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NINETY PEOPLE KILLED IN LONDON AIRPLANE RAID

Ten Children Dead and Fifty Injured as Result of Bomb Striking Schoolhouse. British Aviators Route Invaders

By International News Service.
London, June 13.—Latest reports tonight said between eighty and ninety were killed in the German air raid. Four hundred were injured. There are many dead children.
One of the bombs struck a schoolhouse killing ten children and injuring fifty others.
The raiders crossed the Essex coast and bore down on London through heavy fire from high angle guns that shelled them incessantly.
As the machines approached this city they took on "bombing formations" separating so as to make attack by British machines more difficult.
British aviators went aloft to give battle to the attackers, and the official statement, and when the Germans fled out over the North Sea they were hotly pursued by the English machines, which poured out continuous salvos of machine gun fire.
According to a report here one of the enemy airships was brought down.
This is the fourth raid made by the Germans in the new series of aerial attacks on England in which airplanes have been substituted for Zeppelins, apparently on account of the success of the British in bringing down the dirigibles. The last previous raid was on June 5, when eighteen airplanes dropped bombs on Essex and Kent. Eight of the zeppelin machines were driven down by British aviators.
The raid on London, in which five of the city's poor, suffered heavily from the raid. Bombs fell in many congested districts and while the number of casualties has not been ascertained two hospitals report having handled upwards of fifty cases, four of whom died and many

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EXEMPTION PLEAS IN ORDER SOON

GOVERNOR TO NAME ALL BOARDS EXCEPT TWO

MAYOR TO NAME CITY BOARD

Appeals From Local Decisions Will be Allowed—Two Wards Have More Than 45,000

Although City Attorney L. D. Moore is fairly well satisfied that under the conscription law the mayor of New Orleans will have the authority to name the members of the local exemption boards, he is waiting to hear definite word from Baton Rouge. Governor R. G. Pleasant will have the authority to name the boards throughout the state, with the exception of the cities of New Orleans and Shreveport.
In case Mayor Behrman is found to be the man to select the Orleans boards, he will use the greatest care in selecting only men of the highest standing. Mayor Behrman recognizes that if the conscription is to be a success the public must have the highest confidence in all the officials concerned in it, and that there must not be the slightest appearance of politics in the enforcement of the act.
Will Hear Pleas
The exemption boards will hear the pleas of those who are drawn for service in the conscript army, and who claim to be exempted for various reasons. In each Congressional district there will be a board of appeal named by the president, and to these higher boards can be carried any case passed upon by the local exemption boards.
Everything is in readiness to name the exemption boards, and otherwise complete the machinery for the draft, as soon as word is received from the governor.
The city has been tentatively divided into eight districts, no one of which will have less than 30,000 population, or any more in excess of that number than can be helped. This is the population minimum fixed by Congress. As no ward can be so divided as to place part under one exemption board and the rest under another, the districts will average 45,000 population each.
Two Separate Ward Boards
There are two wards in the city having a population in excess of 30,000 each, and there will be a board for each of these wards, which are the third and the seventh. The fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth and seventeenth wards will be under a single board. Most of the other wards in the city will be paired, giving two wards to each exemption board, each with three members, or a total of twenty-four men who will serve in that capacity in the city. Each board must include a qualified physician, who will pass on the physical fitness of the men applying for exemption on that ground.

25,000 TO GREET ITALIAN MISSION

SIGNOR ENRICO ARLOTTA WILL MAKE ADDRESS

BANQUET AT THE GRUNEWALD

New Orleans Has Planned Elaborate Program for Visitors—Prince Too Ill to Attend

Arrangements were completed yesterday for the reception of the Italian mission, and a full program of entertainment today has been announced for the visitor. The chief event, which will be the banquet at the Grunewald hotel at 7 o'clock in the evening, will be a brilliant function, and the attendance promises to surpass all records.
The visit of the mission will be especially notable for the 25,000 local Italian residents, many of whom will attend the meeting in Lafayette square, which is to be addressed by Signor Enrico Arlotto, head of the mission on its southern trip.
The Day's Program
The program announced for today is as follows:
9:40 a. m.—The party will arrive at some station (name to be announced later), and they will be met at the station by the Citizens General Committee, headed by Mayor Behrman. Automobiles will be provided for the entire party, and from the station they will be escorted to the City Hall, under a military escort, which will be preceded by platoons of police on horseback.
Governor Pleasant, of the State of Louisiana, will be at the City Hall waiting for the party, where a luncheon reception will be held, and after the reception, a speech will be made by one of the party from the stand in front of the City Hall to the people.
Arrangements are expected to be made for the school children to assemble around the McDonough statue, and sing the "Star Spangled Banner" just before the speaking begins, and after the speaking, the band will play the American National Anthem. On the arrival of the party at the City Hall from the station, the band will play the Italian National anthem.
Have Special Escort
11:30 a. m.—The party will leave the City Hall and be escorted by the general committee to the Grunewald hotel, to their apartments.
12:45 p. m.—The general committee will call for the party and take them to the foot of Canal street, where they will board the "Samson" for the purpose of making a trip on the river and viewing the harbor.
3:30 p. m.—The party will land at Louisiana avenue, and take automobiles and proceed to Gibson hall, Tulane University, where certain degrees will be conferred on certain members of the party by the faculty of the Tulane University.
4:30 p. m.—The party will leave Tulane University for Camp Nicholls, where they will review the troops, and after the review, they will proceed to the hotel and prepare for the banquet at 7 p. m.

THREE KILLED; 50 MISSING IN FIRE

AMERICAN SUGAR REFINING CO. IN GOTHAM ABLAZE

WOMEN BECOME HYSTERICAL

Police Called to Keep Back Throngs of Mothers and Wives From Rushing Into Burning Building

By International News Service.
New York, June 13.—Three men are dead, fifty others are buried in the ruins and scores were injured as the result of a tremendous explosion which set fire to the refining plant of the American Sugar Refining company at 12:15 this Thursday morning.
The plant covers the entire section between South Third and Fourth streets and Kent avenue and the river front, in Brooklyn. The explosion shook the entire city, the plant is burning and probably will be destroyed. Flames shot hundreds of feet into the air.
Five hundred workmen were in the building at the time of the explosion. Some of the injured were found in the streets suffering from burns.
Many of the men's clothes were burned off. Four alarms were turned in and fire apparatus from Manhattan sent to the scene to aid the Brooklyn firemen. Fire boats are playing streams of water on the burning plant. Calls for ambulances were sent to all the hospitals of the neighborhood. The fire quickly followed the explosion. The plant was working full blast. As the night shift reported the roof of one of the buildings was completely blown off. It is feared that many are buried there.
The plant is five stories high and five vessels were at the pier unloading at the time. Police reserves were called to quiet the scores of hysterical women who rushed to the plant. All had husbands and sons working in the plant. They tried to rush past the firemen, but the police prevented them.
NO MORE ARMY DRESS
Unless an army officer is going to call upon the President at the White House he is not permitted to wear the blue dress uniform of the United States army during the present war times. Neither may he wear the white duck semi-dress summer uniform, except after retreat has sounded, and then only in the Southern department and the tropics. This was communicated to the officers stationed in the border division at Fort Bliss, Tex., by orders received from the Southern department headquarters. Cotton khaki is the regular uniform, the order stated. Civilian clothes—or "cits," as they are called in army slang—may not be worn at any time, and the blue uniforms have been packed away in moth balls until the end of the war.
CHARGE SHOE THEFT
Charged with the theft of a number of shoes from the Southern Railway's sheds in St. Louis street, Aris (the Boseman, alias Dick, 2920 Fourth street, freight handler, was arrested at his home last night by Detectives Cassard and Mellen. Other freight handlers who figured in the alleged robbery will be jailed this morning, police say. Boseman was arrested at the instance of the railroad.
FEAR SUB IS LOST
By International News Service.
Petrograd, June 13.—It is feared the Russian submarine Barsentant is lost with her crew of sixteen men.

PROS MAY SUCCEED IN MAKING U. S. BONE DRY

Senate Agricultural Committee Would Empower President to Prohibit Making of Wine Under Conservation Mask

By International News Service.
Washington, June 13.—Prohibition received decided encouragement today when the Senate Agricultural committee agreed upon a measure which not only precludes the manufacture of whiskey and brandy, but beer and wines also.
While masked under "food conservation," the bill still is practically a straight-out prohibition bill. It was introduced by Senator Gore as an amendment to the war revenue bill.
Beer is prohibited because the President can forbid the use of "non-perishable products suitable for foods and feeds" in the manufacture of liquor. Grain entering into the manufacture of beer is considered non-perishable.
The President is empowered to prohibit wine manufacture if he considers it essential to food conservation.

RUSSIA'S FUTURE IS IN BALANCE

Petrograd, June 13.—Russia is hanging in the balance between czarism and mobism, America and the allies must face the facts squarely. Under present conditions Russia will not fight.
Conditions may change. There is a possibility that order may come out of the governmental chaos. There is nothing today to indicate its approach. No man strong enough to control has yet grasped the Russian helm. Minister of War Korenskiy, on whom hope was centered, is, despite ill-health, working day and night. But even his speeches and interviews have within the past week sounded note of pessimism.
A meeting of bankers and business men today crystallized the first action against mob rule. Five hundred conservative men, unalloyed with the autocratic regime, were there. Admittance was by card only. The meeting was held in the offices of a bank. Several of those there were filled. The sense of the meeting was voiced by a speaker in the declaration: "We were formerly mastered by czarism; now it is mobism that masters us."
Only a dictator can now restore discipline and stir Russian troops into a renewed offensive. No man has yet dared assume the power. The workmen's and soldiers' council absolutely dominates the situation. President Tschaidze with his colleagues are the collective masters of Russia. They openly declare the present war is "imperialistic." All attempts to convert them to the idea that Russia must fight German autocracy to retain the new democracy here have failed.
They will oppose Russia's fighting participation until what they term the "allies' imperialistic" aims are abandoned. They insist that publication of allied peace aims free from imperialistic demands would bring immediate peace. They furnish no explanation for their belief that Germany will abandon her own imperialistic aims.

FINAL LIBERTY BOND DRIVE MADE

MINISTERS URGE BUYING AT BIG MASS MEETING

BANKS OPEN UNTIL 8 P. M.

Country Must Average \$171,000,000 Daily to Raise Loan—Total Sum Subscribed Is \$1,650,000,000
The final mass meeting of the campaign to sell \$8,000,000 in Liberty bonds in New Orleans was held last night at the Athenaeum, but on account of the threatening weather at attendance was not as large as might have been desired. Altogether there were about 300 people present, but they made up in enthusiasm what they lacked in numbers.
Speakers at the meeting were Dr. R. S. Coupland, Father A. E. Otis, Dr. F. G. Foote, Rabbi Max Heller, Dr. George H. Cornelison, and St. Clair Adams. The music was rendered by members of the Polymnia circle, under Mrs. T. C. Buckley. The invocation was delivered by Dr. George Kent.
Banks Open Until 8 P. M.
Tomorrow, the day before the Liberty bond sale closes, all banks will remain open until 8 o'clock in the evening. The local workers for the bond issue will redouble their efforts, in order that New Orleans can make a good showing. Considerable progress was made yesterday, but the local efforts were somewhat counteracted by the announcement that the subscriptions of railroad and similar employees in the city and state would be credited to the New York district. This will take away about \$1,000,000 from the Louisiana total.
The total subscriptions to the Liberty loan throughout the country, as announced from Washington yesterday noon, were \$1,658,000,000. This is an increase of \$358,000,000 since last Friday noon. In order that the loan may be fully subscribed by Friday noon the subscriptions will have to average \$171,000,000 for each of the two days remaining.
Many Big Subscriptions
A number of large subscriptions locally were announced yesterday. The Equitable Life Insurance company placed \$250,000 through the New Orleans banks; employees of the city took \$133,000; one subscription of \$50,000 was for the New Orleans and Great Northern; the Louisiana State Rice Milling company took \$25,000; and the New Orleans Association subscribed for \$10,000. The Boy Scouts have been at work since Monday, and have turned in 500 subscriptions.

FOOD COMMISSION MEMBERS DIFFER

A sharp difference of opinion as to the results accomplished by the Orleans Parish Food commission arose at a meeting of the executive committee in the City Hall. Mayor Martin Behrman, chairman of the commission, and Levering Moore, a member of the executive committee, locked horns when Mr. Moore criticized certain phases of the work, especially that in connection with Harry Armstrong's services.
Mayor Behrman insisted that good results had been secured; that Mr. Armstrong had been well recommended for his place with the commission, and in his opinion had secured good results. Members of the committee took different sides on the matter, but no definite action was arrived at.
Until the food commission is better financed it will be hampered in the work it has undertaken. This is the opinion of all the members. Those of the executive committee who wish to begin a financial campaign at once were held in check by the Mayor, however. The latter pointed out that the Red Cross is about to undertake a campaign to raise a large sum of money in this city, and that no obstacles should be put in their way.
The report of the old finance committee was submitted to the executive committee, adopted, and the committee dissolved. A new finance committee will be appointed shortly by the members. By resolution the powers of the executive committee were widened considerably, and some plan will be devised whereby the thousands of vacant acres in the city limits can be placed under cultivation at once.

ALLEGED I. W. W. MEMBER ARRESTED

Two Danish sailors, Christen Hansen and John Friss, were arrested at Aviators yesterday by Doorman Moll and Patrolman Grayson, of the Eighth precinct station, accused of having abused the American flag while crossing the river on a ferry boat. They were taken into custody on information given by a citizen.
Hansen is said by the police to be a member of the International Workers of the World. The sailors were on their way to the Immigration station at the time to procure receipts to draw pay for work done on a vessel in port.

PERSHING WITHIN WEST WAR ZONE

Paris, June 13.—General Pershing is less than seventy miles from the western battle front, arriving in Paris this afternoon from Boulogne. Major General Pershing is the subject of a leading editorial in tonight's Times, which reflects the widespread interest of the French newspapers and public in the American military commander.
General Pershing, who will command the army of the United States in the western front and who is awaiting the arrival of his troops, says the newspaper, "comes to make preparations for their task. We salute in him both the commander and the man he commands."
After paying a laudatory tribute to Gen. Pershing's military career, the Times refers to him as one of the "practical means" mentioned by President Wilson in his recent message to Russia.

GUARDSMAN STABS NEGRO FOREMAN

Private Roy Darby, of Company K First Louisiana infantry, stabbed and seriously wounded James Morgan, negro, 919 Elmira street, with his bayonet at the head of Jefferson street yesterday afternoon. Morgan is in the Charity hospital.
Morgan is a foreman for the Southern Pacific Steamship company. He is alleged to have become abusive when stopped by Darby, who was doing patrol duty on the levee. Darby asked to see Morgan's pass, and the negro is said to have tried to get by without complying with the request. The stabbing followed. He was wounded in the shoulder.

GIRLS WHO LOST ARE MOURNERS AT WEDDING

Cleveland, O., June 13.—Wedding mourners are the latest addition to indoor sports among the social elite of this city. They made their appearance at the wedding of Dorothy Keeps and Arthur McArthur, society favorites.
The plan calls for each girl who has ever been courted by the groom, even though he did it half-heartedly, to drive to the wedding dressed in black and carrying a black handkerchief.
Rejected male suitors haven't followed suit as yet.

HOUSE WOULD ALLOW BUSINESS POOLING

Washington, June 13.—By a vote of 240 to 29 the House today passed the Webb bill allowing American manufacturers to pool their interests abroad without violating the anti-trust law.

ARTILLERY FIRING REPORTED

Paris, June 13.—Official reports tonight announce artillery firing in Belgium and the region of Craonne.