THE NEW ORLEANS DAILY BEE
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TERMS OF THE BEE.

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Semi-Weekly Edition!
TERMS—PER YEAR.....$5

NEW ORLEANS:
FRIDAY MORNING, NOV 19, 1869.

TRY GEORGE ALUES' CIGARS,
85.....Rampart Street 185

Amusements This Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—Benefit of Miss Susan Galton—Marriage by Lantern" and "The Village Doctor."
VARIETIES THEATRE—Benefit of Miss Rachel Johnson—"The Hunchback."

NEW SPRINGHILL COLLEGE.

We announce as in another column the reopening of Springhill College. Only a few months ago, it was our painful duty to inform the public of the total destruction by fire—in a few hours—of that time honored institution, and behold, contrary to all expectation, it is already our pleasant task to announce the approaching completion of the new college. Spring in fine array presents itself from its ashes, and the new building surpasses the old in beauty and extent. The circumstances under which the work was begun were, owing to pecuniary difficulties most discouraging, and it required more than ordinary enterprise and energy to undertake and prosecute it. But Springhill had been during thirty years the favored educational resort of a large section of our Southern youth, the cherished alma-mater of many of our best and ablest citizens, there, while drinking deep draughts at the fonts of literature and science, their hearts had been trained to the love of virtue; there under men whom they respected as teachers and loved as fathers, they had found the salutary discipline of the college and the family-spirit of their own homes; there was the scene of their early literary contests, of their first buoyant hopes, of heartfelt joys and pleasures which come not again on this side of the grave; the existence of that college was therefore, for many, linked with inestimable associations and was the pledge of their extension to their children; its memories were bound up with associations and feelings which address themselves to all that is noble and good in our nature. It was one of those things which men unwillingly suffer to die.

And so the sympathy evoked by the disaster was deep and widespread, and this together with the encouragement of friends and patrons emboldened the college faculty to undertake the rebuilding of Springhill. The result is the noble structure which now crowns the heights above Mobile, and which is unsurpassed by any similar building in the South. It is a solid brick construction, 310 feet in length, with three large projections, surmounted by a handsome cupola and cross. The style is chaste and simple; convenience, space and perfect adaptation to educational purposes, rather than excess of ornament have been kept in view. His knowledge of the former establishment and his acquaintance with its defects have enabled the ancient authority to attain to all of these. The east wing is already prepared for the reception of students, and the professors will temporarily occupy one of the adjoining buildings. The new college occupies, in great part, the foundations of the old and, though of the same height, has only three instead of four stories. Accordingly the apartments are large, airy and well-ventilated, and in order to avoid all danger of fire for the future, the house will be tested throughout, by means of a new steam apparatus, which is at present in course of construction. The museum, which contained a rare and valuable collection, and the large college library were entirely destroyed, but the Professors are making every effort, aided by friends here and in Europe, to replace them on their former footing. The faculty is complete, and consists of men tried abilities and long experience in education in this country. The building, when completed, will cost $100,000—one hundred thousand dollars; The faculty possess at present no adequate means to meet the heavy responsibility. They assumed it solely in the interests of Christian education, and for the public good. Those who know them best, know too that their position precludes all those motives of private interest, which ordinarily prompt such enterprises. The whole scope of the work is therefore eminently national, national, too, in another sense, for the youth of all denominations are admitted to its halls. It consequently claims the sympathy and support of all. To this sympathy the latter will now be obliged to appeal. They have not done so hitherto, to any considerable extent; they chose rather to wait, in order to be able to point to a standing substantial claim on public generosity. These men have devoted their labor and their lives for many years to the public good of the South; they have educated our youth—how well let their scholars attest, hundreds of whom have gone patriotic soldiers to the camp fire and the battle field; many dirested from posts of trust and peril. Surely, every Southern man who has the means should consider it a point of honor to contribute his mite in order that they may meet their liabilities. But their chief reliance must clearly be the patronage of those who will entrust their children to their care. That they should be considerable, their name and known experience as instructors, and the efficiency of their new colleges, fully entitle them to expect. We add, for the benefit of those who have not seen Springhill, that the college is 150 feet in hundred and fifty above sea-level, situated on a dry sandy soil, in the midst of extensive pine forests, and enjoys an atmosphere proverbially pure and bracing, and an abundant supply of excellent spring water. Within the college grounds is a small lake supplied by a pure spring, in which the students bathe in summer. The college commands a picturesque view of Mobile Bay and the surrounding scenery, and the situation on the whole is unsurpassed in beauty and healthfulness by any other in the South.

We conclude by expressing a wish that a support and patronage proportioned to their merits may crown the labors and enterprise of the men who have built the new Springhill College.

DEATH OF CAPTAIN THOMAS URE.—This well known and popular steamboatman, we regret to announce, died suddenly, on Tuesday 16th inst., of apoplexy, at the age of 44 years, on board the steamboat B. L. Hodge, coast packet running hence to Donaldsonville.

Capt Ure has been a steamboatman in the coast trade for twenty years or upwards. His pleasant countenance, sonorous voice and hearty grasp of the hand have been familiar acquaintances at every landing between New Orleans and Baton Rouge, although his trade did not usually extend so high. Affable in his manners and liberal in his dealings, Capt Ure made friends wherever he went. By them, his jolly Scotch face, bursting with health and overflowing with amiability, will be greatly missed. He had visited different parts of the world in his early days, and was fond of relating his adventures. Capt. Ure was a native of Scotland and a younger brother of Capt James H. Ure, of this city, formerly commander of the Gipsy, Cahawba and other fine coast packets, in the days that are gone. His remains, followed by a large concourse, were placed in the tomb yesterday afternoon.

MURDER IN ST. CHARLES PARISH.—We take from the *Times* of yesterday evening the following facts:

About half past ten o'clock on Wednesday night Mr. Urain Zeringue, a prominent planter of St Charles parish, was brutally murdered on his plantation at nineteen mile post, by a negro. Attracted by the barking of his dogs Mr Zeringue, who is quite an old gentleman, a few minutes before the murder, called his son and the two went out to ascertain the cause of the alarm. Advancing towards the fields they came suddenly upon three negroes, in the act of killing a steer belonging to the place. One of the negroes, seeing them advance, raised a gun and fired at Mr Zeringue, second. The ball penetrated his heart, passing entirely through his body. Death was of course instantaneous. The negroes at once fled and succeeded in escaping. Great excitement through the parish was created by the occurrence, and pursuit of the murderer was at once entered upon.

Mr. Zeringue leaves a widow and six children. In his death St. Charles loses one of its worthiest citizens.

What It Is Not And What It Is—These truths are self-evident. PHALON'S VITALIA OR SALVATION FOR THE HAIR is neither snake like molasses, nor muddy like a sutler puddle. It only restores to contrary a genial fluid, clear limpid, aromatic, harmless, and will restore to gray hair, whiskers, beards and moustaches their original color as certainly as sunshine melts the snow. It is in

Thanks to the officers and agents of steamship Saxonia, from Hamburg, for late European papers.

The New Orleans Bee.

OFFICE 73 CHARTRES STREET. NEW ORLEANS, FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 19, 1869. 43d YEAR—Vol. XLIII.—Whole—14,909

AMUSEMENTS.

THE FRENCH OPERA—"Lucie de Lammermoor" drew a large house last night. Miss Dupuy personated *Lucia* and rendered the beautiful passages of that character in an artistic manner. She was warmly applauded. Miss Dupuy was efficiently supported by Mr. Michot and Mr. Demestre. "Lucie" will be repeated on Saturday evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—To-night is fixed for the farewell benefit of Miss Susan Galton, leading artiste of the Galton Comic English Opera Troupe, which, in conjunction with the celebrated trapeze artistes, the De Lave Sisters, have played a very successful engagement at the Academy during the past two weeks. It should be borne in mind, too, that to-morrow soon will be the last Galton matinée this season.

Monday evening the beautiful and celebrated Worrell Sisters, who so enchantingly entertained the patrons of the Academy last season, are to make their first appearance, when will be presented the brilliant spectacular burlesque of "Sinbad the Sailor." There are to be three of the sisters this season; instead of two as last year, and the company has besides been considerably improved.

The selections for this evening are Offenbach's operettas, "The Village Paddler," and "Marriage by Lantern." Miss Blanche Galton is the first and Miss Susan Galton in the latter. The De Laves as usual on the trapeze.

VARIETIES THEATRE.—The beautiful and accomplished artiste, Miss Rachel Johnson, is to have a grand farewell benefit to-night at the Varieties, when will be presented Knowles' great play of "The Hunchback," in which the beneficiary, in her popular role of *Julia*, will be assisted by manager Floyd himself in that of *Master Walter*. The performances will conclude with Brougham's eccentric drama, "The Irish Emigrant," in which Miss Johnson, as an unusual role for her, will, for this occasion only, appear as *Polly Boleskin* to Mr. Floyd's characteristic sketch of *The Emigrant*, or *Tim O'Brien*. With the combination of such talents in two popular pieces the assembling there can be no doubt that the entertainment will be of superb character.

At the matinée to-morrow noon we are to have Miss Johnson and Mr. Floyd again, in the dramatization of Dickens' "Oliver Twist."

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.—To night Mr. Mc Donough, who is filling a flattering engagement at the St. Charles, appears for his benefit, and the last time but one, in his popular personation of the character of *Walter Coram*, in Bourcicault's and Byron's wonderful sensational play "Lost at Sea," in which he is admirably assisted by Misses Gray and Boniface, in their respective roles, and Miss Hill in the difficult role of the chief villain in the remarkable plot in the play, the character *Rachel Gray*. The play is admirably presented, the fire scene being especially natural and thrilling. The following are the principal queries of the play: "Lost at Sea"—Hungerford Bridge, Thames Embankment and Railroad Bridge—Run Off the Bank—The House on Fire! Caged! Caged! Great Fire Scene—Fire Won't Burn Him, Water Won't Drown Him—Grand Denouement.

Remember, there will be a "Lost at Sea" matinée to-morrow noon at the St. Charles.

THE CRESCENT CITY CIRCUS.—The popular circus will give to-night an exhibition at Gretna, and will make, afterwards, a roaming trip into the country. Our cotemporary, the *Times*, pays to Mr Charles W. Noyes the following deserved compliment, which we take pleasure in republishing:

One of Charley Noyes' possesses, in perfection, the natural and administrative skill of a real Manager—must one of those who spend lavishly immense sums to secure horses resemble—if those who dispose largely and find their expenses made good, to a splendid show and full receipts. Now that the Crescent City Circus has given its last representation, for some months, in the city in which it was first organized, we send it off with every good wish, based upon a personal knowledge of the high character of the talent involved in it. We send off the proprietor, Mr. Charley Noyes, as being a true friend, an admirable business manager, and a purveyor of delights to that great patron, the Public and as having secured in himself, and the excellence of the Crescent City Circus, a first award for the fidelity and zeal which he has applied to its success. Wherever it may go—to west point nearer of the compass—to the East, South or West, we send the C. C's greeting.

CRESCENT CITY MUSEUM.—The lovers of the curious and wonderful in art and nature are again reminded that the popular Museum, Nos. 30 and 32 St. Charles street, has been reopened by the enterprising proprietor, Col. Ames, who has already gathered together these numerous objects to interest the public, and will shortly add other novel attractions to his large stock. A other novel attractions to his large stock. A rather large and interesting collection of birds and other animals, and numerous birds of rare and beautiful plumage, there are at present on exhibition at the Museum two mammoth specimens of human avordupois, Miss Mary Jane Powers, the Kentucky giantess, who "turns the beam at 782 pounds," and Master John H Powers, another healthy specimen of only "51 pounds weight." Then too, there are the Albino Sisters, genuine albinos, of white parents, with full suite of peculiar white hair, pink eyes, and a generally pecular appearance.

The Museum is open daily from 8 A. M to 10 P. M. Admission 50 cents, children half price.

ROLLER SKATING.—Skating on rollers, we notice, is a growing attraction, causing hundreds of our finest young men and maids a few hours of pleasant exercise during the beautiful and healthful art under the superior teaching of Mr. St Clair, whose services have been engaged by Messrs Lawrence & Co., at their school of instruction in the Mechanics' Institute, on Dryades street. Instruction free.

The evening assemblies are from 7½ to 10 P. M. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Gentlemen's matinée for practice are from 7 to 9½ Tuesday and Thursday evenings. To-morrow there will be a matinée from 9 to 12 M. for children. Admission 25 cents.

NOYES' CIRCUS.—This fine circus exhibits to-night in Gretna, for the last time, after which Mr. Noyes will pull stakes, we presume, for some other quarter of the State. Wherever he goes the public may be sure of an entertainment worth their money.

From Washington.

Washington correspondents to Western papers write as follows:

THE YERGER CASE:

It is learned that, with the substantial concurrence of the administration, counsel have agreed that the Yerger case shall not be argued on the pending petition for *habeas corpus*. The Attorney General, in common with all the members of the Supreme Court bar, feel confident that the court, having decided that it had jurisdiction in the case, will decide in the petition that portion of the reconstruction laws unconstitutional which provides for the trial of Yerger by military commission. Rather than have such a decision made the Administration is willing that the sentence of Yerger shall remain in the President's hands until Mississippi is reconstructed, when the prisoner can be turned over to a civil court. He will probably thus make the plea that he has been once tried for his life and cannot, under the Constitution of the United States, be again put in jeopardy.

THE TEXAS CASES.

Representatives of the Texas cases, where one man is under sentence of death by military commission, and others have been sent to prison by the same authority, are not likely to abide by this understanding unless it applies to them. The administration will probably concede the point and make the same disposition of all the cases when Texas is reconstructed.

DESTRUCTIVE IMAGINATION.

Washington, Nov. 15.—Notwithstanding the President's general reticence on public matters, he has, within a day or two, opened up one or two important matters. He talked very freely on Friday last with Senator Wilson on the prospective legislation of Congress, and to-day stated to a gentleman that he should advise, in his annual message, the consolidation of the debt into a 4% per cent. loan, and recommend that Congress do not change the present rate of taxation. The revenue now derived, if kept up for a year or so more, would tend, he said, to reducing the principal of the debt.

THE ALABAMA CLAIMS.

It is ascertained, in further confirmation of a recent paragraph in these dispatches, that letters from Minister Motley, read last week at the State Department, clinch the question of the resumption of negotiations for the settlement of the Alabama claims. He will be able to for the occasion was prepared by Mrs Col Ewing, however, is now ready to open regular matters, which he has negotiated within the last three months

GRANT ON SPECIE PAYMENTS

New York, Nov 15.—It is understood that the President considers the present condition of our finances most favorable to a speedy return to specie payments, and in his forthcoming message will urge such action. Thomas W. Conway, President; G. W. Gantt, Jasper W. Blackburn, E. W. Pierce, J. R. West, E. Madison, all white, and John Turner and V. E. Macarthy, colored.

The City Board, who are endeavoring, through the agency of the Legislature, to get control of the schools of the city, is composed of the following appointees of Governor Warmoth: S. A. Stockdale, E. Heath, R. K. Doane, Henry C. Dibble, Rev. Mr. Heinz and J. S. Whittaker, all white, and Lewis Bandy, colored.

The Savannah Board have made over 1000 appointments of various kinds in the State.

We understand that it has been generally determined to allow the establishment of separate schools for the races until March 1st, 1870.

Bulls—We are indebted to the committee of invitation for tickets to a grand *soirée dansante* to be given by the Young Men's Excelsior Hook and Ladder Company, at the Lyceum Company Hall, on Thursday evening Nov 25.

We are also indebted to the Southern Commerce Convention for an invitation to attend their first grand ball and supper, which is to be given at Odd Fellow's Hall on Saturday Dec 11.

Also, to Messrs J Sadosky and J Kornberg, of the New Orleans Turnegemeinde, for tickets to the grand ball to be given by that society, on the evening of Nov. 20th, at the new Turn Hall, corner of Dryades and Lafayette street.

Sudden Death—A man named Peter Noulen, apparently in excellent health, dropped dead, Saturday evening, on Erato street, between Chippewa and Tchoupitoulas streets. He subposed from heart disease. The Coroner was notified and held an inquest on the body.

Accidental Shooting—About 7 P. M. Waddes day night a fire broke out in a kitchen on the premises of Mr. P. Bullock, at the corner of Orleans street and Nashville avenue, Jefferson, which resulted in the partial destruction of the building. As it was progressing, the owner believes the place was fired by an incendiary.

The Queen of Spain.

AN INTERVIEW WITH THE ROYAL EXILE.

[correspondence of the *Home Journal*.]

On a sultry afternoon, I found myself, gravaled walks extend to the water's edge, and commanding a fine view of the bay, is situated, at No. 19 Rue Princesse (a superb of Louvre), Mon Desir, the Chateau of Queen Christine of Spain. It is a large square building, with a chapel attached, and hemmed in on the city side by a high wall, which runs down to the water. The mother of Spain and her suite passed the summer, and here, a few weeks ago, I had a pleasant interview with Her Majesty. When I arrived at the gate of the lodge, a neatly dressed, youthful blonde leaned forth, bearing in her arms a deep mulatto baby of about three years old, and called by Her Majesty's maid, wonly-headed responsibilities. "My husband," she said, with a pleasing smile, "will be here in an instant to open the gate." During the interim the time specified settled in my mind the Queen's opinion on the subject of amalgamation. At length, the latcher of Spain I had never before seen. Showing me into a room of unblemished ivory, he opened the gate, and I proceeded up a broad graveled walk, leading through the frontage of palms to the door of the chateau.

OLD QUEEN-MOTHER CHRISTINA.

When midway the ground, I met the intendant, who received me gracious-ly, and escorted me to the entrance of Mon Desir, whence a valet in livery conducted me in the boudoir of Her Majesty, on the second story. The Queen with whom the intendant had arranged my interview the day before, was seated at the bay-window of the room, reading the *Journal de Victor Hugo*. She received me with a pleasant smile, and pointed to a *fauteuil* near her chair; to which she replied in the French she touched upon the late difficulties in Spain, and the dethronement of her daughter, which facts are well known to the reported here.

"My people," she said, "were very loyal at heart, but they are like an ocean children who are pleased for a moment, and then they are angry. I have no sorrow, and then they are angry. I have no sorrow, and bells it will be reunited, and the usurpers driven from Spain through seas of blood. You were in the world with us, but may be."

"And if she be not reunited, will she abdicate in favor of her son?" I asked.

"Never, never!" while I live!" she replied, with an expression of firmness that would have done credit to Nero.

In conclusion, her Majesty informed me that Isabella II. was expected at Deauville late next day, and that if I desired to see her she would arrange an interview. I thanked her Majesty for so much condescension, and took my departure.

ISABELLA AT THE BATH.

Trouville is a pretty little goodness of a city, seated in a cove on the opposite side of the bay to Lower Normandie, about half an hour's sail from Havre. It is neat, reobrobe, extremely well-bred; and numbers among its sumpter guests the elite of Europe. Its place is very favorable to the comfort of dainty bathers. It is safe, sublime, and warm. A few days after my interview with the Queen-mother, I went to Trouville to try the virtues of its tepid waters, and to get another peep at royalty. Prince Napoleon and Isabella II. and her suite were at the Hotel Normandie, which rendered that establishment the center of attraction. In the afternoon of the day of my arrival I repaired to the place to enjoy its gentle surf, and there saw Isabella II. take her bath, just like other mortals. In her white bathing-dress, and her long, black, unbound tresses, she seemed to me much prettier than her pictures represent her. The next morning I reminded her intendant of Queen Christina's promise, and was told that her Majesty the Queen of Spain had already received a communication from her mother, recommending me to her highness' consideration, and that she would see me any morning between one and two.

ISABELLA IN THE BOUDOIR.

The next day at one I was ushered into the presence of Isabella II., who has fall from a throne had enlisted my warmest sympathies. Her Majesty was attired in a plain black silk; with a single red rose in her black hair. She received me with a sweet smile, and, as soon as I was seated, referred to the letter of her mother, recommending me to her Majesty's kindly consideration. The conversation then naturally turned on the past, present, and future of Spain on which she spoke with more fervor and depth of thought than I had supposed her capable. Her views on the loyalty of her people and the causes of their estrangement were not unlike those of her mother. She believes that she will be recalled, but, in case she shall not be, she has firmly resolved never to abdicate, and never to set foot in her native land. She expressed with great warmth of feeling, her gratitude for the kindness she had received from the French Emperor, and his people generally, since she had been an exile in France. I left her Majesty with a much higher opinion of the qualities of her mind and heart than I had entertained before my interview.

BY TELEGRAPH.

[To the New Orleans Bee.]

FROM WASHINGTON.

A French War Vessel Ordered to Join in the Honors to Mr. Peabody's Remains.

Trouble Apprehended with the Indians Next Spring.

Fatal Effects of the Gale in Hudson, New York.

Fatal Railroad Collision in Canada

Mississippi State Fair to be Continued

FROM EUROPE.

Miscellaneous Intelligence.

MISCELLANEOUS INTELLIGENCE.

New York, Nov. 18.—The investigation yesterday of the case of the privateer Florida, shows that the coal was unfit for use, and vindicates Commodore Higgins.

Hudson, N. Y., Nov. 18.—There was a violent gale here last night. Many boats broke from the Hudson road was blown down an embankment; one sailed and several seriously injured. The Hudson River Railroad was imposed her capable. Her views on the loyalty of her people and the causes of their estrangement were not unlike those of her mother. She believes that she will be recalled, but, in case she shall not be, she has firmly resolved never to abdicate, and never to set foot in her native land. She expressed with great warmth of feeling, her gratitude for the kindness she had received from the French Emperor, and his people generally, since she had been an exile in France. I left her Majesty with a much higher opinion of the qualities of her mind and heart than I had entertained before my interview.

Saratoga—About 6 o'clock yesterday morning, Mrs Cobb, residing on Broome street, between John and St Joseph, was roused by the cries of her children. The roof of her house was on fire, and before it could be extinguished she was seriously injured.

Excursion on the Jackson Railroad—Saturday evening and Sunday morning excursion trains will run between Jackson and New Orleans for the accommodation of Mr. H. Carlton, No. 61 Franklin street, who is assisted by a black man, supposed to be Jack Davis, and found in a pile of sand a pair of pants. The family were in bed at the time.

*Canada