NEW ORLEANS DAILY BEE.

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TERMS OF THE BEE.

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All bills with regular advertisers shall be rendered monthly.

Weekly Edition.

TERMS—PER YEAR.....$6.

NEW ORLEANS:
WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCT. 25, 1871.

Amusements This Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—Rankin Comedy Troupe Little Emily.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.—The Lingard Troupe—"Pico Pico."

AWAKENED ENTERPRIZE—THE IRON BARGE SYSTEM.

The awakened spirit of enterprize displayed at the meeting of our business men on Monday night last, held for the purpose of taking action in the matter of constructing iron barges for the transportation of cotton, grain and other merchandise to this port from the interior, by means of which freights are to be cheapened, is exceedingly gratifying to those of us who have made so many fruitless efforts to stir it up. It has long been manifest that New Orleans was behind the times and that she must either promptly advance to the front and place herself abreast of competing markets or witness a rapid dwindling away of her trade. The principal cause of complaint against New Orleans as a place of commerce has been the heavy charges attendant upon shipments of goods here, whether imported or exported. The rates of freight from New Orleans to ports in the North and in Europe and from interior places in the United States to New Orleans, have been too high. So have been the other charges, pilotage, insurance, towage, wharfage, etc., etc. These charges were necessitated probably by circumstances which were not to be controlled, and in their turn necessitated extravagant rates of freight, and these became so common that every branch of commerce felt the effect of it. But so long as our anti-bellum system of labor lasted and our planters prospered, the expense of transportation and of sale, even on a high scale, could easily be borne. Time also was of comparatively little importance. The time has been when a delay of weeks and months in transporting cotton and other produce to market was a matter which caused no anxiety to the owner. But this was before the day of steamships, railroads and telegraph wires. There was a time when speculators in cotton for the English or French market preferred to send their ventures in slow sailing ships which consumed 60, 90 and 120 days in crossing the ocean. Bills of exchange against these shipments were drawn at long dates to meet their probable arrival and sale. Whether the cotton was to go to Rouen or to Liverpool, the difference in the time of two months differed little to the consignee in England or the shipper in America. But now all this is changed. Time is a very important element in all commercial transactions. The aim of exchange dealers and shippers of produce now is, to save time and to turn the money invested over and over again as often as possible. Competition in all departments has of late years become so fierce as to lead to the closest and nicest calculations on the part of all persons handling produce from the time it is gathered in the fields until it is prepared for consumption. The extension of the railroad system of the country has also worked a revolution in the matter carrying trade so as to compel those of us who are engaged in that branch of business to enter upon the work of conforming our customs to those in vogue among carriers upon land. Larger boats have had to be built, and they have had to be run upon a cheaper system since the railroads penetrated into the heart of the cotton region. The large steamers, Captains Thomas Jefferson, Holmes, Leathers, White and others, constructed prior to the breaking out of the war in 1861 indicated that we were entering upon a new era in the river carrying trade, and that it had become necessary to transport at one time much larger quantities of produce than had formerly been the case. The iron-barge system of transportation, which, by the action of the meeting on Monday night last, seems to meet with so much favor, is another step in this march of improvement which calls for a reduction of the cost of carriage and of time. Our bankers and business men at last give evidence of being alarmed at the danger which threatens this port of losing permanently a large portion of the trade hitherto tributary to it. There was exhibited more spirit, more enthusiasm, more determination in the work of retaining our commerce than on any previous occasion. $200,000 was subscribed on the spot by the few gentlemen present. We hope the good work will not be suffered to slacken, but will go on until our commercial circle has been extended so as to include the entire country, which we can rightfully claim as being within the reach of our business men.

The attention of our readers is directed to the list of citizens published in another column, who have been appointed by Mr. John Phelps, Chairman of the meeting on Monday night, to canvass the city for subscriptions to this iron-barge enterprise. We cannot doubt that the full amount required will be promptly taken.

STEAMSHIP WHARF THIRD DISTRICT.—We are pleased to learn that Mr. Bell, the City Surveyor, has commenced repairs upon the steamship wharf in front of the Lower Cotton Press, Third District. It was in a wretched condition and threatened to drive up down the steamships which have been habitually lying there. The Third District cannot afford to lose any more of her trade, and we hope the city authorities will continue to have an eye to her interest.

Mr. A. Simon, newspaper and periodical dealer, Exchange Alley, between Bienville and Conti streets, receives subscriptions for newspapers and magazines, published in any part of the country; also, for the pictorial papers. We have received from Ivan Harper's Magazine for November.

AMUSEMENTS.

The programme for the Rankin Company at the Academy, during the remainder of the week, is as follows: This evening, "Little Emily." Thursday, Easter and the operetta. Lischen and Fritchen. Friday, benefit of Miss Kate Blanchard. Saturday, for matinee, "Little Emily," and at night, Rosenzamir's Life of An Actress.

Sam Sharpley's Silver Show, it will be seen by an advertisement on the French side, will commence at the Lyceum Hall, on Monday evening next. Mr. Sharpley's visit will be an agreeable event for children. Children will enjoy his entertainments especially as he is one of the most celebrated performers of the day.

At the St. Charles, the celebrated Lingard troupe are holding forth, and they perform Frou-Frou to-night.

The Bocca Opera.

We have been favored by Mr. Weltz, the Secretary of the Opera Association, with a list of the troupe complete, which has been engaged for the coming season:

Musical Staff.—Mr. E. Salaberin, director; Mr. Vallee, general stage manager; Messrs. Jourdan and Charton, assistant stage managers; Mr. Dubois, second ditto; Mr. Nonnon, chief costumer.

Performers.—Men: Messrs. Delaharanne, first tenor grand opera; Blum, first tenor light opera; Sedrian, second tenor grand opera; Berton, third tenor; Dumestre, first baritone grand opera; Soave, first baritone light opera; Coulon, first basso grand opera; Perez, first basso light opera; Dubuse, second basso; Vallee, basso; Nesme and Bromet, third basso.

Ladies.—Medea Colli, first prima donna, soprano, grand opera (the *Falcon* role); Goetzler, first prima donna, contralto; Nadali, first prima donna, light singer, grand and comique opera; Durand Hitchcock, prima donna, light singer, grand opera; Dumestre, first *duegnas*; Gabrielle, second *duegnas*; Boudre, dioena and old women.

Orchestra.—Messrs. Calabrisi, leader; Deerney, first assistant leader; Kerkel, second assistant leader; Raoul and Brocard, chorus masters.

The chorus will be composed of forty singers, male and female.

The orchestra will include forty-two performers.

A party of suspicious Wisconsin burglars took away 200 electric sparks, and left $14, and words of friends on the floor.

BY TELEGRAPH.

(To the New Orleans Bee.)

FOREIGN NEWS.

Duke D'Aumale Elected President of Connoil, Department of Oise.

Motion to Accord Amnesty to Communists.

Great Fire in Darmstadt.

HOME NEWS.

The Protestant Episcopal Convention.

The Annual Fair of the Cotton States Association.

Miscellaneous Matters.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

Paris, Oct. 24.—The Duke d'Aumale has been elected President of the General Council of the Department of Oise.

M. Lacroix, in the Council of the Department of the Seine, made a motion today in favor of amnesty for the Communists.

It is said that the Bonapartists intend to agitate the impeachment of the fourth of September Government, the dissolution of the National Assembly, and plebiscitum to decide a future form of government.

Darmstadt, Oct. 24.—The fire is rapidly spreading. The theatre is entirely destroyed. A strong wind carries the flames and sparks westward into uppertown. The arsenal is in danger, and the troops of the garrison have evacuated.

Ottawa, Oct. 24.—A correspondent of the *Express* says: The case of the schooner Horton, which was stolen by Gloucester fishermen, was simply regarded as a violation of the customs regulations.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Oct. 24.—The question of the steamer Hornet, being blockaded by the Spanish fleet in Kingston Bay, was considered in Cabinet to-day. The Government holds, that bearing the American flag and being under bonds to this Government, entitles the Hornet to the freedom of neutral waters. Diplomatic correspondence on the subject has made some progress, and an early release of the Hornet is expected.

The *Star* says: A strong effort is being made to effect the removal of Col. Robb, Collector of Customs at Savannah, Georgia, and the appointment of Mr. James Atkins in his place. Atkins is backed by Senator Hill and the Congressional delegation from Georgia. Robb's friends, however, claim that he will not be removed.

Secretary Delano has left the city—will be absent until Friday.

Raining steadily all day. Wires working slow.

WEATHER REPORT.

Washington, Oct. 24.—Synopsis for the past 24 hours.—The barometer has fallen since Monday afternoon in the Northwestern States and on Lake Superior, and to a less extent in the Southern and Gulf States. It has risen from Lake Michigan to the Middle and Eastern Atlantic, with falling temperature. Northeasterly winds have prevailed during the day, with snow on the lakes and occasional rain on the Atlantic coast. Light rains also reported from the Gulf and South Atlantic coast; partly cloudy and clear weather west of Mississippi.

PROBABILITIES.

The barometer will probably continue high on Wednesday from the lower lakes to the middle and east Atlantic, with clear or clearing and cooler weather. Cloudy weather continues on the south Atlantic and an area of low barometer extends from Missouri to Tennessee, with easterly winds on Lakes Michigan and Superior. No important changes are probable on the Gulf coast.

MISCELLANEOUS INTELLIGENCE.

New York, Oct. 24.—Detectives last night arrested Harry Young, whose aliases are B. S. Downer, J. H. Ransom and Sam'l E. Collins, who has been for a long time successfully operating throughout the country, altering and forging checks. He has been identified by several victims.

Boston, Oct. 24.—Four boys, all under 18 years of age, have been sentenced to four years imprisonment for robbing the Quincy postoffice.

Chicago, Oct. 24.—In the arrangement for a union by the new political parties in selecting candidates for officers, it seems probable that Joseph Medill, of the *Tribune*, will be the candidate for Mayor, A. Gage for City Treasurer, Jno. A. Jameson for Judge of the Supreme Court, B. F. Ayer for Judge of the Circuit Court, Geo. Van Hotlen for City Collector, and Chas. H. Horn for County Treasurer.

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Harrisburg, Pa., Oct. 24.—The mountains above Dauphin are on fire since Friday. The surrounding country is filled with smoke.

Augusta, Oct. 24.—The annual fair of the Cotton States Association opens in this city October 31st; $18,000 worth of premiums is offered. The railroads and the Charleston and Savannah steamships from New York and Philadelphia issue excursion tickets for $30 the round trip, which are good until the first of December. The city is prepared to accommodate 30,000 visitors. Fine racing stock already entered for track premiums.

Salt Lake City, Oct. 24.—In the Hawkins case the defendant asks for release on the ground that the verdict is illegal because it fails to specify the nature and extent of punishment. The motion was overruled and sentence deferred until Saturday.

The Mormons talk of peace provided Brigham Young is not imprisoned.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

New York, Oct. 24.—Evening.—There was an increased demand for Money to-day and the markets were active on call. In the Stock Exchange very few shares were leading as better than for carrying. Prime commercial paper is pressed for sale on the streets, and the best names are discounted at 1 ₱ cent. ₱ month in a moderate way. The banks are getting in shape to meet the drain of currency to pack hogs and move cotton. The movement in currency is almost at a standstill and there is little paper going out or coming in.

New York, Oct. 24—Evening.—Coffee firmer; Rio 18½@20¼c. Sugar steady; fair to good refinery 9-20@9¾c; Cuba 9@9¾c. Molasses dull. Freights per quiet—Flour 8s 6d; Cotton 9-16@¾d; Wheat 10d; per steam—Cotton 7-16@⅝d.

New York, Oct. 24.—Government 6's of 1881, 116¾; 5-20s of 1862, 114¾; 64s, 113¾; 65s, 114⅜; new issues, 113⅜; 67s, 113⅝; 68s, 112⅞; 10-40s, 109¾.

New York, Oct. 24—Evening.—Cotton closed quiet and weak. Sales 3500 bales; middling uplands 18¾c, Orleans 19¼c.

New York, Oct. 24.—Money closed firmer. Sterling unchanged. Gold 111¾@111⅝. Government heavy and inactive—5-20s of 1865, 114⅞. State Bonds stronger, especially Tennessee.—Tennessees, 65¾; new, 66; Virginias, 58¾; new, 62; Louisiana 6s, 65; new, 67; Levee 6s, 64; 8s, 75; Alabama 5s, 95; 8s, 95; Georgia 6s, 90; 7s, 89; North Carolina 6s, 36; new, 18; South Carolinas, 73; new, 42.

Philadelphia, Oct. 24.—Cotton steady—middling 18¾@18¾.

Memphis, Oct. 24.—Cotton in fair demand; low middling 17¾c; receipts 3690; exports 937 bales.

Cincinnati, Oct. 24.—The Annual report of the Chamber of Commerce has just been published. The Board of officers recommend the withdrawal of their representatives in the National Board of Trade, regarding it as no further benefit.

Charleston, Oct. 24.—Cotton quiet; middlings 17½c. Net receipts 3550; sales 600; stock 18,143 bales.

Boston, Oct. 24.—Cotton dull and lower; middlings 18¾c. Net receipts 540; gross 1174; sales 300; stock 6000 bales.

Norfolk, Oct. 24.—Cotton dull; low middlings 17¾c. Net receipts 2040; exports coastwise 2480; sales 200; stock 5305 bales.

Baltimore, Oct. 24.—Cotton weak and in fair demand; middlings 18¼@18¾c. Net receipts 93; gross 267; exports coastwise 175; sales 965; stock 3088 bales.

Mobile, Oct. 24.—Cotton quiet but steady; middlings 18c. Net receipts 1998; exports coastwise 1316; sales 150; stock 30,794 bales.

Galveston, Oct. 24.—Estimated net receipts 500; stock 36,466 bales.

Savannah, Oct. 24.—Cotton in good demand; middlings 17¾@17¾c; net receipts 3850; sales 1300; stock 30,108 bales.

Wilmington, Oct. 24.—Cotton quiet; middlings 18c. Net receipts 271; exports coastwise 50; sales 30; stock 3071 bales.

FROM SOUTHWEST PASS.

Southwest Pass, Oct. 24—6 P. M.—Barometer 30.10. Wind east. Light.

Arrived at 4 P. M.: Steamship Maryland, Johnson, master, from Baltimore, to Witherspoon, Moss & Co.

No departures.

[Previous Dispatches.]

London, Oct. 24.—The *Times* this morning suggests the appointment of an imperial commission to settle any international difficulty which may grow out of the cutting out of the schooner Horton. It believes that any complications may be thus compromised promptly and on an equitable basis.

Versailles, Oct. 24.—In the six departments named in the recently concluded treaty Prussian's evacuation is progressing quietly.

In the Supreme Court of Corsica the Bonapartist party on a test vote were defeated by two hundred votes. It is currently reported that Prince Napoleon has tendered his resignation to the Council.

Paris, Oct. 24.—A boiler exploded at Berbaid, Department of Nord, killing one and hurting many.

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 24.—The high winds have rekindled fires on the military reservation.

Port Huron is endangered.

Salt Lake City, Oct. 24.—Experts from Coal Hill say the discoveries of tin mines in that locality will work a revolution in trade.

The receipts of gold and silver are increasing.

Mrs. Cook has brought suit against Brigham Young, for money collected by Brigham upon the note of Mrs. Cook's husband. Mrs. Cook was formerly a Mormon; she is now an Apostate.

Liverpool, Oct. 24.—Arrived—Unicorn, from Galveston; Juverita, from New Orleans.

New York, Oct. 24.—Arrived—Steamers Occanica and Palestine. Arrived out—City of New York and Scandinavia.

Liverpool, Oct. 24—Noon.—Cotton market quiet but steady. Sales estimated at 8000 bales. Uplands 9¼d; Orleans 9¾d.

London, Oct. 24—Noon.—Consols 93@93⅛; 5-20's of 1862 93⅛.

Frankfort, Oct. 24.—Bonds 93@93⅛.

Paris, Oct 24.—Rentes 57.52.

SHOOTING ON PEARL RIVER.

Three Men Wounded and Two Mortally.

While the crew of the steamboat Planter—engaged in loading with shells at Jackson Shell Bank at the mouth of Middle Bayou, Pearl River—were returning from obtaining water, about nine or ten o'clock Saturday night, they were fired upon by unknown parties in ambush, and two of them mortally and one severely wounded.

It appears that the master of the steamer, Capt. Wilkinshaw, finding about six o'clock Saturday evening, that he was out of fresh water, and there being none obtainable on the immediate neighborhood, sent his mate, Bill McKeever, with nine men, to some old deserted houses situated back in the woods about two miles distant, to obtain the necessary supply.

When they were returning, in single file, with the water in buckets, on their route, being distant from the boat about three hundred yards, they were startled by the report of a shot, when the entire party huddle together in confusion. While standing thus a volley was fired on them, bringing three to the ground, the rest of the crew, all colored, immediately left for the boat, thus making their escape.

Of the three men shot, Thomas Hughes and Sylvester Brand are now at Denver wounded; the other, Sam Williams, severely, though it is expected he will recover.

We have been informed by the mate, Bill McKeever, that after the first alarm was over he, in company with some of the crew, succeeded in bringing the wounded men on board, whence the boat was immediately started for the city, where it arrived at a late hour Sunday night, when the men were placed in the Charity Hospital.

It is said that the shooting was done by persons in the neighborhood with a design to intimidate the crew, causing them to insist on a return to the city, thus preventing Captain Wilkinshaw from filling the contract which he had obtained from the city for shells. We also learn that the bank, which is quite an extensive one, is the property of Captain Wilkinshaw, and the shooting was done entirely through jealousy of him.

The Wounded Men.

A visit to the ward in which the wounded lie at the Charity Hospital, disclosed the fact that they cannot either possibly recover. One of them, Sylvester Brand, being shot in the abdomen and through both thighs. The other, Thos. Hughes, having no less than ten buckshot wounds in his limbs and body one, probably the most serious, in his left leg, in the region of his heart. Sam. Williams, also dangerously wounded, was shot in the breast through the lung. Every part of his right leg

[illegible] veyed home and will probably recover.

The Peabody Fund.

Dr. Barnas Sear's fifth report of his labors as General Agent of the Peabody Fund, has been published. The Doctor expresses himself as well pleased and greatly encouraged. In a few general remarks on the progress of the work, etc., Dr. S. says:

"When it is remembered that it has been only eighteen months since the work in concert with the State authorities, whose co-operation is indispensable, to will readily be seen that the details of organization we are placed, and what embarrassments we are necessary for the successful prosecution of our duties, and yet in many localities we are already at work, and in others have not been impeded. On the contrary, to the credit of the people be it said, more has been accomplished in this than in any previous year. Nothing can be more grateful than such evidence of the interest of communities in the subject of education, and of their appreciation of our aims by their willingness to assist. Whatever differences of opinion there may be on other points, there is a general agreement on this, that the safety and prosperity of a State depend largely upon the means of instruction employed. The proper adjustment of views may be entertained in respect to the sufficiency of a particular system of public schools, but none are found to object, in any respectable body of men, in regard to the necessity of some effective system."

Two hundred and thirteen towns, districts and institutions were assisted by the distribution of $168,000, apportioned among the following States, viz:

Virginia, $18,000; North Carolina, $9,000; South Carolina, $6000; Georgia, $6000 (correspondence was opened with Milledgeville, Macon and other towns with reference to public schools, and distinct propositions made, but no response given up to the writing of the report); Alabama, $9750; Florida, $7250; Mississippi, $4100; Louisiana, $12,000; Arkansas, $6650; Tennessee, $26,000; West Virginia, $13,750.

Since the report was made $2000 has been donated to this city. Atlanta, we believe, will receive a like sum on opening her schools in January next.

The annual interest now amounts to $180,000, all of which is judiciously expended, except $10,000 held for extraordinary exigencies. When the Mississippi bonds become available the annual interest will be $176,000.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Casmir Williams, who was discharged from Penitentiary only a few days ago, after serving a term there on a ticket in a fair way of returning to the institution again, he has been arrested upon a charge of sneaking into the house of Jas. Hill, at the corner of Orleans and Derbigny streets, and stealing some articles of clothing. He was in charge of Officer Scahill a short time since, charged with stealing thirty dollars worth of wearing apparel from the residence of Mrs. Charles Lewis, on Toledano street, between Orleans and St. Peter streets.

Armand Castenedo has been arrested on the complaint of Mrs. Bernadina Pinto, residing at No. 308 Bourbon street, who charges him with having over a month ago, borrowed from her $10 by false representations. He was released on $150 bonds to appear.

The jury in the torpedo explosion investigation to render their verdict to-day.

The Chief Engineer of the New Orleans, Mobile and Texas Railroad Co. has filed a certificate in the office of the Secretary of State, that the corporation has commenced the construction of the section of said road between Donaldsonville and Vermillionville.

The colored men of the crew of the Asbestos, the Master in the Charity Hospital, shot at Malasto Bayou and supposed to have been mortally wounded, are expected to recover.

City Council.—At the regular meeting, held last night, Mayor Pardon in the chair, all the Administrators were present.

The action of the Mayor, in causing the destruction of the torpedoes received by the ship Hartford, from New York, was approved.

The following ordinance, in relation to appropriation certificates, introduced by Mr. Shaw, lays over:

Be it ordained by the Council of the city of New Orleans, That the city agrees to take its appropriation certificates of the present year for all taxes not required to be reserved by the Administrator of Finance for interest upon the bonded debt, and for licenses in full, whether now due or for the remainder of the year 1871, or to be taken out for the year 1872; and that the city will continue to do so until the 1st Monday of the present year be paid or absorbed.

Mr. Shaw, to whom had been referred the claim of Wm. H. Algiers with gas, and granting to Mr. C. E. Girardey, Mr. A. H. O'Connor and others the exclusive right of supplying the gas required for public and private lights reported favorably, the exclusive right to continue for twenty years, at a stated price.

Mr. Girardey, of the Ecor (Mr. Bonzano in the chair) and argued against the adoption of the ordinance, his principal objections