The Daily Bee.

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THE DAILY BEE.

Saturday Morning, Oct. 13th, 1855.

[illegible] office of the "Bee" is removed to [illegible] street, between Conti and St. [illegible]

The Kansas Mail failed yesterday from [illegible]

MEMPHIS AND NEW ORLEANS.

[illegible] *Enquirer* of a late date [illegible] another article on its favorite [illegible] New Orleans. It has [illegible] commercial statement [illegible] the last September, and finding [illegible] exports has actually [illegible] the past year, in the [illegible] $30,000, incontin[illegible] conclusion that New [illegible] is not inevitably going [illegible] South. Our tender-hearted [illegible] *Enquirer*, whose wish is [illegible] right, informs us likewise [illegible] that the population of [illegible] is seen at a stand-still, [illegible] reasing for years; and [illegible] strain predicting our [illegible] say, exulting over the [illegible] and the malice of these [illegible] transparent. The Memphis [illegible] and giants over a very in[illegible] in our receipts of [illegible] and the amount of our [illegible] members to forget the true [illegible] of the facts. [illegible] man in the Southwest is [illegible] the past year the ob[illegible] from the low stage of Mississippi and Ohio rivers [illegible] frozen condition at [illegible] uncomplicated, that it was [illegible] the products of agri[illegible] market here, and [illegible] mercantile opera[illegible] deranged, trade was [illegible] difficulties super[illegible] for the decrease in [illegible] and satisfactorily, but *Enquirer*, it is confirma[illegible] Holy Writ, that New [illegible] on the decline. Per[illegible] the coming season [illegible] *Enquirer* that it had [illegible] rather hastily.

[illegible] that the population of New [illegible] years at a standstill, [illegible] assuming, is gratuitous [illegible] population three years [illegible] than at the last decen[illegible] a doubt in the [illegible] and honest man. [illegible] population of New Or[illegible] against 116,000 in [illegible]

[illegible] the trouble of as[illegible] hostility to New [illegible] many abuse[illegible] there are in us in [illegible] further, that our dele[illegible] Congress against the com[illegible] Memphis Navy Yard. Of [illegible] they were rather too [illegible] city of establish[illegible] except some 900 miles [illegible] They voted right though they did not hap[illegible] brother of the [illegible] that the re[illegible] and satisfactorily, but [illegible] ideas, and lumbering [illegible] It is [illegible] No man understands his [illegible] and he that does people don't under[illegible] What with Hard Shells, [illegible] Univalves, Whigs, Demo[illegible] Nullings, Temperance men, Cer[illegible] Antirenters, Anti-slavery men, [illegible] Abolitionists and Anti-abolitionists [illegible] became utterly bewildered, [illegible] despair. *Hurrawo reflecting.*

[illegible] of the racking headache I ex[illegible] of my researches makes [illegible] I had just received a week longer, [illegible] my remarks would have deserved [illegible]

[illegible] thanks to the officers of the steamer [illegible] the Baton Rouge papers.

[illegible] We are indebted to the officers of the steamer *Orleans* for late St Louis papers.

[illegible] THE NEW ENGLAND CHURCHES—[illegible] announcement has already been made [illegible] names of one hundred and fifty minis[illegible] New England, who, by themselves, by [illegible] their parishes, or others, have been [illegible] members of the New England Emi[illegible] Company.

[illegible] FEVER AT ST. JAMES' CONVENT.—[illegible] state, says the Baton Rouge *Advocate* [illegible] that the fever has broken out with terri[illegible] severity at this institution. There was a [illegible] on Wednesday evening that certain nuns [illegible] yellow victims were in apartments there, [illegible] among whom was the Lady Superior. It is also [illegible] that the place is entirely deserted. The [illegible] information purports to be from a gentle[illegible] who had just arrived from the scene of suffering. [illegible] Assumption has been despatched by our [illegible]

THE BOGUS NOMINATIONS REPUDIATED.

The following letters from JOHN RAY, whom the Blue Book organizations undertook to nominate for Governor, and O. D. STILLMAN, who was selected by the same organization for Superintendent of Public Education, are precisely what every honorable man must have expected. These gentlemen declare that this act of the Bogus party is wholly unauthorized by them. PRESTON POND, the American candidate for Congress in the Third district, did the same in a letter published in yesterday's *Crescent*:

MONROE, LA., Oct. 4, 1855.

L. Latham, Esq., Editor of the Crescent:

DEAR SIR—Your favor of the 27th ult. has just been received, informing me that a ticket has been published in your city for State officers, with my name for Governor. This is the first intimation I have had of such a thing, and it is entirely unauthorized by me, and utterly repudiated. Under no circumstances would I at present authorize the use of my name for that or any other State office. Hon. Charles Derbigny is my choice for that office, for whom I will vote, and use every honorable effort to get others to vote, at the November election. You are hereby fully authorized to denounce this act as contrary to my feelings as an honorable man. No friend of mine, or of American principles, could have thus acted. Don't hesitate, hereafter, to denounce, as unauthorized, the use of my name for any office during the present canvass, or as supporting any other candidates than those already nominated by the American party.

I am pleased to say to you that the present State ticket is entirely acceptable to the party in this part of the State, and that our friends are gaining ground daily.

The eloquent Randolf Hunt spoke at this place on Saturday last, and left a lasting impression. Few, if any, other political speeches have ever been delivered in the State.

Respectfully, yours, &c.,

JNO. RAY.

MONROE, LA., Oct. 6, 1855.

Editors Crescent: Gentlemen—I was not a little surprised last evening, on reading in a New Orleans paper a notice, in which my name figures with several others on what purports to be the "*National American State Ticket*."

As the ticket may cause some surprise to others, I deem it due to myself and the American party to say, that my name has been placed on it without my knowledge or consent, and that I am at a loss to conjecture the object of the movement.

At a convention held in New Orleans in July last, the American party adopted a platform of principles and nominated a ticket for State officers with our veteran chief, Charles Derbigny, for Governor. I hoped that he would be placed on this ticket for the office of Superintendent of Public Education, and, as a member of the party accepted the nomination, with a cordial approval of the platform and ticket. To these principles and that ticket I have pledge my fidelity support; and they will continue to receive it, whatever may be the issue, as I can have no political views to subserve, apart from the triumph of the principles of our party and the success of our whole ticket.

Very truly yours, &c.

O. D. STILLMAN.

Editors Crescent: In looking over the papers of recent date, I see what is styled a "National American State Ticket," announcing John Ray for Governor, Louis Texada for Lieutenant Governor, H. N. Dubose for Treasurer, Walter Rosemas for Auditor, Randell Hunt for Attorney General, O. D. Stillman for Superintendent of Public Education, and, in connection with this ticket my name is announced as a candidate for Congress in the Third District. I do not profess to understand the source in which this movement originated, nor the purposes which its authors have in view. I disclaim all connection with that ticket. The Native American ticket, with Charles Derbigny at its head, is the only one which I shall recognize or support. The position which Locopoy was derived from the Native American Convention at Vidalia, and from no other source. If the purpose of those who have placed my name on the "National American State Ticket" was to unite me with a proscriptive movement against the faith or religious and political freedom of the Catholics of Louisiana, or of the United States, it is a vexious and rackless misrepresentation of my opinions and political sentiments. I am truly mortified that any individual or association of individuals should assume such unwarrantable and unauthorized liberties with my name.

With sincere respects,

PRESTON POND JR.

(Correspondence of the Bee.)

The Canvass.

FRANKLIN, 9th October, 1855.

GENTS—Knowing the interest you take in the present canvass for our State officers and for a member of Congress, for this district, I will give you a short account of two meetings recently held in this parish.

On Thursday, the 4th instant, the American party assembled at the Court House in this place, to hear Mr. Duncan Dobbyn, Col. T. G. Hunt and others discuss the leading political topics of the day. We were disappointed in not having our worthy candidate for Governor with us, who was detained by some engagements which he had to fulfil in the vicinity of the city—The meeting was called to order about 12 o'clock, and the following persons were called upon to serve for the occasion:

J. W. Walker, President. Colonel T. G. Watson McKerrall, Vice-President.
Dr Eldan Allen " "
T. J. Foster, " "
R. E. Caffery, " "
J. V. Fourney, Secretary.

The President introduced to the meeting Col. Hunt, who was immediately applauded as he ascended the platform. Col. Hunt spoke for about one hour and a half, and certainly made one of the ablest arguments it was ever my good fortune to listen to. His exposition of the course pursued by him in Congress in relation to the Nebraska bill, was most triumphant, and many persons who were previously dissatisfied with his vote against that bill, expressed themselves, after they heard his speech, as perfectly reconciled to him, and now believe that he was right in opposing a measure that has proven so disastrous to the peace of the country, and which is of doubtful benefit to the South, though it was heralded forth by its author as a great boon to the people of the slave States of the Union. The Colonel gave a very interesting account of the State of the country at the time when the famous Missouri Compromise bill was passed, the startling conclusions of things throughout the nation, the anxiety felt by all good patriots for the result, spoke of the great efforts made by the opponents of the bill in order to allay the excitement, and quell the "troubled waters" into a peaceful calm; referred to the remarks made by Mr. Jefferson, that at this period he felt as if a clap of thunder in the fire felt as much fear for the safety of the Republic, as he had whilst Congress was balancing the adjust the difficulty about the admission of Missouri—that of Clay and others, that no event that had happened during his political career had caused so much joy throughout the country, as did the peaceful settlement of the Missouri question, that not even the news of the treaty of Ghent and peace with Great Britain had produced more excitement and general satisfaction; alluded to the letter written by Charles Pinckney, from his seat in the House of Representatives at 3 o'clock in the morning, March 2, 1820, when he writes to a friend, that "at this moment we have carried the question to adjust Missouri and all of Louisiana, Southward of 36.30, free of the restriction of slavery, &c., &c." and "it is considered here by the slaveholding States as a *great triumph*." Told us that the Missouri Compromise was repealed by Mr. Mason, a Southern President, and by all his cabinet, amount whom, were Crawford, Calhoun and Wirt, all Southern men.

The orator further stated, that this Nebraska bill was not the result of popular will; that no Southern State had demanded the repeal of the Missouri Compromise; that not even any district, country or village of any slave State, had agitated the subject; but, that it was merely the work of an ambitious Northern Senator, Mr. Douglas, the *little giant* of Illinois, who, to serve his own ulterior objects, had thrown this fire brand upon the nation, at a time when all was quiet and prosperous, and when no man outside of the Halls of Congress thought of disturbing the smooth workings of the compromise measures of eighteen hundred and fifty. He dared that Mr Douglas was actuated by the South to introduce that measure, and the "little giant" himself, with all his hardihood, would not dare to say that he had been instructed by the people of the North to propose the repeal of the Missouri Compromise line.

The Speaker then said that, although he was a most determined opponent of the Nebraska bill, yet he would take the occasion to say that, if re-elected, he would most positively oppose any attempt at the restoration of that line to the Territories of Kansas and Nebraska; such a measure he would oppose for two reasons: first, that the emigrants from the slave States who had taken their slaves to Kansas, had a right to be protected in their property by the National Government; that as the Government had invited them to go there with their slaves, it were bound in good faith to guaranty them in the permanent possession of them; and, secondly, that an attempt to restore the line would produce probably a more dangerous excitement than did the repeal of it, and that he considered it the duty of all good citizens, whether in or out of office, to discountenance all agitation of the slavery question, and to do all in his power to keep the country quiet.

I have thus, gentlemen, given you an imperfect sketch of what Col. Hunt said on the Nebraska bill, but I trust you will see that the foregoing is but a meagre outline or profile of what was a full, clear and comprehensive argument on a most important subject. Col. Hunt dwelt at some length on this topic for the reason that he had been advised that many of the American party, in this parish, were not pleased at what his vote on that bill, had seemed anxious to hear his defence; and that his political opponents had been very busy in stirring the question before the people, decrying him on the enemy of the South, and as a statesman whose sympathies were with the North, and all that sort of stump denunciation, which the name American party has given us a hard to wield been both the terms and the cry.

The next speaker called by the speaker was on the constitutional power of Congress to legislate on the subject of slavery in the Territories; his quotation, Mr. Miles Taylor, having adverted to some remarks made by the Colonel in his speech on the Nebraska bill, where he affirmed the power of Congress so to legislate the Col. felt it was duty to offer a few comments in support of that position. He said that the power in question never had never been exercised, and for very good cause; that the constitutional rights of Congress to exclude such laws as the Territorial Legislatures might enact and empower Territories of regulating slavery) had been conferred upon and exercised down to the compromise measures of last session, which measures, he said, had been forced through Congress by the Northern Democrats against the wishes of the Southern Democrats.

[illegible]

By Telegraph!

Transmitted to the New Orleans Bee.

[By the Southern Line.]

OHIO ELECTION.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10—Returns from six counties in Ohio show considerable gains for Chase, the Fusion candidate for Governor.

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—Further returns from the section in Ohio show that Trimble, the American candidate for Governor, has received a larger vote than was expected.

The contest will be close between Chase and Medill, with the chances in favor of the former.

PENNSYLVANIA.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—The returns to hand from Pennsylvania indicate the success of the Democrats by a large majority.

THE DANISH SOUND DUES.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11th.—It is stated that a memorial had been sent to Copenhagen, with a decision to our Ministers there, which will prevent any trouble with Denmark on the question of the Sound Dues.

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—Our cotton market is drooping. Flour has advanced 25 cents, with sales during the past three days of over 100,000 barrels. We quote Ohio at $6 87 per bbl.

By the National Line.

RETURN OF THE KANE EXPEDITION

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—Dr. Kane and his party, of the Arctic expedition, arrived here to-day.

The expedition discovered no traces of that of Sir John Franklin.

It penetrated to 84 deg. North latitude, and wintered, obtaining provisions from the villages in the neighborhood. In the spring they abandoned their ship and went on sledges to Upernavick, in Greenland, whence they were conveyed by a Danish ship to the island of Disco, whence they were found by a searching expedition, but what one is not stated. [Perhaps that one of Lieut. Hartstein.]

INDIANA ELECTION.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 12—Indiana is reported to have gone largely for the Democrats. [Q. Is not Pennsylvania here meant?]

OHIO ELECTION.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 11.—Chase the Republican candidate for Governor, and the whole Fusion State ticket are chosen in Ohio by over 10,000 majority.

Further Foreign News.

BY THE CANADA.

HALIFAX, Oct. 9.—The Russian treasury is reported to have received large sums of money through houses at Berlin.

The Turkish troops concentrated at Constantinople, and intended for Asia, had been sent to Eupatoria instead.

Kars is reported to be straightened for provisions. The garrison were subsisting on horse flesh.

The proposed Constitutional changes in Denmark, had been approved by a majority of say by the Representatives in session at Copenhagen.

The Liverpool circular of Messrs. McAlister and Brothers, of the 29th ult., says that the market for Cotton has ruled very heavy during the last received advices from the United States and that the decline was fully ¼ to ¼ of a penny per pound.

The stock in port was estimated at 528,000 bales, against 795,000 at that time last year.

RIVER INTELLIGENCE.

LOUISVILLE, Oct 12th—The river is falling slowly, with 5 feet 8 inches water in the Canal.

APPOINTED.

NEW YORK, Oct. 11th.—James Winter has been appointed Consul to Turks Island.

TURKISH KNIGHTHOOD.—Dr. C. T. Jackson, of Boston, received by the last steamer from Europe, the patent and declaration of the order of Knighthood, conferred upon him by the Sultan of Turkey, for services rendered by his discovery of anæsthesia to the armies of the Allies.

☞ The American platform, says the New York *Express*, "has been adopted by the Slave State with an electrifying power, and every true American is standing upon it—with new life and soul. The 'Hunkers' are frozen with one long, loud sectionalism. The sprig-ness of the American party will sweep the State, and brush out of Albany, neck and heels, the corrupt fusionists there."

House to an American Officer.

We learn, says the *National Intelligencer* of the 4th, that the Russian Minister yesterday waited on Lieutenant MAURY, at the National Observatory, to deliver, by command of his Government, an autograph letter from Prince Grand Duke CONSTANTINE, who, it will be remembered, is the Commander-in-Chief of the Russian Navy. This letter is written in French; but, under the belief that many of our readers will derive as much pleasure from its perusal as we have done, we give publicity to a translation of it:

PETERSBURG, December 10, (22,) 1854.

To Lieutenant MAURY:

SIR—It is now a long time since the eminent scientific works, by which navigators of every nation are indebted to your zeal and your talents, attracted my attention. Recently again the Imperial delegates to the Brussels Conference have pointed out to me your report, in which I have taken the most lively interest. I should rejoice, sir, to present you with a testimonial of my esteem; but, knowing the laws of your country, which do not permit you to accept anything from foreign princes, I must confine myself to the expression of my sentiments. Every important work is sure of merits; and, in my official capacity, I may say to you that you do honor to the profession to which you belong, as well as to the great nation which you have the honor to serve.

Receive, sir, the assurances of my good will and esteem.

CONSTANTINE.

This is a high but deserved compliment to Lieutenant MAURY, which, we know, will be received, has been relieved from active duty in the Navy, that he may be permanently retained in his present exalted and responsible position as Chief of the National Observatory, where his services in the cause of science and nautical improvements will be much more important and valuable to his country and the world, than they would probably prove, however eminent they might be, in any other position.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

LARGE ARRIVAL OF VESSELS.—Since Sunday last vessels have been arriving at this port from foreign and American ports, in almost unprecedentedly large numbers, and the aspect of things, the whole number of ships, barks, brigs and schooners that have come up to port in the last five days are 96 Bloodsen of these on Monday, on Tuesday thirteen, on Wednesday twenty, on Thursday thirty two and on Friday, up to our going to press, twenty fourteen. The numerous arrivals have given the town quite an animated appearance. The yellow fever is now over, cold weather has set in and commercial prosperity is once more beginning to dawn upon us and there is every prospect now of a most prosperous season.

CHARITY HOSPITAL.—The following is a report of this hospital for the seven days ending last evening, the 12th, at 5 o'clock:

Admitted.....917
Discharged, 37 of yellow fever.....177
Died, 17 of yellow fever.....35
Remaining, under treatment.....456

A FEMALE THIEF.—Rose Johnson was yesterday arrested charged with having, on the 4 o'clock on Wednesday morning, taken a French leave of a room on Bienville street, carrying off sundry articles wearing apparel, valued at $10, from Martin Bannister, from whom she rented the aforesaid room. Rose is one of that large class of unfortunates, by which Burgundy street is haunted, and as Martin chose to have traffic with such characters in lodging and selling with such people, he is not at all to be pitied for his loss, however much it may be regretted that Rose should continue such an act instead of following her legitimate profession. She gave bonds to appear and answer to the connection.

THOMAS LEMONS VS WIDOWS.—Widow Laney, of No. 94 Bienville, and Madam Elina Henry, of Old Levee street between Conti and St. Louis streets, both made complaint to Recorder Ramos yesterday, that on Wednesday evening, while they were on a visit to a friend in St. Philip street, one Thomas Lemons came to their lodgings, and, knowing that to enter they were approached by widow F. B. Moonbeam who "chastised them with the valor of her tongue" have so completely put to flight the coward and scampered. Madam Moonbeam was summoned before the Recorder and held in bonds to answer for her conduct.

INTENT TO KILL.—William O'Neil, Mat Bossom and Martin Solan, are charged before Recorder Ramos with having, about one o'clock yesterday afternoon, gone to the office door of Daniel Bessequier, of the corner of Canal and Old Levee streets, and brutally beaten him on the head with heavy bar iron chains, with intent to kill, in which they were aided and abetted by C. Zetelo. A warrant was issued for their arrest.

STABBING AFFAIR.—A man named Isaac Martin was yesterday morning, while lighting on the steam boat Oneonta, at the Levee, quite seriously stabbed in the thigh by an unknown man, who afterwards escaped. Martin was taken by a physician and his wounds dressed, and he is now doing well.

STRANGE A CASE.—Pauline Amenbeimer was yesterday arrested in the Fourth District, charged with stealing a cart belonging to Vesthal. She was held in bonds to answer.

INSANE.—Marie Louise, a free woman of color, was found in the streets of the Third District on Wednesday night, in a state of raving insanity, from what cause it is not known. She was yesterday sent to the Lunatic Asylum by Recorder Hammond.

A WOMAN OVERBOARD.—Ann Johnson, from Lower Lake Kings, a seamress who lives in a house of illfame in Hornes street, attempted to kill herself on Monday evening by jumping into the river from the Third Market ferry wharf. A man standing near by got into a boat and succeeded in getting her out of the water, and conducted her to the house of her mistress, and dressed herself. This, it is said, is the second time she has attempted to drown herself. The lady reason the gave for her conduct, was that she was tired of the degradation she had been leading, and wished to end it by self-destruction.

FIRE.—Yesterday morning, about the 4 o'clock, a few sparks on to a lower building in the rear part of the Hotel Dieu, belonging to Mr. Dufour, near the Rocher Ground. This building, together with the main building to which it belonged, was burned. We did not learn the amount of the damage done.

A cottage at the corner of Bank and Rosa streets, Algiers, was burned last night. We did not learn the particulars, it was owned by A. C. Quatrevaux, and was insured in the Merchants' Company, for $1,000, which has been insured for $600 in the same Company.

THE CASE OF CAPT. FOSTER.—We were in error in yesterday morning's issue, in stating that Foster was in the custody of the Marshal. He was in the District Court, on a charge of having murdered the man who killed himself, through jealousy, in the Lake Pontchartrain, and his wife and other. Organizations, charging and not given a decision on Monday morning, the case was continued, Foster being held to appear before the U. S. District Court, on a charge of murder on the high seas, in default of bonds in the sum of $5,000.

[illegible]

COMMERCIAL.

FRIDAY EVENING, Oct. 19, 1855.

The business of the week opened very dull, and the prices lower for the country through closed, to a considerable extent, by the accounts of impediments to navigation. There was no material change in the general tone of our market during the early part of the week, the demand for Cotton being very moderate, and a slightly depressing effect on the market. Tobacco in good demand for sweet, at very full prices. Flour has been in good demand for superior, at a further advance in the prices. Grain has been active and firm. The stock of Provisions has been light, and prices have been well maintained. Pork and Lard have been lower, but active and Exchange has declined somewhat.

We yesterday morning published the accounts received at that time from the Mississippi River, which date to the 10th September. They report a fall Cotton crop, and a short one of all the other staples for the week ending the 10th ult., at a slight decline in the rates for Cotton, which, we spoke of that and kindred subjects on shipboard not cleared this day, a stock of 128,144 bales.

STATEMENT OF COTTON.

Stock on hand, Sept. 1, 1855	69,784
Received last the week	54,597
Received previously	159,197
	283,498
Exported last week	18,327
Exported previously	95,026
	113,353
Stock on hand and on shipboard not cleared this day	169,144

The week opened with an active demand for Cotton, and the sales of Saturday embrace fully 10,000 bales, prices being somewhat irregular, without any quotable change. On Monday the demand continued, and other factors put up the rates ⅛ @ ¼, the sales of that day and the following reached 17,000 bales, leaving on the market only a limited supply of desirable lots. A large sale came forward pretty readily on Wednesday morning, but the inquiry was stopped, before noon by the receipt of the Canada's accounts, after which only a few small lots were sold at easier prices, without any quotable alteration, the transactions of the day being confined to about 1,500 bales, and today it is reported 10,000 bales changed hands, making the total business of the week 50,000 bales. Our quotations are now as follow:

Inferior	7¾@8	Fully Fair	10 @ 10¼
Middling	8¾@9¼	Good Fair	11 @ —
Middling Fair	9¾@10	Fine	12 @ —
Good Middling Fair	10 @ 10¼		

SUGAR.—The receipts of Sugar have been on a moderate scale, and the demand continued very active, and we noted to some 800 hhds. closing at a decline in prices. We quote:

Inferior to common, 4¾@5¼; fair to fully fair, 5¾ @ 6¼; prime and choice, 7—@7¾—, clarified and refined, 8 @ 9¼.

The first half of the new crop was received on the 10th of the month, and was sold at 5¾@6¼ cents for inferior to prime refined, and a few lots of 8½ bbls. including the sales to wholesale at 6¾ @ 7¼.

MOLASSES.—The market for Molasses has been dull most of the week, with sales of barely 1,000 bbls at 22 @ 23 cents for fair to prime, and 22@23 for inferior to prime refined, and a few lots of 8 bbls. including the sales to wholesale at 25 @ 27 c.

RICE.—A good export demand for Rice prevailed in the early part of the week with limited receipts, and the rates maintained an upward tendency. Up to Tuesday evening, the sales of the week reached at 67 @ 70 and 67 @ 75 for ordinary, and 80 @ 85 for fine, and 90 @ 95 for extra, and on Wednesday a few remains of the crop came to hand, and sold at 67 @ 75 for ordinary, and 80 @ 85 for fine, and 90 @ 95 for extra. The transactions since have embraced some 4,000 bbls at $7 70@8 20 for ordinary and fine, and $8 50@8 75 @ bbl for fancy and extra brands—Today's sales were small and lower, with sales of 1,000 bbls. extra at $7 75@8 00 bbl, superfine at $7 50 @ 7 75 and cross fancy at $8 50.

CORN.—The receipts of Corn have been very light, and the week's sales are confined to about 7,000 sacks, mostly from stores, at 80 @ 85 for new, and 90 @ 95 bushel for old and yellow, mostly the.

OATS.—The receipts have been very limited, and about 6,000 sacks have found purchasers at $1 00 @ 1 05 @ bushel, mostly in the week, and $1 70@1 75 in the report transmission for prime.

PORK.—The receipts of Pork have been fair, and the limited receipts have held readily at 16 @ 17 for new, and 18 @ 19 @ bushel for old. Lower. Bids for new, and 18 @ 19 @ bushel for old. Lower. Bids for old lots.

BACON.—The receipts of Bacon have been very light, and the demand has been active, and the rates have ruled very firm, with sales of 40,000 bales, and including 10,000 bales of prime shoulders, at 13¼ @ 13½ for shoulders, and 14 @ 14¼ @ 15 for prime and extra sugar cured hams.

LARD.—The market for Lard has been in moderate request, with sales of some 800 kegs and tcs at 10 @ 10¼ for inferior to prime, and 10½ @ 11 for prime, and best leaf kegs prime at 11¾ @ 12.

BEEF.—Prime Mess in fair request, and quotations are nominally nominal.

BUTTER.—Receipts have been well maintained, and some 300 casks have changed hands during the week at 13 @ 14 for prime Ashby's dairy, 15 @ 16 for fancy, and 17 @ 18 @ 20 for prime table or extra sugar cured.

CHEESE.—The market has been in moderate request, with sales of some 800 kegs and tcs at 10 @ 10¼ for inferior to prime, and 10½ @ 11 for prime, and best leaf kegs prime at 11¾ @ 12.

WHISKEY.—Prices for this article have been irregular, ranging 24 @ 25 for received and 26 @ 27 @ gal. for bonded, with sales of 300 to 400 bbls during the week.

RICE.—We have noticed sales of some 200 tcs Carolina Rice during the week at 7 @7¼ @ lb, the former for the choicest.

DRIED FRUIT.—The stock of Cotton has arrived under the influence of favorable reports from New York and Baltimore, where large transactions are reported to have taken place in the article in the last few days. The week's sales in our market embrace 1,000 bbls Apples at 10 @ 12 @ bbl, for the various rates, latterly being 11@12 @ 12 @ bbl for prime.

PEACHES.—Peaches have been pretty steadily at 26 @ 28 for good brands.

TALLOW.—The last sale of city rendered was at 11¾ @ lb.

SALT.—Liverpool fine has sold from second hands at $2 25 @ 2 30 @ sack, and Ashton's at $2 50 @ 2 75 @ bbl. Large of material to arrive are held at $1 50 @ 1 75 @ sack, and Liverpool fine at $2 @ 2 25 @ bbl. Ashton's at $2 50 @ 2 75 @ bbl.

COFFEE.—The stock of Coffee has arrived under the influence of favorable reports from New York and Baltimore, where large transactions are reported to have taken place in the article in the last few days. The week's sales in our market embrace 1,000 bags Rio at 10¼ @ 10½ @ lb, for the various rates latterly being 11@11¼ @ 11½ @ lb for prime.

FREIGHTS.—Shipping has been in active request for cotton, and a slight advance in the rates. The approximate cotton shipped coastwise ships and barks to leave with cotton, mostly at Mobile to Liverpool, 1¼ to 1¼ d. We have received no change in the rates for Boston. Today a ship was taken for Havre at 1¼ for cotton and 1¼ @ 1¼ for sugar.

EXCHANGE.—The offerings of foreign bills have been large, and the demand has been quite active at a further reduction in the rates, and we continue our quotations for Sterling and France, as follow:

Sterling, 9 @ 9¼ Sight, 9¼ @ 9½ Prof. 30, New York 60 days, 7¾ @ 8 cent discount. Checks, ¼ @ ½ per cent discount New York sight ¼ @ ¼ discount.

EXTENSIVE SALE OF DRY GOODS, CARPETS, &c. The attention of buyers is called to the large sale of fresh imported goods, including over 1,000 pieces, by Vincent & Co., 88 Customhouse street. See advertisement.

AMERICAN TICKET.

STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR.
Charles Derbigny,
OF JEFFERSON.

FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR,
Louis E. Texada,
OF RAPIDES.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
Robert G. Beale,
OF EAST BATON ROUGE.

FOR TREASURER,
J. V. Duralde,
OF WEST BATON ROUGE.

FOR AUDITOR,
Walker Rosemas,
OF CLAIBORNE.

FOR ATTORNEY-GENERAL,
Randell Hunt,
OF ORLEANS.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION
O. D. Stillman,
OF OUACHITA.

FOR CONGRESS.

First District—*Gustave Cassidy, Jr.*
Second District—*Theodore G. Hunt.*
Third District—*Preston Pond, Jr.*
Fourth District—*William H. Lewis.*

FOR STATE SENATE.

Glendy Burke.
Lewis Burke.
J. J. Mitchell.

FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

FOURTH REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT.
Messrs. Eggleston and Bussel.

FIFTH REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT.
A. Pitot, Jr., and G. Lagardere.

SIXTH REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT.
A. D. Bartemeri and Capt. Wade.

SEVENTH REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT.
J. Lavilla and J. Solomon.

EIGHTH REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT.
Capt. Wilson and P. Lahorre.

NINTH REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT.
Charles Gilmerson.

PARISH OFFICERS.

For Sheriff—*Joseph Bailly.*
For Coroner—*Charles N. Olivier.*
For District Attorney—*M. A. Peaste.*

FOR CLERKS OF COURTS.

First District Court—*N. Trepagnier.*
Second District Court—*P. B. White.*
Third District Court—*Henry Besson.*
Fourth District Court—*E. W. Whaldon.*
Fifth District Court—*William Wadd.*
Sixth District Court—*W. M. Rose.*

FOR ASSESSORS.

Pete. Turner, Th. Morell,
John T. Pickett, Jr., Charles Hughes.

FOR TAX COLLECTORS.

First District—*Thomas Gahan.*
Second District—*Jos. Hernandez.*
Third District—*Rosemary Farrar.*
Fourth District—*Henry Lagarde.*

FOR JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

First Justice—*B. F. Mitchell.*
Second Justice—*C. M. Brandford.*
Third Justice—*Joseph Bernard.*
Fourth Justice—*Francois Cadenge.*
Fifth Justice—*William Pike.*
Sixth Justice—*Arthur Barrow.*
Seventh Justice—*G. W. Rutford.*

FOR CONSTABLES.

First Justice's Court—*William C. Quirk.*
Second Justice's Court—*J. A. Agelast.*
Third Justice's Court—*W. Bagleside.*
Fourth Justice's Court—*J. Bergeron.*
Fifth Justice's Court—*B. Mercadier.*
Sixth Justice's Court—*John M. Mead.*
Seventh Justice's Court—*Lord Golding.*

ALGIERS.

Collector—*Edward Wilson.*
Assessor—*G. W. Fowler.*

MR. PAUL QUETROUZE, being interested with [illegible] will sign his name for the firm
QUETROUZE & LANGSDORF.
October 1st, 1855.

Notice.

THE undersigned have formed a copartnership under the firm of E. Rouzaud & A. Vaudelle for the purpose of carrying on the business of Wines, Liquors, Preserves and Grocery at 41 Bienville street.
E. ROUAUD,
A. VAUDELLE.

Notice.

JOHN SHEFFER, one of our active salesmen, being no longer in our employ, is not authorized to do our business for us from this date.
New Orleans, Sept. 1st, 1855.
DOUBLEDY, HEZEKIA & CO.

Copartnership.

THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership, for the transaction of a General Commission and Ship Agency business.
W. BAXTER,
JOSEPH F. LOVELL.
New Orleans, October 1st, 1855.

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,
NEW ORLEANS.

THE undersigned, most respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has leased the above favorite HOTEL. During the past summer the house has been thoroughly cleaned, and otherwise improved, and will be open for the reception of guests on the 15th inst.
Rooms, $1 50 per day.
It will be kept as formerly, a first class Hotel, and I pledge myself that all possible attention shall be paid to all who may favor the Hotel with their patronage, and to make it a comfortable home to its old patrons and strangers.
CHS. L. GUNNEL.
oct 2m

CITY HOTEL,
NEW ORLEANS.

THE subscriber respectfully announces to his friends and the public generally, that this well known, favorite and old established resort has during the past summer, been completely renovated in every respect. Every improvement that suggested itself has been adopted. All necessary repairs have been promptly attended to. The parlours have been painted throughout, and fitted with new Bedsteads and elegant furniture, especially the ladies' apartments. In short, no pains have been spared in providing for the comfort of its guests, and it will be reopened on the 1st of October next.
R. S. MORSE, Proprietor.
sept11

G. M. WINTEN,
PRINTERS' WAREHOUSE,
NEW ORLEANS.
Presses, Types, Inks, Cards, Card Boards, and General Printing Materials. 1st—daily

M. KAY,
Stereotyper, Electrotyper, &c.
S Roy's row, Lafayette street, (late Davis st.,) (Rear of the Bee Office,) New Orleans.
NEWSPAPER HEADS, stereotypes of Book and Job Work; Ornaments, &c., copper lined, Leads, Slyle, &c., cast at New York prices. Time saved in copper, and Counter Dies made on short notice.
☞ Orders left at C. J. Barnes', Engraver Camp street, will be promptly attended to.
sep15 tf

REMOVAL.
DR. DUFRESNE, DENTIST,
HAS removed to No 66 ROYAL STREET, between Bienville and Conti streets, New Orleans. Office hours, from 8 o'clock, to 4 o'clock, P. M.
oct 4 tf

Great and Unprecedented.

DR. LAVILLE'S CURATIVE AND PREVENTIVE LIQUOR AND PILLS, FOR GOUT AND RHEUMATISM.

The astonished has just received per ship War tenhorst, from Havre,
525 boxes Dr. Laville's Anti Gouty Liquor;
500 do do do Pills.
When these diseases are among
The Liquor is the surest and most efficacious of all remedies ever yet discovered.
When these diseases are chronic;
The Pills are the only specific which, whilst purifying the blood, and strengthening the system, make the disease is completely cured. For sale by
EDOUARD DUPLANTIER, Agent,
Royal street, No. 140,
between Toulouse and St. Louis.

Wanted.

AT MRS. CHAUTEMEL'S Boarding, Bayou Road, between Claiborne and Derbigny streets, an American lady, to watch exclusively over the pupils, and assist in the nursery. oct 1tf

A Woman Servant Wanted.

A CREOLE BLEND, or colored Woman, who can cook, wash and iron, and is otherwise a good house servant, would be hired by the month, or by the year, in a small respectable private family, where the duties are light and pleasant. Apply to this out office, well conducted references also required. Apply at No. 46 Tchoupitoulas street, corner of Hercules. oct 1tf

Copartnership Wanted.

A GOOD Copartnership or two may procure employment by applying at No. 66 Tchoupitoulas street.

An Excellent Bargain:
Furniture of the Steamboat Messenger.
A PRIVATE SALE.
The Lease will be Renewed.

THE above establishment, Chartres street, No. 146, is favorably known to the friends and customers of the house, and to country traders can be made very profitable.
For terms, apply on the premises, or at No. 16 Carondelet, up stairs.
L. TROSCLAIR.
oct 1tf

Notice.

ALL persons having claims against the co-partnership of DESAUTELS & DUPLANTIER, will present the same within ten days, from the date hereof, to the undersigned.
E GIQUEL, Surviving Partner.
oct 1tf 18 Chartres st.

AUCTION NOTICE.
L. A. LEVY, Jr.

HEREBY informs his friends that having commenced the business of Commission, he has taken the store No. 72 GRAVIER STREET, and is prepared to receive and sell all kinds of merchandise, and he gives his attention to our clear sales.
oct 1tf

REMOVAL.

JULES BOISSY, dealer in Perfumery and Paintings of all kinds, and Re-Dresser, has removed to the corner of CHARTRES and BIENVILLE streets.
oct 1

CITY HOTEL.

EDD DE FUENTES & CO. have removed from No. 28 to No. 90 Old Levee.
oct 1m

CHAMPAGNE.—125 baskets vs. Cliquot Champagne, in store and for sale by
WINE.—1,000 boxes direct wine receivers 800 do d do, just landing, 200 do do superior, 300 do white wine, Sauternes and Haut