THE BEE.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED DAILY BY
JOSEPH E. HAWES.

SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 27, 1832.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,

ANDREW JACKSON.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

MARTIN VAN BUREN.

ELECTORS
OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT.

First District—JOHN B. PLAUCHE.
Second District—THOMAS W. SCOTT.
Third District—TRASIMOND LANDRY.
Fourth District—ALEXANDER MOUTON.
Fifth District—GEN. WM. H. OVERTON.

☞ PLACIDE BOISIER, having declined the nomination of elector of president and vice president, on account of severe indisposition, the central republican committee have substituted general WALTER H. OVERTON, in his place.

GOVERNOR,

J. B. DAWSON.

THIRD WARD—*REPUBLICAN MEETING.*

The citizens of the third ward, friendly to the re election of our present chief magistrate, general ANDREW JACKSON, are requested to assemble at the TONTINE COFFEE HOUSE, **THIS EVENING**, 27th inst., at 6 o'clock, for the purpose of adopting suitable measures for the support of the electoral ticket.

FIRST WARD—*REPUBLICAN MEETING.*

The citizens of the first ward friendly to the re election of ANDREW JACKSON, are requested to assemble at Richardson's Hotel on Monday evening next, 29th inst. at 6 o'clock, for the purpose of adopting suitable measures for the support of the Republican Electoral Ticket.

Mr. CHARLES LEMAITRE authorizes us to announce, that his name was placed on a Clay committee of vigilance, by the meeting held at Davis', on Saturday evening last, without his authorization or consent.

☞ The public will bear in mind that a collection will be taken up in all the Churches, to-morrow, for the benefit of the sufferers by the wreck of the French ship Poulty.

The northern mail, of yesterday brought New York dates to the evening of the 12th, and 'corresponding dates from the other cities. They contain no news.

From New Jersey we learn that the Jackson ticket, with the single exception of the candidate for the sheriffalty, has succeeded in Somerset county. In Middlesex, so far, the Jackson ticket is considerably ahead, and in Hunterdon it triumphed by from 3 to 400. The nationals have abandoned all hopes of success in the counties of Morris, Warren, and Monmouth. Bravo, New Jersey!

The ken of prophecy alone can calculate the result of the recent state elections in Pennsylvania. That Wolf, the democratic candidate for governor, will have been elected, is conceded on all hands; but whether by a majority of 15,000, or 26,000, (his majority over Ritner in 1829) is uncertain. It is a question of very little consequence however. The following comprise all the complete returns that have come to hand:

	Wolf.	*Ritner.*
Philadelphia City	3558	4957
Philadelphia County	918	1891
Juniata	686	692
Dauphin	1577	2284
Schuylkill	1232	873
Northampton	3461	1820
Lehigh	1564	1624
Bucks	3170	2964
	13,469	21,555
	21,555	
Majority for Wolf	914	

In addition to the above, it is reported in the Philadelphia American Sentinel of the 13th, that Susquehanna county has given Wolf a majority of a thousand; and Centre a majority of 350! thus increasing the democratic majority to 2764, from which is to be deducted 73 for Mifflin, and 6 for Juniata, being the reported majority of Ritner in those two counties. The above embraces all the "authentic intelligence of the election" in Pennsylvania; and we expect, as a matter of course, to find it all in the Argus of this morning.

A letter from Harrisburg, published in the Sentinel, states that Lycoming county gave 800 majority for Ritner; Union 1000; Huntingdon; 518; York, 17; Franklin about 200; Adams, 648; and Pittsburg, 49; Lebanon 904; Dauphin, 713 —together, 3328, which added to official returns gives Ritner 24,883 votes (not majority) in all the counties that have been heard from.

As an offset to these, we have 27,469 votes for Wolf by the complete returns from 10 counties copied above — Then we have by report, one way bills and by letters received in Philadelphia, intelligence that Perry county has given a majority 642 for Wolf; Northumberland, 337; Columbia 600; Pike 583; Wayne 301; Luzerne 480; Cumberland 509,—making, together, 28,411 votes for Wolf, in all the counties yet heard from. The account stands thus:

Wolf	28,411
Ritner	24,883
Majority thus far for Wolf	4,528

The northern counties, which are yet to be heard from, are those that are the least likely to be influenced by the bank; they will give sweeping majorities for the democratic candidates.

But, after all, it is agreed by the Pennsylvanian and National Gazette, that vote for governor will not afford a proper criterion of the electoral election. The elections of members of congress in the districts that have given majorities to Ritner prove this: the republican candidates are elected in nearly every district; and the Harrisburgh Reporter asserts that the returns of members of assembly already recieved, assure the election of a republican national senator, in the place of Mr. Dallas, whose term expires in March next.

Such is a fair and impartial survey of all the intelligence which we have received, from both friends and foes, of the result of the late elections in Pennsylvania. If the *Packenham* party here can gather any comfort from it, they are welcome to it. They know full well that the remaining counties will carry in the democratic candidates by a triumphant majority; but, if our opponents doubt the correctness of our figures, let them convince us that they are in earnest in claiming the election of Ritner, by taking up the bet of our "Yankee," or of our "Cash-Down." If they do not do this they should confess that they are not genuine disciples of Henry Clay, who, in his place in the senate, declared that he "would not be gut bragged!"

FIFTH WARD REPUBLICAN MEETING.

A meeting of the republican citizens of the fifth ward of the city of New-Orleans was held, in pursuance of previous notice, on Thursday evening the 25th instant, at the Franklin Hall. Mr. B. MONTREUIL, was called to the chair;—Messrs. H. T. SMITH and WM. SHEPPARD, were appointed vice presidents and Mr. OCTAVE S. ROUSSEAU, secretary.

The objects of the meeting having been stated from the chair, Mr. James R. Storrer, in answer to repeated calls, rose and addressed the meeting, in his usual felicitous manner, Mr. E. Louvel also addressed the meeting in French.

On motion, Messrs. Rousseau, Cooper and Whitaker were appointed a committee to draft resolutions expressive of the sentiments of the meeting. The committee, after having retired for a few minutes, reported, through Mr Octave S. Rousseau, the following preamble and resolutions:

At no period of our political history have great obstacles presented themselves in the path of the chief magistrate of the republic, than during the administration of ANDREW JACKSON. In one state of the union the threat to nullify the laws of congress has been openly made, and dissolution of the union loudly proposed, if they have hitherto enjoyed the almost confidence of the people, and whose sincerity of purpose cannot be doubted.

The Indian tribes of the southern and western states, had, previous to the accession of ANDREW JACKSON to the presidency, come in collision with the state governments; and the most alarming difficulties were thrown in the way of an amicable adjustment, by the obstinacy and fanaticism of the contending party.

The tariff law, beneath which yawned the awful gulf of dissension, also furnished the theme of agitation to disappointed and ill-tried demi politicians, who, for their misdeeds, had forfeited the confidence of the people. A league was made between the putative father of what is falsely called "the American system," and the chief of the nullifiers—the one was to add, if possible, to the inequalities of that unequal law, the last tariff, for the purpose of affording to the other an ostensible pretext for a dissolution of the union, with the diabolical expectation, that, amidst the civil war which they would thus bring upon our beloved country, they would be thrown into the places of power, whereby the calmer moments of the people, they could never hope to regain.—Now was this the only object of the league that was ratified between the putative author of Carolina's wrongs, and the champion who has stepped forward to redress them by nullification; they have waged an unceasing and indiscriminate warfare—a warfare in which the bounds of courtesy and political amenity were entirely lost sight of—against the acts of the administration, utterly regardless of their tendency to the public good.

At a moment of such public excitement; when a presidential election was approaching, when the national legislature was over burdened by a press of public business, the United States have thought proper to come forward and ask an extension of its privileges. Its charter had then four years to run. The application was contrary to the advice of the secretary of the treasury, the representative of the seven millions of stock owned by the government. It was obvious that that particular juncture was chosen for political purposes, *in order to afford the bank the opportunity of wielding* the rod of terror over the president.

The foreign relations of the country were also in a state of almost hopeless confusion, when Andrew Jackson was called by a grateful people to wield the destinies of our republic. Our foreign ministers were either slumbering on their posts for want of decisive instructions, or were making annual promises through the executive message which were year after year renewed with fresh disappointment, until even hope itself was fatigued and was ready to yield to despair.

Such are some of the obstacles with wich a reckless opposition have crowded at every step, the pathway of our patriot president. But in spite of these, order has come out of chaos—light out of darkness, under the vigilant eye of Andrew Jackson. Rebellion is rebuked and stands abashed—the Indians have been amicable removed beyond the baneful influence of the white man—the tariff has been adjusted upon more equitable principles, and the tranquility of the republic assured—the difficulties that had so long existed with foreign nations are adjusted spoliations upon our commerce are compensated—new avenues of trade are opened—a new and vigorous impulse is imparted to our foreign relations—and those who presumptuously supposed that Andrew Jackson dared not, at this time, veto the bank bill, have been taught that he does not stand, like their own needy creditors, a mere creature of their will, and to be blast d by their frown; they have been taught to appreciate that inflexible integrity of soul that can disregard all considerations of self, when they come in conflict with his duties as a public officer.

For the foregoing considerations, be it

Resolved, That the republican citizens of the 5th ward render the tribute of their gratitude to Andrew Jackson, under whose administration all these signal advantages have been derived to the country; that they have unlimited confidence in his integrity as a man, and in his wisdom as a statesman; and that they pledge their united and most energetic efforts to secure the election of the electoral ticket nominated by the republican state convention.

Resolved That in furtherance of this object, Messrs. M. Shepherd, O. Rousseau, A. Lara, F. Duplantier, J. Aguilo, U. D. Smith L. Dumoy, C. Dumoy, T. P. Coujolles, P. Power, w. Clark, W. H. Whitaker, J. B. Rousseau, F. Constantine, F. Rabouin, fils, E. A. Roche, E. Montegut, Michel Youtz, Jules Chapron, F. Gonzales, W. Caldwell, J. Paturzo, S. M. Woolfolk, Charles L. maitre, constitue, together with those appointed at the general republican meeting, the committee of vigilance of the 5th ward.

Resolved, That as republican citizens, we view with indignation the attempts that are being made to thwart the manifest will of the people, a second time, by the "intrigue, bargain & corruption" of an election for president in the national house of representatives.

Resolved, That when bankrupt political aspirants of every hue and feature—with no other band of union than a common hatred of democratic principles, are found leagning together, before the people to be watchful and vigilant of their rights, and to make their voice heard in such a manner that their agents and representatives will not dare to disregard it, by basely "bargaining" a man into the presidency against the will of the people.

The foregoing resolutions, having been read and seconded, were carried by acclamation. It was then, on motion:

Resolved, That these proceedings be published in French and English in all the republican papers of this city.

Resolved, That the thanks of the meeting are due to Mr. Cawldwell for the polite manner in which he tendered the use of his hall; and also to the president, vice-presidents and secretary, for their services on the present occasion. The meeting then adjourned.

B. MONTREUIL, President.
H. T. SMITH,
W. SHEPPARD, Vice-Presidents.
Octave S. Rousseau, Secretary.

GOOD NEWS FROM OHIO.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Cincinnati, dated October 11.—In Ohio gen. Jackson's cause flourishes with new and abiding vigour. The honest, subermuided farmers are every where delighted with the discomfiture of the monied aristocracy. The courage with which the president has grappled with the devouring monster, the bank, has subdued the animosities of his enemies and won their hearts. It must surely be a bad institution, or it would have been sustained by the pecuniary, who are ever the friends of virtue and patriotism. They do not talk or write so much as the ruffle shirted gentry of the cities—but they live for their county, work for it, fight for it, and if necessary, will die for it: these are the men who are determined to re-elect Andrew Jackson president of the U. States.

R. Lytle, the Jackson candidate for Hamilton county, including this city, has just been elected to congress by a majority of 814 votes. Lucas, the Jackson candidate for governor will be chosen without much opposition. It is probable the whole Western Reserve will come over to the support of the administration, and give the electoral vote for gen. Jackson, far beyond that of 1828.

FOR THE NEW ORLEANS BEE

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

To the Louisianians, particularly those of the descent.

LETTER—NO. 1.

"The first and the last thing I would say to you is, THINK FOR YOURSELVES."—*Wright.*

My fellow-citizens: I am void of prejudices, yet I have my predilections; I judge for myself, and I try to respect the opinions of others, unless they be insane, groundless, or absurd. I do not presume to set myself up as an instructor; yet I hope we shall reciprocally derive information from a free communication of our reflections. It does not always happen, that a man takes up his pen to write upon a subject because he previously, understands it to the bottom; but he understands it because he writes upon it, brings the question nearer to the mind, and examines it in all its bearings (see Goodwin's Inquirer.) Having thought impartially on public affairs, I shall speak freely of our rights, duties and interests, as citizens and members of this union.

Thanks be to providence! that freedom of investigation, so long forbidden throughout christendom, and yet only existing by sufferance and very partially under the arbitrary governments of Europe, is here guaranteed by a constitutional clause: "Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof, or abridging the freedom of speech or of the press:" &c. (first amendment.) Immense are the advantages enjoyed by the American people, "*ma si bond sorint!*" Who can remember, without horror, the tortures applied at the *castle of St. Angelo* in Rome, to the members of an "Academy" for discussing literary, mathematical, and philosophical subjects! "Twenty were questioned on the *rack* during two days. "You would have imagined says Platind, that the castle was turned into the hall of Pharlaries, so loud the hollow vault resounded with the cries of those miserable young men, *who were an honor to their age for genius and learning.*" Pomponio and Platina were pre-eminent associates of this academic society. The latter having his limbs dislocated to extort a confession of criminal design, which were never conceived but in the jealous heart of the pontiff Paul and his sacerdotal myrmidons! He lived however to describe the infernal scene and he worse than hellish actors, with an exactness that makes the reader's blood boil with an honest fury, even at this distance of time.

When the two learned brothers, the Portas, in conjunction with the Margins of Manso, instituted another academy of philosophical research, "the court of Rome" filled up with all its fears, and prohibited the [illegible] from holding such assemblies, or applying themselves to those *illicit sciences*, whose amusements [illegible] and turn us aside from the study of the [illegible] natures."† The tartuffers! Galileo, the astronomer, addicted himself to such "illicit sciences;" observed that the planets moved around the sun, and was published by cowl'd monks and inquisitors, *for knowing more than others*, and proclaiming what he knew. How great a debt does the civilized world owe to that wonderful, persevering, and versatile genius, VOLTAIRE, for his successful attack on intolerance in his essay on toleration! He pushed such a knowledge of human nature, and was such a master of elegant irony and ridicule, that he *shamed* whom he could not confince, and almost instantly put an end to prosecutions for the imaginary crimes of witch-craft. His philosophical Dictionary, now in the hands of every liberal man. I was nigh saying every civilized being, secures the conquest he had made. It unites the useful and agreeable so closely as to bear off universal applause. But, the well known praise bestowed by our Franklin "out weighs a whole crowd of others."

How much need there was for this medicine for the mind, in a world so diseased, the history of the French Academy would, of itself, attest, but for the vanity of cardinal *Richelieu*, who wished to render it subservient to his fame, it would have been suppressed, like a serpents brood, in the shell!"—The royal society of London, formed to forward "*a philosophy of mankind,*" not of any sect, religious or political, was near its ruin from the jealousy of a Charles and the pedantry of a James. It was a fundamental rule not to meddle with religion or politics. Therefore, Sir Isaac Newton and his colleagues would not suffer the "society for promoting christian knowledge" to hold its meetings in the same hall where the royal society used to assemble. This *veto* was at once prudent and necessary.

A comparison with modern, present, *actual* Europe will make us almost equally proud of our lot. The printer of Lord Byron's fine satire on the tyranny practised in the reign of George III. was found guilty of a libel by a London jury,—long after the death of that maniac though the "vision of judgment" was written in answer to a fulsome panegyric by the poet laureat, Southey!

In France, the press is yet more shackled than in England; and none can obtain license to publish a newspaper without holding a certain share in the public funds! In truth, Louis Philip seems to be the most base, false, and machiavelian of all the Bourbons.

Speculative writers have told us, that if Charles Martel had not defeated the Mussulmans on the plains of Tours, all Europe and America should be Mahometan at the present day, wearing turbans, and disputing about the Koran. Well! Christian doctors and metaphysicians have sometimes palmed upon us theological *reveries and sophisms equally preposterous.* But the simplicity of the gospel precepts and their truth agree with human reason and the moral sense so well, as to allow that progression in christian nations which the theoretic Koran shuts out. Error with us is not eternal. We carry along with us the principle of improvement and change. So writers have philosophized "on the history of events which have not happened." (D'Israeli.)

This leads to another supposal. Could Louisiana have continued under the rule of such monarchs as Louis XIV. intolerance would yet be the fashion. When the fugitives to Carolina, under the edict of Nantz begged afterwards, to be permitted to come and settle in this *quondam* colony, the Count Pontchartrain told them officially, that the king his master has not expelled heretics from her kingdom in Europe to permit them to form a republic in America." Yet Louis himself, saw the impolicy of religious persecution, and confesses it in his "instructions to the Dauphin," written with his own hand. The clergy and the pope in his old age had made a dupe of him.

In process of time Louisiana was most reluctantly ceded to the United States, to prevent England from taking possession of it, after her infraction of the treaty of Amiens; Bonaparte frankly declaring that he renounced it "*avec un vif déplaisir.*" M. Barbe Marbois, his minister, had advised the measure, as beneficial to both parties, especially to Louisiana, which should reap greater advantages as composing part of an independent nation, than the colonial condition allowed. "Vous y motorier les loises lorn ales incessamment aux presses avec colles de la metropoley" said he to Buonaparte;—and Buonaparte yielded to necessity.

We are now American and republican. In war, you discharge your duties manfully: in peace you will perform them independently. It will not, surely be necessary to adopt Solon's law, to drag you to the polls! That compelled the Athenians in all *momentous* questions to espouse one side or other, and give their opinion by vote.

The re-election of gen. Jackson is on the tapis, and great questions are on the carpet beside. Let us but conscientiously do our duty now, and reflection and remembrance will console us through life and in death. I shall not trespass upon you with more than three plain letters, on the subject of the approaching election. Should I glide into an error of any kind, I shall deem the man a real friend, who points it out.

ONE OF COLBERT'S SCHOOL.
Near New Orleans, 23d Oct., 1832.

DIED—In this City, on the 26th inst. Mr. JOHN ANDREWS, Printer, formerly of Pittsburg, Pa.

We have been authorized to offer the following bets;—to-wit:

$200	that JACKSON will have the majority in the state.				
200	that he will have 100 votes majority.				
200	"	"	200	"	"
200	"	"	300	"	"
200	"	"	400	"	"
200	"	"	500	"	"
200	"	"	600	"	"
200	"	"	700	"	"

AND ALSO $500 That he will have the majority in the Parish of Orleans.

To the Editor of the Bee:

SIR.—Notwithstanding the loud and lengthy paeans of triumph sung for [illegible] the wealth, talents and respectability," *id est*, Mr. Gibson, Col. Bray, &c. on a recent local "triumph" as they call it in Pennsylvania, I propose to any of the faction to bet ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS that the vote of that State will be given to the OLD HERO.

CASH DOWN.

N. B. The money will be forthcoming on application to the Editor of the Bee.

To the Editor of the New-Orleans Bee.

The Anti-Masonic Clay men have exulted and crowed without bounds on the result of the ward elections in the city of Philadelphia. All the Greeks don't live in Corinth. Philadelphia is not Pennsylvania—and to back this my opinion, offer to bet SIX HUNDRED DOLLARS that the electoral vote of Pennsylvania will be given to ANDREW JACKSON. The money to be deposited in the hands of any gentleman who is agreeable to both parties.

A YANKEE.

P. S. The money will be forth coming on application at the office of the BEE.

TO THE PUBLIC.

DOCTOR A. BINAGHI, who was on the point of departure for Mexico, having been solicited by several of his friends, both in private and professional life, to defer his departure in order to devote his services to those who may be attacked with the ASIATIC CHOLERA, which is said to have found its way into Louisiana, informs the public that he may be consulted on the subject of that or any other disease, at No. 129 Bourbon street. The destitution of patients, when inability shall have been made evident by the certificates of his honor the Mayor, or the Aldermen of the city, will be taken into consideration.

N. B. Dr. Binaghi offers to the public the anti cholorie potion, known under the name of "Kyels Kyroda," from the name of an old Lithuanian Jew, who was its first inventor, and which has since been improved by Doct. B. Its excellencies has been proved by the happy results which has been obtained from it in Poland, France and New York. The bottles, of which he is the sole vendor, will have his seal and signature, together with directions for use, and the diet which is to be observed in order to secure success. oct 27

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD.

STOLEN on the night of the 24th, inst. from the arbour of Widow Mayronne, at her dwelling, faubourg Montégut, a small box containing the following notes:

A promisary note of $1377 96, payable on the 3d of June 1837, at the order of Madame Mayronne, drawn by Mr. Amédée Gardanne and Madame Gardanne.

Also, another note of $100, payable on the 1st of January, 1833, at the order of Miss E. Gardanne, drawn by Mr. Amédée Gardanne.

The payment of the above notes has been stopped.

Also, 350 dollars in bank notes, 60 dollars more or less in silver, and several papers relative to the estate of Mayronne.

The above reward shall be given to whoever will bring the mentioned papers and the money to Widow Mayronne. oct 26

THE subscriber having found a note drawn to order for four hundred and sixty-five dollars, the person who lost it is requested to call for it at the corner of Royal and Orleans streets.

oct 19 JULES DUMAS.

Marine Journal.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Champion, Duncan, Havre and a market, F Perret
Brig Herschel, Williams, Gibraltar, Cockayne Watts & co.
Feluca Emolio, Soto, Havana, Tufts & Clarke
Schr Josefa, Dorantes, Campeachy, F Tio

ARRIVED.

Steame; Grampus, Lewis, fm S W Pass: brought up from sea ship Missouri from Bordeaux, and ship Geo Clinton fm New York; schr La Carmen from Havana, and schr Comet from the wreck of ship Trenity, off Taza Point. Left the bar on Thursday afternoon. Towed in over the bar schr Ann Howland; a ship and brig at anchor inside the bar.—The steamer Porpoise had just towed in over the bar packet ship Natchez, Reed, fm N York

Ship Missouri, Birkett, 48 days fm Bordeaux, to J and C Gainier, with full cargo. For the names of the consignees and passengers, see French page. Left at Bordeaux for this port ship Hewes, Spear, to sail on the 1st Oct; brig N Orleans, to sail immediately.

Ship Geo. Clinton, Woodhouse, fm New York, to White & co; with assorted cargo to sundries. Passengers, Mrs Tetterton and two children, Messrs W Oar scader, J Stewart, Jamison, Smith, Rutherford, Mellom, Silverbury, L Bouire, Kenwill, 115 in the steerage.

Schr Clito, Tanner, fm Newport, with onions, potatoes, &c. to the master.

Schr Carmen, fm Havana, to Estevanille & Courvall; cargo, segars, fruit &c to sundries.

Schr Comet, from the wreck of the ship Trinity, off Tyger point. Reports her a total loss; was unable to save any thing but a coil of rope—the ship was sunk 12 feet under water.

Steamer Monticello, Patterson, from Plaquemine, with 12 bales cotton to Maurin & O'Duhig; 20 hhds sugar to Arnous & Pedrosa; 17 rolls leather to Lobre. Orsin & co; 22 do Toledano & Legendre. Passengers, Col. Morse and family, J Hall and family, Mrs Ramsey, and others; 21 on deck.

IN THE RIVER.

Brig Motion, Rogers, fm Boston: cargo to Bridge and Voss; Stillwell & Kimball; R Layton; Hall, Hopkins & co; Hopkins & Hallen; E L Tracy, J Oxinard, jr; M & A D Cuddy & Thayer; Hurd & co; Tufts & Clarke; T David; Bullard & Shipman; M Carroll; Whitall, Jaudon & co; Harrod & Conkies; M White; H R Lee & co; Puech & Bein; J A Merle & co; W A Gasquet & co; Cooper, Caruthers, & co; W G Howes; Lincoln & Green; Collins & Hilton; G L Rogers; Barnes & Bates; E Woodbury.

DEPARTED

Last evening, steamer Alps, Leach, with ship Champion, for Havre, brig Delight for Marseilles, brig Wm Henry for Philadelphia, and brig Clarinette for Havana.

☞ The Grampus, Lewis, will depart for sea this evening with brig Herschell, Williams, for Gibraltar, feluca Emelia for Havana, and shcr Josepha, Dorantes, for Campeachy.

☞ NOTICE.—A collection will be taken up tomorrow morning in the Presbyterian Church for the benefit of the sufferers of the ship *Trinite*, wrecked on the coast of Louisiana.

THE cargo of the brig *Manon, from Boston, now* aground at the Bar, is discharging from the steamboat Post Boy, at Marigny's Canal. Consignees are requested to pay immediate attention to the receipt of their goods. oct 27

THE *price of fresh flour being this day* $7 50 per barrel, according to the [illegible] the bakers must give, during the ensuing week, 37 ounces of bread for a bit. oct 27

NOTICE—The subscriber offers for sale GRAINS for cane carriers to sugar mills, made in this country, which are superior to those made elsewhere. The links are Malta Copper. He will also execute all kinds of iron work for sugar mills, steam boats &c. as the shortest notice and will attend whenever his services may be required either by night or by day. His residence is in Levee street, near the Rail Road.

oct 27 J. MAIGNAN.

NOTICE is hereby given to the creditors of the vacant succession of the late Antoine André, to present the amount of their claims together with their foundation, to the undersigned, curator of said succession, without delay.

oct 27 PIERRE DINET.

NOTICE.—The copartnership heretofore existing between Lanauze & Dumas is dissolved by mutual consent. M. Lanauze is charged with the liquidation of all the debts due by the said firm as well as the collection of all the debts due to it. LANAUZE.

oct 27 F. DUMAS.

MACKEREL &c.—200 barrels No. 1 and 50 bls No. 2 Mackerel, 400 reams Wrapping Paper, 90 bundles Shearing do. landing and for sale by

oct 27 LINCOLN & GREEN.

The Orleans Navigation Company vs. Schooner Esperance, Captain and Owners.

BY virtue of a writ of *fi. fa.* to me directed, by the honorable G. Preval, associate Judge of the city court of New Orleans, I shall expose for sale on Wednesday the 28th of November, at 12 o'clock, at noon, at the exchange coffee house, corner of St Louis and Chartres streets, the schr. Esperance, her tackle, and furniture, seized in the above suit.

oct. 27 E. DAUNOY, *Marshal.*

Robert Kerby vs. Bacon.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias directed to me by the hon. G. Preval, associate judge of the City Court, I shall expose to sale on Friday, the 16th of November, at 4 o'clock, in front of the Bar hall's Office, one silver pint mug, Watch, seized in the above suit. oct 27 L. DAUNOY, marshal

J. M'Hullen vs. J. Delaney. L. O'Neal vs. the same. J. Murray vs. the same.

BY virtue of three writs of fieri facias to me directed I shall expose for sale at the Exchange Coffee House, corner of St Louis and Chartres streets, on Friday the 9th November, about 1200 solid yards of River Sand, laying on the road opposite to the plantation of Chas. Coffin, about two miles below town, to be sold at 12 o'clock. Seized by privilege.

oct 27 L. DAUNOY, marshal

D. Burjon vs. John S. Bein.

BY virtue of a writ of *fi. fa.* to me directed, by the honorable G. Preval, associate Judge of the Court of New Orleans, I shall expose for sale on Monday the 5th November, at 4 o'clock, at the principal, 12 chairs, 2 tables, &c. Seized in the above suit.

oct. 27 L. DAUNOY, *Marshal.*

J. F. Mayo vs. Thomas Donaho.

BY virtue of a writ of *fi. fa.* to me directed, by the honorable Charles Gayarre, presiding Judge of the city court of New Orleans, I shall expose for sale on Wednesday the 31st of October, at 4 o'clock, on the premises, corner of Girod and Tchoupitoulas sts. the following articles, counters, shelves, decanters, tables, billiard table, bed, and bedding, one bureau, lamps, and globe blankets, and sundry other household furniture. Seized in the above suit.

oct. 27 L. DAUNOY, *Marshal.*

Gras & Picquet vs. P. Madras.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the hon. G. Préval, associate judge of the City Court, I shall expose for sale on Monday, 29th October, at 4 o'clock P. M. at the Marshal's Office, St. Ann street, sundry articles of dry goods, seized in the above suit. L. DAUNOY,

oct 19 marshal

COURT OF PROBATES.—*Sale by the Register of Wills.*—Will be exposed for sale, on Wednesday the 7th day of November next, at 4 o'clock P. M. in St. Peter street, between Chartres and levee streets, opposite the public square, for account of the succession of the late *Pierre Nicholas Glaçon*: 15 barrels flour and sundry articles of wearing apparel. Terms cash.

By order of the Court.

oct 27 MARTIN BLACHE, Register.

COURT OF PROBATES—*Sale by the Register of Wills.*—On Tuesday the 27th of November 1832, at noon, I shall expose for sale at Hewlett's coffee-house, for the account of the estate of the late Henry Hugont alias Jean Bart f. c. m., a lot of ground of an irregular form, situated in Ursulines street, between Robertson and Claiborne streets, designated by No. 17, and measuring 40 feet 7 inches front by 100 feet in depth on one line and 105 f et 8 inches 8 1-4 on the other line, and 5 feet 2 inches 8 1-3 in width on the back line.

Terms of sale: 1/5 cash and the balance at 6, 12, 18 and 24 months credit, in notes to be divided into shares and satisfactorily endorsed, with special mortgage. By order of the court.

oct 27 MARTIN BLACHE, Register.

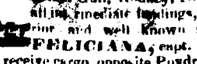
N. B. The act of sale to be passed by L. Féraud notary, at the expense of the purchaser.

FOR SALE—A valuable lot of ground situated in Faubourg Daunoy, between Bienville street and the Port, bounded on one side by the property of Mr. Pilie, surveyor, and on the other side by that of Mr. Reggio, and measures 60 feet front on the river by 120 in depth. If the above property is not disposed of at private sale by the 1st of December, it will be offered at auction. For terms apply on the premises.

oct 6 WIDOW MERIEULT.

A GOOD GIG for sale. Apply at No. 135, Louis street. oct 20

FOR VICKSBURG,



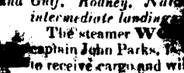
Bayou Sara, Gulf, Rodney, Natchez and all intermediate landings, the superior and well known steamboat FELICIANA, capt. BARRETT is now ready to receive cargo, opposite Poydras street, and will positively leave on Thursday next, the 25th inst. at 10 o'clock. For freight or passage having excellent accommodations, apply on board or to

FOSTER & HUTTON.

oct 19 No. 77 Canal street.

FOR MANCHESTER, (Yazoo)

Vicksburg, Grand Gulf, Rodney, Natchez, and all intermediate landings.

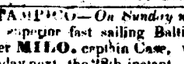


The steamer WOODSMAN, captain John Parks, is now ready to receive cargo and will have despatch. The Woodsman is a small first rate boat, and being also of a light draught of water for her class, it is expected that she will proceed with ease as high up the Yazoo river as Manchester. For freight or passage apply on board opposite Gratier street, or to

FOSTER & HUTTON.

oct 15 77 Canal street.

FOR TAMPICO—*On Sunday next,*



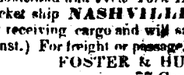
The superior fast sailing Baltimore built schooner MILO, captain Case, will positively sail on Sunday next, the 28th instant. For freight or passage having good accommodations, apply on board, *upper side of the ferry, or to*

HARRISON, BROWN & Co.

oct 24 117, Royal street

FOR NEW YORK,

(Louisiana and New York Line.)

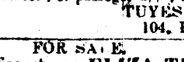


The packet ship NASHVILLE, captain Jackson, is now receiving cargo and will sail on Sunday next (28th inst.) For freight or passage, apply to

FOSTER & HUTTON.

oct 23 77 Canal street.

FOR TAMPICO.

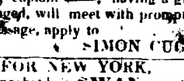


The Mexican schooner PAULINA, captain WILLIAMS, will positively sail for the above port, on the 25th of October. For freight of the bulk of several barrels, or passage, apply to

TUYES & CO.

october 20 104, Royal street

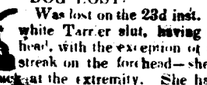
FOR SALE.



The fine schooner ELIZA-THOMAS, advantageously known, and ready to go to sea. Apply to captain De la Rue, or to

oct 20 TUYES & Co. 104, Royal st.

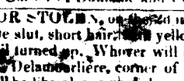
FOR VERA CRUZ.



The good schooner WILLIAM A. TURNER, captain ——, having a great part of her freight engaged, will meet with prompt despatch; for freight or passage, apply to

SIMON CUCULLU.

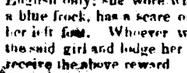
FOR NEW YORK.



The packet brig SWAN, captain Snell, having a great part of her cargo engaged and going on board, will have early despatch. For freight or passage, apply to S. P. MORGAN & CO.

oct 6 43 Camp street.

DOG LOST.

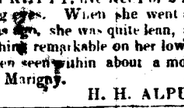


Was lost on the 23d inst. a small white Tarrier slut, having a black head, with the exception of a white streak on the forehead—she has a long tail, and black at the extremity. She had on a green morocco collar, with the subscriber's name on it, she is big with pups but is very young, and answers to the name of FLORA. She was recently bought from on board of the Natchez and has not yet her hair. A liberal reward will be given to whoever will bring her back to the subscriber. L. G. ARRAIZA,

oct 27 Corner of Dumaine and Conde sts.

STRAYED OR STOLEN, on the 23rd inst. a small young, white slut, short hair, with yellow spots on her back, and tail turned up. Whoever will return said slut to me, P. St Delamorelière, corner of Royal and Main streets, will be liberally rewarded. oct 9

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.



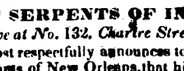
RANAWAY, on Sunday night last, a small black girl named MALICA, aged about 13 years, speaks English only; she wore when she left a blue frock, has a scare on the top of her left foot. Whoever will take up the said girl and lodge her in jail shall receive the above reward oct. 27.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

Ranaway about fifteen days ago, the dark mulatto girl named KITTY, belonging to the subscriber, and well known as a washerwoman. She is of a common size and speaks French and English. She usually stays in the upper suburb. The above reward will be given to whoever will conduct the said slave to jail, or to the subscriber.

oct 25 PABLO FUIG.

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD.



Ranaway from the subscriber, the griffon named KETTY, five feet 1 or 2 inches high, has big eyes. When she went away, eight months ago, she was quite lean, and she has something remarkable on her lower lip. She has been seen within about a month in faubourg Marigny.

oct 18 H. H. ALPUENTE.

GREAT SERPENTS OF INDIA,

Exhibiting alive at No. 132, Chartre Street, up stairs

F. COPS most respectfully announces to the public, and citizens of New Orleans, that his exhibition of the largest Serpents ever imported to this country, now ready for their inspection, viz: The great ANACONDA, or Terrific Serpent of Java, and the BOA CONSTRICTOR, or Strangling Serpent of Celon, and the Embroidered ROCK BOA of Chetegong.

The colors of those stupendous reptiles are vivid and beautifull beyond description. They are well secured in a wire cage, and are so perfectly docile that the most timid lady, or child, may view them with pleasure and safety. The greatest attention paid to ladies and children.

In addition to the above, the head of a New Zealand Chief, or Warrior, curiously tatooed—and a splendid COSMORAMA.

☞ For particulars see bills.

Admittance 25 cents—Children half price—Season admission 50 cents—No person admitted a second time for one payment, except in company of their families or friends. Hours of exhibition from 10 o'clock, a. m. until 9 p. m. oct 22d

FOR SALE.

A LOT situated at the corner of Ursuline & Tremé streets, containing 80 feet front, with a depth of 108 feet. There are on the premises a House divided into four rooms, kitchen, well, privy, &c. For terms apply to the subscribers.

oct 15 J. DUFOUR & DESBOIS.

FOR SALE.

A plantation situate in the Parish of Plaquemines, about 33 miles from New Orleans, on the same side of the river, measuring 40 arpents upon the river with forty in the rear. This plantation is cultivated with the cane, and is perfectly drained having three principal canals, one on each side, one in the middle, with a lateral [illegible] from one side to the other. It has been many years [illegible] and has a large house built of brick, in complete state of repair; [illegible] &c., but will [illegible] changes—[illegible] all of which [illegible]

Terms [illegible] year [illegible] year [illegible] sale previous [illegible] offered at [illegible] or by lots [illegible] case, no sale [illegible] is disposed. [illegible] ers, or, in the [illegible]

EXCHANGE

oct 23

SALES AT AUCTION.

BY JACOB LEVY.

ON Saturday November 10th, at Hewlets Exchange Coffee House, will be sold at 12 o'clock at noon, Boy ELIAS, aged 13 years, has been in the city 3 years, speaks English and French, active and likely, and a good house boy; fully guaranteed against the vices and diseases as prescribed by law, except that he is in the habit of absenting himself occasionally for a day or two, but does not leave the city, and always returns of his own accord

Terms six months credit for an approved endorsed note with mortgage on the property until final pay