comprising the Second Third and Fourth Municipal districts. HIS FRIENDS.

☞ Please announce M. J. BONNEVIE, as a candidate for the office of Collector of State Taxes for the Fourth Representative District, at the ensuing election. ALL HIS FRIENDS.

For Constable.

☞ We are authorized to announce JOHN P. SAVIDEN, the present incumbent, as a candidate for the office of Constable of the Third Justice of the Peace for the Parish of Orleans, at the ensuing election in November next.

☞ *Messrs. Editors*—Please to announce that Mr. FRANCIS MOONEY, the present incumbent, will be a candidate for the office of Constable of the Fourth Justice of the Peace of the Parish of Orleans, at the ensuing election in November next.

☞ We are authorized to announce GUSTAVE MOUTON, the present incumbent, as a Candidate for the office of Constable of the Fourth Justice of the Peace of the Parish of Orleans, at the ensuing election in November next. 3024

☞ We are authorized to announce ANDRES FLECHAN, for many years connected with the Association of Guadaloupe, as a candidate for Constable of the Fourth Justice of the Peace, to be elected on the 1st Monday of November next, and will be supported by his numerous friends. The District ranges from Lake Street to Bayou Road. 3027

☞ Please to announce Mr. ALEXANDER LUDWIN, as a candidate for the office of Constable of the Fourth Justice of the Peace for the Parish of Orleans, which is Bayou Road to the Lake, at the ensuing November election. HIS NUMEROUS FRIENDS.

☞ Please announce JOHN F. HOWE Esq. as a candidate for re-election to the office of Constable of the First District of the Parish of Orleans, at the ensuing November election. Polling Room at the Lafayette Academy, Camp street. HIS FRIENDS.

Auditor of Public Accounts.

☞ We are authorized to announce THOMAS D. HARRIS as a candidate for re-election to the office of Auditor of Public Accounts, at the ensuing November election.

☞ We are authorized to announce LOUIS BOMBELON, of this city, as a candidate for the office of Auditor of Public Accounts, at the approaching election.

☞ We are authorized to announce ROBERT J. ALLEN as a candidate for the office of Auditor of Public Accounts, at the approaching election.

☞ We are authorized to announce A. M. BENN, of Point Coupee, as a candidate for the office of Auditor of Public Accounts, at the next general election.

☞ We are authorized to announce Mr. CLARK WORCESTER, the present incumbent of the office, as a candidate for AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS. 3026

For Justice of the Peace.

Editors Bee—Please announce me in your columns as a candidate for the office of Justice of the Peace, Fourth District, Parish of Orleans.

F. L. B. DUPLESSIS.

☞ We are authorized to announce C. H. ROBERTS, Esq. as a candidate for re-election, as a candidate for the office of Justice of the Peace for the Fourth District of the Parish of Orleans, at the approaching election in November next.

☞ We are authorized to announce GEORGE A. GRIFFIN, the present incumbent, as a candidate for the office of Justice of the Peace for the Fourth District of Orleans, at the approaching election in November next. sept 21

☞ We are requested to announce the name of JAMES DUNN, as a candidate for the office of Justice of the Peace, for the Fourth District of the Parish of Orleans, to be elected on the 1st Monday in November next. 3023

☞ We are authorized to announce GUSTAVE MOUTON, the present incumbent, as a candidate for re-election to the office of Justice of the Peace, for the Fourth District of Orleans, at the ensuing November election. 3024

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For Coroner.

☞ We are authorized to announce ROBERT SPEDDEN, the present incumbent, as a candidate for re-election to the office of Coroner of the parish of Orleans.

☞ Please announce that Doctor J. E. LAFREAVY will be a candidate for the office of Coroner at the ensuing election, which will take place on the first Monday of November next.

HIS NUMEROUS FRIENDS.

Army Port Folio,

Edited by E. S. WHITING, late Infantry, U. S. A.

SKETCH OF THE ENCAMPMENT OF THE U. S. ARMY AT CORPUS CHRISTI, October 15.

MONTEREY as seen from a house upon the East side of the Saltillo road, after the Capture of the City, Sept. 24. Position occupied by Taylor's Brigade. Gen. Worth, moving into position on the west of the Saltillo road, after the action of Sept. 21.

ALLEN TOWARDS SALTILLO, when the rear guard left Monterey. Gen. Worth's Army coming in. The rear of the column is leaving the Saltillo road, and entering the Pass of Rinconada. Mountain in the distance.

Price, Proofs, beginning, or four dollars the Port Folio, delivered free.

Sent postpaid, or for sale at the New Orleans Bee office, Washington.

J. R. STEEL, 11 Camp st.

MR. FRANCIS ANDRE LASILVA is entirely at his disposal, during our temporary absence in the City, as per his bonds. Edward Barnett, Jr., Agent.

New-Orleans, August 23rd, 1847.

GERARD & FERRIER.

Dyeing and Scouring by Steam.

THE SUN STAINS WATERED.

PERINAUD,

CLEANER & DYER,

Corner of Carondelet and Gravier streets.

Ladies and Gentlemen who have silks to be dyed, or clothes to be cleaned, are requested to call at this store, where work is done in a superior manner, and at the lowest prices. Silks and Satins, of every description, DYED IN THE PIECE FOR WATERING. Gentlemen's Clothes, of every description, cleaned, repaired and dyed. Ladies' Dresses, cleaned and repaired. Trimmings, of every description, cleaned and dyed. Feathers, cleaned and dyed. Carpets, cleaned and dyed. Curtains, very moderate prices. Repairing done at the lowest prices. Gentlemen's Clothes, cleaned and repaired, between Main and St. Philip, for one dollar. sept 16 3m

New Orleans Paper Mill.

WRAPPING PAPER, very superior, various sizes, Sugar Loaf, Blue and White Papers, best quality, Hardware and Sampling Papers, double Printing Paper of all sizes—all at lowest wholesale factory prices.

may 7-ly A. GORDON, Agent, 6 Front Levee.

WANTED—Two Salesmen, speaking French and English, having city goods store. None need apply unless possessing the best kind of references. Address "L. M. P.," Post Office. sept18.

SOLAR LAMPS, CANDLESTICKS, &c.—The subscribers invite the public to call and examine a complete assortment of fancy articles, selected by a Master, in the best manufactories of the North, and which they offer at very reduced prices.

S. MASPEREAU & CO.,

sept11 No 91 Conde street.

CHAISE, SEATS—200 seats for sale at very low prices, by the subscribers, who will put them up.

S. MASPEREAU & CO.,

sept7 91 Conti st.

NOTICE—The Studies, at the "Protestant Female Seminary," situated on Bayou, between Carondelet and Baronne streets, will be resumed on the first of October. The annual session will commence on the first day of November. sept28 4t

A. BALDWIN, Class-Dresses and Fancy Goods and Odessa street, Lake Pontchartrain, will be constantly a large assortment of ROYAL OLIVES, for pickles and condiments.

☞ The ship E. B. SHEPPARD, Capt. Ben Tom, of Boston, is discharging at Pontchartrain Wharf, Windsor's. Consignees will please give notice to the receipt of their goods.

B. COMMAGE, 31 Common st.

The New-Orleans Daily Bee.

Saturday Morning, Oct. 2, 1847.

For Congress—SECOND DISTRICT.

E. G. THIBODEAUX.

The War Meeting.

We subjoin the official report of the proceedings of the meeting of the citizens of New Orleans, held on Thursday evening last at the St. Louis Exchange, to give expression to public sentiment in relation to the present aspect of the Mexican war. The assemblage was numerous, and the proceedings were marked by animation, enthusiasm and harmony. The Speakers were Messrs. FARRAR, CARTER, REYNOLDS, BLANCHARD, AUGUSTIN and LARUE. No difference of opinion appeared to prevail in regard to the duty of the country to sustain the Government in its efforts to prosecute the war with unrelaxed energy; and the resolutions themselves, which go the length of maintaining the justice and necessity of the war, were accepted without dissent, although there were doubtless many present who hold the opinion that a rupture might have been avoided. But in our city, the sentiment of patriotism has always extinguished and annihilated all disposition to cavil and wrangle over the past, when it is the exigencies of the *present* for which we are called upon to provide.

The national authorities may feel well assured that any policy which may point to a vigorous and efficient war as the speediest means of obtaining a firm and honorable peace, will receive the cordial sanction of all parties in Louisiana. Our citizens stand prepared, as heretofore, to peril their best blood in the cause. This latest proof of our devotion, as manifested in the proceedings of the meeting, is only one among thousand which has been offered in confirmation of the zeal and patriotism of our State.

Public Meeting.

Agreeably to published notice, a meeting of the citizens of New-Orleans was last evening held in the St Louis Exchange, to take into consideration the refusal of the enemy to treat for peace, and to give expression to the feelings of Louisiana at the present juncture of our affairs with Mexico.

Col. Oakey called the meeting to order, and moved the following gentlemen as presiding and executive officers. Their several nominations were unanimously adopted by the meeting.

President—His Honor the Mayor.

Vice Presidents—Recorders Genois, Baldwin and Seasonnet, Hon. Emile LaSere, Hon. P. W. Farrar, Major Blanchard, and Messrs. Cabouge J. P. Freret and Anthony Raich.

Secretaries—Messrs. F. A. Lumsden, Wm. L. Hodge and D. Corcoran.

The meeting having been organized, it was addressed in a strain of stirring eloquence and patriotic fervor by Col. Farrar; after which the President, his Honor the Mayor, with the approval of the meeting, appointed the following Committee to draft Resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting, and to be submitted for their approval or rejection: Messrs. Wagner, Pusey, Oakey, Larue, Theodore Zachariae, Preaux and Thorpe.

During the absence of the Committee, the meeting was addressed in a strain of vigorous and soul-stirring patriotism by Messrs. R. M. Carter and M. M. Reynold in English, and by Gen. Augustin in French.

The Committee on Resolutions returned, and on their behalf John C. Larue, submitted to the meeting the following Resolutions, which were unanimously and enthusiastically adopted:

Resolved, That the present war with Mexico is one not sought and unnecessary for the preservation of the rights and the maintenance of the honor of our country.

Resolved, That it has been conducted with equal humanity and glory by the brave officers and soldiers of our army, and that they have earned for themselves a monument of imperishable renown!

Resolved, That the repeated offers by our Government of equitable and liberal terms of peace, and the repeated and insolent rejection of those terms by Mexico, leave us no alternative but to prosecute the war with all the power and resources of the country, till peace is honestly sought by the foe, or Mexico be finally subdued.

Resolved, That it is the duty of every American citizen to do all in his power to aid our Government in a vigorous prosecution of the war.

On motion, the meeting adjourned.

A. D. CROSSMAN, President.

F. A. LUMSDEN, } Secretaries.
WM. L. HODGE, }
D. CORCORAN, }

THIRTIETH CONGRESS.—The election of four Democrats to fill the vacancies in the Congressional delegation from Maine, makes the total number of Representatives elected to this date 212, viz: 112 Whigs, and 100 Democrats. Six more members remain to be elected, viz: 1 in Ohio, 1 in Michigan, 6 in Maryland, 4 in Louisiana, and 4 in Mississippi. Should these sixteen members be of the same politics as their predecessors in the 29th Congress, the full House would comprise 115 Whigs, including Lewis, of Philadelphia, and 113 Democrats.

Of the 26 States which have already chosen their delegations, 19 have chosen a majority of Democrats, 11 a majority of Whigs, and 3 are of the delegations being equally divided. Two of the three remaining States will most probably elect a majority of Democrats, while the third Maryland may be a tie, or possibly may elect a majority of Whigs. When the election of President devolves upon the House the votes are given by States; Arkansas and Delaware with their one member, each having the same voice as New York and Pennsylvania.

We copy the foregoing statement from the N. Y. *Journal of Commerce*—a paper not at all inclined to favor the Whigs. It will be seen that of the sixteen members yet to be elected, the Whigs require only three to give them an absolute majority of two votes. These they are sure of, a score beyond a pretendente. One Whig member in Louisiana, and two in Maryland, were chosen at the most disastrous period in our political history. Let the Whigs do no better now, and they will still have a majority. But will they not do better? Under scarcely any conceivable circumstances can they do worse; and we have every reason to believe that they will add handsomely to their former strength. In Maryland, we feel certain of halving the delegation; pretty well assured that we shall carry four members out of the six; and would not be surprised at the election of Whigs. Of Louisiana we still only say, we shall lose nothing, while the accounts from Fourth District give assurances that the contest there will be close and that the results is doubtful. In Mississippi which Locofocoism seems disposed to claim without any sort of ceremony, we are well convinced that one Whig will be chosen, and perhaps two. Elsewhere, as in the recent districts in Ohio and Michigan, there is no hope. The Whig majority in the Thirtieth House of Representatives will be small. It cannot be less than two—it may be as high as eight or ten; but in no imaginable contingency can the Locofocos obtain a majority.

GENERAL PIERCE.—A story having been circulated by some of the Northern press, to the effect that Gen. Pierce had demanded and received his pay and rations six months in advance, before he would accept his commission, the Washington *Union* declares by authority, that there is not truth whatever in the statement. We are happy to hear it, for we would like to think well of all the officers in the army—even of Gen. Gideon Pillow!

Hon. THOMAS L. CLINGMAN, Representative elect to Congress from the Buncombe District, in North Carolina, arrived in Boston, a few days ago, to be present at the Convention of Geologists, about being held there.

APPOINTMENT.—Joseph W. Lemoyne, Esq., of Mobile, has been appointed by the Governor of Alabama, Chancellor of the Southern Division of that State, in place of Chancellor Crenshaw, deceased.

THE CROPS IN IRREVILLE.—The *Rough and Ready* of the 29th ult., says: The crops in this vicinity, are in a most excellent condition, the heavy rain and blow not doing much damage as first supposed. We think that all our planters will commence grinding about the 10th proximo—one we hear intends commencing on the 5th. The yield this season will be abundant.

A DISCOVERY.—Mr. CASTOR, of Boston, has discovered a new mode of generating gas from common resin, which possesses the important advantage of great economy, and equals in light of remarkable brilliancy.

Hon. ROBERT C. WINTHROP, Representative of the city of Boston in Congress, returned to the *Britannia* from a tour in France, and received a hearty welcome from his constituents.

☞ The Cunard steamer *Britannia*, Capt. Hewett, arrived at New York on the 23d ult. She is to get her dock for repairs.

From the Brazos.

By the arrival yesterday of the U. S. transport schooner *Horsina*, we have received numerous papers to the 22d ult., inclusive. We copy from the *Flag* the following intelligence:

ARMY NEWS.—Colonel Cushing's brigade remains encamped at Palo Alto and the troops are reported in good health. Transports to convey the brigade to Vera Cruz are looked for daily at the Brazos, and as soon as they arrive it will be moved down and embarked.

Colonel Hays broke up his encampment in the vicinity of Matamoras on the 21st ult., and has established a new encampment at Ranchita, some twenty miles below the river. Since Colonel Hays' arrival there we had learned that the portion of his regiment constituting the late command of Major Chevallie, and now at Saltillo, is not to join him, but will remain with General Wool. It is also intimated that Lieutenant Colonel Bell's present command, two companies, left at San Antonio, will not be withdrawn from Texas. If so, Colonel Hays' will have only five companies of his regiment under his immediate command.

MELANCHOLY DEATH.—We are pained to record the death of Mrs. Ferguson, wife of Capt. Ferguson, of the steamboat *Lama*. She died on the 17th ult., at Ranchita, from injuries received by the explosion of the boiler of the *Lama*; Mrs. Ferguson was reported not to have been seriously injured by the explosion, but it appears that she inhaled the scalding steam, which caused her death. The deceased was an amiable and kind hearted lady and leaves a sorrowing husband and a large circle of relatives and friends to mourn her melancholy death.

WANTON MURDER.—On the 20th ult., two Mexicans were shot, at Matamoras, in the public street, by a cowardly ruffian named Thomas McLaughin, of the Texas cavalry. We have not heard the full particulars, says the Flag, but it is said to have been a most wanton act—without the slightest provocation. This act caused the greatest indignation in the regiment to which he was attached, and we are gratified to hear that they rendered prompt aid in having the murderer arrested. He is now in custody, and we hope that his punishment may be such as the nature of his crime calls for. It is time for the strong arm of the law to be put forth—punishment must follow crime. It sickens us to record such acts, and we trust that the authorities will show that they cannot be committed with impunity. Let it not be urged in palliation, that the man was drunk—drunkenness is no excuse for crime—it should rather make the offence greater.

Major Caldwes C. McKay, a native of the Parish of East Feliciana, in this State, died at Matamoras on the 20th ult. For the last 25 years, the deceased had been a resident of Mexico. He leaves several children in Louisiana, and one in Memphis, Tennessee.

☞ Letters, says the Washington *Union*, have been received from the Camp of General Taylor, who was then near Monterey. The General had made the necessary arrangements for carrying out his late general order for sending the troops he could spare to Vera Cruz, to join the column of General Scott. In addition to the troops which he kept upon his line of defence, he had detained the light battery of Capt. Deas, to strengthen his line. A mixed force of Dragoons and Texans was employed in clearing the country between Camargo, and Monterey of the roving guerrillas.

Reports are renewed of the General's intention to visit the United States; but he does not yet mention such an intention in his recent despatches.

VOLUNTEERING.—In East Tennessee, fifteen companies were enrolled within the period since the notice of the requisition. Lots were drawn for the five companies to which that section of the State was entitled, with the following result: Captain Lowson Guthrie, of Hamilton; Captain James Freeman, of Rose; Captain J. T. Council, of Knox; Captain W. J. Rodgers, of Hamilton; Captain McD. J. Bunch, of Claiborne.

In Kentucky where the requisition was for two regiments, more companies have been reported to the Governor than can be accepted. The Louisville *Journal* learns that 23 at least have been organized, which is five more than are necessary to the completion of the two regiments.

By the Louisville Journal of the 23d, received last evening, we learn that both the Kentucky regiments have been organized and ordered to be mustered into service. The following field appointments have been made by Governor Owsley: for the fourth regiment, John S. Williams, of Clarke county, to be colonel; Wm. C. Preston, of Louisville, to be lieutenant-colonel; Wm. T. Ward, of Greene county, to be major.

GEN. SCOTT AFTER THE BATTLES.—A correspondent of the *Union*, giving an account of the battles of Contreras and Cerubusco, says:

"After each of the battles, when the troops saw the complete success of General Scott's plans, he was hailed with the most vociferous cheers throughout the whole army. The shouts must have reached Mexico. Even the captive Mexican officers seemed cheered in their distress, to witness their enthusiasm. The army has the greatest confidence in him, and justly. They know his care of them. They know his worth. He weighs his plans well, calculates the cost of every measure and attempts nothing without a reasonable prospect of success. I hope our government will not think the war as an end and stop our reinforcements. Now is the time to urge them on, and show that the country is not only ours, but that we will hold it until our demands are acceded to. It is this temporising policy which has protracted the war. The march of General Scott with his little army upon the capital, has been the boldest move in modern warfare. It is ascertained that the Mexican army was thirty-two thousand strong. Twenty-seven thousand gone from their own account met us on the south. They are in the midst of their resources—we are a great distance from ours."

Taking Physic.

The New York *Journal of Commerce* says that the College of Pharmacy "in that city has found it necessary to issue a caution to druggists," warning them to beware of the *stuffs* in the market, to touch not, taste not, and handle not. A quantity of base compositions, under the name of blue-pills, they tell us, is now in market, being imported by German and French importers, who know nothing of medicines except to buy cheaply and sell dearly. Rhubarb, invoiced from ten to eighteen pence per pound, is ground over and sold for genuine Turkey rhubarb, worth five shillings. The Compound Extract of Colocynth, which has been imported into this market for the last year, does not contain a particle of Colocynth, but is made up of an inferior sort of Aloes, with some other worthless ingredients. A great proportion of the Compound Extracts are adulterated in like manner. More than half of the narcotics are destitute of any active properties. Volatile oils are adulterated with sweet and other cheap oils. In fact, it seems that when an individual is supposing that he is taking some simple substance, of peculiar properties, he is taking half a dozen substances of properties just the opposite character.

Among the article most frequently adulterated is the valuable and costly medicament—*Quinine*. This is largely mixed with *Salicine*—a preparation from the Willow bark, possessing some properties similar to those of Quinine, but inferior in intensity. It is believed by the New York *Express*, that this combination of Quinine with a large proportion of Salicene, accounts for the impunity with which physicians in the South administer half drachm, and dram doses of the article. If it were pure Quinine, the full effect of the drug would be produced by one-half the quantity.

The attention of Congress is earnestly invoked to the subject. Samples of the articles which are sent hither and invoiced as pure and genuine, should be analyzed by competent scientists, and if proved spurious and adulterated, the whole invoice should be forthwith destroyed. Some such stringent regulation would soon bring to their senses the foreign cheat and half unscrupulous accomplice on this side of the water. We have long been aware that the practice of mixing precious drugs with others of inferior cost was a prevalent one; but we had no idea that it was carried on with such systematic rascality, until the statements in the *Journal of Commerce* came under our observation.

THE N. Y. FOREPAUGH.—The *Herald* says respecting the forgeries of Francis Burdin, "we understand that the Phœnix and American Exchange Banks are the greatest sufferers." The *Journal of Commerce* replies: "The American Exchange Bank has not a dollar of the forged paper, and better has held the Phœnix Bank has $6,500, and no other banks have been mentioned, than six one-hundreds. We hope that the amount of the forgeries has been greatly exaggerated."

FROM TEXAS.—By the arrival of the steamer *Galveston*, Capt. Haviland, we have received our files of Galveston papers to a very late date. We take the following items from the *Civilian*:

JAS. C. Shaw, Comptroller of Texas, returned to Texas by the Galveston, from Washington city. While he has been on business of the State, he at length succeeded in obtaining from the U. S. Government the indemnities stipulated to be paid previous to annexation—being not the full amounts. He obtained but $12,500 on account of the Snively expedition, and $37,000 on account of the Custom House affair with Collector Bourland, on our Eastern frontier. Mr. Shaw also succeeded in collecting $15,000 due for supplies furnished the army.

We understand that the Sugar Planters in Brazoria county, are well prepared for the busy season which is approaching. New mills, manufactured and put up by J. & J. Goodloe, of Cincinnati, are now ready for business on the plantations named below.

The largest planting in the county is that of R. & O. G. Mills, 450 acres, which will doubtless yield eight hundred hogshead of sugar.—They are prepared to manufacture thirty hhds. per day. Messrs P. & S. McNeal will make 500 hhds.; Greenville Mills, 400; and C. R. Patton 400. We have no hard estimates of the crops of Maj. Caldwell and Mr. Sweeny, hitherto the most successful sugar growers in the county; but doubt not that they have as good accounts to give as formerly. There are in the county, many other planters on a highly respectable scale; but we have no definite accounts of their operations as yet. The cane has succeeded admirably the present season.

NAVAL.—The U. S. flag ship *Jamestown*, Capt. Mercer, bearing the broad pennant of Com. W. C. Bolton, was towed from Norfolk to Hampton Roads, on Monday, the 21st ult., by the steamer Georgia, whence she made sail, and went to sea with a fine north-westerly breeze.

THE O'CONNELL OBSEQUIES IN NEW YORK.—There was an extraordinary commotion in New York, on the 22d ult., with the funeral ceremonies, in commemoration of the death of O'Connell. The Irish residents of the city turned out in mass on the occasion, and the solemn cortege was swollen by the presence of a vast number of Americans by birth. The *Express* says:

"The procession was formed in the Second avenue, and extended from St. Mark's church down to Houston street; but instead of marching a mile o'clock, it did not move until nearly twelve. The line of march extended around Union square, down Broadway to Grand street, through that street, and then down the Bowery to Chatham, into Broadway, and thence through Nassau and Greenwich streets to the Battery and Castle Garden. Thomas O'Connor officiated on the occasion as grand marshal, and General Henry Storms as deputy grand marshal. The several marshals and aids were mounted on handsome horses, decked out with appropriate trappings, while the riders themselves were dressed in mourning.

"The Funeral Car, which was made by Mr. John George Taylor, presented an elegant appearance. It was sixteen feet wide by eight, and the height from the bottom drapery to the pageorm was four feet, and to the frame drapery eight feet. It was drawn by twelve horses, richly caparisoned with plumes and sable cloths and velvets. The coffin was covered with green velvet, richly trimmed with gold lace, and the black pall was trimmed with white satin and silver lace."

A letter from New York says, that the procession was composed of at least twelve thousand persons. When the imposing concourse reached Castle Garden, ex-Governor Seward pronounced a eulogy on the deceased, in which his character was admirably portrayed, and the condition of Ireland sketched with touching fidelity and attractive eloquence. It was a chaste and beautiful production, and the admirers of O'Connell may find it spread out at length in the ample columns of the New York *Tribune*.

PRISON DISCIPLINE.—The Prison Association of New York have called a general convention of all those interested in Prison Discipline, to be held in that city on the 1st Monday in October next, to which they especially invite the attendance of the Governors of States, the Inspectors, Wardens, Physicians and Chaplains of all our prisons.

We learn that the Committee of Arrangements, composed of some of the most distinguished citizens of New York, viz: Wm. J. McCosen, John Duer, Benjamin F. Butler, John W. Edmonds, John D. Russ, Prosper M. Wetmore, Isaac J. Hopper, Willis Hall and Theodore Tell-Kampf, have proposed the following important subjects as those most suitable to occupy the deliberations of that body:

1. A comparison of the Separate and Congregate Systems of Prison Discipline.
2. The best means of securing a uniform method of reporting Prison Statistics.
3. The proper length of sentences and the extent of the discretion allowed to Judges.
4. The best method of supplying the prisoners with food and clothing.
5. Prison labor considered in relation to the separate and congregate system—its effect on habits and morals of prisoners, and its interference with free labor.
6. The imposition of fines and the conditions on which they shall be subjected.
7. The best method of appointing prison officers.
8. A comparison of the Criminal Laws of the several States and the best means of securing uniformity in them.
9. The classification of Crimes.
10. The use and abuse of the pardoning power.
11. The discipline of prisons and the treatment of prisoners.
12. The location of County prisons.

The important subjects above enumerated, observes the Baltimore American, bespeak for the Convention the attendance of every man interested in making our prisons both places for punishment and schools for reform. We trust that every where throughout the country sufficient interest will be felt in the subject to receive a large convention, and that it will be influential in introducing such reforms, not only in the management and government of prisons, but in the laws of several States, as shall be best suited to secure the great ends of imprisonment, the protection of the community, and the reformation of the offender.

GRAND LODGE OF THE UNITED STATES, I. O. O. F.—At the meeting of the Grand Lodge in Baltimore on the 23d ult., the following gentlemen were duly installed as officers for the ensuing year: Hon R. Kneass, of Pennsylvania, M. W. Grand Sire; Newell A. Thompson, of Massachusetts, R. W. Deputy Grand Sire; James L. Ridgely, of Maryland; R. W. Grand Recording and Corresponding Secretary; Andrew E. Warner, of Maryland; R. W. Grand Treasurer; Rev. James D. McCabe, of Virginia; W. Grand Chaplain; Smith Skinner, of Pennsylvania, W. Grand Guardian; and John E. Chamberlaine, of Maryland, W. Grand Messenger. The proceedings of the Grand Lodge, we understand, have thus far progressed very harmoniously. The session will be continued for some days yet.

MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH IN TURKEY.—A letter from Constantinople, in the N. Y. *Post*, states that Dr. Smith, of South Carolina, Chemist and Geologist to the Sultan, had procured a complete set of the Magnetic Telegraph apparatus used by Professor Morse, and presented it to his Majesty. The system of Professor Morse was fully explained to the Sultan by Dr. Smith and Mr. Hamlin, an American Missionary, who has charge of a seminary for young men on the banks of the Bosphorus. The Sultan was delighted, and is said to have decorated to Professor Morse a diploma in the Turkish language and a diamond decoration. It is also stated that he has determined to present to the Professor a sum of money, but of this the correspondent of the *Post* has some doubts.

The same letter says that Dr. King, the American Missionary, had been virtually expelled from the Kingdom of Greece by the Government.

MAJOR RIBBIE.—We understand, says the Washington *Union*, that the Post-Master General has just received a letter from Major Ribbie. He was at Frankfort-on-the-Maine, and will proceed to Bremen, and will return to London by way of Paris, and leave for home early in October. He has not yet perfected his mail arrangements with England, France and Germany; but has every reasonable prospect of being able to make a satisfactory and advantageous group arrangement, with these countries. We cannot yet say what these arrangements will be.

TERRIBLE FIRE IN PHILADELPHIA.—The concurrence of a pitch dark night (for in Philadelphia, on the evening of the 21st ult. it was dark the moment it was found and disappointed rice between the Mirthwith Liberty and Lafayette Hose Companies, which resulted in several persons being seriously injured. A young man named Kiger, was shot through the lungs; John Abell was shot in a vital part, and the ball lodged in the lower part of his abdomen; and Mr. Wynn, was severely scalded by the hose. Two gentlemen, the mayor of Lancaster and the mayor of Philadelphia, who were passing at the time, were knocked down by the hose, but received no injury. The damage to property is very considerable. Only two engines were made.

City Intelligence.

THIRD MUNICIPALITY COUNCIL.—A regular meeting of the Third Municipality Council took place on Thursday evening; eleven members present. In the absence of Recorder Seasonneau, Alderman Dupignac was called upon to act as chairman.

A message from the Mayor was received, transmitting to the Council three sewerage proposals for constructing sidewalks on Union st.—On motion of Alderman Bernard, the proposal of John Sharkey was accepted. Mr. Sharkey offers to do the work at the rate of $2 21 per running foot.

Alderman Jones moved that the members of the Council should adjourn, in order to attend the "War Meeting," at the St. Louis Exchange. Lost by a vote of 6 to 5.

A communication from the Surveyor was read, recommending the purchase of a floating wharf from F. W. Berwick, to be moored in front of wharf No. 4. Referred to the Finance Committee.

A communication from the Citizens' Bank of Louisiana was read and referred to the Finance Committee. Said communication asks for a settlement of the debt of the Municipality to the Citizens' Bank, the whole amount of which, together with the interest, is $37,951 93.

A petition from J. A. Dibart, offering for sale to the Municipality a lot of ground for the opening of Claiborne Avenue, for the sum of $1,500, was read and referred to a Special Committee.

A petition from the New Orleans Gas Light Company, asking the payment of sundry accounts, amounting to $3558 67 for lights furnished to the Municipality, was referred to the Committee on Finance.

A proposition from Mr. Charles Boylin, was read. He proposed to undertake the locking of the vacant lots of the Municipality, with standing pickets, for the sum of $11 75 per hundred. On motion of Mr. Wiltz, said proposal was accepted.

Mr. Piernas, from the Fire Committee, presented a resolution, which was adopted, instructing the Treasurer to pay to Fire Company No. 9, the sum of $750, being the yearly appropriation due to said Company.

The Special Committee to whom had been referred the memorial of sundry citizens residing in the Fourth Ward, protesting against the establishment of a cemetery on the property of the late L. Kerrison, reported in favor of the prayer of the memorialists. The Committee submitted a resolution by which it shall not be lawful hereafter to establish any cemetery within the limits of the First and Fourth Wards of this Municipality. This report and resolution were adopted.

Mr. Soleman offered a resolution appropriating $200 to the Howard Association. It was unanimously adopted.

The Council then adjourned.

SECOND MUNICIPALITY COUNCIL.—This body met on Thursday evening—nine present. The Treasurer's report showed a balance on hand of $16,534. It was moved that a Sergeant of the Night Watch should be elected to fill the vacancy occasioned by the demise of George Pollard. Mr. David Angus was elected. A report of Dr. Harris showed that there are actually in the 2d ward 97 indigent sick. A petition was read praying the Council to order the opening of certain streets in the Municipality. A petition of several citizens praying to be incorporated as a Fire Company, was referred to the Fire committee.

Mr. Peters made a statement regarding the finances of the corporation. It appears that the epidemic, stagnation in trade, etc., have caused some deterioration in the revenue. The current expenses have, of late, been about $17,000 a month. According to an estimate carefully made, Mr. P. informed the Council that the expenses for the next two months will be $33,000 while the revenue will be about $20,000, leaving a deficit of about $13,000. He proposed, as a means of meeting the deficit, a resolution empowering the Treasurer and Comptroller to issue bills from the date. The arrear taxes now in process of collection amounting to $31,000, would fully suffice to take up these bills when they arrived at maturity. A resolution to this effect was passed.

The Council sanctioned the contract for repairing the streets, signed into with Mr. Cavanagh.

The Chairman of the Committee on Health made a report in reference to a late message of the Mayor, in which it was stated that said committee had appointed an additional physician for each ward.

Mr. Pearson offered a resolution, which was adopted, dispensing with the services of the Physicians and Druggists employed to attend the indigent sick, from the 10th inst.

Mr. Davem offered a resolution to appropriate $500 to the German Society. It appeared from a few remarks made by Mr. Pearson that the Howard Association had not taken the $500 voted to them, in consequence of liberal assistance they had met with elsewhere. He thought it would be well to divide the sum between the two societies.

Six weeks absence was granted to Alderman Graham.

RECORDER GENOIS.—The case of Pauline Pierson, on Thursday last, investigated before Recorder Genois. The accused is charged by Mr. Chauvierre, the testamentary executor of the late Mr. Reynes, a merchant in Chartres street, with having feloniously taken and carried away about $300, which were deposited in the wardrobe of the deceased. Pauline Pie was employed by the deceased as *femme de confiance*. No evidence being adduced to substantiate the charge, his Honor dismissed the case.

No business of any interest was transacted yesterday.

RECORDER BALDWIN.—Patrick Lennan, was brought up before the Recorder of the 2nd Municipality, charged with having striken with a billet of wood Pierre Bedier, and seriously wounding him on the head. The latter is now in the Hospital, where he was conveyed, in consequence of the injury he received. The accused is also charged with striking Mrs. Louisa Berbier, with the same billet of wood. At Lennan's own request, his Honor dispensed with the examination of the case, and the papers were sent to the First District Court.

Louis Ford, charged with beating Mr. John Brown, and also with threatening to shoot the watchman who arrested him, was ordered to find bail for his appearance before the First District Court.

Susan Coyle, charged with breaking open the trunk of Elizabeth Day, No. 36 Gravier street, and with stealing a shawl and a scarf therefrom, was sent to the First District Court.

Guilford Griffin, charged with stabbing, some time ago, with a knife, Thomas Gathers, and wounding him seriously in the breast, in a Coffee-house, corner of Philippa and Gravier streets, was also sent before the First District Court, under bail of $1500.

John Monaghan and Hugh Monaghan, charged with seriously wounding Mr. John Robinson, on board of the bark Geo. Wolf, on the 26th inst., were held to bail in the sum of $1500, for their appearance before the First District Court.

William Henry Hays, charged with stealing a hat and a silk handkerchief from Daniel Quinlan, was sent to the First District Court.

RECORDER SEASONNEAU.—The case of George Boylan was yesterday thoroughly investigated before Recorder Seasonneau. Boylan is charged with having, on the 24th August last, in the evening, under the Pontchartrain rail road depot, assaulted and beaten Mr. Augustus White, inflicting on the latter's head several bows with his fists. Mr. White was then proceeding home to Milneburg. The accused was bound over for his appearance before the First District Court.

William Peterson made an affidavit against Mr.