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The New-Orleans Daily Bee.

Thursday Morning, Nov. 4, 1847.

Correction.—We erred in stating yesterday that the Whigs had lost a Representative in the Assembly compared with the last election. On the contrary they have gained one nett, which offsets the Whig loss of one member in the Parish of Jefferson. The account stands so far—one gain in Orleans, one in St Bernard, one probably in Ascension, one Representative and a Senator in St James, and a loss of a Representative in Jefferson.

A few Plain Words.

It is useless to disguise the fact that circumstances, connected with the late election, have occasioned serious discontent among the Whigs of the Second Municipality. A large number of complaints that the brunt of the contest was thrown upon the shoulders of the young men, while the old members of the party who had been, time and again, the recipients of offices of trust and emolument, stood aloof, and either declined to mingle in the fray, or did their share of voting coldly and reluctantly—So far as the source of heart burning is concerned, are we free to admit that it is not wholly unfounded. Some of the leaders of the Whig party in other sections of the city are entirely too prone, when immediately and personally interested in the result, to release themselves from the burthen and cares of an active canvass, and to devolve the labor upon the youthful and ardent Whigs—upon those who do the work without enjoying the honors and profits of the canvass. An intense and settled determination appears to pervade the Whigs that this selfish policy shall no longer be endured, and the noble band who stood unflinchingly at the post Monday last and toiled to the close of the struggle for the success of the ticket, now resolve that in future they and their friends will claim a majority of those public and official honors, which have heretofore been almost exclusively enjoyed by others. This is right, and must come ere long.

We have, however, some to consider another cause assigned for the disaffection to be discerned among the Whigs, and candor compels us to hold a brief moment. Tempered by a considerable portion of friendly, that many Whigs of the Second Municipality were reluctants to their support of Gen. Lewis, because they sustained John L. Lewis, Esq., in his contest with Judge Eustis, and it is even said that those who were unfavorable the appellation of Whig repudiated by the party. We are free to say, in this—at once precautionary and unprovoked—we have received no such complaining protest. Let us say what we may, there was a contest for Sheriff. Gen. Lewis, as well as a Democrat—Mr. Clarke as a Whig—but neither had been nominated by the usual and honored usages of party.—The whole question as to Independent Candidacies, as any of the self constituted Committees for Tax Collectors; Auditor of Accounts, Justices of the Peace or Constables, under these circumstances what they will, is a subject apart from their party a right to support Mr. Claiborne?—Have the Democracy any right to denounce as deserters from the Democratic ranks those highly respectable members of society of Whigs, who, admiring the character of Gen. Lewis as a gentleman and an honorable opponent, voted for the latter as Sheriff? Lewis is esteemed as efficient and impartial in the discharge of his office, and