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The Delta.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
The Daily Delta will be sent to such persons as may subscribe for it, at the rate of ONE DOLLAR per month. All advertisements inserted for less than one month will be charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR per square for each insertion.
The Semi-Weekly Delta will be sent to subscribers at the rate of FIVE DOLLARS per annum, and no paper will be sent unless the money accompanies the order.
All advertisements inserted in the Semi-Weekly Delta will be charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR per square for each insertion.
The Delta is published every morning, (Sundays excepted,) at the corner of Camp and Commercial Place, and is delivered to subscribers in the city at the rate of ONE DOLLAR per month.

NEW ORLEANS, THURSDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 17, 1853.

THE DAILY DELTA.

Thursday Morning Nov. 17, 1853.

☞ The Northern Mail came through yesterday with the latest dates.

MR. SLIDELL, SENATOR.

Before the election in this State was held, we placed upon record the prediction that if the Locofoco party should carry the Legislature, JOHN SLIDELL would be elected United States Senator. The contest is over; the so called Democracy have succeeded, and it remains to be seen whether we are prophets or pretenders. We budge not an inch from our position, and believe at this moment that JOHN SLIDELL is as certain to be chosen State Senator for a full term, as if already he had his credentials safely stowed in the pocket of his valise or office. It is perfectly true that there is a small fraction of independent Democrats among the Senators and Representatives elect, who regard Mr. SLIDELL with an insatiable and unchristian animosity; who would rather sustain any body else, and who will essay various manœuvres, coalitions and petty intrigues to defeat his preferment. But it will be all in vain. The great political schemer is an overmatch for them all. He can outwing and outbuy the entire squad. He can reduce their hostility to zero, and quench their ardor with more rapidity than Philips' annihilator can extinguish flame. He can baffle their expectations, blow up their projects, and defeat their best laid plans—for is he not a millionaire, and intensely ambitious, and a shrewd calculator of the potency of the Almighty Dollar, and unbounded in his liberality whenever he has a personal and cherished object to attain? Did he not contrive the masterly arrangements by which at the late election, three thousand more votes were cast than had ever been polled before, in the face of the pregnant fact, that our voting population had been greatly curtailed by the ravages of the yellow fever? And having toiled and travailed and scattered gold with a lavish hand to effect this wonderful stroke of policy, is any one verdant enough to imagine that he can be overthrown? Having conquered in the contests of the enemy and spiked all their guns, is he, to be vanquished by the feeble show of opposition from the citadel? Not so. What matters whether there be six or seven Democrats who are reputed hostile to Mr. SLIDELL? They will ultimately listen to reason—and such reasons as he will offer them are weighty arguments, with power to bind and loose. We say then that JOHN SLIDELL will be the next United States Senator sent from Louisiana. It gives us no pleasure to announce the fact by anticipation. There is undoubtedly no Democrat in the State, however narrow-minded or fanatical he may be, whom the Whigs would not prefer to Mr. SLIDELL—but this very circumstance will recommend him to the party. He who is detested by the Whigs ought to be adored by the Democrats. So at least will his sagacious, and argus unsuccessfully, particularly with the natives with which he will have to deal.

Should the result be different from our expectations, we shall lose half our admiration for SLIDELL's tact and acumen. We have been accustomed to regard him as the NAPOLEON of politics. He was never defeated but once, and that arose from the unexpected impracticability of a member of his own party, whose adverse position had not entered as an element in the calculation. The Whigs were all right. They had two majority in the Legislature, but were bartered his conscience and turned traitor, and the other half caught the beautiful breezes of the piney woods, leaving them in a minority. Even late ROBERT CARTER NICHOLAS, Senator from St James, refused to support SLIDELL, and the General Assembly was at a dead lock, until by a compromise PIERRE SOULE was elected. This solitary defeat is the only drawback to a monticule of triumphs, of which the last and greatest will be shortly achieved, or we mistake the temper of the Legislature elect, and the rare and unalloyed quality of the great political militant who leads the forces of Democracy.

ELECTION RETURNS.

Florida.—The Whig State Candidates have received an average majority of 45 votes. Reed Jones, D. for Congress, beats Smith one vote. Douglas, (W.) is elected Representative by 89 majority.

Alabama gives 75 majority to the Democratic State ticket, and to Jones for Congress.

Kentucky.—Congress, Jones 662, Smith 209. State Treasurer, Grenesux 668, Hawthorne 527. Auditor, Marks 655, King 588. Ryan has been elected Senator, and Labat and Tanner Representatives—all Democrats.

Mississippi.—Congress, Smith 407, Jones 407. Treasurer, Grenesux 558, Hawthorne 920. Auditor, Marks 440, King 398. DeLassy for Senator, and Sompayrac, Beard and Bullard for Representatives—all Democrats.

TRANSATLANTIC STEAMERS. — During the present month not less than ten ocean steamers will leave European ports for America, viz: on the 1st and 4th from Liverpool, on the 9th from Bremen, on the 12th, 16th and 19th from Liverpool, on the 23d from Havre, and on the 26th and 27th from Liverpool.

WESTMINSTER REVIEW.—We are under acknowledgments to LEONARD SCOTT & Co., publishers, for the October number of the Westminster Review. This is an able quarterly, liberal in its tone, and far more free from prejudice towards America, than most of the British periodicals. There are several excellent articles in the present number—such, for instance, as the "Progress of Russia, the Progress of Fiction as an Art, and German Mysticism in the nineteenth Century."

ILLUSTRATED MAGAZINE OF ART.—Alexander Montgomery, the publisher, has sent us the November number of this splendid serial. It is profusely illustrated, and its articles especially those on painting and sculpture, display discrimination and research.

THE POPULAR EDUCATOR.—No. 7 of this excellent publication has been issued. It proposes to place the various departments of school instruction within the reach of those whose limited means preclude them from employing masters, and it accomplishes the object as well as can be accomplished, without oral and imitative aid.

MEDICAL EXAMINER.—The November number of this work has been published by Lindsay & Blakiston. It is one of the best Medical Reviews in the country.

☞ We are sorry to learn from the Shreveport *Democrat* that Wm. R. Douglas, Representative elect from Caddo, is lying dangerously ill with the yellow fever at Greenwood, and the physicians, Drs. Hotchkiss and Young, entertain but slight hopes of his recovery.

PISTOLS AND COFFEE FOR TWO.—It is said that the reason why the *Union* did not overhaul Gen. O'Conor, when his letter was published, in the same style it did Judge Bocanna, was that Gen. Armstrong wished to have it out personally with Mr O'Conor, instead of through the columns of that journal. It was his desire to take a fight with the exacerbate District Attorney, whether with pistols or bowie knives is still a mystery. He has not had the fight yet, nor has he cooled down much. Uncomfortable state to be in!

AMUSEMENTS.

ODD FELLOWS HALL.—The Campbells at Odd Fellows Hall, continue to attract *fine* audiences. Their performances are varied and

AMERY HALL.—The rival troupe at the Amery, is doing a first rate business. Both companies have good reason to be satisfied with the liberality of our population.

MR. CHARLES.—Mr Jamison was greeted with a very fair house on the occasion of his first appearance in the character of Iagomar, a part which he personated with equal ability. To-night Mr Jamison plays Richelieu, in Bulwer's great fulldrama. The farce of the Widow's Victim concludes the entertainments.

FIRE.—The Mobile *Advertiser* says: The residence of Mr. Sencot, on the Bay road, was destroyed by fire on Friday night. We have not been able to learn the particulars.

TRANSATLANTIC R. R.—A contract has been made with a heavy English railroad firm to construct a plank road across the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, which is to be completed within two years, to be followed by a railroad, to be finished within three years. All the arrangements are made for a prompt commencement of both works. Santa Anna is to receive a bonus of a million or so for the right of way. Seven hundred thousand dollars is to be paid over this week in New York, on Mexican account. So says the New York *Tribune*.

TERRIBLE RAVAGES OF CHOLERA.—A letter dated Remedios, Cuba, Oct. 11th, says that in the limited and sparsely peopled district between Matanzas and a point below Sagua la Grande, 70 leagues in extent, 13,000 slaves have been carried off by the cholera, according to the official accounts, which are known to be under the mark. The ravages were very short, some of them only lasting an hour.

THANKSGIVING.—Sixteen States have already agreed upon the 24th November, this year, as a day of Thanksgiving, viz: Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Maryland, North Carolina, Alabama, Kentucky, Illinois, Wisconsin, Michigan, Indiana, New York, Ohio, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Massachusetts and New Hampshire.

FILES AND LIST GONE.—The peculiar attention of dealers invoiced in the sale of [illegible] at Saba, to take place TUESDAY the 22d inst., at Peoples & Co's Auction room, No. 66 Old Levee, opposite the Steamboat and Steamship offices.

NEW YORK.

The War of the Hunkers and Softs—Admissions and Petty Intrigues.—New York is ever for the scenes. The Cadaverous bombs of the 8th instant, which annihilated both the contestants and gave the State to the Whigs, has produced a temporary cessation of hostilities. The quarrel between the two factions, with its ludicrous result finds its most appropriate parallel in the fable of the two Monkeys, who after much dilligation and noisy chatter over their respective claims to the possession of an oyster, succeed a shell a piece, while the oyster who had been called in to excite the dispute, gravely swallowed the contents. The Hards and Softs fought manfully for the spoils, but the Whigs in the meanwhile have seized upon them, leaving to the belligerents the consolation of a couple of empty shells.

It is too soon after the contest to determine what will be the attitude of the Hards henceforth towards the Administration. They have certainly no special reason to thank Mr. PIERCE and his Cabinet. Had they been sustained by the federal power, they would probably have acted kindly, or perceive that though opposed by the entire Pressoil faction, backed by the enormous patronage of the Government, they maintained a gallant struggle, polled a very large vote, and are little, if any behind their Soft antagonists. The Hards have exhibited numerical strength, and independent boldness enough to prove beyond a peradventure, that so long as they maintain a separate organization, the Administration in the Empire State must be utterly powerless. They can give the State to the Whigs whenever they please—even presuming that the latter are in a decided minority. Whether it is worth while for the Administration to shift its policy and conciliate so formidable a section is one question. Whether the Hards are disposed to be conciliated is another. Mr. PIERCE made an awful blunder when he estranged and denounced the National Democrats. If he had consulted either reason or experience, he would have learned that while the Hards were entrenched behind principle, the Softs were simply kept together by plunder. The latter would have stuck to the Administration under every conceivable contingency, until they should be turned out of office. The former cared but little for substantial rewards, and would readily have been satisfied with kindly phrases, and manifestations of confidence and esteem. The Hards are the Democracy—and on them alone could the President rely in the event of a renewal of national agitation. The Softs are a set of scurvy turn coats who cannot be trusted—who have more that once betrayed the Democracy, and who, judging from the past, would desert the President, and resume their abolition organization, if they were deprived of the offices which alone keep them in the ranks.

The best thing Mr. PIERCE can do is to correct his error, reshape his policy, send the Free-soilers to Coventry, and treat the Nationals with respect and deference. Depend upon it the treacherous alliance of the VAN BUREN, COCHRANE and GROVER, is fraught with peril. It has just lost New York to the Democracy, and if not speedily repudiated, will swamp the Administration.

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

We copy the following from the Washington *Star*, of the 9th:

THE HON. R. J. WALKER'S OPTIC.—Perceiving that many newspapers rest under an error about this matter, we have to say that on Sunday afternoon last, as we go to Chain, Mr. Walker promptly paid back into the United States Treasury the amount he had drawn for his outfit, when intending to accept the mission.

NAVY OFFICERS ORDERED, DETACHED, &c. Second Assistant Engineer James M. Hobby, detached from the steam frigate Saranac, and awaits orders. Second Assistant Engineer Montgomery Fletcher, ordered to the Saranac. First Assistant Engineer Henry Mason ordered to the steamer Princeton.

A CLERICAL APPOINTMENT.—Gen. Hartwell, appointed a temporary clerk in 3d Auditor's office, at $4 per day, in the place of Joseph K. Hartwell, (his father,) resigned.

REVENUE MARINE SERVICE.—Secretary Guthrie has issued a circular letter to the commanders of various U. S. revenue cutters, designating their duties for the coming season of danger and distress on our coasts.

THINGS IN NEW YORK.

The contributions at the Crystal Palace to the fund for the erection of the Washington Nationel Monument amounted to $9,268 41, up to Saturday evening, the 5th inst.

The Union Broome are erwin open to the public, but the collection of pictures is exceedingly meagre,

On the 8th instant, John Barker, one of the Samagores of Tammany Hall, aged 70 years, while crossing the Tammany Hall, was run over by one of the Third Avenue Railroad cars, and almost instantly killed.

The "police uniform" is ordered to be used after the 1st instant, in addition to the eagle breast, there will be a cap of the same color, also of military style, with two brass buttons, and a leather strap 2 inch patent leather, in front. It is said a majority of the policemen will refuse to wear it, and that a fund of $500 or $600 has been raised among them to fee counsel to test the right and authority of the commissioners to compel them to wear a uniform.

On Tuesday afternoon a fire broke out in the Metropolitan Rank but was extinguished by a few pails of water. The cause of the fire was a defect in the furnace flue.

The United States revenue cutters William L. Marcy and Jefferson Davis sailed on the 8th for the West Coast of Africa.

The fellow-confederates of '48, and countrymen generally, are making active preparations to welcome John Mitchel on his arrival in New York, now daily expected. The Thomas Francis Meagher Club, at a recent meeting, resolved to present Mr. Mitchel with a purse of $300. This action gives rise to much dissatisfaction among certain members of the Club, and they have drawn up a strong protest. They say the offer will be considered as insult by Mr. Mitchel.

THINGS IN PHILADELPHIA.

During October, 2,118 foreign immigrants arrived in port.

Mr. Michael Meyers, an old resident in the Northern Liberties, died suddenly on the 7th.

A female named Redman, was arrested on the 7th, on a charge of bigamy. It is alleged that she has two husbands living, having married the last one in August, and recently deserted him and returned to live with her first husband, from whom she had separated herself a year ago.

The fact that liquor sellers who have been violating the Sunday law have been informing on themselves, in order to secure one half the fine, has been brought to the attention of the court, which on Tuesday decided that informers are not entitled to any compensation. A constable stated that he went to an Alderman's office before daylight on Monday morning, to file several persons who had sold liquor on the preceding Sunday, but found that he was too late, as the Alderman had opened his office about 3 o'clock, and had received information from the parties themselves, and had inflicted the penalty of $4, giving to the informers one-half.

Robert Symington died on Sunday from the effects of a blow on the head, received while engaged in a brush with Wm. Alexander.

A man named Vansant was arrested on Tuesday on numerous charges of obtaining money under false pretenses, by representing to families whose friends had died in California or Europe, where they had succeeded large fortunes, and that he had been appointed the executor or administrator, and requesting a sum of money to enable him to settle up their business as soon as possible.

An Evidence of Political Apathy.

The Philadelphia Bulletin, publishes an elaborate and carefully prepared table of the official returns of the late election in Pennsylvania, which it says may be relied upon as entirely correct. The results are rather extraordinary.—The vote is the smallest polled in the State for a number of years—being 107,000 less than that for President a year ago, and is more than 180,000 less than the whole vote of the State. An ignorant person, (says the Bulletin,) looking over the vote and comparing it with those of former years, would suppose one population was dwindling down terribly; but if somebody comes how better, and the decline of votes is properly accounted for, there is no room for confidence in both parties to the result of the contest.

The following is a statement of the vote of Pennsylvania at all the important elections for the last five years:

1848—President.	179,276	185,128	—	364,404
1851—Governor.	168,522	170,240	—	11,177
1852—Gov. Com.	168,604	178,154	2,345	349,103
1852—President.	198,568	179,570	2,756	380,894
1853—Gov. Com.	168,604	178,154	2,345	349,103
1853—S. Judge.	154,184	156,708	1,264	312,156

Here it will be seen that there were 45,000 of last year's Democrats and 62,000 of last year's Whigs that stayed at home on the late election day; that Mr. Hiester Clymer's vote is 24,000 less than Gov. Bigler's in 1851, and 19,000 less than Gen. Cass's in 1848; that Mr. Bigler's is more than 10,000 less than Gov. Johnston's in 1852, and more than Gen. Taylor's. These facts will deny than this popular indifference has not a parallel in our history.

PROPOSED ANNEXATION OF HONDURAS.

According to a correspondence of one of the Northern papers, a proposition has been made to the government of Honduras to annex it to the United States, but no answer has yet been returned, though it is said the favorable idea to Messrs. Pierce, Cushing and Marcy. The Hondurans are rather afraid of the Yankees, and Guatemala the other Central States of Central America, and England especially, but Honduras considers the annexation of Texas as a precedent for the annexation of Honduras, and is anxious to be annexed. The correspondent says that the Hondurans are the most intelligent of the Central Americans, and that the city of the Department of Comayagua, is the most beautiful city in Central America. Comayagua, whose attitude is equestrian, is the capital of Honduras.

A NEW WAY TO SAVE THE WIFE.—It is said that the Sheriff of Cumberland county, Pa., has in his custody a man who is charged with having murdered his wife. The prisoner's counsel have made application to the Governor for a pardon, on the ground that the prisoner is insane, and that the murder was committed while he was laboring under a fit of insanity. The Governor has referred the matter to the Attorney General, who will examine the case and report.

(From the Boston Post.)

The Bethlehem.

The old gates of Zion were opened when Rome was at war; and their modern prototype, the Bethlehem arrayed, on her part, in peaceful armament, then she papers there thought it unnecessary to acknowledge. According to the rule, by courtesy, the first ones appointed on the 19th of July, and the last on the 17th of October. During this period of eighty days there were one hundred and seventy seven, and of admitted and between eight decks, equal to 17½ per cent., or one death in every 1-48 hundredweight. Out of these 177 cases 147 were distinctly traced to the immediate vicinity of the infected district, of which Booth street wharf, where the disease was introduced from the bark Hibernia, was the centre. The localities of the infected district are set down as Union street on the North, Second street on the West, Queen street on the South, and the Delaware river on the East. There were isolated cases in other parts of the city.

NEW YORK, NOV. 9, 1853.

The Election—Catholic Commotion—Dead Of the Bishop—Arrest of Paymaster Gee, &c.

The Whigs are rejoicing in their triumph in the State over the Softs and the Whigs, who are the only winners in the struggle, are rejoicing in triumph over both.

Taking it to be a great day among the Know Nothings of this city. Monsignor Bedini, the Papal Nuncio celebrates High Mass, at the Fathers, in Barclay street, in the morning, and the clergymen, Archbishop Hughes assists at the consecration of Brooklyn, on the *Bay*, street Cathedral.

A night cloth or porter in our great cities, has been arrested in charge of [illegible] from [illegible]. On his person was found [illegible] and one and two hundred dollars of the identical bank notes contained in a package of $2000, mailed at Middletown, Ct., for Utica, N. Y., and which had certain private marks upon them. A quantity of bills answering the description of those found upon him, were also found upon the person of Paymaster Gee, and passed [illegible] the outer contract at half-past nine, the leading ship, the Constellation, with the pennant of Commodore and Captain Breese, under a heavy press of sail from both canvas, receiving round shot of the most weighty kind. Each ship, as it passed had to undergo the same ordeal. The whole fleet remained before Constantinople until the 24 of March, when the apparition of the ships returned. In the interval between the departure and return the enemies were made palpably formidable.—The Admiral weighed anchor in the morning of this day, and was seen at sunset "almost clear of the passage about noon." The admiral in his despatch expressed his "most lively sense" of his good conduct, and added that had the Turks been allowed a week longer, it would have been a very doubtful point whether a return would lay open to him at all. He lost 42 killed and 227 wounded. The Turks were so indignant at the escape of the British fleet that they believed that the Governor of the Dardanelles to be bribed by Russia, and beheaded him.

The Dardanelles are said to be in such a formidable condition as to be impregnable.

TELEGRAPHIC ITEMS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9th.

NEW YORK ELECTION.—The returns so far as received indicate that the whole Whig State ticket has succeeded with the exception perhaps of the candidates for Judges of the Court of Appeals. The Democrats were sailed upon Messrs. Denio and Reggles and it is probable that they were chosen.

The Senators elected in this city are so far: Thos J Barr, Hardshell, in the 3d district; Thos H Whitney, Whig, in the 4th; Wm S Gregory, Whig, in the 5th; Edward Prime, Jr., Whig, in the 6th. In 19 wards the following Aldermen are elected, viz: 9 Whigs, 2 Hards, 2 Softs, 1 supported by both Hards and Softs, 4 Whig Hards, 4 Softs, 1 Whig Soft and 1 Reformer. The Reformers will have a considerable plurality.

In Kings county, Hutchins, Democrat, for Senator is elected. The Brooklyn city ticket is in doubt.

In Buffalo the Democrats are probably successful.

In Poughkeepsie the Whigs have a majority over the Hards and Softs combined.

The Soft vote is much larger than the Hard throughout the State.

SECOND DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, Nov 9

In the 1st, 3d, 4th, 7th, 10th, 11th, 16th, 17th and 19th wards of this city the vote is: Controller, Cook, Whig, 8177; Cooley, Hard, 3487; Kelly, Soft, 5073. Last year the vote in the same wards was: Bosworth, 10,646. Boyd, 10,646. The vote in the following towns will give some idea of the voting:

	Whig.	Hard.	Soft.
New York, in part.....	8177	3487	5075
Niagara Falls.....	190	96	35
Batavia.....	299	143	167
Auburn.....	337		
Oswego.....	616	184	486
Syracuse.....	300		
Rome.....	295	307	299
Schenectady.....	490	493	146
Utica.....	1000	256	792
	11,947	5002	6001

The Hards will probably have a plurality over the Softs in the city, but the Softs will doubtless have it in the State. Both claim the victory. The Whigs have carried every thing.

THIRD DISPATCH.—In the 1st, 3d, 4th 7th, 10th, 11th, 13th, 17th, and 19th Wards of the City, the vote for Canal Commissioners is, Gardiner, Whig, 6,228, Mather, Hard, 5,956; Yates, Soft, 4,998.

NEW York, Nov. 9.

FOURTH DISPATCH.—The Assembly districts are classified as follows. Whig Reformers 10; Softs 3; Hards 3; Soft Reformers 1; Whig 1; Pure Reform 3. The Council so far as decided stands as follows: Whig 5; Reformers 10; Softs 19; Hards 16. Thirteen of the other successful candidates are pledged to reform.

H. B. HAMMOND, Whig, is elected District Attorney, and the Whig candidates for Judges of the Superior Court are chosen. Clerks and City Recorder, and Whig Judges of the Supreme and Common Pleas Courts. The Democratic vote from the City are Barr, Hard; Spencer, Hard; Whitney and Brooks, Whigs. The State Senate and Assembly are undoubtedly Whig, and probably Main Law. The following will give a specimen of the vote in the interior: Albany, Whig, 5,000; Hard 1,500; Soft 50; Geneva, Whig 300, Hard 310, Soft 91; Amesville, Whig 109, Hard 13, Soft 184; Oswego, Whig 616, Hard 184, Soft 486; Poughkeepsie, Whig 960, Hard 464, Soft 870; Frankfort, Whig 180, Hard 77, Soft 134; Adams, Whig 139, Hard 74, Soft 70; Auburn, Whig 337, Hard 186, Soft 49. The vote between the Hards and Softs is so far nearly equally divided.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.

FIFTH DISPATCH.—In all the Wards of the City except the 3d, 4th, 7th, 10th, 11th, 13th, 17th, 21st and 22d, the vote for Canal Commissioners stands, Gardiner, Whig, 11,698; Mather, Hard, 8634; Yates, Soft, 6417. The Hards are so far ahead of the Softs.

BOSTON, Nov. 8.

POLITICS IN MASSACHUSETTS.—The Democrats of Suffolk county, in Convention last evening, nominated the following gentlemen for State Senators:—James Cheever, Cyrus Washburn, Joseph Smith, C. T. Woodman, Aaron Hobart, and Augustus Denton.

The usual number of Representatives were also nominated. A series of resolutions in favor of a repeal of the existing Liquor Law were adopted by the Convention.

TRENTON, Nov. 9.

NEW JERSEY ELECTION.—The State has gone largely Democratic. Brigg, Democratic Governor will have a majority of from 5,000 to 7,000. Both branches of the Legislature are Democratic.

MONTPELIER, VT., Nov 9.

VERMONT LEGISLATURE—INDIAN CLAIM.—The Legislature has elected Daniel H Thompson, Democrat, Governor.

The Legislature has also instructed the Delegation in Congress to still his with Edwards, or their successors.

WASHINGTON, Nov 9.

WASHINGTON AFFAIRS.—The amount of drafts negotiated at the Treasury Department on the 9th instant, were:—Treasury $9,676; War $94,1982; Interior $9,300; Customs $11,413,90.—Total $600,000.

The Coast Survey party under Lieut. Maury well Woodhull have been laid up for the winter at New York. Mr. John Rutledge and Farnod Middleburgh Knight are again attached to the Coast Survey office at Washington. Passed Midshipmen S B Leaghorne and S L Breese are detached awaiting orders.

BOSTON, Nov 9.

SUICIDE—DESTRUCTIVE FIRE—HEAVY GALE.—Samuel Sleat for 20 years Secretary of the Manufacturers' Insurance Company, is missing. It is believed he has committed suicide.

The Stone Planing Mills at Dedhester were burnt last night involving a loss of $60,000.

A despatch from Portland, stated that another severe gale had set in from the N. E. Another one Gloucester schooner had been driven ashore.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 8.

MONETARY EXCITEMENT IN CINCINNATI.—A report was circulated here to-day of the failure of some two or three New York Banks, causing some excitement. The report is false. Our currency is very healthy. Exchange is down to ¼@¾ premium, and some talk of going to par. Sales of New York at ¼ premium. Sight drafts on the East, ¼ premium. Gold, with few buyers. Sales of ten bars, mean Paris, new, at 219 50, and one lump of mean found at 220.

WASTON, PA., Nov. 8.

FATAL BOILER-BURST.—An explosion, caused by a premature ignition of the powder, while blasting rock, occurred at this place, by which one man was killed and another severely injured.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—Miller, a driver was run over last evening by the cars, on the railroad above Yonkers, and instantly killed.

Ex-Alderman Briggs, of Tammany Hall died on the 40 years.

NEW YORK Nov. 9.

SAILING OF THE BLACK WARRIOR.—The Black Warrior, for Mobile, sailed to-day.

BOSTON, Nov. 9.

THE WRECKING.—A gale has been raging here all day and still continues. The steamer Niagara, which sailed, was obliged to put back after an hour.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 9.

JULIEN'S CONCERT.—Julien's troupe arrived here this morning. They gave a concert here to-night, which was crowded to excess, by a fashionable audience.

The Tribune says the Superintendent of the Tribune wages is

A great manufacturer of gutta-percha is on foot, to obtain from Congress a renewal of their patent grants. Among them is the well known Perry, Montagu, &c., gentlemen who have made a fortune out of the article. They propose to create a rich among the shareholders of the Lewes.

ATTEMPT TO KILL.—Frederick Bohart who is at present before Recorder Wheeler and remanded for examination on a charge of having on Tuesday morning attempted to kill his wife Elizabeth, at their residence Goodhart, on Cypress street.

CURIOUS CHARGE.—Jean Marie Cambrie, who resides at No. 31 Orleans st., was arrested yesterday on a charge of having committed a breach of Law in the 4th district, in having voted for 60 out of the whole number of votes cast for Mr. Jamison, and for his trouble for his refusal. The prisoner states that he was promised pay well, the money in question was expended in his interest, and he was entitled to it.

MISDEMEANOR.—John Cleary, an old resident of this city, was arrested yesterday on a charge of having fraudulently voted more than once at the late election. Mr. Cleary, it is said, has been in the habit of voting at every election for the last twenty years, and has never before been charged with any misdemeanor. He was released on bail in the sum of $500.

CITY ITEMS.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT.—John Harrison was yesterday tried in this Court on a charge of having committed an assault and battery on the person of Augustus Perrell with endeavoring to commit his murder. Harrison was found guilty.

Bills presented was entered in several cases of similar complexion.

INSURRECTIONARY CASE.—James Dyson, the leader of the negro insurrection, one yesterday taken to the Parish Prison, at the cost of $5, as a copy of which he had been sent on application, is [illegible] his case at considerable length, contending that the evidence produced against him on the Coroner's jury examination was a sham, and not a competent witness against a white man. His petition, however, contains no statement of any thing favorable in case of insurrection, and he will remanded back to prison to await his trial.

CONTESTED ELECTION.—Judge Merrick, yesterday, instituted suit in the Third District Court, contesting the election of Charles Gayarre, as Democratic candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court, on the ground that the returns were irregular in the counting of ballots, irregularities, &c., which he says were fraudulent and illegality in the appointing of the Clerks and Commissioners who should by law be appointed by the Aldermen, and not by the Mayor.

INFRINGEMENT.—The body of a white female infant supposed to be about one day old, was found in the Bayou St. John, on Wednesday last. The infant being laid on the body, the following verdict was rendered: "Came to her death by means of a wound inflicted between the navel and the breast by some person unknown."

FIRE ON THE LEVEE.—Fifty-two pieces of cotton on the levee, between Gravier and Common streets, caught fire on Monday night, on the Phillip street, in consequence of a spark from a passing locomotive, and destroyed. Some other cotton was also damaged by water. The fire was discovered by Victor Gregory, and some of the watchmen of the Fire Department, who soon put out the flames.

ARRESTED.—James McCaffrey, John Harrington and Patrick Clark were yesterday committed before Recorder Wheeler on a charge of having committed an assault, in which they were engaged with a number of others, upon the person of Mr. Hall, on the night of the 5th instant. The complainant was severely beaten by the party, and his life was for a time despaired of. The prisoners were arrested in a coffee house, and one of the gentlemen who effected the capture of the party was severely injured in the struggle.

FIRE ON CAMP.—Fifty-two pieces of cotton on the levee, between Gravier and Common streets, caught fire on Monday night, on the Phillip street, in consequence of a spark from a passing locomotive, and destroyed. Some other cotton was also damaged by water. The fire was discovered by Victor Gregory, and some of the watchmen of the Fire Department, who soon put out the flames.

[illegible] Every Night at the Planters' House, corner of Camp and Common streets. JOHN E. BUSTARD, formerly [illegible] of the Bustard House, Mobile, has taken the above well known and established House, and has refitted and refurnished the same in a manner that will render it worthy the patronage of the public. The Bar will be supplied with the choicest Liquors and Cigars, and the Table with the best the market affords. Charges moderate. Oct 1 dtf

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COMMERCIAL.

The Mortgage.

SEE OFFICE.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, Nov. 16, 1853.

The demand for cotton to-day was quite limited [illegible] sales reached 4,000 bales, at very full prices for the better qualities, whilst the lower grades are quotations [illegible]

[illegible] ILLUSTRATED WORKS, [illegible] PILGRIMAGES to English Shrines, by Mrs. S. C. Hall.

[illegible] of the Reign—With 32 colored Photographic [illegible] Soldiers Aides—24 Steel and 16,000 [illegible]

[illegible] BIOGRAPHICAL, &c. [illegible] of Rev. Wm. Ormerod, D. D.—In 1 vol. [illegible] The Civil vs. Bishop. By the Bishop—1 vol. [illegible]

[illegible] of Rome. By Rev. [illegible] [illegible] Vols. [illegible] [illegible] Vols. [illegible] [illegible] Vols