NEW ORLEANS DAILY BEE.

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TERMS OF THE BEE.
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Weekly Edition.
TERMS—PER YEAR.....$10.

NEW ORLEANS:
WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 24, 1872.

Amusements This Evening.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE—"Macbeth."
ACADEMY OF MUSIC—"Black Crook."
VARIETIES THEATRE—"Divorce."

THE ACTION OF THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

The *Bee* of yesterday contained the official proceedings with the address and resolutions adopted by the Democratic State Convention, which adjourned in this city last Saturday evening. These give forth no uncertain sound, and breathe a very different tone from that of some of the speeches delivered by members of the Convention, speeches which have so profoundly agitated this community for the last three or four days. The vote on the motion to expel Thomas Green Davidson, delegate from Livingston parish, the speeches in favor of postponement of nominations, and the vote on postponement had a very depressing effect upon the good people of New Orleans, who could not understand why it was that one hundred and sixty-three delegates to the Democratic Convention, had refused to postpone the nomination of a candidate for Governor, when it had been for weeks the most current rumor, as well as the most certain fact, that the incumbent, Mr. Warmoth, was the most corrupt politician in the State, and who had lately allied himself in no bold a manner to Gov. Warmoth and performed for the latter services of a most dishonorable character. Neither could our citizens understand why it was that fifty-six delegates to a Democratic Convention had voted to lay on the table a very proper resolution declaratory of its want of respect for and confidence in Gov. Warmoth, and their opinion that any political connection with him would be dishonorable and injurious to the best interests of Louisiana. And then, when one hundred and seventy-seven delegates voted to postpone nominations, the disappointment was deep and all-pervading. People asked themselves, "What is the meaning of all this?" They could not account for such a course of action. And it was supposed the Governor had obtained almost the entire control of the Convention until its action upon the address and resolutions, which had been prepared by the Committee entrusted with that duty, had been announced. When the unanimous adoption of these had been declared by the President, the friends of Reform in our State Government again took courage, and the confidence of our citizens in the ultimate overthrow of Gov. Warmoth was restored. Our cotemporary, the *Times*, whose secret attachment to the Governor's interests, is so ill concealed, would have us believe that this address and these resolutions would not have been adopted had all the delegates been present when they were reported. But we answer in another article this attempt to mislead and deceive the people of Louisiana, and shall only observe here that there is a remarkable concurrence in opinion as to the result of the Convention between the *Times* and the *Republican*, which would indicate an identity of inspiration as well as an identity of aim. And yet the ink was hardly dry upon the paper which asserted that the *Times* was not wedded to the fortunes of Governor Warmoth. Now its own columns proclaim the contrary. We will again publish the address and resolutions, which, we trust and believe, will be promptly ratified by all the Ward clubs of the party in New Orleans and by the different Democratic organizations throughout the State. They embody the views and sentiments of the great majority of our people, and strike the key note for the coming campaign.

One of the Governor's organs, the New Orleans *Times*, misrepresents the action of the Convention on the resolutions passed by that body. The official report of the proceedings of the Convention signed by its President and Secretaries is published in the *Bee* of yesterday. It proves that the resolutions reported by the Committee on Resolutions were submitted to the vote of the Convention *and were unanimously adopted*. The number of the votes of the delegations present was, as appears from the roll-call taken on the call for the previous question, *two hundred and seven*.

The proprietor of the *Times* seems to be troubled about the unanimous expression of the sentiment by the Convention on the political character and conduct of his friend, Governor Warmoth.

The *Times* chose without cause to misrepresent the action of the Convention, for it was furnished by the Secretary with a correct extract from the official proceedings of that body in relation to the resolutions.

If the *Times* wishes to give the people a true account of the proceedings of the Convention, let it publish the official report of that body.

Sixth Grand State Fair.

Our readers will bear in mind that this is the opening day of the Sixth Grand State Fair of the Mechanics' and Agricultural Fair Association, the notes of preparation for which have been sounded for some weeks past. It is expected that the display on this occasion will surpass in brilliancy and attractiveness all past exhibitions. Due provision has also been made for the amusement of the large crowds who will visit the Fair Grounds during the seven days in which the Fair will be open. For the first day, it is announced that there will be two races, a mile race, two miles, over six hurdles, the horses to be handicapped according to the rules of the Metairie and Louisiana Jockey Club. The premium is $250, $200 to the first horse and $50 to the second.

The second race will be mile heats to be for gentlemen's double teams; a handsome double harness and the blue ribbon to the first horse, and a whip and pink ribbon to the second horse, the entrance money. Nominations are to be made by 3 o'clock, on Tuesday, at the office of the Louisiana Jockey Club.

There will probably be a race each day, which, like the other sports, will be announced as they are determined upon.

CAMPAIGNS OF GEN. JOSEPH E. JOHNSTON.—We are informed by an intimate friend and former staff-officer of General Johnston that he has lately been engaged in writing for publication a history of his campaigns during the late war, and that the work is now ready for the press. Gen. Johnston confines himself to his own campaigns, but the conduct of high civil officers of the Confederate Government in their direction of its military operations, so far as these relate to Gen. Johnston's command, will necessarily come up for discussion, and we may look for some interesting revelations and criticisms. As a military writer Gen. Johnston has probably no superior in America.

We are requested by Mr. J. Y. Gilmore, proprietor and editor of the *Sugar Bowl* of Paris, to announce his arrival in this city on the business of his journal. He will call on our commercial men to present to them the advantages of the *Sugar Bowl* as an advertising medium.

MARSHAL BAZAINE.—The *French-American* says: "It was the 26th of March that Marshal Bazaine was to submit his report of the Prussian invasion to the President of the Republic. Marshal Bazaine was on the spot when the events took place. He attempted to thwart the treachery of the directors of Metz, and to the responsibility of being under his command, he, by general consent, was not very sparing in criticisms. For instance, in the report he communicated to the Commission of Chatrobert and Duchesne, he says, in his orders on the day of the battle, 'Marshal Bazaine is ordered to take the command of the Chatrobert and Duchesne and to place them in the Metz, and to place them in the rear of the Metz, and to place them in the rear of the Metz, and to place them in the rear of