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NEW ORLEANS, THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 12, 1853.

THE DAILY BEE.

Thursday Morning, Oct. 12, 1853.

For Congress:
FIRST DISTRICT:
THOS. G. MACKEY.
SECOND DISTRICT,
T. G. HUNT.
STATE SENATORS.
M. C. EDWARDS.
JULES LAYERGNE.
For State Treasurer.
J. N. HAWTHORN.
For Auditor Public Accounts.
JOHN K. KING, of St. Landry.
For Superintendent of Public Education.
A. S. LAMON, of W. Baton Rouge.
SHERIFF.
JAMES P. FRERET.
CORONER.
JOHN YOUENES.

CLERKS OF COURTS.
First Court—Alfred Hennessen.
Second do. Thomas C. Poole.
Third do. C. A. Lafonon.
Fourth do. J. M. Hopkins.
Fifth do. Samuel G. Hitch.

ASSESSORS.
First District—John Wolfe.
Second do. U. Chevalier.
Third do. C. M. Forest.
Fourth do. Isaac N. Phillips.

COLLECTORS OF STATE TAXES.
First District—Thomas Ashow.
Second do. Lafayette Guyol.
Third do. F. A. Bonlet.
Fourth do. Samuel Galpin.

JUSTICES OF PEACE.
First Justice—L. U. Gaiennie.
Constable—J. Hoppe.
Second Justice—C. V. Sente.
Constable—William C. Quirk.
Third Justice—William H. Hagan.
Constable—Jules Delaunay.
Fourth Justice—E. A. Bisbet.
Constable—John McClelland.
Fifth Justice—F. C. Leville.
Constable—Miguel Hernandez, Jr.

☞ The Northern Mail came through yesterday, but our exchanges are very unimportant. We have dates from New York of the 5th, Washington of the 6th, and Charleston of the 8th. Nothing from Baltimore, Philadelphia, or Augusta.

REBELLION IN THE CAMP.

"Call you this backing your friends?"

Our Locofoco brethren nominated a ticket for Parish officers some ten days ago. The Parochial Convention which was charged with the performance of this responsible duty, accomplished it seemingly with marked ease and passable concord. We were not there to note the proceedings, but the Democratic papers reported the next day that the nominations were well received, and that the harmonious and unterrified gave three cheers for the candidates. Everything appeared to proceed merrily and pleasantly, and not a cloud darkened the bright horizon of Locofoco prospects. But alas! Our Democratic brethren were deceived. The usher of division and discord had corroded the body politic too deeply to be healed by the efforts of the nominating convention. The slender film which covered it has already given way, and the festering sore is found to be obstinate and incurable as ever.

Yesterday three of the city papers contained the following startling announcement:

Young America Against the Field!

Messrs. Editors:—You will please announce JAMES L. CAIRMAN as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the decision of the people, in opposition to all cliques, combinations, monopolies, and packed conventions.

YOUNG AMERICA.

To the proper understanding of this card, some explanation is necessary. Mr. CAIRMAN is a highly respectable gentleman, a thorough Democrat, and the special favorite of the progressive wing of the party which assumes the title of "Young America." He was one of the several aspirants for the Democratic nomination for Sheriff, and his friends, as we are told, were confident of his success. How and why they were disappointed is no affair of ours, nor are we prepared to affirm or deny their indirect charges of the existence of "cliques, combinations, monopolies and packed conventions." That they believe Mr. CAIRMAN to have been wronged by the action of the Convention is palpable enough, since they have taken the very grave responsibility of running him as an independent candidate. It must be a serious cause of discontent that will induce a Democrat to bolt a regular nomination. We are all aware of the tenacity with which that party sticks to its duly chosen standard bearers. In so many cases out of ten the chief element of its success. On this occasion, however, "Young America" refuses to endorse the regular ticket and starts Mr. CAIRMAN, subject only to the decision of the people.

This a bomb-shell hurled into the camp of our Democratic brethren. Without pretending to guess how many votes Mr. CAIRMAN will abstract from Mr. MARIGNY, we can unhesitating ly declare that a more estimable and popular Democrat does not dwell in the Parish of Orleans—so estimable and popular, that we regretted from the bottom of our heart, when we perceived that he was not nominated on the Democratic nominee, for he would assuredly have given the Whigs far more trouble than any other competitor. Our Democratic brethren must digest this calamity with all the philosophy they can command. Perhaps Mr. CAIRMAN may be nearly yield to their eloquent persuasions and abandon the field. If he should prove unmanageable, we are inclined to think that the sheriffalty will remain in the hands of the amiable and worthy citizen who now fills that important office.

The tribulations of our Democratic brethren do not end here. We perceive palpable signs of overt sedition in other quarters. The Democrats of the 5th Representative District nominated CHARLES SEYZEREAU on Monday last, as their regular candidate; but behold! An Association in that District, entitled the "Democratic Club," has repudiated the nomination, and selected Col. CHAS. DAUNOT as the candidate; and after thus unceremoniously deposing Mr. SEYZEREAU, this same Association appointed a committee to confer with the Democrats of the Seventh and Eighth Districts, in order to nominate District officers, &c., "according to the true principles of Democracy." If the 7th and 8th Districts respond in the same spirit, the consequence will be that Messrs. TERRE, FABOS, WHITESIDES and NEWMAN will be thrown overboard, or compelled to enter upon a beautiful triangular contest, in which they will have to fight their own party as well as the Whigs.

The dissections of the Democracy surprise us not a little. We had thought that the influences brought to bear upon the party at this particular juncture would prove irresistible.—But we overrated the power over of the astute, sagacious and indefatigable gentleman who is the prominent leader of the party on this occasion, and whose aspirations to a six years tenure of a seat in the United States Senate naturally quicken even his sanguinary zeal and unwearied energy. But so it is. The party is just now in rather a *discordant* plight. Its members agree only to disagree. They may settle their feuds however. It is never perfectly safe calculating on Democratic schisms.

HEALTH OF THE CITY.

The deaths last week by Yellow Fever were 56, and of these 56 are signated in the bills of mortality as having occurred within the Charity Hospital. Outside of that institution there was consequently but ONE interment from Yellow Fever in the city of New Orleans. A more gratifying indication of the progressive improvement in public health could not possibly be adduced. We understand that a large proportion of the fatal cases in the Hospital were persons who had recently arrived here from the interior.

NEW YORK WHIG STATE CONVENTION.—The Whig State Convention of New York assembled at Syracuse, on the 5th, and organized by the appointment of WASHBURNE HUNT as President. A dispatch to the Washington papers states that J. M. Cook received the nomination of Comptroller, Ethridge E. Sperbling, Treasurer, E. W. Leavenworth, Secretary of State and Ogden Hoffman, Attorney General. Great excitement prevailed, and the chairman found it difficult to keep order.

☞ Mr. W. Chambers, proprietor of *Chambers's Journal*, has arrived at New York from Liverpool. He is about to write a description of his tour through the United States and Canada, and purposes collecting information respecting the condition and prospects of emigrants to both countries.

MR. EVERETT'S LETTER.—The New York *Express* states that EDWARD EVERETT's letter to Lord JOHN RUSSELL, respecting the Reciprocity treaty, was submitted to Mr. Marcy by the writer before his resignation, and that the Secretary of State recommended its public suppression.

HOSIERY AND DRY GOODS.—The attention of Dealers is called to the sale of a valuable assortment of Hosiery and Dry Goods by Cash & Co. THIS DAY, 12th inst., at 10 o'clock, at H. Hartshorn's Co's Auction Room, No. 91 Old Levee, opposite Hospital and Commercial.

DAY OF ATONEMENT.

Saturday, we observed, for our fellow citizens of the Jewish persuasion as a day of fasting, humiliation and prayer. The occasion is known among Israelites as the "Day of Atonement" (Hebraice—*Yom Kippur*) and celebrated directly upon the Law of Moses, and not upon Rabbinical or Talmudic authority. On the eve of "Kippur," the Israelites all over the world partake of a light repast, after which they repair to the Synagogue, where Jonpers are offered and hymns chanted for several hours.—The next day is spent in continued attitude, devotion, until the appearance of the Evening Star, when a blessing is delivered and the children of Israel pounced at their houses, and refresh their exhausted frames. The fast is rigid and absolute—from 6 o'clock in the evening of one day to the same hour on the next, neither a morsel nor a drop of water nor a morsel of food passes their lips. So great is the importance attached to the sacred day of expiation, that it is quite common for sensitive living in the country, to travel a distance of hundreds of miles, in order to be present in some city where a Temple to "the only true God" has been reared, and where they may participate with their brethren in the solemn ceremonies of the day.

Both the Synagogues in New Orleans were yesterday thronged, and we were struck with the reverential and unwearied attention with which the impressive rites and imposing ceremonies of the Hebrew faith were observed.

MOBILE ITEMS.

The deaths in Mobile for the 24 hours ending on the 8th, were 6, of which 3 were of yellow fever. On the 10th, the interments numbered 7, of which 4 were of fever.

The *Tribune* of Tuesday has the following paragraph:

INCENDIARIES.—We are informed that an attempt was made to set on fire, a night or two ago, a stable owned by Mr. Trone, on Jackson, near Adams street. The perpetrators were two white men, who were seen by a guard who had been placed there since the last fire in that neighborhood. He saw them enter the old stable and strike a light. The guard was armed with a double barrel gun, and as it was late at night, he thought their intention was a bad one, so he leveled his piece at them, but unfortunately the cap snapped. The two men decamped and probably will not return, so they may expect a warm reception.

PERPETUAL REMEMBRANCE.—Mr. I. Donovan sent us yesterday a specimen of what he turns a perpetual bearing raspberry. It is a seedling and has not been without bloom or fruit since early spring. Mr. Donovan thinks it may, perhaps, be akin to Mr. Peabody's celebrated strawberry. Being a gentleman of the horticultural tastes and pecuniary wishes the enterprise to introduce and cultivate the best fruits, we hope Mr. D. will not lose sight of his new raspberry, but bring it into as much repute as the famous strawberry referred to.

NOMINATION OF WHIG CANDIDATES.

The following candidates for the House of Representatives were nominated yesterday in the primary meetings of the Whigs at New Orleans:

1st District.
H. M. SUMNERS, W. S. CAMPBELL.

2d District.
DR. L. SAUPIQUE, CHARLES DRUMMOND, MOSERY M. KEARSEY.

3d District.
H. J. RANEY, JAS. M. WINFIELD,
GERARD STITE, M. A. FOUTS,
R. WEBAT, N. E. BALLT.

4th District.
C. M. EMERSON, F. A. LUNSDEN,
O. LEBLANC.

5th District.
ALPHONSE DAUD, J. B. DIDRIS,
F. BUISSON.

6th District.
HENRY ST. PAUL, NOMA DUPOUR.

7th District.
EUGENE STATE, OSCAR DENBEY.

8th District.
JAS. BROOKS, P. L. MAILLOU.

9th District.
P. LAIDLAW.

10th District—Lafayette.
RUFUS WAPLES, S. W. THOMPSON.

Nominations in the 10th District.
Justice of the Peace—J. G. HARRIS.
" C. L. [illegible]
Constables—J. H. [illegible]
" JAS. [illegible]
Assessor—ISAAC N. PHILIPS.
State Tax Collector—SAMUEL GALPIN.

LOUISIANA ITEMS.

The *Pioneer of Assumption* says that the fever continues to rage with unabated violence in that Parish. It adds that when the epidemic is over, it will publish a complete list of the victims.

The *Mechacebe*, published in St. John the Baptist, says that of the three physicians sent to that Parish by the Howard Association, not one remains. Doctor Dufay is dangerously ill of the yellow fever at Mr. Hardonin's. Messrs. Cross and Campbell, who were likewise sick, have returned to New Orleans. On Friday last there were nine deaths on the left bank of the river, and on Saturday, ten. For a few days the epidemic seemed to diminish in intensity, but it has again broken out with renewed virulence. The *Mechacebe* entreats the Howard Association to send up some physicians to take the place of those who have left.

In Plaquemine (Iberville) there has been hardly a case of yellow fever.

The Thibodaux *Minerve*, of the 8th, has the following:

Since Saturday morning last, up to yesterday evening, the number of deaths within our incorporated limits and suburbs, has been twelve. Among the deaths in the country, we have to note that of Mr. D. W. Mitchell, of the firm of Mitchell & Rigaus, planters, opposite this place, who died on Sunday last, the 4th inst. A lack of material for the disease to work upon, has recently diminished the number of new cases. Although we have had several very cool mornings, we have not yet been favored with a frost.

All that portion of our Parish (Lafourche) lying below this place is entirely free from disease; the upper portion is yet suffering to some extent, but nothing in comparison to what it has suffered. We hear of no sickness in Terrebonne, except in the northern portion of that Parish, contiguous to our town.

We rejoice to learn from the *Minerve*, that the rumor of Col. Van P. Winder's death is totally unfounded.

The Planters' (St. Mary) *Banner* says:

Within the last week the health of the lower part of the Parish has undergone a very favorable change. We have heard of no new cases, and those sick last week are convalescent—not a single case terminating fatally, so far as within our knowledge. The weather, too, is considered favorable, rendering the spread of disease less likely, and indicating the close speedily of frost. Some of those who left here for Morgan's Bend, considered by them more safe, should the destroyer come, have returned, and in a few days we expect all will have followed suit, and business once more be resumed its respectable activity at this place.

The Bayou Sara *Ledger* speaks of the progress of the fever in that vicinity as follows:

We are truly happy to state that this scourge is now abating in our two towns. Few, if any new cases have been reported on this week. The weather, too, partaking (as it has for the past few days) of a cool bracing temperature, is propitious of health; and that it may continue so is the fervent wish, hope, and prayer of one who has not decidedly 'shifted' since the advent of the epidemic.

The best proof for what we have said still be found by the greatly diminished list of deaths in today's paper compared with those of our last issue.

Since the above was put in type we have heard of several new cases. Weather turning warm—and cloudy at times—rain badly needed.

We take the following from the Opelousas *Courier*: "Since our last publication, there has been quite a change in the weather. The nights are cool. We expect hailing long *Old Jack Frost*, in order to chastise and force Old Yellow Jack to abandon our unfortunate parish.

Our cotton fields have been visited by the unexpected the weather has been contrary to the culture; nevertheless we have picked this week of one of our friends, near the village, and we have seen that the bolls were large enough to give to their proprietor at least one half of the crop.

The cases are few and the vegetation gilded by a fair weather, is so active and the cases so large, than before maturity they fall to the ground.

We had heard that the heavy and continual rains we had last spring would destroy both crops, but we are happy to say, that notwithstanding the late epidemic that has reduced most half the number of the hands, we shall have yet a fair crop of sugar.

LOSS OF STEAMER PATRICK HENRY.—The St. Louis *Republican* of the 1st inst., says: A telegraphic dispatch from Cape Girardeau, stated yesterday, informs shippers that the above boat was discharging freight at Wittenberg, in a sinking condition. The Patrick Henry left this port on Thursday morning last, at daylight for Cairo, about half loaded. She had on board a lot of corn and wheat, amounting to about 3,500 sacks, and a miscellaneous cargo for intermediate points between this place and the month. The above lot of grain was insured in New Orleans.

☞ The Marquis of Chandos, the son of the Duke of Buckingham, whose immense estates in England, were lately sold by the Sheriff, has accepted the office of Chairman to the London and North Western Railway. This young nobleman, it is said, cut off an annual of the Buckingham property, and deprived himself of $200,000 per annum, in order to pay his father's debts.

CROPS AND PROSPECTS.—Since the passage of the Nebraska bill, the Democratic party in the North, has been in a state of constant ferment, and the Whigs have taken advantage of the circumstance to make a vigorous effort to recover the ground they lost in the contest of last fall. The Whigs have succeeded in carrying a number of the Northern States, and the Democrats have lost ground in many of the Northern States, and the Democrats have lost ground in many of the Northern States, and the Democrats have lost ground in many