THE BEE.

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JEROME BAYON.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 13, 1832.

GOVERNOR,
J. B. DAWSON.

CONGRESS—*First District.*
E. D. WHITE.

Candidates for the state legislature.

B. Z. Canonge,	A. Pucros,
W. F. C. Duplessis,	D. Augustin,
S. Marmilleau,	C. Daunoy,
A. Hoa,	F. Labatut,
J. B. Sturrett,	L. Allard,
S. D. Dixon,	J. Lalande,
B. Marigny,	E. Canon,
J. R. Grimes,	L. Peirce.

J. M. Kennedy.

By the mails of yesterday we have New York papers of the 29th and Washington of the 31st May, but they bring us no news.

The trial of colonel Taylor was called yesterday morning in the United States district court, but was again postponed for a week, on the motion of the counsel of the accused, upon the alleged absence of witnesses.

A lecture will be delivered before the *New Orleans Lyceum* by Dr. J. A. Kennicott, this evening at 8 o'clock, in the presbyterian church. As the lectures of this society are public, we cannot for a moment doubt that a full audience will pay the tribute of its attendance to the reputation of the lecturer.

The venerable general Sumpter, a patriot of the revolution, died at Statesburg, South Carolina, on the 1st inst. The Charleston papers are clad in mourning on announcing the event.

It is said that the consummate wretch Mina, on receiving his death-warrant from the chief state magistrate, remarked jocosely, that "the governor wrote a good hand." He will probably ascertain, erelong, that the hangman ties a good knot, when he shall proceed to *drop* a disagreeable subject.

The opinion of the London *Globe*, in regard to the probabilities of a war upon the continent, will be found among our extracts of to-day. The London papers generally, seem to treat the warlike views of the Paris Constitutional with obstinate incredulity.

The national house of representatives has plunged into the discussion of the tariff question. There seems to be little probability of reconciling the various contradictory opinions that obtain on this subject. The advocates of a high tariff are indulging in the most extravagant calculations as to the increase of importations into the United States, should Mr. McLane's bill become the basis of our tariff system. Estimates have been made running up the imports to one hundred millions of dollars, should the duties be fixed at twenty or twenty-five per cent. The ratio of increase of population seems to be left out of the account by these calculators. The population doubling every twenty-five years gives an increase of four per cent. per annum, in the demand for importations, which would, of itself, without any diminution of duties, yield an annual addition to the revenue of only $2,400,000.

"Romance and Reality," by L. E. L. is a republication from the prolific press of the brothers Harper of New York: it is for sale in this city by E. Johns & co. Attempts have been made to depreciate its merits, in one or two instances—probably by those who have never read it. It is a sketchy, unequal production, abounding in fine passages and redolent of beautiful thoughts.

The "History of the mutiny of the Bounty," it will be seen, is advertised by Messrs. Johns & Co. We have not yet read it—but anticipate much pleasure from its perusal. It is spoken of as being highly entertaining, by the northern papers.

WASHINGTON, May 31.

In the house of representatives.—On motion of Mr. McDuffie, the house went into committee on the tariff bill, Mr. Speight in the chair, and mr. Crawford addressed the house in continuation; when he had concluded,

Mr Adams having obtained the floor, said that he was instructed by the committee on manufactures, to move that the present bill now before the committee, should be laid aside, and that they should proceed to consider the bill reported by the committee on manufactures. In making this proposition, Mr. A. disclaimed being actuated by any wish to arrest the argument on the bill under discussion, or in the slightest degree interfere with the disposition of any member of the house, to express his sentiments on it. The principle of the two bills were essentially different; altho' he did not deem it necessary then to go into the discussion on the principle, yet it would save much time if the committee, in assenting to his proposition, to take up the bill reported by the committee on manufactures, would thereby decide against the principle contained in the bill reported by the committee of ways and means. His colleague (Mr. Davis) had intimated an intention of offering an amendment, when the subject should be before the house. The principal of that amendment was different from the bills reported by the committee of ways and means and on manufactures. If he still retained the desire to propose his amendment he could do so. The committee on manufactures had considered that much valuable time would be saved; and, in that view, had instructed, him to make his proposition. The subject being, however, the same, every member would be at liberty to express his sentiments in regard to the whole subject.

A desultory conversation arose as to the right of debating on the proposition of Mr. Adams, the subject matter of the bill reported by Mr. McDuffie, in which Messrs. R. M. Johnson, Watmough, Hall, of N. C., H. Everitt and Sutherland, participated, and in answer to inquiries made respecting it.

Mr. Adams re-stated that it was not the intention of the committee, under whose instructions he acted, to arrest the debate at all; and he considered that every member would have the right to discuss the propriety of either bill. The only effect of his motion would be, that the committee would have an opportunity given them to express an opinion, and the question might be taken on the proposition he submitted.

Mr. Appleton proposed to amend it by striking out the first section, which motion being debatable, he proceeded to address the house at length in reply to Mr. McD. after which before the question was taken on the amendment, on motion of Mr Bouldin, the committee rose and reported, asked and obtained leave to sit again, and the house then adjourned.

Mr. Adams' Report.—Mr. Adams' report on the tariff is one of the most remarkable productions of the day—not only for its eloquence—its general views—its political principles—but for the decided stand it takes in favor of the policy of general Jackson on the tariff, and the equally decided blow it gives to the system and principles of Mr. Clay. There is scarcely a topic or a view that has the remotest or most immediate connection with the tariff that Mr. Adams does not take up and illustrate with his usual force and energy of language.

During the present session of congress, while Mr. Clay and Mr. Calhoun have united their forces to disgrace and disparage the foreign and domestic policy of general Jackson, Mr. Adams has on several occasions magnanimously stepped forward, untrammelled, unshackled by factious ties, and boldly and vigorously supported the interests of the whole country. On the vexed tariff question he has adopted the same policy. Differing on a few general principles from the views of Mr. McLane, he agrees with him in the main scope of his plan of compromise and its general details.

On wool, woolens and a few other articles, Mr. Adams varies from Mr. McLane, but the principle and basis of both bills are nearly similar. What effect this report will produce on the ultra tariff party of the middle and eastern states we cannot tell—it must at least bring to the most satisfactory results for the union.

It is highly probable that the woolen manufacturers and others will raise a hue and cry against Mr. Adams. Having failed in all their previous efforts to "put congress to school," we shall now see them adopting the feelings and perhaps the nullifiers of the south. Hezekiah Niles has threatened already to "exterminate" all who will not consent to continue taxes upon the people. The ball now opens.—*N. Y. Cour. and Enquirer*

The new novel, Eugene Aram, gives the origin of a Yankee phrase which we were hitherto unacquainted with. Every son of New England recollects the rustic terms, 'nation great,' 'nation fine,' &c. as in the description of a cannon in the song—

"It made a noise like father's gun,
Only a *nation* louder."

By this work the thing appears of transatlantic origin, and bad its rise in a conscientious compromise, the original word being d—nation. The text thus corrected our puritan fathers adopted pretty universally, and that too, without once incurring the charge of profanity.—Another new work informs us that the origin of the word mayor was from the rustic sports in England on May-day, in ancient time, the presiding officer at the festival in May being called may-or.

LONDON, April 26.

We have been much amused by the contents of the French papers of Tuesday and the taste of yesterday, and more especially with a most piquant hash, on the part of the 'Constitutionnel,' of all sorts of warlike reports; for the precise truth of which, however, it will not pledge itself. The modest scribe! our enemies will always answer for the exact veracity of their similar sallies. According to this splendid repast for the Parisian *gobe mouches*, all the leading powers are in the concoction of a grand plot against France. The Austrians are mustering to the extreme of military armament. "At Vienna," says the Constitutionnel, "every thing breaths war"—a fact we are shrewdly informed, "is concealed from the French embassy" which in course is composed of individuals who, in the language of scripture, have eyes which see not, and ears which hear not—the character of French diplomacy to a tittle. To the prince Metternich is ascribed the honor of the arrangement of the forth coming plot, the object of which is to confine France within the limits of her boundary in the days of Louis XIII.! The emperor of Austria, it seems, is not personally much interested in the matter, having a sort of eye to a probable result in favor of his grandson, the son of Napoleon; but is willing to compromise for Louis XIX. (the duke of Angouleme,) who is to recall his abdication. The emperor of Russia, on the contrary, has sworn by his mustachios to stand by Henry V., who is not to be regented by his mother, poor youth! but by Messrs. de Blacas, de Damas, de Villele, de Latour Maubourg, de Montbel, de Peyronnet, &c. &c. "England, it appears is considered by prince Metternich, to be out of all question of European order," although the "management which Austria owes her, requires delay." How pleasantly romantic some of the Gallic *redacteurs* are! The trouble of invading France is to devolve on Russia and Prussia, and the king of Holland is to open the ball by an attempt on Belgium. As respects France itself, marshal Bourmont and the duke of Belluno are to head the royalists; and prince Talleyrand, with his usual guarded acumen, has been heard to declare that chance will decide the success of the whole affair. "By a very remarkable coincidence," continues the lively Constitutionnel, "at the very time this information reached us, we also received from another part of Europe, from England, a letter from our habitual London correspondent, in which we read the following: "The important question of war is again the prevailing topic. War considered impossible a few days ago, is much talked of at present, and well informed persons appear to give credence to the report." This, of course, is conclusive; and we are to take it for granted that Europe is once more on the eve of a quarrel—a result to be produced by a Russian, Austrian, and Prussian system of deception and delusion towards England and France. We need not dwell upon this species of moonshine, but one remark is scarcely to be avoided; we mean the sang froid with which these war anticipators attribute schemes of national intervention, treachery, and perfidy to every body and any body,—an I suppose secret combinations on foot, the existence of which would place the parties concerned in them among the most base, the most false, and the most contemptible of mankind.

London Globe.

SAVANNA, June 3.

On Friday last a Scotch lass, of favorable appearance, 16 or 18 years of age, was discovered on board the ship Emperor, working with and in the same garb as the sailors. Her story has excited considerable attention, and we have learnt it thus: Being unable to obtain employment in New York, where she landed from Scotland, she procured a seaman's dress, and shipped on board the ship Plato as cabin boy. During the passage to this port the mate beat some of the seamen, and the cabin boy also twice, when the captain on arriving here, fearing they would desert, locked the chests in the cabin, and the cabin boy's being found filled with women's gear, instead of seaman's duds, the owner was compelled to confess the imposition, and was turned adrift on shore. She afterwards (still in male attire) agreed on board the Emperor to work her passage to New York, and she was actually engaged in the arduous labor of discharging ballast, when the number of persons whom rumor of the mal-apropos discovery on board the Plato, kept curiously gazing around the Emperor, attracted capt. Foy's notice, and the cheat was again discovered and she confessed with tears and manifest distress. Capt. F. however, humanely kept her on board, had her properly apparelled, and means to convey her to his family as a domestic. The president of the St. Andrew's society, and other gentlemen of character, have tendered any assistance to the girl that she may want.—*Georgian.*

TWO INTERVIEWS WITH NAPOLEON.

As every body nowadays is writing accounts of Buonaparte, secret memoirs, personal narratives, &c., I do not see why I too, should not "roll my tub" with the rest. I had actually the honor of two interviews with Neapoleon, who addressed me personally on both occasions.

At the time of the peace of Amiens, I went over to Paris with the crowd. I then became acquainted with two young gentlemen, the Messrs. T———, who were near relatives of Josephine; and I spent much of my time with them. One day I accompanied them to the Tuileries, and while they went to see madame Buonaparte, I remained alone in one of the large saloons. I had not been there long when the folding doors at the end opened, and the first consul entered hastily, surrounded or rather followed by four or five military men of high rank. As soon as he saw me, he said very brusquely, "Qui es tu, jenne homme!" "Je suis Anglais," I answered. "et j'attends ici M. T———." "Sortez done, mon jenne homme," was the reply, and I of course obeyed.

The second interview was equally gratifying. I went with the same young gentlemen to a review in the Bois de Boulogne, and rode up towards the imperial party. I have again attracted the eye of the emperor (as he was the time,) and he asked hastily who was the young man in colored clothes.

"C'est M——, un de mes amis," replied my companion.

"Qu'il f—— le camp," was the gracious observation of his majesty. I rode off at once.

Such were my two interviews with the topmost man of the age; and I submit that I have as much cause to boast of the honor, as the gentleman formerly had who used to record, with much satisfaction that Louis XIV. had spoken to him. What the king said was "Garre" The emperor, it will be seen was far more communicative.

Montreal election.—The Montreal Gazette, of the 24th inst. states some additional particulars in relation to the West Ward election, which closed, after a contest of 24 days, and much bloodshed, as was stated in this paper of Saturday. It is stated that in his harangues on Saturday and Sunday previous to the closing the poll, Mr. Tracy announced his intention *to fire the town.* The magistrates took every precaution, in consequence, to prevent mischief. The poll opened at 8 o'clock, on Monday morning, when the tumult ensued as has already been narrated, and at the close, at five o'clock, the votes stood, for Tracy 690, for Bagg 687. On Tuesday, in order to prevent further interruption of the public tranquility, Mr. Bagg deemed it expedient to retire from the contest, offering at the same time a protest, through six public notaries, who certify, that, at his request, they repaired to the poll on that day, and declared to the returning officer, that, as ille al means had been resorted to by the partizans of Tracy, and measures been taken to intimidate those of Bagg, Tracy & the electors solemnly protested against Bagg's being returned.—*N. Y. Daily Adv.*

Mr Owen's Social Festival.—The third, and so far the most interesting festival given by Mr. Owen to the industrious classes this season, was provided for them yesterday evening, at the Institution, in Gray's-inn-lane. The Philanthropist and "Lord of the Feast," on his entry into the room, was hailed with the cheers of the immense assembly, and with the soul stirring air, "See, the conquering hero comes," which was admirably performed, on the organ, by Mr. Goddard. As soon as this burst of enthusiasm, and the air of "Welcome" had ceased, Mr. Owen exhibited a model of the building which he proposes to erect for the new Society he is calling into existence, and explained its principles in a most pleasing and satisfactory manner. It is to be constructed on the principle of an extensive square, capable to occupy 1,000 feet: and accommodation for 500 persons, consisting of men, women, and children, is promised, together with every species of instruction, mental and physical. He proposes to attach to every such erection about 2,000 acres of land, to be purchased by the Society, for the purposes of tillage, &c. After the explanation of the plan, dancing was commenced; an excellent quadrille band was in attendance, and the 'Feast of reason and the flow of soul' did not terminate up to one o'clock, at which period the company separated highly gratified.—*London Morning Chronicle.*

A correspondent of the New York American asks whence comes the complet at the end of Mr. Adams' report concerning the bank. He adds—

"The thought I consider fine, but far behind the poetry. Mr. Adams did not make it, or he would have avoided the bad grammar in the first line, and the humble expletive, as I view it, "my friend," in the second. Suppose we try to amend it—

"When truth or virtue an offence endures,
The offence at once becomes both mine and yours."

This, perhaps, is not serious. We thought that Pope's lines in the Epilogue to the Satires, were familiar to every one.

"Ask you what provocation I have had?
The strong antipathy of Good to Bad.
When truth or virtue an affront endures,
The affront is mine, my friend, and should be yours.
Mine, as a foe professed to false pretence,
Who, as a coxcomb honor like his sense;
Mine the friend to every worthy mind;
And mine as man, who feel for all mankind."

Judge Clayton, by the way, in his card respecting the report of Mr. Adams, quotes Cowper with a license akin to that which he used in his committee exposition.

The lines of the poet are—

"Am I to set my life upon a throw,
Because a bear is rude and surly? No!
A moral, sensible, and well bred man
Will not affront me, and no other can."

The Judge preferred the epithet *civil* to *moral*, and the term *asperse* to *affront*. Probably, he thought it would not do to quote even, what might imply a charge against the morality of Mr. Adams.—*Nat. Gaz.*

O. P. Q. of the London Morning Chronicle is a favorite with us. In his letter of the 22d of April, he thus describes the close of the session of the French chamber of deputies:

"The session has closed—no speech from the Throne—no alliance of heart and soul between king and people—no hearty cries of Vive le Roi, or Vive la Liberte—no mutual and affectionate salutations of king, peers, and deputies—no smile of satisfaction at the result of the parliamentary labors of the session—no confidence reposed by the king in the deputies, or by the deputies in the king. But a dry formal legal ordinance was read from the tribune of the deputies, by Barthe, the minister of justice, which closed this memorable session; and then Girod de l'Ain, in the name of the law, required the deputies to disperse. Out of 459 deputies, 159 were present, [among them was Lafayette] out of the 159 present, about 19 took off their hats and cried "Vive le Roi!" "Hush, hush!" cried the rest of the assembly, and then dispersed!!!"

In a letter of the preceeding day he speaks thus of cholera:

"Of the cholera morbus I must say a few words. I told you in my letter of the 15th, that the cases had been greatly understated by the government. This is now proved to be a fact. More than eleven thousand deaths have taken place in Paris—and without exciting unnecessary or excessive fears, we have every reason for apprehending that this number will increase to 15,000. Nevertheless let me record the cheering fact, that whilst on the 9th, one thousand persons died in one day, that the day before yesterday the number diminished to 371. In a few days I hope to be able to announce the disappearance of this sad and desolating *fleau.*"

Of an occurrence which has caused some excitement on the continent, he says:

"The governor of Luxembourg has been arrested. M. Thorn is a Belgian senator, and governor of Luxembourg. On proceeding to the chateau of Scheinlez three leagues and a half from Luxembourg, he was arrested by Dutch soldiers, who had received orders to convey him to that fort. Conveyed to Luxembourg, he was sent to prison, and from thence the intelligence was forwarded to Brussels of his arbitrary arrest. Why is this? What does it mean? Does an armistice exist or not? Is Holland bound to give notice before she recommences her hostilities or no? Is this indignity a forerunner of a general attack? Does the king of Holland again propose to make war against the revolution of September? Or is the whole affair a mistake—an error? Will the king of Belgium submit to such indignities offered to one of the most upright and honorable of citizens? These are interesting questions, especially as the fact arrives at the moment when a large portion of the Perier party, at the sight of the ratifications of Prussia and Austria, are singing "Te, Perier! lauda mus."

Marine Journal.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED

Brig Battersby, Tapp, Liverpool, N. and J. Dick and co
Brig Ella, Marston, Philadelphia, T. Toby
Schr Sophia, Stumman, Havana, Allen and Deblois

ARRIVED.

Steamer Porpoise, Hartman, having towed to sea ship Warsaw, and bark David Cannou; brought up packet ship Edward Bonnaffee, packet brig Canada' White, from Baltimore; and bark Wm Smith from Portsmouth

Steamer Whale, Wood, having towed to sea ship Johanna; brig Tigilant; schr Brazoria and Emperor; brought up ship Alabama, from N York, shiy Eliza, Vera Cruz; and brig Florida, N York—2 ships in the offing; ships Cincinnati and Mogul, and 2 brigs at anchor inside the bar.

Steamer Post Boy, Davis, having towed to sea, packet ship Tennessee; ship John Hale; brigs Billow and Jasper; schrs Angelina and Swain—brought up ship Helan Mar, fr Boston; brig Carroll, from Baltimore; and schr Caridad, fr Jago de Cuba. Left N E Pass at 10 a m, on Monday; 3 ships, and 3 brigs and a schr in the offing The Pilot had got her tow to sea and was waiting one up.

Ship Eliza, Morrison, from Vera Cruz.
Ship Alabama, Waterman, fm New York, to W G Hewes
Brig Hellen Mar, Barker, from Boston, to Stetson & Avery
Brig Carroll, Cox, fr Baltimore, to Harrison, Brown & co
Brig Canada, White, from Baltimore, to Harrison, Brown & co
Bark Wm Smith, M'Lelland, from Portland.
Bark Edward Bonnaffee, Campbell, f m Phildelphis, to S C Bell
Brig Florida, Blaisdale, from New York.
Schr Caridad, Roache, St Jago de Cuba.
Steamer, Pacific, Wood, from Nashville, with cotton, tobacco, etc. to J Hagan and co, and others.
Stermer Hibernia, Hewes, from Louisville—cargo to Brander, McKenna and Lee; Wallace, Lambeth and Pope, and others.
Steamer Telegraph, Laurent, from Bayou Sarah, with cotton.

MEMORANDA.

Cleared at New York, 20th May, ship Louisville for this port.

Hence at New York, ship Illinois, Buncker, brig Cabinet.

Sailed from New York, may 29th, for this port brig Margaret.

Departed last evening steamer Grampus, Beebe, for sea, with brig Ella, for Philadelphia; brig Thos. Battersby, and schr Sophia.

MLLE. PAUL, pupil of the conservatory of Paris, has the honor of informing the ladies of New Orleans of her intention of fixing her residence in this city; she will give lessons on the piano, the guitar and in singing, and will attend classes of young ladies from 7 o'clock in the morning until noon. Apply to Mr. Setellier, St. Philip, between Conde and Royal streets, or Mr. Alexander, paperer, Royal, between Ursuline and Hospital streets. june 13

FRESH SUPPLY, 89 Levee street. Malcom McCallum is just receiving from the ship John Linton, a fresh and handsome assortment of summer pumps, shoes and brogans. june 13

CATHOLIC CHURCH LOTTERY.
CLASS, NO. XIV.
To be drawn on Saturday next, 16th instant.
PRIZES $10,000, 3,000, 15,000, &C.
Whole tickets, $4; *halves* 2; *Quarters* 1.

The cause is good
And the chance is good,
A shade is good in hot weather,
A church is good,
And money is good
And we'll share the good together.
John the Poet.

The following is intended for the special benefit of whom it may concern.

PROCLAMATION.

Until within a few months past I had for a long time condescended to hover about the upper part of the city and faubourg St. Mary, where I had from time to time dispensed my bounteous blessings with an unsparing hand—indeed I was so much pleased to witness the noisy bustle of enterprise, the rattling of drays, the mud, dust, cotton bags, bacon, &c. &c., that I had seriously thought of remaining permanently there, or at least of leaving an agent. But I must confess that the old slur of fickleness so often applied to me by the indolent, the intemperate, or the ungrateful, is not altogether destitute of solid argument for its support. I had heard of the rail road and the mammoth cotton press, both of which had been constructed in the faubourg Marigny, and put in operation by the magic touch of a few of my favorites within a time so short as to be almost incredible—I had heard too of a projected canal, and other improvements; with all of which I was highly gratified, and determined on selecting a proper person to be located in that neighborhood to act for me and in my name, but under certain restrictions, that is to say, for the sole purpose of vending the lucky numbers in lotteries. I have found such a person, his office is at No. 11, St. Philip street, and his name is Fortune.
june 13 DAME FORTUNE.

EIGHTY tons Campeachy Wood now landing and for sale by JOSE PRATS,
june 6 No 55, St. Ann st.

100 Hhds prime SUGAR, for sale by
june 11 SAM C. BELL, 81 Canal st.

SCHOOL BOOKS.—Just received and for sale by the subscribers.
The Boy's own Book, a complete encyclopedia of all the athletic, scientific and recreative of boyhood and youth.
The little Grammarian, or an easy guide to the parts of speech, with pictures and stories.
Conversations or Common Things.
Boston Picture Book.
The Juvenile Classicks, on sets.
The Girl Book, or occupation for play hours, by Miss Leslie.
Seventy-five receipts.
The practice of Cookery, by Mr. Dalgaine.
E. JOHNS & CO. No. 113 Chartres
june 13 and corner of Common and Camp sts.

Jenkins, vs. Joseph, f. m. c.
BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias, to me directed by the hon. G. Preval, associate judge of the city court of New Orleans, I shall expose for sale, on Monday the 25th day of June, at 5 o'clock, at the principal, a quantity of Spanish tobacco, sigars, and sundry other articles; seized in the above suit.
june 13 L. DAUNOY, marshal.

W. Tibbetts vs. steamboat Atlas, captain and owners.
BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias, to me directed, by the hon. G. Preval, associate judge of the city court of New Orleans, I shall expose for sale on Friday the 13th of July next at 12 o'clock, at noon, at Hewlett's coffee house, corner of St. Louis and Chartres streets, the steamboat ATLAS, her tackle, apparel and furniture; seized in the above suit.
june 13 L. DAUNOY, marshal.

THE subscribers offer for sale a fine lot of lumber for Carpenters, at the basin Carondelet, viz:
50,000 feet of cypress planks,
25,000 do. of assorted cypress timber,
25,000 do. of joists,
100,000 do. of pine plank.
They at the same time inform contractors that they have made arrangements on the other side of the lake, by which they will always have a supply of lumber of all kinds.
june 12 C. GUESNARD & ALPUENTE.

A GENTLEMEN who has recently arrived in this city from Belgium, respectfully informs the public that he has in his possession a cure for the RHEUMATISM, which he will set at a very moderate price. He invites persons interested to call upon him, as he is certain he will satisfy them of the efficacy of his remedy, by referring them to the persons in this city who have been cured by it. Apply at No. 156 St. Peter street. june 12

HAY—245 bales prime hay, landing from brig Florida, from New York, for sale by
WILLIAM B. HEWES,
june 12 No. 6 Camp street.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public and particularly those friends who have hitherto supplied themselves from his store, that he has recently purchased the syrup and cordial establishment lately carried on by Coudray & Co., No. 182, Grands Hommes street, and that this establishment in which he has had an interest, and which he superintended since two years will be carried on by him in future.
He will constantly keep on hand a general assortment of articles in his line, and will, at moderate prices, obey any orders he may be favored with for syrup, cordials and gin which he manufactures.
june 12 H. B. PONTOINE.

BROUGHT to the jail of the parish of Jefferson, a negro boy, aged about 18 or 19 years, says he belongs to Mr. Ranson, of Lafourche. The owner is required to comply with the conditions of the law.
june 12 J. CHARBONNET.

BROUGHT to the jail of the parish of Jefferson, a negro man named Henry; says he belongs to Mr. Gibson; is marked with the small pox. The owner is required to comply with the conditions of the law.
june 11 J. CHARBONNET.

LANDING from ships John Linton and Warsaw, from New York,
10 barrels linseed oil,
2000 feet lead pipe, assorted, 1-2 to 1 inch,
100 dozen Collins best axes,
10 barrels spirits turpentine,
100 barrels sugar house lamp oil,
25 boxes planes, of all descriptions.
ALSO,
By ships Tallahassee, Warsaw and Robert Pulsford, from Liverpool,
50 boxes sheathing copper, 16 to 30 ounces,
1500 lbs. sheathing nails,
2500 lbs. Brazier's copper, 30 x 60, 10 lbs. to the sheet,
20 chain cables, with proved certificates, 1-2 to 3-4 inch,
10 casks crane chains 1-4 to 5-8 inch,
85 bags wrought spikes 5 to 7 inches,
17 casks assorted hardware, principally building materials and well selected,
5 casks pocket and table cutlery, newest patterns,
3 do. handsaws,
1 do. files, assorted,
3 do. bed screws,
1 do. iron table spoons,
2 do. steel yards,
4 do. improved sugar cane carriers,
1 do. brass spitting boxes,
2 do. cast bolts,
Which will be sold on accommodating terms, by
june 11 VICTOR DAVID, 38 Levee st.

Office Levee Steam Cotton Press Company,
NEW ORLEANS, 6th June, 1832.
THE stockholders of this institution are hereby notified that by a resolution of the board of directors, the capital stock of the company will be increased one hundred thousand dollars—say two hundred shares of five hundred dollars each. Subscriptions will be received by the secretary, at the office of the company, from Monday 11th inst. to Wednesday 20th inst. inclusive; between the hours of 10 o'clock, a. m. and 2 o'clock, p. m. during which time the present stockholders only, will be permitted to subscribe.
By order of the direction,
WM HUDSON, Secretary.
june 8.

PŒNIX MILL SAIL DUCK.—50 bolts of first quality, for sale by J. W. ZACHARIE & CO.
june 9

LOG WOOD.—150 tons fresh cut Campeachy Log Wood, just received and for sale by
june 9 J. W. ZACHARIE & CO.

HANANA & CAMPEACHY SEGARS.—50,000 first quality Havana, and 50,000 Campeachy segars, received and for sale by
june 9 J. W. ZACHARIE & CO.

RECENTLY received and for sale by the subscribers: 22 boxes Grand-Vin, Lafitte; 5 bales prints; 2 boxes shawls; 1 bale dresses; 1 do do Swiss: 200 Pulliesles, all entitled to debenture.
In store, 52 hhds. and 32 boxes first quality Sugar.
june 9 J. W. ZACHARIE & CO.

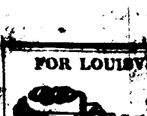
WANTED in a retail store, a young man about 15 years of age. Address box No. 386, post office. june 8

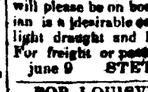
SHEET LEAD.—10 tons just received and for sale by GRAY, DURIVE & CO
june 8 38 New Levee street.

STATE OF LOUISIANA—Parish Court for the Parish and city of New-Orleans—Present the Honorable CHL. MAURIAN, judge; may 28th 1832. (No. 6306.)—*Hans Hart* and *David M. E. Brintnall*, vs. *the creditors of D. M. E. Brintnall & Co.*—Upon reading & filing the petition and schedule in this case, it is ordered that a meeting of the petitioners creditors take place in open court, on Saturday the 23d day of June inst. to deliberate upon the affairs of the petioner; and in the meantime all proceedings against the petitioners and their property are stayed.
New Orleans May 28th, 1832.
Signed, CHARLES MAURIAN, Judge.
By order of the court. Clerk's Office, May 31st 1832.
june 5 ARMAND PITOT, Clerk.

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.—REMOVAL—Madame Perez has the honor to inform the public that she has taken a new establishment for the accommodation of Boarders, situated at No. 173, Chartres street, opposite Jefferson st. The house is large and airy; and she is prepared to receive ladies, and accommodate all respectable persons who may honor her with their patronage. She also keeps an ordinary, where breakfasts and dinners may be had at moderate prices. june 4

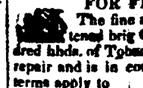
W. G. NORRIS & CO. No. 38 *Chartres st.* Have just received per Ella, fine white drilling pantaloons; grass coatees, jackets and pantaloons; combusine do.; summer, cloth and nankin pantaloons; fine linen shirts, fine check shirts suitable for travellers, &c. &c., to which the attention of purchasers is respectfully invited june 1

FOR LOUISVILLE AND CINCINNATI.

The superior fast running steamer CINCINNATIAN, captain Perry, will positivaly leave this morning at 9 o'clock; passengers will please be on board at that hour. The Cincinnatian is a desirable conveyance for passengers, being of a light draught and having a commodious upper cabin. For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
june 9 STETSON & AVERY, 31 Camp st.

FOR LOUISVILLE AND CINCINNATI.

The superior first class steamer PHILADELPHIA, Capt. Pennywit, will have despatch for the above ports, having a good portion of her cargo engaged. For freight or passage, having extensive and comfortable accommodations, apply on board, or to
m 23 STETSON & AVERY.

FOR NEW YORK & LIVERPOOL.
(To sail 24th instant.)
Louisiana and N. York line of packets.

The new and elegant ship HUNTSVILLE, Captain Stoddart, will commence loading to morrow and sail as above. The ship will take freight to Liverpool only; will stop at New York to land passengers, where her detention will not exceed two days.
To passengers bound to Liverpool, this conveyance presents unusual comforts and conveniences; for freight or passage, apply on board, opposite the vegetable market, or to FOSTER & HUTTON,
june 12 77 Canal street

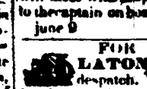
FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

The fine substantial coppered and copper fastened brig ORION, burthen about eight hundred hhds. of Tobacco. She has undergone a thorough repair and is in complete order for any voyage. For terms apply to J. W. ZACHARIE & CO.
june 12 80 Bienville st.

FOR BALTIMORE.—The fine fast sailing packet brig AJAX, W. Rollins master, having the greater part of her cargo engaged, will meet with despatch. For freight or passage apply to the captain on board opposite the Custom House, or to
june 9 J. W. ZACHARIE & CO.

FOR MARSEILLES.—The A. 1 Brig MATILDA, S. Snow master, will meet with despatch. For freight or passage, having handsome accommodations, apply to
june 7 LAUVE & BENEDICT, 88 Common st.

FOR TAMPICO. The fine schooner TWO BROTHERS, Capt. Harper, has the principal part of her cargo engaged, and will be despatched in a few days. For freight or passage apply to captain Harper on board, or to
june 7 BENJ. BOOTH & CO.

FOR LIVERPOOL.—The A. 1. ship CALUMET, capt. Osgood. For freight, apply on board, or to
june 5 LINCOLN & GREEN.


A Few tons light freight wanted for the ship JOHANNES, capt. J Moller, for Gottenburg, to sail on the 9th inst.; a few more passengers can be comfortably accommodated, apply on board opposite post no 49, or to
june 5 I. OGDEN & CO: 59 Canal st

FOR NEW YORK, PROVIDENCE OR BOSTON.—The fine fast sailing (A) schooner FRANCIS, Kemp master, burthen about 700 barrels; for freight or passage apply on board, near the ferry, or to THAYER, HURD, & CO.
june 5 29 Magazine st.

FOR TAMPICO.—The elegant new schr. BOLIVIA, capt. W. H. Taylor, will sail on the 7th inst; for freight of a few barrels or passage, having a spacious cabin, apply to
TUYES & CO. No. 104 Royal st.

FOR HAVRE. The first class coppered and copper fastened ship CRESCENT, P. Rogers, has the greatest part of her cargo engaged and wants 300 bales cotton to complete her lading: Apply to I. OGDEN & CO.
may 23 59 Canal st.

100 Boxes bunch Muscatel Raisins,
14 qr. casks Marseilles white Wine,
230 boxes claret, for sale by
june 11 SAM C. BELL, 81 Canal st.

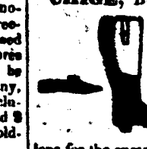
NATCHITOCHES
CATHOLIC CHURCH LOTTERY.
Drawn numbers of the thirteenth class.
5.....8.....30.....16.
june 11

UNION BANK OF LOUISIANA,
9th June, 1832.
A PREMIUM of two hundred dollars is offered by this institution for the best plan of a *banking house.* Subscriptions will be received until the 12th of July next. By order of the board.
june 11 J. B. PERRAULT, Cashier.
For further particulars apply at the Bank.

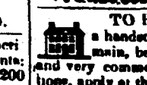
DOMESTICS AND RUSSIA SHEETINGS. 115 bales 4-4 brown domestic sheetings, good quality; 75 do. 3-4 shirtings; 8 do. 40 inch bleached sheetings; 5 bales stripes; 60 do. brown Russia sheetings; 18 do. bleached do. entitled to debenture, for sale by [june 11] LINCOLN & GREEN.

THE subscriber has the honor to announce to the amateurs to the Lake, that the road by the bayou is entirely finished and covered with shells.
june 7 J. L. RABASSA.

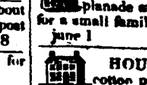
PIG LEAD, for sale by J. MAGER.
may 14

CHIGE, *BOOT AND SHOE MAKER,*

Begs leave to inform he public, his friends and customers, that he has received by the ship Bolivar, a large quantity of LEATHER from one of the first manufacturers in Paris: also grey shoe and boot tops for the summer. He hopes that those who have heretofore honored him with their patronage will continue it, and he will do his utmost to obtain by his care and punctuality, a continuation of their patronage.
New Orleans, May 16.

REMOVAL.
J. P. BOUGENEL, has removed his saddlery Warehouse from Conti street to Conde street, No. 23, near St. Anne street, where, as hitherto, he will use every exertion to give satisfaction.
may 7—2m


TO BE LET, from the 15th of the month, a handsome one story house, situated in Dumain, between Bourbon and Dauphine streets, and very commodious for a large family. For conditions, apply at the office of this paper. june 2

TO BE LET.—A small one story house, with a large lot of ground, at the corner of Esplanade and Bourgogne streets, very convenient for a small family. Apply to G. MONTAMAT,
june 1 50 St. Ann st.


HOUSE TO LET. Between the Levee cotton press and the Faubourg Marigny, and fronting upon the river. There is a handsome parterre in front, and a spacious yard in the rear, together with rooms for domestics. Apply to Felix Forstall or Adolphe Laurel, at the Basin. may 30

THE HYDROCONION,
OR SHOWER BATHS.
THE undersigned has the honor to inform his friends and the public that he has opened his BATHING ESTABLISHMENT at No. 235 Bourbon street, between St. Anne & Dumaine streets, where can be had vapour and shower Baths the Hydroconion proper, which is used as a remedy for Rheumatism, sulpherous baths for the cure of pains in the shoulders, aromatic Baths, Baths of strong douge for pains in the skin and the most incurable pains.
Doctors who wish to prescribe for their patients any of these remedies will be served with the greatest punctuality. (may 21) GIUQUEL.

WANTED.—A good negress (who speaks English) as a general house servant, for which good wages will be given, apply at this office. june 12

WAS brought to the Livery Stable of the subscriber, No. 110 Bourbon street, a bay horse, about 11 years old, having the mark of the letter D. reversed on his left shoulder. The owner is requested to come forward and pay charges and take him away.
june 6 J. B. LESPARE & CO.

LOST, by the subscriber, a certificate for twelve shares of stock in the Merchants' Insurance Company, No. 891. Whoever has found it is requested to leave it at the office of the company.
m 14 CUVELLIER.

SALES AT AUCTION.

NOTICE.—Being obliged to visit France for the benef