THE NEW ORLEANS DAILY BEE,
PUBLISHED DAILY (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED) AT
No. 75, Chartres Street,
NEW ORLEANS:
SATURDAY MORNING, FEB. 10, 1866.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Spaces.	1 day.	2 days.	3 days.	4 days.	1 week.
1 square	$2 00	$3 00	$4 00	$5 00	$6 00
2 squares	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	8 00
3 squares	4 00	5 00	6 00	7 00	9 00
4 squares	5 00	6 00	7 00	8 00	10 00
5 squares	6 00	7 00	8 00	9 00	12 00
6 squares	7 00	8 00	9 00	10 00	14 00
1 column	8 00	10 00	12 00	14 00	20 00
1 page	12 00	14 00	16 00	18 00	25 00

Daily advertisements, inserted every other day, to the charge of two days for three times.

Daily or Weekly Single Page Advertisements each square, $20 per month.

Double Page Advertisements occupying the size of the paper, when inserted, $1 25 per square; each subsequent insertion, 75 cents per square.

Triple Page Advertisements, or those occupying the entire sheet, $2 per square.

Advertisements inserted at intervals, to be charged as many each insertion.

Regular advertisements, with advertisements, shall be charged each insertion from those above named individual rates, to be agreed upon; provided, that in no case shall the amount exceed $2 per space.

All Semi-Weekly Bee Advertisements to be charged double rates per line, each insertion.

All Tri-Weekly Advertisements must be paid for in advance.

All bills with regular advertisers shall be rendered monthly.

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

G. de Feriet sells real estate, at 12 o'clock, M., at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street.

S. Commah sells real estate, at 12 o'clock, M., at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street.

Chas. Porter sells real estate, at 12 o'clock, M., at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street.

S. H. Jacobs sells real estate, at 12 o'clock, M., at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street.

The Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans sells real estate, at 12 o'clock, M., at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street.

IMPROVED REAL ESTATE IN THE SECOND DISTRICT AT AUCTION BY THE SHERIFF.—We are requested to call attention to the sale at auction to be made this day, at noon, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, by the Sheriff of the parish of Orleans, of valuable lot of ground, with the buildings and improvements thereon, situate on St. Ann and Orleans streets, between Roman and Prieur's Second District.

For particulars and terms, see advertisement.

VARIOUS FRUITS AND NUTS.—Messrs. Weller, Chew & Co. offer for sale at the lowest rates a large assortment of foreign nuts and fruits, a list of which may be seen in their advertisement elsewhere.

Thanks to Capt. Pratt, of the steamer Fashion, for Vicksburg papers.

We have Galveston papers of the 6th, for which we are indebted to the steamship Gen. Sherman, Capt. Pendleton.

Capt. A. J. Carter, and W. Mosier, Clerk of the Mollie Able, have our thanks for late Western papers.

We are obliged to the Southern Express Company for Memphis, Tennessee and Western papers, including the latest dates from Nashville and Chattanooga, the 6th and 7th.

REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS.—We have a copy of Superintendent Robert M. Lusher's report on the condition of public school affairs in the State. It is marked by accurate ability, research, and judgment, and contains several weighty suggestions to the General Assembly regarding the revival of an efficient school system throughout the State after the late prostration.

FREEDMEN AND JUSTICE.

The Freedmen Bureaucrats contradict both facts and the deductions of political economy. They assert that the whites of the South are thoroughly inimical to the interests of the freedmen and bent on denying them justice. We do not mean justice according to Radical dogma and theories, which are as arbitrary and variable as they are impracticable; but that substantial justice which is accomplished by imposing upon every member and every class of society the Christian rule of living honestly, hurting nobody, and giving to every one his due. What is the due of any one it is impossible to determine upon a *priori* principles. Do admirable rules of conduct are the only proof of its existence. To suppose otherwise, is about the same as to suppose that a person could be a merchant without merchandise, and could demand payment of a bill of goods which he had never sold and which no one had ever received. If society every one is a tacit party to a contract involving compensations and forfeitures, to be awarded according to the degree of its fulfilment or disregard of its stipulations.

It is upon such a basis that freedmen in the South and elsewhere must at last be judged. The Radicals will have their day; the rule or reign policy of a party desperately tenacious of power will have its day; injustice, folly, madness will have their day. But in the end, the negro, whatever fictitious or theoretical value may have been attributed to him, must be rated by his own merits, just as coin is estimated by the quality of its metal, not by the stamp alone, which may be but the counterfeit of the authentic seal of the mint. To this test must he be remitted ultimately, let the Freedmen Bureaucrats paint or label him as they may. And let them say what they will, none are more willing to concede the full measure of the freedmen's worth as they tested than the ex-slaveholders of the South. It is as clearly the interest of all classes of Southern whites to make the negroes, after liberation, happy, industrious, and useful to society and to themselves, that it is not rationally conceivable that they would, if let alone, aim to do otherwise.

That they would keep this end in view in dealing with the negroes, is not more to be doubted than that they would rather have a good population in their midst than have a bad one. And as regards the former owners of the freedmen, it especially concerns them, on the score of pecuniary compensation alone, to render to the negroes that practical justice, that kindness, that care, that guidance and protection, which the Freedmen Bureaucrats have taken, through the intermediation of superfluous, on the sole condition of all taxes upon blacks they become jearful free laborers. But there they be wide differences of opinion as to the precise means of securing these conditions; and there it must be admitted that some could be more safely depended on for judging of such means than others who, above all others, are interested in devising such means that they would be considered that the ex-slaveholders lost by emancipation upwards of property to the amount of upwards of two thousand million of dollars.

But much of this loss, perhaps half of it, would be only nominal, if the emancipated negroes should prove, in reality as well as in name, free laborers. That labor, in another form, would constitute as before, the basis of the capital, the active means, the productive wealth of society; and the ex-slaveholders would be some stockholders in this capital in proportion as they employed freedmen labor or inadequately realized its benefits. While they would be longer and stronger, they would be relieved of many heavy responsibilities and expenses attending such ownership. In this respect they have themselves been emancipated.

But should the freedmen not prove in any useful sense free laborers, the ex-slaveholders would suffer a clear loss of thousands of millions without any real recovery of compensation, and, with society at large, would be regarded and treated with a population of several millions of lazzaroni. The Freedmen Bureaucrats are trying by coercive and peremptory means admittedly adapted to such a result. There would be no danger of it if that or similar engines of demoralization and ruin were cast of the way.

Even some of the Republican journals are thus compelled to acknowledge the extinction of the South of a natural necessity of the whites and the blacks to harmonize on the basis of mutual advantage. They can not deny that the whites are disposed to treat the negroes justly and kindly, or extend to them full protection of their rights, in order to obtain from them their highest value as free laborers. The New York *Sun*, for example, in a recent survey of the labor question in the South, remarks:

"From these indications, we think that the whites have begun to see both the duty and the expediency of treating the negroes that the Freedmen's Bureau and Freedmen's aid societies have taught them to fear from labor; and that both have so far shaped their measures as to be reasonably satisfactory. If the whites continue to act hereafter with the South from the intimation of the President's message, we believe that all the feelings between the planters and the freedmen will soon be healed."

The following is a list of passengers per steamship Gen. Sherman, from Galveston:

Gen. Chalmers, Maj. Wm. J. M. Gaither, Maj. Wm. Hemphill, Capt. R. Pendleton, Capt. Wm. Tracy, Lieut. Wm. Fletcher, Prof. Tracy, Rev. Fontaine, Mrs. Fontaine, Mrs. C. Gaither, Mrs. Tracy, Miss Tracy, Mrs. Fletcher, Mrs. Hemphill and others.

A SERIOUS AGAINST MILLINERS.—Business is now season brisk and busy. A most brilliant display of millinery, and other fashionable goods, most people prefer trifling to see and buying to buy. The ladies may thus be seen at any time, during business hours, in a mixed crowd the fact that large stocks of beautiful millinery on hand daily "unsoiled," to make room for new goods. The ladies, on the opposite price is necessary to make such purchases, are invited to call at Mrs. Hemphill's, opposite the Varieties, and examine for themselves. Mrs. Hemphill is prepared to be in no hurry to sell, and will be pleased to show her goods, whether they purchase or not. Mrs. Hemphill's establishment is one of the most fashionable in the city, and she is well known to the ladies of New Orleans, as a lady of the highest character and integrity. Her goods are all of the latest and most fashionable styles, and she is prepared to make to order at the shortest notice, and in the most fashionable manner, any article in her line. Her prices are low, and she is prepared to sell at the lowest possible rates. Her stock is large and well selected