

LOTÉRIE

Des Ecoles Publiques,
QUATRIÈME CLASSE.
Qui sera tirée à la Nouvelle-Orléans,
Le 9 de Février, à 5 heures de l'après-midi
à la Bourse Hewlett.

GROS LOTS,
\$7,000, 3,550, 2,500, &c.
Prix des billets, 5 piastres, moitié 2 50,
quarts 1 25. Les paquets de 10 billets, 50
piastres, qui en garantit 25.

LOTÉRIE

De l'Eglise Catholique
DE L'ÉTAT DE LA LOUISIANE.
TROISIÈME CLASSE.
AUTORISÉ PAR L'ÉTAT DE LA LOUISIANE,
Au profit de l'Eglise Catholique de St.
Martinville.

Le Tirage aura positivement lieu Samedi
à 10 heures de l'après-midi.

PROSPECTUS.		
1	prix de \$6,000	est \$6,000
1	" 4,000	" 4,000
1	" 3,500	" 3,500
1	" 2,500	" 2,500
1	" 2,180	" 2,180
1	" 2,000	" 2,000
6	" 500	" 3,000
12	" 300	" 3,600
156	" 60	" 9,360
780	" 8	" 6,240
7,800	" 4	" 31,200

\$760 prix 24,360 Billets \$73,080
Paquets de 10, 40 piastres; garantis 40
piastres; Certificats de 26 piastres 40
Coupons en proportions de Billets entiers, 4
piastres; Moitiés 2 piastres; Quarts 1
piastre.

S'adresser à l'Heureux Bureau de
MALCOLM,
Enseigne de la Roue de Fortune,
N° 86 rue de Chartres, ou 132 en face
de la Bourse Hewlett.

Venez à l'Heureux Bureau
DE BARRET.
Qui a vendu un lot de \$1000
Et quatre de DEUX-CENTS, et quan-
tité d'autres lots inférieurs.

LOTÉRIE

De l'Eglise Catholique;
3e. classe—qui sera tirée, positivement le
16 de Février, à la Bourse Hewlett.
Prix des billets 4 piastres, les coupons
en proportion.

S'adresser à l'Heureux Bureau de
P. V. BARRET,
Rue St. Louis, N° 37,
On peut aussi se procurer des billets
dans
LA LOTÉRIE DES ECOLES PUBLIQUES
Qui sera tirée le 9 Février, à la N. Or-
léans, à 5 heures de l'après-midi.

GROS LOTS,
\$7,000, 3,550, 2,500, &c.
Rue No. 37, rue St. Louis, en
face de la Bourse de Hewlett, est toujours
ouvert pour toutes sortes d'affaires d'é-
change en traites ou monnaies étrangères,
à la double, napoléons ou souverains
etc. sans cours, aux taux les plus bas d'es-
compte.

LOTÉRIE

DES ECOLES PUBLIQUES,
4ME CLASSE.
Qui sera tirée positivement
Le Samedi 9 de Février, à la Bourse.
Prix des billets 5 piastres; moitié 2 50;
quarts, 1 25.
S'adresser au Vrai Bureau de Bonheur,
de
BENNET,
N° 81, rue Chartres.

A VENDRE par les sous-signés, rue de
Chartres N° 103,
des marchandises anglaises
ditto
velours assortis
marchandises en coton de toutes les
qualités
marchandises madapolams
des cotons blancs ou écru 4-4
des soieries de l'Inde de toutes
les qualités
de France
de la femme bijouterie
des papilles de Venise
des robes d'indienne française, à
la mode
perlin
pour femmes
de boutons de mamme
de parapluies couleurs assorties.
Et une quantité d'autres articles propres
aux dames Mexicaines; le tout ayant droit
de douane.

Kohn & Bordrea.

St. Philippe.
N° 30 JANVIER, 1828.
GRAND BAL
à l'Opéra masqué.
Une piastre pour les cavaliers.
Des ministres sont nommés pour main-
tenir le bon ordre dans la salle.

SALE DE JACKSON,
Rue de la Nite, Levée et la rue Grod.
Le Samedi, 30 Janvier.

GRAND BAL.
à l'Opéra masqué.
N° 21 janv.

THE BEE.

PRINTED DAILY, BY F. DELAUNY.
NEW-ORLEANS.
THURSDAY, JANUARY 31, 1828.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Substance of the sitting of Monday, January 26.

Mr. Chauvin presented the report on the public school—referred to the committee on public education.

Mr. L. H. Moore gave notice that he would shortly introduce a bill entitled "an act repealing so much of the act providing the manner in which notice shall be given of certain judicial proceedings as respects the parish of St. Helena, passed 9th March, 1827."

A petition has been presented by Mr. Richardson, from several inhabitants of the parish of Washington—referred to the committee on public education.

Mr. Morphy presented a memorial from several inhabitants of N. Orleans, praying for the incorporation of an Evangelical French Church congregation—referred to a committee.

Mr. Allard, as chairman of the committee, to which was referred the petition of the Register of Conveyances, made his report by introducing a bill entitled "an act to explain the act entitled 'an act to create a Register of Conveyances—2d reading to-morrow."

Mr. Winfree, on behalf of the committee appointed to visit the Poydras Female Asylum, made a report on the subject, which was adopted.

A message from the Senate, informing that the president of the Senate had signed the bill entitled "an act to appoint weighers of cotton and hay, for the city of N. Orleans; and that they had concurred in the amendments to the bill entitled "an act for the relief of Pre. Bergeron, of La Fourche, also, the bill granting to the securities of Norris Wright, late sheriff of the parish of Rapides, an extension of time for the collection of the taxes of the year 1826."

A message from the Senate, informing that they had concurred in the bill entitled "an act to repeal an act prohibiting the introduction of slaves for sale in this state; and request the concurrence of the House in the bill entitled "an act supplementary to the act creating Register of Mortgages, and for the parishes of St. Landry, East Baton Rouge and Ascension—read for the 1st time—also, that the Senate had concurred in the bill entitled "an act to authorize widows and unmarried women of age, to become sureties and endorcers, and for other purposes."

Mr. Morphy, as chairman of the committee of enrollment, reported that he had submitted to the sanction of the governor, the bill entitled "an act relative to the sheriff of the county of German Coast."

Mr. Wheeler, as chairman of the committee to which was referred the petition of Eden Brashier, introduced a bill accordingly.

Mr. Scott, as chairman of the committee of claims, to which was referred the petition of Jules Davesac, made a report accordingly.

(To be continued.)

[Extract from the New-York American.]
The system of what the French call *entrepot*, or as we should say, the warehouse system, has been recommended, as we think very wisely, to the notice of Congress by the Secretary of the Treasury. The great object is to establish at the principal points along our coast, public ware-houses, in which imported goods of all sorts may be stored at a very moderate rate (that is essential) under the custom house key, and at pleasure be exported therefrom without the payment of any duty whatever.

The peculiarly fortunate position of this country, its commercial enterprise, and particularly the superiority of its navigation, combine at this moment when the whole southern continent of America (where for a long time to come, no commercial marine will probably be formed,) is open to our trade, to induce the adoption of this system. What led us however, to advert just now to this subject, was the perusal of a pamphlet lately sent to us from Havre discussing the scheme, which it seems the capitalists of Paris entertain and are urging with great zeal upon the King, to establish in Paris (an interior city) a general entrepot. This pamphlet, written by Mr. J. B. Delaunay, (who was, if we mistake not some years ago in this country,) discusses with great force and ingenuity the Parisian scheme, and demonstrates pretty satisfactorily that it is inexpedient and unwise—but chiefly on the ground that the system of entrepot belonging to maritime places, the extension of it to interior towns could only be effected at a great expense for transportation and surveillance. This in itself constitutes a decisive objection, as the success of the system rests upon the basis of economy, that is, of the smallest possible expense.

It is not our purpose however to attempt any analysis of this pamphlet, but

mention it, first as a mark of respect to the gentleman who had the civility to transmit it for our perusal, but chiefly to draw from it this argument, that if in France the system of entrepôts has been found so decidedly advantageous in the seaports, as to induce a serious attempt to introduce it, at an increased expense, in inland towns; there can be little room to doubt, that with our extensive seaboard and relative position to the great marts of the commercial world it would be found even more advantageous. We trust that at an early day this subject may occupy Congress, and are willing to augur, from the tone in which Mr. Barbour's resolution was discussed, a fair examination of it upon its merits.

The St. John City (N. B.) Gazette complains of the large amount of American Cottons and other manufactures, imported into that city during the last year. It is asserted that articles of equal quality could be imported from England at a less price. It is also mentioned as somewhat singular, that not a single piece of American Goods has been imported into Nova Scotia during the present year—N. Y. Ev. Post.

A Successful Case of Transfusion of Blood.—Mrs. Shemmonds, of Alrewas, the subject of transfusion of blood, had been in a very precarious state of health for a long time; her medical attendants advised her to change her residence for the benefit of a more salubrious air; accordingly she removed to Longford, in the county of Derby, the place of her nativity; where, after suffering a severe relapse, she sunk into such a state of extreme exhaustion (from the loss of vital fluid,) that her friends felt confident that she was dead. Mr. Adams, a surgeon of Tutbury, was sent for, when, after various means had been used in vain, that judicious surgeon performed the very interesting operation of transfusion of blood from a healthy subject into the veins of the exhausted patient, so successfully, that she recovered so far recovered as to walk herself out of doors, and continues a living monument of its re-animating effects.

A shocking case of suicide occurred last week in Royalton, in this State. A man by the name of *Cone*, with a wife and several children, was charged with dust by one of his neighbors. He denied the charge, and procured another person to go with him to his neighbour to endeavour to convince him that he was mistaken. They did not succeed, and Mr. Cone returned to his own home in the afternoon. The same night he retired to rest as usual; but some time in the night he got out of bed and dressed him, telling his wife that he had some writing that he must do. He went into another room and wrote some time, then went up stairs where his children slept—kissed them—came down and went out of the door. Some time after one of his children got up, thinking her father was below.—Not finding him, she went into her mother's room and asked for her father. Her mother told her that he had gone out at the door. The child immediately went out and instantly returned and told her mother that a man was hanging at the door. A family living in the same house was alarmed, and it was found that the wretched man had hung himself with a rope. He left on the table a paper containing a solemn declaration of his innocence of the crime charged against him, and a letter to his wife, recommending their children to her care, and bidding her farewell.—[Middlebury Vt. Standard.]

Gambling.—The fountain of cozenage and villany—a thing so common all over Europe at this day, that many men are utterly undone by it, their means spent, patrimonies consumed, and their posterity beggared; besides swearing, wrangling, drinking, and such inconveniences, which are ordinary concomitants. For when once they have got a haunt of such companies and habit of gaining, they can hardly be drawn from it; but, as an itch it will tickle them, and as it is with wh—e-masters, once entered, they cannot easily leave it off: *beata mantes insana cupido*—they are mad upon their sport. That which once was their livelihood, should have maintained their wife, children family, is now spent and gone, sorrow and beggary succeeding. So good things may be abused; and that which was first invented to refresh man's weary spirits, when they come from other labours and studies, to exhilarate the mind, to entertain time and company, tedious otherwise in long solitary winter nights, and keep them from worse matters—an honest exercise—is certainly perverted.

—Burton.

Strange Marriage Ceremony.—At Houghton Spring on Monday last, by license, Thomas Simm, to Catherine Arthur, both of Easington lane. Before the ceremony took place, the intended bride undressed in one of the pews, and the bridegroom elect put a chemise over her head, and this was the only article of dress she wore at her marriage. This indecent and ignorant practice originates in an idea that a husband who marries a wife thus is free from the payment of all her previous debts. Should, however, the creditors of his better half be disposed to try the question he will soon find out his mistake.—[Durham Adv.]

(From the Boston Patriot.)
An accomplished swindler, James Ward by name, was arrested last week in Branford, Conn. and committed to prison. It appears, under the disguise of a gentleman, he insinuated himself as a travelling companion into the company of a widow lady and two daughters on their way from Philadelphia to Hartford. In New-York, observing that she had a hundred dollar bill of one of the Philadelphia Banks, he proposed to take it and get it changed for her, as he was sure it would be at a very considerable discount in Connecticut. In exchange he returned the lady a fictitious draft on Hartford. The fraud being discovered, he was followed to Lyme, Conn. and there taken in bed, but escaped from the officer and was retaken as above.

ITEMS.
The St. Andrews Herald of the 24th ult. contains the following extract of a letter from Halifax:—"I find that orders have come by the Packet, declaring St. Andrews, with some ports in the West Indies, Ware-housing ports. It gives me much pleasure to anticipate the increase of business likely to follow this arrangement at St. Andrews."

[Ev. Post, Jan. 7.]
—Capt. Drew, of the brig Sereno, which arrived at Boston last Friday, from Messina, informs that the British squadron, from Navarino, arrived at Malta 1st and 2d Nov.
—The Congress of Peru have annulled several principal appointments made by Bolivar, including that of an Archbishop.

—The Senate of Georgia have refused to concur in the nomination of W. H. Crawford, for the office of Vice President.

U. S. Squadron in the Pacific.—The U. S. frigate *Bronco*, com. Jones, sailed 1st Sept. for Valparaiso. The U. S. sloop of war *Vincennes*, capt. Finch, was at Guayaquil; and U. S. schr. *Dolphin* was daily expected at Callao from Husacho.

—A blacksmith of a village murdered a man, and was condemned to be hanged. The chief peasants of the place joined together, and begged the magistrate that the blacksmith might not suffer, because he was necessary to the place, which could not do without a blacksmith, to shoe horses, mend wheels, &c. But the magistrate said, "how then can I satisfy justice?" A laborer answered, "sir there are two weavers in the village, and for so small a place one is enough: hang the other!"

[N. Y. Enquirer]

\$7000!
PUBLIC SCHOOL LOTTERY,
TO BE DRAWN IN NEW-ORLEANS, ON
Saturday 9th February, 1828.
HIGHEST PRIZES:
7,000, 3,550, 2,500, 2,000
DOLLARS.
Tickets 5 dollars, shares in proportion.
APPLY AT
BENNET'S
Truly lucky Lottery Office, No 81 Char-
tres Street.

PUBLIC SCHOOL LOTTERY.
Fourth Class,
TO BE DRAWN IN NEW-ORLEANS, ON
SATURDAY
9th February.
HIGHEST PRIZES:
\$7,000—\$3,550—\$2,500—\$2,000
Tickets 5 dollars, shares in proportion.

LOUISIANA
Catholic Church Lottery,
THIRD CLASS,
Authorised by the State of Louisiana,
For the benefit of the
Catholic Church at St. Martinville.
TO BE DRAWN IN NEW-ORLEANS,
On Saturday the 16th February, 1828.

SCHEME.

1	PRIZE of \$6,000	is \$6,000
1	" 4,000	" 4,000
1	" 3,500	" 3,500
1	" 2,500	" 2,500
1	" 2,180	" 2,180
1	" 2,000	" 2,000
6	" 500	" 3,000
12	" 300	" 3,600
156	" 60	" 9,360
780	" 8	" 6,240
7,800	" 4	" 31,200

8,750 Prizes, amounting to \$73,080

Price of Tickets;
4 dollars; Halves 2 dollars; Quar-
ters 1 dollar.
PACKAGES of 10, 40 dollars; warranted 16
dollars; Certificates of 26 dollars and 40 etc.
Shares of each in proportion.

APPLY AT
M. MALCOLM'S offices, No. 86 or 132
Chartres-st. where was sold in the last two
Lotteries, prizes amounting to upwards of
\$6,400.

AUCTION SALES
BY ISAAC L. MCCOY.
ON Wednesday, 13th Feb. next,
at twelve o'clock at the exchange
coffee house, will be sold, 5 valuable lots
of ground, adjoining each other, and si-
tuated at the corner of St. Charles and
Gravier-streets: Four of said lots front
on St. Charles, and one on Gravier-
street, and measure each from 30 to 34
feet from by about 103 deep, and are
the same on which now stands an old
frame warehouse.—Terms, one and two
years credit for approved endorsed pa-
per, with mortgage until final payment.

BEAVER HATS.
RECEIVED by ship *Lincoln*, from
New-York, FORTY CASES of
First Quality black and drab **BEAVER**
HATS, of the high, low, and medium
crowns, with long and short naps—all
of SUPERIOR QUALITY, and of the latest
fashions.—Also, several dozens of ele-
gant SEAL DRAB HATS, which will be
sold at wholesale or retail, on reason-
able terms.—NICHOLS & KEELER,
Jan. 28 18 Canal-st.

DRAWING
OF THE
Public School Lottery.
The fortunate holders are requested to present
them immediately for payment, or renewal in the
CATHOLIC CHURCH LOTTERY,
3D CLASS.
APPLY AT
The fortunate Lottery Office
OF P. V. BARRET,
St. Louis street, No. 37, opposite to New-
York's Coffee House.

HELVETIC INSTITUTION.
In order to give greater scope to his system
of education, Mr. De Fernel, a young
partner in his Seminary, has
of Massachusetts, a young
public confidence as well by his
personal qualities, having been graduated
college in New-England, Mr. Whelan
will be enabled to take charge of the whole
English instruction. The institution of Mr. De
Fernel will thus offer to young men the double
advantage of preparing some to be admitted into
the colleges of the United States, and of furnish-
ing to others a complete course of education
adapted to the commercial and ordinary pursuits
of life.
Mild regulations, but rigidly adhered to, will
give to this seminary the character of an Helvetic
school. In the proposed plan of teaching, the
connection between the memory and judgment
will always be kept in view, and no pains spared
to facilitate the attainment of different branches of
study by the most simple and familiar illustrations.
In a word, the object of this seminary will be the
communication of valuable knowledge, and the
formation of those mental and moral habits in
young persons, which shall carry by the founda-
tion for their respectability and usefulness in
subsequent life.
The institution is already in progress, at the
house of Mr. De Fernel, No. 116 Royal Street.
Jan. 22

REMOVAL.
SULPHUROUS BATHS.
DOCTOR RENOUE has the honor
of informing his colleagues and the
inhabitants of New-Orleans and of Louisi-
ana, that he has removed his establishment
of Sulphurous Baths from Ann Street,
No. 122 to Barracks Street No. 156, at the
corner of Burgundy in the house lately oc-
cupied by Dr. Formento.

It is generally known, how much benefit
is obtained by sulphurous bath in cutane-
ous diseases, rheumatic complaints, palseis
and other serious complaints, it is need-
less to quote here the numerous instances of
immediate cure and relief afforded by the
application of that remedy.

Mr. Renou has availed himself of his re-
moval, in constructing a new apparatus
and making his establishment free from
any kind of reproach that could have been
made to the former one.

The room for the reception of white
people is totally separate from the one fixed
for negroes.
His new lodgings afford him the means
of receiving certain number of sick per-
sons wishing to board at his house.

He has provided a spacious hospital, and
his house being situated in a retired part
of the town less crowded with houses than
others, makes the situation perfectly
wholesome.
Prices for 12 Baths, . . . \$ 16 ..
" 6 " . . . " 9 ..
" 1 " . . . " 1 50
For treatment of negroes per day, 1 ..
Doctor Renou will however take with
the persons who will apply to him all pos-
sible arrangements.

During the last year of his practice in
Paris, Doctor Renou has been intimate
with the celebrated Dr. Ducamp inventor
of the most efficient method of curing is-
churges (retention of urine,) and he had es-
pecially addicted himself to the treatment
of that disease; he has now in his posses-
sion a complete collection of all the instru-
ments necessary thereto. He may ensure
to those persons affected with the above
complaint, who will apply to him, a prompt
and safe cure from his method of treat-
ment.
See 24.

FOR-SALE by the subscriber, 250 pieces
Dundee hemp cotton bagging, full width.
Dec-18. ED. MARTINEAU.

GRAISSE & WHISKEY.—150 boites
de en fer blanc de Graisse de Glacé
de 70 grains bon Whiskey, en dispen-
sant à vendre par J. P. F. . . .
24 nov.