The New-Orleans Bee.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF GENERAL COUNCIL.......NEW-ORLEANS, TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 29, 1848.

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TERMS OF THE BEE.

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[illegible]

The New-Orleans Daily Bee.

Tuesday Morning, Feb. 29, 1848.

☞ In consequence of a derangement of our printing press, the subscribers to the Bee received their paper yesterday at a later hour than usual. We hope to remedy this inconvenience in a day or two, and, in the meanwhile, ask the indulgence of our readers.

THE NORTHERN MAIL failed yesterday from beyond Mobile.

☞ We understood, at a late hour last night, that the Democratic or Locofoco Convention nominated DR ISIDORE LABATUT, as their candidate for Mayor, but he declined—and the Convention thereupon nominated M. M. REYNOLDS, Esq.

General Taylor and a Whig National Convention.

Two or three weeks ago we undertook, solitary and alone, among the Whig presses of the State, to convince our political brethren of the absolute necessity of being represented at the Whig National Convention which is to assemble at Philadelphia, on the 7th of June next. We endeavored to demonstrate that as friends of General TAYLOR, anxious for his success, and resolved to secure it by all honorable means, it was the bounden duty of the Whig party to do their utmost to obtain for General TAYLOR the nomination of the National Convention, and thus to ensure harmonious and united party action in his behalf. Until now, however, the public mind appeared deaf to our expositions and arguments. The Whigs of Louisiana seemed to think that their fervid attachment to General TAYLOR was quite enough to render his triumph certain; that as they refused to go into Convention, every other State would do the same, and that the people at large, by some strange and hitherto unheard of transformation, would incontinently divest themselves of all that political feeling which for twenty years has divided them into two great parties, and march to the polls with undivided [illegible]—Whigs and Democrats alike [illegible] to support ZACHARY TAYLOR.

[illegible] the [illegible] exhibiting the [illegible] these [illegible]—these [illegible] [illegible] one of [illegible] [illegible] of our views [illegible] *Bulletin* [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] Whigs [illegible] the National Convention, and prepare to sustain the nomination of Gen. TAYLOR when we feel assured it will follow, as that of the WHIG PARTY.

We hold it to be a truth which none but [illegible] visionaries will attempt to gainsay, that General TAYLOR cannot be elected unless he receives the cordial and [illegible] co-operation of [illegible] [illegible] in the country. [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] of Louisiana. It is a [illegible] fact that conventions will be held by both parties. We presume no one will affirm that Gen. TAYLOR's chance is the remotest chance of receiving the nomination of the Democratic caucus. His political principles, to say nothing of other reasons [illegible], forbid the supposition. Where then must his friends look for energetic support? To the Whig Convention. But will the Whigs, as a body, sustain him? Undoubtedly they will, if nominated—undoubtedly they won't, if his supporters refuse to bring him before the Convention and to press his claims in that assemblage. But let the Whigs speak for themselves, and we have at hand a pregnant illustration of their views. Twelve thousand Whigs met at Castle Garden, in the city of New York, on the night of the 17th [illegible] of expressing their preferences for [illegible] as the Whig candidate for the [illegible] first resolution which [illegible] was a pledge to [illegible] National Convention [illegible] Gen. TAYLOR and every [illegible] Clay Whigs will [illegible] Let Gen. TAYLOR [illegible] regard or [illegible] the choice of the Convention, and he will forfeit these votes, [illegible] of thousands more.

But to clinch the matter—to make assurance doubly sure and take a bond of fate—the Whigs have it in their power to secure to Gen. TAYLOR the only thing that is needed to render his triumph inevitable. If they will but go into convention, their favorite will, almost to a mathematical certainty, receive the nomination.—This we have proved long ago, and it is corroborated by the exceedingly impartial calculation made by the editor of the *Bulletin*. Let him have the nomination, and the party vote follows as a matter of course. Now, when we have it demonstrably in our power to secure to General TAYLOR the entire organized strength of one of the two great parties, would it not be absolute self-stultification on the part of his friends to stand aloof, and permit the Whig National Convention, through their voluntary absence, to select another. We cannot think so poorly of the intelligence of the Taylor Whigs, and we hope, with our contemporary of the *Bulletin*, [illegible] the Whig members of the Legislature will [illegible] the necessary steps to have Louisiana represented in the Convention.

☞ We find in the Baton Rouge *Advocate* a letter from Messrs F. M Hereford, Egbert Morgan, Andrew S Herron and William Hubbs, in which they respectfully beg leave to decline the appointment of delegates to the late Taylor Convention in this city, declaring that though they entertain infinite respect and regard for General TAYLOR, they cannot support him for the Presidency of the United States. Be it remembered, that these gentlemen, Messrs. Hereford, Morgan & Co., are all Locofocos. Their prompt abdication of the doubtful honor of membership in the "No-party party," is a small sample of the intentions of Locofocoism throughout the State. We wonder if the Whigs will ever learn the folly of relying on their opponents for success, or will ever acquire from experience the conviction that Locofoco pledges to Whigs, possess no intrinsic value whatever. Messrs Hereford and the rest have, in this matter, acted honestly and fairly—they do not desire to sail under false colors. But there are hundreds of their political brethren in the State, who will profess independent Taylorism—no-partyism we mean—until election day, and then quietly deposit their votes for the nominee of the Locofoco Convention at Baltimore. Forewarned is forearmed.

☞ Mr. Himes (the Millerite,) publishes that the members of his sect do not now hold to any set time for the end of this world.—They [illegible] the next in order of the prophetic [illegible] Nobody need therefore be any [illegible] distressed about the end of the world, [illegible] [illegible] in some good end.

The weather has again become bright, balmy and beautiful. March is about realizing the old adage. It will certainly come in like a lamb, and it will probably go out like a lion.

GENERAL TAYLOR'S LETTERS.—We were of opinion, says the Mobile *Herald*, that General Taylor's letters were written by Major Bliss. This opinion arose from the fact that some of his private letters have every evidence of being from some other one besides the author of his despatches. His letter to Delony is a very clumsy, ill-written affair—indeed, quite beneath even the commonest school-boy efforts in this way.—Yet, notwithstanding, his late letters have every mark of the manhood so characteristic of his despatches; and these were written after Major Bliss was far away from him in the north. We observe, too, that "Mr. Prescott Hall in a late speech in New York, stated by authority, that these important papers *were never seen by Major Bliss until he saw them in print!*"

We have read, too, some of his despatches when he was doing service as a Colonel, and these are equally vigorous, and would seem to show that in all probability the credit which has been given to the aid-de-camp rightfully belongs to the General.

DIRECT TAXATION.—THE HONEST DEMOCRACY.—The Charleston *Mercury* contains the following pithy article in reply to one of the *Union's* arguments against Mr. Wilmot's proposition for direct taxation. We wish all free trade war Democrats would come to the scratch as candidly as the *Mercury*, which, although for free trade, is no warm advocate for the war:

"The Washington *Union*, in reference to the proposition of Mr. Wilmot, in favor of direct taxation, says: "He has proposed a scheme of direct taxation, to fall, we presume, *heavily* on the slaves of the South." We are not so entirely satisfied with the course of the *Union* in relation to the South, as to be led to the condemnation of this measure, because of its ominous forebodings; nor are we altogether convinced but that a majority of the people of the South would prefer a constitutional system of direct taxation to the present method.—Be that as it may, however, we would suggest to the *Union* one reason which should make Mr. Wilmot's proposition acceptable, *at least to the Democrats*. It would convey to the minds of the *people the most definite idea of the expense of the war with Mexico, by calling directly on them for its payment*. Whether, with the aid of such light, they would *patiently* listen to the long sermons of the *Union*, on its notions of duty and patriotism, we should think more than doubtful.

Another letter from Mr. Poinsett.

The Hon. JOEL R. POINSETT has addressed a third letter to Senator BUTLER on the subject of the Mexican war. His object in this epistle, is to prove the capacity of Mexico for long continued, well organized and obstinate resistance to a war of invasion—a position which he illustrates by a brief recapitulation of the circumstances attending the desperate struggle maintained by Mexico herself, against the power and influence of Spain for twelve years, and which terminated in her emancipation from all oppressive colonial dependence. In this historical retrospect it is unnecessary to follow Mr. *Poinsett*, as there are numerous works at the command of every reader, which furnishes the same information. The deductions drawn from these facts by the writer are of importance. Mr. POINSETT, says:

Against these overwhelming influences and under every adverse circumstance, the obstinate Mexican patriots maintained sometimes an active, and at others a dogged resistance, resulting at the end of twelve years, in the complete emancipation of the country and the establishment of a free government: for the interlude of Iturbide's usurpation only proves the superior strength of republican principles among the people. I remember the day when we sympathized with these brave men, and lent them all the aid our neutral position permitted. Why we are in the [illegible] them now as a degraded race, I do not understand. The science of self government was new to them, but the republican [illegible] the most numerous and is devoted to [illegible] liberty. They overturned the throne of Iturbide and established a federal republic, which, from our example, they were induced to believe the freest of all. They overthrew the central despotism of Santa Anna. And, when the unfortunate collision between the two republics took place, had just renewed their federal compact, and were returning to well ordered government. If left to themselves, they will in a few years comprehend and practice a judicious civil polity; but if we continue to oppress them with our armies, the country will become a desert, and there is great danger of their rallying around a throne to preserve their national existence. If we consult history we shall find that monarchies have owed their origin generally to war. The existence of large armies leads to the concentration of power. The necessity of all military operations being directed by one will [illegible] facility of [illegible] money [illegible] influence [illegible] of military chieftain, tend to [illegible] freedom.

No period could be so well chosen to leave this people to work out their own freedom. Their military commanders have lost their influence from their repeated defeats; their armies have been scattered, and their arms lost or destroyed. The civil authority would be paramount and the republican party triumphant. There would be peace, my word for it, within a short time after our withdrawal, if we do not occupy any thickly settled portion of the Mexican territory.

But, if we continue to prosecute the war with vigor in the vital parts of the country, I believe that the Mexicans will display the same pertinacity in maintaining their national existence that they did in achieving it, and with the same result; not so much perhaps from their own efforts as from our return to right and honorable feeling in relation to this contest.

I have great reliance upon the sober second thoughts of the people of this country, and feel convinced that when they are awakened from their dreams of military glory and territorial aggrandizement to the contemplation of the terrible reality—of the evils they have causelessly inflicted upon others and those they suffer themselves by this unprofitable war—they will withdraw their armies and make all the reparation in their power to their weaker neighbors.

You will not be surprised, my dear sir, if I feel strongly upon this subject. The Spanish American States, incited thereto by Bolivar, were desirous to form a strict alliance, and to grant to each other especial commercial privileges. Mexico had already introduced this provision into her treaty with great Britain. With great difficulty I prevailed upon the negotiators to place us upon the footing of the most favored nation, by observing to them that they would derive more assistance from us, if attacked by any European power, than they could do from any of the Spanish American States; that the portion of America which I represented was magnanimous and just, as well as powerful; and that they had nothing to fear, but every thing to hope and expect, from the Government of the United States. They yielded the point, and, if I deceived them, it was because I was deceived myself. *Sed spero meliora.*

HOUSTONIZING.—The New York *Tribune* publishes the following letter from Washington, and affirms that the singular statement it contains is "substantially true":

WASHINGTON, Friday evening.

I have just learned something in relation to the early amicable intentions of this Administration toward Mexico. It has come out in evidence, before the committee on Military Affairs, in the Senate, that Captain Gillespie, of the army, was despatched in 1845 to Colonel Fremont, then in Upper California, with a letter in cypher, *directing the Colonel so to shape his course there as to excite a rebellion against the authority of Mexico*, of which he could take advantage so as to effect the independence of California, and prepare her for annexation to this country—in other words, to *Houstonize* it. It may not be literally true, but it seems truthlike—so far as has been known of the previous career of this Administration.

ARRIVAL OF VOLUNTEERS.—The steamer *Ne Plus Ultra*, Phillips, arrived yesterday from Cincinnati, brought down Lieut. Col. A. S. Williams, Capts. Williams, Dean and Van Arman, with 3 companies of the 1st Regiment Michigan Volunteers.

HEAVY RAIN STORM.—On the night of the 20th inst., the rain fell so heavily that the livery stable of Mr. Eckles, at Wetumpka, was undermined, and fell with a great crash. At the time of the accident, there were some twenty horses and five men in the stable. One man, named Thos. Moore, was wounded. Five horses were killed outright, and several were crippled.

GERMANS IN NEW YORK.—It is estimated that there are from fifty to sixty thousand Germans living in New York city and its suburbs. There are now in New York two German theatres under way, and prosperously conducted, where sometimes the master-pieces of Schiller, Goethe and other celebrated authors, are performed by German actors.

RARE DISINTERESTEDNESS.—Rev. Mr. Kendall, of Verona, New York, who has a salary of $600, has received a call from the Spring Street Church in New York city, with a salary of $1,500, and although very earnestly pressed to accept the city pulpit, has declined absolutely.

HOUSE BURNT BY A CAT.—A house in Juniata township, Penn., was burnt recently by a cat. A burning ember fell on the back of puss, who ran up to the garret and threw it into a heap of flax.

THE MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.—We understand that the Telegraph between this City and Mobile, will be put in operation to-day.

☞ A rival to Tom Thumb has made her appearance in the person of a Cuban girl, eleven years of age, and weighing fifteen pounds.

LEGISLATURE OF LOUISIANA.

In Senate.

MONDAY, February 2[illegible], 1847.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment Hon. Trasimon Landry, Lieutenant-Governor, in the chair—28 Senators present.

The Assistant Secretary of the Senate informed the House of the concurrence of this body in the following bills: an act for the relief of James L. Mayfield; and an act to give to the Police Jury of the parish of Carroll full power over the regulation, construction and repair of roads and levees in said parish; giving the undertaker of works done on levees and roads a lien in certain cases, and to repeal all laws in force on this subject in said parish.—The Secretary also informed the House of the concurrence of the Senate, with amendments to the body and title of the bill to establish an interchange system in the 14th and 15th Judicial Districts, the parishes of Calcasieu and Vermillion excepted; and requested the concurrence of the House in said amendments.

The act to establish additional military divisions and brigades, and to provide for the appointment of certain officers, and the act to amend the Constitution of the State, in relation to the election of all Judges by the people, were both transmitted to the House for concurrence.

Mr. Waddill introduced a bill for the relief of A. Derivas, of the parish of Avoyelles. It was referred to the Committee on Claims.

On motion of Mr. Richardson, the bill to provide for the organization of Corporations, for Insurance Companies, Fire Companies, and Companies for purposes of Internal Improvement, was taken up; and on a further motion, it was laid over subject to call.

The bill to appropriate a sum of money for the purpose of making a levee through the Bogue Chitto swamp, at Joseph Litchworth's bridge, in the parish of St Tammany, was taken up, amended, read a third time and finally passed.

Mr. May introduced a bill to amend the act establishing Free Public Schools in the State. It was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

On motion of Mr. Reynolds, the Senate took up the bill to establish a Bureau of Statistics. Said bill underwent its second reading, pending which, on motion of Mr. McWhorter, it was referred to a Special Committee of three members, composed of Messrs. McWhorter, Reynolds and Kenner, with instructions to enquire to which of the two officers, the Secretary of State or State Treasurer, the duties of the office would more properly belong, and so to amend the bill as to make the prescribed duties devolve upon one or the other of these two officers.

After the disposal of sundry other local bills, the Senate adjourned.

House of Representatives.

The House met pursuant to adjournment.—Hon. Preston W. Farrar in the Chair—69 members present.

Several bills were transmitted to the House by the Secretary of the Senate.

Several petitions, memorials and resolutions of enquiry were presented and appropriately referred.

The following relief bills were afterwards acted upon, and passed through their second reading, viz: "an Act for the relief of David Arcott;" "an Act for the relief of Rice and Clark;" "an Act for the relief of P. M. Bertin;" "an act for the relief of James Poydras;" "an act for the relief of H. M. Labat." The act for the relief of Gaston Brune was, after a short discussion, referred to the Committee on Printing.

On motion, the House took up for a second reading the bill for the relief of Athanas Armand and Joseph Guenard, two veterans of 1814-15. The same being read, on motion, the House formed itself into a Committee of the whole for its consideration, Mr. Pike being called to the chair. After some time, the Committee rose, and the chairman, Mr. Pike, reported the same back to the House with amendments. Said report was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Hall, the House took up at its second reading the Senate resolutions to open a communication between Lake Latourche and Lac des Allemands in the parish of Lafourche Interior. It was read and passed.

Various reports emanating from the several standing Committees were made, recommending the passage of different local bills; all of which underwent their first reading.

The House next took up the bill to provide for the organization of corporations in the State, for the purpose of internal improvements. Mr. Bienvenu, of St. Bernard, observed to the House that, as there was but a thin attendance of the members present, and as the bill is of the utmost importance to the State at large, he would move its postponement until Wednesday next. Said motion was rejected.

After a considerable discussion, the whole bill passed through its second reading; and, on motion, it was ordered that it be engrossed for its third reading to-morrow.

The House then adjourned.

Messrs. Editors of the Bee,

GENTLEMEN—The following memorial or petition, has been presented to the House of Representatives, on yesterday, in opposition to a resolution offered by the Honorable DERBES the member of the Parish of St. Martin.

Please, Messrs Editors, give a place in the columns of the *Bee*, to the following document, and oblige yours, very respectfully

P. BURON,
Attorney for David Cousin.

New Orleans, February 29th, 1848

To the Honorable the President and Members of the House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in General Assembly, Convened:—

The memorial of David Cousin, of the City of New Orleans, Testamentary Executor of the last Will and Testament of Antoine General, deceased, master of the Statu Liber Louis:—Respectfully represents:

That on Friday, 25th instant, the Honorable Derbes, Representative of the Parish of St Martin, has presented a Bill to this honorable house, having for effect to dispense the said Statu Liber, with some requisites prescribed by law, in order to be able to obtain his freedom.

Memorialist further shows, that he is by law, the proper person to petition either this honorable body, or the City Council of Municipality No. 2, where he resides, for the emancipation of said Statu Liber, or for a dispense of the term defined by law for the said emancipation; see Bullard's Digest, Page 429, Act of March 9th, 1807, Section 6th.

Petitioner further shows, that he opposes the prayer of the Statu Liber Louis, because said Slave has runaway, is insolent towards the white persons of this State, and further, because the said Statu Liber Louis has committed an assault in the City of New Orleans, on a white person; the whole, your Memorialist is willing and ready to prove before any Committee this honorable house will please to appoint.

Petitioner further represents that the said Louis Statu Liber, through the agency of Hughes Pedesclaux, Esq., has sued for his liberty before the Honorable the First District Court of New Orleans, that the case is now at issue between the said Louis and your petitioner, since about three months; that on Thursday the 24th inst., the Court had permitted said plaintiff to file a supplemental petition, in which he alledges that he was born in the State of Louisiana, which allegation is untrue, because the deceased Antoine General, purchased the slave Louis from one Mr. Collier, residing in Richmond, State of Virginia. The whole can be proved if necessary and required.

Petitioner represents that the Statu Liber remains under the condition of a slave, and is subject to the authority of your petioner until he shall have obtained his liberty through a due course of law. (See Civil Code, Art. 37.)

Your petitioner will be permitted to say that the Statu Liber Louis, is welcome to his liberty if he can establish the right to his freedom before the Honorable the First District Court of New Orleans, where he has filed his petition to assert his rights, since the month of October last; but petitioner is in duty bound, and under the imperative obligation to oppose the proceedings had before this Honorable House on the grounds, that such an act as prayed for by the member from St. Martin, would silence Article 185 of the Civil Code, and other Statutes relative to the emancipation of slaves and Statu Liber; and moreover, because the proceeding has a tendency to favor abolitionism, and is calculated to surprise the religion of this Honorable Assembly. The whole is respectfully submitted.

☞ There is a letter in town from General Taylor, in which he reiterates his preference for Henry Clay, and admits that in early life he had been a Jeffersonian Democrat; but that it now would appear to him that the Whigs of the present day were much more akin to the Jeffersonian Democracy of those days than the Democrats of the present Democratic Administration. I think that the consequence of this declaration will be the nomination of General Taylor by the Whig National Convention, and that General Taylor, though he will not allow himself to be the candidate of a party, will accept it.—*Corr. & Enq. Corres.*

THE ASPIRATED "H."—Miss Crawford says she wrote one line in her song, "Kathleen Mavourneen," for the express purpose of confounding the Cockney warblers, who sing it thus;

"The 'orn of the 'unter is 'eard on the 'ill."

But Moore has laid the same trap in the "Wood-pecker:"

"A 'art that is 'umble might 'ope for it 'ere."

And the Elephant confounds them the other way; for, though no [illegible], yet he has a spare rhyme now and then [illegible] it suits him:

"A helephant heavily beats at his hease
"Hunder humbrageous humbrella trees."

[*Nat. Int.*

"SUITING THE ACTION."—A lawyer, engaged in a case of assault and battery, was cross-examining a witness in relation to the force of a blow struck:

"What kind of a blow was given?"
"A blow of the common kind."
"Describe the blow."
"I am not good at description."
"Show me what kind of a blow it was."
"I cannot."
"You must."
"I wont."

The lawyer appealed to the Court. The Court told the witness that if the counsel insisted upon his showing what kind of a blow it was, he must do so.

"Do you insist upon it?" asked the witness.
"I do."

"Well, then, since you compel me to show you, it was this kind of a blow," at the same time suiting the action to the word, and knocking over the astonished disciple of Coke upon Littleton.

City Intelligence.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT.—There was no criminal trial yesterday before Judge McHenry. The District Attorney entered a nolli prosequi in the case of Antonio Cobos, Jacques St. Martin, William Haskell, f. m. c., and Garcia, charged with entering, in the night time a vessel, and with committing a burglary.

RECORDER RAMOS.—Nothing of any interest transpired yesterday before the committing magistrate of the First Municipality. The case of Baptiste Bagaie, charged with having fraudulently obtained from a young lad named Frank F. Baldo, a sum of twenty-five cents, was thoroughly investigated before Recorder Ramos. The prisoner was discharged for want of sufficient evidence.

COUNCIL OF MUNICIPALITY No. ONE.—The Council met last evening. Recorder Ramos in the Chair.

A report from the Health Committee was read and accepted.

An invitation from the Fire Department to attend, on the 4th of March next, the celebration of their anniversary, was unanimously accepted.

A petition from Robert Murphy, the lessee of the Algiers Ferry, in relation to his rights, was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

A resolution to authorize the Mayor to discharge twenty-eight slaves who are now employed in cleaning the streets and digging the gutters, was, after debate, adopted by a vote of 6 yeas to 5 nays.

The Chairman of the Improvement Committee reported an amendment to Mr. Dupre's resolution relative to the paving of Esplanade street, from Claiborne to Johnson streets, suggesting that sealed proposals be advertised for until the second Monday in March, to perform that work. It gave rise to a protracted debate, and was finally rejected by 7 yeas to 4 nays. It required two-thirds to pass such a resolution—true democratic doctrine indeed!

After transacting sundry other local matters the Council adjourned.

THIRD MUNICIPALITY COUNCIL.—The Council met last evening for the transaction of the weekly business. Recorder Seuzeneau in the Chair.

The Mayor, through the medium of a message, transmitted to the Council a copy of a resolution passed by the General Council, directing the several Municipalities to pay to Mr. Jerome Bayon, editor of the Louisiana Courier, the sum of $99 for printing done in June and May last. Referred to the Finance Committee.

The Secretary read a letter from Mr Henry Beer, the Grand Marshal of the Firemen's Association, inviting the members to attend the celebration of their anniversary, on the 4th March next. Said invitation was unanimously accepted.

A communication from Chs. Cavelier, the Secretary of the General Council, was read, transmitting a copy of a resolution passed by that body in reference to the rent or purchase of such suitable buildings on the Levee, between the Ursuline Convent and the U. S. Barracks. The same was deposited on the table subject to call.

A letter from Mr. Joachim Viosca, in reference to the opening of Claiborne street through his property, was referred to the Finance Committee.

A communication from the Comptroller of the Second Municipality, asking the settlement of an account amounting to $9508 30, was referred to the Finance Committee, with instruction to report at the next sitting.

Several letters emanating from different individuals, were, on motion of Alderman Mechan, indefinitely laid on the table.

A letter from Mr. Charles Markeen, asking permission to open a public ball room on the Levee, near St. Ferdinand street, was referred to the delegation of the third ward. The Council then adjourned.

A NEW MODE OF SPECULATION.—On Sunday evening last, at about ten o'clock, a woman named Preston, accompanied by two other individuals, went into the premises of Mr Samuel Feulon, situated on Mandeville street, 3d Municipality, for the purpose of executing a money-making idea. She told Mr. Feulon, that he had committed a robbery, and that she had come with two police officers to arrest him. Mr. Feulon, thinking really that they were police officers, gave himself up without resistance; but as soon as he was out of his room, the two pretended police officers assaulted and beat him in a most unmerciful manner and forcibly took from his person, a sum of one dollar and thirty five cents. The woman Preston, was yesterday, arrested by officer A. Roth of the Third Municipality police. The other two scoundrels are not yet arrested.

A WATCHMAN ASSAULTED BY A NEGRO.—On Saturday evening last, a watchman of the Third Municipality, was assaulted by a negro whom he was trying to arrest at the corner of Good Children and Marigny streets. The watchman seized his club and hit the fellow, wounding him severely on the head. The negro was conveyed to his master's house in a senseless condition.

ARREST OF A DOG.—We noticed yesterday in the police book of the Third Municipality the arrest of a dog, at the request of [illegible] Deietra, who charges this animal with having bitten on the cheek, a young girl named [illegible] Morales, at the corner of Victory and [illegible] men streets. After a careful investigation of the dog's case, the dangerous animal was delivered over to its owner. The wound of the girl is but trifling.

THE ALLEGHANIANS.—This most excellent band of Singers have a complimentary concert tendered to them, this evening, at the Armory Hall, as will be seen by the following correspondence. There will certainly be a crowd, and a good time too.

Tickets can be had at the following places: E. A. Tyler's, 38 Camp street; Sale & Co's new book store, 17 St. Charles street; R. L. Bruce's, 11 Camp street; Mayo's music store; Camp street; and Baker's book store, opposite Armory Hall.

Complimentary Benefit.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 23, 1848.

To the Alleghanians.—At a meeting of the Delegates from the several Divisions of New Orleans, Lafayette, Algiers and Gretna, held on the evening of Tuesday, the 22d inst., it was unanimously

"*Resolved*, That highly appreciating, as we do, the kindness and good wishes of the Band of Alleghanians, manifested for our success by their voluntary aid in the exercises on that day, we hereby tender them a COMPLIMENTARY BENEFIT, previous to their departure, as a small tribute to their merits as Vocalists and as Sons of Temperance."

The undersigned, Committee appointed to carry out the design of the above resolution, will be happy to make such arrangements for the above Benefit as may be agreeable to you, and await your reply as to time and place. Yours, respectfully,

JAMES PATTERSON, Pelican D. No. 1.
EDW. A. F. MITCHELL, Ocean D. No. 2.
J. K. GILE, Union D. No. 3.
P. VAN BUREN, Crystal Fount D. No. 4.
ROBERT PALL, Washington D. No. 5.
JNO. HENRY, Mississippi Valley D. No. 6.
WM. SIMPSON, Crescent D. No. 7.
P. WALTHAM, Lane D. No. 9.
JOHN BENNETT, Jefferson D. No. 10.
WM. HORNSBY, Louisiana D. No. 11.
JOHN TAYLOR, V. M. Magnolia D. No. 12.
JAMES GARLAND, Fountain D. No. 13.
WM. H. RONDEAU, Harmony D. No. 15.

ST. LOUIS EXCHANGE HOTEL, Feb. 23 1848.

To the Delegates of the S. T. of New Orleans, Lafayette, Algiers and Gretna.

GENTLEMEN—According to the wish you have expressed, and the kindness manifested, in tendering us a Complimentary Concert, we respectfully inform you that we most cordially accede to your request, and would suggest TUESDAY EVENING, Feb. 29, as the time, and the Armory Hall, the place for the Concert.

Yours, respectfully, ALLEGHANIANS.

To the Committee of the Divisions of the S. T.

THE AMERICAN REVIEW.—Our thanks are due D. Baker, No. 10, Camp street, for the February number of this excellent magazine. We think it has lost no ground whatever since the death of the lamented Colton. The leading paper in the present number is a powerful article on the new issue of the conquest of Mexico, and is from the same caustic and vigorous pen which furnished the review of the President's message. Among the other articles worthy of special notice, is a criticism on Hamlet, by that skillful analyst of Shakespeare, Mr. Hudson; The National Finances and the War Debt; the Devil Fish; Evangeline, &c.

MADAME DESRAYAUX's well known establishment for the education of young Ladies, will be transferred to-morrow from its present location in Rampart, to a new handsome and commodious building erected especially for this purpose by Mons. Desrayaux, in Burgundy street, between Customhouse and Bienville. The new seminary is amply provided with every possible comfort and convenience. It has been constructed at a heavy outlay, and with the direct object of securing a suitable, spacious, and tasteful residence for the numerous pupils of Madame Desrayaux.

RICH AND POOR.—Dr. Channing, in one of his excellent essays, thus contrasts the difference between the rich and the poor.

"When I compare together the different classes as existing at this moment in the civilized world, I cannot think the difference between the rich and the poor, in regard to mere physical sufferings, so great as is sometimes imagined.—That some of the indigent among us die of scanty food is undoubtedly true; but vastly more in this community die from eating too much than from eating too little; vastly more from excess than starvation. So as to clothing, many shiver from want of defences against the cold, but there are vastly more suffering among the rich from absurd and criminal modes of dress which fashion has sanctioned, than among the poor from deficiency of raiment. Our daughters are oftener brought to the grave by their rich attire, than our beggars by their nakedness. So the poor are often overworked, but they suffer less than among the rich, who have no work to do, no interesting object to fill up life, to satisfy the infinite craving of man for action. According to our present modes of education, how many of our daughters are victims of ennui, a misery unknown to the poor and more intolerable than the weariness of excessive toil! The idle young man, spending the day in a

hibiting his person in the street, ought not to excite the envy of the overtasked poor, and this cumberer of the ground is found exclusively among the rich.

AN EXCELLENT PLAN FOR SECURING THE ELECTION OF GENERAL TAYLOR.—A gentleman by the name of Smith, who takes a very commendable pride in his family name, says:—

"The all-conquering Hero of Buena Vista is wedded to a daughter of our paternal stock, and if all the relatives of Old Rough-and-Ready's better half unite in the cause of elevating the noble chieftain of their family circle to the Executive chair, the olive branch of peace would flourish triumphantly from the majestic Fathers of the Waters to the tropical Mother of Mountains."

The Smith's have an opportunity which may never occur again of distinguishing themselves by acting in concert, and giving a very striking illustration of the benefits of association. They should call a family mass meeting, at once.—*N. Y. Mirror.*

MRS. MOWATT IN ENGLAND.—Our gifted country-woman has met with a kind and cordial reception from the English. A London paper speaks in the following favorable terms of her first appearance, in connection with that of another American performer—Mr. Davenport:

It says, perhaps, not little for the progress of the histrionic art in the United States, that although the stage is there generally patronized to an extent beyond what it has been in this country for too long a time, yet the list of great actors produced by them is singularly small; while every one of our leading performers have been most successful in the United States, the number of those from thence who have found equal favor here might be very briefly reckoned. The style of American acting is a very peculiar one, hard in its outlines, abrupt and rugged; the stronger passions are forcibly delineated, but the transition from repose to deep emotion is generally too sudden and unmitigated, and in the whole, there is a marked absence of that nice perception of character, and gradual refining, to which we are accustomed on the English stage. Hence, however much an American performer has been lauded as a star of the first magnitude at home, his force has been comparatively small in a Transatlantic voyage. The case is, however, different as regards the actresses whom we have received from the United States, the few who have ventured the ordeal of appearing in this country having encountered a success which will, we hope, encourage others to follow their example. The renown which Mrs. Mowatt has acquired in her native country has long made her known here; and, although, from a first representation, we cannot venture to accord her the same high place she has won in America, we nevertheless doubt not that she will speedily become a favorite with us. In figure she is slight, and of medium stature; her features, although not decidedly handsome, are pleasing; while her voice is soft and flexible, but somewhat harsh in passages where power is required. Her acting, in the first few scenes, fell flat; but, perhaps, this was owing to the nervousness incidental to a first appearance, for, as the play progressed, she gradually displayed greater warmth and vigor, and in the fourth and fifth acts proved herself fully equal to the character. In fine, we consider Mrs Mowatt's delineation of *Julia* scarcely inferior to that of even the original representative of the character, Miss Fanny Kemble. Of Mr. Davenport (*Clifford*) we can only speak in terms of unqualified praise. The part is, however, not one from which a decided opinion can be pronounced. Mr Cooper (*Master Walter*, was not so polished as we have seen the *Hunchback* ought to be; otherwise, his performance was most praiseworthy. The other characters were admirably sustained. At the fall of the curtain, Mrs Mowatt, who was much applauded throughout the play, was called before the curtain, as were the other principal performers.

PROFESSIONAL BRAVERY.—When Mason, the lawyer, was preparing the case of E. K. Avery, an I had examined about two hundred witnesses, somebody called to see him. "The least energetic man [illegible] that he was occupied and could not be interrupted." "But the man is a witness, a Methodist minister." "Oh, then," said Mason, "'Well, er, what can you testify?'" "I have had a vision; two angels have appeared to me and told me that Brother Avery is innocent." "Let them be summoned," said Mason, and resumed his work.—*Chronotype.*

GENERAL COUNCIL.

SITTING OF SATURDAY, February 26th, 1848.

The Council met this day pursuant to adjournment.

Mr. Zacharie was called to the chair.

Members present—Messrs. Allen, Holland, Stickney, Surgi, Wilder, Wray and Zacharie. Absent—Messrs. Canon, Gasquet, Haines, [illegible] and Vandergriff.

On motion, the council proceeded by ballot to the election of a president.

Messrs. Stickney and Wray being appointed tellers, it appeared that of seven votes, Mr. Stickney had received 1, Wilder 1, Zacharie 3, in blank 2, consequently, there was no election.

On a second ballot, the same tellers being appointed, the result was as follows:

Mr. Wilder received 3 votes, Stickney 3, and Wray 1—no election.

On a third ballot, the same tellers being appointed, Mr. Wilder received 5 votes, Stickney 1, and Wray 1, consequently, Mr. Wilder was duly elected President of the Council.

On motion, the reading of the journal of the last sitting was dispensed with, and the President was authorized to sign the same.

A letter was read from Mr. G. Berton, assessor, elected for Municipality No. One, offering Mr. Amedee Ducatel as his security.

On motion of Mr. Surgi it was:

Resolved, That Mr. Amedee Ducatel be accepted, as the security of Mr. Gaston Berton, as assessor for Municipality No. One.

Mr. Holland, as chairman of the Special Committee, appointed to confer with the committees from the Municipal Councils and Board of Health, on the subject of the ship fever—offered the following as a report:

At a meeting of the Joint Committee on the subject of the health of the city, consisting of delegates from the General Council, from the Councils of the Three Municipalities, and from the Board of Health at the Municipal Hall of the First Municipality, on Monday evening, 21st February, 1848.

Present—J. B. HOLLAND, Chairman.

J. J. KER, Secretary, and

Messrs. Stickney, Moreau, Slidell, Shakspeare, Graham, Divers, Solomon, Doctors Brent, Hort and Lemonnier.

The following resolutions were finally and unanimously adopted after a thorough discussion:

1. It is the opinion of the Committee, that no probability or danger exists of the ship fever becoming epidemic, or that it will extend beyond the bounds of the Charity Hospital.

2. That immediate measures should be adopted by the proper authorities, to relieve the Charity Hospital from the present presence of sick immigrants.

3. That suitable buildings should be rented or purchased near the river, at some point between the Convent and the Barracks for the reception, treatment and care of such persons as may arrive here from Europe or elsewhere, afflicted with "Ship Fever."

4. That vessels arriving from sea, having on board cases of "Ship Fever" should be prohibited by law, under a very heavy penalty from coming to the City—without a written permit from the Board of Health, or Health Officer. That every such vessel should be brought to anchor as near as convenient to the building or buildings that may be specially appropriated for the reception of the sick, and that said vessels be thoroughly ventilated, cleansed and fumigated so soon as the sick may be removed therefrom.

5. That the Legislature be memorialized to make an appropriation of $30,000 to carry into effect the foregoing measures and which money so appropriated, shall be disbursed solely for the purposes already specified, to-wit, establishing a branch of the Charity Hospital, between the Convent and the United States Barracks for the exclusive reception of persons afflicted with Ship Fever.

[Signed] JOHN B. HOLLAND, Ch'n.
J. J. KER, Secretary.

On motion of Mr. Holland, said report was ordered to be spread on the minutes and published with the proceedings of the Council, and the Secretary was instructed to transmit copies thereof to the Municipal Councils and to the Board of Health.

Mr. Gasquet took his seat.

Mr. Holland offered in connection with the above report, a memorial to the Legislature, praying for an appropriation of $30,000 for the erection of a branch of the Charity Hospital, &c.

Mr. Wray objected that said memorial was not embraced in the instructions given to the Committee by the resolutions for its appointment.

The President decided that it was out of order, whereupon, Mr. Holland withdrew it.

Mr. Zacharie now moved to adjourn to Wednesday, the 1st March next, at 6 o'clock P. M.

The yeas and nays called for on the adoption of said motion, resulted as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Allan, Surgi, Wray and Zacharie—4.

Nays—Messrs. Gasquet, Holland and Stickney—3.

Consequently, the motion was carried, and the Council adjourned.

P. CHS. CUVELLIER, Sec'y.

☞ Two succession sales of Real Estate will be made THIS DAY by Messrs. Beard, Calhoun & Co. The first sale is the property belonging to the succession of Mrs. Mary Horter, and is situated on Gravier street. The second sale is the property belonging to the estate of R. H. Mills. The Real Estate comprises a House and Lot on Erato street, between Nayade and Appollo streets, and a female slave. ☞ For terms and particulars, see Advertisement.

☞ Packet ship PALESTINE, captain Johnson, from New York, is now discharging opposite the Vegetable Market. Consignees are requested to attend immediately to the receipt of their goods on the Levee or they will be stored at their expense and risk. JOHN O. WOODRUFF, 93 Magazine st.

☞ Consignees of the following merchandise, consigned to order per ship PALESTINE, captain Johnson, from New York, will please make their residences known to the discharging clerk on the Levee, opposite the Vegetable Market, viz: 6 crates merchandise marked [illegible] in a diamond with H. O. beside, and one case merchandize marked [illegible]. JOHN O. WOODRUFF, 93 Magazine st.

☞ The ship MATTAKEESETT, Capt. Cummings, from Boston, is now discharging opposite Post 31 2nd Municipality. Consignees are requested to attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee, otherwise the same will be stored at their expense and risk. L. H. GALE, 92 Common st.

☞ The Austrian ship ETNA, from Bordeaux, is discharging in front of Hospital street. Consignees will please attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee. Goods not permitted within five days will be sent to the Customhouse stores. G. M. LUCAS.

☞ Notice the Consignees or Captain of the Austrian ship ETNA, from Bordeaux, will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew. fe24 G. M. LUCAS.

CAUTION.—Mr. P. DUTEMPLE, being no longer in my employment, is not authorized to collect any debts whatsoever in my name. Persons making payment to him, do so at their own risk. fe26 3t MAX. RUCK, 91 John street Bakery.

MAYORALTY OF NEW-ORLEANS, General Council. Sitting of Wednesday, Feb. 16th, 1848.

RESOLVED, by the General Council of the City of New Orleans, that Article 7th, of the ordinance, entitled "An Ordinance to establish a uniform rate of Taxes on Hawkers, Pedlars, Merchants, Traders, &c., Approved December 16th, 1846, and the supplementary Ordinance thereto of December 1847 be so amended as to exempt from all taxation Mechanics, Traders or Dealers, selling goods actually manufactured with their own hands. [Signed] D. STICKNEY, President. Approved 21st February, 1848. [Signed] A. D. CROSSMAN, Mayor. A true Copy, A. D. CROSSMAN, Mayor.

Music that is Music. SONGS, viz: "The Hermit's Prophecy," by Meyerbeer, as sung by Jenny Lind—"I am dreaming of thee"—"When the joys of youth," by Donizetti—"Teleson's Spanish song"—"La Calesera"—"What enchantment"—Aria, in Verdi's Opera of "I Lombardi"—"Beautiful Sunbeam," [illegible] [illegible]

Carriage Repository.—No. 119 Common street, adjoining private entrance to St. Charles Hotel.—Constantly on hand, and regularly receiving from the principal manufactories in Philadelphia and Newark N. J., Carriages of every description, of the most approved and in styles and best workmanship. For sale at low prices for cash or city acceptances. Purchasers may rely upon being satisfactorily served, as invariably sufficient inducement will be afforded them to continue their patronage. fe14 1m lyt. A. E. CRANE.

Carriages for Sale.—Corner Perdido and Carondelet sts.—The subscriber has for sale at the above residence, a great variety of Philadelphia CARRIAGES, which he offers for sale low for cash, in order to close a concern. Also, two good Doctor's Carriages. Please give me a call. GEO. DOAD, Coachmaker. fe11 1m From Nos. 30 & 31 Dock, Philadelphia.

Water-Works Department, Commercial Bank of New Orleans, January 31st, 1848.

THE annual election for six Directors of this Institution, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the office No. 23, Carondelet street on MONDAY, 6th March next, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. ja31 td S. E. PERCY, Secretary.

CHLOROFORM.—The uniform and unrivalled success obtained by the CHLOROFORM, prepared by the subscriber, enables him to warrant its effect to produce a complete insensibility. Persons wishing to use the Chloroform, will always find the PURE and GENUINE article at his Drug and Medicine Store, fe10 tf L. PINAC, Corner of Orleans and Dauphin.

CHLOROFORM—The subscribers are daily using this safe and invaluable compound for the prevention of pain in severe operations. B. P. SMITH & BROCKLEBANK, Surgeon Dentists, North corner of Lafayette Square and St. Charles st.

Direct Importation of French Goods. RECEIVED per ship Bowditch, and for sale by the subscriber, 500 dozen kid Gloves, from the manufactories of Jouvin, Alexandre, &c. A. PAVIE [illegible]

PENMANSHIP.—Mr. [illegible] [illegible]

All CRAMPING and FATIGUE of the hand and fingers is removed in ALL CASES, in a few lessons. Hours, 9 to 11 A. M., 4 to 6 and 7 to 9 P. M. fe24

Grape Vines.—The subscriber has just received from France [illegible] superior table Grape Vines of the very best quality. Also—50 best assorted Peach Trees, 50 do Pear do; 47 do do Apricot do, 15 do do Prune do, 10 do Quinces do. The above will be sold lower than any other in the city. fe21 W. DINN, No. 11 Common st.

Consolidated Association of the Planters of Louisiana. New Orleans, Feb. 19, 1848.

THIS BANK will offer at auction on Monday 27th of March 1848, at 12 o'clock m. at the City Exchange, the whole of her protested notes. The Board of Administration will receive until the 21st of March, propositions for the settlement of said notes. By order. fe21 to m27 G. MILTENBERGER, Cashier.

City Bank. New Orleans, Feb. 21, 1848.

NOTICE is hereby given to the stockholders of this Institution, that an election for twelve Directors to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the Banking House, on MONDAY, the 6th day of March next, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 2 o'clock p. m. fe21 R. J. PALFREY, Cashier.

BEEBE'S PATENT PORTABLE RANGES.—[illegible]

Mexico! Mexico!! [illegible]

Cotton Cassimeres suitable for the Mexican Market. RECEIVED per ship Hudson, from Philadelphia, 15 cases Hudson Cassimeres; 10 do French do; 10 do Stockinet do; 20 do Jersey Plaids do; 15 do Oregon do; 10 do Clay do; 15 do Franklin do; 10 do Kentucky do; 10 do Brazil do; 4 do Manchester Ginghams; 4 do Striped Rolls. For sale on reasonable terms by fe24 McDOWELL & PECK, 96 Gravier st.

FOR SALE.—[illegible] [illegible]

SUNDRIES.—400 boxes and 600 half boxes Mushrooms preserved in oil; 400 boxes and 600 half boxes small peas, for sale by S. D. GRATIAA.

HAVANA SUGAR.—68 boxes White Sugar, prime new crop, landing from brig Mary A. Jones, for sale by L. CANTIN, fe18 73½ Magazine st.

ABSYNTHE—135 cases absynthe of the brand of Sauvajol, Bruneton, Lenel, CLARET—34 casks claret, Chateau de Peyrehlade EUG. ROCHEREAU & Co. fe7 17 and 19 St Louis st.

25 CASKS Claret Merman, Oh. Lecinck, landing from bark Hanse, and for sale by DARAN, QUEYROUZE & Co. n25 11 and 15 St. Louis st.

PLASTERING HAIR in hogsheads, barrels and bags, for sale by JOHN HAYMAN & CO. fe26 78 Poydras st. & 11 Red Stores, 3d My.

NO. 1, 2 and 3 Rosin, for sale by JOHN HAYMAN & CO. fe26 78 Poydras and 11 Red Stores, 3rd M'y

400 bbls Glensfalls Marble Lime, for sale by JOHN HAYMAN & CO. fe29 78 Poydras street and 11 Red Stores 3d My

200 BARRELS pitch, for sale by JOHN HAYMAN & CO. fe26 78 Poydras st. and 11 Red Stores 3d M'y.

VANILLA—One case of Vanilla, just received from Tampico, for sale by fe26 HEPBURN & TURPIN, 31 Old Levee

BITTER ALMONDS—70 boxes of 25 pounds each, for sale by HEPBURN & TURPIN, 31 Old Levee

EMPTY BOTTLES, pointed corks, in sacks of 20,000, ordinary corks, in sacks of 500 and 1000, by fe22 B TALAMON, 182 Royal st

TOBACCO—300 bales Vuelta Abajo for wrappers and fillers, landing and for sale by fe18 L. CANTIN, 73½ Magazine.

MUSHROOMS—300 boxes and 200 half boxes, for sale by S. D. GRATIAA, fe1 35 Natchez st.

GREEN PEAS—400 boxes and 300 half boxes, in store and for sale by S. D. GRATIAA, fe1 35 Natchez st.

SWISS ABSYNTH—400 boxes, Sauvajole Brunee ton & Co's brand, entitled to drawback, for sale in lots to suit purchasers, by ja14 J P BERCIER & Co, 54 Old Levee

ABSYNTH—125 boxes Absynth, for sale by EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO., 17 & 19 St Louis

WINE—Landing from the Cephalide, 25 casks Wine, and 60 hhds Muscat Wine, for sale by 418 COURVOISIER & CO., cor Royal & Orleans.

BOTTLES—100 gross Madeira bottles; 50 gross claret do, for sale by NAT. JARVIS & Co, cor Magazine and Common

400 DEMIJOHNS landing ex-ship Rubicon from Havre, and for sale by B. TALAMON, 182 Royal street.

PORK—200 barrels St. Alexis & Co., prime mess pork landing, and for sale by J. O. WOODRUFF, 93 Magazine st.

TRUFFLES—250 half boxes Truffles, for sale by EUG. ROCHEREAU & Co., 17 and 19 St. Louis st.

WHITE WINE VINEGAR—[illegible]

SPERM CANDLES—450 boxes New Bedford, assorted sizes, for sale by J W STANTON & Co, fe29 corner Magazine and Lafayette sts

CLOVER—20 bales clover, landing ex ship Dumbarton, from Havre, and for sale by fe29 3t A. & Z. CAVELIER.

RIO COFFEE—3000 bags "prime green" Rio Coffee, for sale by J W STANTON & Co. fe29 Corner Magazine and Lafayette sts

JAVA COFFEE—900 bags old Government, for sale by J. W. STANTON & CO., fe29 corner Magazine and Lafayette st.

LANDING from brig T. Street from Havana—40 thousand cigars "Shakspeare," for sale, by DARAN, QUEYROUZE & CO, fe25 11 & 15 St. Louis street.

SPERM OIL—3,000 galls. winter strained bleached Sperm Oil, for sale by J W STANTON & Co., corner Magazine and Lafayette sts.

CHAMPAGNE—[illegible] baskets Champaign Wine, entitled to debenture, for sale by fe26 HEPBURN & TURPIN, 31 Old Levee.

OLIVE OIL—225 baskets entitled to debenture landing ex-ship Pius IX, for sale by fe24 HEPBURN & TURPIN, 31 Old Levee.

NOTICE TO TAILORS—For sale by the subscriber: [illegible] woollen Merinos, for dress coat; [illegible] do do black, for pantaloons; [illegible] do do Moreau assorted; do Nankin. D. B. MACARTY, 238 Bourbon st.

NOTICE to Shoemakers, and for sale low—[illegible] patent Leather, from Nos 6 & 7; 1 do do do Hussite; 1 do black Morocco; 1 do black Prunella; 1 do calf Leather; 1 do Shoemaker Thread. fe19 D. B. MACARTY, 23d Bourbon.

CIGARS—450,000 Havana Cigars of the manufactories of Nueva Empresa, Sevillana, Jenny Lind, Dama Blanca, Montecristo, and several others landing ex brig T. Street, from Havana, and for sale by LABORDE & XIQUES, 31 Common st.

FOR SALE CHEAP FOR CASH—A 35 horse steam Engine of the best construction; the same being the most approved form for a saw mill, or an hydraulic cotton press. For further particulars, apply to Messrs. COOK & STILES, 121 New Levee st., 3rd M'y.

ENGINES FOR SALE—The Engines of the Steamboat St. Mary. Also, four cylinder Boilers. Apply to ROBERT MURPHY, fe26 No. 62 Old Levee, corner of St. Louis st.

COFFEE—75 bags prime green Havana coffee, landing ex brig T. Street, and for sale by fe29 LABORDE & XIQUES, 31 Common st.

CUT TOBACCO for paper Cigars, put up for the Mexican Market, for sale by fe28 LABORDE & XIQUES, 31 Common st.

BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED COTTONS—Landing from ship Robert C. Winthrop, from Boston—100 cases 4-4 Greatfalls Bleached Sheetings; 22 do 7/8 Cabot do do; 21 do 7/8 Perkins Mills do do; 15 do 4-4 Dwight A do do; 30 bales 4-4 Cabot Unbleached Sheetings; 50 do 4-4 Chicopee D do—for sale on reasonable terms by fe24 McDOWELL & PECK, 96 Gravier st.

DOMESTIC PRINTS—Received per ship Hindoo from Philadelphia, and Robert C. Winthrop, from Boston—75 cases domestic prints, comprising an extensive assortment of various descriptions, suitable for the Mexican market—landing and for sale on reasonable terms by fe24 1w McDOWELL & PECK, 96 Gravier st.

LANDING from ship Etna, from Bordeaux, 30 half casks white wine; 215 boxes St. Julien claret; 50 boxes old Chat. Balac; 25 do old Belair, 40 do Chateau Lafitte; 50 do white Sauterne; 15 doz. pots preserves; 300 Holland cheese; 40 boxes Pate Grasse cheese; 500 boxes Sardines in oil, 2000 half do; 500 quarter do; 15 boxes brandy cherries; 20 do assorted fruits; 15 do absynth Swiss, 10 do kirch, for sale by FERBOS FRERES, fe24 corner Royal and Dumaine.

HAVANA SEGARS—435 M of all kinds, 60 bags, 36 boxes of white; do coffee, 75 bags of prime green; Guatemala indigo, 6 ceroons; picadura, in barrels; landing from brig T. Street from Havana, and for sale by LABORDE & XIQUES, fe24 31 Common.

LANDING ex ship John Baring and Etna, from Bordeaux, 60 casks Wine St. Julien and St. Estephe; 100 bbls white Wine Haut Sauterne, for sale by N. DUDOUYT, 13 Toulouse st.

OLD BRANDY—Castillon brand, for sale at the landing of the ship John Baring; brandy, J. J. Dupuy, 4th proof, in qr and half pipes, in the Custom House stores, for sale by fe22 B TALAMON, 182 Royal st

LANDING ex ship John Baring, from Bordeaux—[illegible] Red Wine, St. Estephe; 438 boxes St. Julien Claret. fe22 V. MAIGNAN, 87 St. Louis st.

100 boxes red Wine, St. Estephe, Medoc; 100 boxes red Wine, St. Julien, Medoc, red Wine in cases, of sundry brands—for sale by fe22 B. TALAMON, 182 Royal st

STAR AND ADAMANTINE CANDLES—130 boxes, Nos. 4, 5 and 6, for sale by fe26 J. P. BERCIER, 54 Old Levee.

WINE IN BOXES—500 boxes St. Julien and St. Estephe Wine, entitled to debenture, for sale by J. P. BERCIER, 54 Old Levee.

FANNING CORN—The undersigned are now prepared to receive fan, and deliver from 1500 to 2000 bags Corn per day, at low rates. EMERSON, TOURNE & Co., 158 Tchoupitoulas st

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—45 barrels Spirits Turpentine, in store and for sale by NATHAN JARVIS & CO, corner Magazine and Common.

ALCOHOL—21 barrels 90° and 80° Alcohol, now landing, and for sale by NATHAN JARVIS & Co., fe26 corner Magazine and Common.

TONASTON LIME, &c.—X bbls in Thomaston Lime; 100 do Rosendale Cement; 100 do Roman Cement; 300 do Cal. Plaster; 300 do White Plaster; 100 do Lubec Mails do; 50 do Fire Clay; 50 do Marble Dust and 50,000 English, Pittsburgh and Pensacola Fire Bricks, for sale by JOHN HAYMAN & Co. 78 Poydras st and 11 Red Stores, 3rd M'y

SARDINES IN OIL—6000 boxes, 6000 half boxes and 1000 quarter boxes; also, 28 cases containing 2-3 and 1-2 boxes, entitled to drawback, and for sale by S D GRATIAA, 35 Natchez st.

LANDING from ship John Baring, from Bordeaux, 400 Baskets and Casks, Champagne and Sauterne, 10,000 Demijohns C. A. [illegible] for sale by DARAN, QUEYROUZE & CO, fe17 11 and 15 St. Louis st.

COFFEE—100 bags Old Government Java Coffee, landing per ship Pacific, from New York for sale by fe26 TROISGROS & LAMPRE.

BRANDY—9 quarter casks brandy, J. J. Dupuy, 4th proof; 5 quarter do do Castillon 1830, landing, and for sale by fe15 B. TALAMON, 182 Royal street.

CHINESE CRAPE SASHES—Several cases Chinese Crape Sashes, suitable for the Mexican market, entitled to debenture, for sale low by fe17 DUFOUR, DURAND & Co, 25 Chartres st

BOOK FOLD LONG CLOTHS—40 cases Book Fold Long Cloths of a superior style and finish, for sale by DE FOREST & Co, fe22 20 Customhouse st

FRUITS in their juice—75 cases, assorted preserved Fruits; 50 cases preserved Strawberries, for sale by fe18 S D GRATIAA, 35 Natchez st

CLARET—2000 Cases St. Julien, Chateau Margaux, Leoville, Lafitte, for sale by EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO., 17 & 19 St. Louis st.

SARDINES—[illegible] boxes, [illegible] for sale by EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO.

RECEIVED per ship Vandalia, from New York, and for sale by the subscriber, 20 bales Prints, 20 bales brown Cotton, 4-4; 10 bales drills Cotton and Calicoes. fe19 DUFOUR, DURAND & Co, 25 Chartres st.

Candidate for Mayor.

☞ We are authorized to announce the Hon. A. D. CROSSMAN, as a candidate for re-election to the office of MAYOR of the City of New Orleans.

☞ Messrs. Editors—Please announce Mr. L. P. BRAZAT as a Candidate for Recorder of Municipality No. One, at the Election in April next. MANY VOTERS.

☞ Messrs. Editors—Please announce [illegible] as a candidate for Recorder of M[illegible] No. One, at the Election in April next. [illegible]

☞ Messrs. Editors—Please [illegible] MENT RAMOS the present [illegible] as a candidate for Recorder of the First Municipality, at the next April election.

To Rent—A Dwelling-House in good order, situated on Common street, between St. Peter and St. John streets. Possession to be given on the 1st of March. Apply to EUG. ROCHEREAU & Co, fe15 17 and 19 St Louis st

Dwelling House to Rent.—That comfortable two story Brick Dwelling House, situated in Toulouse street next house from the corner of Baronne street, now occupied by Benj. Levy. It has been recently Painted and Papered; has a fine cistern in the yard, waterworks, &c. Possession to be given from the 1st day of next month, until the 31st day of October next. Apply either on the premises or to ALEXANDER LEVY & Co, fe15 Corner Camp and Gravier sts. The Household Furniture will be disposed of.

For Rent—A portion of the lower floor of Store 57 Camp st. Apply on the premises, or to ALFRED KEARNY & CO., fe10 95 Magazine st.

To Rent—In Soniat Faubourg—Three Tenements, with [illegible] suitable for gardening. Apply to EUG. ROCHEREAU & Co. [illegible]

Valuable property for sale. A LOT OF GROUND situated on Circus st. 64 feet front, by 95 feet deep, between Julia and Girod streets, and the improvements thereon consisting of two buildings. [illegible] Toby's and [illegible]. Apply to [illegible] BLESINE, Exchange Alley, between Conti and St. Louis st. nov13

TO RENT—A two story Brick house, with spacious back buildings, cistern and hydrant, situated on Moreau st., [illegible] possession to be given on the [illegible]

A two story Brick House with spacious back buildings, cistern, and hydrant, adjoining the above, on Moreau st., possession to be given on the 1st of September next. The above houses are in the Slaves Mart, and well adapted to the [illegible] LEOPOLD JEANNET, [illegible] Louis st.

FOR SALE.—A [illegible] Apply to [illegible] BLESINE, Exchange Passage No. 19, between St. Louis and Conti. oct22

BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS.—[illegible] cases, now landing from ship New England and Narragansett, for sale by R. C. HOBBS, fe2 1w 79 Customhouse st.

BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS.—225 cases, now landing from ships New England and R. C. Winthrop, forming a complete assortment, for sale by fe24 G. W. DUNBAR, 79 Customhouse st.

DITCHING BOOTS.—20 cases prime Ditching Boots, large sizes, suitable for plantation use. Also—10 cases bonnet covers TARPAULIN HATS, for sale by fe3 FROST & CO. No. 19 Magazine st.

HATS AND CAPS.—[illegible] cases comprising a complete assortment [illegible]

BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS.—[illegible]

A. G. GOUGH, Dealer in Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, No. 4 Chartres st., New Orleans. [illegible]

FORMAN & KENNEDY, Wholesale Grocers and General Commission Merchants, 36 Tchoupitoulas street, New Orleans. fe24

CITIZENS BANK FUNDS for Sale. Apply to EDWARD SHIFF, 76 Canal st.

PRINTS.—[illegible] Fashion, for sale by DUFOUR, DURAND & Co, 25 Chartres st.

DRILLING, DRILLING.—[illegible] for sale by [illegible] O'TALAMON, [illegible] Chartres st.

WINES IN BOTTLES.—[illegible] Wine, [illegible] Sherry and Marseilles Wine, for sale by HEPBURN & TURPIN, fe19 31 Old Levee.

STRAW HATS, ex ship Amethyst, from Havre—20 cases Straw Bonnets for Ladies and Misses [illegible] O'TALAMON, 44 Chartres st.

HAVANA SEGARS.—[illegible]

SHEETING, ZINC AND NAILS—[illegible] Zinc and Nails landing ex bark Tedesco, from Bordeaux, [illegible] DUPUY [illegible], 21 Magazine.

IN Store and for sale by the subscriber—30 boxes [illegible] 20 do Pickles. fe10 LEOPOLD JEANNET, 22 St. Louis.

SARDINES IN OIL.—[illegible] boxes, for sale by A. MOLIER.

POINTED CORKS—[illegible] pointed corks, entitled to debenture, for sale by A. MOLIER, fe19 [illegible]

MARSEILLES WINE—25 casks Red Wine, from Marseilles, for sale by A. MOLIER, 90 St Louis st.

HAVANA SUGAR—50 boxes White, yellow and brown, for sale by L. CANTIN, 73½ Magazine st.

WINES—40 casks Wine, of different qualities, for sale by S. D. GRATIAA, fe16 35 Natchez st.

BLANKETS—6 bales French Blankets, for sale by EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO., fe21 17 and 19 St Louis st.

TOBACCO—200 bales Cuba, for wrappers and fillers, landing and for sale by fe18 L. CANTIN, 73½ Magazine.

DRY PINE—300 [illegible] for sale by HEPBURN & TURPIN, fe15 31 Old Levee.

FRENCH C[illegible] cotton [illegible] for sale by O'TALAMON, 44 Chartres st. fe16

TO TAILORS—[illegible] Scotch [illegible] fe16 GLD. BONIS, 54 Chartres st

LARD OIL—[illegible] barrels winter strained Lard Oil, at low prices, by NATHAN JARVIS & Co, corner Magazine and Common.

HAVANA SEGARS—400 M Milares and Regalia, in store, for sale by fe15 TROISGROS & LAMPRE, 26 Old Levee

OSNABURGS—20 bales Prussian Osnaburgs, for sale by DE FOREST & CO., fe11 20 Customhouse st

PRINTS—100 cases of a variety of Patterns and styles, in store and for sale by DE FOREST & CO., 20 Customhouse st

HONEY—White Havana Honey, in open kegs of 20 to 22 galls. each, in store and for sale by fe14 LABORDE & XIQUES, 31 Common st.

SARDINES IN OIL.—In boxes half and qrs do. Also, Fruits in brandy and half do, for sale by fe14 FERBOS, corner Royal and Dumaine st.

MUSHROOMS in oil, Peas, &c. in boxes and half boxes, for sale by fe14 FERBOS corner Royal and Dumaine st.

SARDINES IN OIL—In half boxes, Curacao, Marachino, Aniseed, by B TALAMON, fe22 182 Royal st

SWISS ABSYNTH—305 boxes Sauvajol, Bruneton & Co., entitled to debenture, for sale by fe22 J F BERCIER, 54 Old Levee.

FINE WINE in casks and boxes, brandy, cherries, pointed corks and demijohns, do, &c., &c., for sale by [fe21] V. MAIGNAN, 87 St. Louis.

BRANDY Fruits—Cherries, Pears, Prunes and Apricots, for sale by B. TALAMON, fe22 182 Royal st

TO close a consignment—8 boxes Kirsch, L. Richardet brand, for sale by fe22 B. TALAMON, 182 Royal st

CIGARS—67,250 Cigars, assorted qualities, in store and for sale by J M CABALLERO, fe21 32 Old Levee

SUGAR—White yellow and brown Havana sugar, in store and for sale by J. M. CABALLERO, 32 Old Levee

DRY WINE—30 eighths Malaga wine for sale, at the Customhouse stores, by fe22 J F BERCIER, 54 Old Levee.

BRANDY, 4th proof, J J Dupuy and other brands, entitled to debenture, for sale by V MAIGNAN, 87 St. Louis st

HAVANA CIGARS—A complete assortment of best Havana Cigars, always on hand, for sale by fe28 J. M. CABALLERO, 32 Old Levee.

PRINCIPE SEGARS—Genuine Principe Segars in store, for sale by fe21 J M CABALLERO, 32 Old Levee

OLD BRANDY COGNAC from 1814, in qr pipes, entitled to debenture, for sale by V MAIGNAN, 87 St Louis st

GUNS—6 boxes Guns, English proof, consigned by ship Empire, from Antwerp, for sale by fe19 DUFOUR, DURAND & Co, 25 Chartres st

BRANDY FRUITS—300 boxes assorted, for sale by V. MAIGNAN, 87 St Louis st

EMPTY BOTTLES—100 frails for sale by fe19 A. MOLIER, 90 St Louis st

CATALONIA WINE—10 pipes, for sale by fe19 A. MOLIER, 90 St Louis st

HAVANA SEGARS—20 M Havana Segars, landed per ship Milaudon, for sale by fe28 HEPBURN & TURPIN, 31 Old Levee

LANDING from ship Edouard, from Havre, 30 Gruyere Cheese. N DUDOUYT, ja3 13 Toulouse st.

KIRSH—8 barrels Kirsh landing from ship Tedesco, from Havre, for sale by COURVOISIER & CO., cor Royal and Orleans

HAVANA AND JAVA COFFEE—Superior article, for sale by J W STANTON & CO., fe15 corner Magazine and Lafayette sts

COAL—150 tons Anthracite Coal, on board ship Alexander, for sale by ja7 J. P. WHITNEY & CO., 73 Camp st.

CLOTHS—3 cases superfine English cloth, will be sold low to close a consignment, by DUNCAN KENNEDY, 36 Toulouse

TRUFFLES—[illegible] boxes and 200 half boxes, for sale by S. D. GRATIAA, 35 Natchez st

SATIN—[illegible] in store and for sale by DE FOREST & Co. 20 Customhouse st

OLIVE OIL—[illegible] for sale by A. MOLIER, 90 St. Louis st.

AMUSEMENTS, &c.

General Tom Thumb.
WEIGHING ONLY 15 POUNDS.

THIS extraordinary little man will give three exhibitions EACH DAY, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, 28th and 29th February, and 1st and 2d of March, at Mr. H. Parsons's Rooms, 94 Canal street, nearly opposite Victory Hall.

Hours of Exhibitions—Morning from 11 to [illegible]; Afternoon from 4 to 5½, and Evening from 7 to 9.

The little General will appear in all his beautiful Performances, Recitations, Songs, Dances, &c. [illegible] elegant Presents [illegible] will also be exhibited. [illegible]

[illegible] Admission, 50 cents—Children under 10 years, half price.

[illegible] On Friday next the little General will appear [illegible]

Fourth Anniversary Ball.
For the benefit of the Hebrew Benevolent Society of New Orleans.

TO be given at the St. Louis Ball Room, MARCH 20, 1848. A subscription list is in the hands of the following named gentlemen:

Committee

Isaac Hart,	M. Kursheedt,
M. Barnett,	A. M. Solomon,
H. Florance,	J. Newton,
H. Magner,	A. D. Hensiouez,
I. Marks,	Joseph Cohen,
E. Jacobs,	[illegible] Levy,
S. Mayer,	[illegible] Adams.

The Committee will meet every Sunday, at 10 o'clock, A. M. at 15 Camp street. [illegible]

Sr. Rich's National Amphitheatre,
REMOVED TO WASHINGTON SQUARE,
THIRD MUNICIPALITY.

THE public is respectfully informed, that this celebrated Establishment will exhibit for a few nights at the above place. The highest [illegible] of the [illegible] excellence [illegible] The Manager, with pleasure [illegible] ment for a short period, with the [illegible] and his wonderful steed [illegible] Arena.

Boxes,	50 cents	Pit,	25 cents.
Boxes for colored people,			50 cents.
Children and servants,			25 cents.

ST. LOUIS BALL ROOM.
Musical Society Unite.

THE five last Balls of this season will take place as follows:

[illegible]

The Balls are under the management of the following gentlemen:

A. Pitre,	G. V. E[illegible]
Alex. Levy,	[illegible]
*B. [illegible]	[illegible]
*Alex. V[illegible]	[illegible]
*[illegible]	Chas. [illegible]
*J. [illegible]	G. W. D[illegible]
C. [illegible]	[illegible]
*J. [illegible]	J. P. [illegible]
Alex. Bertin,	[illegible]
	*F. X. Barbet.

*Committee of Invitation and Admission. fe6d

The Model Artists.

BROUGHT by Dr. COLLYER, from the Royal Academy of London and Paris—the only genuine Company in the United States—20 in number, are now on their way to New Orleans. Due notice will be given of their first appearance in this city, in the Personification of the Works of the great masters in Painting and Sculpture. fe17 12t

ST. LOUIS BALL ROOM.
Hebrew Congregation [illegible] Supper.

A SUBSCRIPTION LIST [illegible] splendid [illegible] March [illegible] MONDAY, [illegible] Society [illegible] ja13 [illegible]

WIDOW'S BAND.
Music for Balls, Military Parades, Serenades, Public Dinners

MR. F. KOLL, 1st Clarionet of the French Band, has the honor most [illegible] [illegible]

Dancing and Waltzing.
MR. ST. MAUR STUART, from New York, has the honor to announce to the ladies and gentlemen of New Orleans and Lafayette that he intends giving lessons in the above accomplishments in all their various and fashionable styles, [illegible]

Terpsichore Hall, Lafayette.

[illegible]

On Tuesday and Thursday, from [illegible] P. M. for Ladies and Children.

For Gentlemen, same evening, from [illegible] [illegible]

DANCING AND ETIQUETTE.

Mr. F. CLEARY, having returned to the city, respectfully informs [illegible] families [illegible] that he will recommence giving lessons in the [illegible] [illegible]

Mr. CLEARY has also, by particular request, for the accommodation of Ladies who live [illegible] the upper part of the city, opened an Academy at the corner of Melpomene and Dryades streets, where he intends giving lessons in the graceful [illegible] every TUESDAY and SATURDAY, from the hour of 4 P. M. till dark.

The gentlemen of New Orleans are also respectfully informed that a [illegible] will be opened for them from 7 to 9 EVERY NIGHT, particularly those who wish to perfect themselves in a short space of time. Mr. C. teaching to enable them to Waltz and Quadrille in the course of one month, to enable any gentleman to appear in the most select and elegant Ball Room, and can be had [illegible] of the same from many gentlemen who have [illegible] with their patronage last season.

Diplomas of the best [illegible] waltzing entire [illegible] New Orleans [illegible]

To the Public.

OUR average numbers of fresh St. Louis [illegible] being this day [illegible] we will give [illegible] Bread, of one pound each, for one dollar, commencing from Monday, the 21st inst.

U. S. BAKERY, [illegible] GUEZ & CO.

Where constantly may be had Butter, Sugar and Soda Crackers, Pilot, Navy and French Biscuits at the lowest prices. fe22

GLASS, OIL AND PAINTS—A large stock of the above landing and in store, for sale at reduced rates, by NATHAN JARVIS & Co., Wholesale and Retail Druggists, corner Magazine and Common sts. fe22

PURE SPERM OIL—A pure article of Sperm Oil, for private families, for sale by the can or gallon, by NATHAN JARVIS & Co., Wholesale and Retail Druggists, corner Magazine and Common sts. fe22

FARINA COLOGNE—The genuine Farina Cologne, direct from the manufacturers, for sale by NATHAN JARVIS & Co., fe22 corner Magazine and Common.

OLIVE OIL—[illegible] baskets fresh Olive Oil, landing from bark Lone, from Bordeaux, for sale by fe3 NATHAN JARVIS & Co., corner Magazine and Common sts.

LARGE GLASS, at low prices—Fine French glass, some very large sizes, in store and for sale by NATHAN JARVIS, fe3 corner Magazine and Common sts.

NAVAL STORES—1,000 barrels Tar Pitch Rosin, Spirits Turpentine, &c. &c., cargo of brig Leniah, from Wilmington, for sale by fe8 ALFRED KEARNY & CO., 95 Magazine st.

PRESERVES—[illegible] boxes Havana Preserves, landing [illegible] fe12 TROISGROS & LAMPRE, 26 Old Levee.

SEGARS—[illegible] for sale by TROISGROS & LAMPRE, fe19 26 Old Levee.

COFFEE—[illegible] new crop, landing [illegible] fe10 TROISGROS & LAMPRE, 26 Old Levee

CANNEL COAL—300 tons best round Cannel Coal, on board the ship York, for sale by fe19 WYLIE & EGANA, 52 Bienville st.

SIX casks Swiss Absynth, of Verain & Landolire, of superior quality, just received and for sale by fe10 LEOPOLD JEANNET, 22 St. Louis.

CITIZENS BANK FUNDS in sums to suit purchasers, for sale by LEOPOLD JEANNET, 22 St. Louis st.

HONEY—White Havana Honey, in casks, tierces and barrels, in store, for sale by fe15 TROISGROS & LAMPRE, 26 Old Levee

TOBACCO—575 bales Vuelta de Abajo and Cuba, for wrappers and fillers, in store, for sale by fe15 TROISGROS & LAMPRE, 26 Old Levee.

FRENCH LOCKS—10 cases of French Locks, assorted numbers, for sale by LEOPOLD JEANNET, 22 St. Louis st.

PATERSON COTTON DUCK—A constant supply of all numbers, in store and for sale by fe10 LEOPOLD JEANNET, 22 St. Louis st.

200 doz. Orange Flower Water, received by ship Rhodes, from Marseilles, and for sale by J. B. MACARTY, 238 Bourbon st.

TRUFFLED PIES in boxes and half boxes, for sale by FERBOS, corner Royal & Dumaine.

SUGAR—A few boxes of White Havana Sugar, in store and for sale by fe14 LABORDE & XIQUES, 31 Common st.

LANDING ex ship Silencieux—[illegible] boxes straw Hats, assorted, French goods, 1st quality, for sale by D. LANATA.

COFFEE—Prime green Rio Coffee, in store and for sale by fe14 LABORDE & XIQUES, 31 Common st.

LANDING ex ship Etna, from Bordeaux, 30 casks White Wine Haut Sauterne, for sale by POUGET FILS, 19 Conti st.

EXCHANGE on New York, at sight, for sale by LABORDE & XIQUES, 31 Common.

PEPPER—180 bags Sumatra Pepper, in store and for sale by TROISGROS & LAMPRE, 26 Old Levee.

GLAZED WOOL HATS—5 cases, for sale by FROST & Co, 19 Magazine st.