CHEERS FOR SIGSBEE.

Theater Audience Goes Wild on Discovering Him in House.

Hero of the Maine Attracts More Attention Than the Play and Is Forced to Make a Short Speech.

A remarkable demonstration of the patriotism of Philadelphians was witnessed at the Chestnut street theater the other night. Capt. Charles D. Sigsbee, late commander of the ill-fated Maine, now in command of the cruiser St. Paul, refitting at Cramps', in company with a group of his fellow-officers, occupied one of the upper boxes. The house became enthusiastic as soon as his presence was generally known and frequent applause in his honer attested his popularity.

In the course of the play a series of portraits of prominent public men were exhibited, among them one of Capt. Sigsbee. The appearance of the captain's portrait precipitated a cyclone of enthusiasm. It was followed by a ringing chorus of cries for a speech. For a time Capt. Sigsbee sat modestly unmindful of the call. The play continued, but when one of the young women of the cast was interrupted by renewed calls of "Sigsbee" she dropped a bouquet she had received from an admirer in the audience and joined in the hand-clapping.

At length Capt. Sigsbee arose in his box and acknowledged the demonstration with a modest bow. But this was by no means enough. At renewed cries for a speech he arose again, and, when the tempest of enthusiasm had calmed, he said with some confusion:

"I thank you most heartily for this honor. Now, I am sure you will all enjoy yourselves more if the play is allowed to go on."

When it was evident that the clamor would not cease till Sigsbee spoke again he arose once more and thanked the people and begged them to allow the play to go on. A tumbling sea of applause followed his few words, and at intervals the demonstration was kept up till the curtain fell and he left the theater.

HOMING PIGEONS FOR NAVY.

Forty Thousand Birds Offered to Secretary Long by Pigeon Fanciers of the United States.

Members of the National Association of American Homing Pigeon Fanciers of the United States, with lofts containing nearly 40,000 birds along the seaboard, have offered their pigeons to the secretary of the navy for use in case of war, as a means of communication between warships at sea and the government. Mr. Edwin A. F. Baker, of Baltimore, general superintendent of the Brush Electric Light company and the president of the association, says that the birds are already being put into training, and in a short time will be recovered from the winter stiffness and be ready for active service. There are 25 lofts in Baltimore, containing in all about 1,000 birds, and these are among the best in the country. The training of the birds has commenced, and flights are being made from various southern points. The homers are first taken for a hundred miles' flight and the distance increased a hundred miles each week. Some of the birds will be sent with the naval reserves on the Dixie for experimental practice.

BOOTH TURNS UP AGAIN.

Beloit (Wis.) Woman Tells How the Assassin of President Lincoln Escaped.

Mrs. J. W. Crist, an old lady residing in Beloit, Wis., claims that she assisted in the escape of Wilkes Booth, Lincoln's assassin, and that he died a natural death in England. She says her first husband was Capt. Thomas Haggett, commander of the Mary Porter, a rebel blockade runner, and that in June, two months after the murder of the president, Capt. Haggett took the assassin on his boat at Havana, Mrs. Crist being a passenger on the boat, and carried him to Nassau, a town in the Bahama islands. She later visited the Bahamas and saw Booth there and he gave her a ring she now possesses.

She says that it was Booth's accomplice, Fox, who was killed and burned in a barn and was thought to be Booth. She learned of Booth's death a great many years ago through family friends.

STOMACH LARGE AS COW'S.

Miss Brandon, of Joliet, Dies from Tuberculosis—Had a Tremendous Appetite.

Miss Bertha Brandon, who has been sick for years and whose case has baffled medical science for the past five years, died at Joliet, Ill., the other day, aged 24. A post-mortem was held and every organ of the trunk was found affected with tuberculosis. The physicians who held the post-mortem would not have been surprised had they found some member of the reptile family housed in the stomach, which was as large as that of an ordinary cow. For the past two years Miss Brandon has had a big appetite and would eat as much as a dozen people.

Protecting Bridge Draws.

To prevent trolley cars and trains from running through open drawbridges, a rod is placed close to one rail and ends in a lever at the other which is displaced by the bridge it swings open, drawing the rod toward the opening and throwing one of the rails in connection with a switch to turn the car off the track.

Farms in Denmark.

Out of 226,000 farms in Denmark only 1,900 are more than 250 acres in extent.

SEEKS A DIVORCE.

Wealthy Eastern Woman Concluded She Was Hypnotized When She Married an Indian Doctor.

Miss Harriet Hall Bedlow Morris, whose marriage to John Rex Guelph Norman, an East India doctor, on March 26, caused a sensation in Newport and in Boston, has decided to separate from her husband, and divorce proceedings will soon be begun.

Mrs. Norman is the daughter of the late Henry Bedlow, at one time mayor of Newport, R. I. She was married to the late Commander Francis Morris, U. S. N., and was noted for her beauty in the society of Rhode Island and of southern Europe, where her husband was stationed.

She formed the acquaintance of Norman during his attendance on her daughter in the character of a physician. He came from Montmein, India, and first attracted attention by attempting to cure Charles B. Rouss of blindness. He was much younger than Mrs. Morris, who is a woman of large wealth. The wedding was secret, being performed by Judge Pardon E. Tillinghast in private chambers in Providence, R. I.

The woman's friends were astonished when they heard of it, and could account for it only on the theory that the "doctor" had exerted some hypnotic influence over her.

Mrs. Norman has now come to the same conclusion. After the wedding her husband went with her to Boston, where she occupied an apartment in the Tuileries, in Commonwealth avenue. His first care was to visit his wife's legal adviser and make inquiries concerning her property.

HARD ON DRESSMAKERS.

Fashionable Girls of New York Adopt the New Fad of Making Their Own Clothes.

The fashionable girls of New York have adopted a new fad this spring that must fill the hearts of mere man with grateful glee, for it should guarantee him an economical wife. They are actually sitting down of mornings cutting patterns with great industry and making their own summer frocks. Some of these girls are marvelously skillful at it, too. It is a curious bit of statistics that not a few of the wealthiest seem to take to dressmaking as ducks do to water.

There is no one more clever in this respect, for example, than is Miss Julia Delafield, the daughter of Mr. Maturin Delafield. Wonderfully apt at catching ideas of this sort, too, and turning them into "confections" as quick as a wink, are Mrs. Harry McVickar, Mrs. Richard Stevens, and Miss Florence Van Rensselaer. Other energetic young women who wil appear this season in their very own clothes—in some measure—are Miss Alica Sabriskie, Miss Madelein Sailer, Miss Suzanne Piersen, Mrs. Arthur Weeks and Mrs. Temple Emmet.

"Sewing bees" have come into fashion again, girls "bringing around their work" and spending the morning with each other, generally staying to luncheon, and usually accomplishing a vast deal.

NOT SO ANXIOUS TO FIGHT.

How Uncle Joe Cannon Scared Nearly to Death a Washington Colored Barber.

The other evening while Uncle Joe Cannon was being shaved at the Hotel Corcoran, Washington, the barber was berating the Spaniards and said that they should be wiped from the face of the earth. As he got out of the chair the Illinois statesman drew a piece of paper and pencil from his pocket, asked the colored gentleman his age, and made a memorandum of it. He then asked his name. "Look'e heah, Mr. Cannon. What you gwine to do?"

"I saw the secretary of war to-day," replied Uncle Joe with a grin, "and he requested me to take the names of all persons I met who want war, and, as you are a man and an able-bodied man, I will give him yours."

"Go on, Mr. Cannon, I don' want no wah—the Spaniards can live forever fo' all I care," said the barber, amid the laughter of the crowd in the shop.

TO HAVE FINE EXHIBIT.

California Will Have the Best Display of Mining Industry to Be Seen at Omaha Exposition.

William D. Day, of the United States geological survey, who has been placed in charge of the department of mines and mining in the Trans-Mississippi and International exposition, which opens in Omaha in June, is in San Francisco. He said:

"From present indications I think I am safe in saying that California will have the best mining exhibit at Omaha that it has ever had at any exposition. I have asked M. H. DeYoung to accept the office of honorary commissioner of mines and mining for the United States at the Omaha exposition and he has accepted. Charles G. Yale and Tiery L. Ford have been selected as mining commissioners from California, and I feel satisfied that these three gentlemen will see that a creditable mining exhibit will be sent from California."

Fuel Expensive in North Dakota.

The fuel problem in North Dakota, where there is no wood and where coal freights range from three to fire dollars a ton, has been solved by the discovery of vast beds or lignite and improved methods of burning it, which will save the state $7,000,000 annually.

New Gloves for Grewsome Service.

In Austria at the present day the public executioner wears a new pair of white gloves every time he is called upon to carry out a capital sentence.

Meaning of the Word Squirrel.

The word squirrel is from two Greek words which mean shadow tail.

CHILD TURNS BLACK.

Curious Phenomenon Observed in a Marinette, Wis., Case.

Bronze Spots Appear on the Body of of a Caucasian Girl—Parents Declare There Is No Taint in the Blood.

The curious phenomenon of a white child turning black is interesting the medical fraternity of the district about Marinette, Wis. The subject, a ten-year-old daughter of Samuel May, a farmer living in the Sugar Bush, a few miles from that city, was presented by her physician, Dr. J. T. Redelings, at the clinic of the Fox River Valley Medical society which was held this week. The girl's parents are of American birth and have no trace or any taint in their blood. They have several other children, who are perfectly white and are fair.

This child was also purely white until she was five years old. There then appeared upon her body these dark spots, and these have multiplied and increased in size during the past five years until her body and limbs are now more dark than light. These discolorations are a dark bronze and show vividly against the white skin, as the child is otherwise exceedingly fair, having blue eyes and light golden hair. They have as yet not touched the face or other usually exposed portions of her body. The discolorations, however, partly cover her neck, body and arms and are gradually extending, and in all probability will in a short time transform her into the color of a negress.

Dr. Redelings diagnosed the case as malanoderma, and the attending physicians, which included some from Milwaukee, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Appleton and Green Bay, agreed with him. The cause and remedy, however, is still a mystery. Not one of the doctors would state why this strange transformation was taking place. A careful examination was made and some suggested that a taint must exist in the blood, but this is positively denied. The parents, as stated, are of American descent, coming here from Connecticut. Both are fair and healthy and have no disease which might work this result.

The child is excessively sensitive and evidently suffered much from being exposed to so many men during the examination. The parents too deprecate publicity, and positively refuse to have the child's portrait taken.

The girl retains fairly good health and but for these ugly spots would be quite pretty. The doctors generally recommended a course of hygienic treatment, not as a cure, but as a possible preventive of their further spreading.

ARTISTS HAVE FUN AS FAKERS.

Amusing Features of the Annual Exhibition of the Society of American Fakers.

Any doctor who knows his business will send all his melancholic patients to the annual exhibition of the Society of American Fakers at 315 West Fifty-seventh street, New York city. The show is not of art for art's sake. It is fake for laugh's sake. It is a fine place to send a pompous man to take the wrinkles out of him.

The faking begins at the beginning. On the way upstairs the visitor will have been regaled by the sight of a dark niche containing "Gen. Weyler and His Bier." The Weyler is made of a plaster bust and assorted feet and hands of various sizes. Candles shed a weird light upon the blue pencilled side whiskers of the Weyler. The "bier" is exemplified by a half dozen empty but well labeled bottles of beer.

The exhibition catalogue is a fake. Its cover has a margin ten times the size of the book. The Sargent portrait of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. D. Stokes, in which the subjects are shown as of wonderful height, is the favorite subject for caricature.

AMOUNT OF GOLD IN COUNTRY.

Secretary Gage Tells Just How He Gets at the Approximate Quantity of the Yellow Metal.

Secretary Gage has sent to the senate a reply to the resolution requesting information from him as to the manner of ascertaining the amount of gold in the country. He says that all estimates begin with the calculation made in 1872 by Dr. Linderman, the creator of the mint, who placed the stock at $128,389,864, and that since this time the estimates have been arrived at by adding to the stock of 1872 the annual coinage and the domestic coin imported, deducting the loss on account of recoinage and exportation. The secretary says the estimate of the amount used in the industrial arts is based upon censuses made by the mint bureau and upon annual reports received from private smelters and refiners. The secretary also furnishes an estimate of the loss by wear and otherwise of the paper money.

Fast Growing Wheat.

Wheat is growing so fast in Willamette valley, Oregon, that the farmers are turning sheep in to eat it down and are even mowing it, lest it attain such a rank growth that rust attack it.

Young Frenchmen Restrained.

A Frenchman in his own country is not at liberty to marry without the consent of his father, or legal guardian, until he has passed his twentieth year.

Lovers and Friends.

A popular woman declares that it is much nicer when her lovers become her friends than when her friends become her lovers.

It's a Rapid Little Creature.

In proportion to its size a fly walks 13 times as fast as a man can run.

L'ABEILLE DE LA NLLE-ORLEANS

Est très répandue en Louisiane et dans tous les Etats du Sud. Sa publicité offre donc au commerce des avantages exceptionnels. Prix de l'abonnement, pour l'année: Edition quotidienne, $12 00; Edition hebdomadaire, $3 00

Bulletin Financier.

Mardi, 3 mai 1898.

COMPTOIR D'ECHANGES (CLEARING-HOUSE) DE LA NOUVELLE ORLEANS.

Jusqu'ici cette semaine.....	$3,657,695 00	$369,563 00
Même temps la semaine dernière.....	3,925,070 00	393,914 00

MARCHE MONETAIRE.

Nouvelle-Orléans—	
Papier exceptionnel.....	7
do A1.....	6
Prêts sur garanties collatérales.....	4
Time do do	4
Papier hypothécaire.....	7

Commandes américaines et étrangères et Billets de Banques.

MONNAIE—	
Souverains Victoria.....	$4 80@4 90
20-francs.....	$3 80@3 90
Doublons espagnols.....	$15 40@15 60
25-pesetas espagnoles.....	$4 70
Or léger américain.....	97@97½c
Argent mutilé américain, par oz.....	52@54
Dollars mexicains.....	44
Sols péruviens.....	43
Pesos chiliens.....	43
Argent anglais, par £.....	$4 60@4 80
Billets de la Banque d'Angleterre.....	$4 80@4 90
Billets de la Banque de France	18¾@19⅛

LONDRES—
Taux de la Banque d'Angleterre 4 0[illegible]0.
Consols pour l'argent 111⅜ sur sco't.
Pour accompte 111 9[illegible]16 juin.
PARIS—
Rentes 102 87½.
ARGENT EN LINGOTS (PAR ONCE—
Londres 25⅞.
New-York 55⅝@56⅛.

CHANGE.

Le STERLING est calme.
Commercial (60 jours)..... 479¼@480
Traites de banques (à vue)..... 485½
Les FRANCS sont calmes.
Francs de commerce (60 jours).5.25⅝
Traites de banques (à vue).....5.18¾
REICHSMARKS—95½
Le CHANGE A VUE SUR NEW-YORK est calme.
Traites de commerce 75c d'esc.
Traites de banques au pair.

VENTES A LA BOURSE DE LA NOUVELLE-ORLEANS.

Entre les appels de 10 A. M. et de 2 P. M.

$1,000 Bons à prime.....	202½
Appel de 2 P. M.	
10 actions Crescent City RR Co.....	32
$500 Louisiana 4s.....	101
Après l'appel de 2 P. M.	
$2,000 Louisiana 4s.....	101

ACTIONS ET BONS.

Dernières cotes du N. O. Stock Exchange.

Banques.	Valeur en pair	Offre	Demande
Canal & Banking Co.....	100	....	....
Citizens'.....	100	....	100
Germania National.....	100	....	100
Germania Savings.....	100	340	500
Hibernia National.....	100	185½	195
Louisiana National.....	100	....	130
Metropolitan.....	100	126	....
S. U. National.....	100	500	560
People's.....	50	35	....
Provident Savings.....	100	77½	....
State National.....	100	82½	90
Teutonia.....	100	....	....
Union National.....	100	....	90
United States Savings.....	100	....	95
Whitney National.....	100	....	....
Compagnies d'assurance.			
Firemen's.....	50	....	8½
Germania Ins. Co.....	100	70	80
Hibernia Ins.....	100	100	107½
Home Ins.....	100	....	75
Lafayette.....	50	92	..
Merchants' Ins. Co.....	100	....	81
Mechanics' and Traders.....	100	....	82½
S. U. Ins. Ass.....	100	....	....
Sun Mutual Ins.....	100	....	132
Southern Ins. Co.....	100	98½	106
Textons.....	100	135	....
Chemins de fer urbains.			
Carrollton.....	100	119½	123
Crescent City.....	100	....	45
Canal and Clait. [new stock]	100	144	160
New Orleans City.....	100	....	....
Orleans.....	50	16½	18
St-Charles Street.....	50	52	....
Actions diverses.			
U. O. Slaughterhouse.....	50	....	34
Jackson Brewing Co.....	100	....	....
Jefferson City Gas Light.....	100	....	40
N. O. Brewing Ass.....	100	21½	25
N. O. Gas Light Co.....	100	105	110
N. O. Waterworks Co.....	100	104	....
N. O. Land Co.....	10	....	5
Algiers W. W. & Elect. Co	100	....	....
Cotton Exchange Stock.....	200	....	....
French Opera Association.....	....	....	....
Imp. Bonded Warehouse.....	100	....	....
Interstate Trans'n Co.....	100	....	....
Varie. Theatre.....	1500	....	....
Mech., Dealers and Lumb.....	50	....	....
Metairie Cem'y Ass.....	100	....	....
M. L. & B. As.....	25	....	....
Jockey Club.....	....	....	....
N. O. Cold Storage Co.....	100	....	....
Rosetta Gravel.....	100	....	....
Standard Guano & Chem.....	100	....	....
Sugar Exchange.....	250	....	....
Sugar Shed Co.....	60	....	....
Texas and Pacific RR. Co..		....	....
Traction Prefr'd.....	100	....	....
do common.....	100	....	....
Comb. T. Stand.....		....	....
Louisiana Electric Light.....	100	....	....
St. Martin's Oil Works.....		....	....
S'dard Fibre Ex. Co. of Chi...	10	....	....
Edison Elec. Co.....		....	....
Takomina Ferment Co.....		....	....
Stafford Mineral Spring.....		....	....
Independent Oil Works.....		....	....
Young Men's Ath. Club.....		....	....
Bons d'Etat.			
Louisiana 4s.....	100⅝		101
Constitutional Bds.....		....	....
Bons de ville.			
Premium.....	202¾		205
Premium drawn number.....	230		250
City 4's.....	103		104
City 7's, gold.....	....		....
Privilege on Nos.....	....		....
Levee Co.			
Atchafalaya Levee Bds.....	103½		107
Bossier Lev. Eds.....	106		110½
Caddo Levee Bonds.....	108½		110½
5th District Levee Bds 1908.....	100		105
do do do 1911.....	100½		....
do do do 1913.....	101		105
Lafourche Lev. Bds	107¼		111
Lake Borgne Lev. Bds.....	103½		....
Pontchartrain L. B. 15 yrs.....	104		109
Pontchartrain L. B. 20 yrs.....	104		109
Pontchartrain L. B. 50 yrs.....	104½		109
Red River Atch. & B. B. Bds..	106		....
Tensas Basin Bonds.....	102		107
Bons divers.			
United States 4's of 1907.....	107		....
U. S. 4's of 1925.....	119½		....
U. S. 5's.....	110½		....
Canal & Claib. St. RR. M. [Gold]..	116		119½
Morgan's L. and T. R. R. 7's...	126½		....
Morgan's L. T. R. R. 6's, gold....	119¾		123
Crescent City RR. new 5s [Gold].	74		....
N. O. City and Lake 5s [Gold]..	99		101
Orleans RR 6s [Gold].....	....		..
N. O. Brewing Ass'n bonds.....	75		77
N. O. Waterworks 1st mort.....	110		....
Algiers W. W. & E. Bds Gold.....	....		....
American Brew'g Co. Bds.....	....		....
Canal and Claib. St. M. eld.....	....		....
Crescent City RR. 1st 6s.....	....		....
Edison Bonds.....	....		....
Sexton Land Company Bond 5s.	....		....
Jackson Brewery 1st Mort. Bds	....		....
Jackson Brewery 2d Mort. Bds..	....		....
Levee S. Cotton Press mort.....	....		....
Nat & Red Riv RR. 1st mort. gold	....		....
New South Bld Ass'n A.....	....		....
" " " O.....	....		....
N. O. Abattoir Co.....	....		....
Cotton exchange 1st mort.....	....		....
N. O. City RR. Co. mort 6s....	....		....
Carrollton R.R. Co. 1st mort 1902	....		....
Carrollton Ends 12 yrs [Gold]..	....		....
Carrollton 13 yrs [Gold]..	....		....
Carrollton 14 yrs [Gold]..	....		....
N. O. Traction Co., Power House Bds.....			....
Orleans RR 2nd mort	....		....
St-Charles St. RR. mort. 1901..	....		....
Tex. & Pac. RR. 1st gold mort..	....		....
Tex. & Pacific RR. 2d gold mort.	....		....
La. Elect. Light Co. 1st mort....	....		....
La. Elect. Light Co. 2d mort....	....		....
Certificats et Warrants.			
Police certificates.....	....		....
School certificates.....	....		....
City scrip, new.....	....		....
Certificats émis en vertu de l'acte 93 de 1880.....	....		....
Unpaid State coupons No 12....	....		....
State school warrants.....	....		....
C. St. L. & N. O. Gold 5s.....	....		....
N. O Cotton Ex. 1st Mrt.....	....		....
Algiers W. W. & Elec. Co.....	....		....

Bulletin Commercial

Mardi, 3 mai 1898.

COTON.

Marché de la Nlle-Orléans.

SUR PLACE.

Le Cotton Exchange a rapporté aujourd'hui des ventes de 1,000 balles et 200 à arriver.
Le marché est facile.
Les cotons hachés sont de ⅛ à ⅜c. plus bas que les cotes suivantes

	Aujourd'hui	
Low Ordinary.....	4	nom
Ordinary.....	4½	"
Good Ordinary.....	4⅞	
Low Middling.....	5¼	
Middling.....	5 11/16	
Good Middling.....	6 1/16	
Middling Fair.....	6 7/16	nom
Fair.....	7 11/16	"

N. O. FUTURES.

Calmes et stables.

Janvier.....	5,91@5,93
Février.....	—@—
Mars.....	—@—
Avril.....	—@—
Mai.....	5,68@5,71
Juin.....	5,71@5,72
Juillet.....	5,77@5,78
Août.....	5,78@8,79
Septembre.....	5,80@5,81
Octobre.....	5,81@5,82
Novembre.....	5,83@5,85
Décembre.....	5,88@5,89

Les ventes comprennent 14,800 balles.

MARCHES DIVERS.

Aujourd'hui le middling était coté à—

Galveston.....	5 11/16
Mobile.....	5¾
Savannah.....	5 11/16
Charleston.....	5¾
Wilmington.....	6¼
Norfolk.....	6⅛
Baltimore.....	6 5/16
Boston.....	6 5/16
Philadelphie.....	6 9/16
Memphis.....	5⅞
Augusta.....	6
St-Louis.....	5⅞

MARCHE DE NEW-YORK.

SUR PLACE.

Calme.
Cotes—Middling Gulf 6½.

N. Y. FUTURES.

Faciles.

Janvier.....	6,23@6,24
Février.....	—@—
Mars.....	—@—
Avril.....	—@—
Mai.....	6,05@6,06
Juin.....	6,10@6,11
Juillet.....	6,14@6,15
Août.....	6,18@6,19
Septembre.....	6,17@6,18
Octobre.....	6,17@6,18
Novembre.....	6,19@6,20
Décembre.....	6,20@6,21

Les ventes comprennent 93,900 balles.

MOUVEMENT DU COTON.

REÇU, NET—

A la Nlle-Orléans depuis le 1er septembre.....	2,567,449 balles
Même temps l'année dernière	2,022,799 balles
A tous les ports des Etats-Unis.....	8,349,847 balles
Même temps l'année dernière.	6,569,278 balles
EXPORTATIONS A L'ETRANGER—	
De la Nouvelle-Orléans depuis le 1er septembre.....	2,080,274 balles
Même temps l'année dernière.	1,813,061 balles
De tous les ports des Etats-Unis.....	6,712,727 balles
Même temps l'année dernière	5,482,898 balles
STOCKS—	
A la Nouvelle-Orléans.....	266,901 balles
Même temps l'année dernière.	101,642 balles
Dans tous les ports des Etats-Unis.....	692,539 balles
Même temps l'année dernière	461,866 balles

MARCHE DE LIVERPOOL.

SUR PLACE.

Calme, plus bas.
Cotes—3 9/16 pour le Middling Américain

FUTURS.

Calmes.

MARCHE DU HAVRE

SUR PLACE.

Calme et stable.
Cotes—46½fr. pour l'Ordinaire (sur place; 44¼fr. pour le Très Ordinaire (sur place; 42¼fr. pour le Bas (sur place).

FUTURS.

Faciles.

SUCRE ET MELASSE.

Jobbing ⅛@¼c plus élevé par livre pour le sucre, et 3@5c plus élevé par gallon pour les mélasses que les cotes suivantes du Sugar Exchange.

SUCRE—OPEN KETTLE—Fort.	
Par livre.....	2¾@4
CENTRIFUGAL—Calme.	
Granulated.....	—@4⅞
Whites.....	4 11/16@4¾
Yellows.....	4 3/16@4⅛
Seconds.....	2¾@4
MELASSE—OPEN KETTLE—Il n'y en a plus sur le marché.	
CENTRIFUGAL—Inactif 4@13c.	
SIROP—Il n'y a plus de sirop.	
SUCRE RAFFINE—	
Cut Loaf.....	5 13/16
Powdered.....	5 13/16
Standard granulated.....	5.53
Confectioners' A.....	5.41

Moins ⅛c et 1/16c d'escompte extra de 100 barils.

RIZ

[A la Bourse.]

RIX SCALE—Bien ferme, montant.

Fancy.....	6¼@6½
Choice.....	5¾@6
Prime.....	5½@5¾
Good.....	5¼@5⅜
Fair.....	5 @5⅛
Ordinary.....	4⅝@4¾
Common.....	4⅜@4½
Screenings.....	4 @4⅜
Inferior.....	—@—
No 2.....	2@2¼

RIZ POLI—Ton. $16 00 à —.
SON—$12 00 à —.
RIZ BRUT—Fort.
.....$2 25@3 35

FARINES.

A LA BOURSE.

Cotes officielles de la Bourse:

FARINE—

Patents, le baril.....	$5 40 @5 50
Extra fancy.....	$5 00 @5 25

FARINE DE MAIS—$1 85@1 90.
Hors de la Bourse les prix de farine et de farine de maïs sont de 25 à 50c. plus cher par baril.

GRAINS ET FOURRAGES.

MAIS—On cote — à 46 pour le blanc; 43 à 44 pour le mêlé; et 45 à 46 pour le jaune.
AVOINE—No 2 de l'Ouest — à 38c.; Choix — à 39c.; Texas No 2 35 à —.
SON—80 à 82½c.
FOIN—Prairie $14 50 à 15 50; Choice $16 50 à 17 50.
Les pentes ci-dessous se vendent aux prix suivants: maïs 2c. de plus par boisseau; avoine 2 à 4c de plus par boisseau; son 6 à 7c. de plus par 100 livres, et le foin $2 00 à 3 00 de plus par tonneau.

PROVISIONS.

A LA BOURSE.

(Clôture officielle de la Bourse pour les lots en gros.)

MESS PORK—
.....$11 25@11 50

VIANDES SALEES SECHES—

Epaules.....	5⅛@5¼
Short rib sides.....	6⅛@6¼
Short clear sides.....	6 @6⅛
Long clear sides.....	Nom.

BACON—

Epaules.....	5⅛@5¾
Short rib sides.....	6⅞@7
Long clear sides.....	—@—
Short clear sides.....	6⅝@6¾

GRAISSE—

Ne tierces, refined.....	4 @4⅛
Lard pur.....	4 @4⅛

JAMBON—9@10.
Les cotes des provisions à la Bourse sont pour le marché en gros; les prix des détaillants sont de 25 à 50c. plus élevés pour le porc; et de ¼ à ½c. pour les autres articles provenant du porc.

GROCERIES.

Le Board of Trade donne les cotes suivantes pour les lots de chargement de café.
Job lots ¼ à ½c plus élevé.

RIO—Ferme.	
Fair No 3.....	9⅝@9¾
Low Fair No 4.....	9½@9¾
Good Ordinary No 5.....	8⅝@8¾
Ordinary No 6.....	8½@8¾
Low Ordinary No 7.....	7⅝@7⅞
Strictly Good Common No 8.....	7½@7½
Good Common No 9.....	7⅛@7⅜
SANTOS—Ferme.	
Fair No 3.....	9⅞@10
Low Fair No 4.....	9½@9¾
Good Ordinary No 5.....	8⅝@8¾
Ordinary No 6.....	Non
Low Ordinary No 7.....	Nom
Strictly Good Common No 8.....	Nom
Common No 9.....	Nom
MEXICAIN—Inactif.	
Cordova—Fair.....	10⅞@11
Barely fair.....	10⅜@10½
Low fair.....	10⅛@10¼
Coatepex—Fair.....	10⅞@11
Barely fair.....	10⅜@10½
Low fair.....	10⅛@10¼
BEURRE—	
Western Creamery—Extra.....	19
Extra firsts.....	17½
Firsts.....	15@16
Western Dairy—Extra.....	15
Extra firsts.....	13½
Firsts.....	11

Jobbing un peu plus élevé.

FROMAGE—	
New York creams.....	10½
Young America's, full cream.....	11
Twins, full cream.....	9¾
Singles.....	10

Jobbing un peu plus élevé.

GRAINE DE COTON ET SES PRODUITS.

Graine de coton—Ici $7 00 à — par ton.
Farine de graine de coton par chargement au dépôt $17 50 par short ton, pour l'exportation $19 25 à 19 50 f. o. b. par long ton
Oil cake—$19 00 à 19 25 pour l'exportation f. o. b.
Huile de graine de coton (en gros ou pour l'expédition), par gallon, prime crude 16c.; refiné 21 à 21½c.
TOILE D'EMBALLAGE — 2¼-pound 6¼ per yard; 2-pound 5¾; 1¾-pound 5½.
Twine—Jute 7½c. la livre; Hemp 10c.
COTTON TIES—70@75c.

FRUITS ET NOIX.

POMMES—	
Par boîte.....	1 50@1 60
Par baril.....	3 50@4 25
ORANGES—	
Par boîte.....	3 25@3 50
LIMONS—	
Par boîte.....	2 25@2 75
COCOS—	
Par 1000.....	20 00@22 00
Par 100.....	2 52@—
ANANAS—	
Par douzaine.....	3 00@4 00
POIRES—	
Par boîte.....	2 25@2 75
FRAISES—	
Par pinte.....	4@7c.
PECHES—	
Par boîte de 1/2 de boisseau...	—@—
BANANES—	
Par régime.....	1 35@1 60
RAISINS—	
Par boîte.....	1 50@1 65
PISTACHES—	
Par livre.....	2@5c.
PACANES—	
De la Louisiane, par livre.....	9@16c
Du Texas, par livre.....	—@—

Jobbing un peu plus élevé que les prix ci-dessus.

PRODUITS DE LA CAMPAGNE.

Nos cotes représentent le prix du gros au landing. Les marchands obtiennent 15 à 25c. de plus par baril et ½ à ½c. par livre en lots.
POMMES DE TERRE—Nouvelles de la Louisiane, $1 75 à 2 70.
PATATES DOUCES—Ordinaires par baril $2 00 à —.
YAMS—$2 25 à 2 50.
TOMATES—$1 25 à 1 75 par panier.
OIGNONS—Par baril $1 50 à 2 00.
CHOUX—$1 25 à — par crate.
AIL—60 à 70c. par macorne.
CHOUCROUTE—Baril $1 90 à 2 00.
VOLAILLES—Les marchands en gros demandent de 15 à 25c. de plus que les prix suivants par douzaine de volaille, et 1 à 2c. de plus par douzaine d'œufs.

Grosses volailles de l'Ouest, la douzaine.....	$4 00@4 25
Poulets.....	2 50@3 50
Canards.....	2 75@3 25
Oies.....	Nom
Dindes.....	Nom
ŒUFS—8½ à 9c.	
SUIF—3¼c. la livre pour celui de la ville; 2¾c. celui de la campagne.	
CIRE D'ABEILLE—Prime yellow 24c la livre.	
LAINE—Burry 8 à 9c. la livre; Louisiana clear 16½c.; clear Lake 17½c.	
PEAUX AUX ABATTOIRS—70 livres et au-dessus 5¾c.; steer et peaux de vaches 30 à 70 livres 5¼c.; kips 14 à 30 livres 5¾c. peaux de veau 45c. pièce; grub selection 5¼c.	
PEAUX DE LA CAMPAGNE—Wet salted sound 7c., dry salted 11c; dry flint 13c la livre.	
PELLETERIE—Otter $1 00 à 6 00; castor 5 à 45c. pièce; raccoons 35c.	
PEAUX—Chevreuil 16c. la livre; mouton 10 à 40c pièce; chèvre 10 à 15c.	
MOUSSE—Mêlée 2 à 2½c. la livre; grise 1¼ à 1½c.; noire 2 à 2½c.	
CORNES—Cornes de bœufs, prime, — à 4c. pièce.; cornes de vaches — à 1c.	

MARCHANDISES DIVERSES.

NAVAL STORES—Les prix du gros sont comme suit. Au détail il faut payer 25 à 50c de plus par baril. Pitch $2 00 à 3 25; goudron de charbon $4 00 à 4 25 le baril; goudron de pin $3 50 à 3 75. Résine selon la qualité $1 10 à $1 90.
Essence de térébenthine 26c.
Jobbing 2c. de plus le gallon.

TONNELLERIE.

Nouveaux barils de sucre et de riz, 6 hoops.....	31c.
Nouveaux barils de sucre et de riz, 8 hoops.....	33c.
Nou