THE NEW ORLEANS BEE.

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NEW ORLEANS:
THIRSDAY MORNING, MAY 18.

On our second page will be found sheriff's and auction sales, bank notices and various miscellaneous advertisements.

BENEFIT OF THE HARLEQUINS AT THE ACADEMY—The benefit to-night of these consummate gymnasts promises to be the most splendid affair of the kind witnessed during the season. All the Brothers will appear in a programme of rare brilliancy and startling interest. There will be superadded to their wonderful and incomparable achievements the novel display of the whole strength of the variety corps.

PRISONERS BY THE MARIA DENNING.—The steamer Maria Denning, which arrived yesterday from St Louis, brought 125 rebel prisoners from Rock Island, the most of them Louisianians, Texans and Mississippians, with a few Tennesseans.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Two Days later from the North.

THE STEAMER CLARA DOLSEN AT BATON ROUGE.

THE MEXICAN EMIGRATION BUSINESS.

President Johnson and Secretary Seward.

First Installment to the Central Pacific R. R.—Probable Abandonment of the Stonewall—Alleged Rebellious Feeling in N. C.

Trial of the Assassination Conspirators Conducted with Closed Doors.

Effect of the Union Triumph in Mexico Hopes of the Juarist Cause Reviving—Alarm of the Imperialists—Liberal Successes in Northern Mexico—11,000 Imperial Troops Sent to Matamoros.

Bad Feeling Between Gens Sherman and Halleck—The Latter Apologizes and Explains.

The Stonewall at Nassau—Intended to Break the Blockade—Believed to Have Sailed for Galveston.

Gold on the 13th in New York 130 1-8 Cotton 53 to 54.

(By the New Orleans Bee.)

BATON ROUGE, May 17, 10 P. M.

By the arrival of the steamer Clara Dolsen we have dates to the 11th.

Cairo, May 13, 6 P. M.—The following comprise all of importance in the dispatches to the *Cairo Times* of this evening:

Washington, May 13.—The Mexican emigration business attracts but little or no attention.

President Johnson and several members of the Cabinet visited Secretary Seward to-day.—The Secretary hopes to be at his office next week.

The Government to-day paid to the Central Pacific Railroad Company $1,500,000, being the first installment due on the completion of the first section of thirty miles. Another section will soon be completed.

The Navy Department has made arrangements to give the Stonewall a warm reception should she attempt operations on the coast. It is believed, however, that her commander will abandon his enterprise, now that the rebellion is collapsing. A Raleigh correspondent says the people of North Carolina are as rebellious as ever. Indeed, are more haughty, unrubbed, and if possible, more devoid of shame than ever were, one would think we were the subjugated and conquered people and not the rebels. He continues the North not to believe one half of what they hear of the fast return of the rebels to loyalty as genuine.

The *Chronicle* of the morning defends the policy of conducting the trial of the assassination conspirators with closed doors. It says the lives of some of the witnesses depend upon their revelations, and we feel safe in saying that no witnesses were more conscious of the necessity than the witnesses themselves, many of whom are honorable, intelligent and patriotic citizens.

New York, May 13—The *Herald's* City of Mexico correspondent furnishes some important intelligence. The news of the national triumph in this country has afforded vast encouragement to the adherents of President Juarez and his cause, which a short time ago was thought to be hopeless, but is now rapidly recovering ground. A number of victories over the Imperialists have recently been gained, and a new spirit appears to be infused into the republic.

The report of the capture by them of Saltillo and Monterey, is confirmed, and that they had taken Matamoros. These elements restore nearly the whole of Northern Mexico to the authority of Juarez. Several other Republican successes had been obtained. The Imperialists were as much alarmed as the Liberals were encouraged, by the suppression of our rebellion, owing to the fear regarding the enforcement of the Monroe doctrine, and had put a stop to the expedition to the Northern Mexican States, and to a project for fortifying the northern frontier. Eleven thousand Imperial troops had been dispatched from the capital for Matamoros.

Jeff. Davis and Staff Captured in Georgia by Gen. Wilson—Sent Under Guard to Washington—Arrest of A. H. Stevens—Surrender of C. C. Clay—Breckinridge Gone Through Georgia.

(From the N. O. Times, Last Evening.)

MOBILE, ALA., May 16, 6 P. M.

To the New Orleans Times:

Through the kindness of Colonel Christensen, A. A. G. on Gen. Canby's Staff, I have been favored with a copy of an official dispatch received at Headquarters an hour since, and I am enabled by the Chief Quartermaster, Col. Sautelle, to forward it without delay.

It is believed here that Kirby Smith will surrender.

WM. H. C. KING.

U. S. MILITARY TELEGRAPH OFFICE, Mobile, May 16, 1865.

[By Telegraph from Montgomery, 16th.]

To Lt. Col. C. T. Christensen, A. A. G.:

I have just received a telegram from General Wilson, announcing that he has captured Jefferson Davis and staff, and Mr. Reagan, Rebel Postmaster General, at Irwinville, seventy-five miles southeast of Macon. Davis has been sent to Washington under proper guard.

Alex. H. Stephens was also arrested.

Clement C. Clay gave himself up to Wilson. Breckinridge is reported to have passed through Georgia, north of Macon, and has not yet been heard from definitely.

A. J. SMITH, Maj. Gen.

Additional from the North via the River.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMERS LUMINARY AND CLARA DOLSEN.

We received last evening by the Clara Dolsen, from St. Louis, Western papers of the 12th and 13th, including Cairo dates to the P. M. of that day, also by the Luminary, from the same city, files of Western papers of the 11th and 12th, together with a New York *Herald* of the 9th.

We are obliged to the officers of the above steamers for prompt and polite attentions.

GUNS AND AMMUNITION SENT FROM HAVANA TO GALVESTON.

Washington, May 12—The Navy Department has been officially informed that on the 29th of April a vessel was dispatched from Havana to Galveston, Texas, having on board twelve Whitworth guns and a hundred thousand rounds of ammunition, with other war material for the rebels in that section of country.

GEN SHERMAN BEFORE THE COMMITTEE ON THE CONDUCT OF THE WAR.

Washington, May 12—General Sherman has arrived here and is testifying before the Committee on the Conduct of the War.

Beverly Johnson had consented to act as counsel for Mrs Surratt.

SURRENDER OF GEN. JEFF. THOMPSON ON GEN. LEE'S TERMS.

(From the St. Louis Democrat, 13th.)

Dispatches were last night received at Headquarters, in this city, to the following interesting purport:

Brigadier General M. Jeff Thompson surrendered on the 16th instant, on terms offered by Major General Dodge, being the same as given by Lieut. General Grant to General Lee.

Lieut. Colonel Dave and Captain F. Bennett, Assistant Adjutant General of General Dodge's staff, made the negotiations on the part of General Dodge, and General Thompson on the part of the Confederate forces. General Thompson commanded the District of North Arkansas, of the so-called Trans Mississippi Department.

CHIEF JUSTICE CHASE AT BEAUFORT, S. C.—GEN. SHERMAN THERE, INDIGNANT AT THE COMMENTS OF THE PRESS, &c.

Washington, May 12—A private letter from Beaufort states the revenue cutter Wyandotte, on which Chief Justice Chase and his party are, had been weather bound there for three days.

General Sherman and his staff were also there, weather bound. General Sherman is said to be very indignant at the comments of the press on his recent convention with General Johnston. He is also understood to be very severe on Secretary Stanton and General Halleck, for the course which they had pursued in regard to the matter. It is said that he will upon his arrival North, publish a defence of his course in the negotiation.

NEW YORK PAPERS ON THE SECRET TRIAL IN WASHINGTON.

New York, May 12—The daily papers now unanimously assert that the Times's long editorial on the subject

The *World's* Washington special says it will be difficult to establish a case against the prominent persons named as assassins. The trial will not be concluded much before the 1st of August as there are some 300 witnesses to examine in the cases of the large number of conspirators.

THE MEXICAN EMIGRATION FEVER IS NEW YORK—PREPARATION OF AN EXPEDITION OF FRENCH AND BELGIAN TROOPS FOR LOWER CALIFORNIA AND SONORA.

Washington, May 12—The *Herald* says the Mexican emigration fever is still spreading and all recruiting offices are daily thronged by discharged soldiers, anxious to take part in the movement. Seven new offices were established in the city yesterday, two in Brooklyn, and others in the surrounding towns.

General Ortega is expected to return from Washington to-day, when some further developments in the enterprise may be made.

A public meeting to-morrow evening to forwarding it will be held in the city very shortly.

The *Herald's* London letter says:

The French expedition, composed of 1,000 French and nearly as many Belgians, has started for Lower California and Sonora. The ostensible object is to reduce the Indians of Yaqui. Sonora is to be speedily and strongly garrisoned with French troops, so that Sonora and Sinaloa are finally handed over to France France may be able to hold them.

The President and the Mexican Question—The Neutrality Laws to be Enforced.

New York, May 1.—The *Commercial* especially says President Johnson will not suffer his private views in favor of the Monroe doctrine to influence the national policy of neutrality observed by Mr Lincoln. The neutrality laws will therefore be put in force against all who attempt to compromise the Government upon the Mexican question. Secretary Seward's policy will not be departed from.

GEN. GRANT AND THE MEXICAN MINISTER.

Considerable discussion is excited by the significant fact that General Grant and Staff dined yesterday with M Romero, the Minister of the Mexican Republic.

THE ASSASSINATION TRIALS—EXCLUSION OF PRESS REPORTERS.

Washington, May 10th—The *Post's* special says: The trial of conspirators concerned in the assassination continued to-day. It has been positively decided that no person but official reporters and those connected with the court, shall be admitted to the court-room.

Philadelphia, May 10.—The *Bulletin's* Washington special says: Reporters for the public press were all refused admission to the trial of the assassins to-day. The consequence will be that no particulars of the trial will be made public till its close, except through the medium of the Government authority.

PERMANENCE OF THE ANTI-SLAVERY SOCIETY.

New York, May 10th.—At a meeting of the Anti-Slavery Society to-day, the "Garrison revolution" to dissolve the society was rejected by a vote of 48 to 118

$17,410,100 IN ONE DAY TO THE 7-30 LOAN.

Philadelphia, May 10.—The subscription to the 7-30 loan, received by Jay Cooke to-day amounts to $17,410,100, including the following subscriptions: First National Bank, Cincinnati, $1,300,000; Second National Bank, of Detroit, $100,000; Ninth National Bank, of New York, $3,121,450; Clark, Dodge & Co., of New York, $100,000; Robinson & Ogden, of New York, $1,250,000; Second National Bank, of Boston, $1,500,000; National Bank of the Republic, Boston, $1,500,000; First National Bank, of New York, $1,000,000; First National Bank, of New Orleans, $500,000; First National Bank, of Baltimore, $300,000; First National Bank, of Philadelphia, $1,800,000; First National Bank, of Providence, $200,000.

There were also 11,928 individual subscriptions of $50, $80 and $100 each.

VIRGINIA AFFAIRS.

Washington, May 10.—The civil machinery is already being put into operation in Virginia. The State has just been divided into four districts, and the Secretary of the Treasury has appointed a number of assessors and collectors. A revision of the regulations and forms of the Quartermaster Department is being demanded to meet the requirements of the service. A board of officers has been constituted to prepare forms and draft revised regulations; and also an explanatory manual for the consideration of the Quartermaster General and submission to the Secretary of War for approval and promulgation.

GEN. GRANT'S INSTRUCTIONS RELATIVE TO PAROLED PRISONERS.

Washington, May 10.—Gen. Grant has issued the following instructions to Gen. Augur, relative to the disposition to be made of paroled prisoners:

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE U. S., Washington, D. C., May 8, 1865.

Major-General C. C. Augur,

Commanding Department of Washington:

General—Please send all paroled prisoners of the late rebel armies now confined or detained at Alexandria, Va., to their homes.

Those whose homes were at the time of joining those armies in the States that have never been in rebellion, and who desire to return to them, will be required to take the oath prescribed in the President's amnesty proclamation, provided they are not excepted from its benefits, if so excepted they will be detained. Those living in Texas will be sent in charge of an officer and will be landed on the west bank of the Mississippi river about the mouth of Red river.

By command of Lieut Gen Grant,

A. S. HOWARD, A. A. G.

NEW DECREES BY THE IMPERIAL GOVERNMENT OF MEXICO.

New York, May 10—Vera Cruz journals, received here, state that the Emperor Maximilian has issued a decree defining the provisional status of the Imperial Government while the executive organization is proceeding.

The decree is divided into eighteen chapters and sub divided into eighty one paragraphs. Some of the leading ones are, that the form of the government will be a hereditary monarchy with a Catholic prince at the head. In the case of the death of the Emperor, or of any other event which may incapacitate him for the exercise of his powers, his august spouse, the Empress, will be *par jure* Regent of the Empire.

The Emperor, or Regent, on assuming power must take this oath:

"I swear God, by the holy Evangelists, to further by all means in my power the welfare and prosperity of the nation, to defend its independence and preserve the integrity of its territory."

The Emperor, who represents the national sovereignty, will be assisted by a ministry of nine departments.

The territory of Mexico is defined as bounded on the north by the lines decided upon with the United States at the conventions of Guadalupe and Mesilla, on the east by the Gulf of Mexico, the sea of the Antilles and the Atlantic establishment at Belize, on the south by the Republic of Guatemala, and on the west by the Pacific. Nothing is said about Texas.

The Government guarantees to all the inhabitants of the Empire equality in the eyes of the law, security of person and property, and the liberty of free speech.

The national colors will be green, red and white, and their disposition on the national flag will be defined by special law.

A decree, dated May 1, is devoted to a definition of the extent of freedom to be allowed to the press, which will be subject to about the same restrictions as in France and Austria.

The duty on imported tobacco has been largely increased.

The Emperor has granted a concession to Don Luis Bonet, for a railroad from Mexico to and at San Cosme Papaloa Tacuba Anatitlan.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

Halifax, May 10—The steamship Asia, which left Liverpool the 29th, via Queenstown the 30, arrived at Halifax at 1 o'clock.

LATER VIA QUEENSTOWN.

Liverpool, May 3—Addresses of condolence to the American people have passed the Lower House of the Austrian Reichsrath unanimously.

The Austrian and Prussian Governments have forwarded addresses to

The Protestant clergy of Paris performed a funeral service in honor of Lincoln.

Sap has been left Paris for Algiers.

The House was heavy. Rentes closed at 71.

The vote of censure on the Spanish Cabinet for its late military conflict in Madrid, was lost by a large majority.

Italy and the Pope have concluded an arrangement on the Episcopal question. The Bishops are to return and the Pope will immediately fill the vacancies.

The Brazilian mail has reached Lisbon, bringing Rio Janeiro dates to April 7.

The Montevideo banks are authorized to resume cash payments.

A large force of Paraguayans is threatened to invade the Argentine Republic, in order to attack Brazil and Buenos Ayres. Hostilities are expected.

INTEREST MEETINGS AT ST JAMES HALL.

London, April 30—On Saturday evening, the 29th of April, an immense public meeting convened under the auspices of the Emancipation Society, was held in Exeter Hall, to express the sympathy of grief and horror at the assassination of Vice President Lincoln, and sympathy with the loyal people of the United States, and with Mrs Lincoln, Mr. Seward and family.

The galleries of the hall were draped in black, and the speakers merely their warm appreciation of the character and capacity of the late President, and sincere sympathy with the people of the United States. The meeting passed with hearty approval of the loyal course Mr Lincoln represented. The platform contained an array of parliamentary gentlemen, and many leading citizens of the metropolis. Many ladies were present, a majority of whom were in mourning.

Very impressive speeches were carried, but merely with unanimity, but with an intense feeling rarely seen at a public meeting. The hall was occupied by William Evans, President of the Metropolitan Sabbath Society.

Messrs Forster, Stansfield, Lowbury, Taylor, Patton, Baxter and Baines, members of Parliament, contributed the more striking addresses of deep sympathy with the American Government and the people, and the entire confidence in the administration of President Johnson.

The chairman was supported by twenty influential members of Parliament, and a large array of distinguished Free Soilers, representing every section of the community.

Letters of sympathy were received from Lord Hamilton and others.

GREAT MEETING AT LIVERPOOL.

There was a great meeting of the merchants of Liverpool at St. Georges Hall on the afternoon of the 29th, to express the sympathy of the people at the assassination of President Lincoln. The Mayor presided, and several leading merchants made speeches denouncing the crime and expressing sympathy with the people of the United States in strong terms.

A resolution expressing sorrow and indignation, regardless of all difference of opinion political or otherwise, was unanimously adopted, and ordered to be sent by the American Minister in London to Mrs Lincoln and those of Mr Seward.

On the evening of the same day, and at the same place, there was another great meeting of the working classes, at which similar resolutions were adopted. A resolution of a more political character was offered and led to confusion, amidst which the meeting adjourned.

COMMERCIAL.

Liverpool, April 29, P. M.—Cotton—Sales today 10,000 bales, 3000 bales to speculators and exporters. Market firm and unchanged.

The Cotton newscented a favorable impression. American securities improved. Confederate loan flat, at a material decline, closing at 41 a 43.

The assassination continues the all pervading topic. Addresses of sympathy and indignation are most numerous. Parliament will vote an address May 1st.

Napoleon sent a message to the American Minister.

The Prussian Government and Chambers also the Austrian Chambers, give expression of sympathy.

New York Markets of the 10th.

New York, May 10—The downward tendency of gold continues. The apprehension of a continued fall has brought out so many sellers that there is no resisting the downward movement. An attempt was made to open at 135, but the largeness of the offerings immediately cut down the rate to 131¾.

New York, May 10.—Money easy at 5 to 6 ₱ cent. Sterling exchange dull at 109 to 109¾.

Gold irregular, unsettled and lower, opening at 133¾, declining to 132, and closing at 132¾.

Government stocks active and a shade firmer.

Cotton heavy and 5 8 c lower, at 52 2 53c for middling.

Flour dull, heavy, 25 to 30c lower, at $6 60 to $7 75 for extra trade.

Coffee quiet. Sugar quiet and lower, at 12 to 12c for P. R., and 10 3 8 to 10 5 8 for Cuba Muscovado.

Petroleum dull at 77 to 77 1 2c for crude, 53 to 54c for refined in bond, 33 to 34c for dist. free.

Lard heavy and lower at 15 3 4 to 18 1 2c.

St. Louis Market.

St. Louis, May 10 P. M.—Tobacco—Market buoyant and prices firm, with sales of 79 hhds, including 1 wet logs at $3 40; 32 green and damaged do from $4 20 to $5 30; factory do from $5 50 to $6 70; 7 planter's do from $6 90 to $9 10; 17 common shipping leaf from $10 to 13 75; 5 medium do from $16 to $17 50; 2 common manufacturing leaf at $20 to 21 25; 1 medium do at $26 50, and 2 good and fine do at $35 50 to $45 ₱ 100 lb.

Cotton—The lot of 62 bales reported in our last on private terms, was strictly middling and brought 48c. Additional sales yesterday of 17 bales good middling at 46c, and 100 bales at 42c. To-day nothing was done. The market was nominally lower, with no demand, buyers being advised by their Eastern correspondents to hold off for the present.

Flour—Market flat and very little business transacted. We note sales of 200 bbls city extra double extra, second brand, at $8 50, 50 do country double extra at $8, delivered, and 100 do spring extra at $6 50 to $6 50 to $6 40, part delivered.

Corn—An advance was obtained by holders of prime lots of mixed and yellow. We note sales of 30,000 sacks white at 90c, 1000 sacks mixed and yellow at 84 to 85c, 600 sacks common at 80c, and 200 sacks rejected at 60c.

Oats—There was a further decline, with sales of 931 sacks at 54c, 350 sacks at 55½.

Whisky—Demand tongued and market very dull. A small lot of 20 bbls was sold at $2 10.

Hay—The market was firmer, and we report sales of 100 bales timothy at $32, 100 do do at $31, 43 do do at $30 50, and 120 do upland prairie, in various lots, at $22.

Potatoes—Market quiet, and sales 31 bbls mixed at $3 50 ₱ bbl, and 31 do pinkeyes at $3 50 ₱ do bbl.

White Beans—Prime and extra choice are wanted at $2 75 to 2 bu low grade are neglected. A lot of 5 bbls common was sold at $1 75.

Dried Fruit—Sales of 19 bbls prime Apples at $2 75 ₱ bushel.

New York Markets of the 13th.

(From the Commercial Evening Times, 13th.)

New York, May 13—Stocks—Irregular and dull. Money—N. Y. C. 91½. Erie 77¾. Reading 97¾, to $1 registered coupons 104. Coupons, 1862 registered 104. do new issue 108. Coupons, registered, 104. coupons 104.

Gold—Opened at 132¾, fell to 132¼ and closed at 132¾.

Cotton—Dull at 52 c.

Flour—Dull and 10 15c lower at $6 60 for extra State $7 20 ₱ 7 for R. H. O.

Pork—Lower at $24 10 24 20 for new mess. $22 50 for prime and 24 75 $25 for prime.

Lard—Dull and heavy at 18¼ to 18¾.

Whiskey—Dull at $2 07 for western.

Petroleum—Quiet, dull for crude, and refined in bond, 53 to 54, for free.

St. Louis Market of the 14th.

St. Louis, May 13, P. M.—Tobacco steady, sales of 41 hhds, given up and damaged lots at $4 75 to $5 25; factory do from $5 90 to $6 10, common shipping leaf at $9 25 $11 10; common manufacturing leaf at $20 25 $21 10; fine do from $25 50 to $31 25 ₱ 100 lbs.

Cotton—To day the market was decidedly stiff, but the prices asked being generally above the views of buyers, a small business was transacted. We note sales of 7 and 11 bales strictly mid dling at 46c.

Flour—Market dull and lower, with sales of 700 sacks and 200 sacks, including 200 barrels double extra, second brand, at $8 50, 50 do country double extra at $8, delivered, and 100 do spring extra at $6 50 to $6 50 to $6 40, part delivered.

Corn—An advance was obtained by holders of prime lots of mixed and yellow. We note sales of 300 sacks white at 90c, 1000 sacks mixed and yellow at 84 to 85c, 600 sacks common at 80c, and 200 sacks rejected at 60c.

Oats—There was a further decline, with sales of 931 sacks at 54c, 350 sacks at 55½.

Whisky—Demand tongued and market very dull. A small lot of 20 bbls was sold at $2 10.

Hay—The market was firmer, and we report sales of 100 bales timothy at $32, 100 do do at $31, 43 do do at $30 50, and 120 do upland prairie, in various lots, at $22.

Potatoes—Market quiet, and sales 31 bbls mixed at $3 50 ₱ bbl, and 31 do pinkeyes at $3 50 ₱ do bbl.

White Beans—Prime and extra choice are wanted at $2 75 to 2 but low grade are neglected. A lot of 5 bbls common was sold at $1 75.

Dried Fruit—Sales of 19 bbls prime Apples at $2 75 ₱ bushel.

New York Markets of the 15th.

New York, May 15—Stocks—Irregular and dull. Money—N. Y. C. 91½. Erie 77¾. Reading 97¾, to $1 registered coupons 104. Coupons, 1862 registered 104. do new issue 108. Coupons, registered, 104. coupons 104.

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Lard—Dull and heavy at 18¼ to 18¾.

Whiskey—Dull at $2 07 for western.

Petroleum—Quiet, dull for crude, and refined in bond, 53 to 54, for free.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

The Great Meeting Last Night—Pursuant to call, an enthusiastic meeting came off last night to express the sentiments of the loyal population in support of the present Federal Administration. Hon. Thos. J. Durant presided, and in rising, giving a brief list of the Vice-Presidents, requested the Secretaries, who were headed by J. Q. A. Fellows. The speeches, responsive to the spirit of the occasion, were preceded by stirring patriotic airs from a band of music.

A salient passage of the speech of Mr. T. B. Thorpe was that in which he called on the loyal portion of the South to take part in the coming conventions and to have wholesale the reward status of civilization and civilized by the rebellion.

Very enthusiastic were carried, but merely with unanimity, but with an intense feeling rarely seen at a public meeting. The hall was occupied by William Evans, President of the Metropolitan Sabbath Society.

Messrs Forster, Stansfield, Lowbury, Taylor, Patton, Baxter and Baines, members of Parliament, contributed the more striking addresses of deep sympathy with the American Government and the people, and the entire confidence in the administration of President Johnson.

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The Prussian Government and Chambers also the Austrian Chambers, give expression of sympathy.

New York Markets of the 10th.

New York, May 10—The downward tendency of gold continues. The apprehension of a continued fall has brought out so many sellers that there is no resisting the downward movement. An attempt was made to open at 135, but the largeness of the offerings immediately cut down the rate to 131¾.

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Flour—Dull and 10 15c lower at $6 60 for extra State $7 20 ₱ 7 for R. H. O.

Pork—Lower at $24 10 24 20 for new mess. $22 50 for prime and 24 75 $25 for prime.

Lard—Dull and heavy at 18¼ to 18¾.

Whiskey—Dull at $2 07 for western.

Petroleum—Quiet, dull for crude, and refined in bond, 53 to 54, for free.

St. Louis Market of the 14th.

St. Louis, May 13, P. M.—Tobacco steady, sales of 41 hhds, given up and damaged lots at $4 75 to $5 25; factory do from $5 90 to $6 10, common shipping leaf at $9 25 $11 10; common manufacturing leaf at $20 25 $21 10; fine do from $25 50 to $31 25 ₱ 100 lbs.

Cotton—To day the market was decidedly stiff, but the prices asked being generally above the views of buyers, a small business was transacted. We note sales of 7 and 11 bales strictly mid dling at 46c.

Flour—Market dull and lower, with sales of 700 sacks and 200 sacks, including 200 barrels double extra, second brand, at $8 50, 50 do country double extra at $8, delivered, and 100 do spring extra at $6 50 to $6 50 to $6 40, part delivered.

Corn—An advance was obtained by holders of prime lots of mixed and yellow. We note sales of 300 sacks white at 90c, 1000 sacks mixed and yellow at 84 to 85c, 600 sacks common at 80c, and 200 sacks rejected at 60c.

Oats—There was a further decline, with sales of 931 sacks at 54c, 350 sacks at 55½.

Whisky—Demand tongued and market very dull. A small lot of 20 bbls was sold at $2 10.

Hay—The market was firmer, and we report sales of 100 bales timothy at $32, 100 do do at $31, 43 do do at $30 50, and 120 do upland prairie, in various lots, at $22.

Potatoes—Market quiet, and sales 31 bbls mixed at $3 50 ₱ bbl, and 31 do pinkeyes at $3 50 ₱ do bbl.

White Beans—Prime and extra choice are wanted at $2 75 to 2 but low grade are neglected. A lot of 5 bbls common was sold at $1 75.

Dried Fruit—Sales of 19 bbls prime Apples at $2 75 ₱ bushel.

New York Markets of the 15th.

New York, May 15