The New Orleans Bee.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE STATE. — NEW ORLEANS, THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 21, 1852.

No. 1926 Vol. 11.—NEW SERIES. Vol. XVI.—Whole No. 6963.

A. F. VEILLON, Proprietor.
No. 30 Chartres Street.

DAILY PAPER ... [illegible]
COUNTRY PAPER ... [illegible]
In all cases the subscribers must give the name of the Post Office to which they wish their paper sent, in writing, before he can be attended to.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One Dollar for every TEN lines, in each language, on the first insertion, and HALF that price for each subsequent insertion. No advertisement charged for less than fifty cents, unless it be but a single insertion.

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☞ The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly with the line of their regular business, and to contracts for not more than one square, every other day.

THE DAILY BEE.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE STATE.

Thursday Morning, Oct. 21, 1852.

FOR PRESIDENT
WINFIELD SCOTT,
Of Virginia.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT
WM. A. GRAHAM,
Of North Carolina.

Electors for President and Vice President.

First District.—JACQUES TOUTANT, of St. Bernard, (substitute, FREDERICK W. HELLIS, of Plaquemines.)

Second District.—CHRISTIAN ROSELIUS, of Orleans; (substitute, CYPRIEN DUPUIS, of Orleans.)

Third District.—DUNCAN F. KENNER, of Assumption; (substitute, FERGUS GARDERE, of Jefferson.)

Fourth District.—GEO. W. WATTERSTON, of Jefferson; (substitute, R. J. BARROW, of West Feliciana.)

Fifth District.—ALEXANDER DE CLOUET of St. Martin; (substitute, J. K. ELDER, of Rapides.)

Sixth District.—JOHN RAY, of Ouachita; (substitute, D. F ROTHER, of Caddo.

THE COMPROMISE.
WHIG PLATFORM.

The series of acts of the 31st Congress, commonly known as the COMPROMISE or adjustment, (the act for the recovery of fugitives from labor included,) are received and acquiesced in by the Whigs of the United States, as a final settlement, in principle and substance, of the subjects to which they relate, and so far as these acts are consecrated by time, will maintain them, and insist on their strict enforcement, until time and experience shall demonstrate the necessity of further legislation to guard against the evasion of the laws on one hand, and the abuse of their powers on the other—not impairing their present efficiency to carry out the requirements of the constitution, but as dangerous all further agitation of the questions thus settled, as dangerous to our peace, and will discountenance all efforts to continue or renew such agitation, whenever, wherever, or however made—and we will maintain this settlement as essential to the nationality of the Whig party, and the integrity of the Union.]

THE CONTRAST.

Gen. Scott.

Sir, I am dead, for the Constitution—dead for the Compromise—dead against any man who is opposed to them, or either of them!

Gen. Pierce.

Sir, I have asked if I liked this Fugitive Slave Law. I answered no, I loathed it. I have a revolting feeling at the giving up of a slave; the law is opposed to humanity. It is contrary to moral right.

Speech of General Pierce at Manchester (N. H.) on the 2d January, 1852.

☞ Speech of General Scott before the Mississippi Delegation.

☞ The Northern Mail came through yesterday with the latest dates.

LAST CARDS.

We take occasion to warn the Whigs of the country parishes against those vile and nauseous fabrications annually put in circulation by the Democratic leaders, at a period so near the approach of election, as to render their exposure and refutation difficult. These infamous devices, which in the demoralizing ethics of partizan politics, are deemed venial errors, are known by the name of "Last cards." Falsehood and forgery are coolly invoked for the purpose of deceiving the people, and a more astounding invention set forth with an appearance of truth and sincerity that might readily mislead the inexperienced. The present canvass has already teemed with illustrations of this iniquitous game. A New York Whig Journal speaks of one that has been quietly operating to certain portions of Pennsylvania for some weeks past and which has just been detected. It is as follows:

A very decided movement had taken place among the Irish portion of the population, who had hitherto voted the Democratic ticket, in favor of General Scott; and this had been so marked and menacing to the Democratic party, as to call for energetic measure in opposition to it. For the purpose of accomplishing this object, a circular letter had been prepared and secretly circulated among the Irish, urging them to vote as they had done hitherto for the Democratic candidates, and not to be influenced at all by the fact that the Constitution of New Hampshire excluded Catholics from office. The letter bore the signature of Archbishop Hughes and two or three Catholic priests, and purported to come from them. It had been in circulation for some time, until a copy accidentally fell into hands for which it was not intended; and this led to an inquiry into its authenticity. We hear for the present enough in all conscience, but it is virtue itself compared to the profound and irredeemable infamy of a late effort connected in Washington, to delude the South into the belief that Gen. Scott had absolutely promised his influence in favor of a repeal of the Fugitive Slave Law, in the event of his election This black and hellish calumny appears in the columns of the Washington *Union* of the 12th instant. That worthy exponent of Democratic principles puts forth a long editorial preface, full of dark insinuations against General SCOTT, to a number of letters purporting to have been written by the Hon. L. D. CAMPBELL, a Whig member of Congress from Ohio. These letters, with Freesoil sentiments of the most decided and objectionable character, and taken in connection with Mr. CAMPBELL'S enthusiastic advocacy of Gen. SCOTT, were artfully construed by the *Union* into positive evidence that he (Gen SCOTT) would, if elected, sign a bill for the repeal of the Fugitive Slave Law. Now that he was linked and leagued with the Abolitionists, and would unquestionably strive to carry into execution their treasonable designs. This was a "Last Card" of most portentous nature—intended to operate exclusively on the South. Perhaps it might have exerted some effect, familiar though the people be, with the brazenness of democratic assertion; but unfortunately for the schemers, the *Union* containing this bundle of forgeries, reached the Hon. L. D. CAMPBELL himself, who forthwith addressed to Col. SARGENT, of the New Orleans *Bulletin*, the annexed Telegraphic despatch:

To Commercial Bulletin:

THE PUBLICATION IN WASHINGTON UNION, OCT 13th, OVER MY NAME, TO PROVE SCOTT AN ABOLITIONIST, IS A BASE FORGERY, DENOUNCE AS SUCH. WE WILL CARRY OHIO.

L. D. CAMPBELL.

Now what does the honest reader think of this? We should like some upright Democrat there are thousands such in our midst—who believes in his party, and votes for its candidate upon principle, to tell us what his candid opinion is of this atrocious proceeding. If a man forges the name of another to a promissory note or due bill, the law convicts of felony, and punishes him severely; but according to the political code of morals, an editor may forge the name of a public character, and affix it to a series of imaginary epistles, and though this be done with *malice prepense*, the law cannot reach the culprit! This is a most disgraceful fact, and if public opinion cannot reach the offender, its condition must be vitiated indeed. It is barely possible that the editors of the *Union* may themselves have been imposed upon by others We willingly give them the benefit of the doubt but whether they are personally innocent or not, their sheet has been made subsidiary to the circulation of as disreputable a forgery as ever was palmed upon the community.

This timely exposure will, we trust, serve to put the Whigs upon their guard. Many similar attempts at "Last Cards" will be made before the election is over, and none of them may reach the country ere they can be foiled. Let the Whigs therefore, give no heed whatever to those wretched slanders.

☞ We learn that the *Empire City* cleared the Bar last evening at 5 o'clock, from New York, for Havana.

Mass Meeting at St. Mary's Market.

A mass gathering of the Whigs will take place this Evening, at the St. Mary's Market, First District. The Whig Clubs and the Scott Rangers, will attend, and the Whig generally are invited to attend.

Rally! RALLY!! RALLY!!!

MONTGOMERY'S POETICAL WORKS.—Our thanks are due Lindsay & Blakiston, publishers, through J. B. STEEL, No. 60 Camp street, for a superb edition of the Poetical works of James Montgomery, collected by himself. In every respect, this volume is one of the most beautiful ever issued from the American press.

THE FLOATING PALACE.—The magnificent AMPHITHEATRE of the foot of Canal street, and the circus performances will commence this evening, with Messrs. Spalding & Rogers' celebrated troupe of European and American performers. The "Floating Palace" is certainly one of the most unique attractions of the day, and we expect that the various arrangements will scarcely be large enough to accommodate the eager crowd. The cabin doors will be thrown open at half-past six o'clock.

FIRE AT PENSACOLA.—The Mobile *Advertiser* learns from one of the passengers by the mail-stage, that Mrs. Collins' Hotel, at Pensacola, caught fire early on Sunday morning, and was entirely consumed. The values of the house and furniture is estimated at $30,000, one is an entire loss, there being no insurance. Mrs Collins, who is seventy-two years of age, escaped at the last moment through her chamber window, by means of a ladder.

For Whigs Republicans.

This is the title of a new SHEET AND GRAHAM paper, published in this city, in German, by FRANZ BUTZEL. We hail the appearance of this valuable auxiliary with the greatest pleasure. The Louisiana German support of New Orleans have hitherto had matters pretty much their own way, and have sought to propagate the vilest slanders against the character and reputation of Gen'l SCOTT. "Der Wahre Republikaner" will furnish an infallible antidote to all this filthy poison, and will disseminate among our fellow citizens of German origin correct views of our principles, and the candidates who sustain them. The first number of this new German paper is very ably edited, and gives abundant promise of future value and usefulness. We trust that it will be liberally supported.

THE WEBSTER TICKET IN NORTH CAROLINA.—The Wilmington (N. C.) *Journal* states that at the Webster meeting held on Monday night week in Wilmington, it was finally resolved to dissolve the Webster organization in that city, and leave its members at full liberty to pursue such course in the pending canvass as may seem fit to them, absolving them at the same time from their engagements to support the Webster ticket.

OHIO.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13, 1852.

To the Editors of the Republic.

Sir: The following is an extract of a letter from an intimate friend, and one in whose judgment I have confidence. It will be seen that his opportunities of forming a correct conclusion have been ample. Yours, truly,

J. J. M.

"FAIRVIEW, O., Oct. 8, 1852.

"Dear Sir: I have been in fourteen counties within the last two weeks, and can tell you of a truth that the skies are bright for Scott. I have seen *eight thousand Whigs* in one assembly, and that in a county meeting. I tell you the fires of 1840 are burning brightly in this part of the country.

"We may be beaten at the first election, and I suppose we shall, for our opponents are already in possession of the State. But at this moment, General Scott is in the ascending street, preparing the details of the Budget.

It is rumored that Parliament will be summoned for business on the 1st October. (probably November.)

The West India mail steams r LaPlata arrived at Southampton, Wednesday 29th, with dates from Chagres to the 8th. The LaPlata had on freight $1,374,766, of which $339,217 were on account of the American dividends. The La Plata had on board three pipes, a present from the President of Mexico to the Prince of Wales, besides some presents to the Queen, in charge of Col. "Shafflin."

There have been two arrivals from Australia with gold, but no later advices.

The Times of October 1st has reason to believe that the statement that Lord Elgin is superseded in the Governship of Canada is unfounded, or at least premature.

Very violent gales have raged in the English and Irish channels during the week, causing much destruction of shipping. The only American vessel reported is the Emporium, from America, which put into Falmouth Southern Northumberland. Crew and passengers saved.

A report, by Lord Shaftesbury, is published, regarding Bethlehem Hospital for the insane, and discloses horrible treatment of the inmates.

Mac nicah, the India rubber patentee, advertises a new gum made of *caoutchouc*, for ships bottoms which, by lessening the resistance, increases the speed two knots an hour.

It seems that among the greatest patrons of Grafts, the Queen's sex, and her wife, Prince Albert, are Lady Byron and her daughter, Lady Lovelace.

Some wag in Philadelphia has been sending through the mail, to parties in England, unpaid letters enclosing the prospectus of the Art Union, and referring for particulars to "J. B. go to the devil." Many of the recipients have written to the Times about it.

The weather is cold and rainy.

What has Gen. Pierce Done?

A quite ludicrous incident, growing out of this pertinent interrogatory, is related by the Richmond Whig as having occurred in a discussion at Halifax Court House, in that State, between the Hon. Thos. S. Flournoy and Dr. Averett, an ex-member of Congress. We give the Whig's report as received:

"It seems that Dr. Averett provoked the discussion. He undertook to give some account of his stewardship, and, in the course of his remarks, ventured to compare Gen. SCOTT to a Shylock Yankee to the favor of the large slave holders of Halifax. Mr. Flournoy, being the only Whig Elector, felt prompted thereupon to pitch into the antediluvian and his long-winded speech. The way he did it was curious to all beholders. In the progress of his remarks, he asked Dr. A. what had Pierce ever done for the country. He had been in Congress nine years, and he had been a Brigadier General in Mexico—and Pierce? The Doctor pulled down the long curtain of benefit to the country which he (F.) originated or supported, while in Congress, or one military service he had rendered, during his campaign, he (F.) would quit spelling, and he would not again open his lips during the canvass. He paused for a reply. None came. He paused more pointedly—it became absolutely insupportable; in view of the ignominy of the relieve virtue; but no response came. Pierce had done nothing, and nothing could be said.—Mr. F., after a long and protracted silence, which spoke in thunder tones to the intelligent auditory resumed. That's the man you recommend to the people to be President of this country—one who with every opportunity for distinction and usefulness, never did anything! It was an insult to the country."

☞ The New York *Sun* says that the Cuban *Junta* have had another meeting in that city, at which a fifth member of the Executive Council was elected, and at which a beautiful "flag of free Cuba," was presented by Mr. Mills, of 115 Chatham street, waved in the presence of the patriots, and was saluted with enthusiasm by the assemblage." The *Sun* then goes on to let us know what other things were said and done:

"The President, Don Jose Elias Hernandez, made an interesting address on the position and duties of the Cubans in reference to the noble task before them of electing a worthy representative to fill the last remaining seat in the chosen council designated by the Cuban people through their domestic organizations. The remarks of Senor Hernandez were received with profound feeling, and then, after reading the proceedings of the previous evening, the delegates proceeded to the election. Don Jose Elias Hernandez was elected, after which Don Antonio Belaencourt addressed the Junta in a very forceful and effective manner on the destinies of Cuba."

The "Sun" then goes on to say that "the Junta" intend to organize and issue its Declaration of Cuban Rights, in the course of a few days, and (we quote:)

"The Junta will henceforth take its position without disguise, as the accredited executive of the will of republican Cuba, and the eminent character, distinguished ability, and well-tried patriotism of the illustrious names that compose it, will inspire as much dread to the tyrants of Cuba, when they are published there, as they indubitably will of hope and confidence to their struggling countrymen."

To the Editors of the Bee:

A MISTAKE.—In the account published yesterday in the Bee of the proceedings of the Board of Assistant Aldermen I is therein stated that the Finance Committee reported unfavorably "on the petition of Brig. Gen. D. Augustin, praying for an appropriation of $2,500 for the use of the Louisiana Legion." It should be stated in truth, that the appropriation demanded in the petition was for the use and maintenance *of all the uniformed companies* now organized and belonging to the first division; to be distributed according to the provisions of the act of 1850, No. 304. Please publish the above correction, and oblige.

Yours, respectfully, D. AUGUSTIN, Brig. General.

For her News by the Steamer America.

HALIFAX, Oct. 19th.

The following are some additional extracts from the foreign journals received by the steamship America.

The steamship America left Liverpool at 11:30.

FRANCE.—It is reported that French Ministers at foreign ports have received instruction to announce the probability of the convocation of the Senate to restore the Empire, and to repeat the assurance of Louis Napoleon in favor of peace.

Great activity prevails in the French navy yards. The government have completed contracts with Mr. Stewart, an American, for 1,000 masts Florida pines.

ENGLAND.—A dinner was given at Banbury, on Tuesday, by the Conservatives, in honor of Hon. J. W. Haley, President of the Board of Trade; Col. North, Capt. Nye and Mr. Knightley, Tory members from Oxfordshire and South Northamptonshire.

A free trade meeting is to be held at Manchester on the 9th proximo, at which Cobden, Bright and Hall, the leading men of the party, will assist.

At Liverpool, the liberals are organising against the Tory influence, which carried the last election.

The Queen and Court are still in the Highlands of Scotland, where also Lord Hardinge, the new commander-in-chief, is attending.

Earl Derby is at his seat in Lancaster. The other members of the Cabinet are scattered here and there in the country, and Disraeli, according to Punch, is shut up in Bowling street, preparing the details of the Budget.

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THE LEADEN SWORD.

The Hagerstown Gazzetteer was fond of raising to the standard of the plebiscite. He shrewdly hits an ingenious hit a leaden weapon—Gibbon, Destroe and Pitt.

A Roman Emperor 'tis said
Resolved to play the gladiator,
But gave his foe a sword of lead
That could not wound a sweet potato—
Reminding one upon my word
Somewhat of a *militia* sword—
No edge could to the blade be lent
Too light it was to make a wound,
At cost and threat the weapon bent—
In fact no blade it was at all,

Now this seems shameful in a King,
Yet here men do the self-same thing!
For after all their blow and gas,
And all the Dome, have writ and said
They've thrown away honor, Gen. Cass
To arm them with a sword of lead,
To burst its way it has not weight;
Taint hard enough to make a wedge
Thrust with the point, it won't keep straight,
And on it you can't grind an edge.

It has the semblance of a sword,
It brightly glo-ms inspiring t ist;
But as for use just take my word
The *metal* won t stand cut or thrust,
Take Locofocos, with all your fuss
The leaden sword of Commodus,
As you must have a General fierce,
Just such a one have you in Pierce.

Free Negroes and Catholics in New Hampshire.

It is asserted by a Catholic Bishop at the North, that "*a free negro can hold* OFFICE in New Hampshire, *but white Catholics cannot.*" This is a significant remark, and a scathing reason on General PIERCE and his Democratic supporters at home, who retain the odious *Test Oath* in their Constitution. It is shrewdly true, however, that in General PIERCE'S State, free negroes may be appointed to office, but white Catholics cannot take the *test oath*, which requires them to abjure their religion, consequently they cannot take office. What do the Catholics of Louisiana think of this?

VINDEX.

THE NEW CONSTITUTION.

Messrs. Editors:

It is evident that the Democratic party, or the main body of that party are *silently* operating against the new constitution. I say *silently*, because the grande sachems of Democracy are fearful that Pierce will be defeated in Louisiana, if they should identify themselves and their party with the opposition to the new Constitution. This *fear* of the *defeat* of Pierce, is the sole cause that restrains the Democrats from coming out openly and boldly against the instrument, and consequently the avowed champions of the detestable constitution of 1845. This was the secret of their refusal to canvass for the convention. The Whigs were allowed to have the convention, and had to assume the responsibility of framing a Constitution, and the Democrats were determined to oppose it to the bitter end, unless it was *perfect*, in Democratic judgment. The work of the convention was to be subjected to the hypercritical taste and judgment of these *candid* philologists of Whig legislation, and if it should not be free of every blot, blemish, or stain, the *liberal and enlightened* framers of the restrictive Constitution of 1845, which is full of blots, stains, and of negations and prohibitions on the popular power and will, had come to the conclusion to denounce and oppose it.

The object they had in view, and the object they will pursue is, viz: is the *preservation of all the offices of the State in hands of the Democracy*, and the salaried officer in the State, nor an officer paid partly by salary and partly by official emolument, (save one,) owing his existence to the Governor, who is not a Democrat. Hence, you find that the parish where the seat of government is, and that where Gov. Mouton resides, are both Democratic, with all or nearly all the office holders, opposed, the call of the convention, and will likely vote for the rejection of the constitution. If they can keep up the immense majority of 1845, in the favor of the constitution by the influence of the Governor by the constitution of 1845, in the hands of the present incumbent, or some one of similar stamp, they will hold their places and salaries for life. Hence it is, that they opposed the call of the late convention, and now invoke the people to reject the work of the body, and to adopt a constitution which restores to them all the patronage which is now distributed by the Governor among his favorites, partizans and political supporters, and which will give them the election of their own officers, for the perpetuation of power and the loaves and fishes in their possession and enjoyment.

NOTICE.—Boots, Shoes and Caps, at WIKOFF'S. The subscribers have now on hand a well selected assortment of BOOTS, SHOES, BALS and CAPS, which they offer for sale on reasonable terms. Purchasers will find it to their interest to call and examine our stock, as we are determined to sell in part of the following commencing articles:

Men's, Boys' and Youths' Russets, staple and double back and riveted, oak and hemlock tanned, recommended for wear.

Kip, Patent Leather, Calf, Call Seal and Buff Brogans, sewed and pegged.

Men's, Boys', Youths' and Child ren's Calf, Kip, Seal and Buff Brogans, sewed and pegged.

Planters', Fishermen's and Mail Boots.

GAITERS, BOOTS AND CAPS For Ladies, Misses and Children, of every style for an ordinary qualities.

GENTLEMEN'S BOOTS AND CAPS For Men, Boys, Youths and Children of a stylish store and substance.

N. B.—Having purchased or engagements for the manufacture of our goods by the best of workmen, we are enabled to offer the trade and public generally, a stock of Boots, Shoes, Bals and Caps, of the best material, and perfectly unsurpassed in point of style and fit, at the same previous to making purchases elsewhere.

JAMES E. WIKOFF & CO.,
11 Magazine street.

HATS—A full assortment of Beaver, Nutria, Otter, Hare and Rabbit Hats, of the latest shapes and colors, always on hand and for sale by J. M. GOULD & CO.,
oct21 6 Magazine st.

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BOOTS and SHOES—Constantly on hand, a full assortment of Boots and Shoes, comprising a complete assortment of all kinds for city and country trade, for sale low by J. M. GOULD & CO.,
oct21 6 Magazine st.

BOOTS—For ducking, long legs, in store and for sale by J. M. GOULD & CO.,
oct21 6 Magazine st.

BOOTS, SHOES AND BALS—Of every description, leading from shop Hunter, Richmond, Lizzie Howard, Robert Hooper and others, in store and for sale by J. M. GOULD & CO.,
oct21 6 Magazine st.

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Notice
Is hereby given to persons who wish to have leases or sub-leases of the Old Bee Building, that application must be made to Spalding & Rogers' Circus, And its celebrated troupe of European and American Performers.

☞ Doors open at 6½. Performance commence at 7½.

☞ Day Performance, every Saturday, at 1½ o'clock.

☞ Admission, Dress Circle, Children, 50 cents; Family circle, 25c. Gentlemen boxes, 50 cents; Children, 25 cents; Children, the Dress Circle reserved from 10 to 5 every day. Introducing seats.

WANTS, LOST ETC.

Wanted.

A YOUNG MAN speaking English and German, who has been in a Commission House. The best references will be required. Address, Box 77 letter P. O. oct20

Wanted

A CLERK familiar with a Drug Store business, who will take a situation by appointment to P. A. Bertoli, Apothecary, on Esplanade, between Chartres and Conde streets. A knowledge of the French and English language is necessary. P. A. BERTOLI.
oct19

Wanted,

A French Gentleman speaking a little English, and a native of the Gulf Coast, a copy of whose baptismal certificate will be required. Address