NEW ORLEANS BEE.

BY J. BAYON,

PRINTER TO THE STATE AND TO THE FIRST MUNICIPALITY

NEW-ORLEANS:

TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 1, 1839.

To-morrow being New Year's Day, no paper will be issued from the office of the Bee on Wednesday.

NEW YEAR'S DAY.

The commencement of another year always brings with it abundant field for reflection. It is the proper period to indulge in introspection of the past and anticipation of the future, and the thoughts which it naturally engenders should prove productive of profit if not of pleasure. Looking back to the year 1838 which is now among the histories of past time, it is curious to inquire how future annalists in their chronicles of this republic, will discourse of this memorable period—memorable for so much that has been accomplished—for the triumph of the youthful and vigorous energies of a nation over the temporary but nearly overwhelming influence of misfortune—memorable for the great moral spectacle of a whole people rising superior to the crushing power of calamity, breasting boldly and unhesitatingly the pressure of a crisis that nearly menaced us with revolution, and emerging from gloom and depression and embarrassment into renewed hope and revived prosperity. Will not the historian speak of the past year as one of the most trying epochs in the American government—will he not refer to it as the most irrefragable evidence of the power of good faith and honesty, and the ultimate victory which they must ever achieve when steadily and strenuously upheld? We have observed within the lapse of a twelve month, circumstances which evince upon what broad, deep and solid foundations the commercial prosperity of our country is based—we have seen a threatened national bankruptcy warded off by sound policy, unshrinking honesty and a firm determination to comply with the great principles of justice, and we now witness the consummation of this terrible ordeal, in a country which has not only escaped unscathed, but untarnished from the crisis of its fate. While the nation at large has had so much to rejoice at in the events of the past, we of Louisiana and New Orleans are not without ample causes of self-gratulation.—During the late summer, a beneficent Providence has in its mercy spared us the infliction of a pestilential scourge that has too often reaped a fatal harvest among the best of our citizens. Health, so commonly, yet aptly termed the first of blessings, has been ours with singular constancy. The very climate has seemed tempered to our pleasures—the sultriness and fervor of our tropical latitude have been nearly unfelt—balmy breezes have rendered summer refreshing, and with inconsiderable and rare exceptions, the dreariness and rigor of the wintry season have been converted into the mild and genial atmosphere of spring. While these valued blessings of nature have been so bountifully bestowed upon us, we have participated in the return of that prosperity which has every where followed unqualified obedience to the dictates of honor.—With the mighty elements of mercantile wealth spread in profusion before us, with the financial institutions whose administration is so important an agent in the due and judicious admixture of these elements, once again re-established in their legitimate sphere—with enterprise, activity and energy once more aroused, insensible and ungrateful must be the heart that fails to acknowledge and appreciate our exemption from evil and our share of positive good.

With the past we have now done—the year 1838 is already numbered among the things that were. But in the future we are strongly interested. In our conduct, as well individually as generally—as well with the man as with the mass—the events which have recently transpired offer us impressive, and, we trust, wholesome lessons, which, if we treasure and con with assiduity, will assist us materially in avoiding the sources of error from which we have previously suffered. Time is experience, and its divine power is best manifested when we view its progress with reference to the events which it has effected, and to the consequences of those events in our future career. Its operation should be duplex—it should throw a balm upon the wound; but if rightly viewed it will furnish a breastplate against future danger. He is but a self-willed fool for whom time passes unfreighted with such salutary safeguards.

A few words of ourselves. We have within the last eighteen months been thrown occasionally into violent collision with our brethren of the press. In pursuing a memorable question, we may have sometimes expressed ourselves with over-weening warmth, but we have the satisfaction of feeling that whatever we have said has invariably sprung from the sincerity of our convictions. We may have erred, but it has at least been in the pursuit of truth. The important subject upon which we have said so much is now, however, decided, and we have no further cause for acrimonious controversy with our political opponents on this topic. The first of January with a portion of our population, is beautifully typified as the dawn of a new existence—animosities are extinguished, and the bickerings and resentments of the preceding year are forgotten at its close. Thus may it be with us and our contemporaries. In reviewing our course, we are proud that we have been so well enabled to redeem our pledge—to devote this paper to the interests of Louisiana. In all that has concerned our state we have been foremost and fearless to speak—for this we may have gained some obloquy, but facts assure us we have made many friends. We shall not fail to continue the same honorable though arduous duty, and we question not that the approbation of our patrons will accompany the approval of our conscience. We have only to add that we wish a HAPPY NEW YEAR TO ONE AND ALL.

As we stated yesterday, the third Municipality has in fine, obtained the loan required for the withdrawal of its bonds from circulation, and by the aid afforded by the Citizens, Union, Merchants, Louisiana state, and Consolidated banks, the municipality will now be enabled to liquidate those bonds which have occasioned so much inquietude to some, and the hope of such profitable speculation to others.

INTERESTING FROM MEXICO.

The brig *Kenhawa*, which arrived last evening from Laguna, which she left on the 16th December, brings interesting intelligence derived from the British barque Pera, from Sacrificios, then at Laguna. From this source we learn that the town of Vera Cruz has been taken by the French, after bombardment." The Mexican General Arista was taken prisoner by the French, and General Santa Ana was so grievously wounded as to render necessary the amputation of a leg.

The Mexican government, not willing to recognize the treaty entered into between Admiral Baudin and General Rincon, and having declared war upon the French government, General Santa Ana placed himself at the head of 5,000 men, and entered Vera Cruz in spite of the treaty. Admiral Baudin having learned that Santa Ana was advancing towards the city, sent a number of boats filled with troops, with orders to spike the cannon of the batteries at Vera Cruz. While they were engaged in this labor, the Mexicans came upon them, and slaughtered a considerable number of officers and soldiers. The French were compelled to retreat towards the squadron, which opened a heavy fire upon the town, dislodged the Mexicans, and took possession of Vera Cruz. We have been unable to ascertain the exact loss on either side. We subjoin an extract from a letter which a commercial house has had the kindness to place in our hands.

[EXTRACT.]

LAGUNA DE TERMINOS, Dec. 15th, 1838.

By the arrival of the British barque Pera, from Sacrificios, I have learned that General Santa Ana had arrived at Vera Cruz with 5,000, and the French that were on shore spiking the guns of the batteries had to retreat to their boats after losing several horses and men. It appears the terms of the capitulation with the commander of San Juan de Ulloa were, that the French should keep possession of the castle, and the Mexicans of Vera Cruz, until the decision of the King of France was learned, but the blockade was to be raised immediately; but it is said that the Mexican government has disapproved of the capitulation, and declared war against France. I believe it, as the garrison of Vera Cruz was not to exceed 1,000 men, and as soon as the French learned that Santa Ana was coming, they landed, on the morning of the 3d about 3 o'clock, to spike the guns, and the vessels commenced throwing bombs into the barracks to dislodge the troops. It is also true that Santa Ana drove the French into their boats, and he received a severe wound in the engagement, and has since had his leg amputated. General Arista is a prisoner of the French.

NATIONAL INSTITUTION.

The legacy of one hundred thousand pounds sterling left to the government of the United States by an Englishman named Smithson, for the purpose of founding an institution at the city of Washington, having been paid over to the legatee, much discussion has arisen in relation to the best and most appropriate mode of applying it. Mr. Smithson's will imposes but two conditions—the institution must be located at Washington and it must be so conducted as to *diffuse instruction among men*. The providing for the details of the manner in which the testator's intentions may be carried into effect is left to congress, and it imposes upon that body a most important duty—as upon the fidelity and ability with which the task is performed, will depend the fate of an institution, which ought to be the instrument of diffusing the blessings of virtue and knowledge to all future generations of our countrymen. It will probably be made a NATIONAL SEMINARY, in which the American youth may be imbued with the principles of true science and the elements of that species of knowledge, which alone is capable of rendering them good men and faithful citizens.

To give the institution the features of a common college is not what is required by the wants of the country, nor do we believe that a mere school (and most of our American colleges are nothing else) in which boys may be taught the ancient and modern languages and the physical sciences, was contemplated by the liberal and enlarged mind of the testator.—An institution that is best calculated to diffuse instruction among men—this is the expression of the will, if we remember correctly. This object would perhaps be better attained by employing men of eminence in the branches of knowledge proposed to be taught, to deliver lectures at rates which may be within the reach of the poorest student, the lecturer to depend more upon the proceeds of his labors than upon salaries drawn from the foundation. Experience proves that professors and teachers who derive their whole income from a fixed salary, too often degenerate into sloth and carelessness, as is the case with those of the English universities. In the German institutions, on the contrary, where the lecturer derives the means of subsistence chiefly from the small stipend he receives from each student, while the salary which he draws from the university funds is barely sufficient to keep him above absolute want, his industry and zeal are quickened to the utmost, and the German professors have become the most learned men in Europe.

This institution will be a great advantage to the district of Columbia in many respects—it will attract thither as to a [illegible] young men from every part of the union, who will there study part of the [illegible], and they in their turn will enjoy the benefit of a clear view of the machinery of the government of their country in actual operation—they will have an opportunity, not to be obtained elsewhere, of becoming acquainted with the manners, habits and opinions of the various classes and descriptions of people who compose the mass of their fellow citizens—and of forming their taste on the models of eloquence, which though few and rare, are yet to be met with in the two houses of congress.

PANORAMA OF PARIS.

We have seen several panoramas in different cities and two others in this—but we have never had the pleasure of beholding one which represented the reality of the scene with so much fidelity to nature and so fact as that now exhibited at the corner of Royal and Orleans streets. The illusion is complete in every part, the canvass is not visible—and the spectator realizes the story of the ancient painter, who represented a bunch of grapes with so much truth that birds came and pecked at the picture. Nice and delicate touches are not requisite in the perfect panorama; proportion is every thing—indeed this branch of the art has been styled the triumph of perspective. The painter, from an elevated position takes a view of the surrounding scenery and all intermediate objects of importance as far as his horizon extends. Close imitation and faithful representation, with an exposition in suitable light, are the objects to be aimed at in a panorama. The spectator, placed in a position of suitable elevation, not too near the canvass, the light being admitted from above, finds himself as it were in the midst of the scene represented. In the work before us, one seems to see the objects before him, animate and inanimate, in their real dimensions, forms, colours, and proportions—the princely palace of the Tuilleries, the Champs Elysées, regiments of cavalry prancing over the field, in their appropriate costume—if a man were waked up from a long sleep and led blind-fold into the gallery of this exhibition, he would think these were all real figures, and it would take some time to recover from the illusion of his sense. We were struck with peculiar force by the almost magical effect produced by the representation of the Seine from the Pont Louis XV to the Pont Neuf. The water flows before you—steamboats lagging slowly along, the smoke curling above their chimnies—others lying along side of the quays—the warehouses and dwellings on the river bank—the churches, columns, towers in the distance, and still farther off the heights which surround this vast city—all these appear before the spectator in their proper hues and forms as though he stood on the spot where the artist made the sketch.

We have witnessed all the most celebrated works of this kind that have been exhibited in the United States, and these, if we except the panorama of Rome, which has never been out of Europe, comprehend the best that art has produced—but none that we have seen, is comparable to this admirable painting. Those who have not beheld a similar work, can form no adequate idea of the extent to which the force of illusion may be carried on their visual sense. We recommend this magnificent spectacle to the American public as entirely worthy of their attention and approbation.

It is a remarkable fact that our great countryman, ROBERT FULTON, who conferred such incalculable benefits upon mankind, by applying steam to navigation, was the first to introduce the panorama into France, where the art of producing similar works has since attained its last degree of perfection, of which the panorama now exhibiting in this city is a conclusive proof. Fulton was a man of genius, and in his early days had turned his attention to painting as a source of amusement, and afterwards proceeded to Europe to study it as a profession. Such a man, of so much enthusiasm and perseverance, would excel his contemporaries in whatever he undertook. He would leave the beaten track of art in quest of new discoveries, after he had exhausted the knowledge of past and present times—he saw what was to be effected by revealing the mysteries of perspective—and he improved the method of painting panoramas beyond what was known or practised by his predecessors.

PENNSYLVANIA.

The delusion which has been partially wrought in the public mind on the subject of the disturbances at Harrisburg, has its origin in the assumption by the federal presses that the two senators and eight representatives elected by the democrats from the county of Philadelphia, did not receive a majority of the whole votes of the county—when in fact, they had a majority of 535 even if the votes of the northern liberties had not been rejected; but setting the votes of that district aside, their majority was about 1500. The delusion, of which we have spoken, was so wide spread that it influenced even some of the members of the legislature, as appears from the following letter addressed by Mr. Montelius, member from the county of Union, to his constituents. This is a very important document, and we respectfully call upon every reasonable man of every party to read it with attention. Mr. M. says expressly that he is a whig and will continue to be a whig—that in joining with his party friends in organizing the house of representatives with the Philadelphia county members of the whig party, he thought they had been elected by a majority of the votes of the county, and had been returned by a majority of the judges. But he soon found it was not true, and that the eight members of the opposition party in the county of Philadelphia had been elected by a majority of about five hundred votes in the whole county, and had been returned elected by a majority of the judges. Thus speaks the federal member from the county of Union, and he proceeds thus: "I am sorry to say that the secretary of state kept back these returns, which I think was wrong: under these circumstances, I could not continue to act with men who had no more right to their seats than MY OPPONENT HAD TO MINE!" This evidence is irresistible and it must set the whole matter to rest in the minds of all impartial men. Here follows the letter itself, and every one must admire its clear, plain, unassuming style, and the spirit of sincerity that pervades it.

To the Electors of the District composed of the Counties of Union, Juniata, and Mifflin:

FELLOW-CITIZENS—I have been in a deplorable condition for eight or ten days past. I was elected your representative, and as such I am bound faithfully to discharge my duty to you, to myself, to God, and my country. You are already informed that there were two speakers elected on the 4th instant, in the House of Representatives. With the information I had, and the advice of the friends in whom I have confided, I was induced to act here with the party that professes the same principles with those of my constituents who nominated and elected me. But full information, cool and deliberate reflection, and the warnings of my conscience, have convinced me that my party friends here have taken the wrong course, and that as a faithful representative, and an honest man, I was bound to retrace my steps, do what I conscientiously believed to be right, and trust to the impartiality of your judgment upon a full and fair examination of all the facts.

Finding my political friends had done wrong, according to my judgment, I withdrew from them immediately, and have waited for several days to give them time to retrace their steps, and to allow all to arrange, peaceably and justly, the unhappy difference that had arisen; but finding that this has not been accomplished, I have nothing left for me but to do that which I believe to be right, and leave to those who would destroy our beloved State, the consequences of their rashness. Do not think I have acted rashly. The step I have taken was taken deliberately and coolly, and in obedience to my understanding of the constitution and laws of our dear country. I am for peace, "Es werd mei ner seele lange zu wonnen bey denen dieden friden hassen;" and I hope the course I have taken may help to save our beloved Pennsylvania from bloodshed and the horrors of a civil war. The great question is, whether the majority shall rule upon this question; I know you think with me.

Now all I have done has been done with an honest desire to carry out this great principle in our free government, that the minority must yield to the majority. And I am certain, not one of you however strong a party man he may be, will blame me for maintaining this principle. My constituents, particularly in Union county, all know me, and I beg of them all, before they condemn me, fully and coolly to examine all the facts. I have not, in this instance, acted as a party man, but I have acted honestly, and according to my conscience.

In joining with my party friends in organising the House of Representatives with the Philadelphia county members of the whig party, I thought these had been elected by a majority of the votes of the country, and had been returned by a majority of the judges, but I soon found that it was not true, and that the eight members of the opposition party in the county of Philadelphia, had been elected by a majority of about five hundred votes in the whole country, and had been returned elected by a majority of the judges.

I am sorry to say that the Secretary of the State kept back these returns, which I think was wrong. Under these circumstances, I could not continue to act with men who had no right to their seats, not more than my opponent had to mine. You would not, as honest men, ask me to sanction so bad a principle, and it is that I know your honesty that I have judged those who have been fairly elected by the majority.

My party opinions and principles have not changed, and my future course will show that I am true to those principles. On your calm judgment I rely. What I have done, has been done for what I believed to be your interest, and is approved of by my own conscience.

I remain your friend,
JOHN MONTELIUS.
Hall of the H. R. Dec. 17th, 1837.

CANADA.

THE PRESCOTT AFFAIR.—The New-York Sun relates some facts connected with this affair, which have not hitherto been published. Von Schoultz has given evidence in his will of the sincerity of his belief, in his declaration that the Canadians do not desire the change the patriots would force upon them, and that he was deceived into the enterprise. He has left $1,000 to the widows and children of the Canadian militia that fell at Prescott, and $400 to the Catholic college, at Kingston; and has also left $4,000 to a lady to whom he was engaged to be married. It seems that the two women who were killed at Prescott, and whose death was attributed to the insurgents, were in reality shot by the Canadian militia. It appears, moreover, that only one was killed; the other was wounded, and is likely to recover.

The Montreal papers of December 17, announce that the court martial, acquitting two of the prisoners and condemning to death ten, has been approved by the governor. In the case of six, it is however said, that the sentence may be commuted. Godder, one of the Bermuda exiles, has been arrested and brought into Montreal.

W. G. SIMMS, the talented novelist, author of Pelayo, has published a book of poems, entitled "Southern Passages and Pictures." Some of them are exquisitely beautiful. Bryant, of the Evening Post, admirable authority on such matters, speaks of them in terms of unqualified approval.

A GOVERNOR TURNED EDITOR.—Governor Hill of New Hampshire is about to retire from public and political life, and intends devoting himself to the publication of an agricultural paper to be called "the Visitor."

BOSTON, says the Philadelphia Ledger, is the city of notions; New-York, the city of omnibusses; Baltimore, the city of monuments; Washington, the city of magnificent distances; Philadelphia, the city of anonymous letters.

We would respectfully call the attention of the [illegible] of the 1st Ward of the 1st Municipality, to the collection of negro boys and men that assemble nearly every afternoon around the bridge at the corner of Custom-House and Rampart street, and amuse themselves by throwing stones and brickbats at each other, to the infinite danger of the passers by. A few days since a gentleman was struck violently on the eye, and severely bruised by one of these missiles.

[COMMUNICATED.]

Messrs. Editors,—The interest you have ever evinced in the cause of education, induces me to request room in your philanthropic columns for the following remarks:

I have often visited Mrs. Santangelo's academy for the instruction of a limited number of young ladies, and highly approve of the course adopted. Without any apparent restraint, the pupils maintain the best possible order, and the whole appears, whilst progressing in improvement, to be but a cheerful meeting of a well directed family. It seems to have been the particular study of Mrs. Santangelo to unite the social duties of the parent and guardian with the higher ones of the preceptor, insuring the respect and esteem of her pupils, while their youthful minds are prepared to receive the elements of instruction, their judgments formed, and a laudable ambition to excel excited. The studies are so diversified as never to fatigue or create *ennui*, but are pursued as recreations rather than as forced occupations. To obtain knowledge and the acquirements of polished life without an effort to be taught, while you are insensible of being so, is a desideratum long wished for in the education of youth. In the plan pursued by Mrs. S. the mind imperceptibly catches all these impressions which are at once the end and aid of education. The French and Spanish are every day introduced in conversation, rendering the pupils familiar with a great number of words and sentences used in common topics, and thereby giving them a proper zest for pursuing the further literary acquirement of those languages.

Mrs. Santangelo is a lady of spirit and intelligence, and presides over the instruction of young ladies with uncommon tact and ability. Nor do we meet every day with a lady who to sound literary acquirements unites so much passionate attachment to fine arts, and especially to music, calligraphy and drawing. Specimens of her skill in the two last branches I have seen, and many in this city have admired them, which suffice to evince the aptness of American genius to rival in every respect that of the old world.

These observations, suggested by the most impartial and disinterested zeal for public good, will prove, I trust, not quite indifferent to those parents to whom the proper education of their daughters is a true object of solicitude, whether manners, morals, or literary instruction be their desire.

A VISITOR.

Mr. Rhett's Resolutions.—The resolutions submitted by Mr. Rhett, in the senate of S. C., in reference to the controversy between Georgia and Maine, have received two judicious amendments in that body.

We give below the last two of the series as amended, with the amendments in *italics* and the altered or rejected parts in brackets.—*Georgian.*

Resolved, That a failure on the part of the state of Maine, to fulfil her constitutional obligations, in this particular, will be a *serious* [fatal] blow to the *Union* and [security of] our institutions [and property, and if persisted in will create great and well founded alarm in the slaveholding states.]

Resolved, That the cause of Georgia, is the cause of the whole *Union* [south] and we will make common cause with her in all proper measures for procuring a redress of these grievances, and for the maintenance of her and our common rights.

CHARLESTON, Dec. 26.

ONE DAY LATER FROM EUROPE.

We are indebted to Captain Budd of the ship Mc-Intire, arrived this forenoon from Antwerp, for a London paper of the 8th November, obtained while his ship was lying in Downs, containing Liverpool dates of the 7th of same month.

LONDON, Nov 8—Business has been brisk and the prices are advancing. Consols 93¾ money, [illegible] for Account; Exchequer bills are at a premium of [illegible]; India bonds at 64 premium; Bank stock has improved [illegible], and India stock is up to 271. The new three and half per cents are worth 102.

In the foreign market there has occurred but little alteration—Spanish bonds have advanced to 17¾, and Portuguese New Bonds to 31¾, but the three per cent remain at 21⅜. Brazil stock is worth 78 and Columbian 25½. Dutch two and a half per cents are at [illegible].

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET, November 7.—Cotton—We have had a steadier market today with a greater demand. The sales are 4000 bales, Surats 6½ a 7½d; Maranhams 9½d a [illegible]; Egyptians 11d to 13½d; Bahias 9d a 9½d; Pernams 9d a [illegible]; and Americans 5¼ a 8d.

The following from the N. Y. Sun like most of the articles that appear in that excellent journal, is pregnant with truth and sound sense.

Betting on Elections.—We notice that a bill has been introduced into the Mississippi Legislature to prevent betting on elections. We should think that the general enactments against gambling, might in any state answer the purpose, if brought to bear upon the offenders. But the truth is that no penal enactments will do half so much toward correcting such evils as public opinion; and that unsupported by public opinion, no prohibitory laws can be of any service or avail. While men who are looked up to as examples, and referred to as directors of the tone of public manners and sentiment, gamble in this way, it is useless to undertake to suppress the practice.

Of its thousand evils and ill effects, we require unfortunately no further proof than has been afforded by the rows and disorder which attend elections in some of our large cities, where people with money staked on a political game of chance, as on a faro table, leave no means, fair or unfair, untried to accomplish—not the salvation of a political principle, but the salvation of their bets. The point at issue is simply a question of dollars and cents; to which the great privileges of the franchise are made subsidiary. The ingenuity of the bitterest enemy of republican institutions could devise no more perfect and complete way than this, to throw discredit on the political principles upon which our institutions are founded, and contempt upon the memory of the patriots who sacrificed life and treasure to assert those principles.

This is a country of free discussion—and we incline to the belief that enough has been said upon the subject of election bets to make those blush who may hereafter propose them. The people should regard such gambling as a disqualification from any office of trust and profit, in whoever practices it—and the public mind once awake to the importance of the subject, we trust we shall find little need of penal enactments to discourage it. Public opinion is the most efficient tribunal before which to try questions of morals.

A CONCERT WITH A THOUSAND PERFORMERS.—The New-York Journal of Commerce, of Wednesday, Dec. 15, states that on the evening of that day, at the Tabernacle in that city, the great Union Performance of Sacred Music, with a choir composed of about a *thousand singers*, many from Philadelphia, and other places at a great distance, was to take place. The pieces selected were from the best efforts of the first writers. The orchestra included many of the most skilful instrumental performers, and the Tabernacle, the largest edifice of the kind in the country, and well constructed for the purpose, would accommodate an audience of two thousand besides the choir. All the proceeds beyond the actual expenses were to be given to the poor. "We expect to hear it spoken of as the most deeply interesting concert ever held in our country. Those who have never heard such a thing, can form no conception of the effect of a thousand male and female voices, shouting together in the harmony of sacred music. There is no other music which can furnish themes for such an occasion."

A NEW JERSEY HERO.

Capt. Nathaniel FitzRandolph, of Woodbridge, was one of the bravest and most intrepid of men. Twice he was offered a colonel's commission in the regular army; but he preferred the command of his own select volunteers to any other service, and performed the most desperate deeds of valor.

He and his men were once surrounded by a greatly superior force of British. Their uniform motto was, "Death or Victory." The contest was maintained with great slaughter of his companions, who lay in heaps dead and wounded around him. In this condition he seized a musket, and being a man of great muscular strength, defended himself and knocked down his enemies right and left with the but end of it, until the British commander became heartily sick of the contest, and begged that for God's sake he would desist and spare the sacrifice of human life, seeing that he must eventually fall into their hands dead or alive. He coolly replied that he was not yet a prisoner, and again placed himself in a posture of defence. The British officer renewed his entreaties, telling him he was the bravest man he ever saw, and that it was a pity so valuable a life should be lost in so unequal a contest; promising him the kindest treatment. At length, being covered with wounds, and faint and weak from fatigue and loss of blood, and no longer able to raise the weapon of defence, he reluctantly gave himself up, under the pledge that he should be well treated and exchanged at the first opportunity; which promise was faithfully performed, and he was soon again at liberty to take up his arms again in defence of freedom. His bravery, intrepidity, and gigantic strength, made him a terror to the British wherever his name was known, but the tories and London traders were his bitterest and most inveterate foes. A whole squad dared not encounter him in the day time, even when he was alone.

On a certain occasion, when he was on a scouting expedition on Staten Island, a party of tories secretly dogged him into a house in the evening, and after he had laid aside his arms, rushed in upon him and made him prisoner—when, to his great mortification, he remained nearly a year before he was exchanged.

At the head of his volunteers, he once encountered a company of Hessians, one of whom, being somewhat separated from the rest, took deliberate aim and wounded Captain R. in the arm. He plainly saw from whence the ball came, the companies being very near together, and, walking deliberately up to the fellow, as though he would say something to him, seized him under his arm and brought him off a prisoner, while his gaping comrades stood motionless with surprise.

Captain R. was finally killed by a musket ball in a battle near Elizabethtown, and buried at Woodbridge with the honors of war.—*Newark Eagle.*

London Police.—A brace of fools.—On Wednesday, James Steal, a tradesman, residing in Broad st., Golden square, was brought before Mr Chambers, charged with assaulting his wife. The complainant a very respectable looking female, stated, that on Sunday evening her husband told her to dress herself for the purpose of taking a walk, but when she had dressed herself he refused to go out and not liking to be made a fool of, she told him if he would not go with her she would go alone, and so she did, and after taking a very delightful walk, she returned home soon after eight o'clock, when her husband, being out of humor, vented his wrath upon her by inflicting sundry blows over her face, and not satisfied with that, took a razor out of the drawer, and holding it to her throat, swore he would do for her. In answer to the charge, the defendant stated, that when his wife came home she was in a rather more elevated condition than which she went out, and which certainly did not tend to calm his previous excitement (for he was excited by her going out without his sanction,) and then she used some flippant expressions, which induced him to correct her by sundry slaps on the ears. Mr Chambers—" But what can you say to the razor?" The defendant said nothing, but shook his head. Complainant " Say Jem, you should not tell falsehoods. I was not 'how came you so,' and you know it." Defendant—" I think you was." Mr Chambers—"I think you are two very foolish persons to come here at all. I suppose the best thing will be for you to separate." Defendant (faltering)—" Yes, your worship, I think so." Complainant—" Dont talk nonsense Jem; you know if we were parted now, you would be after me again before night." (Laughter.) The complainant's sister, who was standing by said, " talk about parting them, your worship, it's all nonsense—they are eternally parting, but still they never separated." (Loud laughter.) " If he don't go after her, she is sure to be after him, and it's generally a race which shall seek each other first." The complainant here burst into a hearty laugh, which was echoed by the defendant, and the manner very soon appeared to have attracted every person in the office, the worthy magistrates not excepted. Mr Chambers (laughing—" and pray what are you all laughing at?" Complainant " to think what a parcel of fools we all are to come here." Mr Chambers—" Well I shall decide this warrant by ordering you to go away and kiss each other home lately." The worthy magistrate's advice was instantly adopted, and the " happy couple" left the office arm in arm; and proceeded towards home, the complainant declaring that Mr Chambers had the best notions of deciding a case according to its merits of any person she ever met with, and she should certainly respect him as long as she lived.

THE END OF THE WORLD.—A self-styled prophet yclept Miller, is peregrinating Vermont, in the neighbourhood of Montpelier, preaching the doctrine that the world is to come to an end in the year 1843. He is not the first fanatic who have vaticinated on the subject; though as the age becomes more enlightened, these worthy Daniels diminish greatly in number.

Midnight Concert.—On the recent arrival of the emperor and empress of Russia at Berlin, all the bands, drummers and fifers of the nine regiments of infantry and eleven of cavalry, amounting to 1,074 men, were assembled in front of the royal palace, and disposed on three sides of an oblong square, 120 paces by 80. The longest side of the square was occupied by the infantry bands, one of the small sides by those of the cavalry, composed of wind instruments, and the remaining side by the drummers and fifers. All the general and field officers, in full uniform, took their places on the fourth side. In the centre of the square there was the leader of the band, and at a certain distance from him, opposite to the regimental bands, their separate leaders, all armed with their short wands. At a signal given by the leader, the concert commenced by the hymn, "God preserve the Emperor," and finished at nine o'clock with the Russian Retreat and an evening prayer. The execution of the concert is said to have been admirable.

Another Iron Steamer.—Iron steamers appear to be the rage on the other side of the water. We yesterday gave an account of one of extraordinary dimensions. The Glasgow Constitutionalist furnishes this notice of another:

"Within the last few days, a very large iron steam vessel made its appearance on the north bank of our river, immediately under the Broomielaw, as if by magic. On inquiry, we find it was built by those successful engineers, Messrs. Tod and M'Gregor, was taken down on carriages in three [illegible] to where she now is, to have her carpenter work completed by Messrs. Haldervin and Rankine, well known for scientific acquirements. This vessel is, we understand, 185 feet long upon deck, and her model is much admired. She is destined to ply between Glasgow and Liverpool, being the first of a line of iron steam vessels building for that trade by a company lately established. The successful operations of the large iron steamboat, the Rainbow, now plying between London and Antwerp, will, we have no doubt, secure for those vessels, when started, a favorable reception."

A THOUGHT.—Were children accustomed from infancy to hear nothing but correct conversation, there would be but little need of their learning arbitrary rules of grammar—they would naturally speak and write correctly. It is that which makes children of educated parents generally so much more easy and graceful in their conversation than the children of the uneducated. Our language, like our manners, is caught from those with whom we are associated: and if we would have the young improve in this important part of education, we must be careful that they hear no vulgarisms from us. Parents and teachers cannot be too particular in their use of language in the presence of imitative children.—*Postolozzi.*

" Nine Tailors make a Man."

This sentence which had its origin in the grateful mind of one who had received his start in life from the charity of the craft, has, now from an ignorance of the circumstance, entirely lost its meaning. The thing had its origin in the following manner:—

In 1742, an orphan beggar boy applied for alms at a fashionable tailor's shop, in London, in which nine journeymen were employed. The interesting appearance of the boy opened the hearts of the benevolent tailors, who immediately contributed nine shillings for the relief of the little stranger. With this capital, our hero purchased fruit, which he retailed at profit. From this beginning he eventually rose to great wealth and distinction; and when he set up his carriage, he had painted upon the pannel—" Nine tailors made me a man."

POLICE OF THE FIRST MUNICIPALITY,

RECORDER'S OFFICE.

Report of the 30th and 31st December, 1838.

Wilson, negro slave, accused of theft; sent to the police jail at the requisition of his master.

George Harris, negro slave, for having resisted the guard; sent to the police jail.

Rachel and Allen, negro slaves, found in an assembly of slaves; chastised according to the ordinances.

Samuel Franks, mulatto, belonging to Mr. Bosby, runaway; put in confinement.

Mondesir, negro slave, found in the street at an undue hour; put in confinement.

Joseph, mulatto slave, accused of theft; confined till the attendance of the plaintiff.

Caroline, mulattress slave, found in the street at an improper hour; sent to the police jail.

Sam, Henry, Martha, Harris, Joe, and Charles, negro slaves, found in the street at an improper hour; sent to the police jail.

Prince, negro slave, arrested for throwing bricks into the yard of Madame Lyad; sent to the police jail and chastised according to the ordinances.

John Hart, sentenced as a vagabond to three months' imprisonment, having furnished security to leave the state for ever, being found in the first municipality, was returned to prison for three months, and for having forfeited his security, was sentenced to remain one year more.

Jacob Russell, incorrigible vagabond and suspicious character; sent to prison for one year.

Thomas E Jones alias Dr. Jones, known as having been in the chain gang, an incorrigible vagabond and suspicious character; sent to prison for one year.

Henry Grotof, Charles L. Mills, and David M'Ivard, vagabonds and suspicious men; sent to prison for ten months.

Andrew Hitchberg, incorrigible vagabond and suspicious man; sent to prison for 6 months.

George Hennbert, James Smith, William Herbey and James Hicks, arrested as vagabonds; having proved the contrary, released by the recorder.

Pierre Andre Burgois, accused of assault and battery; released by the recorder at the request of the plaintiff.

Steven Turner, accused of having sold liquor to a soldier of the United States army; having proved the contrary, discharged by the recorder.

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

EXPORTS.

Boston—Per ship Senator—127 bales cotton, 165 hides, 6 bbls [illegible], 35 bbls pork, 12 do beef

Havre—Per barque Anne Louise—400 blocks wood (for staves), 14 tons logwood.

Vera Cruz—Per brig Energy—200 bales sheetings, 330 boxes wine, 30 bbls flour, 179 boxes white wine, 10 bbls oil, 4 casks cheese, 600 lbs candles, [illegible]

Havana—Per schr Leia—101 bbls flour

Balize Honduras—Per schr Diligencia—200 bbls flour, 10 [illegible]

St. Marks—Per sloop Abi—[illegible]

IMPORTS.

London—Per ship Kingston—175 bags [illegible]

[illegible]

RECEIPTS FROM THE INTERIOR.

[illegible]

CONSIGNEES.

[illegible]

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Senator, Stacy, Boston — F M Weld & co
Barque Anne Louise, Lesueur, Havre — J Lafargue
Brig Energy, Shannon, Vera Cruz — Kidder & Head
Schr Diligencia, Martorell, Balize Honduras — Fernandez & Ruiz
Schr Leia, Laborde, Havana — E Pingue
Sloop Abi, Philbrook, St Marks — S & J P Whitney

ARRIVED.

Ship Louisville, capt Allen, from New York 18 days to J R Hullen; cargo assorted mdze. (In the river.) Passengers already published.
Ship Europe, Drummond, from New York 21 days, to master. (In the river.)
Ship Elizabeth, Thayer, London Oct 29th, via Cowes Nov 12 to master.
Ship Kingston, (Br) Gill, Liverpool Nov 3—to M De Lizardi & co
Ship St Mary, Foster, N York 17 days—to H O Ames—(consignees, &c previously reported in the Bee.)
Ship Copernicus, (Brem) Raasloop, Bremen 56 days—to R Gnuning & co
Brig Coromando, Pierce, Boston 18 days—to J A Merritt
Brig Avis, Simmons, Boston 17 days—to master.
Barque Johannes, Manning, Bremen Nov 3—to F Frey & co
Brig Arkansas, Hunt, Turks Island 14 days—to Coit & co
Brig Chieftain, Crowell, Havana 5 days—to M De Lizardi & co
Brig Geo Turner, Hunt, Havana 6 days—to master
Brig Arabian, Welch, Charleston 13 days—to J A Barelli & co
Brig Patriot, Young, Port-au-Prince 18 days—to master.
Brig Louis, Hallet, St Thomas 14 days—to master—in ballast.
Brig Kenhawa, Welch, Laguna Dec 16—to J W Zacharie & co
Brig Wave, from St Thomas, in the river.
Schr Laura, Cobb, St Thomas 14 days—to master—in ballast.
Schr Diedrick, Jaques, Havana 6 days—to D Marsden.
Schr Clara, Covell, from Attakapas—to master.
Schr Belina, Minor, Apalachicola—to master—in ballast.
Steamboat Ed Shippen, Pyke, from Trinity—61 cabin passengers.
Steamboat Hail Columbia, Miller, from Vicksburg.
Steamboat Robt Morris, Massie, from Mouth of Ohio.
Steamboat David Crockett, Choate, from Alexandria.
Steamboat Romeo, Clark, from Alexandria.
Steamboat Clyde, Cable, from St Louis and Alton.
Steamboat Swan, Heirne, from Mobile.
Steamboat Wm Wallace, Hoffman, Mobile.
Tow boat Lion, Riddle, from the N E Pass—towed to sea ship Archer and barque Gelder—brought up ships Elizabeth, Kingston and schr Clara. Left 30th ult at 10 p m—nothing new at the bar—packet ship Louisville, schrs Robt Carter, Hudson and others in the river.
Tow boat Grampus, Morrison, from the N E Pass—towed to sea ship Bombay—brought up from ship Copernicus, Brem barque Johannes, Am brigs Luna, Arkansas and schr Diedrick. Left the Balize 30th ult, at 8 a m—a ship at Poverty Point—3 schrs aground at McCall's Flats; brig New England and 2 other brigs and a schr below the Turn—schr Geo De Wolf ashore in the river.
Tow boat Hudson, Paulding, from the S W Pass—towed to sea schr Fox—brought up ship St Mary, brigs Patriot, Arabian, Geo Turner and tow boat Mohican. Left the bar 30th ult, at 4 p m—ships Europe, Clarion, Andrews, and several other vessels in the offing—a number of small craft in the river.
Tow boat Porpoise, Davis, from the N E Pass—towed to sea ships Alabama and Ducalion—brought up the Boston ship Coromando, brig Avis, brigs Chieftain and Kenhawa. Left 30th ult at 4 p m—a few brig off the Pass, an Am ship and brig in the offing.
Tow boat Mohican, Heaton, S W Passes—towed to sea ships Norman and Mohawk, returned light, in consequence of breaking water wheel shaft.

MEMORANDA.

Steamer Edward Shippen, capt Trinity, 23d Dec: steamers Empress, Commodore, Tiber, Merrimack, Orinoko, Tribune, Norfolk, Susquehanna, Star, & M Phillips, Dover and Algonquin, lying at foot of Cash Island Bar, bound up the Ohio, [illegible]; C. Bears, Pawnee and Vandalia, at mouth of Ohio river, bound to St Louis, [illegible] near Albany, aground, Mississippi foot and very heavy, weather intensely cold. Steamboat David Crockett reports the water falling at Alexandria [illegible] inches in 24 hours.
Mr Thomson Marsh, 1st officer of brig Kenhawa, fell from her fore yard on the 2[illegible]th ult and was drowned—he is said to have been a native of Norfolk, Va.
Steamboat Clyde, left St Louis 20th December, weather very cold and river full of [illegible] 5 feet water in the channel.
Ship Newburyport, Mansfield, for this port, was to have sailed from Boston on the 20th ult; and ships Columbiana, Barker; Medora, Pike; and brig Vernon, on the 23d.
Capt Eldridge, of sloop New York, at Key West from New York, reports lat 31 18, lon 72 52, saw the wreck of a brig, apparently eastern built, full of water, both masts gone, bowsprit broke off by the stem, two gilt stars on her stern with a painted arch between them, empty hhds floating in her hatchway, her chains and anchors gone, companion way stove in and gone—weather so very rough that it was impossible to ascertain her name or board her.
Apalachicola, Dec 23—Arr schr Herald, Russel, fm N Orleans via St Josephs.
25th—Arr ship Floridian, Pratt, New York 21 days—spoke a wrecker, who reported a ship ashore on the Tortugas—saw a ship ashore and dismasted on Gun Key and several wreckers around her.

SPOKEN:

Nov 6, ship Sweden, Jackson, from Liverpool for New Orleans.

PASSENGERS.

Per ship Elizabeth—Mrs Hardison, messrs Barrett and Duvall.
Per ship Coromando—Miss Merriam, capt Holmes, Tibbetts and lady, [illegible], and 14 steerage.
Per barque Johannes—C G Daurich and family, R Frank, H Fled, F C Muller, J Aeke, T W Schroder, [illegible] Muller and 140 steerage.
Per brig Chieftain—A Reves, V De Villegas, J Adams, F Monte, Dousthier, Monte, E Bisbey, B De Ayma
Per brig Arabian—J Carlos and family, South
Per schr Susan—Benj Pratt and Crane
Per schr Mora—Robt Morgan, R B Farrar, W M Hennay, McGuire, Brierly, J R Nash, R A Foster, T White and Smith.
Per steamboat David Crockett—Messrs E L Nimmo, Rogers and son, J Willis, G Hubbard.
Per steamboat Romeo—Capt Lloyd and lady, messrs R B Griffin, Judge Ogden, Bellingsworth, Robinson, Thompson, Springer, Armstrong, Johnson, Knowlton.
Per steamboat Clyde—Madame Duboise, 2 Sprigg, lady and servant, capt H J Sweeney, Davis, F Sevenwick, C Guy, Newbury, E W Brooks, T Noe, C P Smith, A Alexander, W Bello [illegible].
Per steamboat Swan—J Henderson and family, mrs Breslau, mrs Gamiele, capt J L Day, B Vincent, Dunlap, [illegible], J Snow, L D Geer, McKay, C Fisher, Dennick, J E Allen, W W Palmer, T J Smithe, R G Duffy, C Kelly.
Per ship Copernicus, from Bremen—77 steerage.

☞ We are requested to remind the LOUISIANA VETERANS of 1814-15, that the lists for a dinner on the 8th January next, are ready for signatures at the bars of the City Exchange, in St. Louis street, and Merchants' Exchange in Royal st. d31

☞ SPANISH BENEFICENT SOCIETY.—The treasurer of this society acknowledges with gratitude to have received through the hands of John Culbertson, esq., attorney-at-law, the sum of twenty-five dollars, which Mr. Butler (residing at the corner of Gallatin and Garrison streets) offers as a donation for the wants of the society; said sum being the proceeds of a judgment rendered by judge G. Preval, in a suit against captain Tornston.

I certify the above, FRANCISCO VIERUS, Treasurer.
j1—1t

☞ NOTICE.—The ship OOTARARA, captain Decan, from Philadelphia, is discharging near the upper cotton press, consignees will please attend to the receipts of their goods from the Levee.
j1 JAS. D. DENEGRE, 16 Custom-House

☞ SCHMIDT & WERNER have this day taken into partnership Mr. WM. VOGEL, and will continue to do business under the firm of
SCHMIDT, WERNER & Co.
1st January, 1839. 3t 66 Bienville st

☞ DOCTOR FORTIN has removed to No. 178 Bourbon street, between Toulouse and St. Peter streets. d30-6t

☞ JOHN & D. FEHRMAN have REMOVED their office to No. 26, Bank alley. d30—1w

THE pupils of the Spring Hill College will leave New Orleans on Wednesday, 9th January, on board the Swan, and the President of the College will be here to accompany them. j1 3t

LOST, mislaid or stolen, a note of Andrew Stark dated in this city, on the 1st day of April, 1838, payable in 12 months from date, in favor of the undersigned or bearer, for *Two Thousand Dollars*.
Payment of said note has been stopped, and any person finding the same will be suitably rewarded by returning it to
THOMAS WILLIAMS, Engineer.
j1 At the Levee Steam Cotton Press.

CHRISTIAN HUPFELD, a German by birth, from Marburg, in Hesse Cassel, who was in New Orleans in October, 1834, and engaged as bar-keeper in a French hotel or coffee house, has not been heard from since that time. Any information which may lead to a knowledge of whether he is dead or alive, and if alive to be found, will be thankfully received by his anxious relatives, and may be communicated by letter, addressed to GEORGE F. THOMAE, care of Wm. W. DeForest & Co., New York. j1-3t

NOTICE.—The subscriber, a member of the concern of Dunlop, Moncure & Co., Richmond, Va., auction and commission merchants, contemplates a short residence in this city, mainly with the view of influencing consignments to his house, and is prepared to make the usual advances on all shipments addressed to them. He may be found at the counting-room of Messrs. A. L. Addison & Co., or at the Exchange Hotel, St. Charles st. Reference can be had to Messrs. N. & J. Dick & Co., or Messrs. A. L. Addison & Co.
j1-3t JAMES DUNLOP.

NOTICE.—The business heretofore conducted by Goodman & Levy in this city, will hereafter be conducted by the undersigned, under the firm of Goodman, Levy & Co.
New Orleans, January 1, 1839.
G S GOODMAN,
L A LEVY, Jr.
E L PHILIPS,
j1 5t S EYTINGE.

TO CHEMISTS & DRUGGISTS.—The undersigned beg to announce that they have been appointed sole agents for the *Liverpool Apothecaries Company*, capital £100,000. They will receive and transmit orders, and give further information with list of prices and terms &c. by application at
BARBER, BRO'S & Co,
jan 1-1m 17 Exchange Place.

FOR SALE.—A fine milch Cow, just arrived from New York, now on board ship Mississippi. Apply on board.

SHALL & BROWN,
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
No. 96, Magazine street,
New Orleans.
GEORGE SHALL, JR. JAMES G. BROWN.
REFERENCE,
Stetson & Avery, Whiting & Stark, Walton & Co., W. Bogart, Bogert & Hawthorn, J. Thayer & Co., Winston & Shall, Crockett & Shapleigh, John Fairfield & Co., Walker, Emerson & Co. — New Orleans.
Gray & Chickering — Boston.
M. R. Denman & Co., Charles P. Massey & Co., Hunter, Palmer & Co. — Philadelphia.
David T. Morgan — Buffalo, N. Y.
Whiteside, Campbell & Co. — Pittsburgh.
Edgerton & Woodbridge — Marietta, Ohio.
John Woodbridge, Esq. — Chillicothe, Ohio.
E. & A. Tracy — St. Louis, Mo.
J. & R. Yeatman & Co., James P. Clarke, Esq. — Nashville, Tenn.
New Orleans Jan 1 1839. 1y

NEW ENGLISH MUSIC—Songs with Piano accompaniment.
Fanny Grey; a ballad of real life, by the Hon. Mrs Norton.
O Araby, dear Araby, from Weber's opera of Oberon.
She wore a Wreath of Roses by J. P. Knight.
Thou art gone; air sung by Miss Shirreff, [illegible]
Music for the Piano Forte.
The Victoria Quickstep; by J. Willis
Grand Galop, from the opera of the Postillion de Lonjumeau.
The Louisiana Waltz; by H. Robbeck.
United States Cadets' March; by Lacheur.
Fort Severn Quickstep; by Karl.
Ragoni Waltz; by Joseph Kuffner.
Loretto Institute March; by Petera.
Hunten Op. 94. Air Styrien, with variations for Piano Forte. For sale at E JOHNS & Co's
j1 Stationers Hall.

Drawing of the Grand State Lottery, Class A.
39 56 36 67 18 58 34 11 54 6

TO BE DRAWN THIS DAY.
$9,000 CAPITAL PRIZE. 43
TICKETS ONLY $2.00.
GRAND STATE LOTTERY,
Class No 70.
Authorized by the Legislature of the State.
To be drawn on TUESDAY, Jan. 1, 1839, at 5 o'clock, P. M., at Bishop's Hotel, Common st.
S. DAVIS & Co. Managers.
75 Numbers—19 Drawn Ballots.
SCHEME.

1	Prize of	$9,000	$9,000
1	do	2,000	2,000
1	do	1,300	1,300
1	do	1,000	1,000
2	do	500	1,000
4	do	300	1,200
8	do	140	1,100
10	do	120	1,200
10	do	100	1,000

Tickets $2—Halves $1—Quarters 50cts.
Packages of 25 Tickets for $36, warranted to draw at least $24. Packages of 25 half tickets for $25, warranted to draw at least $12. Packages of 25 Quarter Tickets for $12 50, warranted to draw at least $6.
For packages or single Tickets, apply at the MANAGERS' OFFICE, No 16 Chartres street, and at the corner of St. Louis and Chartres street.

SPLENDID SCHEME,
25,000 DOLLARS
CAPITAL PRIZE.
TICKETS ONLY $4
GRAND STATE LOTTERY,
Class No. 71,
Authorized by the Legislature of the State.
To be drawn WEDNESDAY, January 2, 1839, at 5 o'clock, P. M. at Bishop's Hotel, Common st.
S. DAVIS & Co. Managers.
75 Numbers—13 Drawn Ballots.
RICH SCHEME.

1	prize of	$25,000	is $25,000
1	"	4,000	4,000
1	"	2,500	2,500
1	"	2,000	2,000
1	"	1,500	1,500
6	"	1,000	6,000
5	"	500	2,500
5	"	400	2,000
5	"	300	1,500
5	"	200	1,000
189	"	100	18,900
63	"	50	3,150
63	"	40	2,500
63	"	30	1,890
63	"	25	1,575
126	"	20	2,520
3,780	"	8	30,240
23,436	"	4	93,744

27,814 Prizes, amounting to $209,519
Tickets $4, Halves $2, Quarters $1.
Packages of 25 Tickets for $100, warranted to draw at least $40, and may draw the *Four Highest Capitals*, amounting to 33,000!!! Packages of 25 Half Tickets $50, warranted to draw at least $20. Packages of 25 Quarter Tickets $25, warranted to draw at least $12. For Packages or single Tickets, apply at the *Manager's office*, 16 Chartres street, and at the corner of St. Louis and Chartres streets.

ON WEDNESDAY NEXT.
LOUISIANA CONSOLIDATED LOTTERY,
[being the Free School and Public Road Lotteries united.]
CAPITAL PRIZES.
25,000 DOLLARS.
6,000 do.
5,000 do.
4,000 do.
3,000 do.
2,000 do. and
25 of 1,000 do.
CLASS A,
Will be drawn on Wednesday, January 2d, 1839, at 5 o'clock p. m. in Banks' Arcade, corner Magazine and Gravier streets.
J. K. MEAD, Manager.
90 numbers—15 drawn ballots.
BRILLIANT SCHEME.

1	prize of	$25,000	$25,000
1	"	6,000	6,000
1	"	5,000	5,000
1	"	4,000	4,000
1	"	3,000	3,000
1	"	2,000	2,000
1	"	1,600	1,600
1	"	1,400	1,400
1	"	1,300	1,300
1	"	1,200	1,200
25	"	1,000	25,000
20	"	500	10,000
20	"	400	8,000
20	"	300	6,000
20	"	250	5,000
340	"	125	42,500

and others amounting in all to 446,900 Dollars.
Tickets $5, Halves $2,50, Quarters $1,25.
Packages of 30 tickets $150, warranted to draw $75, and may draw the *Five Highest Capitals*.
Certificates of packages $66. Shares in proportion.
Tickets for sale at the
Manager's Office,
In Banks' Arcade, adjoining the office of the Commercial Bulletin, fronting on Magazine street, No 43, and in the Arcade, No 3. d31

TAKEN up yesterday morning by the subscriber, a bay HORSE, with the left fore foot white, and a white spot in the forehead; he had on a Spanish saddle. The owner can have him by paying the expenses, on application to JOHN WILLIAMS,
j1-1t cor of Good-Children and Frenchmen sts

AMUSEMENTS.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.
NEW YEARS DAY.
Tuesday, January 1st, 1839, will be performed,
RORY O'MORE.
Rory O'More, ... Mr. J. R. Scott
The rest of the principal characters by Messrs. [illegible], Cowell, [illegible], Duber, [illegible] Cowell, Burke, Mesdames Duber, Harrison, Plumer, Smith.
To conclude with
THE FLYING DUTCHMAN.
To-morrow, first time of the
MAID OF MARIENDORPT.
On Thursday,
Miss CLIFTON'S BENEFIT
AND LAST APPEARANCE.

CARD.—MISS CLIFTON respectfully announces to her friends and the inhabitants of the city generally, that her *benefit and last appearance* (for several years as she purposes a professional visit to Europe the coming season,) will take place on THURSDAY EVENING, January the 3d, 1839, when she will have the honor of appearing before them for the fourth time in the character of ANNE BOLEYN, in the new historical Tragedy of the title of *Anna Boleyn*. In which Mr. J. R. Scott will appear as Percy, as before.
Mr. Finn and Mr. Browne have kindly tendered their valuable aid, and will appear in conjunction with Miss Clifton in a favorite Farce. Box Book now open.
d31 4t

ST. LOUIS EXCHANGE BALL ROOM.
MR. E. BERTUS has the honor to inform the heads of families and the public generally, that he will give
On Monday next, January 7th, 1839,
at the St. Louis Exchange Ball Room,
A GRAND DRESS BALL,
To be preceded by
A CHILDREN'S BALL
which will end at 9 o'clock with a *COLLATION,* served under the Rotunda, and the *KING'S CAKE* shared among the children.
Admittance: grown persons, ...$1 00
children, ... 50
Mr. E. Bertus will neglect nothing to render this little festival agreeable to the persons who will honor it with their presence. j1 5t

ORLEANS BALL ROOM.
GRAND MILITARY BALL for CHILDREN.
The subscriber informs the public, that
ON FRIDAY, JANUARY 11th, 1839,
there will be a
A GRAND DRESS BALL,
which will commence by a
MILITARY BALL FOR CHILDREN.
The pupils of the College of Versailles, under the care of Mr. [illegible], will attend the ball in full uniform.
Several families having expressed a desire to attend a ceremony of the kind, I have made arrangements to that effect, and have reason to hope that the occasion will be one of the most brilliant and interesting of the kind ever witnessed in this city. Particulars will be given hereafter. J. ATOCHA.
d31-3t

PANORAMA OF PARIS, and its environs, executed by Messrs PHILASTRE & CAMBON, Scene painters to the grand opera, and for the royal amusements.
As this Panorama can only be reviewed to advantage in the day time, it will be exhibited from 8 o'clock in the morning, till 4 1-2 o'clock in the afternoon commencing with the 23d of the present month of December.
The exhibition is located in Royal street, on St Anthony square, in the rear of the Cathedral church.
Entrance one dollar—children under 10 years of age, half price.
As this vast work of art cannot be properly examined in one visit, and in order to comply with the wishes of a large number of respectable individuals, subscriptions will be received at $5 each for the whole season.
"A novel and remarkable painting has been executed by Messrs Philastre & Cambon, scene painters to the opera—nothing less than the PANORAMA OF PARIS, as viewed from the flag on the top of the clock which is the highest point of the palace of the Thuilleries. This great work of art is destined for New Orleans, whither it will be transported by Mr Bilfeldt jun, an artist advantageously known in the capital of Louisiana. Messrs Philastre & Cambon have found all the facilities necessary for the execution of their important labors, in the kindness of General Athalin and Colonel Castres.—*Journal des Debats of the 28th Sept.* 1838. dec 21—5m

NEW YEARS GIFTS of all kinds, fancy baskets, gloves, work boxes, jewellery &c. &c. for sale by H GAILLARDET,
j1 78 Royal st

JUST RECEIVED—
The Drawing Room Scrap Book;
The Oriental Annual;
Italy, France, &c.
Scenic Annual;
Jennings Landscape;
The Violet;
The Gift. — Gilt and embossed.
SUITABLE FOR CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEARS GIFTS—Also the following novels:
The Romance of Vienna;
Duty and Inclination;
The British Senate;
The Wife Hunter;
The Maldy;
Richard Hardy;
The Woman of the World;
Oddities of London Life;
The Squire;
The Two Flirts;
For sale by BRUSLE & LESSEPS,
d24 Corner Chartres and Conti sts

RECEIVED per ship Havre, now landing, from Havre, several articles for New Years Gifts, such as:
Ladies small reading desks,
Ladies' Portable Libraries,
Ladies' Writing Desks,
Miniature pocket mirrors,
Travelling boxes, assorted;
Ink stands, and other articles.
Also for Confectioners—Sugar plums, in demijohns
Fine cakes in large glass jars;
Colored liqueurs (Curacao) and Badin's cordials;
Also—A fine Piano Forte of a superior kind, warranted to keep tune, and for two years, for sale by
LOREILHE & VALLETON,
d31 38 Royal street, up stairs.

1839.—NEW YEAR'S—SPLENDID GIFTS! At the New-Orleans Stationers' Warehouse, 14 Camp street; comprising all that is new, elegant and appropriate—the present such as all the London and American Annuals for 1839; which are warranted perfect.
The Book of Royalty; characteristics of British Palaces, edited by Mrs. S. C. Hall, splendid colored plates.
Finden's Tableaux of the Affections; a series of picturesque illustrations of the womanly virtues, edited by Mary Russell Mitford.
Pearls of the East; Beauties of Lalla Rookh.
Buds and Blossoms.
The Ages of Female Beauty; edited by Frederick Montague.
Beauty's Costume; a series of female figures in the dresses of all times and nations.
The Oriental Annual, or scenes in India.
Fisher's Landscape Souvenir, or scenes in Italy, France and Switzerland—42 engravings
Fisher's Drawing Room Scrap Book; edited by miss Landon.
Landscape Historical Illustrations of Scotland and the Waverly novels
Juvenile Scrap Book; by Agnes Strickland and Bernard Barton.
The Forget Me Not; by F. Shobert.
Friendship's Offering. Gift.
Jewel. Token.
Christian Keepsake. Violet.
Forget Me Not. Keepsake, London.
Heath's Picturesque Annual, London.
Byron Gallery—splendidly colored.
Caricature Annual.
Portrait Annual.
New and elegant patterns of inkstands for perfumes; ladies' and gentlemen's gold and silver card and work cases; knives, seals, &c. &c.
BOOKS FOR CHILDREN,
adapted for gifts, in great variety.
Citizens and Strangers are respectfully invited to call and make their selection.
d31 NORMAN, STEEL & Co, 14 Camp st.

CHRISTMAS and NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS for 1839.
Finden's Tableaux of the Affections, 20 plates;
Do Beauties de Byron, morocco extra;
Do Illustrations of Byron, 3 vols 8vo;
Do Gallery of the Graces;
Do Illustrations of Byron, 126 plates, 1 vol;
Do do of the Bible, 2 vols;
Do Oriental Annual;
Heath's Beauty's Costume;
Do Shakspeare Gallery;
Do Keepsake;
Fisher's Drawing room Scrap book;
Illustrations of Scotland and the Waverly novels;
Buds and Blossoms;
The Ages of Female Beauty;
The Book of Royalty, 12 plates richly colored;
Spanish and Moorish scenery, 4 vols;
Fisher's Juvenile Scrap book;
The Imperial;
Stanfield's Coast Scenery;
Jennings' Landscape Annual;
Caunter's and Daniel's Oriental Annual;
Ackerman's Forget Me Not;
The Friendship's Offering;
The Christian Keepsake;
The Gift, The Token, The Violet;
The Portrait Gallery of Scotland;
The Romance of Nature;
The Moral of Flowers, The Spirit of the Woods, &c. &c. for sale by WM McKEAN,
d24 corner Camp and Common sts

SPLENDID CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S GIFTS.—Just received and for sale by the subscribers, a splendid assortment of beautiful London and American Annuals, consisting as follows:
LONDON ANNUALS.
The Book of Royalty
Finden's Tableaux
Buds and Blossoms
Fisher's Drawing Room Scrap Book
Heath's Picturesque Annual
The Portrait Annual of the 19th Century
Beauty's Costume
The Gallery of the Graces
The Keepsake
The Oriental Annual
Jennings' Landscape Annual
Illustrations of Scotland and the Waverly Novels.
The Pompeians; a magnificent illustration of the excavations of Pompeii and Herculaneum
The Imperial; Christmas Tables
Friendship's Offering; The Caricature Annual
Forget-Me-Not; The Comic Annual
Napoleon's Gallery
The Young Gentlemen's and Young Ladies' Annual
Fisher's Juvenile Scrap Book
AMERICAN ANNUALS.
The Token, the Gift, the Violet, the Ladies' Housewife's Annual
The Pilgrim's Progress, The Christian Keepsake
Splendidly bound editions, suitable for Christmas and New Year's Gifts, of English, French, and German standard authors
Magnificently bound Bibles, Protestant and Catholic Prayer Books, in English and French, most approved editions
A superior assortment of most splendid English blank Albums and Scrap Books of various sizes.
Musical Albums. By Louise Puget and other various authors E JOHNS & Co,
d24-2w corner of St Charles and Common sts

FANCY GOODS—The subscribers have lately received a large assortment of fancy tortoise shell baskets, work, toilet and music boxes; porcelain and cut glass, cornucopias; and a variety of other goods suitable for New Year's gifts.
d29—1w HYDE & GOODRICH.

CHRISTMAS and NEW YEARS PRESENTS.
The subscribers have a large supply of articles suitable for presents, such as fine gold pencil cases, finger rings, pins and broaches, ladies' dressing cases, fancy boxes, dolls and toys of various descriptions, for sale by the package, dozen or retail.
POLLARD & GREEN,
dec 28 20 Chartres street.

JUST received per ship Caledonia, from Bremen a large supply of fancy toys for New Years and Holiday Presents.
Also—Per last arrival from Philadelphia, a large assortment of new novels.
Almanacks in French, English and German languages.
Almanacks for the year 1839.
Blank-books of all description and a [illegible]
Ladies and Gentlemen are respectfully invited to examine as all the above [illegible] splendid and most [illegible] E HANEEL.
d31 Champs Elysées [illegible], No 28

JOB OFFICE OF THE BEE.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THE BEE, Having received from the North, a very handsome assortment of Fashionable Types is prepared to execute all kinds of
JOB PRINTING,
Such as
BOOKS and PAMPHLETS,
CIRCULAR LETTERS, CARDS,
BILLS OF LADING, BILL FORMS,
[illegible] NOTICES, HANDBILLS, &c &c.
AT PRICES THAT will be moderate. d19

SALT—3000 sacks coarse and fine Liverpool salt, landing in good order and for sale in lots to suit purchasers. Apply to ALEXR PARK,
j1 35 Common st

WHITE LEAD—300 kegs in store, and for sale by jan 1 J B BAILEY, 14 Bienville st

CHERRY BRANDY—100 boxes Cherry Bounce in store, and for sale by
jan 1 J B BAILEY, 14 Bienville st

SPERM CANDLES—300 boxes sperm Candles, New Bedford and Bristol brands in store, and for sale by jan 1 J B BAILEY,

RAISINS—300 boxes M R Raisins in store, and for sale by J B BAILEY,
jan 1 14 Bienville street

GREEN PAINT—50 kegs Green Paint in store, and for sale by J B BAILEY,
jan 1 14 Bienville st

GOSHEN BUTTER—50 kegs Goshen Butter in store, and for sale by J B BAILEY,
jan 1 14 Bienville st

CHEESE—15 boxes prime Apple Cheese in store, and for sale by J B BAILEY,
jan 1 14 Bienville st

SPERM OIL.—10 casks and 10 barrels winter strained sperm oil in store and for sale by
j1 J B BAILEY, 14 Bienville st

LOAF SUGAR—100 bbls different qualities in store, and for sale by
SHALL & BROWN,
j1 Agts Lafayette Sugar Refinery, 96 Magazine st

MOLASSES—40 barrels [illegible] house for sale by SHALL & BROWN,
j1 Agts Lafayette Sugar Refinery, 96 Magazine st

SPERM OIL & CANDLES—2,000 gals fall strained oil, 75 boxes New Bedford Candles for sale by
jan 1 SHALL & BROWN, 96 Magazine st

SICILY MADEIRA WINE—10 pipes in store, and for sale by SHALL & BROWN,
jan 1 96 Magazine st

SOAP—300 boxes [illegible], No 1 Extra, in store, and for sale by SHALL & BROWN,
jan 1 96 Magazine st

TANNERS OIL—100 bbls Brown in store, for sale by SHALL & BROWN,
jan 1 96 Magazine st

TEAS—Imperial, Young Hyson, Souchong and Orange Pekoe in store and for sale by
jan 1 SHALL & BROWN, 96 Magazine st

CLOTHING—A variety of cheap Clothing, for sale by SHALL & BROWN,
jan 1 96 Magazine st

WRAPPING PAPER—800 reams assorted sizes in store and for sale by
jan 1 SHALL & BROWN, 96 Magazine st

FLOUR—800 barrels superfine flour afloat, for sale by J LANDIS & Co,
j1 14 Poydras st

WHISKEY—40 barrels rectified whiskey, in store, for sale by J LANDIS & Co,
j1 14 Poydras st

FINE FLOUR—300 barrels fine flour, just inspected, for sale by J LANDIS & Co,
j1 14 Poydras st

BAROUCHES—10 light barouches for either one or two horses, of various sizes and finish, for sale cheap by H BEACH & Co,
j1 46 & 48 Royal st

CANDLES—50 boxes New Bedford sperm candles, and 100 boxes patent mould candles, now landing and for sale by
WM C TOMPKINS & Co,
j1 31 Common st

SALT—3000 bushels Turks Island salt, cargo of brig Marengo, for sale in lots to suit purchasers by
j1 GEO BEDFORD, 22 Bienville st

LIME—800 casks Thomaston lime, remaining on board brig Laguira, for sale by
j1 GEO BEDFORD, 22 Bienville st

CHERRY BRANDY—15 hhds cherry brandy, now landing and for sale by
WM C TOMPKINS & Co,
j1 31 Common st

SALT—3000 bushels Turks Island salt, remainder of cargo of brig Angola, for sale in lots to suit purchasers by GEO BEDFORD,
j1 22 Bienville st

NAILS—Cut nails, assorted sizes, in store and for sale by VAN WYCK & Co,
j1 35 Camp st

EXCHANGE on New York, for sale by
j1 VAN WYCK & Co, 35 Camp st

BANK CHECKS on Philadelphia, in sums of $500 and $1000, for sale by
j1 E BREWSTER & Co, 30 Canal st

CANDLES—300 boxes New Bedford sperm candles in store and for sale by
j1 ROBERT H WHITE, 20 Poydras st

WINE—150 baskets Champagne wine for sale by
j1 ROBERT H WHITE, 20 Poydras st

EXCHANGE—Bank check for $1575,52, on Philadelphia, for sale by N F COMLY & Co,
j1-3t 97 Camp st

SATINETS—Two cases of satinets and one case of Pongee handkerchiefs, for sale by
j1 KIDDER & HEAD, 24 Poydras st

TEXAS TREASURY NOTES bought and sold by ROBINSON & Co,
j1 45 Camp st

WESTERN FUNDS for sale by
j1-3t ROBINSON & Co, 45 Camp st

VIRGINIA MONEY—$3,000 for sale by
j1-3t ROBINSON & Co, 45 Camp st

MISSISSIPPI, ALABAMA, TENNESSEE, and all kinds of uncurrent money, bought and sold by ROBINSON & Co,
j1-3t 45 Camp st

SOAP & TEA—150 boxes No. 1 soap, and 50 boxes Imperial and gunpowder Tea, in store, and for sale by HANNAY & ROBERTSON,
j1 26 Gravier st

BRANDY—30 bbls brandy, assorted qualities, in store and for sale by
j1 HANNAY & ROBERTSON, 26 Gravier st

RICE—40 casks new crop Carolina rice, for sale by HANNAY & ROBERTSON,
j1 26 Gravier st

PORTER & ALE—London brown stout and ale, 200 casks in pints and quarts, for sale by
j1 HANNAY & ROBERTSON, 26 Gravier st

MULES—9 very superior Kentucky mules, for sale by HANNAY & ROBERTSON,
j1 26 Gravier st

POTATOES—400 bbls in store for sale by
j1 HUNT & HOWARD, 83 New Levee

CHAMPAGNE CIDER—50 boxes for sale at 83 New Levee, by
j1 HUNT & HOWARD

TEAS—Imperial, young and old Hyson, Pouchong and Souchong, for sale by
j1 HUNT & HOWARD, 83 New Levee

BACON—Superior hams, sides and shoulders, just received and for sale by
j1 HUNT & HOWARD.

MACKEREL—100 bbls Nos 1, 2 and 3, in whole half and quarter bbls for sale by
j1 HUNT & HOWARD, 83 New Levee

RICE—170 casks superior Carolina rice, landing from brig Esther, from Charleston, for sale by
j1 JOHN A MERRITT, 53 Camp st

LOGWOOD—50 tons logwood, just received from Laguira de Terminos, and for sale by
j1 J W ZACHARIE & Co, 68 Customhouse st

MEACHAM'S SOAP—50 boxes in store and for sale at 83 New Levee, by
j1 HUNT & HOWARD

GOSHEN BUTTER—50 kegs fresh, just received and for sale at 83 New Levee, by
j1 HUNT & HOWARD

ONIONS—150 bbls onions, for sale by
j1 HUNT & HOWARD, 83 New Levee

BEETS—60 bbls beets, in superior order, for sale by HUNT & HOWARD,
j1 83 New Levee

CEMENT—150 bbls hydraulic cement, landing and for sale by
j1 GEORGE BEDFORD, 22 Bienville st

LIME—1000 casks Thomaston stone lime, cargo of brig Mentor, for sale by
j1 GEORGE BEDFORD, 22 Bienville st

TEA—Imperial and gunpowder tea, in store and for sale by VAN WYCK & Co.
j1 35 Camp st

CLOTHING—Ready made clothing, consisting of superfine dress frocks and overcoats, for sale low to close a consignment.
j1 VAN WYCK, & Co, 35 Camp st

RAISINS—200 boxes raisins, for sale by
j1 VAN WYCK & Co. 35 Camp st

CIGARS—100,000 American, 50 do Spanish cigars, for sale by VAN WYCK & Co.
j1 35 Camp st

SUGAR & MOLASSES—21 bbls clarified sugar, 49 do molasses, landing from schr Pennsylvania, and for sale by RO H WHITE,
j1 40 Poydras st

PLANTERS' GIGS—Just received, 6 very light gigs, for sale cheap by H BEACH & Co,
j1 46 & 48 Royal st

GIN—10 pipes crown Holland gin, just received and for sale by
HUNT & HOWARD, 83 New Levee

OIL & CANDLES—10 casks U. S. bleached sperm oil, and 80 boxes sperm candles, for sale by
E & J ANDREWS, 32 Gravier st

VARNISH—Japan and copal varnish, for sale low by E & J ANDREWS, 32 Gravier st j1

SHEETINGS & SHIRTINGS—80 bales sheetings and shirtings, for sale by
j1 E & J ANDREWS, 32 Gravier st

BRANDY—9 half pipes French brandy, for sale by
j1 VAN WYCK & Co. 35 Camp st

EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK, for sale by
j1 VAN WYCK & Co. 35 Camp st

COGNAC BRANDY—6 pipes and half pipes Cognac brandy, for sale by
j1 HUNT & HOWARD, 83 New Levee

LOOKING GLASSES—paper framed for sale by
HAGEDORN & CRAMER,
d31 50 Bienville st

CHERRY BOUNCE—Genuine Elsinore Cherry Brandy in Pint bottles for sale by
d31 S HEATH & Co, 95 Camp st

LEMONS—120 boxes fresh Lemons for sale by
d31 GEO E COOLIDGE, 56 Gravier st

EAST INDIA MADEIRA—Of superior quality, in cases of 1 and 2 dozen, for sale by
d31 P H GALLWEY, 6 Conti st

WOOLLEN SOCKS—10 cases country net woollen socks for sale by FROST & Co,
d31 8 Customhouse st

ROPE—500 coils Missouri hemp rope, in store, and for sale by
d31 BOGERT & HAWTHORN, 63 Gravier st

JAVA COFFEE—300 bags prime old government coffee, for sale by
d31 BOGERT & HAWTHORN, 63 Gravier st

RIO COFFEE—3000 bags prime green new crop Rio coffee, the balance of the cargo of the ship Azelia, a very prime article, and equal to Porto Rico, in store, and for sale by
d31 BOGERT & HAWTHORN, 63 Gravier st

SUSPENDERS—A large assortment of silk and cotton suspenders, just received and for sale wholesale and retail by
POLLARD & GREEN, 20 Chartres st

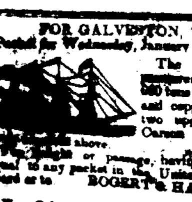
FRICTION MATCHES—50 gross of Sprague and Farnsden improved friction matches, just received and for sale by
d31 POLLARD & GREEN, 20 Chartres st

LARD—300 kegs landing from steamer Oswego, for sale by
d31 G DORSEY, 44 New Levee

IRON SAFE—A new and improved Scott's Iron Safe, of a convenient size, for sale. Enquire at the New Orleans Stationers' warehouse, No. 14 Camp st. d31

RECTIFIED WHISKEY—[illegible] bbls landing, for sale by GARDNER, DARAN & CO.
d31 A 11 and 13 St. Louis st

FOR GALVESTON, TEXAS.
Packet for Wednesday, January 9th, at 10 A. M.



The splendid fast low pressure steam ship CUBA, 680 tons burthen, coppered and copper fastened, with two upper cabins, J. B. Carson master, will positively leave as above.
For freight or passage, having accommodations equal to any packet in the United States apply on board or to BOGERT & HAWTHORN,
63 Gravier st.
New Orleans bank notes only received in payment for freight or passage, and no freight received on the day of sailing. d29

FOR MANCHESTER, YAZOO RIVER, and all intermediate landings.—The fine fast running steamboat DETROIT, McCormack master, will leave for the above places on Wednesday evening next, at 5 o'clock. For freight or passage apply to FORSYTH & LIMERICK,
135 Magazine st
The Detroit has just returned from Manchester, with 618 bales cotton, and shippers of goods will find that they may rely on her getting up the Yazoo.
F & L.

FOR MEMPHIS, RANDOLPH, and all intermediate landings.—The superior steamer HANNIBAL, captain Wm Joyce, is ready to receive freight for the above and all intermediate landings, and will leave on Thursday next, the 3d instant, at four o'clock p.m. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply on board, or to
PRESCOTT, JONES & Co,
j1—3t 65 Gravier st

REGULAR PACKET—For *Manchester, (Yazoo) Vicksburg, Grand Gulf, Rodney, Natchez, Port Adams,* and all intermediate landings. The new and strong built steamboat LITTLE RED, Capt. Kennedy, is now ready to receive freight for the above places at the foot of Girod st, paying charges on the same, and will leave on Thursday the 3d inst, at 4 o'clock p.m. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, her whole cabin being in state rooms, apply on board, or to PRESCOTT, JONES & Co,
j1 65 Gravier st.

FOR VICKSBURG, NATCHEZ, RODNEY & GRAND GULF—The steamboat CLAIBORNE, capt. Barrett, is ready to receive freight for the above ports. For which, or passage, apply on board opposite Poydras street, or to
d31 SMITH & VOORHEES, 35 Camp st

FOR LOUISVILLE and all intermediate landings.—The fine fast running upper cabin steamboat GEORGE COLLIER, Taylor master, having a large portion of her cargo engaged and going on board, will receive immediate despatch. For freight of the remainder, or passage, apply on board, opposite Customhouse street, or to BOGERT & HAWTHORN,
d30 63 Gravier st

FOR ARKANSAS RIVER and all intermediate landings—*A regular Trader.*—The fast running upper cabin Steamer BURLINGTON, Mitchell, master, having a large portion of her cargo engaged and going on board, will have immediate despatch. For freight of the remainder or passage, apply on board opposite the blue stores, or to
d27 BOGERT & HAWTHORN, 63 Gravier st
N. B. The owners of the steamboat Burlington have a stern wheel boat drawing but a few inches water to run in connexion with the Burlington above Little Rock. Shippers may rely upon goods arriving at any point on the river without delay. d27

FOR ST LOUIS, ALTON and all intermediate landings.—The splendid upper cabin and well known steamboat RIENZI, Baird master, having the most of her cargo engaged and going on board will have immediate despatch for the above ports. For freight or passage, having splendid accommodations, apply on board opposite Poydras st, or to
BOGERT & HAWTHORN,
d26 63 Common st

FOR LIVERPOOL—The A 1 ship MOZART, Welch master, having the greater part of her cargo engaged, will have immediate despatch. For freight of about 300 bales cotton, apply on board at Orleans Cotton Press, or to
jan 1 LAURENT MILLAUDON, 149 Bourbon st

FOR SAVANNAH—The A 1 fast sailing schooner GENERAL WARREN, captain Colley, having the greater part of her cargo engaged, will have good despatch. For freight of 300 bbls. or passage apply to GEO BEDFORD,
jan 1 22 Bienville st

NEW ORLEANS and BALTIMORE Line of Packets, on the 12th inst—The A 1 clipper built barque SOLOMON SALTUS captain Nickerson, having the greater part of her cargo engaged, will leave positively as above on her regular day of sailing. For balance of freight or passage, having elegant furnished state rooms, apply to
j1 GEO BEDFORD, 22 Bienville st

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER—The fast sailing schooner POTOMAC, Dyer master, burthen 600 bbls. Apply to
j1 E & J ANDREWS, 32 Gravier st

FOR ST. JOSEPH'S—The fine fast sailing schooner ANDREW JACKSON, captain Mildrum, having a part of her cargo engaged, will meet with despatch. For freight or passage, apply to ASHBRIDGE & JENKINS,
j1 65, Common st

FOR ST. JAGO DE CUBA—The A1 clipper schooner HENRY, captain Long, will leave for the above port positively on Thursday evening, 3rd instant. For freight, or passage, having two cabins with state rooms handsomely furnished, apply to
GEORGE BEDFORD, 22 Bienville st

NEW ORLEANS and BALTIMORE Line of Packets—The A 1 packet brig ARCHITECT, captain Gray, will leave on her regular day, and can handsomely accommodate several more passengers. Apply to
j1 GEO BEDFORD, 22 Bienville st

For SAVANNAH—The fast sailing brig GRANDEE, captain Gilchrist, having the greater part of her cargo engaged, can take a few passengers, having good accommodations. Apply to
GEO BEDFORD, 22 Bienville st

FOR NEW YORK—Holmes' Line of Packets—Regular Packet, to sail 5th inst.—The ship PANTHEA, Geo. W. Ashby master, having the greater part of her cargo engaged and going on board, will positively sail as above. For balance of freight or passage apply to the captain on board, or to HENRY O AMES,
j1 60 Camp st

For PORTSMOUTH—The A 1 barque VALHALLAH. For passage, having good accommodations, please apply on board opposite Main street, or to JNO A MERRITT,
j1 53 Camp st

FOR BALTIMORE—*New Line*—The A 1 and fast sailing packet barque LAFAYETTE, capt Landis, will receive despatch, having part of her cargo engaged. For balance of freight or passage, apply to L H GALE,
d31 53 Common st

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER—A first class schooner of 900 bbls burthen, hourly expected to arrive. Apply to
d31 GEO E COOLIDGE, 56 Gravier st

FOR NEW YORK, on 3d Jany.—The fast sailing brig PREMIUM, captain Lamb, will sail on the above day. For freight of about 50 bales cotton under deck, 100 bbls molasses on deck, apply to
d31 J B BAILEY, 14 Bienville st

FOR TAMPICO or VERA CRUZ—The fine fast sailing schr G H WETTER, Capt Devaille, will have quick despatch for the above port. For freight or passage apply to captain on board opposite Jackson st, or to
d31 CUCULLU, LAPEYRE & Co

FOR CHARLESTON, S.C.—Regular packet line.—The A 1 packet brig ESTHER, Newcomb, master, will have quick despatch for the above port. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply on board, opposite Bienville street, or to
d29

FOR CHARLESTON.—The fine and fast-sailing schooner MARY CARVER, Baker, master, having half of her cargo engaged, will be immediately despatched for the above port. Apply on board, opposite the upper market; or to
WOOD & SIMMONS, 80 Magazine st

FOR LIVERPOOL—The fine A 1 barque BYRON, captain Pearson, will have immediate despatch. For freight of 300 bales cotton or passage, having good accommodations, apply to L H GALE,
d29 53 Common st.

FOR MOBILE—The fast sailing schr SUN, Captain Burrows, having a full cargo engaged, will have quick despatch. For passage only, apply to ASHBRIDGE & JENKINS,
d29 65 Common st

FOR APALACHICOLA—Regular packet—first vessel—to clear positively on Wednesday 2d January—The fine fast sailing copper fastened schooner ATLANTIC, Wheeler master, having the greater part of her cargo engaged, will sail as above. For freight or passage having good accommodations, apply on board or to
ASHBRIDGE & JENKINS,
d 29 65, Common st.

FOR APALACHICOLA—The first class schooner ELLEN, Captain Syler, is loading for the above port. For freight or passage apply on board or to
d28 KIDDER & HEAD, 24 Poydras st

VESSEL WANTED—A vessel is wanted to load 160 hhds sugar for a northern port. Apply to HENRY TETE,
d29 13 Conti st

TO RENT—Store to let or goods received on storage. Apply to ROBT SANDEMAN,
d31 17 Old Levee st, corner of Customhouse st

PANORAMA OF PARIS—The subscribers respectfully inform the public that persons of color will not be admitted on Thursdays, as announced.
Due notice will be given when they will be admitted. d29 BILFELDT & LANSOT.

TO DEALERS IN READY MADE CLOTHING.
THE subscribers are receiving from their establishment in New York a large and general assortment of splendid clothing, consisting of Black, Brown, Green, Olive, Blue, Drab, and Claret Dress and Frock Coats, some with corded edges, velvet collars, satin facings, and made in the last and most fashionable style. Cloth, Cassimere, Buckskin do, and Sattinet pantaloons, vests of black and figured Satin, Silk, and Velvet, a few very splendid, suitable for Ball dress; Gents Hair Camblet Wrappers, faced with velvet; a few Blue Cloth Spanish Cloaks, a splendid article; Ladies splendid Cloth Cloaks. Also an assortment of fine white Shirts; Satin and mole stocks of various styles; Gloves, Hosiery, &c. Also an invoice of leather travelling trunks and valices, all of which they offer at a discount from New York prices, for cash or city acceptances. Merchants are respectfully invited to call and examine the goods.
JAMES & TAYLOR,
d29 13 Old Levee, up stair

NOTICE—The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of New Orleans and the public in general, that the Rev. P. J. VERHAEGEN, superior of the St. Louis University, Missouri, has arrived in this city, and may be found at the residence of the Right Rev. Bishop Blanc, by such persons as desire to converse with him on subjects relative to the above literary institution. The reverend gentleman intends to stay in Louisiana till the end of next February.
P H KERNION, Agent
d30 of the St Louis University

SPERM OIL—10 casks winter Sperm oil, for sale by LAMBERT & BERCIER,
d31 9 Front Levee

SPERM CANDLES—250 boxes 4, 5 and 6's, for sale by LAMBERT BERCIER, & Co,
9 Front Levee

MEDOC WINE—700 cases for sale by
LAMBERT, BERCIER & Co,
9 Front Levee

CORDIAL—20 boxes Irish Usquebaugh cordial, for sale by GE COOLIDGE, 56 Gravier st

CIDER—30 boxes prime Champagne cider, for sale by E & J ANDREWS,
d31 32 Gravier st

GUNNY BAGS—30 bundles gunny bags, for sale by E & J ANDREWS,
d31 32 Gravier st

SCOTCH WHISKEY—4 puncheons very superior quality, for sale by BOGERT & HAWTHORN, 63 Gravier st
d27

SALES AT AUCTION.

BY HEWITT & CENAS.
Sale of [illegible].
WILL be sold on Wednesday 9th January, at half past 10 o'clock, at the 14 Poydras st [illegible] 480 bbls [illegible] sold under the inspection of the port wardens for account of whom it may concern.
Terms cash.

BY P. A. [illegible]

WILL be sold on Friday, the 4th instant, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the residence of the [illegible]
Upwards of fifty COWS with their calves. They are fine and fat, most of them give milk.
Terms at sale.

BY GUINAULT & DELABOSSE.
Sale of Plantation to effect a partition.
WILL be sold on Tuesday, 15th January, 1839, at 12 o'clock noon, at the City Exchange, the
PLANTATION situated in the parish of [illegible] league below [illegible], right bank of Mississippi, measuring 80 arpents front on the river, by 40 arpents in depth. There are 120 to 140 arpents of cleared land inclosed, having been cultivated this year. The timber is abundant on the land and [illegible] article to manufacture.
[illegible] buildings and improvements, consisting of a house of several apartments, and a store and negro houses.
Terms—One-fourth cash, and the balance at 1, 2 and 3 years credit, in notes [illegible] to the satisfaction [illegible], and bearing mortgage until final payment. d31 3t

JEFFERSON ACADEMY will re-open on Wednesday the 2d of January, 1839, Exchange alley, between Conti and Bienville. d31

ENGLISH GUN.—A long double barrell duck gun, of the best manufacture of William & Powell, Liverpool, with cleaning apparatus, &c. complete, imported by the owner for his own use, for sale at 95 Camp street.

FOR SALE—The COFFEE HOUSE at the corner of Tremé and Canal streets, where is kept the Nashville and [illegible] office. The house is on a lease of three years which begins on the 1st January, 1839. The situation of the coffee house is too well known to require more explanation. [illegible]
d31 Apply on the premises.

ST. LOUIS EXCHANGE BALL ROOM—The subscribers to the Masquerade Society Balls are invited to meet at the office of the said ball room on Thursday next, 3d January, at 5 o'clock in the evening, in order to appoint managers. d31 3t

CONSOLIDATED Association of the Planters of Louisiana—New Orleans, Dec. 31st, 1838.—Drafts on Paris and London, for sale by this institution.
[d31] A. BAUDOUIN, Cashier

UNION BANK OF LOUISIANA,
New Orleans, 29th Dec. 1838.
THIS Institution is drawing on Paris and checking on New York, Lexington and Cincinnati.
d 31 MARTIN GORDON Jr, Cashier.

DANCING ACADEMY.
(By a new method.)
MR J DEVOTI informs the public and parents of families that he gives dancing lessons every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday, beginning at 7 o'clock in the evening, at no 80 Royal street, between Conti and Bienville.
Price of lessons at the class, $5 per month, payable in advance, and $12 for private lessons. d31

NEW PLAYS.—Maid of Mariendorpt, by Sheridan Knowles, esq.
Ladder of Love, and 100 other new and popular plays, just received, and for sale at the New-Orleans Stationers' Warehouse.
NORMAN, STEEL & Co, 14 Camp st.

D. CANOVA, painter and professor of drawing, at Jefferson College, thinks it his duty to offer thanks to the parents of his pupils, for the confidence they have reposed in him.
At the same time he informs his friends and the public in general, that it is his intention to [illegible] in town until the 15th January, 1839, for the purpose of taking portraits, either in oil, of all sizes, or in small pencil, &c. He hopes to receive that encouragement, hitherto so liberally extended to him.
Apply at No. 80, Royal street, between Conti and Bienville. d19—1m
☞ He will recommence his classes of Drawing, at the College of Jefferson, on the 1st. February.

RICKER, HADLEY, DAVIS & CO.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Agents of the Mississippi Union Bank, No 36 Camp Street,
d13 1y New Orleans.

THE undersigned agents in this city, for the Mississippi Union Bank, referring to the circular at foot, give notice, that they are prepared to receive cotton on account of the bank, and grant the necessary vouchers to enable the planter to obtain the stipulated advance on the same.
RICKER, HADLEY, DAVIS & Co,
Dec 29 36 Camp st

MISSISSIPPI UNION BANK
Jackson, Nov. 16th, 1838.
Sir,—The directors of this institution, believing that the cotton crop of this state will be materially short, and that the planters will [illegible] the sale of their crops until the deficiency is known, propose to advance sixty dollars for every bale of good merchantable cotton, weighing 400 lbs, delivered to the agents of this bank, to be appointed at the following shipping points, viz: at Natchez, Vicksburg, Grand Gulf, Rodney, Manchester, Princeton, Satartia, Marion, Greenwood, Grenada, Columbus and Mississippi City. The owner is to deliver to this Bank the said cotton, together with the mark, number and weight of each bale, together with a note payable twelve months after date, with two or more good securities, to be satisfactory to the board for said advance.
The cotton to be shipped to Liverpool, or such other market as may be designated by the party delivering the same, at his risk and expense, and for the account of this bank. The proceeds, together with the exchange, both foreign and domestic, to be credited on his note, and the note of the depositor, exchange to be established by the current rates at the time the account of sales is received. Respectfully,
(Signed) WM. S. GRAYSON, Cashier.

J. DEVOTI, aware of the utility of enabling children to take part in the balls destined for their amusement, has the honor of informing heads of families that on Thursdays and Fridays from 4 to 6 o'clock p. m. he will teach the figures of all contre dances now in vogue, and give instructions in the most approved manner of walking and holding the body. Lessons will be given at the Orleans Ball Room.
Terms—$4 in advance. Apply at the office of the Orleans Ball Room.

FOR SALE, at very moderate prices, at the Store of Messrs. [illegible] & Co., No. 60 Levee street: 1800 cases Burgundy wine, of the best quality; Also, several casks of wine of the old vintages of [illegible], Chateau-Leoville. d31

STATE OF LOUISIANA.—Parish of Point Coupee, December 17th, 1838.—Take notice that on this day, I have attended the making of a new levee and road, on lot No 3, in township No 1 of range No 8 east, now owned by grant to Major General Lafayette, on lot (in said grant) No 2, situated on Old River, in the parish of [illegible] will be let out to the lowest bidder, at the court house of the aforesaid parish, on the 7th day of January next, and said land will be held responsible for the making of the said levee and road, and all other expenses that may [illegible]
Witnesses:
CHAS. BISHOP, P. M.
R. R. LANDING.
ANDREW McCOLLAM.
Given under my hand to the inspector of roads and levees of the 1st section of 1st district.
d28-3t ALEXANDER ANDRY.

MARION COLLEGE.—The Faculty of this institution to whom the instruction and government of the College and Classes are assigned, are as follows, viz:
Rev. Wm. S. Potts, President, and Professor of Moral and Mental Philosophy, and Belles Lettres.
Rev. Hiram P. Goodrich, Vice President and Professor of Ancient Languages and Literature.
John Thompson, A. M., Professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy, and Lecturer on Chemistry.
James F. Hewlitt, Tutor.
As Civil Engineering has become a separate and distinct profession, and as the increasing improvements of the country require an increased number of Civil Engineers, a separate Professorship of that branch of education will be established in the College, so soon as circumstances will permit. For the present, instruction in Civil Engineering will be committed to Professor Thompson, who has been engaged for a number of years in the active duties of that profession.
The Preparatory School is under the direction of Rev. Harvey H. Hays, Principal; William T. Dickson, Assistant.
The expenses are, for tuition $30; room rent $5 per annum; board in the refectory $1 50 per week. These bills are to be paid semi-annually in advance.—Fuel [illegible].
No students are received into any of the above classes under fourteen years of age. A certificate of good moral character is required, and those who come from other colleges must bring a certificate of dismission in good standing. A good common school education, qualifies for admission into the Preparatory School; and an examination on the studies pursued in the Preparatory School qualifies for admission to the Freshman Class in College.
Students who prefer defraying a part of their expense by manual labor, are allowed to cultivate ten acres of College land each, nine of which may be Timothy meadow, by giving one-third of the crop to the Institution.
GRAMMAR SCHOOL.
From the experience of the want of good schools to prepare students for College, the Trustees have made arrangements for opening in the College buildings, a Grammar School, to be under the government and instruction of the Faculty, in which they propose offering superior advantages to young men fitting for College. This school was opened on the 23d August last, and is free from the manual labor regulations, and unrestricted as to age or pupils.
The terms of the Grammar School are for entrance $5, tuition $10 per session of 21 weeks, board and room rent the same as in the college. Students under fourteen years of age must board and lodge with some family. Any number will be received into the family of the Steward, Mr. H. B. Dunn, and board, lodging, washing, fuel and lights, with the use of a common room, for study out of school hours, furnished at $2 50 per week. W. S. POTTS, Prest.
Marion College, Mo. Aug. 21. [illegible]

SUGAR—175 hhds sugar on plantation, for sale by G E COOLIDGE,
d31 56 Gravier st

RICE—217 casks prime Carolina rice, just landing per brig Esther, from Charleston, and for sale by JOHN A. MERRITT,
d31 53, Camp st

STARCH—300 boxes landing from ship John Marshal, for sale by
d31 WOOD & SIMMONS, 80 Magazine

SOAP—300 boxes, landing from ship Toronto, for sale by WOOD & SIMMONS,
d31 80, Magazine.

COFFEE—160 bags, landing from brig [illegible], from Havana, for sale by
d31 WOOD & SIMMONS, 80 Magazine.

SALMON—1,000 packages pickled salmon, for sale by WOOD & SIMMONS,
d31 80, Magazine.

BORDEAUX WINE—300 casks of different qualities Bordeaux wine for sale by
LEGENDRE & BERNIAUD,
d31 37 St. Louis st

SUGAR—40 hhds prime quality in store and for sale by P H GALLWEY,
d31 6 Conti st

MOLASSES—33 bbls. in fine order, landing and for sale by P H GALLWEY,
d31 6 Conti st

PATENT PORTABLE FORGES—50 Conklin's manufacture, a fine article for Planters and Steamboats, for sale by COIT & Co,
d31 27 Customhouse st

LIME—1000 casks Thomaston lime, cargo of brig [illegible], for sale by G BEDFORD,
d27

OATS—[illegible]
S HEATH & Co, 95 Camp st.