THE DAILY BEE,
PUBLISHED BY
G. F. WEISSE & CO.,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETORS.
G. F. WEISSE, R. HARDY,
M. DUVERGER, N. DUFOUR.
Terms: $5 00 (cash in advance) $3 50
$2 50 (cash, com. weekly, one year in advance) 5 00
Weekly subscribers must give one week's notice before they can be allowed to discontinue.

OFFICE, 83 CHARTRES ST.

The New Orleans Bee.

NEW ORLEANS, SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 28, 1857.

VOL. XVII—NEW SERIES. VOL. XXX—WHOLE NO 10,305.

Terms for Advertisements.
The Bee for every 100 lines, in each language of the first insertion, and half that price for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements inserted for one time, one dollar in each language.
Advertisements on the last page $1 per square for each insertion.
Advertisements handled at intervals will be charged one dollar for every 12th time.
The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to business pertaining strictly within the line of their business, and to change once every other day.

THE DAILY BEE.

SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 28.

[illegible] of the Bee are authorized to [illegible] at the rate of 25 cents [illegible]

[illegible] Mail brought later dates [illegible] the latest from any point [illegible]

THE ISTHMUS TRANSITO ROAD.

[illegible] of the most part affect [illegible] difference with regard [illegible] stress for throwing open [illegible] This great highway to [illegible] recently not one of [illegible] attention what- [illegible] and even now we find [illegible] which evinces some [illegible] allusions to it. [illegible] the fact that new [illegible] the Tehuantepec [illegible] which it is right, but [illegible] the Nicaragua [illegible] the Tehuantepec [illegible] influence to- [illegible] such a point as [illegible] success of the Nicaragua [illegible] never, says correctly [illegible] parties are fighting [illegible] for the coveted Nica- [illegible] Tehuantepec route holds [illegible] the former company [illegible] while even the Panama [illegible] owners *par excel* [illegible] transit route, may [illegible] eclipsed by the new [illegible] possesses a fair [illegible] in the annexed re- [illegible] readers the precise loca- [illegible] is unknown, [illegible] the beauty of the [illegible] the Gulf of Mexico, [illegible] seventy miles be- [illegible] the port is about one [illegible] below Aspinwall [illegible] consists of a stage [illegible] (road may be built) [illegible] and seventy miles, [illegible] thirty miles. [illegible] route will place pas- [illegible] seven days from [illegible] shortened be sure for [illegible] days more should [illegible] below Aspinwall [illegible] and six days, or six days [illegible] by steamship, shed [illegible] California trips [illegible] just half the time [illegible]

[illegible] day, it may be [illegible] twelve months' time [illegible] the Panama and [illegible] Nicaragua, and [illegible] the Tehuantepec [illegible] the appropriation made [illegible] carrying [illegible] has already just [illegible] contractors on the [illegible] is bound to [illegible] would be pre- [illegible] passengers to the old [illegible] new and more [illegible] years ago the [illegible] days now in [illegible] competition, per- [illegible] a few years [illegible]

[illegible] Mr. Vanderbilt's [illegible] will be open- [illegible] the 1st April. The [illegible] David Wilson, com- [illegible] that day, the termi- [illegible] upon the [illegible] For further [illegible] advertisement in another [illegible]

[illegible] THE VICE PRESIDENCY. [illegible] New Syracuse (New York) [illegible] Samuel R. Ward, [illegible] a fugitive slave, has been [illegible] opportunity to Van Diemen's [illegible] forgery. Ward left [illegible] years since, taking up [illegible] Subsequently he [illegible] a bale of. He [illegible] money, and, in- [illegible] family in Canada, [illegible] purchased a planta- [illegible] the crime of forge- [illegible] sense of his degrada- [illegible] his wardrobe, [illegible] Ward was always in [illegible] reputation. In 1856 [illegible] candidate for Vice- [illegible] South as that for [illegible] several thousand [illegible]

[illegible] According to a [illegible] president of the New York [illegible] authorities have deter- [illegible] with Brigham Young as [illegible] commission expires. Mr. Bu- [illegible] some other than a Mor- [illegible] to govern Utah. The or- [illegible] the Governor and judges [illegible] for the seat of government, [illegible] sands, anticipating that [illegible] be suspended, fixed the [illegible] at Fillmore City, a mis- [illegible] several hundred miles from [illegible] that his successor would [illegible] the population, and thus en- [illegible] not to exercise control [illegible]

[illegible] dance, which tickles the [illegible] much, has been intro- [illegible] and is all the rage. Sam- [illegible] two ladies for his partners, [illegible] denominated the "Mormon Cotil- Heaven upon Earth."

By Telegraph.

Transmitted to the New Orleans Bee.

ONE WEEK LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE EUROPA AT HALIFAX.

SPAIN PREPARING FOR WAR.

THE CIRCASSIAN PUT BACK.

France Hesitating on the Mission Question.

French Ships in the Gulf.

United States Requested to Look Quietly On.

Santa Anna to be Reinvestated.

ELECTIONEERING EXCITEMENT IN ENGLAND.

PALMERSTON'S CHANCES BEST.

MINISTER EXTRAORDINARY TO CHINA.

THE CIRCASSIAN WAR.

The Russians Again Defeated.

MARKETS—FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC.

NEW YORK, March 27.—The Royal mail steamship *Europa*, from Liverpool on the afternoon of the 14th, has arrived at Halifax, *en route* for Boston.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

COTTON.—There has been an average business, without any quotable change in prices. The business of the week amounts to 40,000 bales, of which speculators took only 2,500 bales and exporters 5,500 bales.

The sales on Friday amounted to 6000 bales, of which speculators took 1000 bales, the market closing quiet, but steady. Fair Orleans, 8¼d.; Middling Orleans 7 13-16.

The whole stock in port amounts to 334,000 bales, of which 232,000 bales are American.

BREADSTUFFS.—The market is very dull, and closed with a declining tendency. Quotations are nominal.

PROVISIONS.—The market is steady, and prices are generally unchanged.

MONEY MARKET.—The money market is decidedly more stringent. Consols for money are quoted at 93¾.

MANCHESTER MARKETS.

MANCHESTER, March 13.—The market is steady.

The weather has been favorable for crops.

Beef—The market is active and steady.

Wheat closed dull, at a decline of 1-16d.

Flour closed very dull, quotations being nominal.

Corn is quiet, but is 6d. higher.

GENERAL NEWS.

The *Circassian*, from Liverpool on the 11th instant, for Portland, was compelled to put back.

Spain continues to make warlike preparations against Mexico, and wants England and France to keep the United States neutral.

Affairs in China are unchanged.

ADDITIONAL BY THE EUROPA.

COMMERCIAL.

LIVERPOOL, March 14.—Cotton—Mobile Pair is quoted at 5d.; Middling, 7¾d.

Lard is quiet at 73s. Sugar closed firm.

Pork closed steady and active. The market for Bacon is steady, and prices are generally unchanged.

HAVRE COTTON MARKET.

New Orleans *tres ordinaire* is quoted at 111 francs. The market is steady.

GENERAL NEWS.

There is considerable electioneering excitement in England. It is generally thought that Palmerston will carry a small majority.

The Earl of Elgin has been appointed Minister Plenipotentiary to China.

Large preparations are making in Spain against Mexico.

The Spanish government occasionally demands that England and France shall request the United States to remain neutral.

It is rumored that Napoleon offers mediation. In the meantime French ships are ordered to cruise off Vera Cruz.

It is reported that England and France have declined to guarantee the safety of Cuba, in the event of a war with Mexico.

A special Mexican Minister had arrived at Southampton, *en route* to Madrid.

The Spanish war preparations contemplate the bringing of Santa Anna from his retirement, and assisting him to capture Vera Cruz.

The Circassians have again beaten the Russians, with great slaughter.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

NEW YORK, March 27.—Flour is buoyant at $5 75 a $5 87½ for State. Wheat is firm; White is quoted at $1 55 a $1 60. Corn is active at 67 a 68c. Provisions—The market is generally firm. Lard is quoted at 14¼ a 14½c. Whisky 26c.

CINCINNATI, March 27.—Flour is lower, and quoted at $5. Whisky is selling at 23½c.

THE RIVER.

LOUISVILLE, March 27.—The river has fallen two inches. The weather is pleasant.

FUNERAL MARCH TO THE MEMORY OF DR. KANE.—The composer of this touching and impressive morceau, Mr. THEODORE VON LA HACHE, has favored us with a copy. The March begins with a mournful movement in C minor, which is chiefly sustained by an effective bass, and then passes in the trio, on a charming melody, to the key of a flat major, returning, at the close, to the opening movement. It is a very beautiful composition, and worthy the reputation of the distinguished artist.

TALL SHOOTING.—The Sandusky *Register* states that a Mr. Gamble, who was standing on an elevation of about twenty feet above the level of the lake, and with a rifle, on which was one of Ray's patent sights, he fired a slug ball the distance of one hundred and twenty rods, by actual measurement, killing two wild geese and one canvas-back duck, which were on the ice.

[illegible] announced yesterday [illegible] Geo. S. Yeomans as [illegible] from Pacific Railroad [illegible] Hiram Allen, re- [illegible] Secretary, as [illegible] which who is an [illegible] either per- [illegible] Mr. Yeomans pos- [illegible] business capacity, [illegible] perseverance [illegible] and integrity which [illegible] by suspicion. No [illegible] possibly made. [illegible] more could have [illegible] history of other de- [illegible] further estimate [illegible] this vast enter- [illegible] temporary, that [illegible] met in a spirit [illegible] combination of [illegible] toward the work [illegible] relatives of the invincibles [illegible] New Hebrew Syna- [illegible] managers for [illegible] Horse Stage, [illegible] St. Joseph. The [illegible] Wednesday [illegible]

[illegible] Vanderbilt's [illegible] will be open- [illegible] the 1st April. The [illegible] David Wilson, com- [illegible] that day, the termi- [illegible] upon the [illegible] For further [illegible] advertisement in another [illegible]

[illegible] THE VICE PRESIDENCY. [illegible] New Syracuse (New York) [illegible] Samuel R. Ward, [illegible] a fugitive slave, has been [illegible] opportunity to Van Diemen's [illegible] forgery. Ward left [illegible] years since, taking up [illegible] Subsequently he [illegible] a bale of. He [illegible] money, and, in- [illegible] family in Canada, [illegible] purchased a planta- [illegible] the crime of forge- [illegible] sense of his degrada- [illegible] his wardrobe, [illegible] Ward was always in [illegible] reputation. In 1856 [illegible] candidate for Vice- [illegible] South as that for [illegible] several thousand [illegible]

[illegible] According to a [illegible] president of the New York [illegible] authorities have deter- [illegible] with Brigham Young as [illegible] commission expires. Mr. Bu- [illegible] some other than a Mor- [illegible] to govern Utah. The or- [illegible] the Governor and judges [illegible] for the seat of government, [illegible] sands, anticipating that [illegible] be suspended, fixed the [illegible] at Fillmore City, a mis- [illegible] several hundred miles from [illegible] that his successor would [illegible] the population, and thus en- [illegible] not to exercise control [illegible]

[illegible] dance, which tickles the [illegible] much, has been intro- [illegible] and is all the rage. Sam- [illegible] two ladies for his partners, [illegible] denominated the "Mormon Cotil- Heaven upon Earth."

NEWS FROM NICARAGUA.

The following intelligence was received in New York on the afternoon of the 20th inst., per steamship *Tennessee*:

The *Tennessee* arrived at San Juan del Norte on the 9th inst., on her outward passage, but did not stop there on her return.—She reached Aspinwall on the 8th. Her passengers remained on board until the next morning, and left by the railroad at 10 o'clock, A. M., for Panama.

The same day, at 5 P. M., the passengers by the *Sierra Nevada* arrived from Panama, and at 8 in the evening the *Tennessee* left for New York.

The *Sierra Nevada* met the *Orizaba* off Cerros Island, seven hundred miles below San Francisco, on the 23d of February. Boarded her and found all well.

The position of affairs in Nicaragua remain very much the same as before. Walker holds Rivas. The allies are at San Jorge. Walker has attacked San Jorge twice without effect. Col. Cayces, who brought down the rangers to San Juan del Sur to escort Mrs. Dusenbury, was attacked on his return by a superior force of Costa Ricans and driven into San Juan. Left again on the 7th, the day the *Sierra Nevada* sailed, with seventy fire recruits from San Francisco.

Col. Lockridge has taken Serapiqui, and attempted Castillo; the latter failed from the cowardice of Col. Titus, who led the party. The enemy burned Castillo, but still hold the fort.

Lockridge recovered one of the boats; another has been burnt. He has his chief force now in Carlos Island, a short distance below Castillo, also a garrison at Serapiqui, commanded by Col. Anderson. Titus has left him and gone to Rivas.

The U. S. ship *Saratoga* and English armed vessels *Archer*, *Cossack*, *Vixer*, *Intrepid* and *Rosser* were at San Juan when the *Tennessee* left. The *Cyane* was at Aspinwall.

The Peruvian war steamer *Tumbes*, from Huanchaco, with General Caravedo, and a few voluntary forces of about 200 men, arrived at Paita on the 15th of February; left next day for La Hunca, to recruit his men previous to marching on Piura.

News had been received at Paita that Gen. Caravedo had taken possession of the city of Piura, after six hours' hard fighting; loss of killed and wounded very considerable on both sides.

On the 17th the Peruvian war steamer arrived from Lambayeque for seals and provisions. She brought a report that Gen. Vivanco has left Truxilla with all his forces; has taken up quarters at Lambayeque.

Latest from Greytown.

The Panama *Star* has the following:

ASPINWALL, March 9, 1857.

[*By Telegraph.*]

The British steamer *Clyde* arrived here at noon, with twenty-two deserters.

Col. Lockridge has garrisoned at Greytown and the mouth of the San Carlos (?). On the 13th Col. Titus held a parley with the Costa Ricans at Castillo, and permitted a messenger to pass through his lines from their forces, on condition that they would surrender next day at noon.

One hour before the time specified, the messenger returned with a large Costa Rican force, under Gen. Mora, who drove Titus from his position, with loss. On the 3d, the steamer *Reserve* returned to Punta Arenas, and was boarded by a British officer, with the usual offer of protection to any of the Nicaraguan army; upon which Colonel Titus abused the officer, who returned to his ship and had Titus taken a prisoner, and placed on board the frigate *Cossack*.

The reserve was seized and placed alongside the gun-boat *Victoa*. The gun-boat was immediately dispatched to inform Capt. Erskine, the commander of the squadron, at Pearl Key Lagoon, of the above. The following morning, immediately on the arrival, Titus and the steamer were released, shortly after which the *Saratoga* came to anchor.—The *Tennessee* will probably be here to-day.

[This St. Carlos, mentioned in the foregoing, cannot be the Fort St. Carlos at the mouth of the lake, but the island of St. Carlos, below Castillo, which Col. Lockridge had possession of by the last accounts received.]

[From the Boston Bee.]

Attempt to Arrest a Fugitive Slave—Virginians Thwarted—The Fugitive off for Canada by the Underground Railroad.

No little excitement, mingled with not a little indignation in certain quarters, has existed in our city for a day or two past, and particularly yesterday, on account of the arrival of two Virginians, as is alleged, in pursuit of a colored man, whom they state to be a slave. The Virginians arrived in our city on Monday, and very quietly took quarters in the Tremont House. After going through the usual prospecting tours, in order to make sure of their prey, they procured a warrant, with a view of securing his arrest. The alleged slave has been in this vicinity for ten years, and for some time past has been a servant in the employ of Geo. B. Blake, one of our leading merchants, residing in Brookline. The Vigilance Committee having been informed of the movements of the Southerners, took early measures to cut off their plans, which they did, by making a hasty visit to Brookline, and informing the young man of his danger. He at first discredited the reports brought to him, but on being pressed to secure his safety, acted upon their advice, made all necessary preparations, and yesterday was ticketed on the underground railway for Canada. He is, by this time, safely in Montreal. His pursuers visited the house of Mr Blake a few hours after he left, but were decidedly unable to find him. Of course they got no very reliable information as to his whereabouts. They were in "pursuit" of "chattels" under greater "difficulties" than they had anticipated.

It is thought that there are several slave-hunters in the city at the present time. It is well known that quite a number of fugitive slaves have arrived within a month or two.—The consequences will be, that travel towards Canada will increase in a rapid ratio.

It is said that the recent decision at Washington in the Dred Scott case, has emboldened our Southern friends to visit Massachusetts in large numbers whenever there is any sort of prospect of obtaining their "property." This determination will probably have the effect, on the part of the fugitive slaves, to make a little preparation for their coming, by going—over the line.

OTHER ACCOUNTS.

[From the Boston Post.]

A fugitive slave, who resided with a gentleman in Brooklyn, was yesterday hurried off by one of the "Vigilance Committee." These gentlemen have been watching for some days the movements of two suspected persons, who were overheard speaking of the fugitive. Matters had apparently reached a crisis yesterday, and the Committee prevailed on the man to leave.

[From the Journal.]

For some time past a colored man has been residing as a servant with a gentleman in business in this city, but resided in a neighboring town. A day or two since some persons riding in the cars overheard some conversation between persons which directed their attention towards this man, and they have been watching the movements in regard to him since.

They went and saw the man, and he admitted that he ran away from Virginia, some ten years since, and thought it impossible that any one would come after him at this late day. As he had a good place, he declined to take the advice of his friends to take passage on the underground railroad, but requested them to keep him informed if there was any immediate danger. Thus matters rested until yesterday, when his friends, becoming convinced that an attempt was to be made to arrest him, sent a messenger to urge him to flee to a place of safety.

The messenger had been gone out an hour, when the friends on the watch in the city, seeing the danger threatening, started another express out to hurry the black man along, and this one was followed immediately by another carriage, said to contain officers going out to arrest him.

The result is not yet known, though report says that the man has got clear and is safe.

[From the Madison (Ls.) *Journal* has the following:

LAFAYETTE JONES, ESQ.—A rumor reached this parish a few days since that the family of our former fellow-citizen, Lafayette Jones, Esq., now a resident of Bolivar county, Miss., had been poisoned, and with fatal effect as it related to himself and one of his children.

By Tuesday night's mail we received a letter from Dr. McMullen, giving us some particulars of this distressing affair, and which affords some little relaxation to the painful anxiety in which our whole community has been held for several days. The Doctor writes us that the youngest child of Mr. Jones had died after several hours of dreadful suffering, but that he was still living. The letter was written five days after the poisoning, and the Doctor expresses the "hope and belief" that he will recover. At the time of writing, which was on the 5d, he was on the point of visiting him again, and says he will write you immediately in case he should get worse." In the absence of any further communication from the Doctor, we can but hope that he is out of danger. Mrs. J., who had also partaken of the poison, had recovered.

The poison was supposed to be arsenic, and was administered by a negro woman lately purchased.

BARAK IN THE LEVEE.—We regret to hear that the levee near Hard Times landing in the parishes of Tensas, has given way for about seventy yards. We learn that all efforts are being made to stop it, but that those interested rely on the fall in the river to relieve them.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, March 19, 1857.—William Pierce has been appointed Postmaster of Chicago, vice Cook, whose commission is about to expire.

The Board of Health have arrived at the conclusion that the sickness at the National Hotel was caused by poisonous miasma generated in the sewers, sumpools and sinks about the establishment.

The Commissioners appointed to select a site for a new Naval Depot in Georgia have reported in favor of St. Simon's Island, a few miles below Brunswick, in that State.

The President's dinner party this evening comprised about twenty persons. Among the invited guests were ex-President Pierce, Vice-President Breckinridge, Mr. Appleton, editor of the *Union*, Gov. Marcy, of the old Cabinet, and all the members of the new, and Senators Bigler, Douglas, Bright, Thomson, of New Jersey, and their wives, or ladies such of them as are in the city.

Strong efforts are being made for the appointment of a Southern man as Governor of Kansas. The Cabinet has under consideration the affairs of that Territory.

Musett A. Osborne, Esq., is reappointed Collector at Paw Paws.

The following are reported and believed to be the appointments to be made for Philadelphia:

Lewis D. Baker, Collector; Chambers McKibbin, Naval Officer; John Hamilton, Navy Yard Com. Budger, Navy Agent; Joseph G. Westcott, Postmaster; Marshal, Gideon D. Wagstaff, Pennsylvania District, and Col. Gerald Riley have been offered a commissioner's office, but Col. R. is a true bill of first degree, for killing Mr. Evans. Col. Lee is also in jail.

THE DIPLOMATIC POLICE SURPASSED BY A LADY.—A few weeks since, some unknown persons opened a fashionable boarding house near Hanover street, kept by Mrs. H., and passed from one boarder's room to another, making assessments of such articles as they might lost, and after making a liberal collection, left the place unseen and unharmed.

Among the boarders whose goods and chattels were thus unceremoniously taken away, was Mrs. H., a fair daughter of the sunny South, who happened to be spending the winter in the City of Boston. Her loss consisted of a beautiful velvet hat.

As soon as the theft was discovered, the police were organized, and everything done to remove the mystery, but all to no purpose.

But as murder will out, so will larceny, sometimes, and this was not long to remain a secret.

As Mrs. H. was walking Washington street one of the pleasant days last week, imagine her surprise in passing a large and masculine looking woman, dressed in the height of fashion, with hoops and crinoline, and behold upon her head the very identical velvet hat which she had lost. What was to be done? What could be done? Every step was taking the bonnet further from its owner, who was alone and a stranger in the city. It did no take her long to decide.

She started in the same direction, and soon was alongside of the velvet hat. "Where do you reside, madame?" "In——Court," was the reply. "Have you gotten home?" "I am." "Go on, and don't let me hinder you."

And onward they walked, now to the right and now to the left. At length they entered a dark alley, and after passing several dismal abodes, they halted at a door.

"Do you live here?" "I do—upon the second floor." "Go up, then, for I have business with you." They entered.

After going up two flights of stairs, they reached a room, in which they found five women. They entered the room, and here our heroine made her business known. Pointing herself to the door, with a calm but dignified look, she demanded of the women to know where she obtained the velvet bonnet the shawl and the lounge upon her person. "I bought them," was the reply. "No, you did not; they were stolen; and now take them off immediately."

Had a bombshell exploded in the room the confusion could not have been greater. But, great as it was, it did not intimidate the owner of the velvet hat in the least degree. It only made her look happy and fascinating. A look of a most beautiful face to the unconquered look of a Cromwell. "Now be quiet and out up, and bring forward the stolen goods, for it will be better for you. And now, seeing that I have found the goods, and the thief, no doubt I am going for an officer. See that none of you leave the room or disturb an article while I am gone." While descending the stairs our heroine espied a doctor's sign, and she called in and asked his assistance. I have, said she, found some stolen property, and have it secure in this house; you will call at an officer to assist me in removing it. The doctor readily assented, and while he sought for policemen, she still guarded her trust. At length the doctor, with four policemen, arrived, when our heroine transferred the custody of both persons and property to the officers of the law. The remainder of the stolen property was also found, and the lady, relieved of her borrowed plumage, was provided with rooms at the Cambridge street jail, where she still remains, waiting the sentence of the law.

We say success to our fair visitor from the South, and may the courage which she displayed be imitated by our police generally.—*Boston Journal.*

FROM ALBANY.—Albany, Thursday, March 19, 1857.—The Republicans again met in caucus last night, and spent the time in a discussion of the Canal policy. No final action was reached. A joint committee was appointed to report the proper policy to the caucus, which adjourned subject to the call of the committee.

A large number of our citizens serenaded Mr. Fillmore last evening, who appeared and made a speech, thanking his friends for the attention paid him. The band afterwards serenaded the State officers.

The Canal Board held a meeting to-day, and postponed the distribution of the canal tolls until deposits had been made for one month.

PERSONAL LIBERTY IN NAPLES.—The latest case of Neapolitan injustice has rendered necessary an application to the government from Mr. Owens, United States Charge d'Affaires, in behalf of a citizen, called Lauro, and particularly yesterday, on account of the arrival of two Virginians, as is alleged, in pursuit of a colored man, whom they state to be a slave. The Virginians arrived in our city on Monday, and very quietly took quarters in the Tremont House. After going through the usual prospecting tours, in order to make sure of their prey, they procured a warrant, with a view of securing his arrest. The alleged slave has been in this vicinity for ten years, and for some time past has been a servant in the employ of Geo. B. Blake, one of our leading merchants, residing in Brookline. The Vigilance Committee having been informed of the movements of the Southerners, took early measures to cut off their plans, which they did, by making a hasty visit to Brookline, and informing the young man of his danger. He at first discredited the reports brought to him, but on being pressed to secure his safety, acted upon their advice, made all necessary preparations, and yesterday was ticketed on the underground railway for Canada. He is, by this time, safely in Montreal. His pursuers visited the house of Mr Blake a few hours after he left, but were decidedly unable to find him. Of course they got no very reliable information as to his whereabouts. They were in "pursuit" of "chattels" under greater "difficulties" than they had anticipated.

It is thought that there are several slave-hunters in the city at the present time. It is well known that quite a number of fugitive slaves have arrived within a month or two.—The consequences will be, that travel towards Canada will increase in a rapid ratio.

It is said that the recent decision at Washington in the Dred Scott case, has emboldened our Southern friends to visit Massachusetts in large numbers whenever there is any sort of prospect of obtaining their "property." This determination will probably have the effect, on the part of the fugitive slaves, to make a little preparation for their coming, by going—over the line.

CANDIDATES.

[illegible] Judge THOMAS [illegible] office of Judge of the Third District Court of New Orleans. [illegible]

For Associate Justice.

[illegible] Judge JAMES L. COLE, of Lafourche, [illegible] of Appointee Judgeship of the Supreme Court for the Second District.

The display takes place on Monday, the 6th of April. [illegible]

For Judge of the Fourth District Court.

I am a candidate for re-election to the office of Judge of the Fourth District Court of New Orleans. Election, from MONDAY to April. [illegible]

M. M. MONSLOW.

J. C. DELAVIGNE,
Has withdrawn his name as
CANDIDATE FOR THE OFFICE OF
JUDGE OF SECOND DISTRICT,
Parishes of St. Bernard and Plaquemines.

American Nominations.

FOR JUDGE OF THE FIRST DISTRICT COURT,
THEODORE G. HUNT.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SECOND DISTRICT COURT,
PHELEP HOCHSTRY HOUSMAN.

FOR JUDGE OF THE THIRD DISTRICT COURT,
LOUIS DUVERDIAUD.

FOR JUDGE OF THE FOURTH DISTRICT COURT,
JOSEPH W. PRIEUR.

FOR JUDGE OF THE FIFTH DISTRICT COURT,
H. D. MIDDLETON.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SIXTH DISTRICT COURT,
R. K. HOWELL. [illegible]

Notice of Election.

CHURCH OF ST. LOUIS OF ANTIN.—We call the attention of the trade to the sale of a large assortment of fancy goods, to take place THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at shop No. 86 Chartres street, between Conclamine and Bienville streets, through Blache & Lemonnier, auctioneers. Terms at sale.

The attention of purchasers is called to the extensive sale of Furniture and Domestic Dry Goods, to take place THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, by Vincent & Co., at their auction rooms, No 56 Chandelaine street, at 10 o'clock.

DR. ROBADE IN GREENWICH.—The most brilliant success seems to have attended the practice of this celebrated Swedish Professor since his residence in Cincinnati. The most desperate cases of dyspepsia, nervous debility, consumption, rheumatism, and cough are reported by the surprised bystanders as have yielded to his "Scandinavian Remedies." These medicines, it appears, act chemically upon the blood, purging it from the elements of disease, and curing an unknown variety of disorders by coming of the disease; you will call at his office to assist me in removing it. The doctor readily assented, and while he sought for policemen, she still guarded her trust. At length the doctor, with four policemen, arrived, when our heroine transferred the custody of both persons and property to the officers of the law. The remainder of the stolen property was also found, and the lady, relieved of her borrowed plumage, was provided with rooms at the Cambridge street jail, where she still remains, waiting the sentence of the law.

We say success to our fair visitor from the South, and may the courage which she displayed be imitated by our police generally.—*Boston Journal.*

FROM ALBANY.—Albany, Thursday, March 19, 1857.—The Republicans again met in caucus last night, and spent the time in a discussion of the Canal policy. No final action was reached. A joint committee was appointed to report the proper policy to the caucus, which adjourned subject to the call of the committee.

A large number of our citizens serenaded Mr. Fillmore last evening, who appeared and made a speech, thanking his friends for the attention paid him. The band afterwards serenaded the State officers.

The Canal Board held a meeting to-day, and postponed the distribution of the canal tolls until deposits had been made for one month.

PERSONAL LIBERTY IN NAPLES.—The latest case of Neapolitan injustice has rendered necessary an application to the government from Mr. Owens, United States Charge d'Affaires, in behalf of a citizen, called Lauro, about two years ago, called upon Mr. Owens, and put in his claim for some beauty and, as, having served on board an American vessel, in 1812. As he had no proofs of his identity, he was counselled to go on board every United States vessel which came into port, and endeavor to get such proofs from some of the officers and crew. His efforts from been unavailing till the other day, when he learned that the barque Boston, of this city, had served in the same war, and in the same ship.

The captain did not recollect him, but, from a number of questions which were well answered, he felt convinced of the truth of his story, and gave him a certificate accordingly. The proofs were brought to him, but on being pressed to secure his safety, acted upon their advice, made all necessary preparations, and yesterday was ticketed on the underground railway for Canada. He is, by this time, safely in Montreal. His pursuers visited the house of Mr Blake a few hours after he left, but were decidedly unable to find him. Of course they got no very reliable information as to his whereabouts. They were in "pursuit" of "chattels" under greater "difficulties" than they had anticipated.

It is thought that there are several slave-hunters in the city at the present time. It is well known that quite a number of fugitive slaves have arrived within a month or two.—The consequences will be, that travel towards Canada will increase in a rapid ratio.

It is said that the recent decision at Washington in the Dred Scott case, has emboldened our Southern friends to visit Massachusetts in large numbers whenever there is any sort of prospect of obtaining their "property." This determination will probably have the effect, on the part of the fugitive slaves, to make a little preparation for their coming, by going—over the line.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

THE NEW SYNAGOGUE.—The new Jewish synagogue on Carondelet street, we notice, is nearly finished, and, it is contemplated, will be dedicated on Wednesday next.

As it stands out to the view, from a spacious yard, already handsomely improved, it attracts considerable attention by its fine material proportions and the finish and symmetry of its classic styles of architecture.

It has been constructed by Messrs. Little & Middleton, as builders, under the direction of the well-known architect, W. J. Freret, Jr. It has a total length of 86 feet, a breadth of 62 feet, and a large portico in front, with marble Mosaic washing, supported by strong Doric columns based on granite. In the interior, in front and on either side, a number of Corinthian pilasters support a range of three galleries, extending, either way, from the ark around the tabah and pulpit, and provided with seats for over two hundred persons, independent of a corresponding number of seats on the floor beneath. The ark is particularly well designed, with a marble representation of the ten commandments, as given in stone tablets to Moses on the mountain.

The whole building is well ventilated by means of 14 large windows, (28 by 7 feet) and is provided with a furnace for winter. On either side are suitable dwellings apart from the main edifice, and of uniform size and appearance, for the minister and the sexton. The spacious premises have been enclosed with a handsome iron fence, which adds greatly to the general appearance, and makes the cost, up to this time, we learn, about $12,000. The work, as a whole, is an ornament to the city, and does great credit alike to the architect, the builders, and the committee, composed of Messrs. J. Levy, George Jones, Isaac Abrams, and others, to whom the matter of its construction was entrusted. We congratulate our friends of the Hebrew faith upon the completion of so magnificent a temple a worship.

The consecration ceremonies, next Wednesday, will doubtless be more than usually interesting.

THE COURTS.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT.—*Hon. J. B. Robertson.*—Caroline Miller was tried before this Court yesterday, and found guilty of larceny, with a recommendation to mercy. *Jerry Pierce* was tried yesterday of assault and battery.

Mrs. Rosalie Bouvier, tried for assault and battery, but the jury being unable to agree, she was remanded for a new trial.

The following parties were released by nol. pros: Pierre Pomeyet, charged with assault and battery; J. A. Bergen, with selling liquor without license, and Antoine Oliver, with selling liquor to slaves.

FOURTH DISTRICT COURT.—*Hon. M. M. Roycroft.*—Judgment of divorce was yesterday pronounced by this Court in favor of J. Nelson Thibodeau from his wife, born Frances Bocking. The judgment, which is based on the latter's adulterous conduct, awards the custody of a child, issue of their marriage, to the husband.

RECORDER SMITH'S COURT.—*Embezzlement, &c.*—Richard B. Leech was arraigned before this Court yesterday, and remanded to prison without privilege of bail, for an examination, this morning, on a charge of willfully and fraudulently embezzling and appropriating to his own use property to the value of $1000, which was entrusted to him for Mary S. Wells. The complainant alleges that the accused, as she believes and has been informed, was put in possession of a valuable property, consisting of money, private letters, addressed to her by John Marshall Wells, deceased, her husband, and instructed to deliver to Mr. Bangy Patterson, a gentleman of this city, who is fully so deliver, in honorable fulfillment of the trust reposed in him by the deceased. The further affidavit, this recently arrived in this city, and informed the accused of his having possession of the property, which, however, he refuses to deliver to owner.

George Bumsby was held for examination, on the 31st instant, on the affidavit of Oliver Bumsby, charging him with shooting at him, in company with other officers, at the corner of Julia and Magnolia streets.

Ann Brown, residing with Mrs. Smather, corner of Gravier and Dryades streets, was held to answer to a charge of assaulting Mary Harding, with intent to kill, on Perdido street. Ann denies the charge.

A youth named R. Dennis was fined $20 for discharging his pistol and brandishing a pistol in the vicinity of Mr. J. F. Rickmuth's, on the evening of the 14th, in the absence of a Hyde for Governor's Amphitheatre, on Camp and Howard streets. F. R., a., $10 each, for fighting.

John Wall was fined $5 for the warehouse to learn that a rival chickens, as he did, is to life, and a right nice condition, in behalving into runaway slaves in a house on Canal street. Bail $500.

RECORDER FARRAR'S COURT.—*Committed, etc.*—R. Morgan was committed by Recorder Fabre to the Criminal Court for bail in $1,000, charged by having probably been and smashed Mark's Lagoon, of No. 1 Canal.

The charge of breach of trust preferred by Ben. Bernard against Caroline Cobbin was dismissed, and the parties compromised. The charge of assault against Catherine Cobbin, and a cross charge against Bernard, for the same, was also dismissed.

John Hodgson was arrested by virtue of a warrant issued by Justice Bell, on a charge of having in his possession a stolen watch, and was held for bail in the sum of $500, for alleged illegal retention of a Mr. Hartgrave's watch.

RECORDER BOLOMON'S COURT.—*The Affair of Honor.*—Mr. Thomas Ryan, of the firm of Ryan & Co., Commission Merchants, No. 12 Tchoupitoulas street, was arraigned before Recorder Bolomon, on the charge of having been engaged in a duel with Mr. Thomas Ryan, of the firm of Ryan & Co., Commission Merchants, on the 14th instant, on the ground of the latter having published a card in the Bee, which, in the opinion of the former, was a libel on his character. The parties were bound over in the sum of $1,000 each, to keep the peace for a period of six months, and to appear before the Criminal Court for the trial of the case.

Thomas Ryan, the prosecutor, stated that he was not aware of the fact that the defendant was his brother, and that he had published the card in question in the Bee, in the belief that it was a libel on his character.

Thomas Ryan, the defendant, stated that he was not aware of the fact that the prosecutor