THE BEE.

PUBLISHED DAILY BY
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UNION—JUSTICE PRESERVED.

FRIDAY MORNING, JAN. 31, 1835.

"When doctors disagree, who shall agree?"

In the printed report of a speech in a morning paper, Mr. Brashear is made to say, that universal suffrage would in a few years give to the city of New Orleans the government of the State in all general elections. Mr. Augustin, who spoke upon the same side with Mr. Brashear, maintained the very reverse of this and contended that by the adoption of the bill then under consideration, the vote of New Orleans would be rendered a nullity. We again repeat, when doctors disagree, who shall agree?

It is somewhat unfortunate that gentlemen so violently opposed to a measure should differ so widely in their views as to effects. Had Mr. Augustin believed that the agrandisement of the city, and its supremacy in our elections would have followed the adoption of the bill, there can be no doubt but that the jealousy he felt lest the country should concentrate all the power of the State, would have induced him to have given it his support. It is equally certain, that Mr. Brashear, who was actuated by similar fears towards the city, would have done the same thing, could he have been persuaded that the position of the latter gentleman was correct. An understanding between themselves, might have made them both friendly to the measure, by showing how contradictory their individual apprehensions were.

The Natchez *Courier* takes upon itself authoritatively to declare—"It must not be supposed that Louisiana has changed any since the summer election, from the fact that Gayarre has been elected. She is as should now as then, and no one can doubt that the people have been grossly misrepresented by their representatives."

We pronounce the premises of the *Courier* false, and all its conclusions erroneous, and cite the *fact* that Gayarre has been elected, to sustain our position. A great revolution has taken place in Louisiana—She has been grossly misrepresented by bad representatives, but the scales have fallen from her eyes. She is now sound to the core, but not in the sense which this partizan editor of the Natchez paper would lead the good people of Mississippi to believe.

The honorable members of the Senate and House of Representatives are respectfully invited to visit the New-Orleans gas works, this day at 1 o'clock, P. M. Many members of both houses having expressed a desire to see those works, the subscriber hopes for the indulgence of the honorable members for this general invitation, which should under other circumstances have been a personal one.

JAMES H. CALDWELL.

Gas Light Office,
31st Jan. 1835.

For the Bee.

THE DRAMA.

From an old and valuable work in my possession, relative to the early history of The Drama, I make a few extracts which may not be uninteresting to your readers.—It is upon a subject which at one period created much enquiry and conjecture; but whether the writer be correct, is still a question of doubt.

In Shakespeare's acknowledged works, we find hardly any traces of his apprenticeship, and yet an apprenticeship he must have served. For every artist must have, especially in a period where he has not before him the example of a skilful master, early learned. I consider it as extremely probable that Shakespeare began his life in the Theatre at a much earlier period than the one which is generally stated, namely, not till after the year 1586. It appears that as early as the year 1587, when only 23 years of age, he had left his paternal home, and repaired to London. Can we imagine that such an active mind would remain idle for six whole years without making any attempt to emerge by his talents from an inferior and obscure situation? [The writer overlooks that an *equally natural situation*—it was one suited to the activity and bent of his disposition—it was a situation calculated to lay the ground-work of his after greatness—he was employed in and about the theatre which he, in after years, posed with his magic wand.]

In the description of the Poem of "Venus and Adonis," he calls it the "first heir of his invention," but this proves nothing against the supposition. It was the first which he printed: he might have composed it at an early period; perhaps, also, it did not include theatrical labors, as they then possessed but little literary dignity. The earlier Shakespeare began to compose for the Theatre, the less are we entitled to consider the immaturity and imperfection of a work as a proof of its spuriousness in opposition to historical evidence. Several of the works rejected as spurious, may still have been produced in the period between *Titus Andronicus* and the earliest of the acknowledged pieces.

At last Stevens published several pieces ascribed to Shakespeare, in two supplementary volumes. It is to be remarked that they all appeared in print in Shakespeare's life time, with his name prefixed at full length. [If this be true, and writers have not doubted it, the argument is certainly strong in favor of the supposition.] They are as follows:

1. *Locrine*. [There are some strong grounds for doubt, on the other hand, entitled to attention, which I shall give hereafter.]

2. *Pericles, Prince of Tyre*. This piece was acknowledged by Dryden, but as a youthful work of Shakespeare. It is most undoubtedly his, and it has been admitted into several of the late editions.

3. *The London Prodigal*. If we are not mistaken, Lessing pronounced this piece to be Shakespeare's, and wished to bring it on the German Stage.

4. *The Puritan, or the widow of Watling Street*. This was written by Shakespeare to imitate the style of Ben Jonson, and this is the only way we must account for the difference between this piece and his usual style of writing.

5. *Thomas Lord Cromwell*.

6. *Sir John Oldcastle*—First Part.

7. *A Yorkshire Tragedy*.

The three last are not only unquestionably Shakespeare's, but in my opinion they deserve to be classed among his best and maturest works. Stevens admits, at least in some degree, that they are Shakespeare's as well as the others, excepting *Locrine*; but he speaks of all of them with great contempt, as quite worthless productions. *Thomas Lord Cromwell* and *Sir John Oldcastle*, are Biographical Dramas and models in this species.—The first is linked, from its subject, to *Henry the Eighth*, and the second to *Henry the Fifth*. The Second Part of *Oldcastle* is supposed to have been lost. The *Yorkshire Tragedy* is in one act—a dramatized tale of murder; the tragical effect is overpowering, and it is extremely important to see how poetically Shakespeare could handle such a subject.

There have been still ascribed to him: 1st. The *Merry Devils of Edmonton*, a comedy in one act, printed in Dodsley's old Plays. This has certainly some appearance in his favor. It contains a merry landlord, who bears a great similarity to the one in the *Merry Wives of Windsor*. 2. *The Accession of Paris*. 3. *The Birth of Merlin*. 4. *Edward the Third*. 5. *Fair Emma*. 6. *Mucedorus*. 7. *Arden of Faversham*. [The reader will find in the British Drama, vol. 2, an Historical Tragedy of this name, written by George Lillo.] I have never seen any of these, and cannot, therefore, say any thing respecting them. *Mucedorus* is taken from the old story of *Valentine and Orson*. *Arden of Faversham* is said to be a tragedy on the story of a man, for the part descended, on the mother's side.

[The play of Hamlet, is said, to be Shakespeare's first production. This is impossible—it is the work of a master, not an apprentice. The plot may have been sketched at an earlier period, which afterwards was re-written and gradually formed by him to its present perfect state. If Shakespeare did not write these Plays ascribed to him, who did? His competitors in the dramatic world are pretty well known, and if those of them who have even acquired a considerable name—a Lilly, a Marlowe, a Heywood, are still so very far below him, we can hardly imagine that the author of a work which rises so high beyond them, would have remained unknown!]

We have to-day the grief of recording a melancholy accident, which occurred yesterday in our bay, in which 4 brother of lives were lost; among them that of Lieutenant Walter S. Chandler, an estimable and intelligent officer in the United States Army. He started yesterday, between nine and ten o'clock, for Fort Morgan, to which he was attached, in a small boat, with a sergeant and four soldiers. The boat was capsized in the gale, not far from 12 o'clock, about two miles below the Choctaw Point light house, and all on board perished, except one soldier who clung to the bottom of the boat, and was taken off this morning, by Captain Prior, of the steamboat Watchman, from New Orleans. The name of the soldier saved is Clarke. Those in the boat were sergeant Grant and soldiers Wise, Finn, and Stevens. There are two lieutenant Stevens in the same company, the one was known as Stevens first.

Lieut. Chandler who has died thus suddenly, was a native of the district of Columbia, and was graduated at West Point in 1830. He has a brother, as we are informed, residing in Tallahassee, and friends in New Orleans, who in lamenting his untimely fate, should know that among those who had the fortune to know him here, his personal qualities had made him popular, and his death has created a profound sentiment of regret.

We learn that lieutenant Chandler was accompanied by a young gentleman, a stranger in the city, whose name we have been unable to ascertain who was also drowned.

[Mobile Com. Advertiser.

COMPILATIONS

From Foreign papers received at the Office of the Bee.

M. Daure, ex-secretary to Prince Talleyrand, recently committed suicide under the most romantic circumstances. About six weeks before the melancholy event, under the guise of a stranger, he presented himself to the Mayor of the small town of Prugne, and informed him that he came to pass a part of the vacation in that country, and thought it his duty to make himself known to the authority of that place. He produced a passport which described him as a maître de requêtes, resident at Paris. During his stay at Prugne he received a visit from his mother, who lives at Montauban whom he received with great affection, making her a present of 40 louis d'ors. A cousin also living at Montauban came to visit him and was treated by him with the same kindness. Some time had passed in this tranquility, when M. Daure sent for the Rector of the place, and requested him to perform a solemn funeral service for a friend. While the *Dies Irae* was chanting the stranger shed abundance of tears, which all those present saw the more remarkable as in general he appeared not to have much sensibility. After this ceremony, which was really for himself, for which he paid the accustomed fees, he appeared to become still more serene, retired much earlier to his room, and passed nearly the whole night in writing. The following morning he went out without speaking to any one, and we find in the ruins of the old castle, in the neighborhood, on his way, he found some children catching birds. This seemed to excite a mixture of contempt and indignation. He hastened to the top of the ruins, and in a moment afterwards the report of a pistol was heard. The children ran to the spot, and found the man whom they had been taught to call *the benevolent stranger*, a corpse, with his head terribly mutilated. He had placed the muzzle of a pistol, which he had had to his arm with crape, to one of his eyes, and shattered the upper part of his skull. In the other hand he held a razor, tho he had no need of this second instrument of self-destruction.

FOR THE BEE.

LINES ON A BUTTERFLY.
No. 2.*

Mark this gaudy thing of light,
In its gay and sunny flight,
O'er the field and garden rove,
Mark it well, ye young and fair—
See it through the lonely wild,
Reckless as a wayward child,
Wings along from sweet to sweet,
Every fragrant flower to greet,
Now it seems inclined to rest,
On the tulip's crimson breast,
Yet, scarce well alighted there,
Than it mounts again in air,
Now the rose with fragrant bloom,
Lures—its left as fast and soon.
Nought can lure its further stay,
Still it sips and wings away!

Child of day, whose heedless flight,
Alone at gratlized delight,
(Vainly, too, alas! for earth,
Never gave such bliss a birth,)
Learn ye from this airy thing,
All in pleasure's chase ye wing,
Then the witching cup is nigh,
Just to sip then pass it by.
Play around the brim, but oh!
Shun the drops that sleep below!
Trust me, every human joy,
Bears its pang of dark alloy—
And that they who drink too deep,
Curse the fatal lines and weep.

INISFALIN.

* This is necessary, as piece of mine on the same subject has already appeared in a western publication.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Queen Adelaide, Bolande, Liverpool, L H Gale
Brig Gen Bolivar, Mason, Boston, J Thayer & co
Brig Henry Clay, Wade, Rio Janeiro, Dimnock & Lafonta
Brig Paul Jones, Clarke, N York, S J Masters
Schr Josefa, Darantes, Tampico, E J Forstall & co
Schr Halcyon, Williams, Tampico, E J Forstall & co

ARRIVED

Steamer Feliciana, L. C Wood, fm S W Pass; towed down to the Pintage, ships Yazoo and N Jersey, brigs Remittance, Fernandito and Marenero, and Sol de Puntales; left the Pass at 6 A M, 29th; 30th sail at anchor inside bound out; thick fog and hard rain for four days—was informed by the pilots that there were two ships and two small vessels outside the bar: bro't up ship Emerald; nothing new in the river.

Towboat Hudson, brought up ship Saratoga, and brig Herald—reports nothing new.

Ship Emerald, Todd, 8 days from Savannah, in ballast.

Ship Saratoga, Hathaway, 12 days from New-York; cargo, merchandize to E L Tracy; T Barrett & co; Bullin, Shipp & co; F P Duenges; J W Breedlove & co; N Merritt; Burgess & Hawthorn; Stinson & Campbell; Andrews & Brothers; R Graning & co; L Lincoln & co; A Gover; A G Cochran; W Holmes & co; Parmelee & Baker; M V Labauve; Hermann & co; A Fisk, Watt & co; Gasquet, Parish & co; and others, 18 cabin, 9 steerage passengers.

Memoranda, ship South America, from Liverpool, 17th Dec., arrived at New-York on the 12th, and Constitution off the bar from do on the 16th.

Brig Durango, Shannon, from Apilachicola—cargo, 350 bales cotton.

Brig Herald, Pierce, from Jacquemel, cargo coffee.

Steamer Superior, Green, from Cincinnati—cargo, 141 bbls pork, 24 bbls, 27 half do beef, 555 kegs lard, 19 bbls, 8 casks hams, 4 casks bristles, 8 bbls. whiskey, 11 boxes cigars, 5 sacks feathers; 1 box indigo Landais & Irwin; Stetson & Avery; Lazet Amelung; Sloo & Byrne; J Thayer & co; Bridge & Vose; M & P Maher; F Frey & co; J S B Frazier; G Dorsey; Champomier & Girard—47 way and 53 deck passengers.

Steamer Wyoming, Halton, from Natchez—no freight—12 passengers. Steamer Tennesseean was passed at the mouth of Red River.

Steamer Mediterranean, Baldwin, from Louisville—cargo, 9 pair bellows, 1098 kegs lard; 173 pc hoopings; 91 coils rope; 276 trs flax seed; 145 bbls pork; 69 hhds tobacco; 50 bbls oil cake, 487 bales cotton to Brander & McKenna; N & J Dick & co, Bunn, Sappington & co; Bogart & Hooper; T Barrett & co; Buckner, Stanton & co; Gordon, Forstall & co; Beer & Steever, Robeson, Woods & co; A L M Damarin; A H Wallace; Champomier & Girard; Lambeth & Thompson J H Graham; H C Hutchinson; J Thayer & co; Hall, Walker & Walton.

(By Authority.)

Resolved that a joint committee composed of two members of the Senate and three members of the House of Representatives, be appointed to inform Mr. Edward D. White, the Governor elect, that both branches of the General Assembly, will be ready for his reception, in the hall of the House of Representatives on Monday next the 2d proximo at 12 o'clock, to take the oath of office, as Governor of the State of Louisiana, that said committee be further authorized to invite the Judges of the Supreme Court, to attend and administer the oath of office.

Resolved that the Mayor and Recorder of the City of New Orleans, together with the constituted authorities of the United States and this State, be invited, to assist at the installation of the Governor—and that said committee cause the Representative Hall to be prepared for that purpose.

All persons mentioned in the above Resolution, are respectfully invited to assist at the installation of the Governor of this State, which is to take place, in the Hall of the House of Representatives, next Monday, at 12 o'clock, agreeably to the aforesaid Resolution.

J. THOMAS, Chairman.
J. DUPRE,
Committee on the part of the Senate.
M. G. PENN, Chairman,
Y. PATIN,
E. MONTEGUT,
Committee on the part of the House.

P. S. The public printers of the City are requested to publish the foregoing.

SALT—90 cases Pembroke refined table Salt; just received and for sale by
TH. NICOLET & CO.
jan 31—1w no. 26 Bienville street.

SALT PETRE—200 bags Crude Salt Petre, now landing and for sale by
TH. NICOLET & CO.
jan 31—1w no. 26 Bienville street.

BLANKETS—48 bales 3 points French Blankets of Granier's & Others manufactories, just received and for sale by TH. NICOLET & Co.
jan 31—1w no. 26 Bienville street.

SAIL CLOTH—80 pieces Russia Sail Cloth, 1st quality For sale by
jan 31 WM. G. HEWES & co. 47 Camp-st.

SHEETING 6-4, 8-4, 10-4 and 12-4; Damask Diaper 8-4 and 10;4, Table Cloths, 8-4 and 12-4 and 15-4 x 20-4 Damask napkins, Irish linen by the piece, Superfine do. French linen, English do. Osnaburg, cotton stockings assorted, embroidered silk do. plain do. American cotton cloth, English, do. &c. Domestic, 3-4, 4-4 and 5-4, bleached do, 4-4 and 5-4, &c.
jan 31 A G COCHRAN, 43 Chartres st.

TALLOW CANDLES AND SOAP—300 boxes Tallow Candles and 400 boxes no. 1 Soap, James Duke and Co, Brand, landing and for sale by
WM. G. HEWES & Co.
jan 31 47 Camp street.

SHEETINGS.—77 bales 37 wide sheetings, for sale by
jan 31 W G HEWES & Co, 47 camp st

SAIL CLOTH.—80 pieces Russia sail cloth, 1st quality, for sale by
jan 31 G HEWES & Co, 47 camp st

CAMOMILE FLOWERS and OPIUM—6 bales camomile, and 7 cases opium, just received and for sale by T NICOLET & co,
jan 31 26 Bienville street

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the late firm of HILL & FAUCHET, are requested to pay up, to Mr Robert S. Hill, who alone is to settle for the said late firm, and all receipts from any other person will be null and void. ROBERT S. HILL.
New Orleans, 31st January, 1835—3t

2 PIPES French Cognac Brandy;
1 pipe Holland gin;
50 casks red wine; 390 cases ditto;
5 cases chateau lafitte; 3 do haut barjac,
6 ditto hermitage wine; 18 do champaign wine;
30 ditto best ditto; 30 baskets ditto;
30 cases burgundy wine, Romanée, Corton, Neut and Pommard;
12 cases assorted liquors; 24 cases kerschwasser;
6 cases absynth; 3 quarter casks port wine.
Just received and for sale by
jan 31 T NICOLET & co, 26 Bienville st

WAS stopped yesterday forenoon, ONE HUNDRED DOLLAR BILL from a negro. The owner of the same, can obtain it by proving property and paying for this advertisement, by applying to
WIDOW KOKERNOTS & SON,
jan 30—1 week corner of Toulouse & Levee

HATS.—50 cases men's hats, landing and for sale by
F H PETTIPAIN,
jan 30 corner of Chartres & Toulouse sts

STATE OF LOUISIANA.

TWELFTH LEGISLATURE—FIRST SESSION.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

FRIDAY, 16th January, 1834.

The House met agreeably to adjournment.

A message from the Senate by Mr. Davis, their secretary informing the House that the Senate has concurred in the amendment to the resolution relative to the election of a Major-General.

Mr. Lawson presented the following resolution:

'Resolved that the committee of Agriculture, Manufactures and Commerce, be and hereby instructed to inquire into the expediency of amending an act entitled 'An act to incorporate the Agricultural Society of Louisiana, approved March 20th, 1833, by establishing a branch of said society in each Judicial District of the State.'

On motion ordered that the same be adopted.

Mr. H. C. Thibodeaux presented the following resolutions:

'Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in General Assembly convened, that Dr. Gessec, Batey, R. G. Ellis, Lemoiel Turner, Jean Charles Bergeron, James L. Carothers and Henry M. Thibodeaux, all of the parish of Terrebonne and Henry Renthcope, Joseph Berwick and Julien De Blanc of the parish of St. Mary, be appointed commissionners to explore and examine the route from Thibodeauxville to Attakapas, passing on the bayous Little Terrebonne, Catahoula, and Black, and to make a report at the next meeting of this Legislature, to ascertain whether a public highway, by said route, would be of public utility and proper object for legislative action.

'Be it further resolved, that the clerk of this House, be hereby authorised to send, as soon as possible, printed copies of the above resolution, to the above named persons.'

Which were read for the first time and ordered for a second reading, on to-morrow.

Mr. Hailé, chairman of the committee on elections presented the following report on the contested election of Jean Baptiste Ory:

The committee to which was refered the case of John Baptiste Ory, whose election as a returned member of this House from the parish of St James is contested by James Watkins, respectfully report that the principal and only charge adduced by the contesting person, is that the said Jn. Baptist Ory, does not possess the landed property qualification according to law, to wit: second section, fourth article of the Constitution.

In examining the truth of this charge, there was produced before the committee, the tax lists of 1833 and 1834, for the parish of St. James, and it was ascertained that the said J. B. Ory on the list of 1833, was set down as assessed in landed property to something over $9,250 and that in the latter year in the amount of $1400.

Under the above clause of the Constitution, the committee take the rule to be absolute, and that the only evidence that could be received, according to a strict and proper construction of that clause is from the last list, in as much should investigations in titles to the ownership of property be resorted to, in the deliberations of this House, it would rather present the scene of a court of justice than that of a legislative hall.

The committee of elections thereof report that John Baptist Ory is legally return a member of the House. (Signed) ROBT. HAILE,
Chairman on the Committee of Election.

On motion ordered that said report be adopted.

Mr. Winn as chairman of the special committee on the abolition of cotton weighers made the following report:

'The majority of the special committee to whom was referred the memorial of sundry citizens of the parish of Rapides, praying for the repeal of the act creating weighers of cotton, beg leave to report the bill as passed by the Senate and now on the files of this House, without amendment.

RICHARD WINN,
J. G. DAVIDSON,
B. A. WILSON,

On the question of the adoption of said report, Mr. Augustin called for the yeas and nays, when it appeared that Messrs. Armand, Bickham, Brashear, Braux, Brazeale, Briggs, Brown, Bry, Couvillion, Daniel, Delachaise, Davenport, Dosson, Ducros, P. A. Guillet, Haile, Lambremont, Landry, Lawson, Lewis, McAllister, Ory, Patten, Penn, Richardson, Roussel, Sheldon, Sparks, Thibodeaux, A. B. Thibodeaux, H. C. Wilson and Winn had voted in the affirmative.—33 yeas.

And that Messrs. Augustin, Dixon, Labatut, Lavergne, Montégut and Norault had voted in the negative.—6 nays.

Consequently said report was adopted. Mr. Penn presented a report made by the administrators of Public School in the parish of St Tammany.

On motion ordered that the same be referred to the committee on public education and that the same be printed.

Mr. Sheldon agreeably to previous notice introduced a bill to establish an additional election precinct in and for the parish of Pointe Coupee', which was read for the first time and ordered for a second reading on to morrow.

Mr. Daniel gave notice that he would at some future day introduce the following bills.

'An act for the improvement of the navigation of Bayou Vermillion in the parish of Lafayette.'

'An act relative to the road laws in the parishes of Lafayette and St. Mary.'

Mr. Brown agreeably to previous notice introduced a bill to authorize the governor to furnish the Jackson Guard with arms,' which was read for the first time and ordered for a second reading on to morrow,

Mr. Roussel gave notice that he would at some future day introduce 'An act to authorise the tresurer of the state to pay to Anarcharsis Luminais, sheriff of the parish of St. John the Baptist a certain sum of money,

Mr. Lewis gave notice that he would at some future day introduce the following bill:

'An act to amend the act entitled 'An act to amend the act entitled 'An act to repeal the act to grant to Hypolite Guidry, the exclusive privilege to establish and keep a ferry on the Mermentau River, in the parish of St-Landry for a determinate number of years; and to grant the said privilege to John Monton jr; under the conditions therein mentioned' approved, January 23d 1820.

Agreeably to previous notice, the same member introduced 'An act to provide for furnishing the police juries of the different parishes of the State, with copies of the assessment rolls of the taxable property within the said parishes', which was read for the first time and ordered for a second reading on to-morrow.

Mr. Lawson gave notice that he would at same future day, introduce 'An act to annex the parish of Livingston to the the third Judicial District of the State and the parish of East Feliciana to the eighth Judicial District to equalise the labors of the judges of said districts and for others purposes.'

The Speaker laid before the House, a message from the governor, transmitting the annual report of the public works. On motion ordered that the same be printed in pamphlet form.

The House took up the message from the Senate, requesting the concurrence of the House to the preamble attached to the resolutions requesting our Senators and Representatives in congress to use their best exertions to obtain a grant of land for the purposes of Public Education.

On motion ordered that the same be adopted.

The clerk was directed to inform the Senate thereof.

A message from the Senate by Mr. Davis their secretary informing the House that the Senate had rejected the resolution from the House relative to the expediency of calling a convention.

By the same message the concurrence of the House is requested in a resolution, directing the survey of the Petite Rivière, Rigolet Bon Dieu, Lake Bistineau and Bayou Dorcheat, and also in a resolution appointing a committee to visit the Penitentiary at Baton Rouge.

On motion ordered that that the House take a recess.

The House met again, and on motion ordered that the clerk do inform the Senate that the House is now ready to receive the Senate, in order to proceed to the election of a major general for the 1st Division Louisiana Militia.

The Senate entered the Hall of Representatives.

On motion ordered that two tellers be appointed.

Mr. Labranche was appointed on the part of the Senate, and Mr. Penn on the part of the House.

Each member having deposited his vote in the ballot box, it appeared that out of 60 members present: Mr. Debuys had obtained 26 votes.
Mr. Sparks 19
Mr. Lacoste 13
Blank 1
60

No member having obtained the requisite majority, the general assembly proceeded to second ballot, there being no election on the first.

Each member having again deposited his vote in the ballot box, it appeared that out of 60 members present: Mr. Debuys had obt. 31 votes.
Mr. Sparks 22
Mr. Lacoste 6
Blank 1
60

Mr. Debuys having obtained the requisite majority was declared duly elected major general for the 1st. Division of the Louisiana Militia.

The Senate withdrew:

The House took up the resolution from the Senate appointing a committee to visit the Penitentiary at Baton Rouge.

On motion ordered that the blank be filled with the word five and that said resolution be adopted.

The Speaker appointed Messrs. Lawson, Bickham, Bienvenu, Brazeale, Lavergne and the clerk was directed to inform the Senate thereof.

The House took up the resolution directing the survey of the Petits Rivière, Rigolet Bon Dieu, Lake Bistineau and Bayou Dorcheat.

On motion ordered that the same be concurred in and the clerk was directed to inform the Senate thereof. ORDER OF THE DAY.

The following resolutions were read for the second time and adopted.

'Resolved that a joint committee of the Senate and of three members of the House of Representatives, be appointed to examine into the situation of the Union Bank of Louisiana and to report the result of the investigation to the Legislature.

'Resolved that a joint committee of members of the Senate and three members of the House of Representatives be appointed to examine into the situation of the Mechanicks' and Traders' Bank of New-Orleans, and to report the result of their investigation to the Legislature.

'Resolved that a joint committee of members of the Senate and three members of the House of Representatives be appointed to examine into the situation of the Consolidated Association of the Planters of Louisiana, and to report the result of their investigation to the Legislature.

'Resolved that a joint committee composed of members of the Senate and three members of the House of Representatives be appointed to examine into the situation of the Bank of Louisiana, and to report the result of their investigation to the Legislature.

'Be it resolved that a joint committee of three members of the House of Representatives and members of the Senate be appointed to examine into the affairs of the New-Orleans Canal and Banking Company, and report the result of their investigation to the Legislature.'

The clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the Senate in the same.

Second Readings.

The following bills were read for the second time and ordered for a third reading on tomorrow.

'An act for the relief of George W. Addison of the parish of St. Landry.'

'An act to incorporate the Methodist Episcopal Church in the town of Alexandria, parish of Rapides.'

'An act to authorize the State Treasurer to pay a certain sum of money to the sheriff of the parish of St. Martin.'

'An act for the relief of Tho. A. Chew, tutor of Martha Ann and Mary Ann Davis.'

'An act authorizing the sale of certain property in the city of New-Orleans belonging to the State.'

'An act to incorporate the Medical Society of the city of New-Orleans and for other purposes.'

'An act to amend the act entitled 'An act relative to the Pedlars and Hawkers,' approved 16th March 1830.

'An act to create three additional notaries public for the parish of Rapides and for other purposes.'

'An act to provide for ascertaining and fixing the boundary lines of adjoining parishes.'

'An act to amend the act to incorporate the New-Orleans and Carrollton Rail Road Company.

'An act to repeal the act appointing weighers of cotton', approved March 24th. 1827.'

On motion, ordered that the act entitled 'An act to amend the act to incorporate the New-Orleans and Carrollton Rail Road Company,' be printed.

The House resumed the discussion of the bill entitled 'An act to incorporate the New-Orleans and Nashville Rail Road Company.'

On motion for the adoption of Mr. Winn's amendment to the 14th. section, which was insert, in the same of the words '*having for its object the connexion of New-Orleans and Mobile*' the following '*or any point in that direction.*

The yeas and nays were called for by the said member and it appeared that Messrs. Brazeale, Briggs, Bry, Couvillion, Daniel, Dosson, Landry, Lewis, Lawson, Montégut, Patin, Richardson, Sibley, Wilson and Winn had voted in the affirmative.—15 yeas.

And that Messrs. Armand, Augustin, Bickham, Brashear, Braux, Brown, Dubuys, Davenport, Dixon, P. A. Ducros, Fréret, Labatut, Lambremont, Lavergne, McAllister, Milligan, Néraut, Penn, Sheldon, Sparks, A. B. Thibodeaux and H. C. Thibodeaux had voted in the negative.—23 nays,

Consequently said amendment was rejected.

On motion for the rejection of the substitute offered by Mr. Winn to the 14th. section which reads as follows, to wit:

And that it further enacted, That the President and Directors of said company, or a majority of them, or any person or persons authorised by a majority of them, may agree with the owner, or owners of any land, earth, timber, gravel, stone, shells or other materials, or any improvements that may be wanted for the construction, repair, or maintenance of any such road or any of its works, for the purchase or occupation of the same; and if they cannot agree, or if the owner or owners of any such land be under any legal disability to contract or be absent or unknown, when such land or other materials shall be wanted, the same may be entered on by the company, and be estimated by the commissioners hereinafter mentioned and provided for; said commissioners, or a majority of them, shall reduce their inquisition to writing and sign the same, and shall deposit the the same with the clerk of the district court of the parish in which the property may be situated; and such inquisition shall describe the property taken, or the bounds of the land condemned, and such valuation when paid, or tendered to the owner or owners of said property, or his, her or their legal representatives or deposited with the said court for their use, shall entitle the said company to the estate and interest in the same thus valued as fully as if it had been conveyed by the owner or owners of the same. With a view to carry this act into full effect, the police juries of the several parishes through which the last cut shall pass, shall appoint by his ballot three commissioners, who shall be disinterested freeholders and actual inhabitants of the respective parishes of the said parish judges which commissioners, or a majority of them, shall assess all such damages as may arise in the progress of this work: that the said commissioners shall make all their valuations under oath: that whenever applied to either by the company, or by any other person who may be interested, it shall be their duty to repair to the place or places necessary to view, the land or materials to be valued; and proceed forthwith to assess the damages, according to the provisions of this act: said commissioners shall be entitled to receive from said company six dollars each, for each and every day they may be necessarily employed in their duties, together with one dollar for each and every twenty miles over which it is necessary for them to travel in the execution of their duties: provided, also, the said company shall not be compelled to arrest the progress of their work on account of any delays in making the valuation aforesaid: after the valuation shall have been paid or deposited by the first company as aforesaid, that the said valuation or valuations made under this act, after the return is made to the clerk's office as aforesaid, on application of any party interested, if regularly made, may be confirmed by said court by jury trial or otherwise and such assessment shall be final and conclusive on all parties and persons whatsoever, married women and minors, unless an appeal be taken therefrom to the proper tribunal, as in ordinary civil cases.

The yeas and nays were called for by said member and it appeared that Messrs. Armand, Augustin Bickham, Brashear, Braux, Brown, Davenport, Dixon, Ducros Aut. P. A. Ducros, Fréret, Haile, Labatut, Lavergne, Lawson, Lewis, Milligan, Montegut, Néraut, Penn, Penn, Sparks and H. C. Thibodeaux, had voted in the affirmative—23 yeas.

And that Messrs. Bienvenu, Brazeale, Bry, Couvillion, Briggs, Daniel, Delachaise, Dosson, Guillet, Lambremont Landry, McCallister, Patten, Richardson, Sheldon, Sibley, A. B. Thibodeaux, Wilson and Winn had voted in the negative—19 nays.

Said substitute was consequently rejected.

A message from the Senate by Mr. Davis their Secretary, requesting the concurrence of the house in the following resolutions.

"Resolved, That a joint committee of three members of the Senate and of the House be appointed for each of the following Banks:

Consolidated Association of the Planters of Louisiana.
Louisiana State Bank.
Bank of Louisiana.
Union Bank.
Mechanics' & Traders' Bank.
City Bank.
Canal Bank.
Commercial Bank.

The members of the committees on the part of the Senate are as follows:

For the Consolidated Association, Messrs. Nicholas, Tenney and Hoa.

For the Louisiana State Bank, Messrs. Dupré, Reid and Téte.

For the Union Bank, Messrs. Saunders, Hoa, and Brownson.

For the Mechanics' Bank, Messrs. Reid, Thomas and Porche.

For the City Bank, Labauve, Thomas and Lacoste.

For the Canal Bank, Messrs. Brownson, Labranche and Maddox.

For the Commercial Bank, Messrs. Hoa, Nicholas and Bossier.

For the Bank of Louisiana, Messrs. Tenney, Labranche and Moore.

During the discussion of the 15th section of the bill entitled "An act to incorporate the New-Orleans and Nashville Rail Road Company the House adjourned until Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

PARISH OF ORLEANS—Court of Probates—Sale by the register of wills—On Monday, the 9th day of March, 1835, at noon, I will expose for sale at auction, at the New Exchange Coffee House, for account of the succession of the late Saml. Spotts deceased, the following described property, to wit:

Five lots of ground, owned in common by the deceased, and William Henry Chase, the latter having consented that his right and interest therein be sold, situated in suburb Annunciation, above this city, designated by the numbers, one, two, three, four and five, in the square bounded by Market, St. John the Baptist, Jacob and Pacanniers streets, all of said lots adjoining each other and having English measure, each 25 feet 6 inches 7 lines front on Market street, between John the Baptist, and Pacanniers streets and extending in depth between parallel lines, 159 feet 9 inches together with all the improvements thereon, and all the rights, privileges, and advantages thereto belonging.

Said property will be sold according to a plan made by C F Zimpel, deputy city surveyor, on the 7th of April, 1833, and deposited in the office of Carlisle Pollock, Esq. not. pub. The purchaser of this property is to assume the payment of three promissory notes, each for the sum of $1333 1-3, dated the 15th day of April, 1833, and payable respectively at 1, 2, and 3 years; and the balance of the price, at 1-2, and 3 years credit from the day of sale, for good and approved endorsed notes, bearing interest at six per cent from the date of adjudication with mortgage until final payment. By order of the Court

jan 31 W. F. C. DUPLESSIS, register

REMOVAL.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public, that he has removed to the store in Camp street, No 132, opposite Lafayette Square, where he will keep constantly on hand an assortment of fine hanging paper landscapes, ornamental statues, fire place tapestry, elegant drawings, silk fringes, Lonback velvet, gilt ornaments, &c, &c. Also, a constant supply of MOSS, hair and feathers—ready made mattrasses, bolsters and pillows of every description and sold at moderate prices.

He repairs mattrasses, and hopes by his care and endeavors to please his customers and the public, to deserve the patronage he has been favored with.

2 or 3 good seamstresses may find employment in his establishment, either by the month or the year.

For sale, 150 bales MOSS.

jan 31—3t P. J. SALVETAT.

A active young man of family, who is well known in this city—speaks French, English and Spanish fluently—is desirous of finding employment as a Clerk or some other occupation. He refers to George Y. Bright, auctioneer, No 46, St Louis street. jan 30—10t

STATE OF LOUISIANA—Parish Court for the parish and city of New Orleans, present the Hon. Charles Maurian, judge, January 30, 1835.—No. 8036, Médéice Thomas vs. his creditors.—The cession of property by the petitioner is hereby accepted by the court for the benefit of his creditors, and it is ordered that a meeting for said creditors take place on Saturday the 14th day of February next, before Adolph Mazureau, Esq. not. pub. then and there to deliberate on the affairs of the petitioner, and in the mean time all proceedings against his person and property are stayed.

By order of the court,

jan 31 P A GUYOL, dep. clerk

E. Mazureau vs. G. Noyer.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the Hon. M. Blanche, presiding judge of the City Court of New Orleans, I shall expose at public sale, on Tuesday the 10th of February, 1835, at my office in St Anne street, No 30, sundry articles of GROCERY, &c, seized in the above suit.

Terms—cash.

jan 31 B BEAUREGARD, marshal

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the Hon. G. Bréval, associate judge of the city court of New Orleans, I shall expose at public sale, on Tuesday the 10th of February, 1835, at 4 o'clock P M, at my office in St Anne street, No 30, 100 volumes LAW BOOKS, seized at the suit of Lobroucke, Dossen & All.

jan 31 B BEAUREGARD, marshal

Thomas Coritraize vs. Catherine McCarty.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the Hon. A L Nauville, associate judge of the city court of New Orleans, I shall expose at public sale, on Tuesday the 10th day of February, 1835, at 4 o'clock P M, at my office in St Anne street, No 30, four Silver Spoons, one large Spoon, &c. Terms—cash.

jan 31 B BEAUREGARD, marshal

EXCHANGE on New York, for sale by
jan 29 WHITE & Co.

SALES AT AUCTION.

BY TRICOU, DOMINGON & CANONGE.

BY order of the parish judge for the parish and city of New Orleans, at the request of the syndic petitioner appointed by the said court, will be sold on Wednesday, the 4th Feb. 1835, at 10 o'clock, a m, at no. 35 New Levee street, fronting St. Mary, a quantity of dry goods, &c. &c. abandoned by Charles Stroll to favor of his creditors.

Terms: All sums under $100 cash; all sums of $100 and above, at 60 days for approved endorsed notes. jan 31

BY T MOSSY & GARIDEL.

WILL be sold, on Tuesday next the 5th February, at 12 o'clock, at Hewlett's Exchange.

A negress named Charlotte, about 30 years old, together with her 2 children, Elizabeth, a mulatto girl about 10 years, and Rosalie about 6 years old. Charlotte is somewhat cook, is good washer and ironer; Elizabeth handles the needle pretty well for her age. Said family is warranted free from the vices and diseases prescribed by law.

Terms, payable at 6 and 12 months credit for approved endorsed notes and mortgage until final payment.

The act of sale to be passed by L. T. Garidel, not. pub. at the expense of the purchaser. jan 31

BY TRICOU, DOMINGON & CANONGE.

WILL be sold to-morrow, 31st inst