[illegible] Grégoire Borduzat, [illegible] de prévenir ses amis et le [illegible] qu'il a contracté une raison de [illegible] avec Mr. Antoine Mathieu Borduzat, son père, à Bordeaux ; que lui seul [illegible] gérant de la société à la Nouvelle-[illegible] et qu'à dater du 1er. Juillet 1828 la signature sociale de la maison sera à la Nouvelle-Orléans. *D. G. Borduzat & Co.*

De plus, il a l'honneur d'annoncer aux négocians de cette ville, et de la Louisiane, qui pourraient avoir des assurances [illegible] sur la place de Bordeaux, qu'ils peuvent en recevoir du syndic des assureurs de cette dernière ville, pleins pouvoir de le représenter dans toutes affaires d'assurances, et dans le cas d'avaries particulières, grosses et communes, soit sur corps du bâtiment soit sur marchandises, messieurs les intéressés sont priés de faire viser leurs comptes de réclamations par l'agent [illegible] D. G. Borduzat, à défaut de quoi ils seraient de nul effet et refusés au paiement.

[illegible] juin—a.

ETAT DE LA LOUISIANE—*Cour de première instance du district judiciaire* —*Fancy Caldwell femme de Thomas Caldwell* contre *Thomas Caldwell* [illegible]—7958.—Sur motion de Geo. A. Waggaman Esqr. avocat de la demanderesse et la cour [illegible] convaincue par des preuves que le double [illegible] de la demanderesse est mis en danger, par l'état [illegible] du défendeur, ordonne et adjuge que le jugement par défaut rendu sur ce cas le 28 [illegible], soit maintenant confirmé et qu'une [illegible] de biens existe dès ce jour entre la demanderesse et le défendeur, son mari, conformément à la loi, et de plus que la demanderesse reprenne la somme de deux mille piastres montant de la somme apportée par elle en mariage et de [illegible] qu'il est ordonné que le défendeur paie les frais.

Signé JOSHUA LEWIS.

[illegible] 3 Juin 1828 J. S. LEWIS, Greffier.

[illegible] frais se montent à la somme de quatre piastres 37 1-2 cents, vous comptez [illegible] du shériff.

[illegible] par le présent que la pièce ci-dessus [illegible] d'un jugement définitif enregistré [illegible] de cette Cour en témoignage de quoi [illegible] mon signature et le sceau de ladite cour [illegible] ville de la Nouvelle-Orléans, ce 7 Juin de [illegible] 1828 et de l'indépendance des Etats-Unis [illegible]

J. S. LEWIS—Greffier.

UNE jeune personne de 15 à 18 ans, parlant avec facilité les langues française et anglaise, trouvera à s'employer [illegible] rue St. Anne. 26 juin.

Leçons particulières.

UNE personne bien recommandée, possédant parfaitement la langue anglaise, et connaissant aussi les langues française et latine, désirerait employer quelques heures de chaque journée à donner des leçons particulières. S'adresser à l'imprimerie de cette feuille.

VIN DE BORDEAUX.

Excellent Vin de Bordeaux [illegible] à bon marché, pour [illegible] une fois.

P. E. SORBE',
17 Juin — rue Royale No. 118

GRAGNIC & BOUDOUSQUIE.

Les consignataires Planteurs d'un grand nombre de Dames et des Messieurs de cette ville, [illegible] qu'il vient d'ouvrir un glacière à l'encoignure des rues Bourbon et Orléans, dans la maison de Madame Porrier. Ce local a été disposé avec propreté et décence, et l'on ne négligera rien pour y recevoir d'une manière digne d'elles les personnes qui voudront bien l'honorer de leur pratique.

SERRAU.
7 Juin.

AVIS—Une personne à laquelle ses occupations laissent du loisir, connaissant les deux langues, versée dans la tenue des livres en partie double, qu'elle a été à même d'étudier et de pratiquer dans les premières maisons d'Europe et dans une maison respectable de cette ville, offre ses services à Messieurs les Négocians et Marchands; elle se chargera de toutes liquidations arriérées, et pourra disposer également à des époques périodiques, de quelques heures ou de quelques journées de travail, pour tenir au courant les livres des personnes dont les affaires ne nécessitent pas le travail régulier d'un [illegible].

On obtiendra au bureau de cette feuille tous les renseignemens désirables appuyés des noms de plusieurs des négocians de cette ville. 27 juin.

AUX AMATEURS DU LAC.

LE public est prévenu que l'ancien établissement du *Rising-Sun* est de nouveau ouvert, sous le nom de *Mechanic's Hotel*, où l'on trouvera toute espèce de rafraichissemens possibles; une table d'hôte est mise à deux heures, à raison $1 par personne. On peut aussi avoir des appartemens séparés pour les repas particuliers. La buvette sera fournie de bonnes liqueurs, et l'on n'y prend que moitié prix. 11 juin.

EDUCATION.—Une personne qui a rempli depuis plusieurs années les fonctions de maître de langues dans des collèges et des familles, souhaite obtenir de l'emploi. Elle a enseigné avec succès le Latin, le Grec, le Français et l'Anglais, ainsi que les branches inférieures de l'éducation. S'adresser à l'imprimerie de cette feuille.

4 juin—4

COUR DE PAROISSE pour la ville et la paroisse d'Orléans, le 2 Juin 1828—Présent l'honorable James Pitot—*Elizabeth Aubé* contre *P. B. Lalande, son mari*—Il est ordonné et décrété par la Cour que la pétitionnaire Elisabeth Aubé, épouse de Pierre Benoit Lalande, défendeur dans cette affaire, soit séparée de corps et de biens d'avec son dit mari ; qu'il lui restituera la possession et la propriété exclusive des esclaves, terrain, maison et meubles par elle apportés en mariage, tels qu'ils sont mentionnés dans le contrat de mariage et tel qu'il apparaît en tant qu'ils sont encore existants, par l'exécution de l'ordre rendu par la Cour à l'institution des siennes prescrivant un inventaire, et défendant toute disposition des dits biens par ledit mari, qui en outre est condamné aux frais.—Nouvelle-Orléans le 2 Juin 1828.

J. PITOT, Juge.

Je certifie l'expédition ci-dessus.

23 juin—if. Thos. S. KENNEDY, Greffier.

THE SUN.

PRINTED DAILY, by P. DELAND.
St. Peter-Street, between Bourbon & Royal.

TUESDAY, JULY 1, 1828.

ADMINISTRATION TICKET.

Domestic Manufactures—Internal Improvements.

ADAMS ELECTORS.

JAMES VILLERE, of St. Bernard,
ANDREW LE BLANC, of Assumption,
[illegible], of Baton Rouge,
[illegible] LOUET, of St. Martin,
E. MORIS, of Natchitoches.

FOR CONGRESS:
JUDGE EDWARD D. WHITE.

FOR GOVERNOR;
PETER DERBIGNY, ESQ.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

G. A. WAGGAMAN, | CHAS. MAURIAN,
F. LANDREAUX, | J. H. SHEPHERD,
H. DURALDE, | D. F. BURTHE,
ANTONIO DUCROS.

Latest from Europe.

Liverpool, May 6.—Letters from Corfu, of the 5th April, announce the arrival of the English ships of the line, Wellesley, Revenge, and Ocean, which have landed 6000 British troops, whom they took on board at Lisbon and Gibraltar.

The French troops have evacuated Portugal, and are about to evacuate St. Sebastian. After this, Cadiz and Ceuta will alone remain in possession of France.

From the Philadelphia Nat. Gazette.

John Baker.—We copy from the Portland Advertiser a summary of the report of the trial of John Baker, which occupies more than a page of fine print, in the St. John's Courier.

"It will doubtless be recollected that Mr. Baker, after his arrest and imprisonment in a foreign jail, and confinement for several months, was eventually enlarged on bail, to appear at the May term of the Supreme Court of that Province, and answer to the offence with which he was charged. We are glad to learn that Mr. Baker appeared at the time and place assigned, and submitted himself to the assumed jurisdiction of a foreign power. The indictment charged him "of a conspiracy to excite sedition and disloyalty, and disaffection to the Government of the Province—to resist the execution of the laws, and to bring into contempt, the royal power and prerogative within the territory lying near the Madawaska River, under the actual sovereignty of his Majesty."—To this charge, the report says, Baker plead not guilty. The officer for the crown then proceeded to state the case to the jury, after which Esqr. Morehouse and several other witnesses were sworn and testified. After having closed the examination on the part of the crown, Mr. Baker was called upon for his defence. It is very laconic, and every way worthy of the occasion and peculiar circumstances under which he was placed. We give it in his own words as reported.

"I AM A CITIZEN OF THE UNITED STATES, and owe allegiance to that country. I have lately received my Deed from the states of Maine and Massachusetts. I hold myself bound to their Courts. I live in American Territory and hold myself only liable to the courts of that place, being the county of Penobscot, in the state of Maine. I enter no defence and call no evidence. I do decline the Jurisdiction of this court."

The case was then submitted to the jury under a charge from Justice Chipman. "The jury then retired from the Box: and after about an hour's deliberation, returned into court with a verdict of *Guilty*." Baker was then required to recognize for his appearance on Monday next after the trial, to receive his sentence.

A Nolle Prosequi was entered on the *ex officio* information filed against Baker, and also on the indictment which had been found against him and six others for a riot, so far as regarded them.

On Monday, Mr. Baker was brought into court to receive his sentence, which was pronounced by Justice Bliss, to the following effect.

"The defendant, John Baker, had been indicted by the grand jury of the county of York, for a seditious conspiracy, committed by him and others within the jurisdiction of this court—to which he had pleaded not guilty, alleging at the same time, that he did not consider himself amenable to the process of this court, being a citizen of the United States, and that the offence charged was committed within their territory; but the court could not admit this to be the case, it appearing clearly that the Madawaska settlement, where the offence was committed, had been from the first erection of the province, hitherto, under our laws and subject to our jurisdiction, and after a very fair and full investigation of the case, he, the defendant, had been convicted by a jury of the country; and it now remained for the court to pass their sentence upon him for this offence; in doing which their object was to treat him with that lenity which so far as was consistent with the ends of justice, was uniformly extended to his Majesty's subjects;—and although the court considered the crime of which the defendant has been found guilty of a very aggravated nature, they have had regard to his previous long imprisonment, and the object being to secure the future peace of the country, and not pass a vindictive sentence personally against himself, they had awarded the punishment accordingly; and did sentence him to be imprisoned in the common gaol of the county of York, for the term of two calendar months, and to pay a fine of 25*l.* to the King, and remain committed until the fine be paid."

"We cannot refrain from expressing our approbation of the conduct of Mr. Baker, during this period of his severe trials. Dragged from his country and home and "*incarcerated*" in a foreign prison, he has evinced the utmost fortitude and propriety. His return to await the event of the charges preferred against him, after his enlargement from a foul prison, is honorable. We trust his sufferings in the cause of his country, will not be forgotten or neglected."

[From the Philadelphia Nat. Gazette.]

Exportation of Ice from the U. States.

Some twenty years since there was originated in the town of Boston, a species of commerce so new and so hazardous, as to excite only the derision and sneers of that part of the community who derive a large stock of wisdom as well as property from the following on in some beaten track. The enterprize I refer to is the exporting of ice in cargoes to the West Indies, and when there preserving it with a view to subject to circulation. The gentleman who first engaged in it (Mr. Frederick Tudor, of Boston) had difficulties to contend with incident to whatever is new. The risk was thought so great, that, if I mistake not, no insurance could be had on the first vessels or cargoes. Sailors were with difficulty shipped, and when the first vessel was ready to sail, a bad dream of a sailor or two came very near to stopping the whole business; the seamen had a panic about preceding on the voyage. In various ways prejudices were to be surmounted; it was said to be injurious to health in those regions of the sun. At length all opposition to it ceased; it has become an indispensable luxury to the rich, and found out to be a great blessing to the sick and poor in the Hospitals.

The writer of this article was living in Boston, and long after the first cargo was sent, and at the time, took so strong an interest in the eventual success of it, as to obtain, as far as could be done, many particulars connected with it. He is desirous, through the medium of your paper, to offer his tribute of praise to youthful energy and enterprize where it is so justly due, and to express his satisfaction at hearing that maturer age is enjoying the result in a certain, well regulated, prospective business. This gentleman will have the reward, above all, in knowing himself to be the *sole* and undisputed projector of so great an object; of having established what at first could have been but theory into a solid practical advantage to his country. The shores of Maine bear testimony to this assertion. A new staple is produced, the growth of long and dreary winters. Men and vessels are employed in collecting and transporting it to tropical countries, and in returning home laden with their valuable products. Happy would it be for the world if all traffic were so honorable to human nature!

S. D.

Meeting of Steam-boats at Sea.—In consequence of the great risk and uncertainty as present existing in meeting steam-boats at sea, the pilots committee have issued a very judicious notice, recommending that all masters of steam vessels, in meeting a vessel at sea, should put her helm a starboard, and go to the left; and that vessels meeting steam-boats should also do the same.

[*Liverpool Mer.*

So cautious is the French government to prevent accidents, that one of the conditions of the erection of a high-pressure steam-engine in Paris is that it be surrounded with a wall four feet thick. The engine is not even permitted to be wrought unless the boiler has been previously proved capable of sustaining a pressure four times greater than that at which it is intended to be worked.—Besides this precaution, every boiler is provided with a metallic plate, fusible at a small degree above the working power, that in case the safety valve should not act, the plate may melt, and the steam escape through the orifice.

The writer of this note was present yesterday, at the birth of a female child, in Pennsylvania township, where there were in the room at the time, the *child*, the *mother*, the *grand mother*, the *great grand mother*, and the *great great grand mother*—making five generations—all first born children but the great great grand mother. The great great grand mother dressed the child; she came several squares, and is in the habit of visiting her children; walking alone, and returning at night. We hope she will live to see another generation.

[*Philadelphia Sentinel.*

$5,000

FOR FOUR DOLLARS.

PUBLIC SCHOOL LOTTERY,

—Class No. 7—

To be drawn positively on Saturday, July 5th.—By a small investment the following Prizes may be obtained.

Prizes, 1 of $5000, 1 of 2000, 1 of 1,500, 1 of 1,500, 1 of 1,400, 2 of 1,200, 2 of 1000, 1 of 740, 14 of 300, 14 of 100, 112 of 20 cts. etc. Tickets $4, halves $2, quarters $1. Packages of 10 whole tickets $30, warranted not less than $17; for sale at MALCOLM'S office, 56 Chartres st. Sign of the Wheel of Fortune, where was sold in former Lotteries the capital prices of $10,000 and 4 of $5000.

June 30.

NOTICE.

DANIEL GREGORY BORDUZAT, informs his friends and the public, that he has entered into co partnership with his father, M. Anthony Mathew Borduzat of Bordeaux; that he alone will conduct the firm in New-Orleans, and that on and from the first of July, 1828, the signature of the firm in New Orleans, will be

D. G. BORDUZAT & CO.

Furthermore—He has the honour of communicating to the merchants of this city and in the state of Louisiana, who might have insurances effected in Bordeaux, that he has just received from the syndic of the underwriters of the last mentioned city, of full power of attorney to act in his behalf in all cases of Insurances and in cases of partial or general averages on vessels of merchandize. The merchants interested are invited to have their claims certified by the general agent, D. BORDUZAT, otherwise they would not be admitted and the payment thereof refused.

June 30.

COURT OF PROBATES.

SALE by the *Register of Wills*—On Thursday, 24th July, 1828, at noon, at the new Exchange Coffee-House, at noon, for account of the estate of the late Daniel C. Holliday, the following slaves, to wit:—

William Paul, a negro man, driver, unsound, about 40 years old.

Bazile, a mulatto man, cooper, about 40 years old.

Orange, a negro man, carpenter, about 40 years old.

Eliza, a negro woman, field hand, about 14 years old.

Emily, a negro woman, eater of dirt, field hand, about 14 years old.

Sally, wife of Orange, unsound, field hand, about 30 years old, and her two children, named *Lucy*, negro girl about 9 years old, and *Matilda*, a negro girl about 2 years old.

Ben, child of Sally, a negro boy, field hand, about 12 years old.

Rachel, a negro woman, field hand, about 14 years old.

Alick, a negro boy, waiter, about 14 years old.

Terms of sale—Payable in three equal instalments, on the 1st of April, 1829, the 1st of April, 1830, and the 1st of April, 1831, in notes with two approved endorsers, and bearing mortgage on said slaves; the notes to be divided into such portions as will suit the sellers—and the deeds of sale to be executed before Theodore Seghers, at the expense of the purchasers.

By order of the Court.

CHARLES BLACHE,
Dep. Register of Wills.

Those Slaves are acclimated, and have been for several years on a sugar plantation. June 25.

Parish Court for the Parish and City of New-Orleans, June 2d, 1828.

PRESENT THE HONBLE. JAS. PITOT.

Elizabeth Aubé vs. P. B. Lalande, her husband.

IT is ordered and decreed by the Court that the petitioner, Elizabeth Aubé, the wife of Pierre Bénoit Lalande, defendant in this suit, shall be separated from bed and board with him; that he will restore to her the exclusive possession and property of the slave, lot and house and furniture that she brought in marriage as per contract, and must note appear as far as they are yet existing by the execution of the order of the Court at the time of the institution of suit for inventory and injunction against any disposition thereof by him, the said husband, who shall further pay costs.

(Signed) J. PITOT, Judge.

New-Orleans, June 10, 1828.

I do hereby certify the above.

June 21 THOS. S. KENNEDY, Clerk.

FOR Sale by the Subscriber—200 Spanish Doubloons.

PERIOD. SECOND.

June 20 85, Toulouse street.

TO THOSE WHO VISIT THE LAKE.

THE Public is respectfully informed that the old establishment of the *Rising Sun* is re-opened under the name of MECHANIC'S HOTEL, where may be had all kinds of refreshments; there is an ordinary every day at [illegible] o'clock, at one dollar per person. Private rooms are provided for private parties. The bar is well supplied with excellent liquors, and at one half the customary price.

SMOKED HAMS and linseed oil received per S B Patriot, 36 hhds and bbls smoked hams, covered and in excellent order for keeping. 60 bbls linseed oil, and 6 bbls flaxseed, for sale by

C. D. JORDAN,
June 12 33 Gravier st.

FRESH BUTTER—The Subscribers have received per ship Bostonia, 20 kegs Goshen Butter—which they offer for sale at their store, No. 36, Levee street.

June 20 TANEY & DUPLESSIS.

FOR VERA CRUZ.

The Brig GEN. VICTORIA, R. A. Bukeeper, master, will positively sail for the above port on Thursday next, 3d July. She can still take a few more barrels on freight, and has very convenient accommodations for passengers. Application for either, to be made on board, opposite Canal street, or to

D. G. BORDUZAT & Co.
June 1 108 Royal street.

VICTOR ROUMAGE, offers for sale the following articles received by the brig *Levant*, from Bordeaux:—

100 barrels (of 18 gallons) of white brandy 5th proof.
400 cases of medoc claret wine.
4 casks different kinds of letches,
20 barrels of old medoc claret wine,

IN STORE:

200 barrels of claret wine, different qualities.
30 tierces of white wine, sauterne, grave, and baisne,
600 cases of claret and white wine,
20 pipes of cogniac brandy, 4th proof,
100 baskets of Bordeaux bottles.

July 1.

BORDEAUX WINE.

Excellent Bordeaux Wine, for sale cheap, to close a concern.

P. E. SORBE',
June 17. No. 118, Royal street.

J. MAIGNAN & FAURIE,

LEVEE STREET, SUBURB MARIGNY,

HAVE the honor of informing the Planters, owners of Steamboats, Steam-Mills and others, that since the 1st of June, inst. they execute all kinds of IRON CASTINGS on the most moderate terms, and with the utmost exactitude.—They will repair wherever their services may be wanted, and will also undertake every thing that relates to their trade of Founders of all Metals, Blacksmiths, Tinners, and Pattern Makers. They hope by their known assiduity and their expences, to merit a continuance of the confidence which they will always endeavor to make themselves worthy of.

They have constantly on hand a quantity of Charcoal and Pit Coal

June 1.

NOTICE to Peddlers and Hawkers trading within the State of Louisiana.

THE Subscriber, purchaser of the Farm of Licences to be granted to Peddlers and Hawkers, and other persons, trading, selling, or exchanging merchandize on the great roads and water courses in this State, informs those whom it may concern, that his office is opened every day, in Levee street, between Bienville and Custom-House, No. 21, Jackson Store, where the different Licences may be had for twelve months, at the rate fixed by the Act of the Legislature—approved the 18th of February, 1825, and conformably to the act providing for the collection of money for the canal expences of this State, and for other purposes—approved on the 25th of April, 1828.

The Farmer informs those who may trade or sell (themselves, by their shares or hiring people) beyond the limits of this city, that he will prosecute those who so trade without being furnished with a licence.

He also gives notice that Mr. P. D. Hanar is his agent, and is authorised to deliver licences signed by me.

Those who have licences and their terms are expired, are requested to renew them to avoid the penalty above mentioned.

LOUIS ALLEY.
May 7.

NOTICE.

Election in the second Senatorial District, to wit:

OF a Representative in the Congress of the United States by the first Congressional District of this State, of which the 2d Senatorial District is a part, to serve the two years after the 3d March, 1829.

Of seven Representatives in the General Assembly of the State, for the Parish and City of New-Orleans.

And of a Governor for the State.

By virtue of the Proclamation of his Excellency Henry Johnson, Governor of the State of Louisiana, dated 1st May last, for the election above mentioned, the Judges of the City and Parish of New-Orleans, acting the Sectors of the Second Senatorial District, comprising the City of New-Orleans and its suburbs, beginning at the Nun's Gardens above, and extending below as far as the Canal des Esclaves inclusive, the inhabitants of the Upper St. John and Gentilly, that the election will take place on the 7th, 8th and 9th of July next, in the Hall of the Sittings of the Parish Court of the Parish of Orleans.

J. PITOT, Judge.

New-Orleans, June 2, 1828.

NOTICE.—Messrs. *L. Moreau Lislet & Pierre Soulé*, Counsellors and Attorneys at Law, have entered into partnership for the exercise of their profession. Their office is in St. Louis street, above Mr. Boyd's auction store, opposite the Mortgage Office. —may 24

RUNAWAY SLAVE.

Runaway from the Subscriber, during the present month, a creole Negress named *Catherine*; 5 feet 2 inches in heigth, french measure, she is of a large face, is a hawker of goods. Whoever stops said runaway, will receive the reward of 10 dollars, on delivering her at the pool, or to her mistress, in St. Claude street, near the college. Mdme. BOUQUETTE.

June 2.

REMOVAL.—CHARLES JANIN, Attorney at law and Notary Public, has removed his Office to Toulouse street, in the house where the French Consul formerly kept his office. may 14