THEATRE D'ORLEANS.

[illegible] 1828.

Belle [illegible] Notaire et Tabary.

[illegible] présentation des

Inconvénients de la Diligence,

ou

[illegible] BONAVENTURE,

[illegible] vaudeville dans le genre [illegible] Dartois, Duport et [illegible]

[illegible] nouveau sera orné de tous le spectacle dont il est susceptible.

Précédé de la première Représentation de

LA CHATTE

Métamorphosée en Femme,

Vaudeville nouveau en un acte, de Scribe et Mélesville.

[illegible]

BOUFFE

L'Auberge pleine,

comédie autrefois en 3 actes de Desforges jouée aujourd'hui en un acte avec des [illegible] par le Théâtre de S.

[illegible] R. Madame.

Mardi 20—Représentation [illegible] Chapelier, la dernière représentation [illegible] *Dîner Blanche-Moulin du Bénéfice de Jocrisse*, folie en deux actes.

En attendant—La représentation [illegible] en 3 actes de Quintilius avec un nouveau [illegible].

VENTES PAR MUTATION.

PAR F. DUTILLET.

Il sera vendu lundi 12 du courant à 4 heures après-midi, dans la rue St. Philippe, entre celles Royale et Bourbon, dans le Théâtre d'ameublement de Meubles consistant en : armoires, lits, tables, sièges, chaises, chaises, argenterie &c.

Au même lieu, une belle D'ENCLAVE [illegible] du père, de la [illegible] Conditions : Les meubles [illegible] La famille d'esclaves, 2 et 3 ans, [illegible] enseignant [illegible].

10 mai—3

PAR C. W. BOYD.

Théâtre Mécanique en vente.

Il sera vendu Samedi 17 Mai 1828, à 3 heures après midi, environ St. Anne et Condé, un théâtre mécanique [illegible] par les premiers artistes français. Ce théâtre sera vendu tel qu'il se comporte et [illegible] de la vente et sans [illegible].

Les [illegible] pour [illegible] relativement [illegible] et [illegible].

9 mai.

PAR BARRERE & [illegible].

Il sera vendu Jeudi le 15 Mai courant à midi à la halle d'Hayden, [illegible] certaine [illegible] DE TERRE [illegible] dans la paroisse de West-Feliciana à environ 3 milles Sud Est de St. Francisville et contenant deux mille arpents de superficie en carré, bornée au Sud par des terres appartenant à Mr. Robin Delaney, à l'Est par [illegible] terres de Mr. Johnson, au Nord par des terres appartenant à Mr. Alexandre et à l'Ouest par quatre portions de terre appartenant à Mr. Hagan, Lathing, [illegible], Southiner Allain, Vidal [illegible] Lehman et Augustin Lemaire.

CONDITIONS :

Un tiers comptant et les quatre autres tiers payables respectivement les 1er. Avril des années 1829, 1830, 1831 et 1832. Titre de vente [illegible] passé devant Théodore [illegible] notaire public, aux frais des acquéreurs.

3 mai.

LOTERIE

DES ECOLES PUBLIQUES,

Qui doit [illegible] 24 Mai.

[illegible]	Prix de	[illegible]	1	Prix de	[illegible]
[illegible]	"	3,000	1	"	2,000
1	"	[illegible]	1	"	1,600
1	"	[illegible]	1	"	[illegible]
14	"	[illegible]	14	"	200
112	"	40	1250	"	8
[illegible]	"	5			

Billets entiers 5 piastres, demi-[illegible] et demi, quarts dix escalins.

à l'heureux Bureau de

P. V. BARRETT.

Rue St. Louis, No. 27, [illegible] la Bourse.

Qui a vendu [illegible] personne de cette ville un lot de [illegible], et un grand nombre de lots inférieurs. 6 mai

GROS LOTS :

24 25 4 lot principal [illegible]

[illegible] 4 25 [illegible]

ONT été vendus au célèbre Bureau de la rue de Fleurieu de MALCOLM, rue de Chartres No. 86, le premier par un paquet entier à une personne demeurant dans la rue de Chartres ; le second par un demi-paquet vendu à trois dames.

24 25 4 29,

Sont les numéros sortis dans le Tirage de la 10me. classe de la LOTERIE DE LA [illegible]. Les heureux possesseurs de billets gagnants sont requis de les présenter afin de recevoir leur argent.

LOTERIE

DES ECOLES PUBLIQUES,

[illegible]ème. classe, qui doit définitivement se tirer Samedi 24 de Mai 1828.

Gros Lots : 6,000, [illegible], 3000, 2000, 1500, 1400, 1200, 1140—Total des lots $50,000.

Billets : $5, moitié 2, 50, quarts 1 25. Paquets de 10 billets, 10 piastres, qui en garantit 20 ; Certificats de 32. Portions de cinque également.

[illegible] Bureau de la chance de Fortune, de

[illegible]

Rue de Chartres, No. 48 vis à vis [illegible]

THE ERA.

Fourth edition, by F. Bonner.

NEW-ORLEANS :

MONDAY, MAY 12, 1828.

CRIMINAL COURT—May 6.

During the month of April, three negro slaves belonging to the brig Hayden the Telegraph, named Jean Bte. Pierre, Pierre Louis Fontaine & Alexandre Benjamin, were convicted of stealing concealed on board said brig, a slave belonging to M. Meilleur, were sentenced to pay a fine of $300, and to be imprisoned one year.

May 5—Robert Howell, convicted of larceny, was sentenced to two years imprisonment, and to hard labour, and pay costs.

Joseph Power f. m. of color convicted of the same crime, was also sentenced to the same penalty.

May 6—James Wayne, convicted of having [illegible] pocket book, by cutting off the pockets of a gentleman's coat, while being in the American Theatre, was sentenced to two years imprisonment and to hard labour, and pay the costs of prosecution.

George Bahaman, known by the name of Simon, an old offender, convicted of robbing the store Robinson & Booth, was sentenced to two years solitary confinement, and to seven years hard labour, and pay costs.

Louis [illegible], convicted of the same crime and implicated with the first, was sentenced to the same penalty.

LATEST FROM FRANCE.

By the ship William, we have [illegible] Paris up to the 2[illegible] of March, [illegible] very interesting.—In our next, we shall give some extracts. The raising of troops for the expedition on the Morea is going on rapidly. Marshall Marmont is to take the command of the French and English combined armies.

[illegible] revolution took place at Lisbon, immediately after the departure of the English troops, who left the [illegible] to unite with the French. Don Miguel was proclaimed absolute King of Portugal.

Paris, March 21.

A letter from Lyons, of March 18th, informs that the battalion of selected men in the 56th regiment of the line, in garrison at Lyons, have embarked for Marseilles, to form the expedition against the Turks.

[*Journal des Débats.*

The editor of an English paper states that from various conversations with those engaged in the battle of Navarin, the Turkish and Egyptian fleets were held rather too cheap by the allied squadrons, and that, but for the arrival of a second "Blucher," in the person of the Russian Admiral, the ships of the Allies would have run great risk of being destroyed by the red hot balls from the Turkish forts. These forts were silenced by the Russian Admiral. The bullets which struck the English ships are said to have been in size about the circumference of argand lamps. The Genoa was struck by a stone that weighed [illegible] pounds, which killed four men, entering the lower deck five feet above water, and leaving a gap that puzzled the carpenters to patch up.

In Georgia, Upson co. a man named Lockwood has been covicted of killing his wife, by *starvation*. It appeared that when she was confined to her bed by sickness, he withheld food, medicine and drink, from her, and would let no one go near her. She had been sick three years, the first part of which he treated her properly: but finding that she neither died nor got well, he tried this expedient, as he said, to assist nature in relieving her from her sufferings. A motion was made for a new trial.

Mysterious Death—On the 14th ult. Mrs. Susan Chapin, wife of Mr. Ezra Chapin, of Whitehall, Vermont, went about three quarters of a mile to visit a sick neighbor, and not returning that evening, for the most marvellous Mr. C. went to the house where she had visited, and learnt that she left there in season to reach home before dark the evening previous. An alarm was made and after a careful search, she was found a corpse by the side of the road about half way home. The night was blustering, but not extremely cold. When found she was not so cold as to be in any considerable degree stiffened, and probably had been dead only three or four hours.

There are circumstances, (says a correspondent of the Brattleborough Messenger) which led most persons acquainted with them, to a conclusion, that by a fit or fright, she either beside so entirely lost, or deranged, as not to be able to extricate herself from her distressing situation. In going home she would have to pass through a neck of woods which connected two large forests, which is supposed to be a kind of run way for some wolves which frequent this part of the country; this neck is about 100 rods from her home. Here it is supposed she was frightened, either from what she imagined, or heard, or saw—in this place one of her shoes and near it her apron was found—then further backward her handkerchief, and still farther her cloak hanging on the fence—then still further back beyond her body, her other shoe.—There were no marks of violence, either of man or beast about her. It was evident from the state of her clothes, as well as her linen and the outside of her fingers, that she had crept much during the night; as it appeared she crept with her hands clenched; her knuckles being severely bruised—In this distressing, unexpected, and almost mysterious manner, Mrs. Chapin came to her death.—Mr. C. is deprived of the wife of his youth, with eight children, the eldest about 18, and seven of them daughters, who more particularly require a mother's care.

Anecdotes of Bonaparte.—The following anecdotes of this extraordinary man were related to a gentleman, some twelve or thirteen years since, by a French officer of the name of Fellope, who asserted that he had been an eye witness of some of them. Dates, times and places, which were stated at the same time, have been forgotten by the gentleman to whom they were mentioned :—

It was customary with Buonaparte, when thinking intensely of any project or contemplation, to take snuff with a degree of immoderate and inconsiderable rapidity, which he usually did from a box carried in his waist-pocket. On one occasion just before a great battle, when deeply immersed in thought, and standing in a room before a fire putting his box as usual, he suddenly withdrew to make inquiries, leaving his box on the chimney piece. Returning a few minutes afterwards, he resumed his box, but on putting in his fingers to take a pinch, he fancied the snuff felt somewhat different. He looked at it, but could perceive no difference in its color or appearance. There was apparently the same quantity; the box was found in the same place; he had been absent but a very short time, and there was no one in the room when he went out, nor when he returned. A dog coming in at the door at the moment, he called him, and give him a pinch. Violent convulsion immediately ensued, and the animal died almost directly afterwards. Hereupon Buonaparte rang the bell, and inquired if any one had been seen entering or leaving the room; but not being able to ascertain that any person had, he simply ordered the dog to be taken out and buried, wisely thinking that the eve of a battle was not the proper time to have it circulated that his life had been attempted. However, he took care afterwards to make his waist coat pocket his snuff box.

Many silly attempts have been made to impugn the personal courage and military qualifications of Bonaparte, by certain weak individuals, who obstinately, exclude with the term, enemy the possessions of every good or commendable quality, no matter of what kind soever it may be. Not satisfied with depriving the greatest captain, perhaps, that ever lived, of a quality they would accede to the meanest soldier, they have even accused him of timidity and cowardice. They following anecdote does not certainly afford any proof of that heedless daring which is more allied to military insanity than true soldiery courage, but it is one among thousands of instances in the same character, of that coolness and contempt of surrounding dangers, which are ever found unconnected with the highest orders of military bravery and enterprize. In the midst of a dreadful cannonading, Buonaparte stood leaning, nearly exhausted with several days, hard fatigue, against the carriage wheel of a cannon, and was in the act of taking a pinch of his favorite stimulent from the box of an officer, when a cannon shot came and killed the latter on the spot. Without moving a limb or a muscle of his countenance, except in pity to his fallen friend, Buonaparte turns to another and asked if he had a box; "for," said he: "our poor friend I suppose had taken his with him."

Buonaparte, it is well known, was an excellent horseman, and affected to imitate Alexander the Great in his horsemanship and courage in bestriding whatever was brought him. On a particular occasion, a fine high spirited horse, richly caparisoned, was brought to him, said to be a present from a certain prince. Buonaparte after admiring the beauty, &c. of the animal, was just on the point of mounting him, when contrary to his invariable custom, he ordered a menial to mount and try him. He did, but before he had gone far, a violent explosion took place in the animal, and either killed or much maimed the person.—*London Sun.*

The Ex-King of Sweden.—One of the most affecting instances of the mutability of fortune, is to be found in the situation of Col. Gustafson, the rightful sovereign of the Swedish Crown. Guilty of no crime, degraded by no folly, the descendant of the renowned Gustavus is an exile from his native land, and usurper sits upon the throne of his ancestors. The *legitimates* of Europe, might have groaned at the inflictions of that necessity, which compelled them to put aside their own class, and to sanction the usurpation of a gallant and successful soldier—successful, however, by depriving the author of his elevation. Bernadotte is on his throne, and Napoleon is in his grave. Would it not have been better for history to record, that the Prince of Ponte-corvo was seen in the Gallic van, at the last great battle of Napoleon, than that Charles John secured the throne of Sweden by basely abandoning his benefactor? Bernadotte has been a soldier of fortune—and if the soldier of fortune can fight his way to power and condition, it is well; but the stain of treachery should not sullen the plume of the soldier. For this, will history, while she celebrates the talents and valor of Bernadotte, darken the page by the record of his treachery.

[From the N. Y. American.]

VOYAGE OF DISCOVERY.—The House of Representatives have been occupied, upon the petition of some of the Nantucket Whalemen and South Sea traders with a proposition to equip an expedition for discovery in the South Sea. The importance of the commercial interests which this country has at stake in those seas, independently of any generous purpose of scientific discoveries, amply warrants, in our judgment, such an expedition. It is therefore with satisfaction we give a place to a communication on the subject, written as it purports to be, by one who has had much experience in the navigation of the Pacific. If it bears indeed internal evidence in its plain common sense style—in its acuteness of observation, and spirit of adventure, of being written by one of those intelligent and hardy seamen, engaged in the South Sea trade; and who constitute almost a peculiar and certainly the most valuable class of our people.

We entirely agree with this writer in the opinion, that the expedition should be exclusively national—and conducted by officers of the government.

BY F. DUTILLET.

WILL be sold on Wednesday the 14th inst. at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, in St. Philippe street, between Royal and Bourbon streets, near the Theatre :

An assortment of Household Furniture, consisting of Beds, Tables, Sophas, Looking-Glasses, Chairs, Silver-plate, &c.

ALSO, AT THE SAME TIME:

A Family of Slaves, to wit—the father, mother, and children.

CONDITIONS—the furniture cash down, the family of slaves, to 1, 2 and 3 years, by furnishing endorsed notes bearing mortgage.

May 12.

Ten Dollars Reward.

Were stolen from the subscriber on the 22d of April last, two american Horses; [illegible] grey, old; very lean and worked on the shoulder, the other black, with a small white star in front, with a mark near the left leg, occasioned by the rubbing of the girt.

The above reward will be given to any person who will bring said Horses to No. 146 Esplanade street.

FRANÇOIS LABROUCHE DUSIN.

May 9 —3t

PANORAMA EXHIBITION.

THE great Panoramic picture of the *City of Paris, the Capital of the Kingdom of France* is now exhibiting in the building on the public square of Rampart street.

The view is taken from the roof of the south end of the palace of the Tuileries; the spectator must therefore imagine himself placed on this elevated situation which commands an extensive prospect over the whole city.

Immediately under the eye of the spectator in a northern direction, is the roof of the King's apartments, and on the right that of the long picture gallery stretching eastward as far as the Louvre;—This gallery bounds the place du Carousel on the south side and the new gallery on the north, in the centre of this square is seen the triumphal arch. On this square Bonaparte was wont to review his battalions previous to their departure for their respective destinations, and here oft the walls resounded with the clang of martial music. On the west side of the palace the spectator looks down on the Garden of the Tuileries, and beyond that in the distance is seen the palace of the Garde de Meubles, and the woods of the Champ Elysees in the distance.

When we consider that Paris has been the theatre of so many great political events which have convulsed Europe for thirty years past, few, if any subjects of equal interest for a picture could be offered to the public.

Admission——50 cents.

New-Orleans, April 30, 1828.

WANTED TO HIRE,

A Good House-Servant, one that can cook, wash, and iron well.—Apply at this office. May 3.

SALE AT AUCTION.

BY RAYNEC AND DONEGAN.

WILL be sold on Thursday the 15th of May instant, at 12 o'clock, at Sheriff's Exchange.

A certain Tract of Land situated in the parish of West Feliciana, about 3 miles South East of St. Francisville, and containing two thousand superficial arpents or thereabout, bounded on the south by lands belonging to Mr. Robin Delaney ; East by lands belonging to Mr. Johnson, North by lands of Mr. Alexander ; West by lands belonging to [illegible] Allain, [illegible] Lehman and Augustin Lemaire.

TERMS :

One fifth Cash, and the balance in 4 equal instalments on the first of April of each of the years 1829, 1830, 1831, and 1832.

The deed of sale to be executed before Theodore Sigfoos, notary public, at the expense of the purchaser.

BY C. W. BOYD.

WILL be sold on Monday the 19th of May 1828, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, the corner of St. Anne and Bundi streets, the *chemical theatre*, executed by the best French artists : this theatre will be sold together or the same may be found at the time of sale, and with out reel motion.

The sellis will, for a small recompense, will put it in operation and explain their way it may be operated. May 3.

Parish Court for the Parish and City of New-Orleans, April 30th, 1828.

PRESENT THE HONBLE. JAS. PRIEST.

In the matter of Trioso and others vs. Dominique Bonnette, an insolvent debtor.

ON motion of Messrs. Mazureau and D. Seghers of Counsel for the Syndics of the said insolvent's creditors, and upon filing a tableau of distribution of the proceeds belonging to the Estate.—It is ordered by the Court that the creditors of the said Dominique Bonnette and all other parties interested herein, do show cause on Saturday the 17th day of May [illegible] why the said tableau of distribution should not be confirmed and homologated, the monies paid over according thereto, and the Syndics discharged from their trust in the premises.

I do hereby certify the above,

May 1. J. GLIZ, Dupy. Clerk.

CAPITAL PRIZES.

24, 25, 4, Highest Prize $10,000

23, 4, 25, do. " $[illegible]

Were both sold at

MARTIN'S

Office of the Wheel of Fortune,

No. 48 Chartres street.

The first in a whole package to a gentleman in Chartres st. The second in a half package to three Ladies.

Were the drawn numbers of the 10th class of the Louisiana Lottery. The fortunate possessors of prizes are requested to present them for payment.

PUBLIC SCHOOL LOTTERY,

Class No. 5—Will positively be drawn on Saturday the 24th of May.

HIGHEST PRIZES :

$6000, 4000, 3000, 2000, [illegible], 1200, 1140

Grand Capital Dollars—$[illegible].

Tickets, $5, Halves, $2 50, Quarters, $1 25, Quarter sages of 10 do. 50 dollars, Thirteenth $3 [illegible] Certificates of do. 33 dollars ; [illegible] apply at

The office Fortunate Office.

DRAWN NUMBERS

of the

LOUISIANA LOTTERY—Class

24—25—4—23

The fortunate possessors of prizes are requested to present them for payment.

Public School Lottery—Class 5,

Will positively be Drawn on Saturday, the 24th of May inst.

HIGHEST PRIZES :

$6000, 4000, 3000, 2000, 1500, 1400, 1200, 1140

Whole tickets, 5 dollars ; shares in proportion, for sale at

P. V. BARRETT'S

Lottery Office, No. [illegible] Opposite [illegible]

NOTICE to Pedlars and Hawkers trading within the State of Louisiana.

THE Subscriber, purchaser of the Farm of Licences to be granted to Pedlars and Hawkers, and other persons, trading, selling, or exchanging merchandize on the great roads and water courses in this State, informs those whom it may concern, that his office is opened every day, at the corner of Conti and Levee streets, No. 48, where the different Licences may be had for twelve months, at the rate fixed by the Act of the Legislature passed the 18th of February, 1825, and conformably to the act providing for the collection of money for the casual expenses of this State and for other purposes—approved on the 25th of April, 1828.

The Farmer informs those who may trafic or sell (themselves, by their slaves or hiring people) beyond the limits of this city, that he will prosecute those who so trade without being furnished with a licence.

He also gives notice that Mr. P. B. HENRY is his agent, and is authorized to deliver licences signed by me.

Those who have licences and their terms are expired, are requested to renew them to avoid the penalty above mentioned. LOUIS ALLEY.

May 7.

Chapeaux Blancs, de castor.

NICHOLAS KEELER est reçu par le navire Tuna, [illegible] de Chapeaux blancs, du [illegible] et de la dernière mode de New-York.

23 avril.