THE DAILY BEE
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[illegible]

NEW ORLEANS:
WEDNESDAY ...

New Orleans Bee.

Office, 73 Chartres street. NEW ORLEANS, WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 24, 1862. Vol. XXVII—New Series, Vol. XXXVI—Whole No. 16,480.

Sales at Auction This Day.

By R. T. Montgomery, at 10 o'clock, at Post No. 25, First District, ... sugar cured hams, ... sides.

Arrival of the Steamship Parkersburg.—Captain Hoffman, of the ... Parkersburg, whose arrival is noticed elsewhere, will please accept our thanks for late newspapers.

The U. S. mail steamship Parkersburg, Capt. Hoffman, arrived at an early hour yesterday morning from New York, which port she left on the 11th instant.

The U. S. Mail steamship Creole, Captain Couch, left yesterday forenoon for New York, with a full freight, $130,000 in specie, the U S. mails, and the following passengers:

P. Sturgis, S. S. Miller, R. H. McLean, L. Sturtevant, Col. West, A. A. Kendall, Mrs. A. M. ... and servant, Charles Landon and wife, ... also, 165 in the steerage, among ... bands of the 26th Massachusetts ... 12th New York.

R. T. Montgomery will sell this day, the 24th inst., at 10 o'clock, ex brig J. Price Wetherill, Post 25, First District, choice lots of sugar-cured hams, shoulders and sides, worthy the attention of dealers and grocers.

Later from the North.

By the arrival yesterday of the steamer Parkersburg, from New York on the 11th inst., we have the following intelligence from the North, being four days later news:

The Invasion of Maryland.

The New York *Herald*, of the 9th, furnishes us additional particulars of the Confederate advance upon Frederick:

THE OCCUPATION OF FREDERICK.

Baltimore, September 7, 1862.—Frederick, Maryland, was undoubtedly occupied yesterday morning, between ten and eleven o'clock, by the rebels. Part of the force turned off at Buckeystown, as if going down towards the Washington road or the Baltimore side. The crossing of the Potomac was effected at three points.

Baltimore, September 7, 1862.—Fugitives who left Frederick last night report the city occupied by about five thousand rebels, under Gen. Hill—cavalry, infantry and artillery. The rebels issued a proclamation according protection to private property, and appointed a Provost Guard. Purchases were being made with United States Treasury notes of cattle and horses, which were being sent back towards the river.

I have just come from Washington. I saw persons who came from up the Potomac, whose statements of the safe condition of affairs lead me to utterly discredit the wild rumors of Jackson's having crossed. There are many rumors here in Baltimore, growing out of the movements of our own cavalry. The greatest confidence and cheer prevails in Washington. A day or two will demonstrate that all goes well.

Baltimore, September 7, 7 P. M.—Further reports from Frederick say that Bradley T. Johnson was made Provost Marshal. The rebel troops passed through the town and encamped in Wisan's woods, about one mile beyond the city.

The rebel pickets are extended seven miles towards Hagerstown. They possessed themselves of all the shoes, clothing, &c., in the stores at Frederick, paying for them.

The telegraph operator ... at Hagerstown, but says he cannot hold the office much longer. Nearly all the Union men have left.

Washington, September 7, 1862.—The information received here is that the great body of the rebels have crossed into Maryland, fording the Potomac at Nolan's Ford, above the mouth of the Monocacy. The ford is wide and shallow, with a smooth bottom. The banks of the Monocacy are precipitous, but north and west of it there is a splendid level country, in which the crops this season have been excellent.

It is stated that the rebels are buying horses and provisions and paying for them in United States Treasury notes, probably money taken from the persons of our dead and wounded soldiers upon the battle fields.

It appears from private accounts that the rebels crossed the Potomac river on Friday night and early on yesterday morning, and thence marched to White Oak Springs, within three miles of Frederick. They crossed both above and below Point of Rocks, and did it in as speedy and quiet a manner as possible. One of their first acts was to send a force to cut the telegraph wires and seize the bridge over the Monocacy. The regiment guarding this point ... their position on Friday.

Great numbers of persons were leaving Frederick to-day and yesterday, and proceeding towards Pennsylvania.

Accounts from Hagerstown say that many Union refugees from Virginia have arrived there.

The *Herald* of the 9th says:

Washington, September 8, 1862.—A report reached here to-day that ... was a skirmish in the neighborhood of Poolesville.

It is understood that this morning the rebels ... posed in force the north bank of ... line extending from the mouth of the ... to Middlebrook, on the post road between Washington and Frederick. From this line good roads extend in three directions—one to Conrad's ferry, one to Nolan's ferry, and the third to Frederick.

An escaped prisoner, who was in the hands of the rebels four days, says that all of the Union forces at Frederick had fallen back to Harper's Ferry, but before doing so had, on Thursday night—(there is evidently a slight mistake here—according to one account the rebels did not enter Frederick till Friday.—Ed. Herald)—burned the hospital and commissary stores and removed the sick and wounded.

Friday afternoon the rebel pickets extended as far as New Market, eight miles east by south of Frederick. The Union pickets were withdrawn to sixteen miles from the same place.

The rebels had got possession of only two or three cars at Frederick, some of which were loaded with old ...

It is understood that the inhabitants of Baltimore and other points of Maryland ... the rebels in considerable numbers. If they ... a general rising of the people in their behalf they have been woefully disappointed.

Among the visitors at the Capitol to-day was a committee from Baltimore, composed of the Mayor, J. Lee Chapman, William Price and Francis Corkran, who came hither to consult in reference to the protection of their city. After an interview with the President, they were well satisfied, not only that everything was being done that could be done, but also that what is now in progress is sufficient to inspire confidence and to give assurance of entire safety. The disposition of the forces under General McClellan is such as to render an attack upon Baltimore by the rebels the sure precursor of their destruction.

On Saturday a scouting party from Pleasonton's cavalry brigade crossed the Potomac, in the vicinity of Leesburg, proceeding some twenty miles inland, and came in contact with and captured a rebel scouting party of ... who were brought to the city yesterday and sent to the Old Capitol.

Enoch Louis Lowe, one of the most infatuated of the rebel renegades from Maryland, formerly Governor of the State, and a very prominent Breckinridge democratic politician in Frederick county, has assumed the position of Provisional Governor of Maryland, under the authority of the rebel States, and has issued a proclamation to the people. If it is like the former productions of this choleric gentleman of the Henry Wise school, it is as bombastic and frothy and vindictive as any rebel production.

To-day many of the citizens of that neighborhood came to Washington.

On Friday thirty of the First Massachusetts cavalry were taken prisoners and paroled on the Upper Potomac.

The city is, of course, full of rumors, among which is one pretty generally credited, that the rebel cavalry scouts have taken possession of Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, and another, that the rebel army is carrying in its front the Stars and Stripes, and proclaiming that it comes to restore the old Union and the Constitution as they were.

The present indications are that the rebels ... to attempt to wipe out Washington, as threatened by the Richmond papers; and the reported demonstrations towards Gettysburg, ... are mere feints to keep troops from coming to the capital.

It is believed that the rebel forces who have ... crossed the Potomac will, when too late, discover that they have walked into a trap from which they will not escape.

Oakland, Md., September 8, 1862.—There is no communication with Baltimore from here ... The latest news was brought ... from Harper's Ferry to Cumberland, ...ward. By the accommodation train this morning I learn that the rebels, under Hill, have crossed in force into Maryland at Point of Rocks and Monocacy, and were marching on Frederick, but were unable to receive a check. ... force was not known. Our small guard at Frederick left their stores burning behind them. ... cavalry skirmish took place yesterday ... near Martinsburg, with what is supposed to have been a rebel reconnoitering force ... Winchester. The rebels are said to have been driven back to Winchester with a loss of ... killed and captured. Our force at Martinsburg is reported effective, mostly from the ... This is all by trustworthy passengers.

Baltimore, September 8, 1862.—Nothing further has reached here of the movements of the rebels in Maryland. There are many rumors, one of them that the rebels are gathering in ... place near Westminster, twenty-five miles from Baltimore. Some officers who have come ... express the opinion that the rebels do ... moving on Baltimore. Accounts from Frederick show that the rebels, instead of paying in United States notes for what they took, ... worthless Southern money. ... Tyler and Rebner, Union men, and ... Dehnhoff, a secesh, had their stocks of ... and shoes cleaned out, receiving in pay most Confederate notes. Dr. Jenks, the postmaster, took away the mails and all the Government ... [illegible] ... calling on the citizens to organize for the protection of the State ...

Harrisburg, September 8, 1862.—General Andrew Porter arrived here this morning. ... [illegible]

The rebels are said to be entering Pennsylvania ... with the intention ... of destroying the Northern Central Railroad.

The rumor of the ... upon Hagerstown appears to be unfounded, as no rebels have as yet made their appearance in that vicinity. It is generally believed, however, that they will shortly advance upon that town.

Arms are being rapidly distributed throughout the counties on our southern border.

REBEL CAVALRY ATTACKED AND DEFEATED NEAR POOLESVILLE.

Washington, September 9, 1862.—Yesterday afternoon a detachment from Farnsworth's Illinois cavalry attacked the Twelfth Virginia cavalry, near Poolesville, scattering them, killing and wounding several, and capturing six prisoners, who were brought to the Provost Marshal of this city this morning, and sent to the Old Capitol. The officer in charge of the prisoners reported that it was thought the rebel cavalry were cut off, and many more would be captured.

The *Star* says: Yesterday afternoon two companies of the Third Indiana cavalry, under command of Major Chapman, went to Poolesville, Md., which they found in possession of a rebel cavalry regiment, who had planted on a hill to the right of the town one field-piece, which was opened on our men as they approached. The command did not stop, but made a charge through the town. The enemy there then dismounted, and, forming a line of battle near their gun. In a few minutes reinforcements came up, consisting of two pieces of artillery and several companies of the Eighth Illinois cavalry, and our guns, after a few shots, succeeded in silencing the enemy's piece, when another charge was made by Major Chapman's command, and the rebels broke and ran, leaving seven dead on the field. Our loss is one man killed, Sergeant David A. Fable, of Company B, and eight men wounded, Lieuts. Leiber and Davis, of Company B, and six men of Company A.

POSITION OF THE REBEL ARMY.

Washington, D. C., September 9—11:45 P. M.—The news from the front to-day is altogether of a negative character. The reconnoissances made have failed to find the enemy in such force on the Maryland side as has been represented. They are occupying the principal points from the mouth of Seneca creek to Frederick, and westward to Hagerstown, and eastward as far as the vicinity of Ellicott's Mills, within twelve miles of Baltimore. ... this range they have possession of three ... the Potomac, and they appear to be industriously obtaining and sending into Virginia all the supplies they can find. Large quantities of horses, cattle, forage and breadstuffs have been ... in the fertile counties of Montgomery, Frederick, Washington, Howard and Baltimore. All these things are sent rapidly across the Potomac into Virginia.

The whole rebel force that has passed northward through Frederick does not exceed fifteen thousand. They represent that they are only the advance guard of one hundred and fifty thousand who have crossed into Maryland, but they have not yet been found.

It is definitely ascertained, however, that as many as one hundred and fifty thousand have come to the banks of the Potomac, and the impression prevails that they are trying a piece of strategy ... Maryland, while ... large force ... in the vicinity of the fords, ready to come down ... side of the river, when they can ... the army of Gen. McClellan far enough away from the capital to leave a clear roadway to Washington.

Gen. McClellan is wide awake ... not intend to be taken by surprise, nor to allow a considerable rebel force to get in his rear.

The rebel force ... that the rebels wish to Maryland ... for foraging, with the hope of ... the inhabitants there, and of decoying Gen. McClellan's army away from Washington. In all respects, except ... a failure. The Maryland ... of the rebel troops ... and Gen. McClellan is too wary to be caught by such ...

In Baltimore the ... to be in a much greater state of alarm than the Union men. They are, for the most part, large property owners, and have a mortal dread of ... the "Dutch crowd" ... would follow an attempt to enter Baltimore.

[From the Washington *Intelligencer*, September 9.]

By persons from Rockville yesterday we learn that the ... the western bank of Seneca creek ... mouth of the Potomac, twenty-two miles above Washington, on the public stage road at Middlebrook, ... is about eight miles east of Middlebrook on the ... road between Georgetown and Frederick City, and about twenty-three miles from Washington.

Gen. McClellan passed through Rockville on Sunday night, taking there a short time to rest and refresh himself and horses.

THE REBELS AT HAGERSTOWN.

Hagerstown, September 8—10 P. M.—Everything is quiet here. A Union man who left within six miles of Frederick this afternoon reports no rebels this side of Frederick. Their pickets extend four miles this side. ... [illegible]

Chambersburg, Pa., September 9—10 A. M.—One of our ... from Hagerstown ... night, having left Middletown ... miles southwest of that place, at five o'clock in the afternoon.

He reports that the rebels were at Hagerstown in considerable force, and advancing.

All the rolling stock of the railroad has been removed from Hagerstown, and the telegraph office there evacuated.

A telegraph office has been opened at Green Castle, from which place our ... messengers will be sent.

THE REBELS AT ... MARYLAND.

Philadelphia, September 9, 1862.—The special correspondent of the *Press* at the city, writing from Sykesville, Md., says that he had just left Monrovia ... the ... of the rebels, a party of their cavalry entering that place on Saturday.

Many speculations are ... relative to the movements and ... of Stonewall Jackson. Some say ... is on his way with a large army to Gettysburg, Pa., so as to ... York ... Harrisburg ... Baltimore in the ... Others ... merely a feint to cover his invasion into Pennsylvania.

HARPER'S FERRY NOT SURRENDERED.

The following telegraphic dispatch has been received from one of the officers of the Twelfth New York regiment, now stationed at Harper's Ferry, where they have been ... until the 15th of October:—

Harper's Ferry, September 9, 1862.—All is quiet in this vicinity. ... We have seen nothing of the rebels up to the present time, and are prepared for them whenever they choose to make our acquaintance. We have ... earthworks in front. Our supplies reach us by way of Cumberland. The regiment is in ... health ...

JOHN WARD, JR.
Captain Company F, Twelfth reg't.

MOVEMENTS OF THE REBELS IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Harrisburg, September 9, 1862.—The telegraph operator has left Chambersburg ... that the ... force with him. Another operator has taken his place, and reports all quiet and no rebels in that vicinity.

No important intelligence has been received from Hanover or any point on the Northern Central thought to be in danger.

A rebel deserter who arrived at Hanover reports the rebels at Frederick 100,000 strong.

The *Herald* of the 11th, publishes the following dispatches:

CAPTURE OF BARNESVILLE ... THE IRON BRIDGE OVER THE MONOCACY BLOWN UP.

Philadelphia, September 10, 1862.—A special dispatch to the *Bulletin* from Harrisburg reports that all is quiet there.

Rebel movements had taken place towards Hagerstown.

A force of our cavalry, under General McClellan, captured Barnesville, in the rear of Newmarket, yesterday.

The operator at Hanover says that fugitives from Frederick report that the rebels are intrenching themselves on the Monocacy, and that they have blown up the iron bridge over that river.

THE REBELS FALLING BACK FROM GEN. M'CLELLAN'S FRONT.

Philadelphia, September 10, 1862.—The *National Intelligencer*, of Washington, says that the rebels have fallen back from Gen. McClellan's front, which has advanced to within six miles of Poolesville.

Reports from York, Pa., yesterday say that the rebels had not entered York county, but were reported to be at Emmetsburg, on a line not more than eight miles from Gettysburg. They had stationed their pickets six miles from Union Bridge.

There are no signs of an approach of the rebels towards Westminster.

THE REBELS NEAR ELLICOTT'S MILLS.

Ellicott's Mills, September 9, 1862.—On Monday, the rebels captured one telegraph operator at Plain ... The rebel pickets are within four miles of the Mills, and a large force under General Fitzhugh Lee, estimated at from five to twenty thousand, is at Newmarket.

Billings ... Adjutant, is in custody at the Relay House. He will probably be tried as a spy.

Two men from Frederick say that there are but few troops there. Those who were there on Saturday night moved during the night.

The rebels are in a state of great destitution; many of them are shoeless, and are only kept in the ranks at the point of the bayonet.

Large numbers of rebels are at Newmarket, eight miles from Frederick.

THE REBELS AT HAGERSTOWN.

Harrisburg, Pa., September 10, 1862.—Intelligence of a reliable character is received to the effect that the rebels, under Stonewall Jackson, entered Hagerstown at four this afternoon. The operator left while the rebels were entering the town.

Arrangements for the defence of this city are going forward, and the order issued by the Governor to-day is considered on all sides to be a just, proper, precautionary measure. It may be ... call probably soon to be made.

There is nothing later from Hanover or York.

Harrisburg, September 10—P. M.—The rebels, it is presumed, have arrived at some point on the Northern Central Railroad, as the telegraph line has been tampered with, and the words "Damned Yankee" heard by the operator here. It is not thought the railroad communication has yet been interrupted.

Information from Hagerstown is to the effect that the rebels have not yet entered that place. The Mayor has arrived at Greencastle, and says that Jackson's advance guard at six o'clock this evening was said to be within six miles of Hagerstown.

Washington, September 10, 1862.—A gentleman arrived here, who left Hagerstown yesterday, reports that many of the Union citizens have left, and the secessionists even do not desire the appearance of the rebels.

THE RETREAT OF THE REBELS NEAR POOLESVILLE.

Washington, September 10, 1862.—The action yesterday, of the Eighth Illinois cavalry, under Colonel Farnsworth, was with eight hundred of Colonel Ashby's old cavalry. It took place between Poolesville and Darnestown. The rebels had fifteen killed and wounded, including one captain. We took six prisoners. Our loss was one killed and seven wounded. This forenoon Farnsworth again met a portion of them at Clarksburg and took thirty of them prisoners. They have already arrived at headquarters. Some of them were barefoot and bareheaded, and all of them in rags. One of them wore nothing but his underclothes.

THE REBELS IN FORCE ON THE POTOMAC.

Washington, September 9, 1862.—There is no doubt that the rebels in large force are between Dawsonville and Leesburg to-day, apparently designing to cross into Maryland from these points. By this time we have troops enough there to prevent them from accomplishing their object. Beyond these facts but little of anything can be learned.

There is nothing reliable from further up the Potomac.

Six prisoners of the Twelfth Virginia cavalry, who were captured by a detachment of Farnsworth's Illinois cavalry yesterday, were brought to Washington this morning and provided with accommodations at the Old Capitol prison. It is represented that the chivalry were put to inglorious flight in the brief skirmish, and left on the field several dead and wounded.

Troops are constantly arriving and being assigned to proper positions.

REPORTS FROM THE UPPER POTOMAC.

Washington, September 10, 1862.—The city has been filled to-day with rumors of skirmishes and battles on the Upper Potomac. At one time we hear that general Burnside has engaged the enemy, and won a splendid victory; at another, we are told that his forces have met with a terrible repulse, and, as usual, been cut all to pieces. Again, a soldier, pretending to have just arrived from Edward's Ferry, describes a skirmish between a part of Gen. King's division and of Gen. Burnside's force with a body of Stuart's cavalry attempting to get back to the Virginia side, in which twenty of our men were killed and wounded, and twice as many of the enemy, and three hundred rebels taken prisoners. Upon investigation it is ascertained that there is not one single word of truth in any of these stories.

There is no doubt that the papers of to-morrow in the principal cities will be filled with rumors; but the truth is there has been no battle, and as far as can be ascertained not even a skirmish on the Upper Potomac during to-day.

Reliable reconnoissance as far as ... a small body of rebel cavalry at Barnesville ... and at ..., there are no rebel troops upon the whole of that line. ... the Upper Potomac probably holding ... between Mt. Catoctin and the Blue Ridge Mountains, while a very considerable force ... from the adjoining rich counties of Maryland forage and supplies, which it is now certainly known they most desperately needed.

The *Herald* of the 10th, under this heading, publishes the following:

MOVEMENTS OF THE REBELS.

Harrisburg, September 10—Midnight.—... important intelligence concerning ... in addition to the following: ...

He reached a position in the mountains overlooking Frederick, and, by means of a glass, saw all that was going on in town. He arrived there about eleven o'clock this morning, and he is confident that ... a movement of troops ... began at three this morning ... to be about twenty thousand.

The ... that crossed the mountain is ... two miles of Myersville and headed ... Boonsboro. He saw three regiments of infantry, one of cavalry, eight cannon and a large number of wagons. The ... looked ragged, shoeless and hatless.

It is ... reliable that no rebels had entered Hagerstown at six P. M. ... He may be ... at Boonsborough and ... Waynesboro, in this State. ... The Northern Central Railroad and telegraph are still unmolested.

The people of Pennsylvania are now thoroughly aroused, and ten thousand men from Berks county and one thousand from Chester will probably be here by morning, in anticipation of the Governor's call, and within twenty-four hours fifty thousand men will be in the Cumberland Valley, and before Jackson can reach Chambersburg, he will be required to meet and fight 50,000 of Pennsylvania's yeomanry.

General Wool has been assigned to the command of all of the troops north of the Susquehanna.

A mail carrier was taken prisoner and held two hours. He says great numbers threw themselves down in the middle of the road attacked with bilious cholic, caused by eating green corn.

A skirmish took place between the Michigan cavalry and Virginia cavalry leading the rebel advance at Barnesville. A rebel lieutenant was killed and two privates were captured. They say Jackson leads the column.

The rebel pickets were within a mile and a half of Hagerstown at eight this morning.

The main body appears to be going between Barnesville and Sharpsburg, eight miles below Hagerstown.

The rebel pickets uniformly said that Jackson leads the army, and the Cumberland Valley is their destination.

All manner of rumors are in circulation here with regard to a great battle having been fought. I can say with certainty that no intelligence of this character has been received by telegraph or otherwise.

NEWS FROM GREEN CASTLE.

Green Castle, Pa., September 10, 1862.—Much excitement prevails here to-day on account of reports of the rebels advancing on Hagerstown. They are said to be ... towards that place by way of Cavetown, so as to get in the rear and cut off the retreat of those who might attempt to get away.

Up to five P. M. no signs of the enemy appeared at any point, although some ... previous a negro among others reported them within three miles of the town.

The people there were very much excited, and numbers were leaving with their families, while ... horses were sending them out ... that the rebels shall not seize them. A horse and wagon could not be hired at any price.

A scout from Russell's cavalry reported a move of the rebels towards the place. The telegraph operator left about four o'clock, and has not been heard from since.

The *Herald* of the 9th publishes the subjoined:

Rebel Invasion of Kentucky.

THE ENEMY'S SCOUTS WITHIN TWENTY-FIVE MILES OF COVINGTON—REPORTED SURRENDER OF MAYSVILLE—RESUMPTION OF BUSINESS IN CINCINNATI, &c.

Cincinnati, September 8, 1862.—We have no information this morning of the rebels being this side of Falmouth or Williamstown.

The impression is that they will attempt to attack in front, but may endeavor to cross the Ohio river above and below the city.

Their movements, whatever they may be, are closely watched, and cannot be successful.

Cincinnati, September 8, 8 P. M.—The rebels are reported to-day at Crittenden, twenty-five miles from Covington. They are supposed to be a foraging party.

A rumor this afternoon said that a rebel force had entered Maysville from Falmouth, and that the city had surrendered. The report, however, lacks confirmation.

The stores were opened and business resumed in Cincinnati to-day. The city presented a lively appearance.

The *Herald* of the 10th inst. contains the following:

THE REBEL FORCE WITHIN FIVE MILES OF COVINGTON—A BATTLE EXPECTED, &c.

Cincinnati, September 9, 1862.—A scouting party ... having fallen in with two rebel ... to-day, nine miles from Covington. If ... we may expect a fight to-morrow.

Frankfort, Ky., September 9, 1862.—Small guerrilla bands are scattered through Garrard, Boyle, Lincoln, Washington, and Mercer counties, raising recruits and stealing horses and other property. At Danville Wm. E. Dabe is raising a rebel cavalry regiment.

A citizen ... from the Kentucky river ... that the country is full of small gangs of guerrillas. The rebel Lieutenant-Colonel Woodward is ... in disguise. The rebel ... was at Trenton at noon, with about three hundred men, poorly armed and badly ...

It is rumored that a large body of rebels, with artillery, were to-day moving from Danville toward Lebanon.

The rumor is prevalent that Bragg, with ninety-six regiments, is crossing the Cumberland. Military circles credit the last two statements.

The *Gazette* of the 11th publishes the following:

THE ENEMY, FOUR THOUSAND STRONG, WITHIN FIVE MILES OF COVINGTON—ACTIVE SKIRMISHING WITH THE REBEL ADVANCE GUARD—A BATTLE EXPECTED TO-DAY, &c.

Cincinnati, September 10, 1862.—Skirmishing has been going on all the afternoon.

The advance guard of the enemy, about three thousand infantry and one thousand cavalry, have been in sight since eleven o'clock, about five miles from Covington.

Late in the afternoon they were moving to the right in heavy masses, to pass about two miles from Fort Mitchell.

A battle will no doubt take place to-morrow.

Cincinnati, September 10, Evening.—A battle may be expected to-morrow.

Our pickets were engaged to-day. One of them was killed and several wounded.

They have fallen back a mile.

Business was again suspended to-day, and all the military organizations were ordered to report for service at eight o'clock in the morning.

Three thousand laborers have been ordered to go to work on trenches.

The military authorities received information late last night that the rebels were advancing in force.

The excitement in the city is intense.

Cincinnati, September 10, 10½ P. M.—A train of thirty ambulances, with a flag of truce, left here yesterday afternoon, for the use of our wounded in Richmond. When they were twelve miles distant they were ordered to halt by the pickets of General Heth. They did so, and the officer in command of the ambulances was taken before General Heath, who informed him that he could not pass the train as he was not receiving flags of truce at present. An appeal was then made to General Kirby Smith, who promptly allowed our ambulances to proceed.

Our scouts report that the rebels are moving in two divisions, numbering sixteen thousand men.

Early this morning a large rebel cavalry force attacked our pickets on Licking river, driving them back a mile, several of whom were wounded.

Our whole force over the river was drawn up in line of battle at noon to-day.

One of our men was killed in the picket skirmish.

Louisville, September 10, 1862.—Hon. Richard Ap... from Bowling ... reports ... with 4000 troopers, including cavalry and artillery, attacking ... &c.

It is reported that a force of rebel cavalry took possession of Eminence, Ky., last night.

John Morgan occupies the *Observer and Reporter* office as headquarters.

Hon. Joshua F. Bell, recently unconditionally released by the rebels, arrived at the Galt House to-day.

It is rumored that about 4000 rebels, from Lexington, last Sunday, took possession of Lebanon to-day.

Numerous and conflicting reports are in circulation indicating that skirmishes ... at Taylorsville and other points, but nothing reliable as to the result can be procured to-night.

The Southern Telegraph Line is working to Bowling Green and Franklin.

The train for Frankfort this morning came back from ... attack ... guerrillas.

GUERRILLAS ROUTED IN KENTUCKY.

Russellville, September 10, 1862.—Major Kennedy, of the Eighth Kentucky Cavalry, had a skirmish near Allensville with the Woodward's guerrillas. The Union forces lost one and captured four prisoners.

Movements from the Southwest.

From the *Herald* of the 9th we glean the following:

Louisville, Ky., September 9, 1862.—Last Thursday a foraging party from Cumberland Gap encountered a party of rebel cavalry ... A sharp skirmish ensued, in which the Union loss was one killed and three wounded. The rebels were driven away, with considerable loss.

The rebels yesterday destroyed the water stations at Horse Cave and Bacon Creek, on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, and tore up a hundred yards of the track at Bacon Creek.

Rumors are rife ... Buell ... Bragg's force near Gallatin, Tennessee, and that Bragg's entire force has ... the Cumberland river, with the view of invading Northern Kentucky.

A party of rebels on Saturday went to ... Salem, ... of Salt river, intending to ... Indiana shore.

CAPTURE OF CLARKSVILLE, TENN., BY UNION FORCES.

Cairo, September 9, 1862.—News received at headquarters last night state that Clarksville was taken into the hands of the Federals. Col. ... Fort Donelson on Saturday with the intention of attacking the rebels there on Sunday. He was met by them, 1500 strong. The rebels quickly ... Seventy-five prisoners were taken.

Louisville, September 9, 1862.—Col. ..., of the Eighth Kentucky cavalry, just arrived from Russellville, reports that on Sunday ... consisting of 300 guerrillas, with about 150 citizens of Clarksville ... [illegible]

The rebel Colonel Johnson, at Hopkinsville, yesterday ... fight, whipped the whole body. Johnson's forces are dispersed in small squads and are stealing money and all other available property.

From Virginia.

The *Herald* of the 9th, under the heading of "The Situation," says the following:

The news from the army of Virginia is interesting, ... of vital importance to the ... Major-General Pope has been relieved from the command of the army of Virginia, and has been assigned to the command of the Department of the Northwest—that is to say, west of the Mississippi. It is said that all his ... has been consolidated with that of General Burnside, and of course falls into line under General McClellan's command. General McDowell has been granted leave of absence for fifteen days—for what specific purpose is not made known to the public. General Reno takes his place. These are but ... in these columns some time ago.

The same paper publishes the following dispatch:

A BATTLE AND VICTORY.

Martinsburg, Va., September 7, 1862.
To Major-General John E. Wool, Baltimore:

I have the honor to report that the enemy ... four hundred cavalry—who attacked my outposts, ... with the loss of about fifty prisoners, horses and arms, ... in our possession. Our loss was two killed and ten wounded—Captain Grosvenor and Lieutenant Logan, of the Twelfth Illinois cavalry. The loss of the enemy greatly exceeds ours, but it is not accurately known. The Twelfth Illinois cavalry, Colonel Voss, behaved in a manner to maintain the honor of the State from which they hail.

JULIUS WHITE, Brigadier General.

LATEST FROM THE LATE BATTLE-FIELD OF MANASSAS.

Under this heading the *Herald* publishes the subjoined paragraph:

Washington, September 7, 1862.—Late reliable reports from private sources from Centreville state that Col. Flannery, with a regiment of cavalry, is in command at that place, and that their pickets extend to within less than twelve miles of Alexandria.

The One Hundred and Thirty-sixth Pennsylvania regiment reached the battle field on Saturday, and commenced the interment of a number of dead, which have lain undisturbed since the battle, ... of the rebels, who ... every pocket, and, in many ... stripped the dead of their clothing.

The Union officers taken prisoners in the late battles were detained at Centreville until Friday last, when they were all conducted to Richmond, with the exception of some of the more severely wounded, who were, by the humanity of Mr. ..., Medical Director of General Lee, allowed to proceed to Washington in our ambulances, under the protection of a flag of truce.

The last of the ... the city, accompanied by Surgeons Demold, Page, Clemens, Jenkins, ... Byrne and others, of the large ... in charge of our wounded by Surgeon General Hammond.

News from Havana.

The Havana correspondent of the New York *Herald* gives the following additional particulars concerning the movements of the steamer Oreto:

Havana, September 4, 1862.—The famous Oreto, now called the Florida, a screw steamer built for the rebels, left Nassau on the 6th ult. for Green Key, where she went out and operated. She then came to Cardenas, where she arrived on the night of the 14th ult. She was ordered away by the Government, but was allowed to remain till the 31st. ... and no one from shore was allowed to visit her save the doctor.

She lost many men by yellow fever and desertion. Nine were buried on the 31st—eight seamen and one officer, son of the commander, John N. Maffit, ex-lieutenant in the United States navy.

The Oreto mounts three guns on a side, said to be sixty-eight-pounders; and two swivel guns, one forward and one aft, reported to be one hundred-pounders.

She is to be placed, and carries two more in her hold. She is low in the water, and steams slowly, looking ... Several men engaged here were sent to Cardenas to join her, but were arrested and imprisoned by the authorities.

On the night of the 31st, at half-past nine, she started for Havana, arriving on the morning of the 1st inst., reporting thirty six hours ... most of the time.

Maffit has been ill for a fortnight; some say with putrid fever; some say with yellow fever. The first officer, Stribling, was formerly first officer of the Sumter. The only man allowed in his boat was an Irishman, named Bradley, I believe a pseudo M. D., who has lately been discharged from two different hospitals as a common ...

The Florida was ordered off to sea, and went on the evening of the 1st, in the midst of a severe thunder and rain storm.

The Merrimac No. 2 Out.

The New York *Herald* of the 9th contains the following:

Fortress Monroe, September 6, 1862.—It is reported that the Merrimac No. 2 has been seen below Fort Darling, and is evidently making towards Newport's News.

There is not much doubt but that a reconnoissance has been made of the James river by two or three rebel gunboats within a day or two.

There is great excitement here in consequence of the report that the Merrimac No. 2 had reached the vicinity of Newport's News, and had an encounter with two of our gunboats, driving them before her.

All the shipping here has been removed to a place of safety; but no fears of any thing of the ... are entertained, as such arrangements have been made by our naval authorities as will probably make the career of the Merrimac No. 2 of shorter duration than her namesake.

An arrival from City Point to-day reports every thing quiet on the river, and no rebels or rebel gunboats in sight.

From North Carolina.

The New York *Herald* of the 9th publishes a lengthy correspondence upon a skirmish which occurred, on the 2d inst., at Plymouth, North Carolina, which it thus refers to in its article on "The Situation":

A body of fourteen hundred rebels, under Col. Garrett, were met and engaged by a Union force of three hundred men, under Orderly Sergeant Green, of Hawkins's Zouaves. The Union troops were the attacking party. After a battle of one hour's duration, the rebel ... were broken and they retreated in disorder, leaving ... officers and forty men as prisoners. The affair derives great interest from the fact that the Union troops were commanded by an Orderly Sergeant, who ... during the battle, as well as great personal courage.

Important from Europe.

THREE DAYS' LATER NEWS.

Serious Advices from Italy.

The steamship Norwegian, from Liverpool on the ... passed Cape Race ... [illegible]

The American War ...

The report of the Norwegian's ... evening of the 27th of August. It was said ...

The English journals say very little on American affairs.

The London financial correspondent of the Manchester *Guardian* writes as follows:

"It is stated that Messrs. Baring Brothers have received instructions from the State of Maryland to defend the American ... [illegible] ... of the Michigan Central Railway. ... wanted, to complete the ... American securities are now ..."

The London *Times* draws attention to a letter from a respectable legal firm of London—Phillips & Son—who represent a ... [illegible]

... a speech at Manchester, in which he said ... the Trent affair, which ... with the honor and dignity of both England and America, could not have ... [illegible]

The London *Times* reiterates its arguments that the North cannot conquer the South, and says that the time for compromise of some kind has arrived, and that the worst settlement of the dispute can be so fatal as the continuance of the war.

The London *Times* then draws an analogy between the position of England during the Revolutionary war and the present position of the North, and says that it is time the North followed the example of England.

The London *Army and Navy Gazette*, ... McClellan's campaign as the most signal failure ... in this century.

Lord Brougham had made a speech urging the ... of absolute neutrality and non-interference in every sense of the word as the only security for the peace of England and the best hope of securing the end of the unhappy war.

The Liverpool *Post* draws attention to Mr. Seward's late circular to encourage emigration, and urges the distressed operatives of Lancashire and the Irish poor to follow Mr. Seward's advice, and emigrate.

The London *Times* of August 30th has an article on the extraordinary position of the Democratic party in America. It says that they are fighting in a cause for which they feel the most ..., but at the same time in the ... of a policy and a party which they detest. Mr. Vallandigham's recent speech on the ... is an exposition of the feeling of the Democrats. ... as it serves to show that, in addition to other difficulties, President Lincoln will have to struggle against the legitimate efforts of ... against his own arbitrary acts.

The War in Italy.

Garibaldi's Revolutionary March towards Naples—His Exciting Appeals to the People—England Protests Against a French Invasion of the New Kingdom—Victor Emanuel's Troops Fight Garibaldi—They Wound, Defeat, and Make a Prisoner of the Sicilian Liberator.

The Norwegian's reports on the Italian question read as follows:

The London journals give considerable attention to Italian affairs.

The London *Post* says that the English and French Cabinets are quite in the dark in regard to the movements of Garibaldi, and urges that if ... be a rebel and conspirator he has been ... by the Italian Government and people, from the king downward.

The London *News* defends Garibaldi, who, it contends does not rebel against his country and his king, but against foreign domination, ... holding the rightful capital of Italy under false pretences.

The London *Times* points out the awful consequences if Garibaldi perseveres in his designs against Rome.

Garibaldi had left Melito and was proceeding towards Reggio. He is said to have threatened to his volunteers that in a few days he would march into Naples with them. It is reported that large numbers of royal troops have been sent to Reggio with orders to seek Garibaldi's force immediately and thoroughly defeat them. The Italian fleet was cruising in the Straits, cutting off communications with Italy.

General Cialdini had proceeded to Calabria.

The Mazzinian party had attempted to get up a demonstration at Messina in favor of Garibaldi, but they were put down.

The latest official news in the Turin *Gazette* represents that the news from the Neapolitan provinces is satisfactory. The "state of siege" ... received by the population.

Gen. La Marmora had issued a strong proclamation against Garibaldi, prohibiting the ... and retention of arms.

The Australasian's news respecting the state of affairs in Italy is to the following effect: The English journals of August 29 anxiously canvass the state of affairs in Italy.

The London *News* argues that the Emperor Napoleon cannot be allowed to assume exclusive control in Italian affairs, and urges the British Government to speak out.

There were vague rumors that England had protested against any French occupation of Neapolitan territory, and that England even threatened a corresponding movement in Sicily if France resorted to such a step.

The latest advices from Turin report that Garibaldi and his volunteers continued their march from Reggio, pursued by a column of Bersaglieri.

There had been no collision with Garibaldi's forces and the royal troops since the trifling one reported by the Norwegian.

A proclamation issued by Garibaldi from Catania, inciting the people to insurrection, had produced strong demonstrations in his favor at Genoa and Florence, and some collisions had taken place between the authorities and the people.

A dispatch dated London, August 29, says: Italian affairs are unchanged. A slight conflict has taken place near Reggio between the forces of Garibaldi and the royal troops.

Important military movements by France are predicted in connection with the Italian question. The Emperor Napoleon has called a council of his Ministers, undoubtedly with reference to this subject.

An important dispatch from Paris, dated the 30th of August, says: A telegram just received in this city states that Garibaldi has been defeated, wounded and captured.

The *Moniteur* of August 31 says that the insurrection which threatened to compromise the destinies of Italy has terminated.

Garibaldi, after a very sharp contest, was compelled to surrender.

An Italian frigate was immediately ordered to convey him to Spezzia.

The blockade of the Italian coast is ordered to be raised.

Paris, August 31, 1862.—The capture of Garibaldi is fully confirmed.

FRANCE.—The Paris Bourse, on the 29th of August, was much excited under the news of the landing of Garibaldi at Calabria. The rentes fell more than one and a half per cent., closing at 68f.

The Emperor Napoleon had left the Chalons camp for ..., accompanied by the Duke of Magenta.

The Emperor Napoleon presided at an important Cabinet council, on the 29th of August, on Italian affairs. Very important matters, it is said, were discussed.

A French squadron has been sent to Naples, and an English squadron, it is said, has also been ordered there.

The Paris Bourse was firmer on the 30th of August, the rentes closing at 68f. 15c.

AUSTRIA.—The military government ... were apprehended, but precautionary measures had been taken to counteract them.

DENMARK.—The replies of Austria and Prussia to the Danish note of the 12th of March, on the Schleswig Holstein question, had reached the Danish Cabinet. Both Austria and Prussia are very excessive in their demands, particularly Prussia.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Mortuary Report, for the week ending Sunday morning, at 6 o'clock, September 21, 1862:

Diseases.—Abscess 1, aneurism 2, anaemia 3, ascites 3, apoplexy 3, asthma 1, bronchitis 1, ... 1, cancer ..., cholera infantum 1, colic 2, convulsions 1, croup 1, debility ..., dentition 2, diphtheria 2, diarrhoea 5, diarrhoea chronic 5, drowned 3, dysentery 8, enteritis 3, fever congestive 4, fever ... 1, fever cerebral 4, fever intermittent 1, fever puerperal 1, fever remittent 4, fever scarlet 1, fever typhoid 3, gastritis 1, gunshot wounds 1, heart disease 3, hydro pericardium 1, hepatitis 1, hooping cough 1, insane 1, marasmus 7, old age 1, paralysis 1, phthisis 13, pneumonia 5, premature birth 2, scrofula 1, still born 2, tetanus 1, trismus nascentium 2, ... 1, not stated 3. Total, 117.

Conditions.—Adult males, 54; adult females, 12; male children, 19; female children, 11; ... 96; ... colored, 10; ... 4; slaves, 5; total colored, 21. Total, 117.

Ages.—Under 1 year, 31; from 1 to 2 years, ...; to 5 years, 7; from 5 to 10 years, ...; to 20 years, 9; from 20 to 30 years, ...; to 40 years, 10; from 40 to 50 years, ...; to 60 years, 6; from 60 to 70 years, ...; 80 years, 2; from 80 to 90 years, ... 1; not stated, 21; total, 117.

Nativities.—Bavaria, 1; England, 2; France, 3; Germany, 8; Havana, 1; Ireland, 10; Kentucky, 1; Louisiana, 38; Maryland, 2; Norway, 1; Prussia, 1; Portugal, 1; Rhode Island, 1; ...; Scotland, 1; Tennessee, 1; Virginia, 4; United States, 9; not stated, 43. Total, 117; last week 122; decrease, 5.

Correction.—From our report of the assault on a car driver by a negress, published yesterday morning, it would seem that it took place in the Second District. It took place at the corner of Piety street, in the Third District. Officer Moroney, who gave the information, is of the Second District; hence the error. He states that the driver was very badly beaten.

Brutal Assault by a Negro.—An Englishwoman, about 25 years of age, was taken to the Charity Hospital yesterday afternoon, suffering from the effects of a brutal assault upon her by a negro. Her name is Ellen Lonsdale. She is far advanced in pregnancy, and the brute kicked her in the abdomen, so that the wound ... be fatal to her. The assault took place on St. Paul street, near the corner of Poydras street. We have not yet learned whether or not the negro has been arrested.

Taken to the Charity Hospital.—A negro named Josiah Murphy was taken to the Charity Hospital about half-past 8 o'clock yesterday morning, speechless and insensible, and apparently dying. He had been sent thither from the First District lockup. It had not yet been ascertained what was the matter with him. He died about 5 o'clock in the afternoon, and we presume an inquest will be held on his body.

Assault with Intent to Kill.—Patrick Moran and his wife were arrested on Monday on Hospital street, on the charge of assaulting Charles Schumacher, with intent to kill him.

Suspected Spy.—Toulage Renaud was taken into custody on Monday on the Old Basin, at the request of L. H. Vial, who accuses him of being a Confederate spy.

Gave Herself Up.—A slave woman named Diana went to the Second District police office on Monday and surrendered herself, stating that she had been turned out of doors by Mr. Louis Courtier, the agent of her master. The name of the latter gentleman is M. L. Valletto.

Turned Out by her Landlord.—Louisa Heintzerock went to the Second District lockup on Monday night, with her three children, to beg for lodgings. She stated that she had been turned out of her house by her landlord, D. Harsoncy.

Seditious Language.—Sophie Would was arrested yesterday at the corner of Josephine and Laurel streets, on the charge of using seditious and hostile language against the United States and its officers.

Wm. Norris was arrested on Dryades street yesterday, also for using seditious language; and he has further to answer for being drunk enough to disturb the peace.

Out of Order.—The telegraph box of the City Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph, at the police station of the Fourth District is reported as having been out of order for four days past.

The fire alarm-bell at the corner of Harmony and Levee streets also reported to be out of order.

Provost Court—Judge ...—... Capt. ... presided in the Provost Court yesterday.

E. Davis and wife for violating military orders by selling whisky to soldiers, were in the first instance fined $50, and in addition had their liquors ordered to be confiscated.

Mrs. Jones, who was proved to keep a disorderly house, was sent to the Workhouse for a month.

Lafayette Wall who undertook to interfere with an officer in the execution of his duty, and to threaten him with violence, was sentenced to three months in the Parish Prison.

Felix Fischer and Alexander Leclerc, who were convicted of a very decided disturbance of the peace, were let off on forking out $25 each.

James Doyle, who got drunk as a lord—and how drunk that is, everybody knows—was fined $5 for aping such very bad example.

Cyrus Williams and Ann Reilly, who got on quite a different sort of drunk, were sent to the Workhouse for a month, to keep them from such another excess.

Ann Morgan, who exceeded the whole tribe in the depth and pointedness of her profanity, was required to satisfy the offended majesty of the law, and the outrage on good society, by a sojourn of three months in the same institution.

J. D. Weaver for ordering his servant to throw filth, &c., into the street, to the nuisance of the neighborhood, was mulcted in the sum of $10.

Wm. Lawrence, for getting uproariously intoxicated, and showing a furious belligerence, was sent to the Parish Prison for six months.

Emile Berger, who followed Lawrence's bad example, on a minor key, was fined $5 for being such a fool.

A negro named Andrew, who thought he would like to try his hand on a white man—... was sent to the Parish Prison for three months.

Another ebony "man and a brother," who tumbled and threatened a white man, was indulged with a month of the *dolce far niente* in the same institution.

Casper Angel created quite a rumpus in the Tivoli Beer Garden the other night. As he had formerly been a guardian of the peace, and therefore ought to know better, he was mulcted in the sum of $20.

Charles Darrow was sent to the Parish Prison for three months, for disturbing the peace and haranguing for General Beauregard. His counsel stated in his behalf that although he was a cousin of that General, he was a good Union man, but that did not save him.

John Fisher was fined $5 for having made use of improper language to one of two girls who were walking with a soldier. He had accidentally trodden on her dress, and this in some way led to the offensive ebullition.

Eight soldiers, of the same company, who had been arrested for being absent from their quarters without leave, were mulcted of pay in proportion to the extent of their offence.

Rose Belloston and Jose Grégo, the two men whom we noticed a couple of days since as having been arrested for passing counterfeit tickets in the Second District Vegetable Market, were brought up for examination. It was found, however, that important witnesses were absent, and the case had to be postponed.

COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE BEE,
Tuesday Evening, Sept. 23, 1862.

SUGAR.—We have heard of no sales of any moment to-day, but there are numerous transactions pending. The supply is fair and the inquiry brisk. We quote as the ruling rates ... for Fully Fair, and ... for Prime to Choice.

MOLASSES.—With a light supply and fair demand we continue to ... bbls in special lots at 24c. for Inferior Fermenting, and 38c. for Prime.

TOBACCO.—There is some inquiry, but the transactions are limited ... Kentucky ... is now commanding unprecedentedly high prices in every market.

BEEF.—Northern in half bbls. is retailing at $17 ...

PORK.—200 bbls Mess sold at private sale on Saturday at $14 ... bbl.

LARD.—The retail demand is supplied at 17c ... for tierces and 18c. ... for kegs.

BUTTER.—The stock is light and the retail demand is supplied at 32c ...

BRAN.—The supply ... from first hands ... at $1 ... 100 lbs.

OATS.—This article may be quoted from first hands at ... bushel; it is retailing at 80c.

HAY.—We notice sales from first hands at $ ... ton for Northern. It is retailing at $ ...

WHISKY.—The retail demand is supplied at $1 ... gallon for Rectified, and $1 ... for raw ... with Louisiana Rum.

FREIGHTS.—We quote ... for Cotton to ... New York, and $1 ... for Molasses. The market is very dull.

We notice sales at auction to-day of ... [illegible]

New York Markets.

New York, Sept. 10.

SUGAR.—Sales of 1577 hhds and 120 hhds Cuba at 7½ ...; also ... New Orleans at ...

MOLASSES.—Sale of 250 bbls New Orleans at ... 150 bbls New Orleans at ...

COTTON.—The market was excited by the European advices, and, with an active demand, prices have further largely advanced. The sales ... bales. Middling New Orleans at 58 ... Mobile at 56c.

Cattle Market.

Jefferson City, September 22, 1862.

No animals yesterday. Amount of stock sold was ... Beeves. Stock remaining on sale is 169 Beeves. We quote:

Texas Beeves, 1st quality, ℔ net	[illegible]
Texas Beeves, 2d quality, ℔ net	[illegible]
Texas Beeves, 3d quality, ℔ net	[illegible]
Beef, 3d quality, ℔ head	[illegible]
Veal, 2d quality, ℔ head	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Milch Cows, ℔ head	[illegible]
Sheep, [illegible]	[illegible]

MARINE NEWS.

Port of New Orleans, Sept. 24, 1862.

CLEARED YESTERDAY.

Steamship Creole, Couch, New York. ... [illegible]

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

U S M Steamship Parkersburg, Hoffman, from New York, ... [illegible]

DOMESTIC PORTS.

[illegible]

PASSENGERS.

Per steamship Parkersburg, from New York—... [illegible]

EXPORTS.

NEW YORK—Per steamship Creole—... [illegible]

PHILADELPHIA—Per brig E P Stewart—... [illegible]

BORDEAUX—Per brig West—... [illegible]

IMPORTS.

NEW YORK—Per steamship Parkersburg—... [illegible]

BOSTON—Per bark Gen Warren—... [illegible]

PHILADELPHIA—Per schr Eveline—... [illegible]

RECEIPTS FROM THE COAST.

COAST—... [illegible]

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF,
New Orleans, Sept. 22, 1862.

GENERAL ORDERS NO. ...

I. Major ..., ... U. S. Infantry, having reported ... [illegible]

By command of
MAJ.-GEN. BUTLER.
Geo. C. Strong, ...

For Sale or for Rent, with all ...

[illegible]

Exchange.

... on LONDON and NEW YORK ... [illegible]

AUCTION SALES.

Clear Sides, Hams and Shoulders, at Auction.

BY R T. MONTGOMERY, Auctioneer.

WILL be sold THIS DAY, Wednesday, the 24th inst., at 10 o'clock, ex brig J. Price Wetherill, at Post 25, First District—
... tierces sugar cured Hams;
... do do;
24 do canvassed do;
... hogsheads ... Shoulders;
... Clear Bacon Sides.
Terms cash.

Dairy! Dairy!

BY E. M. JACOBS, Auctioneer.

WILL be sold on SATURDAY, 27 September, 1862, at 11 o'clock A. M., on the Metairie Road, opposite the City Park, between Dumaine and Bourbon streets—
20 fine Milch Cows,
2 Horses,
2 Milk Carts.
The good will and the utensils of the Dairy.
Terms—Up to $100, cash; above $100, ...

Dairy......Dairy.

BY E. M. JACOBS, Auctioneer.

WILL be sold on THURSDAY, 25th September, 1862, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the corner of ... avenue and St. Anthony canal, at the residence of Mr. Jean Forte—
25 fine Milch Cows,
2 Horses,
1 Mule,
1 Milk Cart,
1 Iron Kettle.
The Good Will and the Utensils of the Dairy.
Terms—Up to $100, cash; above $100, two months' credit, for notes satisfactorily endorsed.

Sale of a Restaurant.

BY E. M. JACOBS, Auctioneer.

WILL be sold on SATURDAY, the 27th inst., at 11 o'clock A. M.—
The Restaurant known as the "Four Season Restaurant," together with all its appurtenances, on Chartres street, No. 165.
Terms at sale.

Recorder of Births and Deaths.

THE office of the Recorder of Births and Deaths has been removed to No. 19 St. Anthony Square, behind the St. Louis Cathedral. All persons who have heretofore failed to register, are requested to do so without delay, otherwise they will be ... according to law, before the Deputy Provost Marshal Judge.
F. M. CROZAT, Recorder of Births and Deaths.

Public Schools, Second District.
NOTICE.

ALL persons having Books or other property in their possession belonging to the Public Schools of the Second District, are hereby ... to return the same immediately to the Secretary's office at the Library Room, corner of Chartres and St. Peter streets.

Stray Mare and Stallion.

STRAYED from the residence of the undersigned, in July last, a Creole ... also, a bay Creole MARE, two years and a half old, white spot on the nose. A reward of ... will be paid for the delivery of said stallion and mare.
LOUIS TRICOU.
At Lake Pontchartrain, ... at Mr. Michel's.

Louisiana State Bank,
New Orleans, Sept. 22, 1862.

NOTICE is hereby given that from and after this date, the business of the Louisiana State Branch Bank, in Camp street, will be transferred to the mother Bank, corner of Royal and Conti streets.
By order of the Board
L. BERNARD, Cashier.

SUNDRIES landing, in store and for sale by the undersigned:
1000 French Anglais demijohns.
... boxes Codfish, 100 lbs.
... bbls. Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel,
... boxes Soap, Winchester and other brands.
... Candles, various Nos. and brands.
... dozen assorted Brooms.
... Mess Pork.
... dozen assorted Shoe Brushes.
... gross Matches, best brands.
... bbls. Dried Apples.
... various brands.
FRED. AVET,
Nos. 59 and 61 Old Levee street.

Notice.

THE Prussian brig HIEKE, Eckardt, master, from Bordeaux, ... consignees are hereby notified to take out their permits and attend to the delivery of their goods on the Levee, Post No. 10, Second District.
A. VERNEUIL, 21 Conti street.
New Orleans, September 20th, 1862.

Notice.

NEITHER the consignee nor captain of the Prussian brig HIEKE will be responsible for debts contracted by the crew of said ship.
A. VERNEUIL, 21 Conti st.
New Orleans, September 20th, 1862.

Notice.

STEAMSHIP ESTRELLA, FROM NEW YORK.—Consignees by the above steamer are notified that she is now discharging, foot of St. Joseph street, and they are hereby requested to remove their goods without delay. All goods on the ... will be stored at ...
W. J. REID, 25 Magazine street.

DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF, U S PROVOST COURT.
New Orleans, September 22, 1862.

Any person ... [illegible] ... Judge of the Provost Court ...
By order of Lieut.-Col. J. S. KINSMAN, Provost Judge.
R. F. OLTEA, Clerk.

OFFICE PROVOST MARSHAL GENERAL OF LOUISIANA,
New Orleans, September 20, 1862.

Captain Charles B. Childe, of the ... Vermont, is hereby appointed Provost Marshal of the Parishes of Orleans and Jefferson, upon the Right bank of the river; and Captain A. Sawyer, of the 30th Massachusetts, is appointed Provost Marshal of the Parish of Jefferson, upon the Left bank of the river.
They will be obeyed and respected accordingly.
Captain Childe will establish his headquarters at Algiers, and Captain Sawyer at Carrollton.
JONAS H. FRENCH, Provost Marshal General of La.

Office Louisiana State Mutual Insurance Company,
New Orleans, 18th September, 1862.

IN conformity with article fourth of the charter of this Company, notice is hereby given that the annual election of directors to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at this office, ... Camp street, on MONDAY, 29th September, 1862, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.
E. W. SEQUIN, Secretary pro tem.

For Sale.

NOW landing per steamship Marion, from New York—
... barrels Mess Pork.
... do Prime.
... kegs Leaf Lard.
... barrels Potatoes.
... old and extra quality Dairy Cheese.
... Corn.
WILLIAM J. REID, 25 Magazine street.

Lost.

A BASKET containing some wearing apparel, such as shirts, pantaloons, shoes, blankets. Said basket was lost yesterday, 19th instant, going from the ... St. Joseph street, to St. Philip street, No. ... A reward proportioned to the value of said articles will be paid for the delivery of the same at No. 78 St. Philip street.

Some Reading for the Sick.

When the bowels are diseased, when every combination of the frame is out of order, the Brandreth Pills will, in nineteen cases out of twenty, cure. Remember that the body can be entirely remade from the food, bones and all; and aided by this most beneficent medicine, in a quarter of the time it takes in the ordinary course of nature. In from two to four years an entirely new healthy body can be exchanged for the worn-out, diseased, the miserable one—the slowness or quickness of the change altogether depends upon the use of the Brandreth Pills ...; which effect can be graduated just as the patient pleases. No possible injury can result from this; nothing but good can follow. Inquire the effect of Brandreth's Pills among your unprejudiced friends; you will hear sufficient to satisfy you that there is no risk in making the trial, and that you will not be doing yourself justice without it.

BRANDRETH'S PILLS.

They are cheaper to the bowels, remove all tumors or other obstructions ... coughs, asthma, rheumatism and gout; a safe, general and ... anti-bilious pill.

GET NEW STYLE.

Observe, the band around new style is filled with BENJAMIN BRANDRETH'S PILLS. BENJAMIN BRANDRETH'S PILLS. printed in ... Unless this brand is on the Pills offered you, they are not new style.

Sold at 25 cents per box, with full directions in French and English, at the Principal Office, 294 Canal street, New York.

At wholesale and retail, by
C. C. BENNET, General Agent.
71 Camp street, New Orleans.
And by all respectable Druggists.

Corn Meal, Tobacco, Harness.

... KILN DRIED CORN MEAL.
VIRGINIA SMOKING TOBACCO, (GOMPAHALLA)
IN FIVE POUND PACKAGES.
A NEW SETS OF CARRIAGES, ROCKAWAY AND LIGHT WAGON HARNESS.
For sale in lots to suit purchasers at No. ... Camp street. C. C. BENNET.
Treasury Notes, Gold and Silver, bought and sold.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE firm of ... & CASTAGLO is dissolved from this date. ...
New Orleans, September ... 1862.

COAL OIL, LAMPS AND CHIMNEYS, TINWARE.

[illegible]

RATES OF ADVERTISING

ONE DOLLAR for every TEN lines in space ... first insertion, and half that price for each subsequent ...

... first page ONE DOLLAR ... ONE DOLLAR for every TEN lines for each insertion ...

... privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertising strictly within the line of their business ...

... Subscriptions taken for less than one year. No subscription ... discontinued until all arrearages are paid, ... of the publishers.

For New York.

... THURSDAY, Sept. 25th, at 7 ... THE splendid United States Mail steamship MARION, Captain ..., will be dispatched as above.
For passage, apply to WM. J. REID, 25 Magazine st.

For the Coast.

THE steamer TIDE AND TIDE, Taylor master, for the Coast ... according to order ...

500 oz. Quinine.
600 ... Morphine.
350 ... Tannin.
2500 lbs. Chloroform.
200 ... Opium.
... Calomel.
100 ... Iodide Potass.
150 boxes Castile Soap.
Muriatic Acid, ..., &c.
Just received. For sale in quantities to suit by
E. & J. ABRAMS, Druggists, ... Camp and 74 Gravier sts.

OFFICE OF THE NEW ORLEANS MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.
New Orleans, September 11, 1862.

NOTICE is hereby given, that in conformity with article fifth of the charter of this Company, the annual election for twelve Directors, to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at this office, No. 111 Canal street, on MONDAY, 29th September, 1862, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.
J. W. HINCKS, Secretary.

Wool! Wool!! Wool!!!

HIGHEST CASH PRICE always paid for WOOL, by J. S. VALENTINE & CO., 51 Common street.

Notice of Copartnership.

ON the 8th instant, I have associated Mr LOUIS PHILIPPE to my Dry Goods business.
P. MACOU.

The same business will be carried on as heretofore by the undersigned under the style of P. MACOU & CO., on Poydras street, No. 171, corner Baronne.
PIERRE MACOU. LOUIS PHILIPPE.

Wanted.

A YOUNG Person desires to obtain a situation in a family residing in the city or country. She is capable of instructing children in the usual course of English, and will attend to the moral and religious as well as the literary culture of those committed to her care. She is also an excellent seamstress. Only a moderate remuneration expected. ... most satisfactory references given. Please address C. O. at the office of this paper.

E. R. WAGENER,
No. 60 Camp street, between the Offices of the Picayune and National Advocate,
Bookbinder and Stationer.

HAVING purchased the entire stock in trade of the above establishment—formerly Peter Hatwo—is prepared to manufacture Blank Books of every description. Also on hand and for sale at reduced prices Blank Books, such as Ledgers, Journals, Cash and Day Books, &c. Letter and Manilla, Straw and Printing Paper, Pens, Inks, Quills, and everything pertaining to the Stationery line.

Merchants, Teachers and Grocers will find it to their interest to call before purchasing elsewhere.

Hostetter's Bitters.

BLACK-HEARTED DECEPTION.

THE WORLD knows HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS as a sure antidote to the malaria of fever, and as the most powerful and healthful tonic ever advertised through the public press. What then, must be the thought of the fiend in human shape who ... empty bottles, once filled with that salutary agent ... for the foulest compound that was ever ... under the name of remedies, into the stomach of man! ... MURDEROUS RUM, distilled ... have been sold in the city of New Orleans, ... bottles, as HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. Citizens, shun the horrible stuff as you would shun the vomito or death. In the genuine Bitters there is an infallible preventive and recuperative principle. In the false trash, sold under its name, there ... and destruction. ... of prominent druggists, or respectable ... houses, who are known to you. It is understood that a large amount of stuff purporting to be Hostetter's ... at auction. Merchants, beware, and ... of the following agents in New Orleans:

J. WRIGHT & CO., 21 Chartres street.
E. J. HART & CO., 71 and 73 Tchoupitoulas st.
... below the French Market.
BOSTON & MACAULAY, Poydras street.
J. MORGAN HALL & CO., ... street.
... & CO., 17 Magazine street.
JOHN T. MOORE & CO., ... Poydras st.
JOSEPH MAILLOT, 12 Crossman street.
SCOVIL & MEAD, 111 Chartres street.
JAMES SYME, 124 Canal street.
THOMPSON & BARNES, 23 and 25 Common street.

Institution for Young Gentlemen

AN INSTITUTION will be opened on the FIRST MONDAY of September, at the corner of Rampart and Bienville streets, for the instruction of boys in all the branches of a liberal and practical education.

The several departments will be conducted by the following experienced Professors, viz:
CH. LAVENDER, late Director of College on St. Charles.
GEO. ROBINSON, late Professor of Jefferson College, St. James.
E. DES BORDES, late Principal of the Boys' High School, Second District.

For terms and conditions apply daily at the Institution, between the hours of 10 and 12.

REFERENCES:
Dr. D. C. Holliday, C. W. Cammack, Citizens' Bank.
[illegible]

NOTICE is hereby given to all to whom it may concern that Mr. ... has surrendered his property to the undersigned for the benefit of his creditors ... are hereby notified to present their claims ... within ninety days from this date.
S. M. STAFFORD, Syndic.

Notice.

WE have this day established at No. 77 Tchoupitoulas street, a Commission House for the sale of Provisions, such as Flour, Hams, Pork, &c.
OSCAR SEAGIRA & CO.
New Orleans, 29th August, 1862.

Notice.

STORAGE can be had in the Fire-Proof Warehouses, Nos. 67, 69 and 71 Tchoupitoulas street. Apply to E. J. HART & CO.

Coffee-House for Sale.

FOR SALE, at private sale, the Coffee-House known as the "Pelican ..." on the Metairie Road, opposite the City Park, together with all the improvements thereon. For terms, apply on the premises.

NOTICE.

THE partnership heretofore existing under the firm of PAUL JUGE & FABRY has been dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. Paul Juge, Fils will attend to the liquidation.
PAUL JUGE & FABRY.
New Orleans, September 1, 1862.

YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE,
180 Carondelet street,
MISS M. S. HULL, Principal.
DAY AND BOARDING SCHOOL.

THE 14th Session of the above named Institute, will commence on the 1st of September, 1862, when a course of study, embracing all the various branches ... to the Elementary and Higher Departments of ... English and French education, will be ... under the direction of able and competent teachers.

P. GONTHIER,
SUCCESSOR TO JOHN & ED. DUCOURNEAU,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
St. Charles street, corner Common street.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.

WE manufacture the most beautiful and durable that are made, ... PHOTOGRAPHS of EMINENT AMERICANS, ... Our assortment of this is ... than of any other house.
Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp.
E. ANTHONY, 501 Broadway, New York, Manufacturer of Photographic Materials.

For Sale.

100 BARRELS LION BREWERY EXTRA QUALITY
Lager Beer,
For sale by WILLIAM J. REID, 25 Magazine street.

Sausages.

LANDING ex steamship ...—7 boxes SAUSAGES, a superior article, for sale by J. & J. TARDOS, 43 Old Levee street.

To Draymen.

THE Drayman, or Cartman, employed in removing yesterday evening, between 4 and 6 o'clock, the ... from the store No. 37 Front Levee street, is earnestly requested to call at my office.
If the drayman or cartman is an honest man, he will promptly comply with my demand.
EDMOND MEUNIER, Attorney at Law, No. 37 Faubourg Alley.

F. A. MADER,
Professor of Modern Languages and Mathematics,

HAVING made private tuition his specialty, offers his services to the heads of families and of private schools.
For terms apply at No. 231 Magazine street, (...) between Gravier and Common ...

REFERENCES:
Messrs. E. P. Dubbeare, T. F. Minton, E. J. Guerin, ... E. Hodel, F. E. Mader, J. W. Mader, O. De Armas, J. A. Wishen, Dr. Castoria.

To Rent.

A STORE on Canal street, No. 141.
A Store and Residence, corner Dumaine and Royal streets, now occupied by Blancand & Gautier, possession given on the 1st of October.
A Store and Residence, corner St. Philip and Dauphine streets.
A Store on St. Philip street, near Dauphine, with two rooms up stairs.
Two Houses or Offices under the Conti Hotel.
Two Houses, four rooms each, on Dumaine street. Nos. ... and ...
A Residence near Esplanade street, corner Tremé and Barracks streets, with six fine rooms, and a kitchen having four rooms.
A Residence, having four rooms and double kitchen, on Frenchmen street, between Goodchildren and Moreau streets.
Apply to G. TISLIER, Chartres st., No. 88.

GLOBE MILLS.

THESE MILLS have been removed to No. 405 OLD LEVEE STREET, between St. Philip and Dumaine streets, Opposite French Vegetable Market, And are ready to fill orders ...

Havana Cigars.

A SPLENDID assortment of 57,000 Cigars, just received.
Also, a lot of Smoking Tobacco, for sale by
J. FRANZ & ..., corner of ... Charles street and Commercial Place.