The New Orleans Bee.

NO. 109 CHARTRES STREET. NEW ORLEANS, MONDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 5, 1855. {Vol. XVI.—NEW SERIES. {Vol. XXIII.—Whole No. 7267

THE DAILY BEE.

[illegible] the "Bee" is removed to [illegible] Carondelet street, between Conti and St. [illegible]

[illegible] Morning, November 5, 1855.

The Northern Mail failed yesterday [illegible] Monday.

AMERICANS!

[illegible] has arrived for you to de[illegible] question, whether you will [illegible] glory of your nativity, and [illegible] improved by your indus[illegible] aided by your valor and ener[illegible] power you will surrender your [illegible] who, under the lead [illegible] demagogues and [illegible] seeking to acquire its [illegible] through the ballot[illegible] you to a state of po[illegible] question is a grave [illegible] to solve at this day, [illegible] pointed out by the [illegible] of your country. [illegible] not hesitate in the [illegible] it the duty which [illegible] upon you by your fore[illegible] is a part of your birth[illegible] Let this be peaceably, quietly, [illegible] circumstances, or the violation [illegible] sacred rights of freemen [illegible] of monopolists. No vio[illegible] is established is necessa[illegible] exercise your electoral [illegible] can be attained [illegible] associations. Besides, [illegible] openly condemned [illegible] should be totally [illegible] means you employ to [illegible] Those who have a [illegible] to vote, should be al[illegible] and let or hinderance; [illegible] should be promptly [illegible] be permitted to [illegible] By pursuing the [illegible] the peace [illegible] be avoided; [illegible] tend to the [illegible] of our city, and [illegible] ANS Your right to the go[illegible] enjoyed from the [illegible] your birth and the in[illegible] inherited from [illegible] and whose [illegible] system of [illegible] framed a [illegible] the benefit [illegible] Americans [illegible] to the [illegible] and tra[illegible] born upon our [illegible] philosophers; [illegible] ideologists, [illegible] construct a political [illegible] and all pos[illegible] named universal [illegible] all nations [illegible] experience [illegible] upon [illegible] its own [illegible] Both [illegible] were practical [illegible] their duty [illegible] in public [illegible] of a Constitution [illegible] and laws in [illegible] and desires of [illegible] America [illegible] and placed [illegible] dignity the Re[illegible] always distinct from [illegible] allows coming [illegible] support, to hand [illegible] political [illegible] of depraved per[illegible] or shores [illegible] communities, to [illegible] and to [illegible] Could they [illegible] the day which [illegible] native dema[illegible] power and [illegible] foreigners into [illegible] and permanently [illegible] avowed [illegible] the duties of the [illegible] and of [illegible] Over our own soil, [illegible] naturalized [illegible] the demo[illegible] Americans [illegible]

A majority [illegible] decide, unanimously [illegible] political or civil [illegible] governed by the [illegible] and totally [illegible] institutions of a [illegible] with them. [illegible] incon[illegible] or transplanted [illegible] to the soil of [illegible] are apt to run out [illegible] degrade and out[illegible] easily excite [illegible] passions against [illegible] factions other hunters [illegible] in moulding them to their [illegible] men that have arrayed [illegible] and the problem [illegible] and they be permitted [illegible] your own soil, or will [illegible]

ANS' Vote and vindicate [illegible] immediate right to role [illegible] and see that no fraudu[illegible] unnatural vote enters the [illegible] and demonstrate to [illegible] are worthy of the [illegible] bequeathed to you [illegible] ancestors—VOTE, and [illegible] that you will not be [illegible] influence, no matter [illegible] it may assume.

Challengers.

[illegible] challenger at the polls is [illegible] and he should [illegible] act fearlessly, but [illegible] We trust that the chal[illegible] will bear this in mind, [illegible] needless and vexatious [illegible] cases of well known [illegible] whose rights are unques[illegible] We cannot but think that such men as [illegible] Russell Pheaux, [illegible] Theodore Pierce [illegible] have said many others [illegible] could do safely, even if they [illegible] without the smallest show [illegible] Every one knows them to [illegible] and they should not be de[illegible] peaceful exercise of their [illegible]

[illegible] let our friends chal[illegible] the motley host of [illegible] who appear to-day, and [illegible] Thousands of such [illegible] at the polls, and [illegible] can, whether qualified or [illegible] insist upon their [illegible] if they are not admitted [illegible] privilege, until they prove [illegible] competent electors. The chal[illegible] in fact are alike bound to contest [illegible] of all vote, and to offer no impe[illegible] to every legal one. A discrimi[illegible] and judicious exercise of this power, [illegible] vested in every citizen, will con[illegible] materially towards the preservation [illegible] of the ballot-box.

Remember

[illegible] there are two ballot boxes in each [illegible] One is for the State, Congres[illegible] and parochial ticket, with exception of Justices of Peace and [illegible] whose names must be placed on a separate ticket, and voted in the other box. Remember this, as by neglect many votes may be placed in the wrong box.

Keep Cool!

Again we adjure our friends to keep cool, to avoid all stimulating beverages, to maintain an entire command over their tempers, to pay no attention to brawlers and bullies—in a word, *to act entirely on the defensive.* We anticipate no difficulty or disorder, but should any unfortunately occur, let the American party have the proud satisfaction of saying that they were not the aggressors. Self-defense is an inherent and conceded right, but beyond this let none of us go. KEEP THE PEACE. The more tranquil the election, the greater our chance for victory. Show our adversaries to-day that we can perform our duty, despite of menaces and clamors, and that we *will* assert our rights, without transgressing law, order or propriety.

Look at this!

We present below a list copied from the records, of all the naturalizations made in the several District Courts of New Orleans since the 4th of July last. It must be contessed that the manufactory has been worked at headlong speed. Think of it, Americans! ELEVEN HUNDRED AND FIFTY-FOUR foreigners converted into citizens during the four months, when our city is almost deserted, and while an epidemic was raging. Does any man believe that there were 1154 unnaturalized foreigners in our midst at that season of the year? Here is the list of "better citizens," whose votes to-day are to neutralize those of the sons of the soil:

List of Naturalizations since the 4th July, 1855.

First District Court	: : : : :	354
Second "	" : : : :	46
Third "	" : : : :	149
Fourth "	" : : : :	551
Fifth "	" : : : :	44
Sixth "	" : : : :	10
Total	: : : : :	1154

Vote Early!

We cannot too strongly impress upon our friends the urgent and absolute necessity of VOTING EARLY. The polls are rarely crowded at the opening, and the facilities for voting are much greater than in the middle of the day. Besides, by voting early, the Americans will be enabled to act as vigilance committees, to drum up the laggards, confirm the wavering, and induce the careless and inattentive to do their duty. The best opportunity for voting quietly and without discomfort is between nine and ten o'clock. Therefore we repeat:

VOTE EARLY.

Arrival of the Cahawba.

The U. S. Mail steamship *Cahawba*, R. W. Shufeldt, commander, from New York 25th ult., and Havana the 31st, arrived here on Saturday last.

From Havana we learn that the American brig Trabuco, Capt. J. Cummings, bound from Nuevitas to New York, got ashore on the 26 of October, on the "*Cay Confites.*" Captain C. proceeded to Nuevitas to procure assistance, leaving the brig in charge of the mate and three seamen. During his absence, on the 11th, a British wrecker, from Nassau, came alongside, and after having an altercation with the mate, boarded the vessel, took out her provisions, part of her cargo (cigars) and all the movable effects, and then left her. Captain C. returning to his vessel with launches and men, found her plundered and deserted. He then went back to Nuevitas. On the 31st the vessel and cargo, as it was said at public sale, by order of the acting U. S. Commercial Agent, and purchased by a Mr. Ruiz. This person taking an order from the Governor of Nuevitas and a certificate from the Consul to ensure possession and show ownership, went out to the wreck on the 22d to discharge cargo, &c., on the 26th he was interrupted and driven off by a fleet of seven schooners and two sloops, and a force of seventy men, which arrived from Nassau, and who took forcible possession of vessel and cargo—making a clear case of piracy in both cases. The Spanish government has sent out instructions at war to capture them if possible.

The health of Havana is good; business reported "inactive."

The *Cahawba* has had a very pleasant passage and brings a number of our citizens and families who have been absent during the warm season. She landed sixty passengers at Havana and brought 147 to the place.

The *Cahawba* has on freight $360,000 in gold, and a large cargo of assorted merchandise.

New Music.—We are indebted to Ph. P. Werlein, Nos. 5 and 7 Camp street, for the following new music:

Turn in, old Time, thine Hour-Glass—A charming, lively ballad, with spirit and feeling, from Wallace's best opera, Maritana.

With Rapture Glowing.—This is the brilliant rondo finale of the same opera, which we trust to hear sung by Miss Pyne during the ensuing season.

How Sleep the Brave—A trio for female voices, composed by J. A. Fowler. This is rather a tame performance, but may be rendered effective, if well executed.

The Confederates—Waltzes for the piano forte, by Theo. Von La Hache. Like all this gentleman's compositions, these waltzes are decidedly pretty, besides being musically correct, and well arranged.

Classic Melodies from the finest operas of the great masters, arranged by L. Drouet. Of the series we have a melody from the Daughter of the Regiment, a serenade from Weber, an air from Lucia, and a morceau by Mr. Drouet himself—all exhibiting merit, and some brilliancy and power.

Soldier's Joy.—This is an old tune, which Globe has arranged with brilliant variations. It is a capital study for performers.

The Spirit of the Ages—a Polka for the piano, by Von La Hache. Lively and spirited.

RECEIPTS PER N. O., O. & G. W. RAILROAD 45 bales moss, 3 do. cotton, 1 bbl. sugar, E. J. Wright & Co.; 2 bbls. oysters, Comstock, Squires & Wes; 17 bales moss, Troclair & Haydel; 3 casks skimmings, Jean Lewant; 7 horses, S. Smith; 5 bbls molasses, Lobit & Charpentier; 1 case eggs, Gerard; 1 pirogue, C. Zeringue; 294 ducks, F. Letorez; 1 box merchandise, J. Wright & Co.; 1 bbl potatoes, J. W. Saunders. Sundries to order.

☞ The Washington *Union*, of the 27th ult., publishes a letter from JOHN VAN BUREN, in reply to its strictures on his speech at Oswego. In this letter JOHN predicts that the New York Softshell ticket will be elected by fifty thousand plurality, and asks the *Union* whether it desires to see the Democratic party defeated. The *Union* replies, in view of Mr. VAN BUREN's declaration, that all the candidates on that ticket, except two, were openly and warmly the advocates of MARTIN VAN BUREN in 1848, and that it is, therefore, a matter of indifference, so far as the interests of the Democratic party is concerned, whether the ticket succeeds or not.

☞ Sandford's cotton factory, at Crawfordville, in Massachusetts, has been destroyed by fire. Loss, $70,000. Several others were burnt and injured.

DISPATCH.—The American ship Geo. F. Patten, Capt. Mitchell, from New Orleans, in entering the port of Marseilles on the 5th October ran against the pier near Fort St. Jean, and sunk. She was laying full of water, opposite the Carenage Basin, and men were engaged in taking out the cargo.

AN EXTRAORDINARY INCIDENT IN THE LIFE OF A MARRIED WOMAN.—The New York Tribune relates the following of a young and blooming married woman of that city who entered into the bonds of matrimony about a year ago:

Last Friday she was suddenly taken sick, and her mother being with her, sent for the doctor, believing that she had a touch of the cholera. Not finding Dr. J. B. Wood, she called in a strange doctor, who, upon entering the room, said to her: "Madam, is your daughter married?" The mother answered: "Certainly. Why do you see her by lying there, just eleven weeks old to-day?" Eleven weeks old," replied he, "why, woman, she is going to be present her husband with another child." And so it turned out; instead of the cholera, there appeared a bouncing fat girl, who is thriving and doing well.

☞ In the Court of Claims on the 27th ult., it was decided that the performance of extra small services by their Government contractor, rendered necessary by the incense of mail matter, constituted an implied contract with the Government which was valid.

In the case of Mr. G. Emery, who claimed, under an agreement with the former Superintendent of the Capitol extension, it was decided that the petition must state the name of the Superintendent, as well as his authority to act in the matter.

The successful in the Florida cassowary in the Spanish treaty of 1819, was commenced, and will probably occupy several days. There cause now commenced, and involve millions of dollars.

The *Sunbeam* of the Coast is rapidly increasing. The "General Armstrong" came the possession till next week.

God Bless America!

A NATIONAL ANTHEM—By R. M. BIRD.

God bless the land that gave us birth!
No prayer but this know we—
God bless the land of all the earth,
The happy and the free.
And where's the land like ours, can brave
The splendor of the day,
And find no son of her's a slave?
God bless America!
God bless the land,
The land beloved forever and for aye!
God bless the land that gave us birth!
God bless America.

For liberty our grandsires trod
The wide and stormy sea;
They bought the treasure with their blood,
Their children all are free—
And free amid earth's servile hordes,
To point the patriot's way,
With plough-shares turn'd in war to swords,
God bless America!
God bless the land, &c.

The deserts heard!—the pilgrims came,
They fled oppression's chain;
The deserts bloomed, and the flame
Of freedom rose again;
And here, when birth of fire are born,
That flame shall ne'er decay.
While babes, laugh kings and crowns to scorn,
God bless America!
God bless the land, &c.

And from our land, in hour of need,
Avert thy darkening frown;
Bind up all patriot hearts that bleed,
And strike the traitor down.
And shall the serpent foe prevail?
Shall foe or fiend betray?
Up with the star flag to the gale!
God bless America!
God bless the land, &c.

The banner of our Union loved,
Shall wave for ages on;
While time shall find no stripe removed,
No bright star quenched and gone,
And angly States, convulsed shall die,
From earth be swept away;
While millions all shall hail the cry,
God bless America!
God bless the land, &c.

By Telegraph!

Transmitted to the New Orleans Bee.

One Week Later from Europe.

ARRIVAL OF THE BALTIC.

[By the Southern Line.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—The Collins steamship Baltic, Captain Comstock, has arrived at this port with Liverpool dates of the 20th October. Her advices are consequently one week later from all parts of Europe.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

The sales of Cotton in the Liverpool market for the week ending Friday, 19th ult., were 54,000 bales—showing a much more active market than was reported by the Africa. Prices had further given way, to the extent of 1-16 to ⅛ of a penny per pound, in all descriptions, except Fair Orleans. The closing quotations, as compared with those by the Africa, are as follows:

Quotations per Baltic: Fair Orleans 6¾ pence per pound; Middling Orleans 5 9-16d. per lb.; Fair Uplands 5¾d. per pound; and Middling Uplands 5¼d. per pound.

Quotations per Africa: Fair Orleans 6¾d.; Middling Orleans 5¾d.; Fair Uplands 5¾d.; and Middling Uplands 5¼d. per pound. Of the sales for the week 5000 bales were to speculators, and 6000 bales for export.

Incidents in the Life of Jacob Barker, of La.

D. Appleton & Co., publishers, N. Y.

Some incidents in the life of Jacob Barker, with his views on financial and other matters, are in the course of publication; the book will be for sale by D. Appleton & Co., New York, in a few days. His description of the invasion of Washington will be read with particular interest, and his views on sectarianism should be read by native as well as adopted citizens. As particularly appropriate at this time, we extract his concluding chapter on the European war.

THE EUROPEAN WAR.—Humanity demands an immediate peace; and the commercial and manufacturing and commercial interests of the world is not questioned. The war was commenced by France to cement and perpetuate the Napoleon dynasty, and by England to protect her East India possessions.

The idea that it was embarked in from sympathy for Turkey is preposterous. Christians who felt so much sympathy for the oppressed Greeks would not war in support of infidelity from any motive whatever.

The object of France has been attained, while the effect of the war has been to transfer the balance of power from Russia to France. The humiliation of Russia to the very lowest point could not restore to England the prestige she has lost in this war.

Money and men are the great elements of war. The scrupulous fidelity Britain has preserved in all her stock operations has enabled her paper mills to supply the one; of the other she is destitute. Her people will not enlist in her armies for foreign service—they prefer to die at home; and the recruits her money procures from the mercenary petty States she has subsidized cannot restore the glory she has lost.

The use of steam navigation has deprived her of the superiority she enjoyed on the ocean for more than a century; she has to submit, as mortifying as it is, to being considered a second-rate power; hence, the sooner she talks back on her manufacturing and commercial means the better for her; therefore, a general peace may be expected without another year's campaign. These interests will not be promoted by doing Russia further mischief.

As to France, she has already won glory enough in the present war to lead her through the reign of her present Emperor; therefore, she cannot continue it single-handed without endangering all she has won. She, like her neighbors, lacks money and breadstuffs.

The true policy of the United States is to cultivate our commercial relations with all the nations of the earth; to keep out of debt; to keep down taxation; not to waste our means in useless fortifications or naval equipments; have her youths instructed in the art of war, relying on the people to fill the ranks of the army in case such a calamity should befall it, and on unarmed vessels to destroy the enemy's commerce, with which the ocean could be covered in sixty days. Neither prizes nor prisoners should be sent home. Such a system of action would do the enemy more harm than fifty line of battle ships of the largest class could do. Type, aided by an enlightened and energetic population laws, would soon restore peaceful relations.

This intelligence from France indicates that she contemplates abandoning the unstable currency. This apprehension has alarmed the Bank of England; the drain of specie leads to the belief that France means to suspend specie payments for hard cash.

To arrest so direful a catastrophe, there appear to be many projects under consideration; they are all palliatives—peace is the only remedy. The project of doubling the capital of the Bank of France may have the effect of putting off the evil day for a short time, as it will enable the bank to extend greater facilities to the government; yet pay day will come, and if the war continues she will have to resort to the paper system and tender laws. Whether the present Emperor is equal to this task is problematical.

The banks of the United States have timely notice, and it behooves them to curtail their facilities; they should remember that no one can draw their specie who has not a claim therefor, and that the banks are as much bound to pay their debts as the merchant and farmer; therefore have no right to complain when specie is called for.

A DELICATE HINT.—The Administration organs in various cities have been dwelling with so much unction upon the result of the late election in Pennsylvania as an endorsement of the Pierce policy, that we cannot refrain from commending to their notice the following editorial paragraph, which appears in the Easton Argus, a staunch Democratic paper, which supported Pierce and the whole ticket all through the late canvass:

We notice that an effort is made in certain quarters to construe the late Democratic triumph in Pennsylvania into an endorsement of the present national Administration. It must require a peculiar pair of spectacles to see any such meaning in the result, and we pronounce it pure, unadulterated nonsense. In this section of the State, where the largest majorities were given for the Democratic candidates, no one thought of Mr. Pierce or his administration, and no one cared the snap of a finger about either. The victory might with as much reason be claimed as an endorsement of the cause of Louis Napoleon.

☞ James L. Breese was arrested at Philadelphia, on the 28th, at his rooms on Chrystie street, with about $10,000 worth of counterfeit bank bills. A quantity of plates were also discovered. Amongst the bills were tens and fives of the Bank of Jacksonville, Florida; twos of the Northern Indiana Railroad Company; threes of the Exchange Bank of Alexandria, and others. Every appliance for counterfeiting was also discovered on the premises.

THE ROTHSCHILDS.—An article is going the rounds of the press stating that the whole concern of the Rothschilds is worth $700,000,000 in money capital, besides $300,000,000 more in real estate, mines, &c. So far from this being the fact, we understand that the general estimate in Europe as to the aggregate wealth of the whole concern is $60,000,000, more or less, about $40,000,000. The idea is purely absurd that their wealth should amount to such an enormous sum as $700,000,000, equal at six per cent. to an annual income of *sixty millions of dollars*—a sum which, in comparatively a few years, accumulating in a compound ratio, and doubling it every twelve years, would concentrate in their hands a large portion of the wealth and property of all Europe.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 29.—Judge Kane made an order to-day in the Williamson case, refusing the issue asked for by his counsel to present a petition from him, because he is still in contempt, and by punishment he must purge himself. But to the end that he may purge himself, the Court also ordered that whenever said William son shall declare under oath or affirmation, that he is willing to answer such interrogatories as may be addressed by the Court touching matters hereinbefore inquired into by habeas corpus, that the marshal shall bring him before the Judge in court or chambers to abide the further action of the Court.

Grateful Grateful Grateful!

At 25 Cedar Street.

2000 Parlor and Chamber Prints of the latest patterns, just received from the North and West for sale at prices defying competition—my front 25 to 50 cents.

Hanging of same undertaken in any part of the city, and done at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

E. MAUTNER & CO.,
(successors to Beaumont & Co.)
oct16 5 Condostreet.

City Intelligence.

AMERICAN MASS MEETING.—The last great gathering of the different party in this city for the present canvass, occurred on Saturday evening, in Canal street, near the corner of Bourbon. The meeting was a very large and enthusiastic one. The first speaker was the Hon. Charles Derbigny, American candidate for Governor, who addressed the meeting in both the English and French languages. He made a brief and sensible address, which was received with loud applause. The Hon. Percy Walker, Member of Congress, of Mobile, succeeded Mr. Derbigny, and made a splendid appeal in defense of American principles. George Eustis, Jr., Esq., the gallant American candidate for Congress in the First District, then made one of his usually forcible and telling speeches; after which Chas. D. Fenny and J. W. Price, Esqrs., harangued the meeting for half an hour in an effective strain.

Randell Hunt closed the speaking in a masterly argument, summing up the issues involved in the canvass, and making a thrilling appeal to the Americans to support their ticket to their utmost on Monday at the polls.

THE WASHINGTON MONUMENT.—None of our citizens will, we hope, to day forget to comply with the patriotic suggestion of our worthy Mayor, by placing a dollar, or more or less according to his degree to the fund for the completion of the monument to the great Washington. At each of the places of voting, a box will be placed for the reception of money, and no man who deems himself, or aspires to be considered a true American, shall leave the polls until, by depositing his mite, he has constituted himself a stockholder in this great and glorious enterprise. We understand that many of the coffee-house keepers who intend to close their doors during the day, will place in a conspicuous spot a box for contributions. We hope the noble plan will be generally adopted.

MURDER.—A sanguinary affray, which resulted in the death of a longshoreman named Michael Anderson, and in the stabbing of another named Jerry Downey, took place in the Pittsburg coffee-house, at the corner of North Market and Levee streets, on Saturday evening about 8½ o'clock. The following are the particulars of the bloody occurrence:

An Englishman named Charles Clarke, and two Americans named George Thomas and Henry Jones, went to the coffee-house above mentioned, about 8 o'clock in the evening, to get a drink. As they entered the out-room they shouted "Hurrah for Know-Nothingism!" Several Irishmen, among whom were Downey and Anderson, then set up a shout for Meagher, Smith O'Brien, and Robert Emmett!" The excited words then passed between both parties, but no blows were exchanged. Soon Smith Thomas and his friends left. In about half an hour they came back again absolutely "looking for fun" for Anderson then came up from the table and said, "Who was the d—d son of a b—h that hurrahed for Know-Nothingism?" Thomas replied that he was one of those who had done so, and that he should do so as often as he pleased. Oaths and rough epithets were then passed on both sides, and at last Anderson struck Thomas in the face with his fist. A general melee was the consequence, and Thomas instantly pulled out from a side pocket a small dagger, which he plunged into the right side of his antagonist. The blade penetrated to the heart of the wounded man, and he fell dead on the floor. He was carried to the Charity Hospital and it is confidently expected will recover. Thomas and his friends were arrested and are now in prison. Thomas claims that the stabbing was done purely in self-defense.

The Coroner's inquest was held on the body of the deceased, and the following verdict was rendered:—Came to their death from a wound in the right side of the breast, penetrating the right lobe of the lung and the upper part of the heart, the said wound having been inflicted by a dagger in the hands of one John Clarke, a native of Dublin, Ireland, and was 37 years of age.

THE POLICE.—His Honor Mayor Lewis, has issued an order to the Chief of Police directing him to have the entire police force of the city on duty to-day, and on hearing every steam fire engine in the First District, for having robbed Henry Hill of his pocket-book containing $20 in money, whether we sleep or wake, and on hearing the fire bells ring throughout the city, the officer and especially charged with the conduct of the election, will report to their several stations, and remain required by him or any of his lawful deputies, and generally that they give their whole and firm aid and assistance to the maintenance of the peace, and put a stop, on all occasions, to any attempt at disturbance or riot. It is also ordered that the police force be on duty from 5 o'clock A. M. until 12 o'clock on the night prior to the election, and further that they report to the Chief of Police all persons or proprietors of coffee-houses who do not comply with his recommendation and that of the Council to close their houses on election day. Any violation of police will be dealt with by the strictest.

AMATEUR POLICEMAN.—Thomas F. Scott was found on Saturday evening sitting in the house of Mr. Thomas Hall, on Girod street, assaulting the contents of an armoir, and represented himself when discovered by the lady of the house, Mrs. Hall, as having at the time under a strong delusion that on account to get a defensive falsehood, the which will be borne out by the facts.

SLAVES.—Wesley, slave of Mr. Barrett, was arrested on Saturday evening in the house of Mr. Anderson, on Girod street, on a charge of carrying away on a dray a gig and lamps. Several articles of value were also arrested in the Fourth District, charged with stealing a piece of cloth worth $50 from Mr. Hall.

DANCE.—Saturday and Sunday nights, New Orleans exhibited a perfect holiday of drunkenness. We do not remember the time when we have seen so many drunken men in the streets before. This extraordinary exhibition is wrongfully to be produced by the extra excitement attending the night of election.

FUND DROPPED.—The body of an unknown white man, evidently about 40 years of age, was found in the river, opposite the Cotton Press, on the 1st of October, by Lewis Gallagher. The name of the man could not be ascertained. An inquest was held by a coroner's jury, and a verdict rendered in accordance with the above facts. The deceased was about 5 feet 8 inches high, had dark hair, grey eyes, and dark whiskers, and was dressed in a dark cloth coat and pants, and a fancy vest. He appeared from his color and common brogue, on the latter item was the name of the vessel, H. H.

FOUND DEAD.—A man named Mace Ely was found lying down on St. Peter street, on Saturday night, by the patrol, and was taken to the station house. He was found dead in his cell on Sunday morning. He says he arrived at this port on the 1st inst. in the ship Windermere, Captain Watson, from Liverpool.

ALLEGED ARSON.—Ellen or Ka Kelly was arrested on Saturday at the request of Mr. Fetzgerald, on the charge of setting fire to the house of the latter on the corner of Common and Rampart streets. She was locked up to await examination.

RAISED A POLICEMAN.—John Johnson is under the detention of a longshoreman named Michael Anderson, and in the stabbing of another named Jerry Downey, took place in the Pittsburg coffee house, at the corner of North Market and Levee streets, on Saturday evening about 8½ o'clock. The following are the particulars of the bloody occurrence:

An Englishman named Charles Clarke, and two Americans named George Thomas and Henry Jones, went to the coffee-house above mentioned, about 8 o'clock in the evening, to get a drink. As they entered the out-h labunest they shouted "Hurrah for Know-Nothingism!" Several Irishmen, among whom were Downey and Anderson, then set up a shout for Meagher, Smith O'Brien, and Robert Emmett!" The excited words then passed between both parties, but no blows were exchanged. Soon Smith Thomas and his friends left. In about half an hour they came back again absolutely "looking for fun" for Anderson then came up from the table and said, "Who was the d—d son of a b—h that hurrahed for Know-Nothingism?" Thomas replied that he was one of those who had done so, and that he should do so as often as he pleased. Oaths and rough epithets were then passed on both sides, and at last Anderson struck Thomas in the face with his fist. A general melee was the consequence, and Thomas instantly pulled out from a side pocket a small dagger, which he plunged into the right side of his antagonist. The blade penetrated to the heart of the wounded man, and he fell dead on the floor. He was carried to the Charity Hospital and it is confidently expected will recover. Thomas and his friends were arrested and are now in prison. Thomas claims that the stabbing was done purely in self-defense.

The Coroner's inquest was held on the body of the deceased, and the following verdict was rendered:—Came to their death from a wound in the right side of the breast, penetrating the right lobe of the lung and the upper part of the heart, the said wound having been inflicted by a dagger in the hands of one John Clarke, a native of Dublin, Ireland, and was 37 years of age.

THE POLICE.—His Honor Mayor Lewis, has issued an order to the Chief of Police directing him to have the entire police force of the city on duty to-day, and on hearing every steam fire engine in the First District, for having robbed Henry Hill of his pocket-book containing $20 in money, whether we sleep or wake, and on hearing the fire bells ring throughout the city, the officer and especially charged with the conduct of the election, will report to their several stations, and remain required by him or any of his lawful deputies, and generally that they give their whole and firm aid and assistance to the maintenance of the peace, and put a stop, on all occasions, to any attempt at disturbance or riot. It is also ordered that the police force be on duty from 5 o'clock A. M. until 12 o'clock on the night prior to the election, and further that they report to the Chief of Police all persons or proprietors of coffee-houses who do not comply with his recommendation and that of the Council to close their houses on election day. Any violation of police will be dealt with by the strictest.

AMATEUR POLICEMAN.—Thomas F. Scott was found on Saturday evening sitting in the house of Mr. Thomas Hall, on Girod street, assaulting the contents of an armoir, and represented himself when discovered by the lady of the house, Mrs. Hall, as having at the time under a strong delusion that on account to get a defensive falsehood, the which will be borne out by the facts.

SLAVES.—Wesley, slave of Mr. Barrett, was arrested on Saturday evening in the house of Mr. Anderson, on Girod street, on a charge of carrying away on a dray a gig and lamps. Several articles of value were also arrested in the Fourth District, charged with stealing a piece of cloth worth $50 from Mr. Hall.

DANCE.—Saturday and Sunday nights, New Orleans exhibited a perfect holiday of drunkenness. We do not remember the time when we have seen so many drunken men in the streets before. This extraordinary exhibition is wrongfully to be produced by the extra excitement attending the night of election.

FUND DROPPED.—The body of an unknown white man, evidently about 40 years of age, was found in the river, opposite the Cotton Press, on the 1st of October, by Lewis Gallagher. The name of the man could not be ascertained. An inquest was held by a coroner's jury, and a verdict rendered in accordance with the above facts. The deceased was about 5 feet 8 inches high, had dark hair, grey eyes, and dark whiskers, and was dressed in a dark cloth coat and pants, and a fancy vest. He appeared from his color and common brogue, on the latter item was the name of the vessel, H. H.

FOUND DEAD.—A man named Mace Ely was found lying down on St. Peter street, on Saturday night, by the patrol, and was taken to the station house. He was found dead in his cell on Sunday morning. He says he arrived at this port on the 1st inst. in the ship Windermere, Captain Watson, from Liverpool.

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COMMERCIAL.

SATURDAY EVENING, Nov. 3.

The Cotton market has been dull to-day, and only about 700 bales have found purchasers at irregular prices. Of this amount 200 bales from below after the publication of the Sheriff's accounts by the evening papers which indicates that by an erroneous quotation of Middling Orleans in the report of the Liverpool Cotton market, it appears that the quotations should have been 5 9-16d. instead of 5 11-16d. We repeat our last figures:

LIVERPOOL CLASSIFICATION—LOUISIANA AND MISSISSIPPI.

Inferior	5¼ @5¾	Fair	6— @—
Ordinary	5⅝ @5¾	Fully Fair	6⅛ @—
Middling	5¾ @5¾	Good Fair	6⅛ @—
Good Middling	5¾ @5¾	Good and Fine	6— @—
Middling Fair	5¾ @5¾		

We hear of nothing being done in Tobacco.

Sugar is dull, the sales amounting to 30 hhds at 4¾ @5¾c for inferior to common, 30 @ 40 hhds at 6 @6¾c, and 22 prime Centrifugal at 7 @7½c ₱ lb.

Of Molasses, 100 bbls were sold at 30c, and 30 half bbls at 30½c.

Flour has been in some demand for export, with sales of 3500 bbls, of which 3?9 Ohio and Illinois at 8? @8?c, and those at St. Louis at 8? @8?c, and 600 superfine and family at 8? @8?c ₱ bbl.

Of Wheat 9000 sacks have been taken to-day in lots at 91 @? cents.

Sales of 3000 sacks Corn, of 200 prime at 62½c, 500 good sold at 70c, and 2000 on private terms.

Of Oats the sales ordinary were sold at 42½c, and prime to fancy at 45 @46c ₱ bushel.

Sales of 1200 bales Hay at 90@95c.

Provisions continue dull. Of Bacon 50 casks prime shoulders sold at 9½c, and 17 at a sacrificially lower price.

Sales of 100 Hogsheads prime Lard at 11¾c, and 30 bbls at 11¾c ₱ lb.

Of Beef, 2700 bushels Marquis sold at 6¾ ₱ bushel, and 900 sacks from store at $1 15 ₱ sack.

Sales of 70 Barrels Rice at 6¾ ₱ lb.

Coffee is in good request, with sales of 2700 bags Rio at 10¾ @10¾c ₱ lb.

Of Cheese, the 700 bales sold at 12@12½c, 75 at 13½, and light at 12½c. Of second-hand 5¾ bushels at 12½, and 150 bundles at 12½@12¾c.

Sales of 300 bales Indie Sugging at 15c cash.

Sales of 100 bbls Rye Whisky at 23½c.

Of Tallow 50 bbls city rendered brought 11¾c ₱ lb.

In Freights we notice a ship taken for Mobile at 1 11-16c for cotton, and one for Boston at ⅝c. Ships on the berth for Liverpool filling up at 13-16d.

Exchange is quiet and steady